



CENSUS 1961

ANDHRA PRADESH

DISTRICT CENSUS HANDBOOK

ANANTAPUR DISTRICT

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OF THE INDIAN ADMINISTRATIVE SERVICE
Superintendent of Census Operations, Andhra Pradesh

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STATE PUBLICATIONS

DISTRICT CENSUS HAND BOOKS

District Census Hand Books, for each of the 20 Districts in Andhra Pradesh

P R E F A C E

The District Census Handbook is an innovation introduced at the 1951 Census. The Handbooks are compiled by the Census Office but published by the State Government. They proved to be very popular and valuable publications in considerable demand by the public as well as the official users of the Census data. At the 1961 Census, therefore, it was decided not only to continue the publication of the District Census Handbook but to greatly improve upon its precursor of 1951.

The present District Census Handbook may be conveniently divided into two parts. The first part consists of a narrative description of the physical features and history of the District, the social and economic characteristics of the people and the progress made by the district in each field of administration over the past decades. This is supplemented by a gazetteer of places and administrative statistics of various departments. The pages of this first part are numbered in Roman numerals. The second part is based mainly on the present Census returns and consists of statistical tables giving the particulars of population, sex ratio, the economic composition, literacy, language and migration data, etc., and a separate Village and Town Directory which is perhaps the vital part of the Handbook giving villagewise and townwise particulars of area, households, population, Scheduled Castes and Scheduled Tribes, literacy, broad categorisation of working population, etc. Against each village and town the educational, medical, public health, and transport facilities, etc., if available, would also have been indicated. At the end of the Handbook a tabular statement of fairs and festivals, information about which had been collected through the Census enumerators in answer to a questionnaire, will also be found. The Handbook is enriched with two district maps at the beginning, one showing the administrative divisions and important communications, rivers, etc., and the names of all important places of above 5,000 population and the other showing the talukwise density of population. In the Village Directory portion of the Handbook before the statistics of each taluk are presented a taluk map showing the village and town boundaries with the location code numbers of each village and town marked will also be found. Thus the District Census Handbook will be a self-contained and convenient book of reference about almost all matters pertaining to the district.

The Handbooks are no doubt coming rather late a few years after completion of the Census count. This delay, if at all it can be called delay, could not be helped. The very detailed sorting of Census slips and compilation of the elaborate 1961 Census tables were time consuming; the administrative particulars for incorporation in the Handbooks had to be collected from different departments and other sources on proformae that were finalised and circulated from this office; the preparation of the excellent maps of the district and the taluks, attempted this time also required considerable time; and lastly the printing of these voluminous reports which had to be done very carefully was a laborious process. All the same it is hoped that these Handbooks will serve as valuable sources of reference about all matters pertaining to the district and help one to assess the impact of the Five Year Plans and the progress each district had made in its social and economic well-being over the decades and also serve as a guide in planning for the future. The credit for the compilation of this Handbook goes chiefly to Shri K. M. Ahmad, I.A.S., Deputy Superintendent of Census Operations. He took great pains to tour the district, contact the various officers of the district and dig out information from various sources. A compilation of this type and magnitude could have taken a much longer time but for the diligent efforts of Shri Ahmad. The Handbook section of the Census Office under the Section Head, Shri K. Narasimha Murty, did a commendable work in the speedy and accurate compilation of the Village Directory and the other Statistical and Administrative tables. The Cartographic Section in my office in charge of Shri G. Pandurangam, the Head Draughtsman, did a magnificent work as will be evident from the quality of maps that have been produced.

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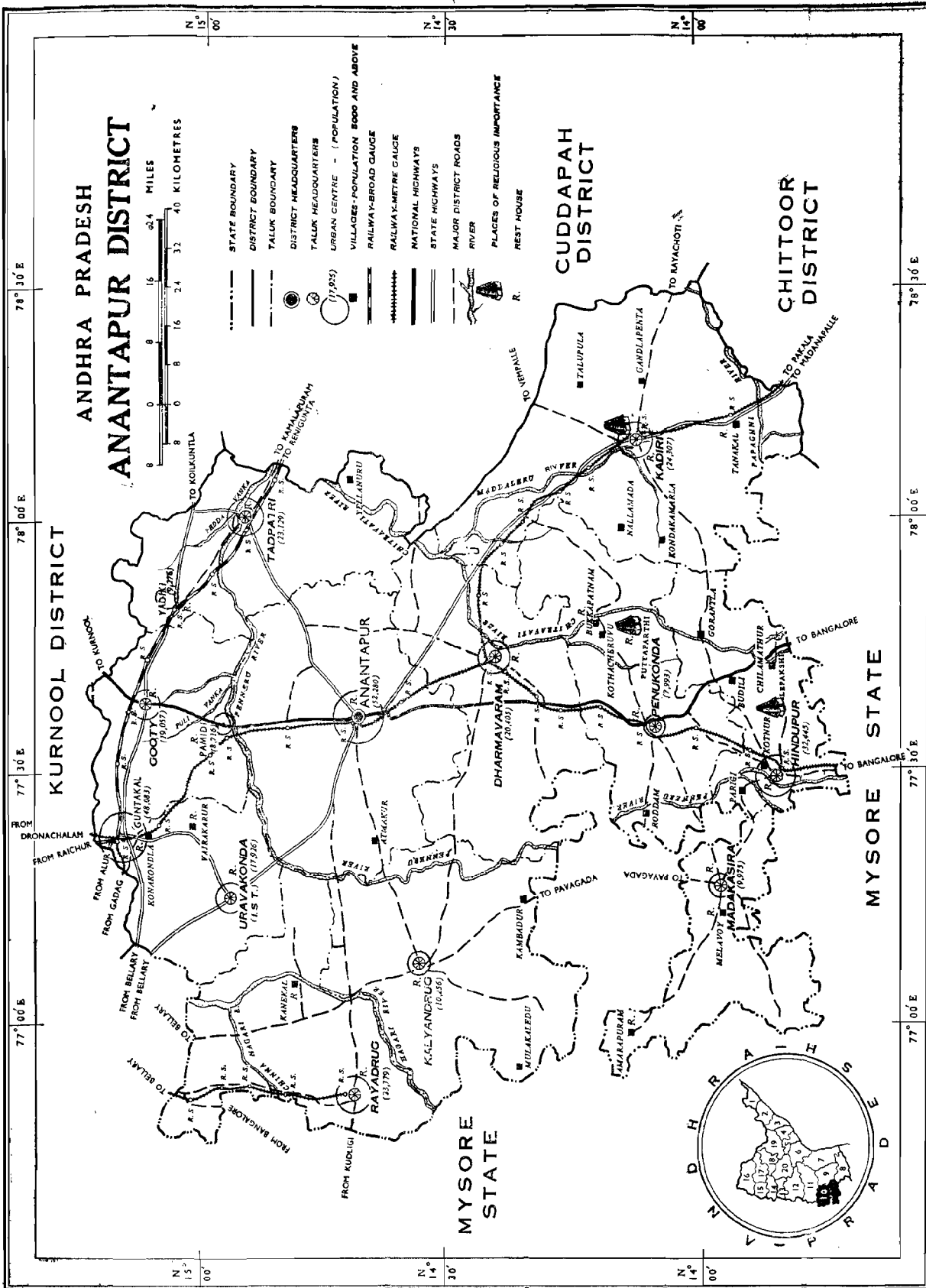
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PART I

ANANTAPUR DISTRICT



Prepared at the Office of the Superintendent of Census Operations,
Andhra Pradesh, Hyderabad.

CHAPTER I

GENERAL FEATURES

Introductory

Anantapur district is neither a geographical, historical nor an ethnical entity but is the creation of administrative convenience. In 1882 it was separated from Bellary district (now in Mysore State) as the latter was found to be a very heavy charge. The district was further expanded in the year 1910 by the addition of Kadiri taluk from Cuddapah district. The Reorganisation of States in 1956 gave this district yet another taluk, viz., the Telugu speaking Rayadrug from Bellary district. This district is the southernmost of the "Ceded districts" and is surrounded on the east and north, by Cudda-

pah and Kurnool districts respectively and on its southern and western flanks by the State of Mysore.

The total area of this district is 7,387 sq. miles or 4,728,329 acres and this supports a population of 1,483,591 persons according to the 1961 Census. The pattern of land utilisation has been exhibited in the following statement which gives particulars for each of the years from 1950-51 to 1960-61; percentages of each classification to the total area have been shown for 1950-51, the year before the commencement of the Five Year Plans and at the end of the First and the Second Five Year Plans.

STATEMENT I-1
TRENDS IN LAND UTILISATION
(AREA IN ACRES)

	1950-51	Percentage to total area (1950-51)	1951-52	1952-53	1953-54	1954-55
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)
Total Geographical area	4,728,329	100.0	4,728,329	4,728,329	4,728,329	4,728,329
Forest	481,274	10.2	454,234	482,838	482,795	482,795
Barren and uncultivable land	382,913	8.1	404,916	391,610	393,170	414,407
Land put to non-agricultural uses	221,394	4.6	255,975	250,075	250,915	274,930
Cultivable waste	419,160	8.9	441,768	436,453	354,991	436,548
Permanent pastures	41,859	0.9	23,829	18,205	24,935	26,346
Miscellaneous trees and crops	111,737	2.4	25,091	32,728	45,072	34,126
Current fallows	286,135	6.0	330,012	288,722	228,996	290,060
Other fallows	248,787	5.3	296,827	327,689	332,725	284,713
Net area sown	2,535,070	53.6	2,495,677	2,508,569	2,604,116	2,484,404
Area sown more than once	76,825	1.6	59,783	75,315	142,069	77,498
Total cropped area	2,611,895	55.2	2,555,460	2,583,884	2,746,185	2,561,902

	1955-56	Percentage to total area (1955-56)	1956-57	1957-58	1958-59	1959-60	1960-61	Percentage to total area (1960-61)
(1)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)	(13)	(14)	(15)
Total Geographical area	4,728,329	100.0	4,728,329	4,728,329	4,728,329	4,728,329	4,728,329	100.0
Forest	482,793	10.2	482,782	476,976	476,976	476,976	476,976	10.1
Barren and uncultivable land	414,205	8.7	435,581	441,147	452,043	454,868	455,060	9.7
Land put to non-agricultural uses	269,626	5.7	274,114	275,416	281,477	282,484	281,608	6.0
Cultivable waste	421,519	8.9	417,334	459,269	427,256	432,913	365,151	7.7
Permanent pastures	26,999	0.6	29,669	29,595	26,154	26,303	28,250	0.6
Miscellaneous trees and crops	32,024	0.7	40,148	44,349	40,296	43,306	26,304	1.0
Current fallows	280,636	5.9	164,071	216,659	187,728	213,166	248,089	5.2
Other fallows	229,670	4.9	335,427	299,048	290,839	283,462	298,352	6.2
Net area sown	2,570,862	54.4	2,549,202	2,485,870	2,545,560	2,514,851	2,528,539	53.5
Area sown more than once	105,446	2.2	118,435	82,393	99,443	88,409	66,956	1.4
Total cropped area	2,676,308	56.6	2,667,637	2,568,263	2,645,003	2,603,260	2,595,495	54.9

The net area sown under crops in the district forms a little over half of the total area (53.5%). Forests cover one-tenths of the district area (10.1%), while barren and uncultivable lands

like hills, etc., cover 9.7% of the district area. The area put to non-agricultural uses such as buildings, roads, water ways, etc., cover one-sixteenths of the area (6.0%). About one-fifth

(19.1%) of the total area is arable but fallow. This extent is further classified into 'cultivable waste' or land lying fallow for over five years (7.7%), other fallow lands or land kept fallow for one to five years (6.2%) and 'current fallows' i.e., land which became fallow in the current year (5.2%).

Over the period 1950-51 to 1960-61, the net area under cultivation has not shown any increase but has slightly fallen by 6,531 acres or 0.25% inspite of the several efforts made to step up cultivation. This has been mainly due to unfavourable seasonal conditions. Fallow lands of the three categories have together shown a decrease from 9,54,082 acres to 9,11,592 acres or by 4.5%. There was an increasing trend of migration of people to urban areas resulting in expansion of towns and utilisation of land for non-agricultural purposes. The land put under uses other than agriculture has shown an increase by 60,214 acres or 22.2% over the area in 1950-51.

The living standards of the people of this district are generally low when compared to the standards prevailing in the coastal areas of the State. The average rainfall of the district is only about 558 mm. per year, being the lowest in the Rayalaseema area. The district is also backward industrially. All these factors lead up to the economic backwardness and the low standards of life in this tract.

Cost of living index numbers are not issued for any centres in this district. But, however, rural price index numbers are published for Madhavaram Centre of Kurnool district which is the representative centre for the Zone comprising of all the Rayalaseema districts. These indices have been exhibited below:—

Rural Price Index Numbers for Madhavaram
(Representative Centre for this district)

(Base : Average for the year 1939—100)

Year	Index Number
1950-51	477
1951-52	484
1952-53	417
1953-54	431
1954-55	408
1955-56	401
1956-57	540
1957-58	568
1958-59	515
1959-60	551
1960-61	623

The indices show that the consumers' prices in rural areas in 1960-61 has risen by 30.6% over the prices in 1950-51.

The district is made up of the ten taluks of Anantapur, Gooty, Tadpatri, Dharmavaram, Kalyandrug, Rayadrug, Madakasira, Penukonda, Kadiri and Hindupur. The Revenue Administration of each of these taluks is in charge of a Tahsildar. There is one independent sub-taluk of Uravakonda manned by an independent Deputy Tahsildar. The District Collector whose headquarters is Anantapur is assisted in the administration of the district by a Sub-Collector who is usually a junior member of the Indian Administrative Service with his headquarters at Penukonda and by two Revenue Divisional Officers with headquarters at Anantapur and Dharmavaram respectively. The head of the Police Administration is as usual the Superintendent of Police with headquarters at Anantapur. With the formation of the Andhra State in 1953, and as a consequence of Bellary district falling to the share of Mysore State the headquarters of the Deputy Inspector-General of Police was shifted to Anantapur from Bellary.

The district of Anantapur has a fairly good elevation which provides the district with tolerable climate throughout the year. It has a gradual fall from the south-northwards until the valley of the Penneru in the Gooty and Tadpatri taluks is passed, after which the ground rises slightly once more. In Hindupur and Madakasira taluks in the south, where the country gradually rises to join the Mysore plateau, the average elevation is about 2,000 feet. Near Anantapur it is about 1,100 feet. Gooty also stands about the same height, while Tadpatri which is in the lowest corner of the district is only about 900 feet above the sea.

The district can be roughly divided into three natural regions — the northern, the central and the southern. Gooty and Tadpatri taluks that can be said to constitute the northern region have large areas of black cotton soil; Anantapur, Kalyandrug, Dharmavaram and Penukonda taluks constituting the central region is a vast expanse of arid, treeless and poor red soil. Madakasira and Hindupur taluks constituting the southern region being connected with the Mysore plateau are at a higher elevation than the rest of the district. The soil in this area though continues to be red is superior to that found in the central taluks. Comparatively speaking this southern region has more of cultivation and vegetation. The rest of the area constituting the district is made up of barren undulating wastes clothed with miserably thin grass and dotted with scattered stunted trees. Most of the soil is so poor that it cannot bear constant cultivation and so it has to be left fallow for long periods. This is one of the factors that go to give a "poverty stricken appearance" to this district. Forests are also very thin and scanty.

Hills

Hills of any considerable size are quite rare in this part of the country though crops of rocks and low barren hills do occur frequently. The highest points in the district are Mallapakonda (3,092 feet), four miles north of Bukkapatnam, Penukonda (3,091 feet), Kundurpi Drug (2,996 feet), and the Madakasira Hill (2,936 feet). The above mentioned hills being situated in an area which itself stands 1,500 to 2,000 feet above the sea are not, therefore, very prominent. Hills in this district have arranged themselves into some sort of five low ranges. These ranges do not possess any generally accepted names though they are locally called by various names after the Gods that are supposed to reside upon them. All these five ranges run roughly from north to south of the district. These are distinguishable quite easily and can be seen passing through Tadpatri, Gooty, Anantapur, Dharmavaram, Penukonda, Hindupur and Madakasira taluks. Kadiri taluk too is interpassed with isolated hill formations.

Besides these, there are numerous examples of isolated peaks and rocky clusters which are so characteristic of the Deccan. Among the best known of these are the Gooty rock, the precipitous Kundurpi Drug, the cluster round about Kalyandrug, the hills just north of Malyavantam in Anantapur taluk, and the really fine group north of the Singanamala tank, between Anantapur and Gooty taluks, the highest point of which is the Gampamalla Hill 2,510 feet high.

Rivers

The chief river of Anantapur is the Penneru, literally meaning the "great river". It has its origin in Mysore State where it is called Uttara (northern) Pinakini and enters the district in the extreme south of Hindupur and flows through that taluk into Penukonda. Near Uta-kuru it is joined by river Jayamangali. At this confluence exists a temple, for, such places are considered to be sacred. Continuing to flow northwards the river passes through Kalyandrug taluk and the western corners of Dharmavaram and Anantapur taluks for about 80 miles until, near Pennahobalam in Gooty taluk, it turns sharply eastwards and flows in the eastern direction for another fifty miles through Gooty and Tadpatri taluks and then enters Cuddapah district, from where it passes into the Nellore district and then into the Bay of Bengal. The important towns on this river are Pamidi and Tadpatri in this district. This river is not a perennial stream, but comes down in freshes for short periods and thereafter, except for small trickle in the middle of its sandy bed, dries up again almost at once.

The Chitravati is another river of some significance in this district. Its origin is also in the Mysore State and enters the district near Kodikonda in Hindupur taluk. From then onwards it flows north over rocky and hilly uplands. After several picturesque miles, it emerges into the plains of Bukkapatnam and flows sedately into a broad, shallow sandy bed into the big tank which has been prepared for its reception at that place. From the surplus weirs of this reservoir it flows, still in the northern direction into Dharmavaram taluk. This surplus water is again dammed at Dharmavaram to form a tank at that place. Once again from the surplus weirs of this tank it flows out where it meets other streams and eventually becomes a considerable river which turns eastwards, flows across Tadpatri taluk, and eventually falls into the Penneru near the famous Gandikota Gorge in Cuddapah district.

With the addition of Rayadrug taluk to this district, Hagari river with its tributary Chinna Hagari river, running right through the heart of the taluk forms yet another important river of the district. This river also takes its origin in Mysore State and enters Rayadrug taluk at its southern extreme and forms the boundary between Rayadrug and Kalyandrug taluks. Then running due north emerges out of the taluk back again into Mysore State. Bhyravanithippa-Project constructed on this river provides irrigation facilities to Kalyandrug as well as Rayadrug taluks.

Apart from these two major rivers and Jayamangali already referred to, streams like Kushavati in Hindupur taluk, Swarnamukhi in Madakasira taluk, and Tadakaleru and Pandameru in Anantapur taluk and Madaleru in Kadiri taluk are important supply sources to the various large and small irrigation tanks of this district.

Climate and Rainfall

The geographical position of the district in the middle of the Peninsula renders it the driest part of the State and hence Agricultural conditions are more often precarious. Monsoons also evade this part due to its unfortunate situation. Being far away from the east coast it does not enjoy the full benefit of the north-east monsoon and being cut off by the high Western Ghats, the south-west monsoons are also prevented from penetrating and quenching the thirst of this parched soil. It is, therefore, seen that the district is deprived of both the monsoons. Subjection to droughts and bad seasons has, therefore, become the lot of this district.

March to May are the warm months when the average daily maximum temperature ranges

between 98° F to 107° F (36.7° C to 41.7° C). November, December and January are the cooler months when the temperature falls to about 62° F (16.7° C) during the coolest period. Madakasira and Hindupur taluks being in a higher elevation are cooler than the rest of the taluks in the district.

The district receives the bulk of its rainfall between August and October. The average yearly rainfall for the district as a whole for the past ten years is 21.25 inches. Kadiri has the highest rainfall while Amarapuram in Madakasira taluk has the lowest.

Soils

The soils of the assessed land have been classified under six heads viz., black clay, black loam, black sand, red clay, red loam and red sand. In point of quality black soils are the best, black loam and red clay rank next, black sand is next in order and red sand is the worst of all. Owing to the extensive groundnut and cotton cultivation, the value of black soils is greater than that of the other soils.

Gooty and Tadpatri taluks have considerable area of black soils. In Gooty most of this lies to the west of a line drawn from Guntakal through Vajrakarur and Lattavaramu to Amidala and forms a continuation of the great cotton soil spreads of the eastern portion of Bellary. The whole of the centre of Tadpatri taluk is covered with black soil.

Red soils are predominant outside Gooty and Tadpatri taluks. In Hindupur and Madakasira taluks some two thirds of the assessed area is covered with the more fertile red loams. But otherwise in the rest of the taluks which have preponderance of red soils it has been said that "the poverty of the upland soils beggars description." Of all this miserable area, Kalyandrug is the most wretched.

Geology

Sri K. V. Krishna Murty of the Geological Survey of India in an article describes in detail the geology and mineral resources of the district. The article has been reproduced below for the benefit of the reader.

"Almost whole of the district is occupied by rocks belonging to the Archaean and Dharwar systems, with the exception of Tadpatri taluk and the eastern fringes of Gooty and Anantapur taluks where rocks belonging to the Cuddapah and Kurnool systems are exposed.

The various rock types found in the district can be classified as follows with the rocks younging in ascending order.

		Recent Alluvium
Kurnool system		Jammalamadugu limestones and shales Bangnapalle sandstones
		Unconformity
Cuddapah system	Cheyair Series	Basic gneiss rocks Tadpatri slates
		Pulivendla quartzites Vempalle dolomitic limestones Gulcheru quartzites
		Unconformity
Archaeans		Dolerite
		Quartz veins, Pegmatites and Felsites
		Grey and Pink granite gneisses and gneissic granites
		Ultrapasic rocks (talc schist, actinolite schist)
	Dharwars	Basic orthoschists (hornblende schist, hornblende granulite, metagabbro)
		Meta-sediments (Biotite schist, quartz schist banded magnetite quartzites)

Archaeans : The Archaean group of rocks of Anantapur district area are exposed in parts of Gooty taluk, Uravakonda independent sub-taluk, west and north-west part of Anantapur taluk, western part of Dharmavaram taluk, east and south-west part of Kalyandrug taluk.

This group of rock is mainly represented by dolerite schists, choloritic granulites, banded ferruginous quartzite with intercalations of quartzite, metamorphic basic rocks including hornblends schists, hornblends quartz granulite, amphibolite, metagabbro and metadolerite of Dharwarian age.

Granite and granitic gneisses : Outcrops of granite and gneisses are exposed extensively in the district. They are grey and pink in colour. The granites are hornblende epidotemica bearing and are impregnated by numerous pegmatite veins. The porphyritic granite occurs south-west of Togarakunta and around Nasanakota. The epidote bearing pegmatite intrusive into hornblende and epidotic granite gneisses of this region were used to be worked for their diamond content.

The hornblends schists occur as long narrow

bands as well as inclusions in the gneissic granites. Some major bands occur in Katrimala reserved forest and west of Ramagiri. They display marked schistosity. The hornblende schist near Ramagiri is auriferous.

The chlorite schists are steelgrey in colour and schistose in texture. Veins of blue quartz, believed to be auriferous in south India is found traversing the chlorite schist along its strike in many localities in the schist belt. The rocks are in the green schist facies of metamorphism.

Small bands of quartz schist and mica schists occur as thin narrow band one furlong long and 300 feet wide on the top and western slopes of the hill one mile east of Papampalle.

The prominent ridges south-east of Namatabad west of Lachasanipalle, etc., are represented by hornblende-augite-plagioclase rock. The rock is porphyritic in texture.

The banded ferruginous quartzite occur as narrow bands on the hills east of Kimderu and west of Talupuru. It stands out in the area in prominent ridges. Small pockets of haematite and red oxide occur associated with banded haematite quartzite in the ridge north-east of Velpumadagu.

The metadiorite and metagabbro occurs as restricted irregular patches in the granitic rocks in the hillocks south-west of Somavandalpalle and north of Bhanukota. Veins of pinkish pegmatitic material traverse the rock at number of places.

Dyke Rocks: The dolerite occurs as long narrow dykes intrusive into various rock types described above. The length of the dyke varies from a few tens of feet to 150 or more feet. They exhibit such features as coarsening, ramifying and deflecting at the contact of two different formations.

Porphyritic dolerite is seen outcropping in the area around Jallipalle and west of Katanka. The dolerite on alteration has given rise to reddish brown clayey soil.

Cuddapah Group: The rocks belonging to lower Cuddapah group only are exposed in the district. They are exposed in the Tadpatri taluk. The formation includes mainly of Pulivendla, quartzite and Tadpatri shales. The Papaghni series is exposed in the western part of Tadpatri taluk and eastern parts of Gooty and Anantapur taluks. The basal Gulcheru quartzites rest unconformably

over the archaeans and form steep cliffs. The Gulcheru consists essentially of quartzite and grits with pebble beds and intercalation of purple sandy shales.

The Vempalle doleritic limestones are fine grained and are frequently intercalated with chert. The cherts are often colitic. The upper beds have been intruded by sills of basic igneous rock-dolerite.

The Pulivendla quartzite of the cheyair series overlies the Vempalle with slight disconformity and consists of quartzite, grits, and basal conglomerates. The quartzite show current bedding and ripple marks.

Tadpatri Shales: The Pulivendla quartzite are overlain by Tadpatri shales. The shales have been highly impregnated by trap sills and dykes. The shales have given rise to clay beds locally. The shales are of a brown, grey or purple colour and very well jointed.

Kurnool Group: The Banganapalle quartzites and sandstones, the basal stage of the Kurnool system are exposed in the Tadpatri taluk overlying the cheyair and papaghni series of Cuddapah system. They are massive, jointed, brown or buff in colour. They show good current bedding. An impersistent bed of conglomerate containing various types of pebbles and occasionally diamonds occur at the base of Banganapalle.

The Jammalamadugu formation conformably overlies the Banganapalle. They consist of narji massive limestones and calcareous flagstones and Auk shales.

Narji Quartzites: The Narji limestones are very compact and extremely fine grained. The different rock types of this stage are best developed in Kavalapalle tarrace and around Gudipadu and Guruvani-palle. The Auk shales are typically exposed all along the western and southern slopes of the Barugala plateau and the slopes of the flat topped hills to the north and north-east of Guruvani-palle. The paniam group of rocks are found as isolated patches particularly around Burugala of Tadpatri taluk. The quartzite weather to a buff or brown colour to give rise to a sandy soil.

Mineral Resources

Gold: The schist belt in parts of Penukonda and Dharmavaram taluks of Anantapur district are known to be auriferous. The gold field is situated near Ramagiri (16° 18' : 77° 30') in the south western part of Dharmavaram taluk in Anantapur district. The gold field is connected

with Dharmavaram, the taluk headquarters, by the Dharmavaram—Peruru road which crosses the Bangalore—Anantapur trunk road at mile stone 116 near Nagasamudram.

Ancient workings for gold in the form of long narrow trenches following the vein quartz are noticed throughout the 7-8 mile long schist belt near Ramagiri village. These workings are reported to belong to the period of Tippu Sultan.

Modern underground mining for gold was carried out during the period 1905 to 1927 with the help of M/s John Taylor and Sons.

The important mines in the field are the following as identified today by local names: (1) North Anantapur block or Chennabhavi Mines in the north; (2) Ramagiri block or Ramagiri Mines in the middle; (3) Jubutil block in the south.

There are more than a dozen shafts of all sizes in the area leading to variable depths of 200 to 300 feet or more. The Chennabhavi Mines at the northern end and the Jubutil Mines at the southern end have both reached depths close to 1,000 feet with considerable underground development driving and stoping.

Detail geological mapping in Ramagiri was carried out by Geological Survey of India in the years 1958-60. This is now followed by detail sampling and dewatering of the old shafts by the Indian Bureau of Mines. Drilling is also being carried out in the area to prove the ore reserves.

Diamond: Diamond is known to occur from a long time near Vajrakarur. These diamonds mainly occur in pipe rocks. There seems to be three pipe rocks in the area, one of which has been thoroughly prospected by several private companies. The individual pipes are oval in shape. They are greenish in colour.

The Geological Survey of India has undertaken a detailed survey of the area followed by pitting, trenching and sampling as part of their Third Five-Year Plan field programme.

Barytes: Deposits of barytes occur in abundance in the region south-west of Mutssukota on either side of Tadpatri-Anantapur road and north-east and east of Venkatampalle. Other minor occurrences are west and south-west of Kondampalle, west of Varadayapalle, north of Nayanipalle, west of

Sajivapuram, east and north-east of Kanapudi and north-east and south-east of Madugupalle.

Barytes occur in general as veins in limestones shales and quartzites.

Barytes of a snow white colour is consumed within the Indian Union in Textiles for use as a filler and in the manufacture of lithophone. Much of the barytes which is of 'off colour' grade is found to 200 to 300 mesh size and exported for use in various oil companies in Middle East.

Asbestos: Occurrences of chrysotile asbestos (crose fibre) have been reported from Venganapalle, Singanaguttapalle, Sivapuram, Chala-verala and Mallagundla but none of them appear to be of economic importance.

Steatite: Steatite of good grade are found to occur $2\frac{1}{4}$ mile S. S. E. of Tabjula, 3 miles south-west of Mutssukota.

Steatite usually occurs in the form of thin laminatin and bands or lenses in limestones in the plane of stratification. It varies from various shades of green grey to pure white.

Mining operations for steatite have been conducted for nearly 20 years in this region.

Minor occurrences of steatite have been reported from Kondampalle, Karampudi and Singanaguttapalle.

Limestones: High grade limestones suitable for the manufacture of chemical lime occurs near Kona Rameswaraswami temple, some six miles north of Yadiki and 10 miles from Rayalachervuvu railway station in Tadpatri taluk. The limestone appears to be of recent deposit. It is partly pisolitic.

The deposits are being worked by M/s. V. Nimbkar, Bombay, and Binny and Co., Madras, their Kilns being located opposite the Rayalachervuvu railway station.

Flora

As has already been stated the whole of the centre of the district is unusually bare of trees or vegetation of any kind. The stony wastes are often, however, covered with yellow flowered 'tangedu' bushes (cassia auriculata) the bark of which is used for tanning. Tamarind and Margosa have come up well as avenue trees along road margins and in the fields and villages. Babul trees are frequently seen. In Madakasira and Kadiri, the Kanuga (pongamia) glabra) oc-

curs and a thick growth of date palms is seen in damp low lying grounds in several parts of the district.

As regards forests, for many years after the district was ceded to the British by the Nizam, little or nothing was done to conserve them. F. W. Robertson, Collector of the district from 1824 until his death in 1838 is said to have planted many scattered topes, and later on through the Jungle Conservancy Fund established some hundreds more at various places in the district. He also nominally reserved parts of the forests round Kottakota. But, however, very little was done in the form of systematic conservancy till the passing of the Madras Forest Act of 1882.

The great majority of the reserves are on the hills, but there are also scattered blocks in the low country. However, none of the reserves on the hills contain growth of any real size or density. Some of them are almost devoid of any growth at all. As regards forests in the low country, the northern and central parts of the district are much poorer than those in the south because the south stands at a higher elevation and, more over the soil is also usually richer and deeper than in the rest of the district.

Fauna

For a long time no effort was made to improve the indigenous breed of cattle by selective breeding or by importing foreign strains. The scarcity of fodder further exaggerated the poor condition of the cattle in the district. However, since the inception of Community Development Programmes cattle breeding by artificial insemination is being practised on a large scale through the institution of the key village centres. Village Panchayats are also being encouraged through loans and subsidies to maintain pedigree bulls for charging the local cattle. Good working cattle are also being imported from Nellore district and from the Mysore State.

Cattle diseases such as rinderpest, anthrax black quarter, and foot and mouth diseases which were highly prevalent causing enormous loss each year have been controlled considerably through effective Veterinary and Animal Health Services. The livestock population of Anantapur district in 1951, 1956 and 1961 as per the quinquennial Censuses can be seen from the table under the chapter on "Animal Husbandry".

Famine Conditions

The whole district lies within the famine zone. The earliest famine on record is that of

1792-93. Subsequently scarcity conditions amounting to famine occurred in 1803, 1823, 1832-33, 1838, 1844-45, 1853-54, and 1866-67. The last great famine seems to have raged from 1876 to 1878. The year 1891-92 began with threats of famine, but its effects were alleviated to a certain extent by the timely rains and consequently a good harvest in the subsequent year. Relief works had to be opened all over the district except in Madakasira during 1896-97 when conditions became very severe. The year had a severe toll on the lives of the cattle. The northern taluks did not recover from this severe blow upto the close of 1900-01, and dry remissions had to be granted in subsequent faslis on account of unfavourable conditions.

The failure of two monsoons in any year is bound to result in scarcity. There are hardly any agricultural enterprises in the district and large owners who can help the tenants in times of need are conspicuous by their absence. Mr. Shipley had described the resources of the people of the district as follows in his Famine Report of 1896-97. "The majority of the people in the district must live a hand to mouth existence, and from 1878 to the present year it may be safely asserted that the district has not enjoyed more than two good years consecutively and that the number of single good years may be counted on the fingers of one hand. When ryots build themselves houses now-a-days, they do not build granaries in them as they used to do formerly. The tendency is to exchange grain for money and money soon flies away for unproductive purposes."

1920 was also a bad year. Relief works and poor feeding centres had to be opened and the actual cost to the State amounted to Rs. 4.75 lakhs. Due to scarcity of rains resulting in inadequate supply to tanks and irrigation wells in 1923, crops withered and the late dry crops did not even sprout. As usual, the small ryot and the agricultural labourer were the worst hit, and a severe fodder famine developed. Test works were started in February, 1924 and famine was officially declared in Gooty, Madakasira, Penukonda and in parts of Dharmavaram and Hindupur taluks. Famine labour was chiefly employed in the repair of roads and tanks. The fodder famine was partly relieved by Government importing large quantities of hay and stalks from Krishna, Chingleput and Kurnool districts and selling them to the ryots at reasonable rates.

In 1934, there was failure of both the south-west and north-east monsoons. August and September, the wettest months of the year in this district passed off without adequate rains.

The whole district was affected. This famine was the severest of the famines experienced in the district since 1896-97. Almost all classes of residents in the affected areas worked on the relief works. Liberal Land Revenue remissions were granted and a number of non-official committees were set up to aid the officials in helping the distressed. The total number of works executed was 48 and the cost to the Government amounted to Rs. 9,11,397/-.

Once again in 1937-38 this district was affected by famine conditions which cost the Government in relief works, etc., Rs. 4,79,237/-. Ten works in all were executed during this famine.

Famines have also been recorded in 1943 and 1945-46. As usual relief works were started and the remission and suspension of land revenue were freely granted and loans were advanced liberally to ryots during these two years. Since prices of food grains were very high due to scarcity conditions, the persons employed on relief works were supplied with millets through Government depots at reasonable prices. Fodder was also made available through Government sources at subsidised rates.

Numbers relieved : As this district was included in the Bellary district no separate information is available as to the number relieved during any of the famines prior to that of 1876. During this famine, the average number of people relieved during 22 months from December, 1876 to September, 1878 was 59,160 or 7.98% of the population of the district in 1871. Of these 37,000 people were employed on works and 22,169 relieved gratuitously. The maximum number was during January, 1877 when 22.7% of the total population was given relief. During the distress of 1891-92 the average number of persons relieved during 8 months (from December, 1891 to July, 1892) was only 937, of whom 756 were employed on works and 181 relieved gratuitously. The distress of 1896-97 lasted from November, 1896 to November, 1897. The average number of persons provided with relief during the 12 months was 29,825 of whom 23,750 were employed on relief works, 200 came under the weavers' relief operations and 5,875 under gratuitous relief. The maximum number relieved during any month (July, 1897) was 84,893 or 11.7% of the population in 1891. There was also considerable mortality among cattle. The famine of 1900 was confined to a very limited area in the Tadpatri taluk, and the average number of persons relieved during the six months was 1,378, all of whom were employed on works. There was scarcity in the district in 1901-1902 in portions of the taluks of Gooty and Tadpatri, and two kitchens were opened to afford relief

to the destitute. There was scarcity again in 1908-1909 in the taluks of Kalyandrug and Madakasira, but no special measures beyond the grant of dry remissions were found necessary to relieve distress. During the famine of 1934-35 the total number of units of workers relieved in each of the taluks is noted below.

Name of Taluk	No. of units of workers	Dependants
(1)	(2)	(3)
Hindupur	2,115,937	795,922
Penukonda	3,253,815	1,274,333
Dharmavaram	260,271	77,390
Anantapur	468,765	193,398
Gooty	1,641,603	582,662
Tadpatri	821,612	234,493

The following number of units were relieved gratuitously.

By cash doles	...	597,326
By kitchens	...	2,560,871
Total	...	3,158,197

Indirect relief was also given by way of liberal suspensions and remissions of land revenue and postponement of collection of takkavi loans instalments. Loans were liberally advanced for the purchase of fodder and food grains.

During the famine of 1937-38, the total number of units of workers and dependants relieved was 3,612,508 and 2,040,138 respectively. The weavers' relief centres opened at Uravakonda afforded relief to the weaver population of over 2,200.

During the famine period of 1943 the total number of units of workers and non-workers relieved was 16,037,962 and 4,203,578 respectively. The total number of units of workers relieved in each of the taluks is noted below:—

Name of Taluk	No. of units of workers	Dependants
(1)	(2)	(3)
Gooty	8,065,171	1,889,194
Tadpatri	3,002,513	742,902
Kalyandrug	899,030	296,548
Madakasira	24,655	1,198
Dharmavaram	1,860,196	424,725
Penukonda	1,279,785	490,881
Anantapur	907,712	358,148

The number of persons relieved by cash doles was 631,694 and the number of persons relieved in kitchens were 4,320,616. The total amount of Land Revenue remitted was Rs. 529,220/- and the Land Revenue suspended was Rs. 60,883/-.

The next famine year after 1943 was 1945-46. During this famine year the total number of

persons relieved is exhibited in the following table:—

Name of Taluk	No. of workers relieved on works	No. of units relieved gratuitously
(1)	(2)	(3)
Madakasira	158,732	19,622
Hindupur	37,475	250,322
Kadiri	68,830	69,173
Penukonda	63,145	23,803
Anantapur	11,360	23,057
Dharmavaram	296,543	37,886
Kalyandrug	337,353	22,874
Tadpatri	35,460	25,266
Gooty	218,400	32,572
Uravakonda	113,700	5,139
Total	1,341,998	509,714

31,106 children were provided with food in the free kitchens.

Indirect relief was also granted on the following items:—

Remission of Land Revenue	...	Rs. 8,78,599
Loans instalments postponed	...	Rs. 1,03,201
Subsidies granted for sinking wells	...	Rs. 1,10,814
Land Revenue suspended	...	Rs. 93,371

In addition to the above, clothes were distributed to the poor people. Condensed milk and multivitamin tablets were also supplied for distribution to children.

The latest famine in the district occurred in the year 1961-62. This was the fifth year in succession when Anantapur district was facing drought conditions. There was failure of rain-fall during both the monsoon periods in 1961 as a result of which a large percentage of villages in the district were hit by famine conditions. The taluks of Anantapur and Dharmavaram had been affected for four previous faslis, Kalyandrug and Rayadrug for the previous three years, Gooty, Uravakonda and Madakasira for the previous two years in succession in their entirety.

The people that were badly affected by these adverse seasonal conditions were once again the agriculturists and the agricultural labourers. The following were the various relief measures undertaken to relieve distress among these people.

Land Revenue as usual was remitted. Full remission was granted for Fasli 1371 on lands where the yield of dry crop was 6 annas and less. The Takkavi loan instalments and the surcharge on Land Revenue were postponed for a period of one year. Similar relief was also given in the case of commercial crops, etc.

Various measures were also undertaken for providing work to the agricultural labour. The planning of these relief measures was based on the principle that all the available normal departmental schemes which can absorb unskilled labour should first be intensified, advanced and put into execution and special relief roadworks to be taken up only as a supplement to the employment opportunities provided by these normal departmental works. The intention was not only to provide immediate relief to the sufferers but also to provide a permanent safeguard against the future occurrences of famine. During 1961-62, the following normal departmental works were intensively put into execution primarily with a view to creating employment opportunities.

Name of work	Amount expended
(1)	(2)
Work under the Tungabhadra High level canal schemes	Rs. 10.00 lakhs
Special repairs to ex-Zamin sources	Rs. 1.50 lakhs
Normal repairs to P.W.D. tanks	Rs. 1.00 lakh
Restoration of breached tanks	Rs. 1.25 lakhs
Soil conservation	Rs. 1.60 lakhs
Minor Irrigation	Rs. 2.70 lakhs
Total	Rs. 18.05 lakhs

Apart from these, road-works were also started. Seventy road works sanctioned in 1960-61 were continued and 52 fresh road works were sanctioned during 1961-62. A total expenditure of Rs. 8.50 lakhs was incurred on these relief road works during 1961-62. For the year 1962-63 normal departmental works costing over Rs. 10 lakhs were ordered to be immediately put into execution for providing relief. 44 additional road works not under any normal departmental schemes were also ordered to be put into execution.

Under other relief items 1,850 subsidy wells were sanctioned during 1961-62 out of which 1,000 were sanctioned under the famine relief programme. Fodder was distributed at subsidised rates at Rs. 48/- per ton as against a cost of Rs. 100/- per ton to the Government.

Arrangements were also made for deepening drinking water wells wherever necessary and where it was not possible to supply water by lorries. Special steps were taken to open fair price shops near all the famine camps. Rice from these fair price shops was arranged to be sold to the labourers at the workspots. Arrangements through private negotiations were also made for the supply of Jowar to the labourers at wholesale prices. 75 tons of skimmed milk powder was obtained from the T. C. M. authorities and 9,990 lbs. from the Red Cross Society for distribution to the needy persons in the district. The

UNICEF was requested to help in this regard and the authorities sanctioned three lakh lbs. of milk powder.

Sri T. Balakrishnan, I.A.S., the Collector of the district during this period has recommended some permanent measures to keep famine at bay. He states that on a close analysis of cultivation figures of the preceding fifty years he has found that diminution of acreage under wells during adverse seasons was very much less than the diminution of acreage under tanks during the corresponding period. The reason was that tanks in this district being mostly rainfed, the scope for storage was very much restricted. He further adds that even that year which happened to be the fifth year in succession of drought conditions the wells had not failed the agriculturists and green patches were still found under the wells. He, therefore, recommended the sink-

ing of more wells as a positive relief measure to ward off famine conditions. Further, according to him the sinking of community irrigation wells at Government cost, apart from the subsidy wells programme, will benefit such of those ryots who are not in a position to take advantage of the subsidy programme. His another recommendation is the deepening of existing irrigation wells by power drills to be maintained by the respective Panchayat Samithis. This scheme was tried by him successfully in Mudigubba Panchayat Samithi where the drill was given on loan to the needy ryots.

The Commissioner of Panchayati Raj in his Memorandum No. 5034/LDW/61-62, dated 30-4-1962 informed the District Collector that the Government have accepted in principle the proposals to sink community irrigation wells as a permanent famine relief measure.

- References :**
- 1 Anantapur District Gazetteer by W. Francis, I.C.S.
 - 2 Statistical Atlas of the Andhra State (1950-51)
 - 3 Report of Sri A. Krishna Swami, District Statistical Officer, Anantapur dated 8-4-63
 - 4 A brief note on the adverse seasonal conditions in Anantapur district prepared by Sri T. Balakrishnan, I. A. S., Collector, Anantapur, dated 25-4-62
 - 5 Report of Sri M. M. Haq, Collector of Anantapur dated 13-7-62

CHAPTER II

HISTORY

Political

It is very difficult to isolate the political history of Anantapur district from that of the rest of the tract known as the "Ceded Districts". This whole area was trodden by such great figures as Vikramaditya, Malik Kafur, Harihara, Bukka, Shivaji, Haider Ali and his son Tipu, and finally by Sir Thomas Munro himself. Each one of these great personalities had left his individual footprints to be explored and understood by posterity. Each one had so played his part that the history of this area unfolds like the memory of human mind, from the sub-conscious to the conscious state, i.e., from the forgotten times to the more recent past. The forgotten past of this area has hardly any landmarks; very little was recorded and what was recorded is not sufficient to make a continuous story. This uninforming nature of the past history will remain until some enterprising explorer unearths the past and places before the eager students of history the story of this part of India. Until then one has to be content with the more recent occurrences which lend themselves to a continuous narrative of the history of what now comprises Anantapur district.

Between the remote past and the earliest historical facts there is a wide gulf. The first tangible piece of historical evidence is furnished by the rock edicts of Asoka in the west of Rayadrug taluk. Their date is about 258 B.C., but as Asoka sent proselytising missions to foreign countries their existence does not reveal much except that this area formed part of Asoka's Empire.

Four hundred years later a copper plate grant of the Chalukyan King, Vikramaditya I (A.D. 655-680) described Ratnagiri in the Madakasira taluk as being the "District of the Nalas". The presumption, therefore, is that, this tribe must at one time have ruled at least that corner of Anantapur district.

Three inscriptions of Vikramaditya VI, a ruler of the Western Chalukya dynasty were discovered on the rocks near the top of the Gooty fort. They suggest the possibility that the Western Chalukyas might have ruled in this area during the 11th and the 12th centuries. Towards the end of the 12th century these Western Chalukyas seemed to have been overthrown by two of their feudatories, the Hoysala-

Ballalas, and the Yadavas. This possibility is supported by a couple of inscriptions, one of which dated 1205, recorded a gift by the Hoysala King to a temple and the other inscription recorded the capture of Gooty by the same King.

The early 14th century was a period of Muslim invasion from the north which seriously threatened the existence of the Hindu dominions in the south. Allauddin Khilji's troops under the command of his able General, Malik Kafur swept into the Deccan, captured Warangal and a few other places. Both the Hoysalas and the Yadavas fell before his onslaught.

On account of the rivalries and jealousies amongst the conquerors there could not be any settled form of administration in the occupied areas. In the confusion that followed, it was not difficult for the local Hindu chieftains to carve out a kingdom for themselves with its capital near Hampi. This was the nucleus of the famous Vijayanagar empire which for two centuries successfully stemmed the tide of Muslim advance. The main architects of this Empire were two brothers, namely, Harihara and Bukka who after the fall of Warangal, fled from that city in 1323 and took service under the Raja of the Fort of Anegundi on the banks of river Tungabhadra, near the present village of Hampi in Bellary district. There they rose respectively to the position of Minister and Treasurer. In 1334 this Raja was attacked by Mohammad Tuglak of Delhi. The Raja and most of his followers died in combat. A Governor was then appointed by the Delhi King to rule the occupied area. The countryside, however, rose against the new ruler and eventually Mohammad Tuglak, finding events not too favourable restored the principality to the Hindus and made the two brothers Harihara and Bukka who had previously been Minister and Treasurer, King and Minister. The next year Harihara built the famous Vijayanagar City. Thenceforward the territorial expansion of this kingdom was achieved with such extraordinary rapidity that the whole of South India was ruled by Bukka I, the brother and successor of Harihara. Almost all the other Hindu feudatories paid tribute to this Kingdom. Bukka was succeeded by his son Harihara II in 1379, who assumed the title of King of Kings and ruled an extensive area. Inscriptions of his time were found in Mysore, Dharwar, Conjeevaram, Chingleput and Tiruchirapalli.

Meanwhile the Muslim Bahmani Kingdom founded in 1347 with its capital at Gulbarga, had extended its territory as far south as the Krishna river and for the next 135 years constantly opposed the expansionist policies of the Vijayanagar Kings.

The decline of the Vijayanagar Empire commenced from the reign of Achyuta Raya (1530-1542) who was described as both a coward and a tyrant. He alienated his best friends by his violent despotism till finally Rama Raja, Tirumala and Venkatadri, all three brothers combined and took away effective power from his hands. Rama Raja was virtually the King of Vijayanagar during the last part of Achyuta's reign and also during the reign of the next ruler Sadasiva.

Traces of the Vijayanagar rule were found mostly in the Bellary district. In Anantapur they built some of the fortifications at Gooty and Penukonda now not easily distinguishable. The inscriptions here and there (at Tadpatri for example) reveal that they endowed and beautified temples. Beyond this the district was not much benefited by the Vijayanagar rule.

Fearing the further growth of power and influence of the Vijayanagar Empire, the Muslim Kings and Chieftains shelved their mutual rivalries, formed into a 'general league of the faithful' and marched against the Vijayanagar King. On the Christmas day in the year 1564 their advance was halted near the town and the fortress of Talikota, 25 miles north of the river Krishna. After a few skirmishes, the famous battle of Talikota was fought on the 23rd January, 1565. It was one of the most decisive battles ever fought in the history of South India. The Vijayanagar army was defeated, and the troops seized by panic, broke and fled, after suffering very heavy losses. Rama Raja and Venkatadri were slain in the battle. Tirumala, the only surviving brother, hastily returned to Vijayanagar and together with the puppet king Sadasiva fled to the hill fort of Penukonda. The fleeing monarch with a few followers took with him a convoy of 550 elephants laden with treasure in the shape of gold, diamonds and precious stones valued at more than 100 million sterling and also the state insignia and the celebrated jeweled throne.

The City of Vijayanagar which was thus left undefended was destroyed by the invaders so completely that it could never again be inhabited. Penukonda thenceforward became the capital, with the Fort as its stronghold. Decay rapidly overtook the remains of the Vijayanagar Empire. The nobles who ruled the outlying pro-

vinces threw away their allegiance and declared themselves independent and plunged the greater part of the country into anarchy.

At Penukonda, Sadasiva remained a king in name until 1568 when he was murdered by Tirumala who usurped the throne. He was succeeded in 1575 by his son Ranga, who shortly afterwards transferred his capital to Chandragiri. Ranga was followed in 1586 by his brother Venkata who ruled till 1614. At his death there were widespread revolts, disturbances and other conflicts which finally brought the Vijayanagar power virtually to an end.

Meanwhile, the Muslim Kings had gradually extended their hold over the area. At first their mutual jealousies and animosities had prevented them from reaping to the full the fruits of their victory at Talikota; some of the Vijayanagar fortresses still remained in possession of the local Governors of the Empire. But eventually the Kings of Bijapur and Ahmadnagar agreed to take different lines of conquest, so that their operations might not clash. The former proceeded to invade the country south of the Krishna, including Bellary and Anantapur districts. In 1577 he appeared at Penukonda but due to the deceit practised by a part of his army, the expedition was not a success. In 1589 the King of Golconda invaded this area and, in spite of plucky resistance, defeated the enemy and conquered Penukonda, Gooty and the rest of Anantapur district.

For some years the Maharata power was slowly gaining ground in the west of the Peninsula. In 1677 Shivaji, the famous Maharata chief visited the Deccan, after taking most of the possessions held by the King of Bijapur in the Carnatic. And finally in 1680 the rights held by the Bijapur king over this part of the country were also made over to the Maharatas. However, in 1687 Emperor Aurangzeb reduced the Maharatas to obedience, overthrew their rule within this district and added the country to the Mughal Subah of Bijapur.

In 1723 the Nizam of Hyderabad, one of the Governors of the Mughal Empire, made himself independent and ruled over his province, which included Anantapur district. His power was, however, nominal. The Maharatas continued to be the dominant influence and collected tribute and taxes from the poligars.

Morari Rao the famous Maharata adventurer established himself at Gooty in 1746, obtained possession of Penukonda, exacted tribute from the local poligars and made himself the architect of the destinies of the people living in this dis-

trict. Haidar Ali of Mysore later captured the forts of Penukonda and Madakasira from Morari Rao and finally in 1775 captured Gooty itself, imprisoned Morari Rao and reduced the poligars to submission. Haidar died in 1782 and was succeeded by Tipu. The latter was defeated in 1792 by a combination of the English, the Maharatas, and the Nizam, and by the treaty of that year he was made to cede half of his territories to this strange combination of allies. By this treaty, and by the treaty of 1799, the latter following the third Mysore war and the death of Tipu, the whole of the area which now comprises the district of Anantapur fell to the share of the Nizam. In 1800 the Nizam agreed to cede to the English all the territories acquired by him under these two treaties of 1792 and 1799 in return for a subsidiary force to be stationed in his dominions. Anantapur district together with Bellary and Cuddapah districts and a part of Kurnool district thus passed into the hands of the British.

After the transfer of this territory to the British in 1800, Maj. Munro who was selected to govern this area as the "Principal Collector" chose Anantapur as his headquarters. He directly held charge of the taluks which now form the Anantapur district and also the Rayadrug taluk. The rest of the new territory was administered by Sub-Collectors subordinate to Munro. The year after the departure of Munro in 1807, this area was divided into the two Collectorates of Bellary and Cuddapah and finally in 1882 Bellary was once again bifurcated into the districts of Bellary and Anantapur. Unlike Cuddapah district, this district did not present any formidable problems. The Poligars living in this district were not a troublesome lot and soon came under effective control. A few who tried to give trouble were dealt with severely. On only one occasion was there any open resistance to the British authority. In 1804 a conspiracy was formed to seize Gooty and Adoni forts and to instal Kudrit Ullah Khan, son of Basalat Jung the former Jagirdar of Adoni, as ruler in that area. This plot failed and as a result there were no further attempts to upset British authority.

After this, the political history of Anantapur district like the history of the rest of the well administered part of the Madras Presidency remained uneventful till the national struggle for Independence came to wake it up from its peaceful slumber. This district too like the rest of the Nation responded to its call and joined hands in the freedom movement. Among the popular political leaders of the district who played a prominent part in the freedom struggle a few names that can be mentioned are those of Sri

Kallur Subba Rao and Sri N. Sanjeeva Reddy the present Chief Minister of Andhra Pradesh.

After Independence, the first General Elections were conducted in January, 1952 for both the House of the People and the Legislative Assembly. The tenure of office of both the houses was 5 years. But due to the failure of the State Government, mid-term elections were conducted during February, 1955 for the State Legislative Assembly. The district was divided into eleven Assembly Constituencies and two Parliamentary Constituencies to elect 14 M. L. As. and 2 M. Ps. as shown below according to the delimitation order No. 19 of 1954.

STATEMENT II-1			
Sl. No.	Name of the constituency	Extent of the constituency	No. of seats
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)
PARLIAMENTARY CONSTITUENCIES			
1	Anantapur	Anantapur district	2*
ASSEMBLY CONSTITUENCIES			
1	Kadiri	Gunjepalle, Kadiri, Dhaniyanicheruvu firkas of Kadiri taluk	1
2	Nallamada	Nallamada and Tanakal firkas of Kadiri taluk and Bukkapatnam firka in Penukonda taluk	1
3	Gorantla	Gorantla and Chilamathur firkas in Hindupur taluk and Mahammadabad firka in Kadiri taluk	1
4	Hindupur	Madakasira taluk and Hindupur and Parigi firkas in Hindupur taluk	2*
5	Penukonda	Penukonda taluk (excluding Bukkapatnam firka) and Medapuram firka in Dharmavaram taluk	1
6	Dharmavaram	Kalyandrug taluk and Dharmavaram taluk (excluding Medapuram firka)	2*
7	Anantapur	Anantapur taluk (excluding Singanamala and Narpala firkas)	1
8	Putlur	Putlur and Yellanur firkas of Tadpatri taluk and Singanamala and Narpala firkas of Anantapur taluk	1
9	Tadpatri	Tadpatri taluk (excluding Putlur and Yellanur firkas) and Pamidi firka of Gooty taluk	1
10	Gooty	Gooty taluk (excluding Pamidi firka) and Bommanahal firka of Rayadrug taluk	2*
11	Rayadrug	Rayadrug taluk (excluding Bommanahal firka)	1

* Out of two seats one seat reserved for Scheduled Castes

The names of the successful candidates for the Parliamentary and Assembly Constituencies are furnished below:

STATEMENT II-2	
Name of the constituency	Name of the successful candidate
PARLIAMENTARY CONSTITUENCIES	
1 Anantapur	1 Sri K. S. Raghavachari 2 Sri Paidi Lakshmaiah

ASSEMBLY	
Name of the constituency (1)	Name of the successful candidate (2)
ASSEMBLY CONSTITUENCIES	
1 Kadiri	Sri K. V. Vema Reddy
2 Nallamada	Sri P. Biap Reddi
3 Gorantla	Sri Poola Venkataramanappa
4 Hindupur	Sri Kallur Subba Rao Smt. Rukmini Devi
5 Penukonda	Sri A. Chitambara Reddi
6 Dharmavaram	Sri Pappuri Ramachariu Sri K. Santhappa
7 Anantapur	Sri P. Anthony Reddy
8 Putlur	Sri T. Ramachandra Reddi
9 Tadpatri	Sri Challa Subbarayudu
10 Gooty	Sri Sanda Narayanappa Sri Rajaram
11 Rayadrug	Sri N. C. Seshadri

The country again went to polls during 1957. But as the mid-term elections for Andhra State Legislative Assembly were conducted during 1955, the Government extended the term of office of the M.L.As. of the Andhra region of the State for a further period of 5 years from 1957 and hence the members elected for the State Legislative Assembly continued as M.L.As. upto 1962. So the elections conducted during 1957 were confined to Assembly Constituencies in Telangana region and Parliamentary Constituencies, in both Andhra and Telangana regions. During these elections the district was divided into 2 Parliamentary Constituencies and 11 Assembly Constituencies as per the delimitation order No. 32 of 1956. The extent of each constituency is detailed hereunder.

STATEMENT II-3		
Name of the Constituency (1)	Extent of the constituency (2)	No. of seats (3)
PARLIAMENTARY CONSTITUENCIES		
1 Anantapur	Anantapur, Kalyandrug, Rayadrug, Gooty and Tadpatri taluks	1
2 Hindupur	Hindupur, Madakasira, Penukonda, Kadiri, and Dharmavaram	1
ASSEMBLY CONSTITUENCIES		
1 Kadiri	Kadiri taluk	2
2 Gorantla	Gorantla and Chilamathur firkas in Hindupur taluk and Bukkapatnam firkas in Penukonda taluk	1
3 Hindupur	Madakasira taluk and Hindupur and parigi firkas in Hindupur taluk	2*
4 Penukonda	Penukonda taluk (excluding Bukkapatnam firkas and Medapuram firkas of Dharmavaram taluk)	1
5 Dharmavaram	Dharmavaram taluk (excluding Medapuram firkas)	1
6 Anantapur	Anantapur taluk (excluding Singanamala and Narpala firkas)	1
7 Putlur	Putlur and Yellanur firkas in Tadpatri taluk and Singanamala and Narpala firkas of Anantapur taluk	1

8 Tadpatri	Tadpatri taluk (excluding Putlur and Yellanur firkas) and Pamidi firkas in Gooty taluk	1
9 Gooty	Gooty, Thimmanacherla and Nagasamudram firkas in Gooty taluk	1
10 Uravakonda	Uravakonda and Vajrakurur firkas in Gooty taluk and Bommanahal firkas in Rayadrug taluk	1
11 Kalyandrug	Kalyandrug taluk and Rayadrug taluk (excluding Bommanahal firkas)	2*

* Out of two seats one seat reserved for Scheduled Castes.

The successful candidates for the Anantapur and Hindupur Parliamentary constituencies were:

- 1 Sri T. Nagireddy, and
- 2 Sri K. V. Ramakrishna Reddy

Due to the abolition of two-member constituencies, the district was again divided into 2 Parliamentary and 14 Assembly Constituencies according to the delimitation of Parliamentary and Assembly Constituencies order 1961. The General Elections were again conducted during February, 1962. The extent of each Parliamentary and Assembly Constituencies and the names of the successful candidates are given below:

STATEMENT II-4		
Name of the constituency (1)	Extent of the constituency (2)	Name of the successful candidate (3)
PARLIAMENTARY CONSTITUENCIES		
1 Anantapur	Anantapur, Putlur, Tadpatri, Gooty, Uravakonda, Rayadrug, Kalyandrug Assembly Constituencies	Sri Osman Ali Khan
2 Hindupur	Kadiri, Nallamada, Gorantla, Hindupur, Madakasira, Penukonda, Dharmavaram Assembly Constituencies	Sri K. V. Ramakrishna Reddy
ASSEMBLY CONSTITUENCIES		
1 Kadiri †	Kadiri, Dhaniyanicheruvu, and Gunjepalle firkas of Kadiri taluk	Sri E. Gopal Naik
2 Nallamada	Nallamada, Mahammadabad and Tanakal firkas of Kadiri taluk	Sri Y. Papi Reddy
3 Gorantla	Gorantla, Chilamathur firkas of Hindupur taluk and Bukkapatnam firkas of Penukonda taluk	Sri B. V. Bayapa Reddy
4 Hindupur	Hindupur and Parigi firkas of Hindupur taluk	Sri K. Ramakrishna Reddy
5 Madakasira *	Madakasira taluk	Smt. B. Rukmini Devi

(1)	(2)	(3)
6 Penukonda	Penukonda taluk (excluding Bukkapatnam firka) and Medapuram firka of Dharmavaram taluk	Sri G. Narasi Reddy
7 Dharmavaram	Dharmavaram taluk (excluding Medapuram firka)	Sri P.V. Chowdary
8 Anantapur	Anantapur taluk (excluding Singanamala and Narpala firkas)	Sri P. Anthony Reddy
9 Putlur	Putlur and Yellanur firkas in Tadpatri taluk and Singanamala and Narpala firkas of Anantapur taluk	Sri T. Nagi Reddy
10 Tadpatri	Tadpatri taluk (excluding Putlur and Yellanur firkas) and Pamidi firka of Gooty taluk	Sri C. Kulasekhara Reddy
11 Gooty	Gooty, Thimmanacherla and Nagasamudram firkas of Gooty taluk	Sri V. K. Audinarayana Reddy
12 Uravakonda	Uravakonda and Vajrakarur firkas of Gooty taluk and Bommanahal firka of Rayadrug taluk	Sri G.C. Venkanna
13 Rayadrug	Rayadrug taluk (excluding Bommanahal firka)	Sri L. Chinnapa Reddy
14 Kalyandrug *	Kalyandrug taluk	Sri Hindi Narasappa

† Reserved for Scheduled Tribes

* Reserved for Scheduled Castes

The following political parties are now in existence in this district.

Congress Party : The organisation of this Party is in existence since 1923 mostly under the leadership of Sri Kallur Subba Rao and later under the leadership of Sri N. Sanjeeva Reddi the present Chief Minister of Andhra Pradesh. The party commands a majority in the district political scene being in possession of both the Parliamentary seats and seven out of fourteen Legislative Assembly seats.

Communist Party : This party stands next in importance to the Congress Party. Its prominent leaders are Sri T. Nagi Reddi, Sri V. K. Audinarayana Reddi, Sri I. Sadasivan and Sri N. Rajasekhar Reddi. This party has a membership of about 1,300 persons in this district. Sri N. Rajasekhar Reddi is the Secretary of the Communist Party of Andhra Pradesh. Sri T. Nagi Reddi and Sri N. Rajasekhar Reddi are the members of the Central Communist Party.

Praja Socialist Party : This party came into existence only a few years ago. The organiser of the party is Sri M. Ramachandra Rao. It has a membership of about 350 persons. The party contested for a Legislative Assembly seat in 1962 at Anantapur and lost.

Bharatiya Jana Sangh Party : Sri T. Chitambaraiiah an Advocate of Anantapur is the Presi-

dent while Sri D. Nagaiah of Anantapur is the Secretary of the Party, whose important centres in the district are Guntakal and Penukonda. The party contested in 1962 elections for the Legislative Assembly seats from Gooty and Penukonda and lost.

R. S. S. party : Sri V. L. Desmukh is the organiser of this party. Its centres are Anantapur, Guntakal, Tadpatri, Dharmavaram, Hindupur, Penukonda and Madakasira. Its members take part regularly in physical exercises and are also taught the principles of Hinduism.

Swatantra party : This party came into existence in this district in 1961. Its organisers are Sri D. Aswarthappa and Sri P. Ramachari. During the 1962 General Elections it contested for one Parliamentary seat and five Legislative Assembly seats and lost.

Revenue

Sir Thomas Munro (then Major) in 1800 took charge as the "Principal Collector" of the whole of the Ceded districts with Anantapur as his headquarters. Under him were four "Subordinate Collectors" and the direct charge of the new territory was divided among these five officers, Munro retaining the ultimate control over the whole of it. In 1807 after Munro's departure, this whole tract was divided into two separate Collectorates. One of these constituted the area now roughly forming the districts of Anantapur and Bellary. This arrangement continued till 1882 when Anantapur and Bellary were formed into two independent districts. Hence the Revenue administration of Anantapur district was for a long time bound up with that of the Bellary district and it is, therefore, not always possible to separate the history of the one from the other.

Before the advent of the British the land was never regarded as belonging either to the cultivator or to the renter. It was always considered as the property of the State. Under the Vijayanagar rulers the Revenue was paid in kind to an extent of half of the produce, commuted for money at a price unfavourable to the cultivator. Such a practice was never conducive to any kind of Agricultural improvement.

After a few years after the subversion of the Vijayanagar Empire by the Muslim conquerors, the 'Kamil' assessment was introduced. This assessment was founded upon an actual survey which was begun early in the 17th century and finished in about four years. The avowed prin-

ciple of the assessment was the equal division of the crop between the Government and the cultivator, but as all rents were to be paid in money, the equivalent of half produce in kind was found by taking the estimated gross produce of the different sorts of dry and wet land and converting it to money at the average price of the preceding ten years.

The Emperor Aurangazeb appears to have adopted the 'Kamil', for, lands have been valued according to this assessment in the sanads issued by him. Revenue continued to rise during the time of Haidar Ali and Tipu Sultan. Haidar resumed several inams and russooms in order to augment the revenue resources while Tipu due to more vigorous collective methods collected more revenues for the State. But under the Nizam due to slack and corrupt administration the revenue fell rapidly. The weakness of the Nizam was further accentuated by the return of the 'Poligars' to whom new districts were given in addition to their old ones in return for "Nazaranas".

Reviewing all these facts Munro was of the opinion that the revenue of the Ceded districts should amount to about 58 lakhs of rupees which was slightly less than the Kamil which the Muslims had fixed after the downfall of the Vijayanagar Empire. This amount had, however, to be collected from an area which had emerged from a State of lawlessness and disorder..

Munro who had taken charge late in the season of 1800-01 could only conclude in haste a settlement for each village as a whole. This lump assessment for each village was fixed by assembling the headmen and the Karnams and by questioning them as to the value of their own and the adjoining villages. After this was done, each of these officers were made severally responsible for the rent of their own villages and jointly for those of the taluk. This settlement brought in only a little more than half the standard which Munro himself had set up. The next year Munro introduced a detailed ryotwari settlement. Under this system each ryot held his land immediately from the Government under a patta from the Collector which specified the land he occupied and the assessment he had to pay. The assessment which was paid in money, was in theory regulated by the quality of the land, the condition of the cultivator, the value of the supposed gross produce, etc. In practice, however, this could not be equitably assessed due to the fact that the area was neither surveyed nor properly assessed and the share of the cultivator was fixed by first assessing the village in a lump and then apportioning this

total among the various ryots. The result of this settlement was an increase of about 25% on the demand of the previous fasli. But since the gross revenue was greatly below the valuation predicted by Munro, the Board grumbled and said that Munro's plan was one which would not succeed in increasing the income from the country.

In August, 1801 Munro was authorised to survey and settle his charge. The work could be commenced only in 1802 as persons had to be trained to do this work. The survey and settlement work was finished by 1805. A detailed classification of the various types of land was done and the fields were registered by their names and also given numbers. The survey and settlement together costed for the whole of the Ceded districts nearly three lakhs of rupees.

It is of interest to note at this stage that the "Ryotwari Principle" adopted was just the opposite of what it is to-day. "The business was begun" wrote Munro in 1807 "by fixing the sum which was the total revenue of the district. This was usually effected by the Collector in a few days by comparing the collections under the native princes, under the Company's Government from its commencement, the opinions of the most intelligent natives, . . etc. It next remained to determine what share of this sum was to be imposed on each village". Finally the lump assessment so arrived at for the whole village was divided among its various ryots in accordance with the classification already made of the fields which each held. The poorest lands could only bear a very light assessment, and to make up the total due from the village, the rates on the best soils were frequently very high. When once the assessment of each ryot had thus been fixed, the settlement of subsequent years gave much less trouble. For the next seven years the settlement continued to be conducted on the ryotwari principle thus inaugurated. However, from 1804 onwards the desirability of a reversion from a ryotwari to a permanent settlement began to be discussed. The idea was to rent out each village as a whole for three years for a fixed sum per annum to zamindars and other proprietors of land and the renter alone was to be made responsible for the payment of the fixed rent. Munro in an unqualified manner condemned these proposals. He pointed out that there were no zamindars in the Ceded districts and the only persons to whom the villages could be rented out were the ordinary heads of villages who were totally unfit for the job and that this change might lead to the ryots being oppressed by these intermediaries. A settlement direct with the cultivator appeared to him more suited for it did not insist on a fixed rent but was

limited to the actual extent of cultivation, with remissions during unproductive years. This to him was more likely to reclaim them from their wandering habits and fix them to their fields by giving them an interest in their improvement. Munro was also of the opinion that to give the land any saleable value the assessment should not exceed one-third of the gross produce. His own rate took about 45% of it. He, therefore, recommended that all rates should be reduced by 25%. He calculated that the extension of cultivation which would result would rapidly make up for the initial loss of revenue. He also proposed that the ryots should be given complete ownership of the land for which they paid assessment — a right which had neither existed nor claimed up to that time. By these means he hoped to fix the ryots to their several farms as proprietors, instead of keeping them, as hitherto, for ever unsettled, without attachment to their lands, without any wish to improve them, and wandering from one village to another in quest of more favourable terms. In 1807 Munro went home on leave. In 1808 in spite of Munro's previous objections, it was ordered that in all the unsettled districts of the Presidency the villages should be leased out for a term of three years from Fasli 1218, to heads of villages and chief cultivators for a moderate and equitable sum subject to the condition that no reduction in the rental would be made on account of adverse seasons.

The season of Fasli 1218 was so unfavourable in this area that the introduction of the triennial leases was postponed until the next year, when they were brought into force throughout the district and lasted during the next three years. Fearful of being ousted from their positions the headmen of the villages had accepted higher conditions of rent than the extent of the cultivation and the scanty means of their under tenants, actually warranted. Oppression naturally followed and the revenues were collected with great difficulty — cultivation declined and insecurity reigned supreme everywhere. "I believe" said the Collector of Cuddapah, "that few or none have been benefited by their bargain, nearly all have been losers, some have been ruined". The Board, however, felt that the failure was due to the short term lease plus the inefficiency of the Collectors in implementing them and hence recommended that the leases should be granted for longer periods and on easier terms. Hence, a decennial lease, with rent to be fixed for each village by the Collector, remissions for bad seasons, etc., was recommended and accepted by the Government. This change was effected from Fasli 1222 (1812-13). The Collector calculated the rents on the basis of the collections of the seven preceding years (excluding famine sea-

sons) and gave the leases to the headmen in preference to others. Unfortunately the story of the previous years repeated itself resulting in another and a worse failure. Though the first four years had favourable seasons yet very little could be extracted from these leases. Even threats and imprisonment did not deter these defaulters. In the fifth year the rains failed and due to the setting in of famine conditions, the Collector took most of the villages under his own charge and by the end of the year barely half the district remained under the rent system. Munro who had by then returned from leave on being consulted by the Government advised in 1817 that the renters should be encouraged to surrender their leases by promises of remission of all outstanding balances and that the Ryotwari system should be re-established after carrying out the reduction of assessment he had recommended on the eve of his departure from the Ceded districts. It was ordered accordingly and so ended this disastrous experiment. Soon afterwards Munro himself became the Governor and ordered the reduction of assessment to an extent of 25% on dry and 33% on wet land together with the other concessions proposed by him in 1807. But unluckily the concessions that Munro had ordered were almost entirely nullified by the action of the new Collector, A.D. Campbell. Anxious to keep up the revenues of his charge, he directed on his own authority that assessment should also be paid on lands left waste. This was collected during Faslis 1231 and 1232 causing great hardships to Ryots. Munro during his tour of this area in 1823-24 was informed of the hardships being undergone by successive waves of inflicted humanity. He sympathised with the people and accordingly proposed the removal of the Collector — "with great reluctance, because he possessed great zeal and ability and indefatigable industry" — and Mr. Campbell was made a judge.

In spite of what had been done conditions in Anantapur district did not show any appreciable improvement. Famine years followed one another in great frequency leading to conditions of scarcity. Even during the good years the prices tended to fall rapidly pressing heavily upon the ryots. All these factors together with persuasions from Collectors like Robertson, Abel Mellor and Charles Pelly, the Government finally in 1856 further reduced the assessment on land. In the years which immediately followed, the area under cultivation and the revenue received gradually but continuously advanced. Prices also began to rise again, thereby improving the lot of the ryots.

As fate would have it, this track of land was again hit by two terrible famine years of 1866

and 1878. The latter at one stroke reduced cultivation and revenue to figures lower than any which had been known during the twenty preceding years.

At the beginning of 1882 the taluks which now constitute the Anantapur district were formed into a separate Collectorate. Bellary district was separated. In 1884 the re-survey and in 1885 the resettlement of this district was commenced. In 1887 Mr. Cox, Deputy Commissioner of Revenue Settlement submitted a draft settlement scheme. It proposed large increases in the existing assessment and was rejected by Government in October, 1888 on the ground that this district was one of the most backward, most sterile and most subject to drought. The Government, therefore, ordered that a revised scheme should be drawn up. A revised scheme for Gooty and Tadpatri was then prepared by Mr. Cox and was sanctioned by the Government with certain modifications. The settlement of the rest of the district was completed in two stages after the death of Mr. Cox.

The Revenue Administration of the district

is now controlled by the Collector who is aided by a Sub-Collector at Penukonda, a Deputy Collector at Dharmavaram and a Headquarters Deputy Collector.

Anantapur headquarters division comprises of the taluks of Anantapur, Gooty, Tadpatri and the independent sub-taluk of Uravakonda, while the Dharmavaram division comprises of the taluks of Dharmavaram, Kalyandrug and Rayadurg and finally the Sub-Collector, Penukonda, has under his charge the taluks of Penukonda, Madakasira, Hindupur and Kadiri.

The Judiciary was separated from the Executive in this district in 1950 as per the orders of the Government in their G. O. No. 3106, Public (Separation) Department, dated 9-9-1949. Consequently the functions relating to trial of the criminal cases, etc., have been transferred to the Judicial Department. The Revenue Officers now exercise functions under the Criminal Procedure Code with reference to matters relating to the maintenance of Law and Order and keeping of peace, etc.

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- References : 1. Anantapur District Gazetteer, by W. Francis, I. C. S., 1905
2. Collector's Office Records, Anantapur.

CHAPTER III

PEOPLE

Introductory

In this chapter a brief review is made of the demographic, economic and social characteristics of the population as revealed by the 1961 Census count. The detailed Tables in the second part of this Hand Book will give the fuller statistical data.

Population

On 1 March, 1961, the reference date of the Census, 1,767,464 persons were found in the district of Anantapur which means an increase of 19.13% over the 1951 population. There are 239 persons per square mile in the district as against 339 in the State as a whole. The density of the population in the district was only 201 at the 1951 Census. The density of the urban population in the district is 1,823 per square mile as against the corresponding State average figure of 4,340. The urban density figures for the 1951 Census stood at 1,641 for the district and 4,074 for the whole State. Amongst the districts of the State, Anantapur district occupies third rank as regards its area but only the eleventh rank as regards population.

Distribution and Density of Population

Kadiri taluk has the largest number of people (250,976) living in it, closely followed by Anantapur (220,706), Hindupur (182,934) and Gooty (159,706) taluks. Only Uravakonda independent sub-taluk has a population of less than a lakh. Hindupur is the most densely populated with 425 persons per square mile followed by Gooty (331), Madakasira (326), Tadpatri (241), Uravakonda (239), Anantapur (238), Kadiri (217), Rayadrug (210), Penukonda (207), Dharmavaram (188) and Kalyandrug (172) taluks.

Rural and Urban Population

There are 14 towns and 953 (922 inhabited and 31 uninhabited) villages in the district. 82.60% of the total population lives in villages and only 17.40% lives in towns. Anantapur town which is also the district headquarters with a population of 52,280 accounts for 2.96% of the district total population and 16.99% of the district urban population. Anantapur town obviously occupies the first place in the district as

regards population and it is closely followed by Guntakal town (48,083).

Sex Ratio

There are 946 females for every 1,000 males in the district representing the lowest sex ratio for any district in the whole State. In the 1951 Census there were slightly less, i.e., 943 females for every 1,000 males in the district. In the urban areas of the district there are 935 females against 1,000 males while in the rural areas there are 948 females against 1,000 males. It may, therefore, be seen that the shortage of females in the urban areas as can be expected is more pronounced than in rural areas. There may be several reasons contributing to this disparity of sexes. This district like other Rayalseema districts was often subject to famines which might have taken a heavier toll of the females. Early marriages, mortality during the primary confinement and inherent neglect of the infant girls as compared to boys may have also contributed to this disparity.

Age Structure

Able bodied persons of above 15 years and below 55 years constitute 49.92% of the total population, the remaining being accounted for by children and young persons of age below 15 years (41.83%) and old persons of 55 years and above (8.25%). The age distribution of every hundred persons in the population is shown below:—

STATEMENT III-1		
Age-group	Persons	Percentage to total Population
(1)	(2)	(3)
0-4	260,410	14.73
5-9	271,781	15.37
10-14	207,283	11.73
15-24	285,746	16.17
25-34	261,741	14.81
35-44	193,226	10.93
45-54	141,540	8.01
55-64	88,747	5.02
65-69	19,258	1.09
70+	37,593	2.13
Age not stated	139	0.01
Total	1,767,464	100.00

From this Table it is seen that very few people survive to old age due to the rigorous tropical

climate and the hardships that life seem to offer in Anantapur district.

Marital Status

As elsewhere in the country, marriage is universal. Out of the total number of 1,027,990 persons above 15 years, 859,649 have been found to be married (83.62%) and this number includes 144,415 widows and 9,398 divorced or separated persons. The marital status of three persons is unspecified. 168,338 persons comprising 16.38% of this age-group (15+) were found to be unmarried. 71.07% of males and 93.44% of females comprise the married persons in this age-group. Out of the total number of 739,474 persons below 15 years of age, 7,901 were found married out of which 6,965 were females. Amongst these married persons (2 males and 38 females) were found to be widowed and (7 males and 16 females) were found to be divorced. These figures of marital status of children below fifteen years of age throws a strange light. Very few boys as compared to girls seem to get married in this age-group. The only inference that can be derived from this is that young girls are married off to older men, though such marriages are very few compared to the total number of marriages. Another strange phenomenon is revealed from the study of tables on matrimonial status of the population of Anantapur district. As per the 1961 Census there is a shortage of 49,044 women as compared to the total number of men in the district. In spite of this shortage of women it is seen that the total number of women married (360,134) is more than the total number of married men (353,540). The percentage of unmarried men to the total male population of above 15 years is 28.93%. This trend clearly indicates that some men are married to more than one woman leading to a further scarcity of marriageable females. This is a problem which is bound to make an interesting subject for sociological study.

Literacy and Education

20.61 Persons out of every hundred in the population of the district are literate against the corresponding figure of 21.19% for the State as a whole. The low percentage of literacy in the district is on account of large number of backward taluks in the district. The incidence of illiteracy among females is very heavy. As many as 91.09% of females are illiterate. 31.67% of males claim literacy.

The following table will illustrate the literacy in the district according to the different age-groups.

STATEMENT III-2

Age-Group	Persons			Males			Females		
	Total	Rural	Urban	Total	Rural	Urban	Total	Rural	Urban
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)
All Ages	20.61	16.44	40.41	31.67	26.86	54.36	8.91	5.44	25.50
0-4	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
5-9	2.89	2.31	5.61	3.79	3.25	6.32	1.94	1.33	4.86
10-14	3.90	3.07	7.86	5.60	4.74	9.69	2.10	1.31	5.90
15-19	2.39	1.81	5.15	3.51	2.85	6.62	1.20	0.71	3.57
20-24	2.33	1.82	4.78	3.53	2.95	6.29	1.06	0.62	3.15
25-29	2.03	1.63	3.97	3.18	2.72	5.32	0.83	0.47	2.53
30-34	1.68	1.33	3.36	2.72	2.28	4.84	0.58	0.32	1.78
35-44	2.56	2.08	4.81	4.33	3.68	7.36	0.69	0.39	2.09
45-59	1.97	1.67	3.36	3.46	3.05	5.40	0.38	0.22	1.18
60+	0.86	0.72	1.51	1.55	1.34	2.52	0.13	0.07	0.44
Age not stated	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N

(N: Negligible.)

The following table gives particulars of full time students for the whole district as well as for the rural areas of each of the taluks in the district. These particulars of full time students do not include such of those who are also doing part time work.

STATEMENT III-3

District/Taluk			General Population		Full time students	
			Males	Females	Males	Females
(1)			(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)
ANANTAPUR DISTRICT	T	0-14	372,976	366,498	91,407	34,436
	R	15-34	275,993	271,494	12,439	2,031
	R	0-14	306,418	303,176	62,065	20,042
	R	15-34	224,620	222,691	5,094	753
	U	0-14	66,558	63,322	29,342	14,394
	U	15-34	51,373	48,803	7,345	1,278
1 Anantapur taluk	R	0-14	35,745	35,162	6,766	2,225
	R	15-34	26,713	26,495	1,093	32
2 Kalyandrug taluk	R	0-14	27,225	27,168	6,021	2,057
	R	15-34	20,263	19,509	362	14
3 Rayadurg taluk	R	0-14	24,752	24,826	4,459	1,303
	R	15-34	18,010	18,230	216	12
4 Uravakonda Ind. Sub-taluk	R	0-14	17,491	16,911	3,684	1,197
	R	15-34	11,953	12,055	414	5
5 Gooty taluk	R	0-14	18,506	17,858	2,986	730
	R	15-34	12,687	13,022	331	10
6 Tadpatri taluk	R	0-14	25,084	24,819	5,304	1,503
	R	15-34	19,233	18,656	453	20
7 Dharmavaram taluk	R	0-14	24,666	25,162	4,477	1,818
	R	15-34	17,831	17,164	259	264
8 Kadiri taluk	R	0-14	47,202	46,189	8,612	3,203
	R	15-34	35,993	35,801	400	16
9 Penukonda taluk	R	0-14	28,136	27,915	6,055	1,920
	R	15-34	19,751	19,863	461	9
10 Hindupur taluk	R	0-14	31,603	31,205	7,266	2,289
	R	15-34	23,643	23,141	665	11
11 Madakasira taluk	R	0-14	26,008	25,961	6,435	1,797
	R	15-34	18,543	18,758	440	360

Working Population

Persons engaged in productive work whether they derive income or not have been treated as Workers in the 1961 Census. In respect of seasonal work like Cultivation, Livestock, Household Industry, etc., if the person had some regular work for more than one hour a day throughout the greater part of the working season, he has been recorded as a Worker. Persons

temporarily incapacitated, undertrial prisoners, if they had been working before have also been treated as Workers. Those that were treated as "Non-Workers" were students, housewives, dependants, persons permanently disabled from work, retired persons, people of independent means for which they need not work, beggars, convicts in jail, unemployed persons, etc.

From the above classification of 'Workers' and 'Non-Workers', it may be seen that the definition of a 'Worker' has been liberally conceived. Any one who generally spends more than an hour per day on any particular productive occupation has been considered a Worker. In spite of this liberal concept it is surprising that only 50.96% of the total population indulge in some form or other of productive work. This obviously leads us to the next inference that a good number of the balance of 49.04% of the total population depend on the rest for their sustenance. There are a few among the non-workers like the retired, rent receivers, etc., who will be having an income of their own.

There are 739,474 persons between ages of 0-14 years representing 41.83% of the total population. The recent trend has been to regard this age-group as the population of school going age. With the introduction of compulsory edu-

cation this age-group will henceforth be automatically eliminated from the working population. In the Census of 1961 it is seen that 89,008 persons of this age-group belonged to the working population. That is 12.04% of the non-adults constituted the earning members of the population.

The figures of the district indicate that the working women are not in keeping with their numbers. Only 41.39% of females come under the inference of 'Workers'. The only field in which women seem to out-number the men is 'Agricultural labour'. There are 133,240 females as compared to 103,539 males working as agricultural labour. Women are also considered to be more suited to this type of work. These figures also suggest that women are not unwilling to do productive work whenever opportunities are available. It is only the lack of opportunities to women that has converted them into mere 'Un-productive' whole time housewives and mothers.

Persons engaged in Agriculture (cultivation) and Agricultural labour as their main work constitute 75.47% of the total working population. The following table based on 20% of Sample of Household Schedules gives the figures of sample households engaged in cultivation classified by interest in land and size of land cultivated in total, rural and urban areas separately.

STATEMENT III-4

SAMPLE HOUSEHOLDS ENGAGED IN CULTIVATION CLASSIFIED BY INTEREST IN LAND AND SIZE OF LAND CULTIVATED
(Based on 20% Sample)

Interest in land cultivated (1)	No. of culti- vating House- holds (2)	Households engaged in cultivation by size of land in acres										
		Less than 1 (3)	1.0- 2.4 (4)	2.5- 4.9 (5)	5.0- 7.4 (6)	7.5- 9.9 (7)	10.0- 12.4 (8)	12.5- 14.9 (9)	15.0- 29.9 (10)	30.0- 49.9 (11)	50+ (12)	Unspeci- fied (13)
TOTAL												
Total	39,359	1,535	5,432	6,877	7,323	2,958	4,046	1,212	5,882	2,439	1,640	15
Owned or held from Government	32,551	1,347	4,491	5,616	6,111	2,333	3,434	952	4,826	2,000	1,428	13
Held from private persons or institutions for payment in money, kind or share	1,699	151	593	347	212	54	136	24	129	35	16	2
Partly held from Government and partly from private per- sons for payment in money, kind or share	5,109	37	348	914	1,000	571	476	236	927	404	196	...
RURAL												
Total	37,755	1,431	5,096	6,589	7,072	2,856	3,894	1,175	5,683	2,367	1,578	14
Owned or held from Government	31,259	1,264	4,217	5,382	5,912	2,256	3,302	926	4,668	1,947	1,373	12
Held from private persons or institutions for payment in money, kind or share	1,561	130	543	322	198	49	125	24	120	33	15	2
Partly held from Government and partly from private per- sons for payment in money, kind or share	4,935	37	336	885	962	551	467	225	895	387	190	...
URBAN												
Total	1,604	104	336	288	251	102	152	37	199	72	62	1
Owned or held from Government	1,292	83	274	234	199	77	132	26	158	53	55	1
Held from private persons or institutions for payment in money, kind or share	138	21	50	25	14	5	11	...	9	2	1	...
Partly held from Government and partly from private per- sons for payment in money, kind or share	174	...	12	29	38	20	9	11	32	17	6	...

Non-agricultural occupations provide employment to 24.53% of the total working population. The following table illustrates the broad categories of workers other than in cultivation and agricultural labour and the number of persons in each with their percentage to the total working population.

	Total Persons	Percentage to total working population
Mining and Quarrying (III)	24,406	2.71
Household Industry (IV)	74,709	8.30
In Manufacturing other than Household Industry (V)	9,051	1.01
Construction (VI)	12,003	1.33
Trade and Commerce (VII)	32,184	3.57
Transport (VIII)	11,640	1.29
Other Services (IX)	56,915	6.32

Medical facilities are grossly inadequate for the population of the district. As seen from the Census Occupational returns, there are only 92 practitioners of modern Medicine of whom only 14 are women. This means that there is one Doctor for 19,212 people and one Lady Doctor for 61,372 women. Further, there are only nine Dentists, 93 Nurses and 205 Midwives and Health Visitors. There are about 595 persons who practise the Ayurvedic and Homeopathic systems of Medicine. There are also 70 persons who profess to be Physicians and have been classified under 'Other Physicians'. These are the unqualified persons who due to experience have created confidence in their medical or supernatural abilities among the people to cure all forms of diseases. These exploiters of human misery due to the lack of qualified medical men, have spread their influence amongst the ignorant country folk. They can only be eliminated if the qualified young men are willing to flock to the villages and serve the 'Poorer India'.

There are 391 Architects, Engineers and Surveyors in this district. Of these 172 are Civil Engineers, 9 Mechanical Engineers, 54 Electrical Engineers, one Chemical Engineer, 84 Surveyors and 71 others who have not been elsewhere classified.

On the educational side there are 123 University Teachers, 882 Secondary School Teachers, 3,025 Middle and Primary School Teachers, 53 Nursery and Kindergarten School Teachers and 1,465 Teachers who have not been elsewhere classified.

On the juristic side there are 21 Judges and Magistrates, 240 Legal Practitioners and Advisers and 261 Jurists.

On the communications side there are 794

Railway Engine Drivers and Firemen. There are 1,064 Motor Vehicle and Motor Cycle Drivers, 14 Rickshaw Drivers and Rickshaw pullers and 1,395 Animal drawn Vehicle Drivers.

The fifth Table in the 'B' series gives full details regarding the people of various occupations among the working population, available in the district classified by sex of persons. All these occupations have been classified according to the National Classification of Occupations. It provides an interesting field of study to the discriminating reader and will help to assess the requirements and the availability of resources and talent.

Housing

Shelter to a man is as essential as food and clothing. But unfortunately it is not an uncommon sight to find half-naked people sleeping on pavements and other unsheltered places braving rigours of pouring rains and freezing winters. Housing as a means to a more human existence has, therefore, become a very vital problem especially in the context of a rapidly growing population.

Prospect of finding employment in the urban areas together with increasing pressure on land has, during the last decade, led to large scale migrations from the rural to the urban areas. Slums and unhealthy localities have sprung up everywhere leading to unimaginable sub-human living conditions.

With a view to remedying the situation and for collecting the more important statistics required for planning Housing programmes, the Government of India suggested that the National Building Organisation under the Ministry of Works, Housing and Supply should arrange to collect all the basic data on housing required by the Planning Commission, in collaboration with the Registrar General, India, during 1961 population Census. Accordingly an attempt was made during the 1961 Census for the first time in the Indian Census History to collect uniformly throughout the country more comprehensive data on Housing to meet the needs of the National Building Organisation. This data on Housing does not merely confine itself to residential housing but brings under its fold places of business, workshops, schools, restaurants, places of entertainment, hospitals, etc. From the information so gathered it has now become possible to assess not only residential housing requirements but also the adequacy or otherwise of the requirements of Industry, Commerce, Education, Public Health Institutions, etc.

In Anantapur district as anywhere else houses used wholly or partly for dwelling purposes form the largest proportion of the Census Houses. 315,155 houses out of a total of 412,938 are used wholly as dwellings, and 3,035 houses as shop-cum-dwellings. Some of the part dwellings like laundry-cum-dwellings, barber's saloon-cum-dwellings though small in number have been included under the category of 'others'. If these houses are also taken into account the proportion of the houses used wholly or partly as dwellings will be slightly higher.

It is seen that the proportion of dwellings to population in the rural areas is more than in the urban areas. Thus for a rural population of 1,459,837 persons there are 263,244 dwellings, while for an urban population of 307,627 there are only 51,911 dwellings. This means in the urban areas there are only 169 houses, for every thousand population and in the rural areas 180 houses accommodate every thousand persons. It is obvious from these figures that there is over crowding in residential housing. Thus proportionate increase in residential accommodation has not kept pace with the growing needs of a fast developing population.

The proportion of Census Houses used as shop-cum-dwellings is very small and is only 7 per thousand houses in the district.

Workshop-cum-dwellings are more numerous than shop-cum-dwellings in the district. But their proportion among the total houses is however, not high being only 11 per thousand houses in the district. This seems to indicate the lack of separate workshop facilities in this area or even suggest the lack of demand for any such services. This also illustrates the rather backwardness of the district in the use of machines and other mechanical implements. This backwardness is more pronounced in the rural areas, for, 3,595 out of 4,364 workshop-cum-dwellings are located in the urban areas of the district.

Hotels, Hostels, Dharmasalas, etc., account for 0.2% of the total number of Census Houses in the district and this percentage is higher than the State percentage of 0.14% for this category. The proportion is higher in the rural than in the urban areas, and this is also very much unlike the other districts. This may be attributable to a large number of choultries in this district which abound in history.

Shops excluding eating houses are less than 10 per 1,000 in the district and this figure is less than the State average of 1.3%. The urban proportion as everywhere else in the State is considerably higher than the rural proportion. The

small number of shops in the district clearly indicates the comparative commercial unimportance of this district.

The proportion of business houses and offices to the total Census Houses is very very small in the district, i.e., 1,136 out of a total number of 412,938 houses. The number of houses of this category in the urban areas is only slightly more than in the rural areas unlike in other districts where the proportion of the business houses and offices is markedly higher in the urban areas than in the rural areas.

There are 2,196 Census Houses in the district which are used as factories and workshops — 989 in the rural areas and 1,207 in the urban areas. There are five factories and workshops per every thousand houses in the district. The proportion is higher in the urban areas of the district than in the rural areas. The only obvious inference that can be drawn for this data is that the place is far from industrialised and offers hardly any scope for industrial employment.

There are 1,604 Census Houses in the district which are used as Schools and other educational institutions. Of these, 1,263 are in the rural areas and 341 in the urban areas. For every 1,000 houses there are 4 houses under this category in the district. This district like the West Godavari district has high proportion of such houses in the State. In the rural areas the proportion is higher than the corresponding proportion in the urban areas. There is one school for every 1,156 persons in rural areas while it is one for 902 in the urban areas of this district.

The proportion of Restaurants, Sweetmeat Shops and Eating places to the total number of Census Houses is very small for the district being only 534 out of a total 412,938 Census Houses. Out of this number 300 are in the urban areas. In the rural areas there is not even one restaurant or eating place per 1,000 houses.

Places of entertainment, recreation, etc., including temples, mosques and churches constitute 7,591 houses, 6,845 in the rural and 746 in the urban areas. The higher proportion in the rural areas is naturally due to the larger number of places of worship as well as the existence of the village chavadis and pials in almost all the villages.

There are 258 Census Houses used as Hospitals, Public Health Institutions, Dispensaries, Clinics, etc., in the district. Of these 122 are in the rural areas and 136 in the urban areas. The proportion to population, therefore, in the

urban areas is much higher. It is a well known fact that medical and public health facilities are grossly inadequate in our country and hence no further comment is considered necessary on the existing state of affairs.

As explained earlier, the category of 'others' includes houses put to miscellaneous uses like 'cattle-sheds', 'garages', etc. Consequently no distinct pattern is discernible in this category of houses in the rural and urban areas of the district. However, the proportion of houses in this category is less in the urban areas than in the rural areas.

Scheduled Castes and Scheduled Tribes

The total Scheduled Castes population of Anantapur district is 236,285 persons representing 13.37% of the total population. The Scheduled Tribes population stands at 48,500 persons representing 2.74% of the total population. The highest concentration of Scheduled Castes is found in the Madakasira taluk representing 19.88% of the general population of that taluk. Kalyandrug taluk is (16.30%) followed by Dharmavaram taluk (14.02%), Rayadrug taluk (13.42%), Hindupur taluk (13.32%), Penukonda taluk (13.27%), Anantapur taluk (13.12%), Gooty taluk (12.95%), Tadpatri taluk (12.93%), Uravakonda independent sub-taluk (12.25%), and Kadiri taluk (9.09%). The percentage of the Scheduled Castes (13.37%) in the district is less than the State average of 14.88%. As regards Scheduled Tribes the district average is only 2.74% which is much less compared to the State average of 4.27%. The Scheduled Tribes population is quite negligible, while the Scheduled Castes population although less than the State average, is quite large considering the numbers that it represents.

Of the total population of Scheduled Castes 121,038 are males and 115,247 are females and this shortage of females is not different from the characteristics of the general population of the district. There is a shortage of 48 females for every thousand males. General standard of literacy is quite low and more so among the females. Only 2,220 females (1.93%) and 14,672 males (12.12%) are literates.

135,444 persons are Workers representing 57.32% of the total Scheduled Castes population. 75,487 of men and 59,957 of women come under this category. Their major occupation is Agricultural Labour and as usual women outnumber the men in this field. Very few have taken to Manufacture, Construction, Trade and Commerce and Transport and Communications. This seems to be due to the lack of appropriate

training and orientation. There are very few persons who have reached even the Matriculation or the Higher Secondary stage. The actual figure for this stage is 498 males and 48 females representing 0.41% and 0.04% of their respective numbers. There are only twelve non-technical graduates and 2 technical graduates. These figures by themselves aptly illustrate the need for the upliftment of these communities through more advanced education and technical training. It is also seen that though there are more number of Workers, than the district percentage among these communities, yet the sort of work that is being done is only of the lowest category. From this it becomes obvious that their economic and social standards are also very low.

The following table shows the population particulars of the various Scheduled Castes enumerated in Anantapur district at the 1961 Census.

STATEMENT III-5

Name of Scheduled Castes	Rural	Urban	Total
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)
All Scheduled Castes	213,833	22,452	236,285
Adi Andhra	23,184	3,408	26,592
Adi Dravida	47	125	172
Arundhatiya . . . .	...	3	3
Bariki	532	37	569
Chalavadi	754	46	800
Chamar, Mochi or Muchi	17	359	376
Dom, Dombara	192	16	208
Jaggali	10	...	10
Jambuvulu	70	45	115
Madasikuruva or Madarikuruva	3	27	30
Madiga	156,093	13,601	169,694
Madigadasu and Mashteen	171	7	178
Mala	31,625	4,318	35,943
Maladasu	1,004	220	1,224
Mundala . . . .	...	12	12
Matangi	104	...	104
Thoti	23	3	26
Scheduled Castes not specified	4	225	229

The Scheduled Tribes population of the district is only 48,500. Their economic and social condition is no better than those of the Scheduled Castes. Their educational achievements are hardly worth mentioning. Most of them work as Agricultural Labourers and a few work in Household Industry, Mining, Quarrying, etc.

The following table illustrates the population particulars of the various Scheduled Tribes enumerated in Anantapur district in the 1961 Census.

STATEMENT III-6

Name of Scheduled Tribes	Rural	Urban	Total
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)
All scheduled Tribes	46,933	1,567	48,500
Chenchu	8	...	8
Koya	18	...	18
Reddi Dhoras . . . .	...	2	2
Sugalis (Lambadis)	33,625	382	34,007
Yenadis	359	1	360
Yerukuas	12,923	1,144	14,067
Scheduled Tribes not specified	...	38	38

Social and Religious Groups

Hindus and Muslims form the bulk of population. Between them they constitute 99.18 per cent of the people, the Hindus being 1,569,511

(88.80%) and Muslims 183,555 (10.38%). These two major religious groups are followed by the Christians (0.75%) and the Jains (0.06%). There are a few Sikhs and eleven Budhists also living in the district.

CHAPTER IV

IRRIGATION

Major and Medium Irrigation Projects

Upper-Pennar Project : River Pennar rises in Chintamani Hills, north-west of Nandidrug in Kolar district of Mysore State and enters Anantapur district in the extreme south of Hindupur taluk. The largest tributaries of Pennar upto Perur are the Kumudavathi and the Jayamangali, joining the river near Hindupur and Utukur respectively. Pennar is not a perennial river but comes down in freshes for short periods and dries up soon afterwards. The catchment basin of Pennar upto Perur is 2,025 square miles. The average rainfall in the basin is only about 20 inches to 22 inches. The three taluks of Kalyandrug, Dharmavaram and Anantapur are very often subject to famine conditions. River Pennar flows through this area carrying large quantities of flood waters for short periods without the people of the region being able to derive any appreciable benefits. Since this area requires large irrigation works to permanently remove it from the clutches of famine, it was decided to harness the flood waters of this river by throwing a dam across it just above Perur village in the Dharmavaram taluk.

The project works consists of (i) construction of a glaciis type of regulator across river Pennar with 8 main vents of size 40 ft. \times 15 ft. and two scour vents of 16 ft. \times 10 ft. with earthen bunds and two head sluices on either flanks. On the left side a distributory has been excavated to benefit areas in Dharmavaram and Kalyandrug taluks. This is known as the Chennampalle distributory and is 3 m 4 f 505 ft. in length. It feeds an ayacut of 594 acres. On the right side the main canal commences in continuation of the right head sluices with three distributories and ten direct pipe sluices. The length of the main canal is 15 m 2 f 220 ft. and during its run it feeds an ayacut of 1,470 acres through ten direct pipe sluices and 1,606 acres through its three distributories the Konetinyanipalem, the Maddula Cheruvu and the Bhanukota.

The waters of the main canal after flowing over the length mentioned above pass into the Anantapur valley through a steep natural drain known as the Thogarakunta vanka. After flowing for about three miles in this vanka the waters are again picked up by an anicut named as the "Thogarakunta anicut". On the left side of this anicut takes off a distributory the length

of which is 1 m 7 f 68 ft. with a discharging capacity of 16.67 cusecs capable of feeding an ayacut of 1,130 acres. Another distributory known as the Gandlaparti distributory I, 3 m 6 f in length having a discharging capacity of 72 cusecs takes off on the right side of the anicut and is capable of feeding an ayacut of 1,550 acres. There is also a proposal to supply 100 cusecs of water to Dharmavaram tank from the Upper Pennar Project.

The waters of the Gandlaparti distributory I, after flowing for some distance falls into another natural drain called the Jallipalle Vanka. After flowing for about four miles the waters are again picked up by an anicut known as the Palacherla anicut. The waters which are allowed to overflow at this anicut join another natural drain called Pandameru leading to Anantapur tank after flowing for 14 miles along the natural vanka course. At this anicut on the right side takes off a distributory, known as the Gundlaparthi distributory II reach. This distributory flows for a length of 5 m 7 f 550 ft. carrying a discharge of 44.16 cusecs, capable of feeding an ayacut of 3,364 acres.

One of the special features of this project is that during the flood season water is supplied through its main canals to the following six tanks in the district (i) Perur small tank, (ii) Konetinyanipalem tank, (iii) Nuthimadugu tank, (iv) Thogarakunta tank, (v) Thumacherla tank and (vi) Anantapur tank.

Pennar-Kumudavathi Project : Hindupur taluk has several irrigation tanks which due to various factors, mostly natural, have not been able to get their full supply of water for irrigating the whole of their registered ayacuts. Failure of rains and consequent famine threats accelerated an irrigation project which was long over due on the river Pennar in this area to augment the resources of these irrigation tanks. An anicut has, therefore, been constructed on the Pennar river half a mile below the junction of the Pennar and Kumudavathi rivers about 2½ miles south-west of Hindupur town. This scheme which is primarily meant to assure water supplies to the ayacut under seven tanks was taken up in October, 1950 and completed during March, 1953.

An anicut 437 ft. in length has been constructed to discharge the calculated maximum flood

of 25,695 cusecs with a head of six feet over the crest. Two scouring vents of size 7 ft. 6 inches \times 6 ft. 0 inches on the right and four similar vents of size 7 ft. 6 inches \times 6 ft. 0 inches on the left have been constructed with screw-gearing arrangements. Provision has been made for two head sluices, one on the right with three vents of size 4 ft. 3 inches \times 4 ft. 6 inches and the other on the left with six vents of size 6 ft 0 inches \times 5 ft. 0 inches. These head sluices have been designed to discharge 814 cusecs into the left side channel and 367 cusecs into the right side channel.

The left side supply channel supplies water to Kodigenahally tank, the Subbarayanipalle tank and the Sasankota tank thereby benefiting a total ayacut of 4,341 acres. The right side supply channel which has been designed to take a discharge of 367 cusecs feeds the Kothur tank, the Kottakunta tank, and the Utakur tank, thereby covering an ayacut of 3,527 acres.

Chennarayaswamygudi Project : This is a project over Papaghni river in Kadiri taluk. This river rises in the Nandi Hills of Siddalgatta taluk of Mysore State, and after flowing for 135 miles joins the river Pennar near Adinimayapalle in Cuddapah district.

The Project is located below the confluence of Vandamaneru near Chennarayaswamygudi in Kadiri taluk. The main dam consists of earthen bunds with hearting and casing sections on either flank with a regulator in the river bed consisting of three main vents of 40 ft. \times 15 ft. each and two scour vents of 12 ft. \times 5 ft. each. On either side of the regulator, i.e., on the left flank and the right flank are constructed one head sluice with discharging capacity of 15.00 cusecs and 7.50 cusecs respectively.

The left side channel runs for a length of 3 miles 6 furlongs with a carrying capacity of 15.00 cusecs at the head and two cusecs at the tail. It feeds an existing ayacut of 280 acres and a new ayacut of 470 acres. Along the length of the channel are constructed 9 cross masonry and cross drainage works.

The right side channel runs for a length of 2 miles 440 ft. with a carrying capacity of 7.5 cusecs at the head feeding an existing ayacut of 137 acres and a new ayacut of 238 acres. One cross drainage work has been constructed along this channel.

Bhyravanithippa Project : Preliminary investigations for the construction of an anicut across River Hagari had been conducted and completed

as long back as 1926. But for some reason or the other the proposed anicut was not executed and it was finally abandoned. However, investigations for a reservoir across Hagari were conducted and finalised by 30-1-1949. After obtaining both the administrative and technical sanctions, the execution of the project was commenced on 2-12-1954.

This project consists of a reservoir across River Hagari near Bhyravanithippa village in Kalyandrug taluk. The dam is an earthen bund in the deep bed portion and a regulator on the left flank to dispose off the surplus waters during floods. The project which is costing Rs. 142 lakhs, will bring about 12,000 acres, under irrigation after completion. So far an area of about 7,564 acres has been benefited.

The following is the list of tanks maintained by the Public Works Department in the district of Anantapur together with the registered ayacuts under each.

STATEMENT IV-1

Name of tank (1)	Registered ayacut in acres (2)
ANANTAPUR TALUK	
Anantapur tank	2,511
Aravakur tank and supply channels	269
Singanamala tank	2,524
Sa'akamcheruvu	292
Marur Cherlopalle tank	202
Maruru Chapatla Vijaya Bukkaraya tank	240
Danappa tank (Dwappa cheruvu)	203
Kandukur tank	203
Rapthadu supply channel and tank	301
Brahmanayaleru tank and supply channel	506
Madigubba tank	381
Yerraguntla tank	236
KALYANDRUG TALUK	
Palavoykasaba tank	262
Kambadur tank	963
Brahmasamudram tank	208
Yaradikera Kodihalli large tank	840
Settur tank	311
Mulakaledu tank	605
Malayanur tank	519
Pilligundla tank	200
RAYADRUG TALUK	
Veparalla tank	293
Bhupasamudram tank	311
Kamkallu tank	2,227
Kolegal tank	275
Kothapalle Krishnareddy tank	351
Dodaghatta tank	242
Rangasamudram tank	614
Sridharaghatta tank	260
GOOTY TALUK	
Ramigiri tank	283
Yerrathimmaraju cheruvu	903
Pathakothacheruvu	446
Gooty tank	1,037
Appecherla tank	204

Name of tank (1)	Registered ayacut in acres (2)	Name of tank (1)	Registered ayacut in acres (2)
TADPATRI TALUK		HINDUPUR TALUK—concl'd.	
Ravalcheruvu	647	Hindupur small tank or Chodappa kunta	235
Bhogasamudram tank	442	Kirikera tank	282
Yellanur tank	N.A.	Beerinahalli tank	268
DHARMAVARAM TALUK		Santha Bidnur tank	466
Ravulacheruvu	491	Chowlur tank	255
Dharmavaram tank	1,922	Moda tank	346
Kannurukkalayeru tank and supply channel	208	Kodigenahalli tank	227
Medapuram Chikkavadayaru tank	258	Parigi tank and supply channel	2,351
Nagasamudram Chikkavadayaru tank	372	Kotipi Agraharam tank	693
Nyamaddala tank and supply channel	209	Pulamathi Agraharam tank	666
Gotlur tank	642	MADAKASIRA TALUK	
Kuntimaddi Janardanudi tank	479	Kodigenahalli tank	227
Mustikovila Kingashi tank	303	Kallumarri tank	338
Kattakindipalle tank	202	Manur tank	371
Apparajucheruvu	375	Haresamudram tank	362
Maravapalle Agraharam tank	299	Yerrabommanahalli tank	279
Perur large tank	278	Madakasira tank	622
KADIRI TALUK		Devaracheruvu	220
Kokkanti tank	389	Peddichetticheruvu	220
Venkamaddicheruvu	312	Virupasamudram or Valasa tank	296
Patnam Ranganayanicheruvu and supply channel	498	Tamadehalli tank	259
Kadiri Dwaracheruvu	308	Amarapuram tank	931
Panthulacheruvu	287	Halukur Dodagatta tank	243
Muthyalacheruvu	255	Nidragatta tank	307
Obuladevaracheruvu	257	Henjurappa tank	290
PENUKONDA TALUK		Hemakunta tank	931
Somayajulapalle tank	339	Sivaram tank	734
Vengalamacheruvu	249	Horbugallu tank	696
Bukkapatnam tank	3,173	Inagalur tank	517
Virupanna tank	238	Madhudi tank and supply channel	345
Locherla tank	286	Khemgamahalli tank	303
Munimadugu Kasaba tank	249	Agali tank and supply channel	884
Kotlapalli tank (Devi Reddy tank)	114	N. A. Not ascertainable	
Eerramanchicheruvu and supply channel	239	Minor Irrigation Projects	
Penukonda Muthyalacheruvu	437	There are 2,667 Minor Irrigation sources in the district of which 2,571 are in ryotwari areas and 96 in areas taken over by the Government. The allotment and expenditure under maintenance and repairs of the Minor Irrigation sources during the First Plan period is furnished below:—	
Gutlur tank	232		
Cholemarri tank	447		
Nagalur tank	412		
Somavadapalle tank	273		
Chalakur Kasala tank	206		
Mawdepalle tank	203		
Kalipi tank	337		
Cherukur Kasabacheruvu	263		
Roddam chinnacheruvu	445		
Mulakalacheruvu	323		
Roddam peddacheruvu	679		
Kogira tank	221		
Challapalle peddacheruvu	207		
HINDUPUR TALUK			
Gorantla tank	222		
Puleru Kasaba tank	205		
Budjili tank	404		
Chilamathur tank and supply channel	318		
Pekkala tank	219		
Utakur tank and supply channel	1,179		
Singanapalle Kasaba tank	30		
Chalivendalacheruvu	268		
Malugur tank	614		
Kondur Kasaba tank	220		
Kaggallu tank	286		
Kotnur tank and supply channel	1,530		
Kallur tank	442		
Lepakshi big tank	589		
Kurushrapalle tank	Nil		
Leakshi small tank or Devareddypalle tank	325		
Kanchisamudram Reddy Cheruvu	390		
Kanchisamudramchinnacheruvu	227		
Obulapuram tank	214		
Kodihalli or Cholasamudram tank	320		
Sirivaram tank	285		
Sreekantapuram tank	305		
Hindupur peddacheruvu or sugar tank and supply channel	1,192		

Minor Irrigation Projects

There are 2,667 Minor Irrigation sources in the district of which 2,571 are in ryotwari areas and 96 in areas taken over by the Government. The allotment and expenditure under maintenance and repairs of the Minor Irrigation sources during the First Plan period is furnished below:—

STATEMENT IV-2

Year	Allotment (in Rs.) (2)	Expenditure (in Rs.) (3)
1951-52	1,72,130	1,70,550
1952-53	2,85,000	2,41,783
1953-54	2,16,550	2,06,160*
1954-55	2,45,500	2,45,423
1955-56	1,63,600	1,66,887
Total	10,82,780	10,30,803

* Average figures furnished for 1953-54, for want of actuals.

During the Second Plan period the year-wise allotment and expenditure on the upkeep and maintenance of Minor Irrigation sources is furnished below:—

STATEMENT IV-3

Year	Allotment (in Rs.) (2)	Expenditure (in Rs.) (3)
1956-57	1,40,000	1,23,033
1957-58	1,23,200	1,23,314
1958-59	1,49,000	1,49,024
1959-60	1,42,000	1,42,000
1960-61	1,50,000	1,50,785
Total	7,04,200	6,88,156

During the Second Plan period, i.e., from 1958-59, Government sanctioned certain additional Minor Irrigation Schemes with a view to step up the progress under the Minor Irrigation and to renovate old sources which are in a state of abandonment for one reason or the other. The schemes were executed by the Assistant Engineer (Minor Irrigation), Anantapur. During the years 1958-59 to 1960-61 as many as 114 works were taken up for execution of which 25 works were completed. Upto the end of the Second Plan period a sum of Rs. 2,120 lakhs was spent on these works. Additional ayacut developed as a result of these Minor Irrigation Schemes has been estimated as 300 acres.

These Minor Irrigation Sources were from a very long time under the control of the Revenue Department. The State Government in the implementation of its policy of democratisation of administration decided to transfer the control of the Minor Irrigation works from the Revenue Department to the Zilla Parishad in G.O.Ms. No. 1136/60, Local Administration Department, dated 17-8-1960. The Minor Irrigation sources in the district were, therefore, transferred to the Zilla Parishad with effect from 1-4-1961. Out of the total number of 2,667 Minor Irrigation sources 36 were transferred to the P.W.D. and the rest to the Zilla Parishad. The latter has an Executive Engineer on its staff to attend to the proper maintenance, etc., of these sources.

References : 1 The Andhra Pradesh State Administration Report 1961-62—Vol. I

2 Report of the Executive Engineer, P.W.D., dated 4-4-63

3 Report of the Secretary, Zilla Parishad, Anantapur, dated 10-4-63

CHAPTER V

AGRICULTURE

The Rayalaseema region in which lies the district of Anantapur is a typical dry tract of Andhra Pradesh situated in an unfavourable natural zone and has been declared as the famine zone of south India. The average rainfall for the whole district is 22-40 inches which can be said to be hardly conducive to agricultural operations. Not only is the rainfall meagre but the fluctuations are wide from year to year and experience has shown that only too frequently the rainfall is not only deficit but also out of season. The sub-soil water level is also very deep and hence the chances of tapping sweet water springs in the black cotton soil areas are slender. Above all the entire land is mostly undulating and soil erosion is, therefore, common.

The interesting feature of this dry tract in spite of such adverse conditions, is its extreme dependence on nature with all its vagaries. The rainfall is both insufficient and irregular. The drought conditions and famines have shown a cyclical trend for the last few decades and there is only one good and normal crop in every three years. The cropping pattern is naturally adjust-

ed to these conditions. The tendency of the cultivator is to keep the area under food and fodder crops adequate enough to meet the requirement of the family and farm labour and to grow cash crops like cotton, groundnut and chillies in the rest of the area. As production depends mostly on nature, the imports are kept at a minimum to avoid the risk of failure and also because the farmers lack the capacity to take risk. Due to fodder scarcity the number of cattle has to be small. There is also no protection against soil erosion. Every year the upper layer of the soil is washed away with all its nutrients, particularly in black cotton soils which have no resistance against erosion. Bunding operations have, therefore, to be carried out on a large scale because individual operations will not bring any return.

The land utilisation pattern in this district has been given under the Chapter I "General Features" and it may be referred to.

The following are the average monthly rainfall particulars from 1951 to 1960 in this district:—

STATEMENT V-1
AVERAGE MONTHLY RAINFALL
(in millimetres)

Year	January	February	March	April	May	June	July	August	September	October	November	December	Total
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)	(13)	(14)
Normal rainfall	2.8	4.1	4.4	19.9	51.8	51.0	53.2	81.4	133.7	101.7	47.3	6.5	557.8
1951	...	...	17.8	17.8	78.7	68.6	68.6	15.2	94.0	48.3	5.1	35.6	449.7
1952	...	...	...	7.6	116.8	27.9	50.8	38.1	61.0	106.7	...	35.6	444.5
1953	...	...	...	58.4	2.5	83.8	137.2	20.3	137.2	289.6	2.5	...	731.5
1954	...	...	...	10.2	40.6	30.5	109.2	63.5	35.6	124.5	...	...	414.1
1955	...	...	10.2	30.5	106.7	30.5	55.9	101.6	167.6	104.1	25.4	2.5	635.0
1956	2.5	...	...	58.4	83.8	53.3	99.1	33.0	139.7	221.0	66.0	7.6	764.4
1957	...	2.5	2.5	10.2	50.8	111.8	45.7	48.3	81.3	86.4	40.6	25.4	505.5
1958	...	2.5	5.1	25.4	91.4	25.7	35.8	102.5	119.4	109.4	35.7	1.8	554.7
1959	0.2	0.6	...	12.6	50.6	103.3	80.7	60.8	180.0	22.3	41.7	5.9	558.7
1960	...	...	4.3	12.3	51.1	25.7	59.0	13.2	228.0	35.2	56.9	0.1	485.8

Deficiency in rainfall has an adverse effect on the area grown under various crops. The Statement below illustrates variations in seasonal rainfall and in the areas under cultivation.

STATEMENT V-2

SEASONAL RAINFALL

Year	Rainfall received in					Percentage variation from the normal
	S. W. Monsoon period (Jun-Sep)	N. E. Monsoon period (Oct.-Dec.)	Winter period (Jan.-Feb.)	Hot weather period (Mar.-May)	Total annual rainfall	
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)
	m.m.	m.m.	m.m.	m.m.	m.m.	
1951	246.4	89.0	...	114.3	449.7	(-)19.4
1952	177.8	142.3	...	124.4	444.5	(-)18.9
1953	378.5	292.1	...	60.9	731.5	(+)31.2
1954	238.8	124.5	...	50.8	414.1	(-)25.8
1955	355.6	132.0	...	147.4	635.0	(+)13.8
1956	325.1	294.6	2.5	142.2	764.4	(+)37.0
1957	287.1	152.4	2.5	63.5	505.5	(-)9.4
1958	283.4	146.9	2.5	121.9	554.7	(-)0.6
1959	424.8	69.9	0.8	63.2	558.7	(+)0.2
1960	325.9	92.2	...	67.7	485.8	(-)12.9
Normal rainfall	319.3	155.5	6.9	76.1	557.8	...

STATEMENT V-3

Area under cultivation

Year	Net area sown in acres	Area sown more than once in acres	Total area of crops sown in acres	Percentage deviation from the average of Col.4
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)
1951-52	24,95,677	59,783	25,55,460	(-)2.5
1952-53	25,08,569	75,315	25,83,884	(-)1.4
1953-54	26,04,116	1,42,069	27,46,185	(+)4.8
1954-55	24,84,404	77,498	25,61,902	(-)2.2
1955-56	25,70,862	1,05,446	26,76,308	(+)2.1
1956-57	25,49,202	1,18,435	26,67,637	(+)1.7
1957-58	24,85,870	82,393	25,68,263	(-)2.0
1958-59	25,45,560	99,443	26,45,003	(+)1.0
1959-60	25,14,851	88,409	26,03,260	(-)0.6
1960-61	25,28,539	66,956	25,95,495	(-)1.0
Average for the ten years.	25,28,765	91,575	26,20,340	...

The years when the rains in south-west monsoon period were deficient, viz., 1951, 1952, 1954 and 1957, it has resulted in a lowering of the area under 1st crop. Similarly the meagre rains during the north-east monsoon of the years 1951, 1952, 1954, 1957, 1959 and 1960 have resulted in a lowering of the 2nd crop areas, where mostly irrigated paddy and ragi crops are sown. A reduction in the total cropped area is also observed in the years of poor rains 1951, 1952 and 1954.

The table below gives at a glance the area, yield per acre and the total production of important crops in the district for each of the years 1950-51 to 1960-61.

STATEMENT V-4

AREA, YIELD PER ACRE AND TOTAL OUT TURN OF IMPORTANT CROPS

Year	Area (in acres)	Yield per acre (in lbs)	Total out turn (in tons)
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)
1 Rice			
1950-51	1,44,958	902	58,146
1951-52	1,10,725	734	34,860
1952-53	95,191	862	34,160
1953-54	1,94,024	906	78,286
1954-55	1,10,097	1,002	49,250
1955-56	1,64,824	1,045	76,910
1956-57	1,97,944	985	87,080
1957-58	1,42,719	1,109	70,644
1958-59	1,50,394	1,299	87,220
1959-60	1,47,988	1,150	75,990
1960-61	1,38,647	1,293	79,500
2 Jowar			
1950-51	4,19,231	386	72,080
1951-52	4,35,485	232	43,900
1952-53	5,74,188	335	91,150
1953-54	4,40,667	386	75,020
1954-55	3,01,700	360	48,550
1955-56	3,57,318	278	44,360
1956-57	3,43,185	549	84,180
1957-58	3,90,099	524	91,247
1958-59	4,40,882	405	79,710
1959-60	4,22,714	534	1,00,720
1960-61	5,41,620	223	54,000
3 Bajra			
1950-51	1,81,418	281	22,680
1951-52	1,87,326	160	12,500
1952-53	2,23,294	241	23,560
1953-54	2,56,218	301	34,400
1954-55	2,17,108	281	27,210
1955-56	2,19,397	356	34,900
1956-57	2,10,296	331	31,060
1957-58	1,84,087	447	24,880
1958-59	2,19,832	676	66,340
1959-60	2,22,407	503	49,990
1960-61	2,12,405	311	29,500
4 Ragi			
1950-51	86,930	949	36,860
1951-52	91,081	678	27,550
1952-53	1,04,489	881	40,940
1953-54	99,210	1,084	48,010
1954-55	1,01,455	949	42,960
1955-56	1,03,232	864	39,820
1956-57	92,956	1,004	41,680
1957-58	88,315	668	36,850
1958-59	1,08,826	860	41,780
1959-60	96,919	709	30,670
1960-61	1,02,950	765	35,200
5 Total Cereals and Millets			
1950-51	12,86,866	N.A.	N.A.
1951-52	12,81,169	N.A.	N.A.
1952-53	15,38,129	N.A.	2,60,350
1953-54	17,01,292	N.A.	3,62,300
1954-55	14,12,692	N.A.	2,51,720
1955-56	14,58,488	N.A.	2,81,450
1956-57	13,77,495	N.A.	3,90,820
1957-58	13,15,515	N.A.	2,92,920
1958-59	14,93,317	N.A.	3,52,230
1959-60	14,95,584	N.A.	3,38,190
1960-61	15,02,435	N.A.	N.A.

Year	Area (in acres)	Yield per acre (in lbs)	Total outturn (in tons)
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)
6 Redgram			
1950-51	33,244	175	4,930
1951-52	61,719	138	3,770
1952-53	69,847	163	5,070
1953-54	73,262	175	5,720
1954-55	56,931	188	4,760
1955-56	62,094	400	5,540
1956-57	55,227	212	5,240
1957-58	56,259	220	5,526
1958-59	63,066	190	5,350
1959-60	68,862	200	6,150
1960-61	67,351	138	4,200

7 Horsegram			
1950-51	2,70,960	170	20,570
1951-52	1,76,170	90	7,050
1952-53	1,36,420	140	8,930
1953-54	1,59,615	150	10,690
1954-55	1,43,555	150	9,610
1955-56	2,08,300	180	16,740
1956-57	2,33,955	170	17,760
1957-58	1,98,129	160	14,161
1958-59	1,88,208	196	13,100
1959-60	1,69,754	180	13,640
1960-61	1,67,297	132	9,900

8 Total Pulses			
1950-51	3,65,179	N.A.	N.A.
1951-52	2,64,200	N.A.	N.A.
1952-53	2,39,743	N.A.	17,800
1953-54	2,60,928	N.A.	80,900
1954-55	2,42,076	N.A.	18,250
1955-56	2,96,917	N.A.	24,780
1956-57	3,14,889	N.A.	25,460
1957-58	2,81,652	N.A.	25,586
1958-59	2,81,954	N.A.	22,440
1959-60	2,60,187	N.A.	21,700
1960-61	2,59,659	N.A.	12,200

9 Chillies			
1950-51	11,553	1,502	10,530
1951-52	12,442	1,500	8,370
1952-53	10,637	1,500	7,010
1953-54	12,633	1,800	10,150
1954-55	16,578	1,400	10,360
1955-56	15,962	1,500	10,690
1956-57	15,801	1,600	11,290
1957-58	14,439	993	6,360
1958-59	11,138	1,055	5,250
1959-60	14,641	1,055	6,900
1960-61	13,730	946	5,800

10 Sugarcane (in terms of gur)			
1950-51	8,976	4,240	16,990
1951-52	9,589	3,975	17,020
1952-53	5,341	3,710	8,880
1953-54	6,677	4,240	12,640
1954-55	6,677	7,793	32,900
1955-56	8,181	3,489	13,990
1956-57	8,442	8,310	31,320
1957-58	8,847	7,537	27,374
1958-59	9,745	4,580	15,980
1959-60	7,714	5,264	18,130
1960-61	9,068	6,348	25,700

11 Onions			
1950-51	4,665	N.A.	21,160
1951-52	3,403	9,000	13,630
1952-53	4,034	7,800	14,000
1953-54	4,728	10,200	21,530
1954-55	4,524	9,000	18,180
1955-56	5,316	9,600	22,780
1956-57	5,037	10,200	22,930
1957-58	5,275	11,040	25,998
1958-59	3,886	10,200	17,690
1959-60	4,448	10,440	20,730
1960-61	4,134	10,836	20,000

Year	Area (in acres)	Yield per acre (in lbs)	Total outturn (in tons)
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)
12 Total Food Crops			
1950-51	16,59,069	N.A.	N.A.
1951-52	15,89,079	N.A.	N.A.
1952-53	18,10,892	N.A.	N.A.
1953-54	20,18,588	N.A.	N.A.
1954-55	17,14,315	N.A.	N.A.
1955-56	18,29,952	N.A.	N.A.
1956-57	17,68,628	N.A.	N.A.
1957-58	16,56,660	N.A.	N.A.
1958-59	18,33,207	N.A.	N.A.
1959-60	18,30,334	N.A.	N.A.
1960-61	18,53,951	N.A.	N.A.

13. Cotton (in terms of cotton lint)
(Bales of 392 lb.)

1950-51	1,65,301	43	18,400
1951-52	1,52,215	38	15,100
1952-53	1,38,665	43	13,980
1953-54	2,05,002	38	19,610
1954-55	1,94,832	38	27,040
1955-56	1,83,184	40	25,260
1956-57	1,64,368	38	22,620
1957-58	1,72,144	56	27,206
1958-59	1,28,937	55	20,330
1959-60	1,51,954	67	25,650
1960-61	1,45,496	53	19,700

14 Groundnut			
1950-51	5,95,858	784	2,08,740
1951-52	6,78,099	672	2,03,170
1952-53	4,79,980	784	1,60,180
1953-54	4,60,318	896	1,66,950
1954-55	5,72,578	840	2,14,720
1955-56	5,55,512	952	2,40,340
1956-57	6,46,472	930	2,68,290
1957-58	6,45,594	896	2,58,238
1958-59	5,93,051	896	2,37,220
1959-60	5,29,607	952	2,25,080
1960-61	5,13,858	373	85,700

15 Gingelly			
1950-51	50,992	158	4,640
1951-52	41,450	146	3,510
1952-53	49,971	157	3,560
1953-54	42,741	157	2,990
1954-55	23,865	168	1,790
1955-56	36,894	179	2,950
1956-57	39,511	190	3,360
1957-58	41,153	190	3,498
1958-59	40,810	168	3,060
1959-60	31,170	168	2,340
1960-61	34,020	22	3,500

16 Castor			
1950-51	51,191	120	2,750
1951-52	40,127	105	2,250
1952-53	43,460	90	1,810
1953-54	36,914	105	1,730
1954-55	32,900	113	1,650
1955-56	29,945	128	1,700
1956-57	28,740	128	1,640
1957-58	29,107	122	1,579
1958-59	25,205	109	1,230
1959-60	28,391	120	1,520
1960-61	24,290	134	1,500

17 Tobacco			
1950-51	3,003	784	1,090
1951-52	2,439	732	790
1952-53	5,761	732	1,870
1953-54	3,338	941	1,400
1954-55	2,422	795	860

Year	Area (in acres)	Yield per acre (in lbs)	Total outturn (in tons)
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)

17 Tobacco—concd.

1955-56	3,209	836	1,200
1956-57	2,286	836	3,380
1957-58	2,214	1,014	1,002
1958-59	3,054	898	1,170
1959-60	3,634	732	1,180
1960-61	1,729	1,425	1,100

18 Non-Food Crops

1950-51	9,24,894	N.A.	N.A.
1951-52	9,38,449	N.A.	N.A.
1952-53	7,45,060	N.A.	N.A.
1953-54	7,27,597	N.A.	N.A.
1954-55	8,47,857	N.A.	N.A.
1955-56	8,46,356	N.A.	N.A.
1956-57	8,99,009	N.A.	N.A.
1957-58	9,11,603	N.A.	N.A.
1958-59	8,11,796	N.A.	N.A.
1959-60	7,72,926	N.A.	N.A.
1960-61	7,41,544	N.A.	N.A.

19 Total Food and Non-Food Crops

1950-51	26,11,895	N.A.	N.A.
1951-52	25,55,460	N.A.	N.A.
1952-53	25,83,884	N.A.	N.A.
1953-54	27,46,185	N.A.	N.A.
1954-55	25,61,902	N.A.	N.A.
1955-56	26,76,308	N.A.	N.A.
1956-57	26,67,637	N.A.	N.A.
1957-58	25,68,263	N.A.	N.A.
1958-59	26,45,003	N.A.	N.A.
1959-60	26,03,260	N.A.	N.A.
1960-61	25,95,495	N.A.	N.A.

The trends in crop areas are briefly indicated below:—

Paddy: The area rose generally (excepting in the last year 1960-61). But the increase in yield per acre from 902 to 1,293 lbs. and in the total production is noteworthy and is largely the result of the adoption of improved agricultural practices such as improved seeds, manuring, etc.

Millets: There is a general increase both in the area and production of Jowar, Bajra and Ragi.

Pulses: These have shown a decrease over the above period due to poor methods of cultivation. These crops are sown only as mixtures with millets and groundnut and not as main crops.

Commercial crops: Groundnut and cotton are the most important of the commercial crops in the district. But as their sowings, and more important, their growth, depend on the receipt of

timely rains, there have been large reductions in both the area and yield in years of inadequate rainfall. The other crops, viz., gingelly, castor and tobacco also showed a decrease in area. The areas under chillies, onions and sugarcane vary with demands in the market and the prices.

Results of crop cutting experiments: Crop cutting experiments based on the random sampling method have been conducted on selected crops in previous years to determine the actual yield attained per acre in each year. The results of these experiments are available for rice and sugarcane from 1954-55 and for Jowar, Bajra and Ragi from 1955-56. These are shown below:—

STATEMENT V-4

RESULTS OF CROP CUTTING EXPERIMENTS

Year	Yield per acre (in lbs)	Total outturn (in tons)
(1)	(2)	(3)
Rice		
1954-55	1,002	49,250
1955-56	1,045	76,910
1956-57	985	87,080
1957-58	1,109	70,644
1958-59	1,299	87,220
1959-60	1,150	75,990
1960-61	1,293	79,500
Jowar		
1955-56	278	44,360
1956-57	549	84,180
1957-58	524	91,247
1958-59	405	79,710
1959-60	534	1,00,720
1960-61	223	54,000
Sugarcane		
1954-55	7,793	32,900
1955-56	3,489	13,990
1956-57	8,310	31,320
1957-58	7,537	27,374
1958-59	4,580	15,980
1959-60	5,264	18,130
1960-61	6,348	25,700
Bajra		
1955-56	356	34,900
1956-57	331	31,060
1957-58	447	24,880
1958-59	676	66,340
1959-60	503	49,990
1960-61	311	29,500
Ragi		
1955-56	864	39,820
1956-57	1,004	41,680
1957-58	668	36,850
1958-59	860	41,780
1959-60	709	30,670
1960-61	765	35,200

The results of the above experiments show that there was an increase in the yield of rice from 1,002 lbs. per acre in 1954-55 to 1,293 lbs. in 1960-61. The yield per acre has increased in respect of Jowar from 278 lbs. in 1955-56 to 534 lbs. in 1959-60, and that of Bajra from 356 lbs. in 1955-56 to 503 lbs. in 1959-60, but the yields were reduced during 1960-61 due to adverse seasonal conditions. The yields of Ragi and Sugar-cane show a slight decrease.

The Agricultural practices of this district are mostly of an ancient type but well calculated to suit the seasonal vagaries. It has already been stated that the top soil is very thin in this area and underneath is found mostly rocky soil which is difficult for cultivation. Hence the use of tractors and other deep ploughing implements are not of much use in this area. Secondly, the land is liable to erosion and hence deep ploughing is also not advisable. Under the existing conditions manuring is done before ploughing and sowing or transplantation as the case may be. The local manure consists of cattle dung, house sweepings, leaves and twigs especially of "Tangedu" and "Kanuga", tank silt and sheep pennings.

Due to constant propaganda by the Agriculture Department, the ryots in many villages have learnt to preserve manure under the dry earth system and the practice of preparing manure by compost pits has also considerably increased. The importance of green leaves and oil cakes such as Kanuga, Margosa, Castor, and Groundnut is also being widely recognised.

Sowing paddy in wet lands was previously done by broadcast, but now the practice of sowing paddy by transplantation is being gradually increased due to demonstrations and propaganda by the Agricultural Department. Sowing in dry lands is chiefly done by seed drill. The principle of growing different crops by rotation is generally understood and followed to some extent to suit the condition of the monsoon.

The following is a time-table showing the Agricultural operations of the whole district in a normal year. The percentage shown against each crop or variety of it represents the proportion of the area sown or harvested in the month to the total area of the crop sown or harvested in the year:—

STATEMENT V-3
TIME TABLE OF AGRICULTURAL OPERATIONS

Name of crop	January	February	March	April	May	June	July	August	September	October	November	December
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)	(13)
<i>Sowings</i>												
Rice	16.4	6.8	8.2	...	...	1.3	4.8	15.4	25.0	8.8	7.2	6.1
Jowar (Jonna)	1.2	1.8	...	...	1.5	3.2	10.8	28.1	18.2	10.6	12.2	12.4
Bajra (Sajja)	...	...	...	...	...	1.2	18.6	42.4	28.2	9.6	...	...
Ragi	1.3	1.6	...	...	1.8	16.2	21.4	40.2	2.8	8.3	4.1	2.3
Korra	...	...	...	...	...	0.5	6.5	36.2	38.4	18.4	...	...
Samal	...	...	...	...	...	1.0	7.0	36.5	40.4	15.1	...	...
Maize	...	...	...	...	...	48.5	51.5	...	...	...	...	...
Bengalgram	36.0	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	15.2	48.8
Redgram	...	...	...	...	...	3.0	16.8	68.4	11.8	...	...	...
Greengram	...	...	...	...	...	5.6	25.4	59.0	10.0	...	...	...
Blackgram	...	...	...	...	...	10.0	50.0	40.0	...	...	...	...
Horsegram	45.0	15.0	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	15.0	25.0
Chillies	...	...	...	...	10.4	14.4	15.6	28.6	22.5	8.5	...	...
Onions	...	...	...	...	5.4	20.6	30.8	22.4	20.8	...	...	...
Sugarcane	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	28.5	52.5	19.0	...	...
Gingelly	...	...	...	...	...	10.9	18.5	41.4	29.2	...	...	...
Groundnut	1.0	...	...	...	...	1.0	15.0	47.0	35.0	...	...	1.0
Castor	...	...	...	...	...	2.0	30.0	54.0	14.0	...	...	...
Cotton	...	...	...	...	...	1.0	5.0	35.0	40.0	19.0	...	...
Tobacco	2.0	12.0	48.6	25.4	12.0
Bombay hemp	1.0	1.4	40.0	20.0	25.4	10.2	2.0

AGRICULTURE

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Name of crop	January	February	March	April	May	June	July	August	September	October	November	December
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)	(13)
<i>Harvests</i>												
Rice	15.6	10.4	5.0	5.0	...	...	...	...	...	...	20.8	43.2
Jowar (Jonna)	24.2	8.4	...	...	...	10.6	9.0	...	...	...	11.0	36.8
Bajra (Sajja)	28.0	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	26.4	45.6
Ragi	43.2	8.3	4.0	...	...	...	...	4.6	5.8	2.2	3.4	28.5
Korra	29.0	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	32.8	38.2
Samai	28.8	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	30.8	40.4
Maize	46.0	...	...	...	...	...	5.0	5.0	4.0	...	...	40.0
Bengalgram	...	4.5	15.6	58.5	21.4	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Redgram	35.8	49.6	9.4	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	5.2
Greengram	6.0	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	15.6	78.4
Horsegram	...	...	4.4	56.8	38.8	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Chillies	25.6	20.2	13.0	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	2.8	38.4
Onions	28.6	34.2	21.8	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	15.4
Sugarcane	36.4	48.6	10.2	4.8	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Gingelly	45.6	14.0	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	40.4
Groundnut	45.6	3.4	2.0	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	2.8	46.2
Castor	11.6	38.4	26.5	13.0	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	10.5
Cotton	28.2	32.8	36.5	2.5	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Tobacco	25.4	38.6	33.2	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	2.8
Bombay hemp	8.4	32.9	26.4	20.6	2.0	2.0	...	...	...	...	2.1	0.6

The effects of departures from normal seasonal conditions upon the time table of Agricultural operations are given below:—

Month	Normal weather	Effects of unseasonable or abnormal weather on the various crops
(1)	(2)	(3)
January	Dry month with little or no rain. Fine weather prevails. Days moderately warm and nights cold with dew falling.	There is generally no rainfall in this month and the dry weather facilitates the harvest of paddy, groundnut, horsegram, castor and pulses. If heavy showers occur the harvest of paddy and groundnut will be retarded. Moderate rainfall will postpone the harvest but it is beneficial to tender and standing crops like tobacco, paddy, cotton, etc. From the point of view of paddy and groundnut harvest, the absence of rainfall is beneficial; but it is less so in the case of industrial crops like cotton, tobacco, etc.
February	Bright weather with rarely few showers; dew continues. Days are warm and nights cold.	Bright weather facilitates the harvest and threshings of horsegram, castor, jowar, paddy and pulses, and the harvest and milling of sugarcane and preparation of jaggery in the Penukonda division. Absence of rainfall is favourable to harvests and threshings and the sugarcane milling, but will not be so to standing crops like paddy, jowar, etc.
March	Dew abating. First warm month after the rainy season. The days are warm and so also nights.	Rainless month. Facilitates harvests as in February. Heavy rains would not only interfere with harvests but also spoil the young sugarcane crop newly planted.

Month	Normal weather	Effects of unseasonable or abnormal weather on the various crops
(1)	(2)	(3)
April	Days and nights are warm but cooled by rare showers in the month.	Excessive or continuous rainfall retards the progress of harvest of paddy, cotton, tobacco, white jonna, groundnut, etc., and spoils the quality of cotton and groundnut. Moderate and slight showers facilitate the ploughing up of lands for mungari crops and benefit the standing crops. Absence of rainfall facilitates the harvests but it postpones the ploughing of dry lands.
May	Warmest month in the year. Very warm and dry. South-West monsoon commences.	Excessive rains interfere with the preliminary cultivation of lands and retard the progress of sugarcane and tobacco. Moderate rains facilitate tillage of lands and manuring of fields. Absence of rainfall postpones the ploughing of dry lands.
June	South-West monsoon sets in and it brings in normal rains. Western winds high.	Excessive rains retard preliminary cultivation and manuring and harvest of tobacco. Moderate rainfall facilitates the ploughing and manuring of dry lands, raising of ragi and chilli-nurseries and promotes growth of sugarcane. Absence of rainfall postpones the ploughing of dry lands.
July	South-West monsoon in progress. Winds continue.	Excessive rain is prejudicial to the sowings of crops and to the crops sown. Moderate and light showers are useful for ploughing of dry lands and sowing of dry crops. Absence of rainfall postpones sowing of dry crops.
August	South-West monsoon active. Winds continue.	Heavy or continuous rainfall is prejudicial to the crops sown in this month as well as to the young crops that are sown in the latter part of the previous month. It is however beneficial to the rainfed tanks, the early sown dry crops and the wet lands ploughed up for paddy sowing. Moderate rainfall is useful for the tender standing crops and for completing the sowings of mungari crops. Absence of rainfall postpones the sowings of dry crops.
September	South-West monsoon continues to be active. Winds abate. Moderate weather.	Heavy and continuous rainfall retards the good yield of the mungari crops sown early, such as yellow jowar, sajja (bajra), groundnut, korra, etc. It is beneficial to the wet lands and rainfed tanks which receive the largest supplies in this month. Moderate rainfall is useful for the tender and standing crops and facilitates the sowing of hingari crops. Absence of rainfall postpones the cultivation and sowing of hingari dry crops and checks the growth of standing crops such as chillies, sugarcane, etc.

Month	Normal weather	Effects of unseasonable or abnormal weather on the various crops
(1)	(2)	(3)
October	North-East monsoon sets in about the middle of the month. The busiest agricultural season begins.	Heavy and continuous rainfall interferes with the harvesting of mungari dry crops and late sowings of horsegram and cotton. Moderate rainfall is beneficial to the standing crops namely, paddy, chillies, sugarcane, etc. Absence of rainfall affects the outturn of the standing dry crops and retards the progress of paddy crop and wet cultivation.
November	North-East monsoon continues. Cool weather begins.	Heavy or continuous rainfall interferes with the harvest of paddy and dry crops such as groundnut, gingelly, sajja (bajra), etc., and also with the thrashing and drying of grain. Moderate rainfall is beneficial to the standing tender crops and helps the ploughing of lands for paddy, jonna (jowar) and wheat. Absence of rainfall facilitates the harvest of dry crops.
December	North-East monsoon closing. Bright weather with slight drizzlings now and then. Dewy season begins.	Heavy or continuous rainfall interferes with the harvest of paddy, bajra and groundnut. Moderate rainfall is beneficial to the standing crops and harvest of paddy, jonna (jowar), pulses, etc. Absence of rainfall facilitates harvest of dry crops and first crop paddy.

The following statement gives particulars of the various types of irrigation sources, their numbers and the area irrigated under each:—

STATEMENT V-6

Type of irrigation source	Number	Area irrigated (in acres)
(1)	(2)	(3)
Canals		
Government	3,495	47,456
Private	151	N.A.
Tanks		
Government	1,143	95,816
Private		
Wells		
Government	1,077	1,401
Private	57,472	61,609
Other irrigation sources		
Government	N.A.	146
Private	N.A.	1,038

Paddy, jonna, sajja, korra, and ragi constitute the principal food crops of the district. Groundnut is the chief commercial crop. Cotton and sugarcane are also important crops in the northern and southern taluks of the district. There are arecanut and coconut gardens in Madakasira and Hindupur taluks. A statement illustrating the area under cultivation under each

STATEMENT V-7

Name of crop	Area sown (in acres)	Product (in tons)
(1)	(2)	(3)
Cereals		
Paddy	1,47,988	73,400 (Rice)
Jowar	4,22,714	89,800
Korra	4,74,397	64,100
Sajja	2,22,407	53,400
Ragi	96,919	31,900
Wheat	2,741	100
Maize	929	200
Varagu	49,481	9,900
Samai	70,570	12,000
Other cereals	7,438	1,600
Total	14,95,584	3,36,400
Pulses		
Bengalgram	7,839	1,400
Redgram	68,862	6,200
Greengram	10,001	13,100
Blackgram	826	
Horsegram	1,69,754	
Other pulses	2,915	
Total	2,60,197	20,700
Condiments and Spices		
Betelnuts	425	6,600
Chillies	14,641	
Garlic	30	
Coriander	21,960	
Tamarind	5,244	
Turmeric	135	
Ginger	22	6
Others	176	
Total	42,633	6,606

Name of crop (1)	Area sown (in acres) (2)	Product (in tons) (3)
Sugarcane crops		
Sugarcane	7,714	17,800
Palmyra	177	
Others	1,155	
Total	9,046	17,800
Fruits and Vegetables		
<i>Fresh fruits</i>		
Bananas	30	N.A.
Citrus fruits	4,523	N.A.
Mangoes	6,325	N.A.
Grapes	38	N.A.
Other fresh fruits	2,822	N.A.
Total	13,738	N.A.
<i>Dry fruits</i>		
Cashewnuts	6	N.A.
Other dry fruits	567	N.A.
Total	573	N.A.
Total fresh and dry fruits	14,311	N.A.
<i>Vegetables</i>		
Potatoes	8	N.A.
Tapioca	11	N.A.
Sweet potatoes	526	N.A.
Tomatoes and Others	5,978	N.A.
Total	6,523	N.A.
Fibres		
Cotton	1,51,954	250 bales (392 lbs. lint per bale)
Mesta	255	N.A.
Sunn hemp	110	N.A.
Others	1,813	N.A.
Total	1,54,132	N.A.
Oil seeds		
<i>Edible oils</i>		
Groundnut	5,29,607	97,100
Coconuts	358	N.A.
Gingelly	31,170	1,000
Rape and mustard	32	3
Safflower	323	N.A.
Others	1,542	N.A.
Total	5,63,032	N.A.
<i>Non-edible oils</i>		
Linseed	33	N.A.
Castor	28,396	1,500
Others	2,661	2,661
Total	31,090	N.A.
Total oil seeds	5,94,122	N.A.
Dyes and Tanning materials		
Indigo	76	N.A.
Others	...	...
Total	76	N.A.
Drugs and Narcotics		
Tobacco	3,634	1,400 lbs.
Coffee	...	
Indian hemp	...	
Betelvine	1,062	
Others	167	
Total	4,863	1,400 lbs.

Name of crop (1)	Area sown (in acres) (2)	Product (in tons) (3)
Fodder crops		
Fodder crops	1,690	N.A.
Green manure crops		
Sunn hemp	44	N.A.
Pillipesara	67	N.A.
Indigo	35	N.A.
Others	3,255	N.A.
Total	3,401	N.A.
Miscellaneous		
Miscellaneous food crops	2,040	N.A.
Miscellaneous non-food crops	14,642	N.A.
Total non-food crops	7,72,926	N.A.
Total food crops	18,30,334	N.A.
Total cropped area	26,03,260	N.A.
Sown more than once	88,409	N.A.
Net area sown	25,14,851	N.A.

As has already been stated, this district is situated in an unfortunate belt which is deprived of both adequate rainfall as well as suitable cultivable soils. It is, therefore, a very difficult task to improve the existing state of affairs. The Agricultural Department with the help of the Agricultural Engineering Department has been doing its best to intensify cultivation and also to prevent soil erosion. Without effective control of the latter this area in course of time due to ravages of nature will leave hardly anything to be improved. Hence with a view to enable the agriculturist to derive better yields, various programmes under plan schemes have been drawn up for utilising the available fragmented fields in a more effective and efficient manner.

Seed Farms

To make the district self-sufficient in improved seeds, model farms and registered seed farms have been opened. Since seed multiplication operations are very important for better yields of improved varieties sufficient funds have been earmarked for this purpose. The ryots in this district have already adopted, improved strains of G. B. 24 Paddy, C. O. 20 Paddy, H. I. Korra, C. O. 2 Ragi, and T. M. V. 2 and T.M.V. 3 of groundnut. The adoption of these improved strains have resulted in increasingly better yields. Some of the registered seed farms have been located in the ryots holdings, and these ryots have also been subsidised to a certain extent. By the end of the Third Five Year Plan period it is programmed to cover the entire district with improved seed.

The following statement illustrates the quan-

tity of seed distributed and the area covered by improved seed:—

STATEMENT V-8

Year	Paddy		Jonna		Korra		Groundnut		Cotton	
	Qty. distributed	Area covered	Qty. distributed	Area covered	Qty. distributed	Area covered	Qty. distributed	Area covered	Qty. distributed	Area covered
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)
1952	98-797	65,111	31-1909	278,221	61-002	368,210	29-336	423,177	927 bags	89,554
1953	169-1648	75,000	62-102	491,726	18-1079	509,530	2-1210	324,285	307 bags	78,001
1954	224-216	130,476	6-2129	369,266	21-221	540,846	4-112	572,578	29 tons	194,832
1955	59-232	111,243	19-152	291,336	32-1650	312,100	36-428	784,830	30 tons	206,936
1956	56-836	122,597	16-1840	404,967	13-573	348,360	10-704	121,869	13 tons	55,698
1957	30-232	89,638	10-428	281,117	12-912	284,389	19-1226	487,594	25 tons	141,321
1958	184-1485	87,839	37-1200	404,967	73-1760	397,600	18-1122	412,624	18,435 tons	80,723
1959	689-751	125,000	317-209	308,573	564-2030	422,443	31-2197	593,051	56,200 tons	128,939
1960	173-1724	88,461	67-00	358,000	84-480	460,000	59-140	303,837	268-424 tons	91,555
1961	181-1280	42,823	46-00	289,672	57-00	289,672	53-212	261,910	212-212 tons	71,676

Improved Implements

There is still plenty of land in this district that can be brought under the plough. The ryots have, therefore, to be encouraged in spite of the prevalent adverse conditions to take up to more extensive cultivation with the help of improved implements of agriculture. For this purpose, individual ryots, co-operatives, panchayats and other democratic institutions at various levels are being educated into purchase and the use of these implements. As an incentive, these implements are being supplied at concessional rates by the Agriculture Department. Further, all the Samithis in the district are being advised to purchase and maintain in working condition implements like the sprayers, dusters, push hoes, bund formers, seed dressers, gurzar No. 2 and Zamindar ploughs, wet land puddlers, buck scrapers and green manure trawlers.

Chemical Fertilisers

Nitrogenous fertilisers are being supplied to the ryots on card-basis. The Agriculture Department sees to it that adequate quantities are issued in time for paddy, sugarcane and ragi crops. Loans have also been provided to the ryots during the two plan periods on short term basis to enable them to purchase manure in time. During the First Five Year Plan period an amount of Rs. 7,16,460 and during the Second Plan period an amount of Rs. 9,92,762 were distributed as loans. The following statement indicates the quantities of the various types of fertilisers distributed to ryots during the two

five year plan periods:—

STATEMENT V-9

Name of fertiliser	Quantity issued (in tons)
(1)	(2)
<i>First Plan period</i>	
Ammonium Sulphate	4,025
Calcium Ammonium Nitrate	...
Ammonium Sulphur Nitrate	...
Urea	505
Super Phosphate	236
<i>Second Plan period</i>	
Ammonium Sulphate	5,774
Calcium Ammonium Nitrate	1,738
Ammonium Sulphur Nitrate	643
Urea	1,619
Super Phosphate	...

Organic Manures

The application of organic manure such as farm-yard manure, green manure, bone meal, groundnut and castor cake to paddy crop is in considerable use in this district. The Agriculture Department is now propagating the preparation and use of compost manure out of waste organic matter. Hence with a view to popularise compost manure, a special compost scheme was launched and it was manned by a Special Officer during the Second Five Year Plan period.

The object of this scheme was to raise the present level of manurial production in the villages by conserving all locally available manurial resources and converting them into compost by improved methods. It was also being more and more felt that unless organic manures are made to periodically supplement the use of fertilisers, the texture of the soil was likely to deteriorate due to intensive use of mere chemical fertilisers. Hence the programme is intended to utilise the local manurial resources to build up the fertility of the soil.

The following statement illustrates the progress achieved in this direction:—

STATEMENT V-10

Year	Prepared (in tons)	Distributed (in tons)
(1)	(2)	(3)
1952	16,326	14,212
1953	27,388	16,028
1954	12,173	9,592
1955	105,169	20,797
1956	11,269	10,896
1957	22,011	122,681
1958	698,459	459,231
1959	225,130	192,112
1960	148,306	123,299
1961	178,775	132,198

The agency for popularising the use of fertilisers is the field staff under the Agriculture Department. The method of popularisation consists in conducting ocular demonstration plots on ryots' holdings in order to show to them the results of application of chemical manures. These demonstrations have gone a long way in convincing the ryots of the use of fertilisers. The application of these manure schemes have undoubtedly resulted in better yields, though the exact increase has not, however, been fully surveyed.

State Seed Farms

The State Seed Farms produce the foundation stock to be distributed to ryots in the Samithi areas for further multiplication of the seed in the registered seed farms.

During the First Five Year Plan period no such seed farms were started in this district. However, a number of State Seed Farms were organised during the Second Plan period to feed the greater part of the district.

Japanese Method of Paddy Cultivation

It is anticipated that if Japanese method of paddy cultivation is adopted the increase over the normal production in this area would be about 3%. This method has been quite widely adopted in this district. During the First Plan period the target fixed was 32,000 acres and the area covered was 25,625-67 acres. During the Second Plan period the target fixed was 307,300 acres and the achievement was 15,73,293-60 acres. These figures aptly illustrate the overwhelming response of the cultivator to the Japanese method of paddy cultivation.

Crop competition

This is a scheme with the primary purpose of increasing Agricultural production by creating a competitive spirit among the Agriculturists.

The scheme first sponsored by the Government of India, was inaugurated during 1950-51. Since then it is being continued year after year. The response from the ryots has been highly encouraging in this district, which secured the State prizes for paddy for two years in succession during 1953-54 and 1954-55. It has also been securing the Regional prize regularly except for the year 1951-52.

Since 1956-57, this scheme has been extended to jowar production also. The competition is organised annually at the taluk, district and State levels with awards of Rs. 50 in kind to the taluk prize winner, Rs. 100 in cash to the district prize winner and Rs. 500 in cash and a Gold Medal worth Rs. 120 to the State prize winner.

In the year 1956-57, nine hundred and thirty-six ryots participated in the competition. Sri Nagella Siddappa of Vanamvandlapalle village of Kadiri taluk secured the first prize in the whole State for the highest yield of 4,480 lbs. of jowar per acre under irrigated conditions.

The following statement indicates the details of the various crops covered by the scheme and the number of ryots who have participated in each.

STATEMENT V-11

Crop (1)	Participants (2)
<i>First Plan period</i>	
Paddy	7,135
Sugarcane	656
Jowar	2,968
Groundnut	1,563
<i>Second Plan period</i>	
Paddy	7,573
Sugarcane	785
Jowar	4,120
Groundnut	4,520

The following statement gives a list of Regional and State prize winners of paddy crop competitions:—

STATEMENT V-12

Year (1)	Name of ryot (2)	Taluk (3)	Yield obtained (in lbs.) (4)
<i>Regional Prize Winners</i>			
1950-51	Sri Siddanna Sambaiah, Agraharam village	Penukonda	8,910
1952-53	Sri Karanam Laxminarayana Rao, P. C. Pyapili	Urvakonda	7,980
1953-54	Sri Chowdaka Narayanappa, Thavalam village	Kadiri	9,900
1954-55	Sri Y. Jacob Reddy, P. Yaleru	Anantapur	10,061.4
1955-56	Sri Nagella Siddappa, Vanamvandlapalle	Kadiri	9,166
<i>State Prize Winners</i>			
1953-54 (Paddy)	Sri Chowdaka Narayanappa, Thavalam village	Kadiri	9,900
1954-55 (Paddy)	Sri Y. Jacob Reddy, P. Yaleru	Anantapur	10,061.4
1956-57 (Jowar)	Nagella Siddappa, Vanamvandlapalle	Kadiri	4,480

Administration

Before the heralding of the Five Year Plans the District Agricultural Officer was assisted by one Agricultural Assistant in each taluk with a depot at the taluk headquarters. With the formation of the C. D. Blocks and subsequently of the Panchayat Samithis, the whole district was divided into 23 Blocks, each having an Agricultural Assistant known as the Extension Officer for Agriculture. These officers assist the District Agricultural Officer in his executive functions.

The Extension Officers in their turn are assisted in their field work by Fieldmen, Demonstration Maistries and Village Level Workers.

Due to increase in the functions and work of the District Agricultural Officer an Additional District Agricultural Officer has been appointed. It is now proposed to bifurcate the district with headquarters at Anantapur and Penukonda with the Additional District Agricultural Officer stationed at Penukonda.

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- References : 1 Report of Sri S. Krishnamurthy Rao, B. Sc. (Ag.), District Agricultural Officer, Anantapur, dated 5-4-1963
2 Statistical Atlas of the Andhra State (1950-51)
3 Report of Sri A. Krishnaswamy, District Statistical Officer, Anantapur, dated 8-4-1963

CHAPTER VI

ELECTRICITY

General

For a long time power development in the "Ceded Districts" was considered to be an un-economic proposition due to paucity of industrial enterprise as well as due to the general poverty of the people. The power needs of Anantapur district for a long time were met mainly by two small diesel stations run by private undertakings one at Anantapur and the other at Hindupur and the consumers of Anantapur and Hindupur towns were mostly catered to. As a first step towards intensive power development in this district, the Electricity Department took over the management of the Anantapur electricity and the Hindupur electricity undertakings in the year 1949-50 and the supply was switched over from DC to AC. Power supply from the Mysore Government was also availed off at 25 cycles for distribution in the area.

Thus at the commencement of the First Five Year Plan period the power needs of Anantapur district were met partly from the diesel power houses and partly from Hydro-power from Jog purchased from Mysore Government for distribution in Guntakal area, and from Sivasamudram for use in Hindupur area at 25 cycles. In spite of this, Gooty (except Guntakal), Dharmavaram, Penukonda, Madakasira, Kalyandrug, Tadpatri and Rayadrug taluks had yet to be acquainted with electricity.

Progress during the First Five Year Plan period

Tadpatri area : Supply was made available to Tadpatri with the inauguration of the thermal power station on the 21st September, 1951. The Power House came into operation with 2 Nos. 235 kw diesel generating sets. The distribution came into beneficial use with 2.19 miles of 11 kv. and 9.5 miles of L.T. lines on 10-10-1951. Hydro supply from Jog was brought to Tadpatri on 29-2-1955 by charging the 66 kv. line from Gooty Sub-Station at 11 kv. initially.

Gooty area : Supply was made available to this area with the commission into service of 66/33/11 kv. sub-station at Gooty with 2 Nos. KVA 66/33/11 kv. power transformers on 10-10-1954. The sub-station received its hydro-power from Jog via Bellary sub-station. Guntakal area of Gooty taluk continued to receive hydro power from Jog.

Rayadrug area : Power supply was made available to this area from Jog via Bellary sub-station by charging the 33/11 kv. line initially at 11 kv. on 26-3-1952. Subsequently a 33/11 kv. sub-station with 2 Nos. 500 kv. 33/11 kv. power transformers were erected and brought into service by changing over the Bellary-Rayadrug line to 33 kv. operation on 17-2-1956. Consequent to this change over one 33/11 kv. unattended sub-station at Obulapuram with 1 No. 250 KVA 33/11 kv. power transformer was also brought into service for distribution of electric power on 19-2-1956.

Anantapur area : Anantapur's power supply was augmented during its peak hours by power from Jog through the 66 kv. line initially operated at 33 kv.

Dharmavaram area : Power supply was made available to Dharmavaram on 28-10-1954 via Anantapur-Dharmavaram 66 kv. line initially operated at 33 kv.

Kadiri area : Kadiri town was electrified on 2-10-1954 with the installation of a pilot diesel station at Kadiri.

Penukonda and Mudigubba areas : Electric supply was made available to these areas via Dharmavaram sub-station at 11 kv. in August, 1956.

Hindupur area : Hindupur continued to receive supply at 25 cycles from Sivasamudram.

Progress during the Second Five Year Plan period : With the commissioning of the power house at the Tungabhadra Dam in January-May, 1957 and the 66 kv. sub-stations at Anantapur, Dharmavaram and Hindupur, the Tungabhadra Hydro-Electric Supply was made available to the entire Anantapur district excepting Kalyandrug which continued to be fed from a local diesel Station till 31-2-1963 when it was also changed over to hydro-supply.

Present development and future trends : The power needs of Anantapur district are being mostly met from the Tungabhadra power stations (Dam and Hampi power houses). This is likely to continue in future also.

Due to the lack of cheap and adequate power, development in this area, rich in mineral resources has been far from adequate. Since the

commissioning of the Tungabhadra Station, the power demand for domestic, industrial, public lighting and agricultural purposes has been so spectacular that it led to overloading of Generating Stations at Tungabhadra and Hampi.

It is now an established fact that the demand for electric power in Andhra Pradesh will double itself in the next five years. This fact is more so in the case of Anantapur district as it still stands on the fringes of development.

Anantapur at present is in a grip of acute shortage of electric power as the Tungabhadra system which feeds the Rayalaseema districts is not in a position to cope up with the demand. Staggering of loads and peak load restrictions even on H.T. industrial consumers had to be resorted to in order to give load relief to the generating stations whenever required. The demand of Andhra Pradesh on the Tungabhadra reached its maximum in the year 1962-63 when it was in the order of 29.3 MW against the State's share of 24.1 MW. This exceeding of demand over the State's quota has led to the imposition of restriction in power consumption.

This shortfall of power will be solved after the generating capacities of Tungabhadra and Hampi power houses are enhanced and after the completion of the new Thermal Station of 30 MW capacity under construction at Nellore and finally the installation of the 132 kv. transmission line from Hampi to Gooty and Gooty to Cuddapah now under execution. Although Tungabhadra power station forms the main source of power for Anantapur district, it should be also possible to meet its growing demand of power from the State-Grid and inter-State links under contemplation, and by the completion of the Major Power Projects like Nagarjunasagar, Srisailem, etc.

Rural Electrification

The public in the rural areas have realised the high utility value and the economics of electricity and, therefore, there is an ever increasing demand for power both for Agricultural pur-

poses as well as for industrial use. Power is now being used in the villages for Agricultural pump-sets as well as for cottage industries like ginning, hulling, oil pressing, etc. Rural electrification schemes have been sanctioned on annual gross of 10% return basis, concessions being shown to Agriculturists by way of free service connections upto Rs. 60 per horse-power of contracted load.

Against a total of 922 villages, 156 villages have been electrified upto the end of the Second Plan period.

Though the achievements in this regard in this district are much better than the average for the whole State, yet considering that 80% of the population live in villages, there is yet much head-way to be made. As has been said earlier, the demand for rural electrification is growing, but is not in a position to be met due to inadequate finance. Further extensions, however, can be made possible under voluntary loan contribution schemes.

Industrial Development

At present no major industries are taking bulk supplies. A few industries are, however, taking H.T. Supply but these cannot be classified as "Major". A scheme for extension of supply to the assisted private Industrial Estate at Anantapur is under sanction. Two spinning mills each of 12,000 spindles capacity are being set up at Hindupur and Tadpatri. Fresh additional loads under H.T. are being released (except in the case of industrial estates) only after getting the necessary approval of the Priority Committee in view of the difficult power position.

Anantapur district being rich in mineral resources, adequate supply of power is an absolute "must" for their proper exploitation.

The following statement illustrates the general progress of work of the Electricity Department from the beginning of the First Five Year Plan period up to 31-3-1963.

STATEMENT VI-1

Description	First Five Year Plan	Second Five Year Plan	Target (to the end of Third Five Year Plan)	Progress under Third Five Year Plan upto 31-3-1963
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)
H. T. Lines energised	595 Km.	836 Km.	132 KV line Hampi-Gooty-Cuddapah 113 Km. lying in Anantapur district	660 Km.
L. T. Lines energised	350 Km.	706 Km.	...	512 Km.

CHAPTER VI

STATEMENT VI-1-concl'd.

Description	First Five Year Plan	Second Five Year Plan	Target (to the end of Third Five Year Plan)	Progress under Third Five Year Plan upto 31-3-1963
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)
Domestic (H. S. Cs.)	2,990	5,990	1,447	3,481
Agricultural Pumpsets	163	2,084	1,363	1,354
Industrial	136	209	66	75
Street lights	N.A.	2,226	209	778
Villages electrified (5 Nos. prior to First Five Year Plan)	36	115	60	60
Distribution Transformers	97	336	N.A.	72
E. H. T./ H. T. Sub-Stations	6	5	1 No. 1 No. 132/66 KV at Gooty	N.A.
Diesel Power Houses	2	1	N.A.	N.A.

Reference : Report of the Divisional Electrical Engineer (Operations), Anantapur, dated 4-4-63

CHAPTER VII

INDUSTRIES

General

"The 'Ceded Districts' of Rayalaseema are the least industrialised; they rank last in every category of industry".* This is a correct appreciation of facts as exist on ground in Anantapur district. There are a few large and medium industries mostly agro-based and there are some small scale industries which also to a large extent depend on Agriculture. Weaving as an industry is flourishing in the southern taluks of the district. Cumblies of a rough sort which are quite popular are woven in Kalyandrug and Rayadrug taluks. Dharmavaram is noted for its silk weaving, while Tadpatri, Yadiki, Uravakonda and Pamidi centres produce multi-coloured fabrics. There are cotton presses and gins at Tadpatri and Gooty and a spinning mill is located at Guntakal. Another spinning mill is being built at Hindupur while licence has been granted for one more to be located at Tadpatri. This district has a number of oil mills for decorticating and crushing groundnut. Barytes, Limestone and China Clay are the principal minerals that occur in this district and which are being commercially exploited at Tadpatri and Rayalcheruvu. One factory has been set up at Hindupur for the manufacture of tamarind kernel starch from tamarind seeds. In rural areas of Hindupur the preparation of Gur and Khandsari is existing as a thriving Cottage Industry. The Tanning Industry at Uravakonda and Guntakal also deserve mention. An assisted private Industrial Estate is also being set up, and about ten units are already ready to go into production. Thus it is seen that this industrially backward district is also making an effort to slowly rise above the centuries old stagnation in this regard. In the following pages the various categories of industries in this district have been dealt in some detail.

Large and Medium Industries

The Andhra Co-operative Spinning Mill at Guntakal which started functioning from February, 1954 is the first of its kind in India. The total paid-up share capital of the Mill is Rs. 66,78,558. The finances for the starting of this mill have come from the Weavers Co-operatives of this State. The mill has 16,536 spindles though the buildings have a capacity of 22,000 spindles. The preparatory and blowroom machinery has been arranged with two passage system

of slubbers and inters. This mill employs 1,015 workers and produces yarn of the 20s, 22s, 26s, 30s and 36s counts.

The Sri Jayanthi Ramachandrappachetty Mills at Rayadrug has a capital investment of Rs. 13,50,000 with an average monthly production of about 1,25,000 yards of cloth which is valued at approximately Rs. 1,30,000. It employs 151 persons.

The two Cotton Pressing Factories at Tadpatri have a capacity of pressing 110 to 120 bales each per day. There is said to be ample scope at Tadpatri for the installation of a spinning mill also as every year about 20,000 bales of cotton are reported to arrive in the local market.

The Super Spinning Mill Ltd., Hindupur is a newly floated company with a proposed capital outlay of Rs. 48.75 lakhs. This mill is being installed at Karikera, a village very near to Hindupur on the Hindupur-Bangalore Road. Orders for the plant and machinery have been placed with a Japanese firm and their delivery is expected very soon.

Permission has been granted to Messrs. Radha Krishna Oil Products at Kallur for the manufacture of vanaspathi. The necessary plant and machinery have been erected and the production is expected to commence early.

Small Scale Industries

The bulk of the Small Scale Industries in the district are old time industries which have switched over to power with the advent of electricity. Most of these industries are in the private sector and have developed as proprietary organisations or partnership concerns or even as Joint Stock Companies. There are 21 oil mills, 2 cotton pressing factories, 18 flour mills, 22 saw mills, 4 tanneries, 2 fertiliser factories, 2 textiles handloom units, one fibre extraction industry, one bone crushing mill, one tamarind kernel starch manufacturing unit, 12 art silk twisting units, 11 silk twisting units, 2 lime burning factories, 5 engineering workshops, one engineering and moulding works, 11 decorticating units, 2 ginning and oil mills, 8 rice and oil mills, 18 ginning and decorticating units, 102 rice and flour mills, 2 mineral pulverising units and 2 wool grading units.

* Techno-Economic Survey of Andhra Pradesh, 1962

Loans have been sanctioned by Government to promote fourteen small scale industries under State Aid to Industries Act. These industries include manufacture of vegetable oil products such as refined groundnut oil and vanaspati, rice and flour mills, ginning factory, China clay washing units, ready made garments manufacture, saw mills and timber works, automobile engineering works, moulding and engineering works and foundries, printing presses, tanning industry and foot-wear manufacture.

The Department of Industries, has taken up only two industries under plan schemes, viz., the Model Tannery at Guntakal and the Model Sheet Metal Workshop at Uravakonda. The latter has been transferred to the control of the Andhra Pradesh Small Scale Industrial Development Corporation, Hyderabad, since 1-7-1962. But, however, it still continues to be under the charge of the Assistant Director of Industries, Anantapur, as the Corporation has not made any arrangements to appoint the Controlling Officer for this unit.

The Model Tannery at Guntakal trains artisans in up-to-date methods of tanning and also imparts instructions in the manufacture of superior quality leather goods. 12 candidates are being trained each year and a stipend of Rs. 30 is being paid to each trainee during the period of training. The building was constructed at a cost of Rs. 71,504 and machinery worth Rs. 75,382 has been installed. Tools and equipment worth Rs. 12,528 have also been purchased.

The Model Sheet Metal Workshop at Uravakonda has been contemplated as a training-cum-production centre in small scale industries. The object of the scheme is to impart training in improved techniques in the sheet metal and galvanising trades besides taking up production programme on commercial lines. The building has been completed in November, 1961 at a cost of Rs. 56,000. Machinery worth Rs. 25,500 has also been installed. The scheme has been put into operation since December, 1961 with about 6 trainees and 2 skilled workers. Steel trunks, buckets, sheet cabinets, etc., are being manufactured in this workshop. The average output per month is worth about Rs. 2,500.

Village Industries

Gur and Khandsari : The gur and khandsari scheme sponsored by the All India Khadi and Village Industries Board was taken up for implementation by the Department of Industries and Commerce in December, 1955. In this district, Hindupur was selected for the introduction of this scheme. Out of the 10,000 acres of sugar-

cane crop in Anantapur district, Hindupur taluk accounts for 4,414 acres. Due to encouraging response from the public this scheme was further extended in February, 1958 to Penukonda taluk, which accounts for 1,126 acres of sugarcane crop in this district. These two taluks are covered by five demonstration centres. Demonstrations are held in the cane growers own fields on the improved techniques of gur manufacture. Introduction of improved implements and juice clarificants, construction of improved furnaces of standard design and specification, provision of godown facilities, organisation of co-operative societies of cane growers for organised production, storage and marketing, preparation of high quality gur and khandsari are some of the more important activities under this scheme. Improved implements costing Rs. 1,15,242 were given to the ryots on loan and subsidy basis in the taluks of Hindupur and Penukonda. 3,310 demonstrations were held on the manufacture of high quality using efficient crushers, proper juice clarificants and improved furnaces. 31,329 tons of quality gur valued at Rs. 1.19 crores were produced by the ryots as a result of these demonstrations. 865 improved furnaces were constructed free of cost to the ryots in Hindupur and Penukonda taluks. Sixteen instead of the usual twelve charged per day were obtained on these improved furnaces. The cost of production was thus cut down by 25%. The total monetary benefit accrued to the cane-grower as a result of this scheme is estimated at Rs. 8.99 lakhs. The total expenditure incurred on the scheme was Rs. 1,79,498.

Tanning Demonstration Centre : This centre trains every year twelve Harijan boys. This centre which was first started at Kambadur was shifted to Hindupur in December, 1958. In 1959 it was shifted to Uravakonda and finally in 1960 it was shifted to Yadiki in Tadpatri taluk.

Rural Arts, Crafts and Industries Programme in Panchayat Samithi areas : The schemes that have been taken up are concerning technical training facilities, common services in various trades such as carpentry, blacksmithy, leather goods making, tanning, cumby weaving, mat weaving, bamboo and rattan products making, newar tape weaving, slate pencils manufacture, etc. 976 Artisans have been trained upto the end of March, 1962. Twenty-five artisans were also provided with advanced training facilities in workshops and training centres outside the district at Samalkot, Yemmiganur, Cuddapah, Dharwar and Poona. 356 Artisans were supplied with improved tools at 50% subsidised rates as a follow-up measure. The Government have also been sanctioning since 1952-53 (except 1959-60) every year between Rs. 20,000 and Rs. 25,000

for distribution as loans to individual artisans—50% towards the purchase of tools and 50% towards working capital. In the disbursement of these loans only such of those artisans who do not come under any other financial agency like the All India Khadi and Village Industries Board, or All India Handloom Board, etc., have been considered.

Industrial Estates

A rural Industrial Estate has been tentatively sanctioned for location at Sadlapalle near Hindupur in Kodigenahalli Panchayat Samithi area. A site measuring 19.08 acres has been selected and is under acquisition.

Applications from the entrepreneurs are being received and the work of construction will commence as soon as the State Government issues the necessary final orders.

Assisted Private Industrial Estate

The scheme for the establishment of an assisted private Industrial Estate at Anantapur was first sanctioned in February, 1961 with a provision of Rs. 2.07 lakhs.

A site has been selected on the Anantapur-Bellary road and land measuring 40 acres has been acquired at a cost of Rs. 27,600. Roads, water supply facilities, etc., have been provided and the administrative block has also been completed.

Out of the 29 industrialists who have been allotted units in the Estate, fifteen were sanctioned financial assistance by the Andhra Pradesh State Financial Corporation. The industries selected for establishment in this centre are surgical absorption cotton, glass ampules, pressed metalware of brass, copper and aluminium wares, paper bags, plastic utensils, expanded metal, etc.

In spite of encouragement from the Government in various ways the response from the public in this direction has not been very encouraging due to several factors, the foremost being that there are not many people who can be called "reasonably rich" and who can afford to invest in nascent industries. The following statement illustrates the progress made by the loanee industrialists in the assisted private Industrial Estate, Anantapur.

STATEMENT VII-1

Name and address of the occupant of the Industrial Estate.	Name of Industry	Type of unit required with No. of units in each type	Position regarding procurement of machinery and equipment and construction of building.
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)
1 Sri Meda Subbaiah Chetty, Anantapur	Manufacture of starch from tamarind seeds	One 'B'	The construction of factory building has not so far been taken up by the party. The machinery has been imported from England and the same has arrived at Madras Port. The party has contacted the Andhra Pradesh State Financial Corporation for utilising the loan for the procurement of machinery and has executed the mortgage deed, pledge deed and trust receipt. The party has not so far taken up the construction of his factory building. He stated that he would be doing the same in a short time. He has been reminded to start work in the Estate early.
2 Sri Kovoor Ramaiah Chetty, Anantapur	Manufacture of paper bags	One 'F'	The party procured the machinery and has taken up the construction of his factory building in the Estate. The building has come upto the roof level. The trusses are under fabrication.
3 Sri G. D. Jwalanaiah, Anantapur	Manufacture of pressed Metalware	One 'C'	The party procured the machinery and has taken up the construction of his factory building in the Estate. The building has come upto roof level. Trusses have been erected and the A. C. Sheets are to be fixed. The same will be taken up shortly.
4 Sri J. P. Eswarasingh, Anantapur	Manufacture of aluminium utensils	One 'F'	The construction of the building has come to the roof level. The party has placed orders for machinery. The same is ready for despatch. Since the building is not completed the machinery will be brought after it is completed.
5 Sri G. A. Narasimhulu	Manufacture of expanded metal	One 'C'	The import licence for machinery is received. The party is now taking active steps to get the loan sanctioned and take up the construction work of his factory building in the Estate. He is negotiating with the State Financial Corporation in the matter.

Handicrafts

The Government Cottage Industries. Sales Emporium was started at Anantapur on 30-9-1959, with the assistance of the All India

Handicrafts Board to serve as a procurement-cum-sales depot for the handicrafts, and small scale and cottage industries products. Furnishing fabrics, Dharmavaram silks, mats, leather goods, furniture, handloom textiles, etc., are be-

ing procured from within the district and sold at this emporium. The following is the progress of sales year-wise from the date of its inception:

1959-60	Rs. 9,573
1960-61	Rs. 29,139
1961-62	Rs. 45,619

The sales during 1962-63 have been worth over Rs. 60,000. These figures indicate a marked improvement in publicity and sales year after year.

Sericulture

Sericulture industry was first introduced in this district (Hindupur) in the year 1946-47 as part of the programme for development of the sericulture industry in Andhra area. For the first five years the activities of the sericulture section were confined to the rearing and study of the silk work in order to determine the suitability of this industry in the district. The results established the desirability of its introduction on commercial lines in this district and hence this scheme was extended into the rural areas. In the year 1956-57 a few schemes of a fundamental and applied nature were taken up at Hindupur with the assistance of the Central Silk Board. These schemes were to be implemented in Hindupur and Madakasira taluks.

Under this programme the production and supply of high quality, disease free, hybrid layings, to the Government Silk Farms and Sericulturists in the entire State was envisaged. The production and supply recorded a steady increase from 14,000 disease free layings in the

1st year of its production to 65,000 in the year 1961-62. The production is expected to rise to about 1½ lakhs by 1962-63. A basic seed farm was also established at Hindupur for producing the required quantity of local race seed cocoons for hybridisation work. The work steadily progressed and the production of local seed cocoons went up from 40,000 in 1957-58 to 2,02,370 in 1961-62. The production is expected to increase to 4,00,000 by the end of 1962-63. A reeling unit was also established at Hindupur, and the cocoons purchased at fair-prices based on their quality from the Sericulturists are being reeled here and silk of genuine quality is being made available to the silk weavers of the State. This unit has increased its output considerably from 26.00 lbs. in 1957-58 to 378.00 lbs. in 1961-62.

Sericulture has been introduced as a craft in the basic school and the Government Basic Training School at Sevamandir, Hindupur. This scheme is intended to impart instruction both in theory and practice of Sericulture to students for relieving the dearth of trained personnel.

Sericulture industry has come to be established in this district. Requisite assistance is also being rendered to the private sericulturists by way of technical guidance during cultivation of Mulberry and rearing of silk worms through the skilled field staff appointed for the purpose.

Industrial Co-operatives

The following statement gives details of membership, paid-up share capital, loans, production, sales and management of the various Industrial Co-operative Societies in the district.

STATEMENT VII-2

Name of the Society	No. of members (As on 30-6-62)	Paid up share capital (As on 30-6-62)	Loans and grants received from various sources from the inception of society			During Co-operative year 1961-62		Remarks
			Loans	Grants	Source	Production	Sales	
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)
TANNING AND LEATHER INDUSTRY								
1 The Peddapappur Leather Workers' Co-operative Production and Sale Society Ltd., Yadiki	125	2,715	13,470	11,250	Khadi Commission	490	408	The Society has completed the construction of a model tannery building and a flaying centre. The Society sustained loss and an amount of Rs. 900 has been misappropriated by the Board of Directors and legal action is being taken. No production is going on at present.
2 Kambadur Leather Workers' Co-operative Production and Sale Society Ltd., Kambadur	18	1,790	7,000	1,250	Khadi Board	2,650	3,260	A tannery building costing Rs. 18,000 constructed by the Government is placed at the disposal of the Society. The Society could not sell the finished goods for cash and disposed off on credit. Steps are being taken to realise the dues and put the Society on work. The Directors are not evincing any interest.
3 The Madakasira Leather Workers' Co-operative Cottage Industrial Society, Madakasira	98	1,360	10,440	11,850	Khadi Commission	568	506	A sum of Rs. 5,000 is locked up in the hands of the members and the Society has filed arbitration references. The Society is dormant at present.

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Name of the Society	No. of members (As on 30-6-62)	Paid up share capital (As on 30-6-62)	Loans and grants received from various sources from the inception of society			During Co-operative year 1961-62		Remarks
			Loans	Grants	Source	Production	Sales	
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)
TANNING AND LEATHER INDUSTRY—concl'd.								
4 The Uravakonda Tanning Co-operative Society, Uravakonda	29	1,427	9,750	8,250	Khadi Board	...	...	The society constructed tannery building costing about Rs. 9,700 and it has yet to commence work
5 The Hindupur Tanning and Leather Workers' Co-operative Society, Hindupur	26	2,665	9,750	8,250	Khadi Board	2,890	2,512	The society at present is producing leather goods and purchased a site for construction of tannery building. Tanning work has to be commenced after construction of tannery building
6 The Chinnakothapalle Tanning and Leather Workers' Co-operative Society Ltd., Chinnakothapalle	17	1,220	9,750	8,250	Khadi Board	...	...	The society constructed tannery building at a cost of Rs. 10,080. The society commenced production during the current year i. e., 1962-63
7 The Roddam Tanning and Leather Workers' Co-operative Society Ltd., Roddam	16	1,520	...	...	...	...	...	The society sustained loss of Rs. 1,200 during the periods 1959-60 and 1960-61 and stopped its production
8 The Kurubavandlapalle Leather Workers' Co-operative Cottage Industrial Society Ltd., Kurubavandlapalle	38	3,660	...	...	...	...	...	The society did not commence production but gave the amounts to the members to carry on the business in their homes independently
9 The Leather Workers' Co-operative Cottage Industrial Society Ltd., Kadiri	37	1,990	...	...	...	1,020	735	The society is manufacturing leather goods such as footwear etc., and is running on loss
VILLAGE OIL INDUSTRY								
1 The Gorantla Ghani Oil Co-operative Society Ltd., Gorantla	25	945	8,375	2,850	Government	...	19	The society purchased 19 improved ghanis and installed 10. The society sustained loss. The Directors and Members of the society have no interest and it is defunct at present
2 Kalyandrug Oil Mongers' Co-operative Society Ltd., Kalyandrug	20	1,060	4,900	900	Khadi Board	2,455	2,867	The society purchased 6 improved ghanis and installed one only. The society stopped its production for want of interest of the members
3 The Narpala Village Ghani Oil Co-operative Society Ltd., Narpala	11	950	6,500	1,500	Khadi Board	...	...	The society purchased 6 improved ghanis and installed all of them. It did not commence production on account of differences of opinion among members
4 The Sirivaram Ghani Oil Production and Sale Society Ltd., Sirivaram	15	888	5,225	1,500	Government	466	246	The society purchased 10 improved ghanis. It commenced production
5 The Reddipalle Oil Mongers' Co-operative Cottage Industrial Society Ltd., Reddipalle	17	842	5,000	1,500	Khadi Board	...	...	The society has not yet purchased improved ghanis and started production
6 The Beluguppa Ghani Oil Production and Sale Co-operative Society Ltd., Beluguppa	11	240	6,300	1,800	Khadi Board	8,932	9,038	The society purchased 12 improved ghanis and installed 6. It sustained loss and stopped further production
7 Kadirikuntlapalle Ghani Oil Co-operative Cottage Industrial Society, Kadirikuntlapalle	15	1,160	5,200	1,200	Khadi Board	...	...	The society purchased 6 improved ghanis recently and it has to commence production
HAND POUNDING OF PADDY								
1 Kadiri Hand Pounding of Rice Co-operative Cottage Industrial Society Ltd., Kadiri	12	200	...	...	...	...	...	The society has not yet commenced production
2 Sarada Hand Pounding of Paddy Co-operative Cottage Industrial Society Ltd., Gotukur	13	985	3,000	115	Khadi Board	10,720	10,657	The society purchased 2 sets of Emery Chekkies and functioning well

CHAPTER VII

Name of the Society	No. of members (As on 30-6-62)	Paid up share capital (As on 30-6-62)	Loans and grants received from various sources from the inception of society			During Co-operative year 1961-62		Remarks
			Loans	Grants	Source	Production	Sales	
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)
GUR AND KHANDSARI								
1 The Hindupur Gur and Khandsari Co-operative Cottage Industrial Society, Hindupur	19	190	...	...	...	...	...	These two societies have to adjust the suspense amounts towards share capital of the members and then apply for financial aid to the Khadi Board
2 The Gorantla Gur and Khandsari Co-operative Cottage Industrial Society, Gorantla	19	470	...	...	...	...	...
HANDMADE PAPER								
The Anantapur Hand Made Paper Co-operative Cottage Industrial Society, Anantapur	27	530	...	...	...	...	...	The Directors and members are not evincing any interest for the development of the society.
POTTERY AND BRICK INDUSTRY								
1 Mydugolam Potters' Co-operative Cottage Industrial Society Ltd., Mydugolam	14	854	720 3,400	720 1,000	Government Khadi Board	64	64	The Directors are not evincing interest in the development of the industry
2 Talupula Potters' Co-operative Cottage Industrial Society Ltd., Talupula	12	60	...	...	...	...	...	The society refunded share capital to its members and now it is not eligible for the loans.
3 Melavoy Pottery Workers' Co-operative Cottage Industrial Society Ltd., Melavoy	12	600	...	...	...	...	...	The application for financial aid is pending with the Khadi Board
4 Sri Venkateswara Brick Workers' Co-operative Cottage Industrial Society, Upparapalle	24	1,000	3,240	240	Khadi Board	...	...	The society is yet to commence production
CARPENTRY AND BLACKSMITHY								
1 The Basavanahalli Wood Workers' Co-operative Cottage Industrial Society, Basavanahalli	19	1,150	...	1,130	Government	1,770	1,647	The society is working well and it can be developed further if the application of the society for the financial aid is sanctioned by the Khadi Board
2 The Penukonda Carpentry Workers' Co-operative Society Ltd., Penukonda	13	1,095	...	...	...	...	...	Dormant
3 The Sevamandir Wood Workers' Co-operative Society Ltd., Sevamandir	13	1,890	...	...	...	16,573	14,553	Working well
4 Bukkarayasamudram Carpenters' Co-operative Society Ltd., Bukkarayasamudram	13	2,500	...	2,500	Government	1,963	2,770	The society has yet to develop its activities further
5 Vajrakarur Carpenters' Co-operative Society Ltd., Vajrakarur	13	1,300	...	...	...	...	...	Dormant
6 Blacksmithy Workers' Co-operative Cottage Industrial Society Ltd., Kadiri	19	1,248	...	3,030	Government	1,000	4,902	They have to improve their business further
7 Blacksmithy and Carpenters' Co-operative Society Ltd., Talamarla	34	1,960	...	1,860	Government	690	762	
NON-EDIBLE OIL SOAP								
The Venkateswara Non-edible Oil Soap Co-operative Production and Sale Society Ltd., Upparapalle	The society is under liquidation

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Name of the Society	No. of members (As on 30-6-62)	Paid up share capital (As on 30-6-62)	Loans and grants received from various sources from the inception of society			During Co-operative year 1961-62		Remarks
			Loans	Grants	Source	Production	Sales	
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)
HANDICRAFTS, BAMBOO AND BASKET MAKING								
1 The Gooty Palmyrah and Date Products Workers' Co-operative Society Ltd., Gooty	62	142	...	...	...	...	...	Steps are being taken to revive the society
2 The Guntakal Mahendra Workers' Co-operative Cottage Industrial Society Ltd., Guntakal	33	2,250	3,000	1,200	Government	953	1,041	The workers do not want to come to the society and work further
3 The Gowrigampalle Basket and Mat Workers' Co-operative Cottage Industrial Society Ltd., Gowrigampalle	37	400	2,000	720	Government	...	...	Steps have been taken to revive the society and fresh Board of Directors have been elected and a sum of Rs. 1,000 has been collected from the Members which was due for the last 3 years
4 The Puttaparthi Basket and Mat Makers' Co-operative Society Ltd., Puttaparthi	21	108	...	...	...	...	...	The society is defunct from its inception and is fit for liquidation
COIR ROPE MAKING								
The Mandalahalli Rope Making Workers' Co-operative Cottage Industrial Society Ltd., Mandalahalli	40	800	...	...	...	...	...	The society is not evincing any interest to commence work
SERICULTURE SILK SOCIETIES								
The Diguvagundumala Sericulturists' Co-operative Cottage Industrial Society Ltd., Diguvagundumala	20	670	...	...	...	...	404	The progress of the society is not encouraging for want of required initiative and interest of the Directors
TAILORING								
The Kadiri Taluk Tailors' Co-operative Production and Sale Society Ltd., Kadiri	28	340	...	...	...	...	186	The business is not upto the expectation
TANGEDU AND RELA BARK								
The Gooty Tangedu and Relu Bark Collection and Sale Society Ltd., Gooty	22	960	...	...	...	...	...	The society is dormant and there is no scope for its revival as the Government issued an order that the lease of Tangedu bark should not be given to the society
WOMEN SOCIETIES								
1 The Anantapur Women's Thrift and Cottage Industrial Co-operative Society, Anantapur	106	457	...	...	...	...	4	All these societies are dormant and steps have been taken to liquidate the Hindupur Women's Thrift Co-operative Society at present.
2 The Tadpatri Women's Thrift Cottage Industrial Society Ltd., Tadpatri	48	314	...	...	...	...	...
3 The Hindupur Women's Thrift Cottage Industrial Society Ltd., Hindupur	69	245	...	...	...	...	...

Training of Artisans

This training programme was conducted in the various training-cum-production centres, demonstration units, perapatetic training units and rural community workshops started in the Community Development Programme under

rural arts and crafts. The object of the training programme is to improve the skill of the hereditary artisan in the use of improved tools and equipment to enable him to get better returns for his labour. Their progress is being periodically assessed by the officials of this department (the Extension Officer, Industries in the rural

areas and by the Assistant Director of Industries and Commerce) and the relief needed by these artisans is being arranged to the extent possible in the shape of tools, finance, raw materials or by arranging to market the produce through the medium of the Cottage Industries Sales Emporia. The following list gives the number of artisans trained in the various industries.

Carpentry	...	131
Blacksmithy	...	14
Sheet Metal Work	...	22
Pottery	...	80
Tanning & Leather Goods making	...	123
Bamboo & Rattan works	...	48
Cumbly weaving	...	159
Thunga mat weaving	...	196
Nawar Tape weaving	...	160
Dress making	...	168
Handloom weaving	...	8
Sericulture	...	60
Total	...	1,169 artisans

Khadi and Village Industries

The Andhra Pradesh Khadi and Village Industries Board has been extending financial assistance by way of loans and grants to the Industrial Co-operative Societies engaged in the Industries coming under their pattern. Financial assistance is also being extended in the supply of improved implements like oil ghanis, improved potters' wheels, hand pounding (rice) equipment, renovation of old tanning pits and construction of new tanning pits by giving individual subsidies to the artisans concerned.

Conclusion

Anantapur district, as must be obvious to the reader by now, is a very poor mass of land which yields hardly anything. Famines and droughts

are very common keeping most of the people almost throughout their lives poor and hungry. Agricultural employment is very scarce and therefore the purchasing power in the hands of the people is also negligible. Industrialisation of the district seems to be the only method of not only developing the district, but also a solution for mass under-employment of the people. Major and Medium Industries are very few. Almost all the Industries are dependent on agriculture. Small Scale Industries and other Industrial Schemes have now slowly started to gather momentum creating not only industrial consciousness but also fresh avenues of full employment. The lot of the artisans is also much better today and owes a great deal to the Industries Department for this improved state of affairs.

Anantapur is one of the three areas in the State of Andhra Pradesh selected for the implementation of the "Rural Industries Project" Scheme during 1962-63. These projects recommended by the Planning Commission take into account the existence of an industrial base already created in the rural areas as a result of the programmes implemented during the two Five Year Plan periods. The projects contemplate the promotion of intensive and integrated development of all kinds of small industries including processing industries based on agriculture and evolving effective techniques and methods and programmes for development of different kinds of small industries in rural areas as a solution to rural unemployment problems.

A Special Project Development Officer has been appointed with headquarters at Anantapur and he is made responsible for the implementation of this scheme in Anantapur district.

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- References:—1 Techno-Economic Survey of Andhra Pradesh, 1962
 2 Report of Sri C. R. Desikan, Assistant Director of Industries, Anantapur, dated 5-4-1963
 3 A note on the Rural Industries Project, by the Project Development Officer, Anantapur, dated 4-4-1963

CHAPTER VIII

EDUCATION

General

The development of a country largely depends upon the education of its people and hence great stress has been laid on education in our Five Year Plans. Education is the systematic instruction, schooling or training given to young persons in preparation for the work of life, while literacy is the ability of a person to read and write in order that he may communicate to the outside world. During Census enumeration information regarding literacy and educational levels of each person was collected and the particulars so tabulated as to facilitate proper planning for the improvement of educational facilities with reference to the needs of the country in various fields.

At the present Census a person who can both read and write any language is taken as a literate.

A person who can merely read but cannot write has not been treated as a literate. The test for reading is the ability to read any simple letter either in print or in manuscript. The test for writing is the ability to write a simple letter. Children aged 4 years and below have been automatically treated as illiterates. If a person has been successful in a recognised examination or examinations, the highest qualification so obtained has been taken as the level of education of that individual. Columns 18 and 19 of the Village and Town Directories given in the second part of this book indicate the number of literates among males and females in each village and in each ward/locality of the town. The following statement gives at a glance the total number of literates as well as their percentage in the district and in each of the taluks of the district.

STATEMENT VIII-1

District/Taluk			Total Population			Literates			Percentage		
			Persons	Males	Females	Persons	Males	Females	Persons	Males	Females
			(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)
ANANTAPUR DISTRICT	T	...	1,767,464	908,254	859,210	364,256	287,676	76,580	20.61	31.67	8.91
	R	...	1,459,837	749,272	710,565	239,929	201,254	38,675	16.44	26.86	5.44
	U	...	307,627	158,982	148,645	124,327	86,422	37,905	40.41	54.36	25.50
Anantapur Taluk	T	...	220,706	114,807	105,899	56,361	42,033	14,328	25.54	36.61	13.53
	R	...	168,426	86,997	81,429	28,371	23,413	4,958	16.84	26.91	6.09
	U	...	52,280	27,810	24,470	27,990	18,620	9,370	53.54	66.95	38.29
Kalyandrug Taluk	T	...	141,394	73,312	68,082	27,552	22,239	5,313	19.49	30.33	7.80
	R	...	131,138	67,965	63,173	23,600	19,405	4,195	18.00	28.55	6.64
	U	...	10,256	5,347	4,909	3,952	2,834	1,118	38.53	53.00	22.77
Rayadrug Taluk	T	...	142,967	72,747	70,220	26,292	21,589	4,703	18.39	29.68	6.70
	R	...	119,188	60,547	58,641	18,766	15,832	2,934	15.74	26.15	5.00
	U	...	23,779	12,200	11,579	7,526	5,757	1,769	31.65	47.19	15.28
Urvakonda Independent Sub-Taluk	T	...	98,655	50,072	48,583	21,628	17,500	4,128	21.92	34.95	8.50
	R	...	80,729	40,921	39,808	16,091	13,120	2,971	19.93	32.06	7.46
	U	...	17,926	9,151	8,775	5,537	4,380	1,157	30.89	47.86	13.19
Gooty Taluk	T	...	159,706	81,808	77,898	42,025	31,234	10,791	26.31	38.18	13.85
	R	...	83,850	42,715	41,135	12,096	10,369	1,727	14.43	24.27	4.20
	U	...	75,856	39,093	36,763	29,929	20,865	9,064	39.46	33.37	24.66
Tadpatri Taluk	T	...	154,208	78,743	75,465	36,616	29,764	6,852	23.74	37.80	9.08
	R	...	121,803	62,292	59,511	24,961	21,157	3,804	20.49	33.96	6.39
	U	...	32,405	16,451	15,954	11,655	8,607	3,048	35.97	52.32	19.10
Dharmavaram Taluk	T	...	138,529	70,861	67,668	25,217	20,152	5,065	18.20	28.44	7.49
	R	...	118,124	60,343	57,781	17,250	14,470	2,780	14.60	23.98	4.81
	U	...	20,405	10,518	9,887	7,967	5,682	2,285	39.04	54.02	23.11
Kadiri Taluk	T	...	250,976	129,436	121,540	40,418	33,749	6,669	16.10	26.07	5.49
	R	...	226,669	117,024	109,645	32,548	28,170	4,378	14.36	24.07	3.99
	U	...	24,307	12,412	11,895	7,870	5,579	2,291	32.38	44.95	19.26
Penukonda Taluk	T	...	141,463	72,623	68,840	25,362	20,525	4,837	17.93	28.26	7.03
	R	...	133,470	68,441	65,029	21,491	17,991	3,500	16.10	26.39	5.38
	U	...	7,993	4,182	3,811	3,871	2,534	1,337	48.43	60.39	35.08
Hindupur Taluk	T	...	182,934	94,251	88,683	39,446	29,723	9,723	21.86	31.88	10.96
	R	...	150,489	77,568	72,921	24,624	20,350	4,274	16.36	28.24	5.86
	U	...	32,445	16,683	15,762	14,822	9,373	5,449	45.68	60.88	34.57
Madakasira Taluk	T	...	135,926	69,594	66,332	23,339	19,168	4,171	17.17	27.54	6.29
	R	...	125,951	64,459	61,492	20,131	16,977	3,154	16.16	26.64	5.13
	U	...	9,975	5,135	4,840	3,208	2,191	1,017	32.16	42.67	21.01

Tables given in the Annexure to this part will indicate the number of various types of educational institutions in this district and their strength as on 31-3-1961.

and their strength as on 31-3-1961.

Elementary Education

The progress of elementary education in the district decennially since the turn of the cen-

tury and also during the last quinquennium is exhibited in the following two tables:—

STATEMENT VIII-2

DECENNIAL PROGRESS OF ELEMENTARY EDUCATION

Year	No. of Schools							Strength			
	Government	District Board	Municipal Board	Local Board	Aided	Unaided	Total	Boys	Girls	Total	
	(Zilla Parishad)										
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)	
1906—07	...	7	...	2	54	209	236	508	11,058	639	11,697
1916—17	...	8	...	5	263	453	122	851	24,613	1,176	25,789
1926—27	...	1	...	36	530	728	113	1,408	41,650	4,466	46,116
1936—37	...	33	...	32	590	479	31	1,165	45,272	6,215	51,487
1946—47	...	46	578	33	...	139	2	798	53,348	7,233	60,581

STATEMENT VIII-3

QUINQUENNIAL PROGRESS OF ELEMENTARY EDUCATION

Year	Type of School	No. of Schools						Strength			
		Government	District Board	Municipal Board	Aided	Panchayat	Total	Boys	Girls	Total	
		(Zilla Parishad)									
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)	
1956-57	Lower Elementary	...	108	844	41	206	...	1,199	62,341	26,281	88,622
	Higher Elementary	...	2	23	4	13	...	42	7,781	3,839	11,620
1957-58	Lower Elementary	...	163	846	41	201	...	1,251	69,803	29,736	99,539
	Higher Elementary	...	2	21	4	12	...	39	7,595	3,977	11,572
1958-59	Lower Elementary	...	207	1,063	66	25	...	1,361	74,821	32,047	106,868
	Higher Elementary	...	...	16	8	5	...	29	5,817	3,342	9,159
1959-60	Lower Elementary	...	71	405	53	28	826	1,383	N.A.	N.A.	102,571
	Higher Elementary	...	...	5	8	5	9	27	N.A.	N.A.	8,096
1960-61	Lower Elementary	...	...	332	66	31	1,141	1,570	N.A.	N.A.	123,459
	Higher Elementary	...	...	4	8	5	7	24	N.A.	N.A.	32,835

Elementary education as observed in the above quinquennial table, indicates the recent trends of development both in its numerical growth and also in the structure and quality of the institutions. Several developmental programmes have resulted in bringing schools to areas which had not known their existence and the enforcement of the universal free compulsory education. The gradual decrease in the number of aided schools and the corresponding increase in those under Zilla Parishad and Panchayat Samithis has been essentially due to the policy of handing over the aided institutions to the decentralized bodies in the reorganised set up of the District administration. The increase in strength between 1956-57 to 1960-61 has been 38% in the Lower and 65% in the Higher Elementary Schools.

In the beginning of the second decade of this century with the enactment of the Education Act of 1920, the levying of the Education Cess

by the various local bodies for introducing compulsory education was permitted. In 1923-24 the Taluk Boards of Anantapur, Dharmavaram, Penukonda, Gooty and the Hindupur Municipalities started levying the Education Cess. The Tadpatri Municipality followed suit in 1925-26. However, with the abolition of the Taluk Boards in 1933-34 and the constitution of the District Boards in the erstwhile Madras Presidency, the levy of the Education Cess by the former could not be undertaken. But in spite of this the Hindupur Municipality continued its efforts in implementing this scheme.

With a view to rapidly extend elementary education for boys and girls of all communities in the rural areas upto the fifth standard in the first instance, as part of the post-war educational development schemes, compulsory elementary education was introduced in 8 centres in 1945-46, in 45 centres in 1946-47 and in 21 centres in 1947-48. With the discontinuance of this scheme

in 1948-49 and the introduction of what came to be known as modified schemes of elementary education in 1953-54, this problem assumed a different shape. Acting on the recommendations of Kuppaswami Committee in 1954, the scheme for the abolition of aided managements and the handing over of aided elementary schools to the local bodies, originally introduced in Nellore in 1956-57, came to be extended to Anantapur district during 1958-59.

This district has been fully covered by the Universal Free and Compulsory Education Act of 1961 introduced for children of the age-group of 6 to 11 years.

The scheme for providing midday meals, to school children was introduced in the Kodigana-halli Block during 1959. Two centres were started to feed 92 children. This scheme was extended to cover all the 13 Blocks in the Anantapur Educational district and the 4 Blocks in the Adoni Educational district by 1961-62. An amount of Rs. 980 was sanctioned to each of the Panchayat Samithis as a grant-in-aid towards this scheme to be supplemented by raising local contributions. By 1961-62 this scheme functioned in 105 centres in the entire district feeding on an average 41 children per day per centre.

Under the Third Five Year Plan, for the introduction of universal compulsory free primary education, an amount of Rs. 59.7 lakhs has been allotted for this district. Towards the expansion of pre-primary education Rs. 0.175 lakhs has been allotted. A pre-primary school has, therefore, been opened in Bukkarayasamudram under the management of Singanamala Panchayat Samithi during 1961-62. The only other pre-primary institution is a nursery school started by the Guild of Service in July, 1953 with classes I to III known as the "Toddlers". It has 90 children on its rolls. The Guild of

Service manages this institution from public contributions and it also gets Rs. 1,000 as a grant from the Government. There are ten "Balwadies" in the various parts of the district maintained by the Women's Welfare Department. Further the Southern Railway is also maintaining six primary and middle schools in the various railway colonies of the district.

Secondary Education

The earliest institution in the district providing secondary education is the Malthus Smith Multipurpose School started at Gooty in 1876 as an Anglo Vernacular School under the aegis of a London Missionary Society. This was followed by the E. C. M. High School at Hindupur 1898; the Parishad High School at Kundarpi in 1900; the Parishad Higher Secondary School at Rayadurg, the Municipal Higher Secondary School at Tadpatri, and the Parishad Higher Secondary School at Penukonda in 1918, the Parishad Higher Secondary School at Madakasira in 1920 and the Parishad High School at Nyamaddala and Anantapur in 1925 and 1927-28 respectively.

Thus by 1935-36 Anantapur district had less than ten Secondary Schools. In this respect it was on the same footing as Kurnool and Cuddapah districts. The state of affairs improved considerably after the advent of Independence and the heralding of the Five Year Plans when as a result of intensive efforts for the promotion of secondary education, several schools were started mostly as Middle and Higher Elementary Schools in the first instance and in due course upgraded into High and Higher Secondary Schools.

The patterns of evolution of Secondary Schools since the turn of this century and during the five years 1956-61 has been illustrated in the decennial and the quinquennial tables presented below:—

STATEMENT VIII-4

DECENNIAL PROGRESS OF SECONDARY EDUCATION

Year	No. of Schools							Strength		
	Government	District Board (Zilla Parishad)	Local Board	Municipal Board	Aided	Unaided	Total	Boys	Girls	Total
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)
1906-07	1	...	1	1	5	1	9	622	83	705
1916-17	...	...	1	1	2	...	4	882	...	882
1926-27	1	...	5	3	1	...	10	1,998	107	2,105
1936-37	1	5	...	3	1	...	10	2,116	262	2,378
1946-47	2	...	6	3	3	...	14	6,598	404	7,002

CHAPTER VIII

STATEMENT VIII-5
QUINQUENNIAL PROGRESS OF SECONDARY EDUCATION
No. of Schools

Year	No. of Schools					Strength		
	Government	District Board (Zilla Parishad)	Municipal Board	Aided	Total	Boys	Girls	Total
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)
MIDDLE SCHOOLS								
1956-57	...	5	1	...	6	619	30	649
1957-58	3	7	3	...	13	761	867	1,628
1958-59	2	12	1	...	15	481	129	610
1959-60	1	11	1	...	13	726	561	1,287
1960-61	1	14	1	...	16	917	655	1,572
HIGH SCHOOLS								
1956-57	1	27	4	3	35	15,998	1,415	17,413
1957-58	1	29	4	2	36	13,796	1,722	15,518
1958-59	...	32	4	1	37	13,028	1,059	14,087
1959-60	1	39	4	1	45	8,835	6,704	15,539
1960-61	1	42	4	...	47	7,975	5,563	13,538
HIGHER SECONDARY SCHOOLS								
1956-57	1	...	...	...	1	934	82	1,016
1957-58	1	1	...	1	3	2,281	282	2,563
1958-59	1	2	...	2	5	3,725	568	4,293
1959-60	1	2	...	2	5	3,311	914	4,225
1960-61	1	6	...	3	10	5,401	3,106	8,507

As a result of the recommendations of the Secondary Education Commission of 1952, schemes for upgrading Secondary Schools into Higher Secondary institutions and introducing bifurcated and diversified courses have also been implemented in this district. Thus during 1957-58 the Government High School, Anantapur, the Parishad High School, Dharmavaram and the London Mission School, Gooty were converted into Higher Secondary Schools. These were followed by the Parishad High School, Penukonda, the Sri Sai Baba National High School, Anantapur in 1958-59, the Parishad Schools of Kalyandrug and Kadiri in 1960-61, and finally the Rajendra Municipal High School, Anantapur, the Mahatma Gandhi Municipal High School, Hindupur and the Parishad High Schools of Uravakonda, Pamidi and Tadpatri in 1961-62.

There are 8 Science Clubs in the Secondary School Hindupur and the Parishad High Schools units with a strength of 1,429. English medium is not prevalent in any of the High Schools in the district but Sanskrit is being taught in six schools, Urdu in ten schools and Kannada in 3 schools as subjects under Part II of the 1st languages under the S. S. L. C. scheme. The following statement gives details of the number of students that appeared and passed in the S. S. L. C. examinations from 1954 to 1960 held in the various centres of the district.

STATEMENT VIII-6			
Year	Number appeared	Number passed	Percentage
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)
1954	1,776	827	46.56
1955	2,002	976	48.75
1956	2,365	1,224	51.75
1957	2,350	801	34.08
1958	2,309	698	30.23
1959	2,294	863	37.62
1960	2,293	762	33.23

The following is the allocation for the promotion of secondary education in the district under the Third Five Year Plan.

STATEMENT VIII-7

Nature of Scheme	Allotment (Rupees in lakhs)
(1)	(2)
Educational facilities for children of age-group 14 to 17 years	11.575
Conversion of High Schools into Higher Secondary Schools	14.215
Scholarships	0.183
Seminars	0.037
Strengthening of Inspectorates	0.194
Improvement of salaries under University education	0.758
Increasing facilities of Science education at the Under-graduate level	4.490
Total	31.452

Basic Education

Anantapur district has two Basic Training Schools at Anantapur and Hindupur under Government management. The Government Basic Training School at Anantapur was originally started in 1883 as a Teachers' Training Institute for men and was converted into the basic pattern in 1958, while the Government Basic Training School at Hindupur originated as a Basic Institution in 1949 with Teachers' Training Courses in Senior and Junior Basic Grades.

As regards Basic Schools, its progress in Anantapur district has been quite remarkable. There were two Basic Schools in 1950-51, thirty-five in 1953-54, sixty-one in 1957-58 and one hundred and eighteen in 1960-61.

The following statement illustrates the number of Junior and Senior Basic Schools, its

management, strength of the institutions, etc., during the period 1956-61:—

STATEMENT VIII-8

Year	No. of Schools						Strength		
	Government	District Board (Zilla Parishad)	Municipal Board	Aided	Panchayat Samithis	Total	Boys	Girls	Total
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)
JUNIOR BASIC SCHOOLS									
1956-57	6	23	...	10	...	39	2,087	694	2,781
1957-58	...	57	...	...	...	57	2,902	1,123	4,025
1958-59	...	88	...	1	...	89	3,893	2,068	5,961
1959-60	...	2	1	...	102	110	N.A.	N.A.	9,316
1960-61	...	5	1	2	105	113	N.A.	N.A.	10,418
SENIOR BASIC SCHOOLS									
1956-57	1	1	...	1	...	3	457	129	586
1957-58	...	3	...	1	...	4	830	219	1,049
1958-59	...	3	...	2	...	5	1,085	341	1,426
1959-60	2	3	5	1,142	364	1,506
1960-61	2	3	5	1,182	369	1,551

The essential principles of Basic education are also being taught in all the Elementary Schools of the district although many of them are yet to be converted into the basic pattern.

The expenditure on the basic education during the Second Plan period is as follows:—

	Rs.
Programme of Orientation of Elementary Schools towards the Basic pattern	12,949
Administrative expenditure on the two Training Schools at Anantapur and Hindupur	955
Opening of additional sections in Government Basic Training Schools	18,478

The following is the allocation under the Third Five Year Plan towards basic education in this district:—

	Rs. lakhs
Orientation of ordinary Elementary Schools towards basic pattern	1.073
Establishment of Model Basic Schools in urban areas	0.299
Consolidation and strengthening of existing Schools	0.337
Improvement of existing Basic Training Schools	0.378
Conversion of non-Basic Training Schools into Basic Training Schools	0.330

Adult Education and Social Education

The movement of Adult and Social Education was first institutionalised in the establishment of night schools in this district since the quinquennium 1906-07 to 1911-12. Soon their number increased from 30 during this period, to 250 in 1924-25, 313 in 1928-29 and fell to 221 in 1930-31, and finally the figure came down to one in 1940-41, and to nil thereafter.

Once again with the inauguration of the scheme of Adult Education in the erstwhile Madras State in 1948-49, schools for adults started functioning since 1950-51. The number of schools were 29 in that year and this number rose to 157 in 1955-56, 120 in 1958-59, and fell to 42 in 1959-60 and finally the figure dropped to 14 in 1960-61. The strength of these institutions also underwent change as follows:—

1950-51	704
1955-56	3,612
1958-59	2,664
1959-60	951
1960-61	321

The strength indicated in 1960-61 fell still further after the adult schools outside the pale of the Community Development areas were ordered to be closed down. Adult literacy centres now function under the supervision and within the jurisdictions of the respective Panchayat Samithis.

Collegiate Education

Government Arts College: With a view to provide a separate institution for students of "Ceded Districts", Lord Pentland, the Governor of Madras, started this college, then known as the "Ceded Districts College" on the 8th July, 1916. This institution was carefully nurtured during its infant stages by Sir Henry Stone, the then Director of Public Instruction.

The College imparts instructions to students in the Pre-University class and to undergraduates in Arts and Sciences. Evening classes are also being conducted in the Pre-University Course for providing opportunities to those who seek advancement through better educational qualifications.

The following statement illustrates the strength of the college in each course from 1955-56 to 1960-61 as well as the budget of the institution:—

STATEMENT VIII-9

Year	Strength of College								Total of the courses		Budget of College	
	P. U. C.				Degree				Boys	Girls	Non-Plan	Plan
	Boys	Girls	S. C.	S. T.	Boys	Girls	S. C.	S. T.				
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)	(13)
GOVERNMENT ARTS COLLEGE												
1955-56	1,121	71	79	1	401	17	7	1	1,522	88	N.A.	N.A.
1956-57	1,193	76	98	2	437	19	7	1	1,630	95	N.A.	N.A.
1957-58	1,115	67	91	6	424	25	8	1	1,539	92	N.A.	N.A.
1958-59	394	27	37	2	552	47	17	1	946	74	N.A.	N.A.
1959-60	481	27	47	...	604	66	36	...	1,085	93	293,367	89,753
1960-61	454	38	47	...	579	66	35	1	1,033	104	295,880	126,800

Note :—S. C. Scheduled Castes
S. T. Scheduled Tribes

Government Engineering College : Under the Post-war Reconstruction Scheme (World War II) the Government of Madras opened three Engineering Colleges in the old Madras Presidency in addition to the then existing Engineering College at Guindy. Anantapur Engineering College was one amongst these three. The college which was started in the year 1946 was temporarily located at the College of Engineering, Guindy and subsequently in 1948 shifted to Anantapur and was located in the war time Meat Dehydration Factory. It had a sanctioned strength of 75 students in each class. In the year 1955 in order to meet the demand for technical personnel in the State, the Government also started a compressed course. But, however, this course was wound up in 1957. The same year a Polytechnic was started providing diploma courses in Civil, Mechanical and Electrical Engineering with an intake of 120 students per year. This has been separated from the Engineering College since 1-7-1960 and now exists as a Government Polytechnic Institute. Consequent on the abolition of Intermediate Class and the introduction of a 3-year Degree Course, a pre-professional class was started in the academic year 1958-59 with an intake of 120 students. During the year 1959-60

this has been converted into the 1st year of the Five Year integrated course.

The College is located about 4 miles from the Anantapur Railway Station in the newly constructed permanent buildings occupying an area of nearly 223 acres. The sanctioned strength which was originally 75 has now been increased to 120 (intake each year).

The College is under the control of the Director of Technical Education, Andhra Pradesh. The courses offered in the institution are Civil, Mechanical and Electrical. The first 3 years of study is common to all students. The total duration of the course is 5 years. 16% of the seats are reserved for Scheduled Castes and Scheduled Tribes and 25% seats are reserved for backward classes. Scheduled Castes and Tribes have been granted full fee concession while the backward classes have been given 50% fee concession.

This is a fully residential institution. Accommodation and other facilities are available to all those who wish to reside in the Hostel.

The following statement illustrates the strength of the College together with its budget from 1951 to 1961:—

STATEMENT VIII-10

Year	Strength of College				Total of the Courses		Budget of the College (in Rupees)
	Boys	Girls	Scheduled Castes	Scheduled Tribes	Boys	Girls	
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)
GOVERNMENT ENGINEERING COLLEGE							
1951-52 :							
I B.E.	83	...	9	...	328	...	9,96,911
II B.E.	87	...	4	...			
III B.E.	82	...	2	...			
IV B.E.	76	...	2	...			
1952-53 :							
I B.E.	83	...	9	...	316	...	9,08,464
II B.E.	73	...	10	...			
III B.E.	84	...	6	2			
IV B.E.	76	...	2	...			

EDUCATION

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Year	Strength of College				Total of the Courses		Budget of the College (in Rupees)
	Boys	Girls	Scheduled Castes	Scheduled Tribes	Boys	Girls	
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)
GOVERNMENT ENGINEERING COLLEGE— <i>concl.</i>							
1953-54 :							
I B.E.	85	...	5	...	312	...	2,62,666
II B.E.	82	...	9	...			
III B.E.	68	...	9	...			
IV B.E.	77	...	6	2			
1954-55 :							
I B.E.	85	...	5	...	313	...	2,83,456
II B.E.	86	...	5	...			
III B.E.	77	...	8	...			
IV B.E.	65	...	7	...			
1955-56 :							
I B.E.	85	...	7	2	331	...	3,11,314
II B.E.	85	...	5	...			
III B.E.	86	...	5	...			
IV B.E.	75	...	8	...			
1956-57 :							
I B.E.	83	...	5	...	318	...	2,85,407
II B.E.	85	...	7	2			
III B.E.	63	...	...	...
IV B.E.	87	...	5	...			
1957-58 :							
I B.E.	123	...	3	1	364	...	3,31,305
II B.E.	82	...	5	...			
III B.E.	96	...	10	...			
IV B.E.	63	...	...	...
1958-59 :							
P.P.C.	120	535	...	3,84,289
I B.E.	120	...	8	...			
II B.E.	123	...	3	1			
III B.E.	76	...	5	1			
IV B.E.	96	...	10	1			
1959-60 :							
P.P.C.	119	...	16	2	551	...	4,39,545
I B.E.	119	...	...	...
II B.E.	120	...	8	...			
III B.E.	116	...	2	1			
IV B.E.	77	...	2	1			
1960-61 :							
P.P.C.	120	...	12	...	548	...	4,34,312
I B.E.	83	...	2	...			
II B.E.	121	...	...	...
III B.E.	111	...	7	...			
IV B.E.	113	...	1	1			

Other Institutes

Oil Technological Research Institute : This institute was set up for tackling various problems connected with oilseeds, oils, oil-cakes, soap detergents, paints, varnishes, fatty acids, glycerine lubricants, essential oils, oil modified plastics, etc., and to train apprentices in a Diploma Course in Oil Technology. The foundation stone of this institute was laid in 1949 and it started functioning from 1951. It has been retained on a permanent basis since 1960.

This institute, the only one of its type in India is solely devoted to problems of oils and allied

technology while other laboratories in the country have 'oils' as one of their several sections.

The total expenditure incurred by the State and the Union Governments (through Indian Central Oil Seeds Committee and the Council of Scientific and Industrial Research) from its inception upto 31-3-1962 is Rs. 22.2 lakhs of which the State's share of expenditure is 16.2 lakhs. The Joint Committee of the Indian Central Oil Seeds Committee and the Council of Scientific and Industrial Research have sanctioned a total amount of about Rs. 16 lakhs for the Third Five Year Plan programme of the institute. An another amount of Rs. 3 lakhs has been provided

by the State Government for the development of this institute under the Third Plan towards laboratory building and equipment.

Industrial Training Institute : The Industrial Training Institute at Anantapur is one of the biggest training centres in the State for training craftsmen in various engineering trades. It is under the administrative control of the Director of Technical Education, Hyderabad. The training is imparted according to the syllabus prescribed by the Director General of Employment and Training, Ministry of Labour, Government of India. The expenditure is shared in the ratio of 60:40 between the Central and the State Governments.

The admission to this institute is open to both boys and girls between the ages of 16 and 25. The general standard of education is S.S.L.C. for a few trades and two standards lower than S.S.L.C. for other trades. The upper age limit

has been relaxed upto 28 years for those belonging to the Scheduled Castes and Scheduled Tribes. The training is free and is borne at Government cost. Stipends at the rate of Rs. 25 per month per trainee are given to poor and deserving candidates subject to a maximum of 1/3rd of the intake strength. In addition to free training, free medical aid, three sets of workshop clothing and free hostel accommodation are also provided.

The institute offers craftsmen training in the following engineering trades:—(i) Blacksmithy, (ii) Electricians, (iii) Motor Mechanics, (iv) Moulders, (v) Fitters, (vi) Turners and (vii) Welders. S.S.L.C. qualification is essential for training as Electricians, while for other crafts educational qualifications of 2 standards less than S.S.L.C. is sufficient. The present sanctioned strength of the institute is 408 trainees working on two shifts. The approximate annual recurring expenditure is about rupees two lakhs.

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- References :—*1 District Educational Officer, Anantapur
 2 Principal, Government Arts College, Anantapur
 3 Principal, Government Engineering College, Anantapur
 4 Short Notes, Memoranda, etc., prepared for the tour of the Governor of Andhra Pradesh in Anantapur District in 1962

CHAPTER IX

TRANSPORT AND COMMUNICATIONS

General

Writing in 1852 Major R. Henderson then Civil Engineer in charge of this part of the country said — "Roads there are none deserving the name. There certainly are tracks through some parts marked out by aloe and milk bush-hedges, but for want of bridges and drains these tracks are divided into isolated portions by the rivers that intersect them. At present there is not a single arched bridge throughout the district, though it is intersected by rivers and streams in every direction. The district is actually locked up from the surrounding provinces and without means either for the export of its produce or for the introduction of European articles of Commerce".

Most of the roads of this district have been a creation of last half of the 19th century. Their construction received a great impetus during the famines of 1866 and 1876. In a district which contained very few irrigation works, making of roads formed the only possible relief work. During 1876 famine Rs. 56 lakhs were expended on new roads and Rs. 12 lakhs on repairs to the existing lines in Bellary and Anantapur districts.

As a result of the Five Year Plans transport had suddenly become a vital factor in the progress and prosperity of the State in general and of this district in particular. Road building, therefore, assumed a new importance and the activities in this sphere increased considerably. The total mileage of roads of various types under various managements, etc., has been exhibited under "Administrative Statistics" of this Hand Book.

The district is now connected by roads with the adjoining districts of Cuddapah, Kurnool, Chittoor and the Mysore State. The conditions of the Highways are generally good, most of the roads being black-topped. The following are the list of Government roads maintained by the Highways Department in Anantapur district.

STATEMENT IX-1

Name of Road	Starting mileage	Ending mileage	Total length
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)
	M. F. Ft.	M. F. Ft.	M. F. Ft.
<i>National Highways</i>			
Benares-Cape Comorin Road	52-1-63	157-6-154	105-5-91
		Total ...	105-5-91

Name of Road	Starting mileage	Ending mileage	Total length
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)
	M. F. Ft.	M. F. Ft.	M. F. Ft.
<i>State Highways</i>			
Madras-Bombay Road	182-6-0	258 6 0	122-1-622
Uravakonda-Guntakal Road	261-6-158	308-0-120	
Rayaicheruvu- Bhoga- samudram Road	294-0-0	317-5-0	23-5-0
Bellary-Cuddapah Road	0-0-0	14-0-0	14-0-0
Anantapur-Tadpatri Road	16-0-0	64-5-0	48-5-0
	0-0-0	42-5-0	42-5-0
		Total ...	251-0-622
<i>Major District Roads</i>			
Rayaicheruvu-Tadpatri- Cuddapah Road	65-0-0	89-5-0	24-5-0
Tumkur-Gundlupalle Road	44-5-0	53-2-0	39-6-0
	74-6-0	105-7-0	
Kodikonda-Amarapuram Road	2-4-0	20-5-440	37-6-440
	21-4-0	41-1-0	
Bangalore-Somandepalle Road	54-6-0	79-2-0	24-4-0
Anantapur-Kalyandrug Road	0-0-0	34-2-0	34-2-0
Kadiri-Palasamudram Road	0-0-0	36-5-0	36-5-0
Kadiri-Muddanur Road	34-2-0	48-5-0	14-3-0
Rayadug-Kudair Road	17-6-0	18-3-0	0-5-0
Bellary-Kalyandrug Road	10-0-0	32-2-0	22-2-0
Bellary-Bangalore Road	7-3-0	14-6-0	7-3-0
Rayadug-Kalyandrug Road	6-0-0	17-6-0	11-6-0
Kudligi-Anantapur Road	0-0-0	5-0-0	5-0-0
		Total ...	258-7-440
<i>Major District Roads (District Board)</i>			
Rayadug-Kudair Road	18-3-0	44-1-0	25-6-0
Rayadug-Dharmavaram Road	53-0-0	97-4-0	44-4-0
Kalyandrug-Majayanur Road	0-0-0	22-0-0	22-0-0
Kambadur-Perur Road	0-0-0	9 0-0	9-0-0
Damajipalle-Narayanpalle Road	0-3-0	58-0-0	37-5-0
Nagasamudram-Perur Road	0-0-0	24-7-0	24-7-0
Malyavantham-Peddakotla Road	0-0-0	12-4-0	12-4-0
Penukonda-Mudigubba Road	0-0-0	35-5-0	35-5-0
Penukonda-Madakasira Road	0-0-0	17-4-0	23-0-0
	19-6-0	25-2-0	
Penukonda-Pavagada Road	2-2-0	15-3-0	13-1-0
Kotnur-Balasamudram Road	0-0-0	14-0-0	14-0-0
Kodikonda-Amarapuram Road	0-0-0	2-4-0	26-7-0
	41-0-0	59-6-0	
	61-7-0	67-4-0	20-2-0
Kadiri-Rajampet Road	58-3-0	78-5-0	
Madakasira-Machudi Road	3-2-0	8-1-0	16-0-0
	9-3-0	20-4-0	
Kanekal-Malyam Road	0-0-0	0-5-0	0-5-0
Bellary-Rayadug Road	8-0-0	31-4-0	23-4-0
Rayadug-Kanekal Road	12-6-0	18-0-0	5-2-0
Malyam-Sollapuram Road	0-0-0	4-2-0	4-2-0
		Total	358-6-0
<i>Other District Roads (District Board)</i>			
Pamidi-Vajrakarur Road	0-0-0	18-0-0	18-0-0
Gooty-Peddavadugur Road	0-0-0	10-0-0	10-0-0
Gooty-Nagasamudram Road	0-0-0	15-0-0	15-0-0
Vidapanakal-Gadekal Road	0-0-0	5-4-0	5-4-0
Uravakonda-Havaligi Road	0-0-0	12-4-0	12-4-0
Guntakal-Kasapuram Road	0-0-0	5-2-0	5-2-0

Name of Road	Startin- mileage	Ending mileage	Total length
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)
	M. F. Ft.	M. F. Ft.	M. F. Ft.
<i>Other District Roads (District Board)-concl'd.</i>			
Rayadurg-Dharmavaram Road	42-2-0	53-0-0	10-6-0
Kallur-Tarimela Road	0-0-0	7-3-0	7-3-0
Bukkapatnam-Vengivamma- cheruvu Road	0-0-0	6-4-0	6-4-0
Mulakavemula-Nallamada Road	0-0-0	10-0-0	10-0-0
Belasamudram-Nambulipuli- kunta Road	0-0-0	21-1-0	21-1-0
Talupula Branch Road	0-0-0	4-4-0	4-4-0
Rayadurg-Bhupasamudram Road	32-4-0	41-7-0	9-3-0
Rayadurg-Kanekal Road	0-0-0	12-6-0	12-6-0
Rayadurg-Eradikera Road	0-0-0	8-6-0	8-6-0
		Total	157-3-0

Village Roads

Gooty-Pattikonda Road	1-4-0	7-0-0	5-4-0
Miduthur-Peddavadugur Road	0-0-0	3-4-0	3-4-0
Mustur-Amidala Road	0-0-0	4-7-0	4-7-0
Gulapalyam Railway Feeder Road	0-0-0	2-1-0	2-1-0
Guntakal Goods Shed Road	0-0-0	0-4-0	0-4-0
Vanganur Railway Feeder Road	0-0-0	0-5-0	0-5-0
Tadpatri Yellanur Road	0-0-0	16-2-0	16-2-0
Tadpatri-Putlur Road	0-0-0	7-4-0	7-4-0
Tadpatri-Peddapappur Road	0-0-0	8-6-0	8-6-0
Jutur Railway Feeder Road	0-0-0	2-0-0	2-0-0
Palthur-Vidapanakal Road	0-0-0	6-1-0	6-1-0
Kalyandrug-Beluguppa Road	0-0-0	11-4-0	11-4-0
Mustur-Ramasagaram Road	13-5-0	14-3-0	0-6-0
Kalyandrug-Sattur Road	0-0-0	11-5-0	11-5-0
Singanamala-Garladinne Road	0-0-0	8-5-0	8-5-0
Anantapur-Dharmavaram Road	0-0-0	16-0-0	16-0-0
Garladinne-Anantapur Road	0-0-0	11-3-0	11-3-0
Anantapur-Sanapa Road	0-0-0	10-0-0	10-0-0
Kodur-Dharmavaram Road	0-0-0	24-0-0	24-0-0
Dharmavaram-Apparayacheruvu Road	0-0-0	8-2-0	8-2-0
Mudigubba-Dorigallu Road	0-0-0	6-0-0	6-0-0
Makavemula Railway Feeder Road	0-0-0	0-1-0	0-1-0
Muktapuram Railway Feeder Road	0-0-0	0-3-0	0-3-0
Chennekothapalle-Damajipalle Road	0-0-0	2-4-0	2-4-0
Dodagatta-Roddam Road	7-6-0	13-6-0	6-0-0
Makkajipalle Railway Feeder Road	0-0-0	0-5-0	0-5-0
Guttur-Kothacheruvu Road	0-0-0	8-4-0	8-4-0
Hindupur-Madhugiri Road	0-0-0	5-5-0	5-5-0
Malugur Railway Feeder Road	0-0-0	1-3-0	1-3-0
Kallur Village Road	0-0-0	2-0-0	2-0-0
Hindupur-Manepalle-Lepakshi Road	0-0-0	12-4-0	12-4-0
Amarapuram-Sira Road	0-0-0	3-2-0	3-2-0
Rolla-Agali Road	0-0-0	5-2-0	5-2-0
Agali-Mudhudi Road	0-0-0	3-4-0	3-4-0
Basavanahalli-Hemavathi Road	0-0-0	6-0-0	6-0-0
Madakasira-Roddam Road	0-0-0	5-2-0	5-2-0
Road from M. 14/6 of Kadiri- Palasamudram Road to join 188/0 of Madras-Bombay Road	0-0-0	25-0-0	25-0-0
Tanakal Railway Feeder Road	0-0-0	0-4-0	0-4-0
Road from mile 12/6 of Kadiri- Palasamudram Road to Kondakamarla	0-0-0	5-0-0	5-0-0
Road from Kristapadu to meet Nellore-Bombay Road	0-0-0	0-7-0	0-7-0
Puttaparthi-Vengalamma Cheruvu Road	0-0-0	1-0-0	1-0-0
Kondapuram-Goddummarri Road	0-0-0	20-1-0	20-1-0
Mamillakunta-Puttaparthi Road	0-0-0	5-5-0	5-5-0
Kallur-Sirivaram Road	0-0-0	3-0-0	3-0-0

Name of Road	Starting mileage	Ending mileage	Total length
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)
	M. F. Ft.	M. F. Ft.	M. F. Ft.
<i>Village Roads-concl'd.</i>			
Anantapur-Tadpatri Road via Rachapalle, Salakamcheruvu	0-0-0	2-5-0	2-5-0
Raketta-Ramapuram Road	4-7-0	13-7-0	9-0-0
Honnur-Palthur Road	0-0-0	2-0-0	2-0-0
Sreedharaghatta Village Road	0-0-0	2-0-0	2-0-0
Gavisiddeswara Swamy Temple Road	7-0-0	13-0-0	6-0-0
		Total	311-4-0

During the First Five Year Plan period the Government Roads were improved by providing black top over the existing weather borne metal surface to a length of 261-6-109. Besides this the following works were also undertaken and completed during the plan period.

Constructing a bridge at mile 3/6 of Kodikonda-Amarapuram Road . . .	Rs. 56,500
Constructing a causeway at mile 32/2 of Bellary-Kalyandrug Road . . .	Rs. 1,80,000
Constructing a causeway at mile 15/8 of Bellary-Kalyandrug Road . . .	Rs. 2,20,000
Constructing a bridge across Pulagampalle Vanka at mile 8-2-3 of Kadiri-Pala- samudram Road . . .	Rs. 75,000

The allotment given for the First Five Year Plan period was Rs. 16,00,000 and the expenditure incurred during that period was Rs. 15,35,357. Expenditure on District Board roads is not readily available.

During the Second Five Year Plan period some of the District Board roads were taken up under the control of Government and improvements such as providing black top surface and widening and strengthening culverts, etc., were undertaken under various schemes. Out of the improvements made on the Highway roads the following works deserve special mention.

STATEMENT IX-2

Constructing a causeway at mile 24/8 of Bellary-Cuddapah Road . . .	Rs. 65,000
Constructing a causeway at mile 24/3 of Bellary-Cuddapah Road . . .	Rs. 1,62,000
Providing black topping to Anantapur- Tadpatri Road from mile 22/0 to 42/5	Rs. 1,05,000
Providing black topping to Rayalcheruvu- Gooty section of Nellore-Bombay Road	Rs. 55,000
Providing black topping to Gooty-Guntakal section of Nellore-Bombay Road . . .	Rs. 1,09,000
Black topping the weather borne metal Madras-Bombay Road from mile 271/0 to mile 300/0 . . .	Rs. 1,20,000
Cement concreting Road dams at mile 19/2, 24/2, 27/3, 27/8 and 39/5 of Bellary- Cuddapah Road . . .	Rs. 55,000
Black topping to Uravakonda-Guntakal Road from mile 294/0 to mile 314/0 . . .	Rs. 2,20,000
Widening and strengthening culverts bet- ween mile 294 and 308/1 of Madras- Bombay Road . . .	Rs. 40,000

Constructing culverts and Road dams on Bellary-Kalyandrug Road between miles 20/0 and 30/2	Rs. 25,000
Widening and strengthening culverts on Kodikonda-Amarapuram Road between miles 2/4 to 20/4	Rs. 20,000
Land acquisition and forming Guntakal-Maddikera Road from mile 0, 0 to 5, 2	Rs. 75,000
Improvements to Madras-Bombay Road in Anantapur Municipal limits 262, 0 plus 250/ to 262, 6 plus 410	Rs. 1,10,000
Improvements to Bangalore-Somandepalle Road. From mile 54/5 to 71, 2 black topping is completed	Rs. 1,00,000
Widening and strengthening culverts on Bellary-Kalyandrug Road between miles 0/0 and 34/0	Rs. 25,000
Strengthening culverts on Tumkur-Gundlapalle Road	Rs. 25,000
Improvements to bridges and strengthening culverts on Tumkur-Gundlapalle Road between mile 75/0 to 94, 0	N.A.
Black topping Kodikonda-Amarapuram Road from mile 0/0 to 20, 0	Rs. 1,00,000
Strengthening and widening culverts on Kodur - Dharmavaram Road between miles 24/0 and 39/5	Rs. 27,300
Strengthening the carriageway on Rayadrug-Dharmavaram Road from mile 90, 7 to 97/3	Rs. 24,000
Strengthening carriageway on Kodur-Dharmavaram Road from mile 24/0 to 39/8	Rs. 55,000
Strengthening and widening culverts on Damajipalle-Nayanipalle Road from mile 0/3 to 18/0	N.A.
Strengthening the carriageway on Damajipalle-Nayanipalle Road	Rs. 50,000
Constructing a bridge at mile 26, 3 of Anantapur-Tadpatri Road	Rs. 65,000
Constructing a bridge at mile 30 3 of Kadiri-Palasamudram Road	Rs. 1,10,000
Reconstructing collapsed bridge at mile 85/6,7 of Rayacheruvu - Tadpatri Cuddapah Road	Rs. 44,000
Construction of a diversion road from mile 215/7 to 218/0 Madras-Bombay Road (Formation is almost completed except cutting portion to approaches to 217/5 of Madras-Bombay Road bridge in mile 216/5. The length to be formed is about 2 furlongs.)	Rs. 38,300
Constructing a submersible bridge in mile 217/5 of Madras-Bombay Road	Rs. 52,000
Providing dustless surface in Kothacheruvu limits on Penukonda-Mudigubba Road at mile 13/1-4	Rs. 10,000
Repairs to flood damages to the bridge at mile 206/8 of Nellore-Bombay Road	Rs. N.A.

The expenditure incurred during the Second Five Year Plan period was Rs. 9,46,066. Besides this an expenditure of Rs. 50,00,000 was incurred towards maintenance of the roads for five years from 1956 to 1961. The expenditure incurred on District Board Roads is not available as the connected records have been transferred to the Zilla Parishad, Anantapur.

The district is also served by railways. There are 61 miles of broad gauge and 191½ miles of metre gauge railways running through the district. The broad gauge line from Madras to Bombay traverses Tadpatri and Gooty taluks. A metre gauge line runs south, from Guntakal in Gooty taluk to Bangalore across Gooty, Anantapur, Dharmavaram, Penukonda and Hindupur taluks. A metre gauge line branches off from Dharmavaram and proceeds south-east into Chittoor district traversing Dharmavaram and Kadiri taluks. There is no railway in Kalyandrug and Madakasira taluks. Rayadrug a terminus of metre gauge is connected to Bellary.

The State of Andhra Pradesh is trying to systematise and improve the road transport system in order to eliminate unhealthy competition in the interest of both public safety and of efficiency. This is being implemented in the district through one of the limbs of the State authority known as the State Transport Authority. This authority controls and regulates road traffic by the imposition of taxes and issue of licences and permits.

The Road Transport Authority of the Anantapur region comprises of the revenue district of Anantapur. This Regional Transport Authority is controlled by the Collector of the district as the Chairman assisted by the Superintendent of Police, the Divisional Engineer, Highways and one non-official who comprise the members of this authority. The Regional Transport Officer, Anantapur is the Secretary and the Executive Officer for the enforcement of the Motor Vehicles Act and the rules under it. He is assisted by one Motor Vehicles Inspector and two Assistant Motor Vehicles Inspectors.

The Regional Transport Authority generally meets once a month and deliberates on the problems relating to opening of new routes, increase of buses on existing routes, grant of permits and revision of timings, etc. It also disposes off disciplinary cases where irregularities have been detected during the preceding month.

The railway authorities are also kept informed whenever the question of opening new routes or modifications in the existing ones are taken up. The representations and objections of the railway authorities are given their due weightage before taking decisions. There is, therefore, full co-ordination between these two major forms of transport and unhealthy competition is avoided by this method.

Every new proposal is notified and operators are given adequate opportunity to file in their representations.

The following is the list of permits issued by the Regional Transport Authority yearwise from 1951 to 1961.

STATEMENT IX-3

Year	No. of permits issued	Details of routes	Mileage
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)
1951-52	...	...	...
1952-53	5	Anantapur to Perur via Mamillapalle and Nagasamudram . . .	52
		Anantapur to Dharmavaram, Nayana-palle, Narpala Malyavantham and Bathulapalle . . .	48
		Bellary to Kalyandrug via Hagari Rail-way Station, Uravakonda, Mustoor, Thagguparthi, Beluguppa and Gundlapalle . . .	72
		Dharmavaram to Peddamallepalle via Bahalapalle, Malyavantham, Nar-pala, Nayanapalle and Tadpatri . .	60
		Nallamada to Mohammadabad via Kadiri and O. D. Cheruvu . .	48
1953-54	1	Tadpatri to Bukkapatnam via Narpala and Dharmavaram . . .	66
1954-55	2	Kodikonda to Amarapuram via Hindupur and Madakasira . . .	69
		Rallihalle to Gorantla via Madakasira, Hindupur, Chitamanur and Kodikonda . . .	64
1955-56	3	Rayadurg to Anantapur via Gundlapalle Beluguppa, Kalyandrug and Atmakur . . .	66
		Anantapur to Nutimadugu via Nayana-palle, Narpala, Dharmavaram and Mamillapalle . . .	78
		Anantapur to Kalyandrug via Kudiar and Beluguppa . . .	52
1956-57	1	Mudigubba to Roddam via Bukkapatnam and Penukonda . . .	50
1957-58	2	Singanamala to Perur via Anantapur, Mamillapalle, Dharmavaram and Nagasamudram . . .	78
		Anantapur to Kanekal via Atmakur, Kalyandrug and Gundlapalle . .	58

Year	No. of permits issued	Details of routes	Miles
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)
1958-59	7	Kodikonda to Dharmavaram via Gorantla and Bukkapatnam . .	52
		Kadiri to Pulivendla via Kurli . .	28
		Tarimela to Anantapur via Kallur . .	24
		Parnapalle to Kalyandrug via Malyavantham, Bahalapalle, Anantapur and Atmakur . . .	68
		Peddavaduguru to Kuderu via Mid-thuru and Anantapur . . .	41
		Bukkapatnam to Pulivendla via Mudigubba, Kadiri and Kurli . .	66
		Rayadurg to Anantapur, via Gundlapalle, Kalyandrug and Atmakur . .	60
1959-60	10	Parnapalle to Gooty via Goddummarri, Kondapuram, Tadpatri and Yadiki Dharmavaram to Kadiri via Batalapalle and Mudigubba . . .	78
		Puttaparthi to Bagepalle, via Palasamudram and Kodikonda . .	48
		Bagepalli to Puttaparthi via Palasamudram and Bukkapatnam . .	54
		Dharmavaram to Hindupur via Bukkapatnam, Gorantla, Palasamudram and Yeladakala . . .	54
		Nallamada to Tummala via Kadiri . .	63
		Gooty to Kalyandrug via Pamidi, Anantapur and Atmakur . .	54
		Anantapur to Malaprabha Project . .	66
		Pulivendla to Bukkapatnam . .	26
		Anantapur to Salakamcheruvu . .	60
1960-61	7	Anantapur to Dhoni . . .	26
		Anantapur to Adoni . . .	60
		Gooty to Bukkapatnam . . .	82
		Vajrakarur to Dharmavaram . .	77
		Kalyandrug to Dharmavaram . .	82
		Kuderu to Narpala . . .	49
		Kalyandrug to Mulkandu . . .	55
			20

The following statement illustrates the progress of transport facilities in the district from 1951 to 1961:—

STATEMENT IX-4

Category	Position as on 1-4-1951	Increase during the First Plan period	As on 1-4-1956	Increase during the Second Plan period	As on 1-4-61
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)
Stage Carriers	101	11	112	27	139
Public Carriers	26	156	182	254	493
Private Carriers	17	45	62	35	97
Taxis	...	...	...	...	...

- References :—1 Statistical Atlas of the Andhra State (1950-51)
 2 Andhra Pradesh State Administration Report 1961-62—Vol. I.
 3 Report sent by Sri H. S. Nagabhushanam, Regional Transport Officer, Anantapur, dated 9-3-1963
 4 Report of the Divisional Engineer Highways, Anantapur, dated 3-4-63

CHAPTER X

FORESTS

General

In Anantapur district the name "Forest" is not supposed to bring to the mind visions of really dense growth of larger timber with wild animals lurking in them. There are several places known as "forests" but which are completely devoid of vegetation. Local tradition declares that not so long ago, the bare hills of today were once covered with jungle of respectable dimensions. Colonel Beddome writing in 1880 states that the beams of the houses in all the adjoining villages indicated that some 30 or 40 years prior "fine beams were procurable in large quantities". That these areas were also the well-known haunts of the worst class of dacoits in the Madras Presidency. All these suggest that about half a century before this district was ceded to the British, forests were not quite so invisible in this area.

The worst enemy of the forests in those days was the bangle manufacturing industry. The alkaline earth out of which bangles were manufactured was found in abundance in this district. Unfortunately this industry required a lot of fuel and prior to the forest conservancy this fuel was easily obtainable from the neighbouring forests. In 1880 Mr. Gamble found in fourteen villages in Penukonda taluk, no less than 93 bangle kilns, of which 75 were abandoned and 18 working. "The kilns which were not working" he wrote, "are chiefly those which were beyond the reach of wood. They were worked and worked until all the wood in the neighbourhood had disappeared and then the scene of operations was shifted". The large amount of fuel required for the business may be gathered from the fact that, furnaces were sometimes kept glowing for 16 days on end.

For many years after the district was ceded to the British little or nothing was done to conserve its forests. Mr. F. W. Robertson, who was Collector of Anantapur from 1824 until his death in 1838, planted many scattered topes and later on the Jungle Conservancy Fund established some hundreds more in various places in the low country and also nominally reserved parts of the forest round Kottakota. But, however, systematic conservancy in this district, as elsewhere, dates from the passing of the Madras Forest Act of 1882. For a variety of reasons, the work of selecting, settling and demarcating the forests in the district in accordance with the

provisions of that enactment proceeded very slowly. Today the Anantapur Forest Division extends to the whole of the Anantapur revenue district.

As has already been stated earlier in Chapter I, the rainfall is very precarious, the district being situated in neither of the two monsoon belts. The soils are also rather varied and interspersed with gigantic boulders and gneissic sheet rocks. Hence, it is obvious that the forests in order to thrive in the district should be able to conquer and rise above these existing adverse conditions of climate and soil.

The forests of the district cover an area of 732.51 sq. miles measuring about 11% of the total area of the district. The entire forest of the district can be broadly classified into the following three categories.

(i) Degraded open type of scrub jungle in the central and northern portions of the district in the taluks of Anantapur, Gooty, Tadpatri and Uravakonda.

(ii) Open type of scrub jungle of a better density and crop stand in the southern taluks of Hindupur, Madakasira, Kalyandrug and Rayadrug abutting the Mysore plateau.

(iii) The oldest forests of Kadiri and Penukonda taluks which continue to be under the management of the Forest Department since the date of their notification as Reserve Forests in the latter part of the 19th Century contain a fairly good stand and density of a mixed type of deciduous crop.

There are several reasons for such a vast variation in the condition, crop stand and density of forests in the district of Anantapur. Though, precarious rainfall and the various kinds of soils are primarily responsible for the existing state of affairs, yet no less a responsibility rests with the Government for its changing policies that contributed a great deal to the changing conditions of forests in this district.

The first two categories of forests mentioned above were not allowed to remain continuously under the management of the Forest Department since its inception in the latter part of the 19th

century. In the years 1925 and 1926 the Government contemplated the transfer of these forests to the management of the local bodies known as the Panchayats, subject to the general and overall control and supervision of the Revenue Department. In pursuance of this policy large tracts of forests were handed over to the Panchayats in the year 1926. These Panchayats which more often did not consist of mature and well informed persons started using this new gained power to further aggrandise their personal interests. Indiscriminate felling of the growing stock and timber was allowed and the shrubbery, etc., was subjected to unlimited cattle grazing. In due course these ravages resulted in the complete denudation of the growing stock. It was not until 1946 that the Government became aware of this alarming situation. Immediately forests were withdrawn from the Panchayats and handed back to the rightful protector and propagator, i.e., the Forest Department in 1948. The condition of the forests at that time was deplorable. There was a complete obliteration of the crop stand and density. The forests were then thoroughly inspected and working plan for the systematic management of these forests was drawn up in 1951-52. These working plans are still under implementation and the execution of these plans is helping the forests to first recoup and then to expand. Complete rest seems to be a sure measure in this direction. But, however, the obligations of the State to the public at large, such as free removal of thorns, fodder, grazing and removal of manure leaves, etc., is slightly impeding the progress of work.

Floristic Composition of the Forests

In the degraded open type of scrub jungle occurring in the Central and northern portions of the district the ground, middle and the upper stories are not very distinct except for a sporadic distribution of Neem and sparse distribution of *Euphorbia*. The ground flora consists of a thin distribution of *Cymbhodon colaratus* (boda grass) and *Cassia auriculata* together with some weeds. The middle story consists of a stunted growth of the associates of *Albizia amara* and *Acacia latronum*. In the reserves of Mutchukota and in a few other reserves of Tadpatri taluk, *Hardwickia binata* (Yepi) figures prominent with *Dolichandrone crispera* as its usual associate. The density in these forests ranges from 0.2 to 0.4 and the crop stand varies from 6 feet to 12 feet.

Open scrub jungles also occur in the taluks of Hindupur, Madakasira, Kalyandrug abutting the Mysore plateau in the south. The density in this area is better and the crop stand higher. Sandal (*Santalum album*) in its various stages occurs quite abundantly. The ground flora is

made up of a denser growth of edible grasses. *Cymbhodon colaratus* (boda grass) together with *Cassia auriculata* and *Occimum sanctum* are also quite frequent. The middle story consists of associates of *Albizia amara* while the upper story consists of *Albizia amara*, *Azadirachta indica* (neem), sandal *B. longifolia*, *Ficus glamarata*, *Terminalia babula*, *Tamarindus indica* (Tamarind), *Dolichandrone crispera*, *Falcata*, etc.

The denser type of forests known as the Class I Forests occur in Kadiri and Penukonda taluks. These are the premier forests of the Anantapur Forest Division. The higher water table in this area has resulted in a higher crop stand. The ground flora consists of a thicker growth of boda grass with heavily grazed and nibbled edible grasses, edible and non-edible weeds, medicinal plants such as *Occimum sanctum*, *Sarasaparilla*, *Cassia angustifolia*, etc., *Sagol*, *Dodonaea viscosa*, *Cassia auriculata*, *Ushthi*, etc., species are also found. The middle story consists of thorny species most of which are associates of *Amara*, viz., *Carissa zeyrptus* and other *Zerophytic* associates. The upper story consists of more valuable and M. F. P. species such as *Neem*, *Tamarind*, *Yepi*, *Anogeissus latifolia*, *Albizia lebeck*, *Albizia amara*, *Albizia odoratissima*, *Strychnos nux vomica*, *Potatorium*, *Philanthus ambelica*, *P. marsupium*, *Terminalia arjuna*, *Tomentosa* and *Vitex altissima*, *Ficus* species and dry teak were also seen at some places. *Hardwickia binata* (Yepi) stands out most prominently in some of the blocks of Bukkapatnam range.

It is of interest to note that a large quantity of the bark of *Cassia auriculata* mentioned above is used extensively in the tanning industry.

Five Year Plan Scheme

The forests in this district, as has been discussed above, have been depleted to a great extent by the ravages of man and animal. They are, therefore, of a very poor quality yielding a negligible income to the coffers of the State. The Forest area of the State is also considerably less than what has been indicated in the National Forest Policy. Although the forest potential is not negligible, yet it has not been fully exploited for commercial purposes. Conservation measures also need intensification. Grazing in forests has to be rationalised. Hence during the two Five Year Plan periods efforts were made to activate the programmes of forest development with a view to better commercial exploitation, conservation and regeneration.

Afforestation of denuded hills in the area of reserve forests, and the conservation of eroded lands have been brought under a scheme,

intended to develop the forests which had been under the control of the Panchayats. It has already been stated that due to bad and unimagi-native management most of these panchayat forests had been depleted and left bare resulting in soil erosion at many places. Regeneration plots are, therefore, being raised after selecting suitable areas. Fuel, fodder and timber species have been raised depending on the nature of the soils and other natural conditions.

The following are the works executed under this scheme during the two Five Year Plan periods:—

STATEMENT X-1

Year (1)		Area (in acres) (2)	Amount spent (in Rs.) (3)
First Five Year Plan			
1957-53	No works were executed	...	...
1953-54	Afforestation of denuded hills and other artificial regeneration plots	460	6,573
1954-55	Afforestation of denuded hills	300	5,350
	Raising nursery for plants	...	1,335
1955-56	Raising artificial regeneration plots	520	7,640
	Maintenance of old regeneration plots of past two years	...	2,435
	Raising of nurseries to be planted in regeneration plots	...	2,205
Second Five Year Plan			
1956-57	Raising of cashewnut plantation	20	490
	Afforestation of denuded hills	30	980
	Raising neem plots	25	860
	Maintenance of cashewnut plots	5	108
	Maintenance of plots raised on denuded hills	...	1,610
1957-58	Raising of cashewnut plots	20	530
	Afforestation of denuded hills	20	1,000
	Maintenance of plots raised on denuded hills	30	290
1958-59	Raising of cashewnut plots	30	850
	Afforestation of denuded hills	40	1,900
	Maintenance of cashewnut plots of two years	40	983
	Maintenance of plots raised on denuded hills	20	120
1959-60	Raising of cashewnut plots	30	960
	Afforestation of denuded hills	30	1,988
	Maintenance of cashewnut plots of the previous two years	50	904

Year (1)	Area (in acres) (2)	Amount spent (in Rs.) (3)
Second Five Year Plan—concl'd.		
	Maintenance of plots raising on denuded hills	40 200
	Construction of subordinates and Range Officers quarters at Bukka-patnam	3 14,915 (quarters)
1960-61	Raising of cashewnut plots	30 1,470
	Afforestation of denuded hills	40 1,645
	Maintenance of cashewnut plots	50 990
	Maintenance of plots raising on denuded hills	30 170

Enforcement of Timber Transit Rules

This Scheme was introduced with a view to having an effective check over the transit of forest produce with special reference to the transit of Firewood and Timber. This scheme was brought into force during the Second Five Year Plan period (1959-60) and as a result two Thanas were constructed at Anantapur and Tadpatri. Efforts are being made to construct similar Thanas at other places. Three Thanedars were appointed and a total amount of Rs. 7,009 was spent during the Second Five Year Plan period towards the construction of the two thanas, the pay and allowances of the Thanedars, and purchase of furniture, etc.

Future Policy

A new working plan for the scientific management of Anantapur Forest Division is being introduced from the beginning of April, 1963 to be in force for a period of fifteen years. Several improvement works are likely to be introduced. These works will include extensive regeneration operations with Eucalyptus, sisal and other fast growing miscellaneous species. Efforts will also be made to develop the chronic drought affected forests of Dharmavaram and Kalyandrug taluks. Proposals have already been sent to higher authorities for improving certain degraded forest areas under the additional soil conservation scheme.

References :—1 Gazetteer of Anantapur District Volume I — By W. Francis, I. C. S., 1905

2 Techno-Economic Survey of Andhra Pradesh, 1962

3 Report of Sri K. Kesavarao, M. A., A. I. F. C., District Forest Officer, Anantapur, dated 28-2-1963.

CHAPTER XI

HEALTH

Public Health

Anantapur due to its extreme dryness, a short summer, and a pleasant winter, is one of the healthier districts in the State of Andhra Pradesh. Moreover this district is comparatively free from Malaria and in no part of it is fever endemic. The hills are as healthy as any other part of the district and wet cultivation does not as in the case of the delta regions of the State, carry with it the penalty of an increase in disease.

Though this district can be said to be comparatively free from most of the diseases, yet, due to lack of health facilities and education, diseases like Cholera, Small-pox, Plague and Guinea-worm paid visits at frequent intervals and caused several tragedies and great hardships to the people. It was not until 1923 that a Public Health Department with a district-wise organisation was started in this district. This organisation with a limited staff did a lot of work in controlling diseases as well as educating the people in better sanitary and health measures. Consequent on decentralisation and the formation of Panchayat Samithis the staff pattern of this department was considerably enlarged to bring in its fold multifarious activities concerning health, sanitation, nutrition, family planning, school health services, etc. The present facilities and Health Institutions therefore, owe their existence to careful planning and effective execution of these plans under developmental schemes.

Births and Deaths

The registration of Births and Deaths has been made compulsory throughout the district. The provisions of the District Municipalities Act have been extended to all the Class I Panchayats. Act III of 1899 continues to be in force in the rest of the villages in the district.

The following are the year-wise details of Births and Deaths and Birth rate and Death rate from 1951 to 1961. Both the birth rates and death rates appear too low to be true and obviously reflect the unsatisfactory state of births and deaths registration.

STATEMENT XI-1

Year	Births	Birth rate per 1000 population	Deaths	Death rate per 1000 population
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)
1951	43,213	38.80	21,982	20.00
1952	44,985	34.80	21,805	16.91
1953	49,149	34.70	27,772	18.10
1954	44,180	32.80	26,175	19.00
1955	45,437	31.30	20,033	13.80
1956	46,996	32.30	18,553	12.70
1957	52,326	32.36	23,250	14.80
1958	50,480	30.82	23,361	14.26
1959	43,115	32.00	17,501	12.00
1960	40,922	28.30	15,638	10.76
1961	41,888	27.00	16,782	10.70

Communicable Disease Control

Malaria : There are two National Malaria Eradication Programme Units functioning respectively at Anantapur and Penukonda in this district. Malaria is being effectively brought under control due to constant spraying and other preventive measures.

Cholera : The following statement illustrates from 1951 to 1961 the incidence of cholera and the resulting toll that it took each time it invaded the district. The figures given show that cholera has been effectively controlled due to various health measures and it is creditable that there has been no incidence of this disease since 1959.

STATEMENT XI-2

Year	Attacks	Deaths
(1)	(2)	(3)
1951	1,023	452
1952	1,341	608
1953	1,660	899
1954	202	103
1955	90	43
1956	42	14
1957	19	8
1958	489	199
1959	...	...
1960	...	...
1961	...	...

Smallpox : During the decade 1951 to 1961, 6,150 attacks and 1,237 deaths due to Smallpox were reported in this district. The incidence of this disease was at its highest during 1951 and 1958. The following statement gives year-wise incidence of this disease together with the reported number of deaths each year due to it.

STATEMENT XI-3

Year (1)	Attacks (2)	Deaths (3)
1951	1,522	295
1952	541	90
1953	565	133
1954	297	70
1955	106	14
1956	358	61
1957	119	33
1958	1,178	238
1959	837	139
1960	186	44
1961	441	120

Plague: This dreaded disease at one time used to penetrate into the district from Hubli and Bellary side, at regular intervals causing great dislocation in life and business activities. This disease has now been completely eradicated from the district and no cases have been reported during the decade 1951 to 1961.

Dysentery and Diarrhoea: The following statement gives the number of deaths due to diarrhoea, dysentery and respiratory diseases from 1951 to 1961 yearwise in this district.

STATEMENT XI-4

Year (1)	Deaths due to	
	Dysentery and Diarrhoea (2)	Respiratory diseases (3)
1951	1,579	1,437
1952	1,679	1,145
1953	2,106	1,249
1954	1,579	1,395
1955	1,108	1,176
1956	1,050	994
1957	...	...
1958	...	...
1959	1,423	841
1960	...	...
1961	...	...

Guinea-worm : This prevails in a number of places in the taluks of Uravakonda, Gooty, Tadpatri and Rayadrug, but no accurate statistics are available. No special schemes have been formulated to combat this disease, but however, the Revenue Department as well as the Panchayat Samithis have been taking measures to convert the step wells said to be the cause for the spread of this disease into draw wells.

Maternity and Child Health

The erstwhile Anantapur District Board, prior to 1956, maintained twelve maternity and child welfare centres. Four maternity health centres were maintained by Government and the District Project Implementation Programme maintained fifteen maternity and child health centres. Con-

sequent to the formation of Panchayat Samithis all the maternity and child health centres maintained by the erstwhile District Board were transferred to the control of the Samithis.

The following were the maternity and child health centres functioning in the district in 1961.

Under Zilla Parishad	...	3
Under Panchayat Samithis	...	9
In Rural Backward Areas	...	4
Under Kadiri Panchayat	...	1
Under Red Cross	...	2
Under Mahila Mandali	...	4
Under Women's Welfare Department	...	2

The following statement illustrates infantile deaths, infantile death rate, maternal death and maternal death rate yearwise from 1951 to 1961:—

STATEMENT XI-5

Year (1)	Infantile deaths (2)	Infantile mortality rate per 1000 (3)	Maternal deaths (4)	Maternal mortality rate per 1000 (5)
1951	5,370	122.50	365	8.30
1952	4,942	109.86	373	8.20
1953	5,891	120.20	324	6.50
1954	4,347	131.10	418	9.40
1955	4,341	106.20	511	6.80
1956	4,575	97.70	302	6.40
1957	4,843	92.65	313	6.93
1958	4,550	87.01	615	8.01
1959	3,648	84.50	271	6.20
1960	2,920	71.36	220	5.23
1961	3,196	76.30	266	4.25

The following statement gives details regarding the availability of trained maternity aid together with the number of cases attended to by them and the percentage of such births to the total number of births:—

STATEMENT XI-6

Year (1)	No. of maternity Assistants (2)	Births (3)	Percentage of births having skilled aid (4)
1951	24	3,362	7.6
1952	25	3,426	7.5
1953	31	4,753	9.6
1954	28	3,748	8.5
1955	34	6,491	17.1
1956	69	12,169	25.4
1957	74	13,187	...
1958	110	9,565	...
1959	121	13,475	...
1960	121	14,711	...
1961	141	15,207	33.2

School Health Services

A separate clinic under a Health Officer has been started in this district on 1st February 1960 to attend to this programme. The following statement shows the details of work done by this clinic towards the implementation of this programme:—

STATEMENT XI-7

	1960	1961
1 No. of school children examined in the clinic	1,065	340
2 No. of children examined in schools.		
(a) for the first time	10,988	*
(b) for the 2nd time	310	*
3 Milk feeding beneficiaries	6,336	26,400
4 No. of Film Shows	...	15

* Due to the absence of the Health Officer routine examinations could not be carried out.

In addition to the special staff, the regular staff of the Public Health Department during their tours of the various parts of the district also conducted Health Education classes in schools.

Environmental Sanitation

The number of public and private latrines constructed during the years 1951 to 1961 are furnished below:—

STATEMENT XI-8

Year	Private latrines	Public latrines
(1)	(2)	(3)
1951	752	25
1952	...	11
1953	...	...
1954	497	14
1955	83	52
1956	2,156	42
1957	...	...
1958	673	270
1959	636	65
1960	809	53
1961	1,700	50

The health staff as usual inspected hotels in the district. The Prevention of Food Adulteration Act was in force in all the four municipal towns and in the Panchayats of Dharmavaram, Kadi, Penukonda, Gooty, Uravakonda and Rayadrug. Though other Panchayats have also been willing to implement this Act within their respective jurisdictions, yet it was not possible to bring them also into its fold due to the lack of adequate laboratory facilities.

The following statement illustrates the number of samples analysed, etc., from 1951 to 1961.

STATEMENT XI-9

Year	No. of samples taken	No. of samples analysed	No. of samples certified adulterated.	No. of prosecutions launched.	Amount (in Rupees)
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)
1951	274	233	113	113	2,480
1952	200	179	83	83	220
1953	230	208	38	29	2,386
1954	246	214	138	138	2,739
1955	252	208	147	118	3,160
1956	315	231	96	96	4,351
1957	N.A.	N.A.	N.A.	N.A.	N.A.
1958	289	214	98	98	4,030
1959	268	133	54	54	4,296
1960	211	199	86	86	2,410
1961	300	300	143	143	3,870

N. A. :—Not ascertainable

Diet and nutrition

A reference to the chapter "General Features" as well as to rainfall statistics under "Administrative Statistics" will clearly reveal as to how very inadequate this district is in regard to rainfall. This area comes under the "famine zone" and hence very little need be said as regards the diet and nutrition of the people. It is no exaggeration to point out that scores of people live in this district on the verge of starvation. Land yields little, and there being hardly any other source of income, food is scarce and the purchasing power in the hands of the people negligible. The result is wholesale malnutrition due to lack of proper nourishment. The UNICEF and the various voluntary organisations in the State should concentrate more on this district in order that children and expectant mothers get necessary nourishment to ensure a stronger and a healthier future generation.

Health Education and propaganda

Leaflets, pamphlets and posters received from the Director of Public Health from time to time and also those locally printed were distributed among the public to educate them in public health matters. Lectures and talks on various public health subjects were also delivered and exhibitions conducted. Under the scheme "Health Education, Propaganda and Publicity" a jeep was allotted to this district in 1956 to give a fillip to the programme of Health Education and Publicity.

Family Planning

In pursuance of the decision of the Government of India to include Family Planning Programme in the Second Five Year Plan, the State Government in 1958 sanctioned five rural Family Planning Clinics in the Primary Health Centres at Lepakshi, Madakasira, Roddam, Talupula and Chennakothapalle. During 1959-60 four additional clinics were sanctioned by the State Government in the Primary Health Centres of

Munakur, Konakondla Tarimela and Gorantla. Further, in the same year 1960 two more clinics were sanctioned at Mudigubba and Thimmampalle. Thus by the end of 1961 there were eleven Family Planning Clinics functioning in this district apart from the urban clinics at Gooty, Anantapur and Hindupur.

Water Supply Schemes

Upto the year 1956 the Revenue Department was incharge of executing the Rural Water Supply Scheme in villages where facilities of drinking water were inadequate. In 1956 the Revenue Department was also in charge of providing water under local development works. Since December, 1959 these well-works have been taken over by the Panchayat Samithis and the latter are now responsible for the proper provision of drinking water in villages where such essential amenities are inadequate. The Zilla Parishad and the Social Welfare Department also share this responsibility with the Panchayat Samithis. The following statement gives an indication as to the number of wells constructed each year from 1951 to 1961.

STATEMENT XI-10

Year	No. of wells constructed
(1)	(2)
1951	107
1952	118
1953	123
1954	...
1955	42
1956	44
1957	...
1958	308
1959	59
1960	193
1961	142

Besides the above, there is also a scheme known as the "National Rural Water Supply and Sanitation Scheme" under an Assistant Engineer with headquarters at Kadiri. The aim of this scheme is to provide protected water supply, and private latrines in the rural areas of Kadiri taluk.

Medical Services

The first Hospital in the district was the Munro Memorial Hospital at Gooty which first began as a dispensary and was located on the verandah of the Munro Chattram. In 1869 this dispensary was removed to a pucca hospital building erected from funds belonging to the chattram endowment. At the beginning of the twentieth century Anantapur district had six Hospitals and six Dispensaries in various places of the district.

Prior to the heralding of Planning and Five Year Plans, the medical services available in this district were quite inadequate to the requirements of this area. Most of the hospitals were being maintained either by the municipalities or by local fund institutions. Due to the limited finances of these institutions, these hospitals and dispensaries also served a limited purpose. The Five Year Plans gave a terrific fillip to medical institutions and services in this district and as a result today there is a very well equipped headquarters Hospital in Anantapur with several other Hospitals, Primary Health Centres and Dispensaries in the various parts of the district. An attempt has, therefore, been made in the following pages, to present the various improvements effected in the Medical Department in this district during the First and the Second Five Year Plan periods.

Prior to 1951 there were seven Government Hospitals, ten Local Fund Dispensaries and three Rural Dispensaries catering to the medical needs of the people of Anantapur district. These as has been stated earlier were quite inadequate and hence several plan schemes were introduced during the First and the Second Five Year Plan periods to improve the existing state of affairs.

The following plan schemes were introduced during the First Five Year Plan period.

Training of Compounders : The training of four stipendiary pupil compounders each year was introduced during the First Five Year Plan period. The period of training was for one year. (9 months at Government Headquarters Hospital, Anantapur and remaining 3 months at General Hospital, Visakhapatnam and Guntur). During the Plan period twenty candidates were trained and an expenditure of about Rs. 3,600 was incurred.

Training of Maternity Assistants : Prior to the First Five Year Plan only four Maternity Assistants were being trained each year at State cost. During the First Plan period this number was increased to sixteen each year and an amount of Rs. 13,156 was spent in the implementation of this scheme.

Provincialisation of Local Fund Medical Institutions : The Local Fund Hospital at Gooty was provincialised with effect from 1-6-1951 in G. O. Ms. No. 55, Health, dated 5-1-1952. The staff, buildings, equipment, etc., was taken over by Government with effect from 1-6-1951.

Primary Health Centres : (a) The Taluk Headquarters Government Hospital at Madakasira was converted into a Primary Health Centre in

G. O. Ms. No. 246, Health, dated 31-1-1955 under the Central Assistance Scheme. The staff attached to the Government Hospital, Madakasira was asked to work in the Primary Health Centre.

(b) A Primary Health Centre was started at Lepakshi in Kodigenahalli Block in February, 1956.

Improvements to Taluk Headquarters Medical Institutions

The bed-strength of the following hospitals was raised and additional staff sanctioned as shown against each in G. O. Ms. No. 328, Health, dated 9-4-1954. This was sanctioned under Development Scheme.

Name of Hospital	Bed strength raised		Additional staff sanctioned
	From	To	
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)
1 Government Headquarters Hospital, Anantapur	100	150	One Head Nurse Five Nurses Six Nursing Orderlies Four Thoties
2 Government Hospital, Hindupur	24	35	One Nurse One Nursing Orderly
3 Government Hospital, Gooty	12	25	One Nurse One Nursing Orderly

In G. O. No. 1251, Health, dated 23-8-1955 the following additional staff was sanctioned under schemes included in the first Five Year Plan.

Assistant Surgeon	1
Nurses	2
Compounders	2
Cook	1
Radiographer, Grade I	1
Peon	1

In G. O. Ms. No. 1150, Health, dated 4-8-1955 the following special departments were sanctioned with the additional staff mentioned hereunder:—

(a) E. N. T. Department	Assistant Surgeon	1
	Male Nursing Orderly	1
(b) Dental Department	Honorary Assistant Surgeon	1
	Male Nursing Orderly	1
	Thotii	1

Buildings

The following buildings schemes have been sanctioned during the First Five Year Plan period.

(i) Improvements to the Government Hospital, Kadiri were sanctioned in G. O. No. 590, Health,

dated 22-2-1949 and G.O. No. 263, P.W.D., dated 23-1-1952 at an estimated cost of Rs. 1,15,000. The improvements made are (i) construction of Operation Theatre, (ii) construction of Maternity Ward, (iii) construction of Infectious Disease Ward.

(ii) Construction of a Maternity Ward of 4 beds, a kitchen and an Operation Theatre at Government Hospital, Penukonda was sanctioned in G. O. No. 1112, Health, dated 2-4-1951 at an estimated cost of Rs. 63,100. The above additions were constructed and handed over to the Medical Department on 3-5-1957.

(iii) Construction of an operation theatre at Government Hospital, Rayadrug at an estimated cost of Rs. 28,000 was sanctioned in G. O. 1428, Health, dated 24-4-1955.

(iv) (a) An "X-Ray" Block building, an Operation Theatre and a special Ward of 4 beds were constructed under Local Department Works at Government Hospital, Hindupur.

(b) A building for Tuberculosis Clinic was also constructed under Local Development works at a cost of Rs. 24,000—vide G. O. Ms. No. 524, Planning and Development, dated 3-4-1956. This was constructed even before the issue of the G. O. sanctioning the construction.

(v) A Maternity Ward of 6 beds at the Government Hospital Tadpatri and a Maternity Ward of 4 beds at the Government Hospital, Dharmavaram were constructed during the plan period under Local Development Works.

(vi) The semi-permanent sheds accommodating 20 patients each at the Government Headquarters Hospital, Anantapur and one shed at the Government Hospital, Penukonda were constructed from the famine relief funds during the plan period.

The following new schemes including the continuance of the old schemes were sanctioned during the Second Five Year Plan period.

Training Programme: A provision for training thirty pupil compounders was made at the Headquarters Hospital, Anantapur. Twenty-eight candidates were trained. Twelve Maternity Assistants are being trained at the Headquarters Hospital and twenty-five at the Hindupur Hospital. There is also a sanction for training thirty-five Auxiliary Nurse-Midwives at the Government Headquarters Hospital, Anantapur. The training of the first batch of fifteen candidates was started from 1st September 1959 and the second batch from March 1960. There are altogether 33 candidates now undergoing the training of Auxiliary Nurse-Midwives at the Government Headquarters Hospital, Anantapur.

Provincialisation of Local Fund Institutions

The Local Fund Dispensaries at Kalyandrug and Dharmavaram were provincialised with effect from 1st April 1955 and 1st October 1956.

Primary Health Centres

The following Primary Health Centres have been started on the dates indicated against them and includes those that were started during the First Five Year Plan period.

Primary Health Centre, Madakasira	... 31- 1-1955
Primary Health Centre, Lepakshi	... 14- 2-1956
Primary Health Centre, Talupula	... 31-12-1957
Primary Health Centre, Chennakothapalle	... 9- 1-1958
Primary Health Centre, Roddam	... 16- 4-1958
Primary Health Centre, Konakondla	... 6- 2-1959
Primary Health Centre, Tarimeela	... 24- 3-1959
Primary Health Centre, Gorantla	... 21-10-1959
Primary Health Centre, Mudigubba	... 6- 8-1960
Primary Health Centre, Thimmampalle	... 8- 9-1960

The Primary Health Centres at Lepakshi, Chennakothapalle Talupula and Roddam have been supplied with UNICEF vehicles and are also recognised to receive UNICEF drugs and diet supplements.

Family Planning Clinics

A Family Planning Clinic was sanctioned to the Government Headquarters Hospital, Anantapur and it started functioning from 7th July 1958. The post of the special worker has been kept vacant for want of a qualified candidate. An urban Family Planning Clinic was commenced at Anantapur from 1959. A lady Assistant Surgeon has been transferred from the Headquarters Hospital and posted to this institute to look after the work of Family Planning. Another urban Family Planning Clinic was sanctioned to the Government Hospital at Gooty and it started functioning from 8th November 1960.

Tuberculosis Clinic

A Tuberculosis Clinic was sanctioned to the Headquarters Hospital, Anantapur and it started functioning from 8th July, 1958. All the staff sanctioned for this clinic has been appointed. The 'X-Ray' plant costing over Rs. 50,000 is still awaited from the Director-General of Health Services, New Delhi.

District Laboratory

A District Laboratory was sanctioned to the Headquarters General Hospital, and it started functioning on 15-10-1959. All the sanctioned staff has since been appointed.

Leprosy Centre

A Leprosy centre was sanctioned in 1959 and it has been located at Hindupur. The Medical Officer of the Hindupur Government Hospital has been placed in additional charge of this centre. A van has been provided since June, 1960 and there are six cycles for the use of this Centre.

Improvements to the Various Government Hospitals

Headquarters Hospital, Anantapur: The bed strength of the Government Headquarters Hospital of Anantapur was increased from 150 to 200 in 1959. The sanctioned additional staff has also been appointed. A blood bank was also sanctioned and the necessary trained staff appointed. A Dental Clinic was sanctioned to this hospital in 1958. The necessary staff were appointed and the clinic started functioning from 18th July, 1958. Orders for the Dental equipment have been placed and its supply is still awaited. An E. N. T. Clinic was also sanctioned with a recurring and a non-recurring expenditure of Rs. 2,000 during 1960-61. The necessary staff has been appointed. A Venereal Disease Clinic was sanctioned in 1960 and the Assistant District Medical Officer is placed in charge of this Clinic. An amount of Rs. 20,000 has been sanctioned towards the purchase of equipment, furniture, etc.

The construction of a new Headquarters Hospital at Rs. 19 lakhs was sanctioned in 1957. The construction of a kitchen and mortuary block costing Rs. 1,24,840 was sanctioned in February, 1960. The construction of a lift room and provision of a lift plant costing Rs. 57,000 was sanctioned in December, 1960.

Government Hospital, Penukonda: The bed strength of Government Hospital, Penukonda, was increased from 8 to 29 along with the required additional staff in 1959.

Government Hospital, Kadiri: The bed strength was increased from 4 to 36 in 1959 and the required additional staff was also sanctioned and appointed.

Government Hospital, Hindupur: The bed strength was increased from 35 to 50. The necessary additional staff was also sanctioned and appointed. Action has also been taken to purchase the equipment required.

Government Hospital, Gooty: In 1960 the bed strength was raised from 25 to 36. The additional staff was also sanctioned and appointed.

- References :—
- 1 Gazetteer of Anantapur District vol. I By W. Francis, I. C. S. 1905
 - 2 Report of Sri P. V. Krishnaiah, District Health Officer, Anantapur, dated 7-4-1963
 - 3 Report of Dr. M. P. Sarma, M. B. B. S., A. I. C. S., District Medical Officer, Anantapur, dated 3-4-1963

CHAPTER XII

ANIMAL HUSBANDRY

Animal Husbandry

"Animal Husbandry constitutes an important sector in the economy of Andhra Pradesh..... and in 1956 the net value of livestock products.....accounted for 5.4 per cent of the State's total income."*

The activities of this Department are two-fold, viz., Animal Husbandry and Veterinary. The former deals with various activities connected with the development of all species of livestock, and the latter deals mainly with the preventive and curative aspects of diseases to which the livestock are susceptible.

Veterinary Institutions

Veterinary Hospitals and Major Veterinary Dispensaries : Anantapur district has the following Veterinary Hospitals and Major Veterinary Dispensaries:—

Type of institution	Location
(1)	(2)
1 Veterinary Hospital	Anantapur
2 Veterinary Hospital	Hindupur
3 Veterinary Dispensary	Tadpatri
4 Veterinary Dispensary	Guntakal
5 Veterinary Dispensary	Gorantla
6 Veterinary Dispensary	Uravakonda

Each of the above mentioned institutions is in charge of a Veterinary Assistant Surgeon assisted by two hospital attendants and a compounder. The District Veterinary Officer exercises supervision and control over all these institutions.

Minor Veterinary Dispensaries : The following are the Minor Veterinary Dispensaries in the district:—

- 1 Minor Veterinary Dispensary, Kalyandrug
- 2 Minor Veterinary Dispensary, Rayadurg
- 3 Minor Veterinary Dispensary, Gooty
- 4 Minor Veterinary Dispensary, Kanekal
- 5 Minor Veterinary Dispensary, Vidupanakal
- 6 Minor Veterinary Dispensary, Penukonda
- 7 Minor Veterinary Dispensary, Kadiri
- 8 Minor Veterinary Dispensary, Tadimarri
- 9 Stationary Veterinary Dispensary, Dharmavaram

Except for the Minor Veterinary Dispensary, Kanekal and the Stationary Veterinary Dispensary, Dharmavaram, the other Dispensaries listed above are under the control of the respective Panchayat Samithis and the District Veterinary Officer has only technical control over these Dispensaries.

Each Minor Veterinary Dispensary is manned by an Assistant Surgeon assisted by a Peon and a Compounder. The Assistant Surgeon also attends to any outbreaks of epidemics in the jurisdiction allotted to him.

Touring Billets : The following are the Touring Billets in this district:—

1. Touring Billet, Gudibanda.
2. Touring Billet, Hindupur (to be shifted soon to Perur).
3. Touring Billet, Yadiki.

The Veterinary Assistant Surgeon in charge of a Touring Billet, tours about twenty days a month in his jurisdiction, opens camp dispensaries at various places and also attends to miscellaneous work connected with preventive and curative aspects.

The first class First Aid Centres at Maddalacheruvu and Vonavolu in charge of Compounders have been upgraded into Rural Veterinary Dispensaries during March, 1963.

Animal Health Service

Diseases control : This has been given top priority by the Department. Whenever an outbreak is reported in any village, a Veterinary Assistant Surgeon is rushed to the spot. After diagnosing the disease he protects all the uninfected animals in the village. For taking prompt action in case of emergencies adequate quantity of vaccine has been stored at Anantapur and Hindupur. In addition to this, vaccine is also obtained from the Serum Institute, Hyderabad, whenever required.

Rinderpest Eradication : The Rinderpest Eradication Scheme was put into execution in this district from 1-10-1954 to 31-3-1957. After this the follow up programme was in existence upto 28-2-1961. The animals that have been left out during the campaign periods are now being inoculated against Rinderpest by the regular District Veterinary staff.

Poultry Development : "Poultry is well suited as a subsidiary or sole occupation, provided it is run on modern lines. Poultry farming has

* Techno-Economic Survey of Andhra Pradesh, 1962

great advantages over other livestock-based occupations. It needs less investment, less space and less time-lag between investment and production than other kinds of livestock based industry."*

With a view to improve the local non-descript breed of poultry, exotic cockrels and eggs are being supplied to the ryots at 50% subsidy. To meet this demand a District Poultry Farm has also been started at Hindupur in the year 1959-60. The R. I. R. and the W. L. H. variety breeds are now being bred in this farm. The demand for the supply of birds and eggs to the various blocks is being effectively met by this farm. In addition to this District Poultry Farm, there is also a Poultry Extension Centre at Penukonda under the administrative control of the Superintendent of the Penukonda Sheep Farm. Poultry and equipment are also being supplied to interested poultry breeders in various Panchayat Samithis in order to encourage the breeding of the exotic type of poultry. This is being done under a scheme known as the "Subsidised Poultry Units at the Block level". The following statement illustrates the stock position of poultry in 1951, 1956 and 1961 as per the quinquennial Census.

STATEMENT XII-1			
(1)	1951 (2)	1956 (3)	1961 (4)
Fowls	420,087	646,638	635,781
Ducks	2,845	6,248	1,037
Others	N.A.	1,271	901
Total Poultry	422,932	654,157	637,719

Livestock Development : Hallikar is the main breed of white cattle in this district except for Tadpatri and parts of Gooty taluks where the predominant breed is "Ongole". Black cattle are mostly of "non-descript" type. In order to improve the local breed, pure Hallikar and Ongole breeding bulls are being sold to ryots at half cost. Also under the Premium Scheme, Murrah, Ongole and Hallikar bulls are being distributed. The custodian of a premium scheme bull is paid Rs. 220 for the upkeep of a Murrah or Ongole breed and Rs. 200 in case of a Hallikar breed.

Sheep and Goat Development : In order to upgrade the local variety of sheep, white Bellary Rams have been sold to ryots at half the cost, both by Blocks as well as by the Veterinary Department. During the Second Five Year Plan period eight Sheep and Wool Extension Centres have been started at Lepakshi, Penukonda, Pampanur, Narinjagundlapalle, Marempalle, Nagereddipalle, Gollapalle and Komakkapalle. Bikanir Rams are being maintained at each of the above Centres. The emphasis being on higher

quality wool, these rams are being lent to the ryots during mating seasons in order to upgrade the local variety. A Veterinary Livestock Inspector is in charge of each of the above mentioned Sheep and Wool Extension Centres. There are two Sheep Supervisory Units at Hindupur and Rayadrug in charge of a Veterinary Assistant Surgeon who works under the control of the Sheep and Goat Development Officer, Hyderabad. There is a Sheep Development Unit at Anantapur manned by a Veterinary Assistant Surgeon also working under the control of the Sheep and Goat Development Officer, Hyderabad. Mass deworming of sheep, deticking and castration of scrub ram are some of the activities undertaken by this Unit.

Key Village Scheme : A Key Village Centre was started at Hindupur during 1959-60. Both Hallikar and Murrah breeds are being maintained here. The Sub-Centres at Parigi, Lepakshi, Chowlur, Utukur, Chalivendala have been attached to this Key Centre. In addition to artificial insemination work the Key Village staff also attend to outbreaks of epidemics, conduct preventive inoculations and perform castrations of scrub bulls.

The following statement illustrates the stock position of livestock in 1951, 1956 and 1961 as per the quinquennial Census.

STATEMENT XII-2			
Livestock (1)	1951 (2)	1956 (3)	1961 (4)
Cattle			
Males over 3 years	333,130	290,491	322,112
Females over 3 years	195,923	180,589	202,746
Young Stock	163,412	134,135	162,160
Buffaloes			
Males over 3 years	30,022	20,012	24,335
Females over 3 years	119,227	111,234	117,136
Young Stock	92,731	72,138	80,700
Sheep	1,203,562	892,019	979,760
Goats	349,635	319,896	327,792
Horses and Ponies	3,255	1,682	3,999
Donkeys	24,958	17,364	17,140
Pigs	27,996	22,210	21,169
Mules and Camels	3	1	19

From the above statement it is seen that the number of livestock has decreased from 25.8 to 20.6 lakhs between 1951 and 1956 and increased to 22.6 lakhs in 1961 thereby resulting in a decrease of 12.4% on the whole over 1951 figures.

Expenditure Nutrition Programme : The object of this scheme is to increase the production of eggs in order to make them available to the under-nourished women and children in selected villages. The scheme also envisages the development of poultry in the rural areas so that

* Techno-Economic Survey of Andhra Pradesh, 1962

this gainful occupation may help supplement the income of the agriculturists. This scheme was first introduced in the Kodeganahalli Block during 1962-63. An amount of Rs. 6,000 has been drawn and kept at the disposal of the Block Development Officer for construction of poultry houses. Ten villages have been selected in this Block and from each of the villages three farmers were selected and sent for poultry training. After the completion of training each of the farmers have been supplied with poultry houses and exotic birds. Eggs are being supplied by these farmers to Mahilamandalis, school children and pregnant women through the agency of the Blocks.

Plan Schemes

No schemes were sanctioned to this district under the First Five Year Plan. Under the Second Five Year Plan the following schemes were sanctioned and executed:—

STATEMENT XII-3

Schemes taken up and executed (1)	Allotment (in rupees) (2)	Expenditure (in rupees) (3)
Opening of a District Poultry Farm at Hindupur	15,000	10,578.77
Opening of a Minor Veterinary Dispensary	10,000	8,958.00
Opening of Veterinary First Aid Centres at Vonavolu and Maddalacheruvu	20,000	N.A.
Opening of a clinical laboratory at the Veterinary Hospital, Anantapur	10,000	9,520.01
Opening of Sheep and Wool Extension Centres at Lepakshi, Nagireddipalle, Basavanapalle, Marempalle, Pampanoor, Narinjundlapalle Komakkapalle and Gollapalle	20,000	N.A.

Apart from the above works a dairy farm under the control of the Cattle-cum-Dairy Farm Superintendent, Siddarampuram and a Sheep Farm under the control of the Superintendent, Sheep Farm, Penukonda, were also opened during the Second Plan period.

- References :—1 Techno-Economic Survey of Andhra Pradesh, 1962
 2 Andhra Pradesh State Administration Report, 1961-62—Vol. I
 3 Report of Sri Syed Kasim, District Veterinary Officer, Anantapur, dated 29-3-1963
 4 Report of Sri A. Krishnaswamy, District Statistical Officer, Anantapur, dated 8-4-63

CHAPTER XIII

CO-OPERATION

Co-operative Movement

The decennium ending 1950-51 witnessed the complete recovery from the general economic depression of the thirties. The Second World War, the consequent inflation and the scarcity of essential articles, viz., foodstuffs, textiles, iron and steel, etc., exerted a great deal of influence on the growth and development of the Co-operative Movement. The Co-operatives readily responded to the call and played a vital role in the economy of the country. They were commissioned by the Government to undertake equitable distribution of essential articles. During this period emphasis was laid on the development of non-credit Co-operative institutions like Co-operative Stores, Weavers' Co-operative Stores, etc.

The Rural Credit Societies also undertook multi-purpose activities like distribution of chemical fertilisers, iron and steel, agricultural implements, etc., besides financing agriculture by issue of short term loans to ryots. The Village Co-operative Credit Societies in this way contributed to the success of "grow more food campaign" launched by Government. The decennium recorded a rapid growth in the development of the co-operative movement. There was a striking increase in the number of Societies, memberships, working capital, transactions, etc.

The following table gives the progress made by the Co-operative Credit Societies in the district during the decennium:—

STATEMENT XIII-I

Year	No. of Societies	No. of members	Amount of loans disbursed during the year (in lakhs of Rupees)	Loans for productive purposes (in lakhs of Rupees)
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)
1941-42	292	17,000	1.20	0.96
1942-43	397	18,000	1.19	0.70
1943-44	393	17,000	1.15	0.96
1944-45	382	17,000	1.96	1.26
1945-46	364	19,000	2.64	2.29
1946-47	358	19,000	3.72	3.49
1947-48	369	20,000	6.55	6.12
1948-49	374	22,000	9.20	8.52
1949-50	397	23,000	7.54	7.27
1950-51	436	27,000	12.31	11.53

Land Mortgage Banks were also established to cater to the long term needs of the Agriculturists. They issued loans at cheap rates of interest repayable within a period of 15 to 20 years, for the discharge of prior debts, for the redemption of mortgages and for the improvement of land.

There has been a gradual increase in the number of members and the amount of loans issued by the Banks from year to year.

During the First Five Year Plan period the scheme for providing credit facilities through co-operatives at reduced rates of interest was extended in the district to cover 53.5% of the villages bringing into the co-operative fold 13.3% of the population. Co-operatives were also made to undertake activities like supply of improved seed, manures, agricultural implements, domestic requirements, etc. Emphasis was also laid on finding a fair market to the ryot for his produce.

An integrated scheme of credit for linking up of production finance furnished by the Primary Credit Societies and the marketing finance furnished by the Marketing Societies was envisaged and executed to a limited extent in this district. Lack of godown facilities, however, hindered the progress of this scheme. It is essential that the Credit Societies should have godown facilities in order that the members who pledge their produce to the Societies are in a position to wait for a better market for their produce. Hence under the First Plan the Dharmavaram Loan and Sales Society and the Rural Credit Societies at Bukkapatnam in Penukonda taluk and Bukkarayasamudram in Anantapur taluk availed the 50% free grant sanctioned by the Government for construction of godowns. These godowns were, therefore, constructed at a cost of Rs. 21,000, Rs. 7,550 and Rs. 10,000 respectively.

During the Second Plan period co-operative movement gained momentum and there was all-round progress. The significant achievements have been the organisation of 22 large Societies, 3 Rural Banks, 824 other Societies, enrolment of 48,264 members, co-operative education and training to office bearers, members, Panchayat-dars and non-members numbering 6,560, construction of 20 godowns for providing warehousing facilities, installation of two cotton gins,

issue of loans to a tune of Rs. 147.637 lakhs which includes loans issued to ryots by the land mortgage banks to an extent of Rs. 27.956 lakhs, revival of 98 dormant Societies, providing lands to 192 landless Agriculturists and bringing additional area to an extent of 1,624 acres under cultivation. The following statement illustrates the details of achievements during the Second Plan period.

STATEMENT XIII-2

Item (1)	Unit (2)	Achievement (3)
Organisation of large sized co-operative Societies	No.	29
Organisation of Rural Banks	No.	3
Organisation of Small Societies	No.	324
Enrolment of members (All types of societies)	No.	48,264
Education of Members, etc.		
(i) Members (Office bearers)	No.	147
(ii) Panchayatdars	No.	745
(iii) Members	No.	5,174
(iv) Non-members	No.	494
Construction of godowns	No.	20
Installation of cotton gins	No.	2
Land brought under cultivation	Acres	1,624
Landless Agriculturists provided with lands	No.	192
Issue of loans by Deputy Registrars and Land Mortgage Banks	(in lakhs)	147,637
Dormant Societies revival	No.	98

Urban Housing

The Housing Societies were started to assist the middle class people to own small houses and thus relieve congestion in the urban areas. These societies made much headway in their loan transactions and by the end of 1951, there were 9 Housing Societies with a membership of 620 and a paid-up share capital of Rs. 2,74,825. An amount of Rs. 1,01,100 was due to Government from these Societies while an amount of Rs. 1,84,130 was due to the Societies from the members under loans. 37 houses had been constructed by the end of 1951.

During the First Five Year Plan period the Societies had increased to ten and these were sanctioned Government loans to an extent of Rs. 11,37,550 out of which an amount of Rs. 10,14,866 was drawn. These Societies took up construction of 158 houses of which 152 were completed during the plan period and the remaining six were under different stages of construction.

The Government incurred the following further expenditure towards free services provided to these Societies:—

		Rs.
1951-52	3 Senior Inspectors	5,499
1952-53	3 Senior Inspectors	4,726
1953-54	3 Senior Inspectors	4,403
1954-55	3 Senior Inspectors	4,014
1955-56	3 Senior Inspectors	N.A.

There was no increase in the number of Urban Housing Societies during the Second Plan period. An amount of Rs. 4,75,750 was sanctioned by the Government towards loans for the construction of houses. Since most of the loans were sanctioned during 1960-61, the houses could not be completed during the plan period.

Dairy Development

There were no Milk Supply Unions in the district upto 1948-49. Two Unions were registered in the year 1949-50 and one other during 1950-51. These three Unions were located at Hindupur, Gooty and Dharmavaram. At the end of 1951 these three Unions had 144 members on their rolls. The value of purchases and sales of milk and milk products amounted to Rs. 24,441 and Rs. 31,254 respectively in the year 1951. However, the Government sanctioned for this district a scheme for development of milk supply in urban areas for a period of five years from 15-10-1951. Thus during the First Plan period four Milk Supply Unions and 31 Milk Supply Societies came into existence. These Societies served Anantapur, Tadpatri, Guntakal, Hindupur, Gooty and Dharmavaram towns. Loans to a tune of Rs. 88,250 were distributed to the members of these Societies for the purchase of Milch cattle. The Societies produced on an average 683.4 Madras measures of milk per day and sold 663.3 measures on an average per day.

During the Second Plan period loans to the tune of Rs. 1,09,906 were issued to the members by the Milk Supply Societies for the purchase of Milch cattle. A sum of Rs. 37,938 was outstanding against the members at the end of the plan period.

Cottage Industries

Handlooms : There were 18 Weavers' Societies and two Cumbly Weavers' Societies during the last great war. These Societies unable to compete with the machine made textiles were rapidly on the decline when the Government of India as a general policy measure came forward with financial aid and approved schemes for the development of Handloom Industry. For this purpose a fund was created out of the cess levied on mill cloth. Thus a sum of Rs. 5,000 was distributed to the members of 4 Weaver Societies in the district during 1953-54 towards share capital loan, and Rs. 8,125 in 1954-55 for the same purpose to the members of six Weavers' Societies. A sum of Rs. 14,810 was distributed as rebate on sale of handloom cloth in 1954-55, to the various Weavers' Co-operative Societies in the district. A sum of Rs. 78,230 was provided to the Andhra Co-operative Spinning Mills, Guntakal, for introducing improvements to promote around efficiency. The yarn produced in

this mill is supplied to the Primary Societies through the State Society.

The following statement illustrates the growth of Handloom Societies during the two Five Year Plan periods.

STATEMENT XIII-3

	No. of Weavers' Co-operative Societies			No. of looms in the Co-operative Pool as on 31-3-1961	No of Weavers in the Co-operative Society as on 31-3-1961
	At the beginning of the First Five Year Plan	At the end of the First Five Year Plan	At the end of the Second Five Year Plan		
	(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)
Cotton	13	19	21	2,352	2,383
Silk	...	1	1	168	150
Cumbly	2	2	24	2,664	2,624

Co-operative Farming

As against the Second Plan target of 15 Societies, nine were started in this district (one Joint Farming Society, 4 Land Colonisation Societies, and 4 Field Labour Societies).

The Government have assigned 218.32 acres to the Joint Farming Society. This society has 94 members of whom 47 have been assigned land at the rate of 5 acres each. Loans amounting Rs. 19,930 and subsidies amounting to Rs. 3,000 have also been provided by the Government for the purchase of bullocks and Agricultural implements.

The four Land Colonisation Societies had 192 members with a paid-up share capital of Rs. 3,780 by the end of the Second Plan period. These Societies sanctioned to a tune of Rs. 11,339 to its members. An extent of 1,946 acres were assigned to the Society, out of which 1,748 acres of land was cultivated. A sum of Rs. 5,250 was also given as subsidy for the purchase of Agricultural implements.

Forty-one persons were members of the four field labour Co-operative Societies with a paid-up share capital of Rs. 2,775 by the end of the Second Plan period. Loans amounting to Rs. 1,205 were issued to the members of these Societies.

Palm-Gur Development

There were 73 Neera and Date Jaggery Co-operative Societies with 3,866 members and a

paid-up share capital of Rs. 33,298 at the end of the Second Plan period. Persons comprising these societies are the ex-tappers who were thrown out of work with the introduction of prohibition.

Consumers' Co-operative Societies

At the end of the Second Plan period there were 12 urban and semi-urban Stores Societies, and four rural Co-operative Stores. All these societies had a total membership of 4,813 persons with a paid-up share capital of Rs. 45,620. These Societies purchased cloth, foodstuffs and other consumer goods and sold them both to the members as well as to the non-members. In addition to the above Societies there were two other store societies of the employees of the Southern Railway with a membership of 564 and a paid-up share capital of Rs. 5,284.

Marketing

By the end of the Second Plan period there were ten Marketing Societies with a membership of 9,840 persons. A sum of Rs. 1,64,000 was issued by the Government as share capital loans to these Societies which dealt in chemical fertilisers, iron and steel and food commodities during the Second Plan period. Commodities are being allotted to these Societies by the District Marketing Society on consignment basis.

Co-operative Training and Education

There is a Co-operative Institute in this district known as the Rayalaseema Co-operative Institute imparting training to officials as well as non-officials. The main objects of the Institute are the propagation of Co-operative education among the public and the periodical training of workers in the principles and practices of Co-operation by conducting training courses at the Central School at Anantapur. The period of training is for one year in which theory classes are held for 9 months and practical training is given for the rest of the period. A Deputy Registrar is the Principal of the Institute, and he is assisted by six Co-operative Sub-Registrars who have been designated as lecturers. 10 to 15 candidates get stipends at the rate of Rs. 500 per head for the entire course. The total expenditure incurred by this Institute during the Second Plan period was Rs. 1.085 lakhs.

- References :— 1 Statistical Atlas of the Andhra State (1950-51)
 2 Review of progress of Second Five Year Plan of Anantapur District
 3 Report of Sri C. Hanumantha Rao, Deputy Registrar of Co-operative Societies, dated 4-4-1963

CHAPTER XIV

SOCIAL WELFARE

General

The Department of Social Welfare is in charge of implementing the programme of Government to bring about an equilibrium in the structure of society by removing from it the existing social and economic disparities. The programme of Government in this regard consists in promoting educational and economic interests of backward communities, particularly the Scheduled Castes and Scheduled Tribes and in protecting them from social injustice. The Scheduled Castes are communities that suffer from the stigma of untouchability and are victims of extreme social and economic backwardness. The Scheduled Tribes on the other hand live a distinct type of aggregate traditional life of their own inhabiting mostly hilly and forest areas. The tribals are very backward economically and a large portion of these inhabitants live a primitive type of life.

Prior to the advent of the plan period, the social welfare activities in this district as elsewhere were very limited. A Deputy Tahsildar working under the Collector was in charge of the work of social welfare and was designated as the District Labour Officer. On the formation of a Department of Harijan Welfare in 1949, this work of uplifting the down-trodden was taken up by this department and the District Labour Officers in the districts were re-designated as District Harijan Welfare Officers. Subsequently the post was upgraded to that of a Tahsildar and the incumbent was named as the "District Welfare Officer". Later when the "Harijan Welfare Department" was renamed as the 'Social Welfare Department', the 'District Welfare Officers' became the "District Social Welfare Officers". After the heralding of the Panchayati Raj, the whole of the Social Welfare Department in the districts has come to function under the Zilla Parishads.

Anantapur district has two District Social Welfare Officers, one of whom is designated as "Additional". The District Social Welfare Officer has under him the southern taluks of Penukonda, Hindupur, Madakasira, Kadiri and Dharmavaram while the Additional District Social Welfare Officer is in charge of the northern taluks of Anantapur, Gooty, Tadpatri, Kalyandrug, Rayadurg and Uravakonda sub-taluk. Both these officers have their headquarters at Anantapur.

Scheduled Castes and Scheduled Tribes

Schemes relating to Scheduled Castes and other backward classes have been transferred to the Zilla Parishad while the implementation of schemes concerning the Scheduled Tribes (Sugalis, Yenadis, Yerukulas) and the denotified tribes still continues to vest with the Collector and the Director of Social Welfare.

During the First Plan period the activities of the department were rather limited in nature and were confined to the provision of house sites, supply of midday meals to school children, award of scholarships and maintenance of a few Government and subsidised hostels. The Second Plan period witnessed an enormous increase in the activities of this department. Funds started pouring in from both the Central and the State Governments for the implementation of various schemes. The following are some of the more important Central and State Government Schemes.

Centrally Sponsored Schemes : Under the centrally sponsored schemes, two Training-cum-Production Centres were started for Scheduled Castes. Wells were sunk and house sites were acquired. As regards Scheduled Tribes, clothes were supplied to school going children, aid was given to agriculturists, co-operative societies for tribals were formed, vocational aid was provided to cottage industries, house sites were acquired and wells were sunk. Similar provision was also made for the other backward classes.

Grant-in-aid Schemes : Under grant-in-aid schemes the Scheduled Castes were provided with subsidised hostels, Government hostels, schools, houses or house sites. Under this scheme the denotified tribes were provided with aid to school going children, cottage industries, agricultural aid, wells, housing schemes, medical aid, etc. Housing schemes were implemented for the Scheduled Tribes and midday meals were provided to the children of other backward classes. Further, the various State schemes also provided most of the above mentioned facilities and amenities to the Scheduled Castes, Tribes and other backward classes.

In the following pages the more important schemes have been discussed in some detail.

Maintenance of schools : It was in the year 1909-10 that the first Social Welfare School was started in this district. The following statement will illustrate the gradual increase of Social Welfare Schools in the district since 1909.

1909-10	8
1926-27	5
1936-37	6
1946-47	4
1950-51	52
1955-56	64
1960-61	73

All the Schools shown in the statement above are Elementary Schools started mostly in Harijan petas. By the end of 1961, fifty-eight Schools were under the management of Panchayat Samithis and eleven Schools which lie in non-Samithi areas were under the control of the Zilla Parishads. Further, four Schools known as 'Reclamation Schools' for the benefit of Scheduled Tribes were under the control of the Collector.

An amount of Rs. 29,000 was spent during 1960-61 towards construction of school buildings under the "Grant-in-Aid" scheme.

Midday Meals : This scheme intends to provide midday meals in schools to children as a sort of incentive to parents for sending their children to schools. The scheme was first initiated in this district in the year 1946-47. The original provision per meal was 10 nP per head which was subsequently raised to 15 nP per head in 1952-53. This rate still continues and has not been revised inspite of increase in cost of foodstuffs.

An allotment of Rs. 67,000 for Social Welfare Schools and a sum of Rs. 5,290 for reclamation Schools was sanctioned during the year 1955-56. The entire amount sanctioned for Social Welfare Schools and a sum of Rs. 3,800 under Reclamation Schools was spent.

Scholarships : Pupils belonging to Harijan and other backward communities have been granted scholarships at all stages of education. Non-residential scholarships were also sanctioned at the district level for the Elementary School and High School students belonging to Scheduled Castes, Scheduled Tribes, Adi-Andhra converts and other Backward Classes. Students studying in lower classes were given at the rate of Rs. 18.69 nP. per head and those studying in higher classes were given at the rate of Rs. 32 per head per annum. The annual expenditure towards these scholarships was Rs. 25,000 for Scheduled Castes, Rs. 5,000 for Adi-Andhra converts and Rs. 20,000 for Backward Classes. Resi-

dential scholarships of the Central and State Governments have been sanctioned by the Director of Social Welfare to eligible students of the Arts and Science Colleges and Technical Institutions.

Hostel facilities : The department has been maintaining several hostels for students of Scheduled Castes and other Backward Classes. The number of such institutions has been growing each year. During 1950-51 the number of such institutions was one Government and two subsidised hostels for girls and fourteen subsidised hostels for boys. At the close of the First Five Year Plan period (1955-56) the number of these institutions was one Government hostel for girls and 22 subsidised hostels. Under the normal budget during the Second Plan period two Government Hostels for boys, one for College students at Anantapur and the other for school students at Madakasira with a strength of 60 and 40 respectively were sanctioned. During the year 1961-62 two more Government hostels, one for girls at Madakasira with a strength of 50, and another for boys at Hindupur with a strength of 50, were started under grant-in-aid schemes for Scheduled Castes. Another Government hostel for boys was started at Penukonda with a strength of 50 boarders under Grant-in-aid scheme during 1962-63. Hence altogether there are 6 Government Hostels now functioning apart from the subsidised hostels, as against only one during the pre-Plan period. A sum of Rs. 15 per month per boarder is being spent in all the hostels except the hostel for College boys where a sum of Rs. 30 per month per boarder was being spent upto 1961-62. This grant has since been reduced to Rs. 20 per boarder per month.

During 1950-51 there were 14 subsidised hostels for boys and two subsidised hostels for girls in the district. By the end of the Second Plan period this number had increased to 29. Boarding grants have been sanctioned to these hostels at the rate of Rs. 15 per boarder per month for a period of ten months every year.

Training : Two Training-Cum-Production Centres, one for carpentry and the other for dress making was started in Anantapur district under a centrally sponsored scheme in the year 1956-57 for imparting training to Harijans. Twenty boys are selected each year for the carpentry centre and 20 girls are trained each year at the dress making centre. The period of training is eleven months in carpentry and one year in dress making. A stipend of Rs. 30 per mensem to each carpentry trainee and a stipend of Rs. 25 for each dress making trainee is being paid during the period of training. After the

successful completion of training each carpentry trainee is supplied with tools worth Rs. 200 and each dress making trainee is supplied free of cost a sewing machine together with other accessories worth Rs. 300 under the follow up programme. Stipends of Rs. 200 per head were also being paid upto 1962 to students learning stenography. This has been discontinued since 1962.

Drinking water wells and sanitary amenities : The aim is to provide a drinking water well to every Harijan peta in the district. A number of wells were constructed during the two plan periods. Further a sum of Rs. 4,600 was being spent every year towards construction of bathrooms and latrines for Scheduled Castes.

House sites : From the year 1950-51 to the year 1955-56 the Social Welfare Department acquired 142.72 acres at a total cost of Rs. 1,03,088. The land so acquired was divided into 1,705 plots and given to members of the Scheduled Castes. During the first three years of the Second Plan period an extent of 177.76 acres was acquired at a cost of Rs. 2,35,359. This land was divided into plots and given to members of both Scheduled Castes and Scheduled Tribes.

Houses : A scheme for providing houses to the members of the Scheduled Castes was introduced in this district from the year 1956-57. Under a centrally sponsored scheme a sum of Rs. 750 was sanctioned as a subsidy to each beneficiary for constructing a house. Subsequently in 1960-61 this subsidy was raised to Rs. 800. Under the Grant-in-aid scheme Rs. 500 has been given as subsidy and Rs. 250 as loan. As regards Scheduled Tribes a sum of Rs. 500 has been given as subsidy both under the centrally sponsored scheme as well as under the grant-in-aid scheme. The following are the places where the housing colonies were sanctioned.

STATEMENT XIV-1

Name of Taluk	Name of Village	Year of sanction	No. of houses sanctioned	Amount allotted (in Rupees)
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)

Centrally sponsored schemes for Scheduled Castes

Anantapur	Somanadoddi	1956-57	42	31,500
Gooty	Konakondla	1957-58	70	52,500
"	"	1958-59	80	60,000
Madakasira	Madakasira	1959-60	40	30,000
Gooty	Karadikonda	1960-61	32	24,000
Kalyandrug	Kambadur	1960-61	28	21,000

Centrally sponsored schemes for Scheduled Tribes

Rayadrug	Avuladatla			
	Thanda	1958-59	28	14,000
Dharmavaram	Potlamarri	1959-60	10	5,000
Anantapur	Nagalaguddam	1960-61	11	5,500

STATEMENT XIV-1—concl'd.

Name of Taluk	Name of Village	Year of sanction	No. of houses sanctioned	Amount allotted (in Rupees)
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)

Centrally sponsored schemes for Scheduled Tribes—concl'd.

Dharmavaram	Potlamarri	1960-61	8	4,000
Gooty	Imampuram	1960-61	12	6,000
Uravakonda	Ragulapadu	1960-61	18	9,000
Kalyandrug	Kalyandrug	1960-61	12	6,000

Grant-in-aid schemes for Scheduled Castes

Dharmavaram	Gotlur	1957-58	40	20,000
Hindupur	Lepakshi	1957-58	30	15,000
Hindupur	Manepalle	1958-59	13	9,750
Gooty	Uravakonda	1958-59	40	30,000
Penukonda	Kurbavandlapalle	1959-60	12	9,000
Madakasira	Valasa Agraharam	1959-60	40	30,000
Gooty	Uravakonda	1959-60	12	9,000
Anantapur	Rudrampeta	1959-60	40	30,000
Rayadrug	Rayadrug	1960-61	16	12,800
Penukonda	Somandepalle	1960-61	28	22,400
Kalyandrug	Kambadur	1960-61	29	23,200

Grant-in-aid schemes for Scheduled Tribes

Anantapur	Kothapalle	1958-59	14	7,000
Kadiri	Udumalagutta			
	Thanda	1959-60	11	5,500
Penukonda	Addakulapalle	1959-60	11	5,500
Anantapur	Kalagalla	1960-61	27	13,500
Anantapur	Nagalaguddam			
	Thanda	1960-61	3	1,500
Anantapur	Vepacherla	1960-61	30	15,000
Tadpatri	Talaricherevu	1960-61	19	9,500

Grant-in-aid schemes for other Backward Classes

Kalyandrug	Narayanapuram	1960-61	20	15,000
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The scheme for the construction of houses for Scheduled Castes has been discontinued in the Third Five Year Plan. However, provision has been made for providing houses to those members of the Scheduled Castes engaged in unclean occupations. This scheme has been ordered to be implemented by the Municipalities and so far no municipality in this district has started this work.

The Housing Schemes for Scheduled Tribes are, however, being continued during the Third Plan period. During 1961-62 a sum of Rs. 25,000 was sanctioned for the construction of 50 houses and it was implemented in four villages. During 1962-63 a sum of Rs. 15,000 was sanctioned for the construction of 30 houses and this scheme was implemented in 3 villages of Kadiri taluk.

Subsidy : The scheme for providing subsidy for the purchase of ploughs, bullocks, carts, implements, seeds etc., was not extended to the Scheduled Castes in this district till the close of the Second Plan period. It was first introduced during 1961-62 when a sum of Rs. 22,200 was allotted to this purpose under Grant-in-aid

scheme for Scheduled Castes. This allotment was fully spent. During the year 1962-63 a sum of Rs. 18,000 was allotted and this was subsequently reduced to Rs. 6,000 in view of the emergency arising out of the Chinese invasion on the north-eastern borders of India.

Subsidy for sinking Irrigation Wells : This scheme was not extended to Scheduled Castes from out of the Social Welfare budget. A sum of Rs. 37,500 was, however, provided for the other backward classes under the centrally sponsored scheme during 1960-61 for sinking 50 Irrigation Wells and for providing subsidy towards the same purpose at the rate of Rs. 750 per family to fifty families. This allotment was fully spent.

Cottage Industries : Several artisans of the Scheduled Castes and the Scheduled Tribes were given tools and raw materials free of cost useful to their respective occupations at the rate of Rs. 50 per family. This scheme was discontinued after 1962.

Denotified Tribes

Aid is also being given on a moderate scale to the Denotified Tribes. The following are the schemes implemented for the benefit of the Denotified Tribes:—

(i) *Education :* Aid to School-going children for purchase of books etc., was being given at Rs. 10 per family. The following are the amounts spent under this head.

1960-61	..	Rs. 3,100
1961-62	..	Rs. 1,900
1962-63	..	Rs. 2,000

(ii) *Cottage Industries :* A sum of Rs. 2,350 was spent during the year 1960-61 under the Grant-in-aid scheme towards supply of raw materials worth Rs. 50 per family.

(iii) *Agricultural Aid :* Plough bullocks were also purchased and distributed to the Denotified Tribes on a moderate scale. The following are the amounts spent—

1960-61	..	Rs. 1,800
1961-62	..	Rs. 4,800

(iv) *Construction of wells, bath rooms etc. :* Provision has also been made for sinking of drinking water wells, construction of bath rooms, etc.

(v) *Housing Scheme :* Under this scheme it was proposed to assist the members of Denotified

Tribes to build their own huts, by supplying building materials worth Rs. 100 per family for erection of huts and materials worth Rs. 30 per family for repairs to their existing houses. A sum of Rs. 12,100 was spent during 1959-60 as against the allotment of Rs. 13,000 and a sum of Rs. 7,280 was spent during 1960-61 as against the allotment of Rs. 7,280. This scheme has also been discontinued from the year 1961-62.

(vi) *Medical Aid :* Under this scheme discretionary grants at the rate of Rs. 40 per individual was being given to sick and needy members of Denotified Tribes to enable them to meet their medical and other expenses. A sum of about Rs. 200 was being given under this head every year during the Second Plan period. The provision was, however, enhanced to Rs. 1,200 during the year 1960-61 and the entire amount was fully spent. This scheme was also discontinued from 1961-62 onwards.

Other Backward Classes

Award of scholarships, provision of mid-day meals to the school children in Social Welfare Schools and sanction of boarding grants to subsidised hostels were the only aids that were being provided for the benefit of other backward classes. During the year 1960-61 the following schemes were also sanctioned and implemented under the centrally sponsored scheme.

(i) *Supply of plough bullocks, seeds, implements etc. :* The entire allotment of Rs. 20,000 was fully spent by giving aid to 50 families at Rs. 400 per family.

(ii) *Irrigation Wells :* A sum of Rs. 37,500 was spent as against an allotment of a like sum towards grant of subsidy for irrigation wells to 50 families.

(iii) *Cottage Industries - Vocational Aid :* Vocational aid at Rs. 50 per family was also given by purchasing and supplying raw materials. The entire allotment of Rs. 6,000 was fully spent providing benefit to 120 families.

(iv) *Housing :* A sum of Rs. 15,000 was spent towards grant of aid for construction of 20 houses at the rate of Rs. 750 per house.

(v) *Drinking Water Wells :* Provision was also made for sinking of drinking water wells for the benefit of other backward classes. A sum of Rs. 41,979 was spent under this head.

(vi) *Eradication of diseases :* Medical aid was also given at the rate of Rs. 40 per family to meet medical expenses of the backward class families.

The entire allotment of Rs. 2,000 provided for the year was fully spent.

These above mentioned schemes were implemented during 1960-61 only and they were discontinued from 1961-62 onwards.

Women's Welfare

This department was first started in the erstwhile Madras Presidency in the year 1941 as the "Women's Air Raid Precaution Corps" (W. A. R. P. C.) during the Second World War. This was purely a voluntary organisation, and after the end of hostilities, the women's section was retained as a nucleus together with a paid staff to assist the voluntary organisation in the uplift of women in social, cultural, civic and economic spheres. In view of the changed objectives of this organisation, the name was also altered to "Indian Women's Civil Corps." This organisation gradually enlarged in scope and sphere of activities and in 1947, Government realising the absolute need of such an institution established the "Women's Welfare Department." The same year under the Firka Development Schemes, Rural Welfare Programmes which included special programmes for women and children in rural areas were introduced, and the Women's Welfare Department was directed to implement these schemes by opening Rural Welfare Centres in those parts of the rural areas where the Firka Development Scheme was in progress. On the formation of Andhra State in 1953 a separate department of Women's Welfare was established and it was continued when the State of Andhra Pradesh came into existence in 1956.

The schemes undertaken in Anantapur district have been dealt in some detail in the following pages.

Normal Schemes - a humble beginning : During the year 1950-51 two Women's Welfare Centres were started at Parigi and Lepakshi respectively, under the Firka Development Scheme. These two Centres were under the control of the Assistant Women's Welfare Officer, Bellary who was in charge of both Bellary and Anantapur districts. In the year 1951-52 two more Centres were opened at Anantapur and Thimmanacherla. In April, 1958 a separate Women's Welfare Officer was posted with headquarters at Anantapur.

The Women's Welfare Centres are in charge of milk distribution to poor children and expectant and nursing mothers, conducting of pre-basic classes for children between the ages of 3 and 6 in which health habits, personal cleanliness

and other good habits are taught besides rhymes and action songs and conducting service centres for promoting cultural, social, economic and civic consciousness in the women folk. Recreational facilities to women are also provided and group work organised. To help women supplement their family incomes simple crafts such as spinning, tape weaving, needle work, tailoring, pickle making, etc., are taught in the centres. There is one Women's Welfare Organiser for every two Centres and she being the person in direct contact with the people, undertakes during her tours to probe into the welfare of the various families, directs such of those women and children who need her help in securing admission into the various social welfare homes and institutions started under the Second and the Third Five Year Plan schemes. Out of the four Welfare Centres in the district, the Centre at Parigi has a Maternity Assistant who attends to pre and post-natal cases, conducts deliveries in and around the village within a radius of about five miles.

Plan Schemes : There were no activities of this department under plan schemes during the First Five Year Plan period.

The following schemes were implemented during the Second Five Year Plan period.

Service Home : A Service Home was started at Anantapur in April, 1959 and this caters to the needs of destitutes, widows, divorced and their children and makes arrangements to rehabilitate them through jobs and financial aid for starting small industries and also provides facilities for the education of their children. Under a Third Five Year Plan Scheme a Children's Section has been started for children other than those of the inmates. Banyan knitting, socks making, toy making, etc., has also been started under a Third Five Year Plan scheme. From 1961-62, the Service Home is being continued as a non-plan scheme. Its maximum sanctioned strength is 150 adults and sixty children.

Vocational Training Centre : This Centre was started at Anantapur in April, 1959 and it caters to the need of S. S. L. C. passed or failed girls who cannot further prosecute their studies owing to financial inability. These girls are given training in typewriting, shorthand and commercial subjects. The trained candidates are also helped in getting suitable employment as a follow up measure. There is a hostel attached to this institute which lodges 20 trainees. A residential scholarship of Rs. 30 per mensem is paid to each trainee. This institute together with the hostel is being continued since 1961-62 as a non-plan scheme.

Improvement of existing institutions to facilitate the speedy implementation of the various activities of the department and to equip the various institutions with adequate craft—equipment, visual aids and propaganda material for turning out more work has been one of the aims during the Second Five Year Plan period. For this purpose the administration was also suitably strengthened by the appointment of extra staff.

During the beginning of the Third Five Year Plan period one Balavihar has been started at Anantapur in August, 1961 and it caters to the recreational needs of any child that wishes to make use of it. Pre-basic classes are held in the mornings for children of pre-school age and in the afternoons this place is converted into a Welfare Centre for women. Between 3 to 6 P.M. every evening games and sports are organised for children, stories are narrated, and dramatic art and songs are taught. A teacher has been specially appointed for this purpose. The children are also imparted citizenship training by forming social service squads, etc.

A Children's Home has been started under the Third Plan at Hindupur with twenty five children from 4-9-1961. Poor children, orphans and other destitute children have been admitted and are being provided with all the basic necessities of life. They are receiving education in the local schools. This Home is catering to the needs of boys between 7 to 12 years and girls between 7 to 18 years of age.

Grant-in-aid Schemes : Grant-in-aid to women welfare institutions and institutions under Rural Arts and Crafts Programmes under Panchayat Samithis and under Blocks that have entered Stage II is being provided by the Women's Welfare Department. The following blocks receive funds under this scheme:—

1 Kodiganahalli Block for maintenance of two Women Welfare Centres at Parigi and Lepakshi and two Tailoring Centres at Hindupur and Kallur.

2 Madakasira Block for maintaining one Tailoring Centre at Madakasira.

3 Singanamala Block to maintain two Sewing Centres at Bukkarayasamudram and Tarimala.

4 Chennakothapalli Block to maintain one Dress Making Centre at Kuntimaddi village.

5 Kuderu Block to maintain a Dress Making Centre at Sanapa village.

6 Talupula Block to maintain a Peripatetic Tape Weaving Centre.

7 Mudigubba Block to maintain a Mat Weaving Centre.

Grant-in-aid is also being provided to non-official Social Welfare Organisations which are devoted to (i) welfare of children, (ii) welfare of women and (iii) welfare of the handicapped. An amount of Rs. 2,400 was spent under this scheme during 1961-62. During 1962-63 another sum of Rs. 1,000 was spent in the implementation of this scheme.

Administration : The Assistant Women's Welfare Officer provides technical guidance to Mukhya Sevikas and Gram Sevikas on women and child welfare activities and in particular has supervisory control over the Tailoring and Dress Making Centres under the Community Development Programmes. To assist the Women's Welfare Officer and also to provide guidance to the Mukhya Sevikas and the Gram Sevikas, a liaison officer has been appointed, and has started functioning from April, 1962.

National Employment Service

This employment service owes its existence to the stresses of post-war demobilisation. Towards the end of the Second World War the need was felt for a machinery that would satisfactorily handle reabsorption in civil life of a large size of service personnel who were to be demobilised very soon. A Directorate General of Resettlement and Employment was, therefore created in July, 1945 at New Delhi and this was assisted by Regional Directorates stationed in the various parts of the country. In accordance with an agreed plan between the Central and the State Governments, Employment Exchanges were gradually opened in almost all the district headquarters to cater to the needs of both the employers and the employment seekers. Till the end of 1946 Employment Service was available only to demobilised service personnel and other discharged war-workers. In 1948 these Employment Exchanges were thrown open to anyone who was desirous of getting employed. In November, 1956 in accordance with the recommendations of the "Shivarao Committee" the day to day administration of these exchanges was transferred to the State Government. The Central Government, however, bears the lion's share of expenditure having to provide 60% of the total. Employment Service has, therefore, become the joint concern of the Government of India as well as the State Government. The Exchange at Anantapur has existed for as long as the life of this scheme itself. While meeting

the demands of the employers, seniority of registration together with the suitability of employment seekers along with the priority reservations etc., are kept in view while recommending names to the employers. The following statement illustrates the activities of the exchange from 1951 to 1961.

STATEMENT XIV-2

Year (1)	Registration (2)	Placement (3)	Vacancies notified (4)	Applicants re- maining on the live Register (5)
1951	3,785	1,253	2,286	907
1952	4,691	549	745	1,562
1953	4,550	595	776	1,406
1954	4,519	534	769	1,706
1955	4,558	770	1,028	1,718
1956	4,789	722	841	1,957
1957	4,584	545	649	1,950
1958	5,695	637	752	2,582
1959	5,763	813	1,161	3,448
1960	5,934	760	963	2,798
1961	7,874	2,768	2,798	4,334

Since 1958 the Employment Exchange has started collecting employment market information in the public as well as in the private sectors. The object of this scheme is to obtain knowledge of vacancies and the pattern of employment in the various industries, and to develop contacts with the employers for meeting their man-power requirements. This also helps in assessing the availability of professional and other technically qualified personnel for service. This data so collected after being pooled together and properly analysed provides a study in employment pattern which goes a long way in formulating educational and other training programmes based on the needs of the industry and the society. It will also help every young person with an eye on the future to decide as to the course of study or training that will fit him in the everyday growing complex art of earning a livelihood. In addition, data is also being collected regarding the number of Scheduled Castes and Scheduled Tribes workers employed in the various establishments of this district. Reports on employment market information, etc., are also being published regularly.

Vocational guidance: A vocational guidance unit has been started in March, 1962 under a Gazetted Officer designated as the Assistant Employment Officer (Vocational Guidance). This programme can be looked upon as an improvement on the registration and the submission procedure. It aims at giving guidance and council to the applicants with reference to their qualifications and aptitude. Occupational information is supplied to all applicants. This is meant to help the job seeker to plan his future according to the demands placed on the society by the society.

Soldiers', Sailors', and Airmen's Board

This organisation was started in this district as elsewhere in the erstwhile Madras Presidency at the end of the Second World War. A captain of the Recruiting Office, Bangalore, as the chief liaison officer occasionally inspected the work of this Board. Since 15th June, 1948 this set up has been placed under the control of the State Government. The District Employment Officer was made the Ex-Officio Secretary of this Organisation. The District Collector is the Chairman of the Board.

The objective of the Board is to render all necessary assistance to the families of the Jawans serving in armed forces and also to the families of the Jawans who have lost their lives in action. This help is rendered through the agency of the different Civil Departments of the Government functioning in the district. The District Collector being the Chairman is definitely in a position to see that all necessary help is rendered so that the soldier, the sailor or the airman defending the frontiers of the country at the risk of his own life may be assured that his family will be looked after if he ever fell in action.

Organisation : Apart from the Chairman and the Secretary there are four Ex-service non-official members on the Board, one of whom, a senior Ex-service Officer is the Vice-President. There are two other non-official members one of whom is a legal adviser. The Board meets every half year and discusses matters relating to the welfare of serving Jawans and their families, families of the deceased personnel and discharged personnel. The Board is assisted by a paid Lower Division Clerk who is also an Ex-service man. The office is located in the District Employment Exchange free of rent.

Activities : Apart from looking after the general welfare of the active and the Ex-service personnel and their families, the Board helps them in getting admissions into hospitals and other specialised health institutions. Monetary assistance is also rendered from the Andhra Pradesh Post-war Reconstruction Fund towards better medical after-care. Financial help is also rendered to the destitute and deserving Ex-service men. Widows of Ex-service men are referred to the Revenue authorities on a proforma DD 40 which is forwarded to the respective regimental centres for sanctioning monthly grants. These grants range from Rs. 8 to Rs. 15 per mensem and sometimes even lumpsum grants are sanctioned. Tuberculosis patients are also granted monthly allowances on a recommendation by the District Medical Officer towards medical after-care relief. Educational concessions are being granted to those children and dependants of Ex-service men who are studying

between the IX Class and the Pre-University Class. A Higher Secondary (Pre-University) student gets Rs. 15 per year and a High School student gets Rs. 12-50 per year towards the purchase of Books, etc. 50% of the tuition fees paid by these pupils are refunded. The children of those jawans killed in the war against the

Chinese, have been granted full fee concession both in Schools and Colleges. Every year during the month of December, Flag Day is observed and the money received by the sale of flags is remitted to the Secretary, Andhra Pradesh State Soldiers', Sailors', and Airmen's Board, Hyderabad.

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- References :—*
- 1 Andhra Pradesh State Administration Report 1961-62-Vol. I
 - 2 Report sent by Sri A. V. Ramachandran and Sri P. Sanjeevarayudu, dated 6-4-63
 - 3 Report sent by Kumari N. V. Seshamma, Assistant Women's Welfare Officer, Anantapur, dated 10-3-63
 - 4 Report of the District Employment Officer, Anantapur

CHAPTER XV

PANCHAYATI RAJ

Historical Retrospect

Local Boards were non-existent till the middle of the 19th century when Road Funds were created by an executive order for the upkeep of roads, other than trunk roads and important district roads. The Collector and the District Engineer were placed in charge of these works. This arrangement was put on a statutory basis by the District Road Cess Act, 1866, which authorised the levy of a cess of half an anna in the rupee on the rental value of occupied land for the construction and maintenance of local roads.

The origin of the District Boards may be traced to the Local Fund Act of 1871, which was the outcome of the desire on the part of the Government to provide sound elementary education to the masses. The Act made specific provisions for declaring a district or part of a district as a circle and for constituting a Local Fund Board for every such circle, consisting of three or more non-official members, nominated by the Government and an equal number of official members appointed by the Government. The term of office of members was for three years. The non-official members were chosen from among owners or occupiers of lands or persons carrying on business and residing in the circle. The Collector of the district was the Ex-Officio President of the Board situated within his jurisdiction. Some of the important functions of the Board were as follows:—

- (1) the maintenance of public roads or streets;
- (2) management of hospitals, schools, choultries and markets; and
- (3) the employment and training of health staff, the inspection of sanitation in towns and villages and the upkeep of other local works of public utility calculated to promote health and comfort of the people.

The Act authorized the levy and collection of land cess (at the rate not exceeding one anna in the rupee on the annual rental value of all occupied land), house tax (in villages or groups of villages or townships in which a school supported by Government grants-in-aid existed) and tolls on carriages, carts or animals making use of the roads within the circle.

Local Self-Government as a conscious process of administrative devolution and political education dates back from the final reforms of Lord Mayo's Government. By a resolution No. 3334, dated 14th December, 1871, the Government of India made over to the Provincial Governments certain departments of which, education, medical services and roads, deserve particular mention, as they still constitute the principal activities of Local Bodies. The beginnings of a system of Local finances were to be found in the new scheme of provincial finances and many of the present day problems of Local Finance vis-a-vis Provincial Finance are similar to those which provinces had to face in their dealings with the Government of India. Lord Ripon's Government desired that Provincial Governments should apply to their financial relations with Local Bodies, the principle of financial decentralisation which had worked so satisfactorily between the Government of India and the Provinces. The more important services that were entrusted to the rural bodies were communications, education and sanitation.

The Madras Local Boards Act, 1884, conferred additional responsibilities on the Local Boards which for the first time came to be known as the 'District Boards' instead of the 'Local Fund Boards'. Under this Act, three classes of Local Boards, came into existence, viz., District Boards, Taluk Boards and Unions. The Unions were of two classes — "Major" and "Minor". The administration of local affairs was vested in the District Boards constituted for each of the revenue districts consisting of and not less than 24 members who might all be appointed by the Government or might be partly so appointed and partly elected by the members of the newly created Taluk Boards from among their members or by the Union Boards and by the tax payers of the rural parts of the district. The Collector continued to be the Ex-Officio President. The Act also provided for the election of the President of the District Boards, from among the members of the District Boards, if the Government so directed. The members were to hold office for three years. All the Revenue Divisional Officers were made Ex-Officio members. The Local Boards were empowered to levy with the approval of the Government any of the taxes authorised under the Act.

A Taluk Board consisting of a President and not less than 12 members was constituted for

each taluk or group of taluks. The term of office of the members was for three years. The Revenue Divisional Officer was made an Ex-Officio member and President of the Board. The Taluk Board funds consisted of one-half of the proceeds of the tax levied by the District Board in the area and transferred to the Taluk Boards by the District Board and other fees such as licence for markets, etc., collected within the area of the Taluk Board. The revenues of the District Boards and the Taluk Boards were derived from land cess, from fees for the use of cart-stands, markets, slaughter-houses, etc., and from tolls in the case of the maintenance of roads, bridges and other means of communications. The chief functions of these institutions as has been stated earlier were the construction and maintenance of hospitals and dispensaries, the diffusion of education, the enforcement of measures relating to sanitation and public health and the establishment and maintenance of relief works in times of famine and scarcity conditions.

An Union Board was constituted for a single village or for a group of villages. They consisted of not less than five persons, the headmen of the villages, constituting the Union, being Ex-Officio members. The Board levied house-tax varying from 4 annas to 4 rupees according to the classification of the house. The duties and responsibilities of this Board were the lighting and cleaning of public roads, the maintenance of drains, wells and other public places, the establishment and maintenance of dispensaries and schools, etc.

In 1907 the entire subject of Local Self-Government was taken up for consideration by the Royal Commission on Decentralisation. The Commission brought to light that the resources of the Local Bodies were not sufficient for the proper discharge of the duties assigned to them. In order, therefore, to make Local Self-Government really effective and responsible, the Montague-Chelmsford Report suggested that there should be as far as possible complete popular control in the affairs of the Local Bodies and the largest possible independence from outside control. In regard to rural boards the Report stated that they should have full liberty to improve and alter taxation within the limits laid down by law. It further stated that whenever a board paid for a service, it should also control that service. If it was considered that control should be largely in the hands of the Government, then in such a case the service should be provincialised.

In the Government of India Resolution of 16th May, 1918, the Government reviewed the question of Local Self-Government and expressed

ed the view that in order to give effect to the new policy, Local Bodies should be as representative as possible of the people whose affairs they were called upon to administer, the authority in the matter entrusted to them should be real and not nominal and that they should not be subject to unnecessary control but should learn, if necessary, by making mistakes and profiting by them.

With the coming into force of the Government of India Act, 1919, Local Self-Government became a transferred subject and the impelmentation of the policy and the principles formulated in the resolution of May, 1918, thereupon devolved on the elected members.

Several amending Acts were passed by the State Legislature from time to time with a view to rectify defects which were brought to light in the working of the Madras Local Boards Act, 1884. In 1920, the State Government thought that it was necessary to have a comprehensive legislation to give effect to the new policy of the Government and to consolidate and amend the law relating to the District Boards and this resulted in the passing of the Madras Local Boards Act (Act XIV of 1920). The Act gave an independent status to each class of Local Boards and increased not only their strength but also the proportion of elected members, their resources and their powers. The taxation powers of all the three categories of Local Boards were enlarged. The Boards were authorised to levy the pilgrim tax and also the profession tax on companies and firms. They were given a free hand in framing their budgets. Provision was also made for the appointment of a District Board Engineer and a District Health Officer. The Local Boards thus became more or less autonomous and the Collector and the Government were empowered to interfere only in cases of emergency and maladministration. In the same year, the Madras Village Panchayats Act was also passed with the object of developing the system of Self-Government in rural areas. This Panchayats Act was, however, repealed in 1930 with the passing of the Madras Act XI of 1930, which amended the Madras Local Boards Act, 1920, and was also comprehensive enough to include even the Panchayats constituted before the repeal of the Madras Village Panchayats Act, 1920. The Madras Local Boards Act, 1920, has been amended since then several times; the Taluk Boards having been abolished in 1934 and the Panchayats having been taken away from the ambit of the Act by the Madras Village Panchayats Act, 1950.

The following paragraphs illustrate in brief the trend in the amendments to the 1920 Act.

Provision was made for taking of oath by members of Local Boards. All roads and public markets were thrown open to all persons of whatever caste or creed. The main changes introduced by the amendment Act of 1930 were:

(i) inclusion of Village Panchayats within the scope of the Act, conversion of Union Boards into Panchayats and the repeal of the Madras Village Panchayats Act, 1920;

(ii) abolition of the system of nomination to Local Boards;

(iii) direct elections to District Boards;

(iv) general triennial elections to Local Boards;

(v) provision for a vote of no-confidence in Presidents and Vice-Presidents and for the removal of Presidents and Vice-Presidents by Government;

(vi) election of Presidents of District Boards;

(vii) empowering the Government to provincialize the services of officers and servants of Local Boards;

(viii) alteration in the provisions relating to taxes and tolls with special emphasis on the levy of any tax suitable to the village with the sanction of the Panchayat; and

(ix) more effective supervision over the adjudication of disputes between local authorities inter-se, including, in particular, the vesting of power in the local Government to constitute joint committees of local authorities for the purpose.

The levy of tolls and tax on motor vehicles by Local Boards was abolished in 1931. Specific provision was made for the constitution of District Boards, for altering their jurisdiction and for their abolition. The majority required for the passing of motion of no-confidence in Presidents and Vice-Presidents was reduced from 2/3 to 3/5. Provision was made for the reservation of seats for Muslims and Indian Christians besides members of the Scheduled Castes. The Government took power to appoint District Engineers, Health Officers and Panchayat Officers. The amendment Act of 1934 abolished the Taluk Boards, the Village Development Fund, and made a provision for the splitting up of District Boards. The jurisdiction of Courts to grant injunctions in election proceedings of Local Boards was taken away by the amending Act of 1936. The amalgamation of

bifurcated District Boards was made possible by the amending Act of 1937. The Act of 1938 provided for the inclusion of the names of persons found in the electoral rolls of the Madras Legislative Assembly constituencies in the rolls prepared for Local Boards. Failure to pay arrears of any kind due to the Local Boards was made a disqualification for candidates standing for elections or for members continuing in office.

Certain safeguards were provided by the amending Act of 1942 in regard to the removal or the dismissal of Government servants employed by Local Boards. Act X of 1945 increased the rate of land cess leviable by Local Boards from 1½ annas to 2 annas in the rupee. In the same year, provision was made in the Act for the levy of duty on transfers of property in the form of surcharge on stamp duty in respect of immovable property situated in the area under the jurisdiction of Local Boards. The formation of the Highways Department in 1946 resulted in certain amendments to the Act in that year. In 1947 provision was made for the inclusion in the electoral rolls of Local Boards of persons who were qualified to be included but were omitted to be included in the Assembly electoral rolls. The levy of duty on transfers of property in respect of leases in perpetuity of immovable property and exchange of immovable property was made possible by the Madras Act VII of 1950. The Madras Village Panchayats Act, 1950 removed Village Panchayats from the ambit of the Madras Local Boards Act, 1920, after which the provisions of the latter Act which formerly related to Panchayats were restricted to non-panchayat areas. The name of the Madras Local Boards Act was altered into the Madras District Boards Act, 1920. The provision for the reservation of seats for Muslims, Indian Christians and Europeans in the Act was omitted by the amending Act of 1951. The Act also limited the total number of reserved seats for the members of the Scheduled Castes, Anglo-Indians and women to one-fourth of the strength fixed for the District Board. By another Act of 1951, the adoption of Madras Legislative Assembly electoral rolls and the alteration thereto for purposes of elections to District Boards was provided for. Certain provisions of the Representation of the Peoples Act, 1950, regarding the conduct of elections were embodied in the Madras District Boards Act by an Act of 1954.

The First Five Year Plan for the country was introduced in 1951. Planning led to an enormous increase in the activities of the Government. Large sums of money had to be spent on various schemes in short periods. It was, therefore, found essential that those who were to be

benefited by these schemes should also have a say in their formulation. They must learn to express their felt needs and get them translated into programmes that can be implemented. Thus, the idea of the "Panchayati Raj" slowly began to take shape.

Panchayati Raj in Andhra Pradesh can, however, be said to have had its roots nearly one and a half decades ago. It is based on the Gandhian principle of rural rejuvenation to usher in a balanced development of the countryside. This idea was given effect to by late Sri T. Prakasam, the then Chief Minister of the composite Madras State by his promulgation of the "Firka Development Scheme" in 1946. This was subsequently converted to "the Rural Welfare Scheme" in 1950. Besides the rural reconstruction work this scheme also covered Harijan Uplift Programmes as well as the Khadi Schemes. The three-pronged drive that this scheme gave to the economic and social reconstruction of rural life was in the direction of self-help, co-operative approach and State aid. As in all nascent institutions, the issues at the beginning were not so clearly defined and so well crystallised as in the case of the Panchayati Raj institutions, but however, they formed the fore-runners of a movement which has now got itself fully entrenched in the institution of the Panchayati Raj.

Community Development Programmes

The pattern of Community Development inaugurated on the 2nd of October, 1952 has been gradually modified to suit the needs of our rural communities. The central object of the Community Development Programme was to secure the fullest development of material and human resources of the local areas based on the fact that all aspects of rural life are inter-related and that no lasting results can be achieved if individual aspects of it are to be dealt in isolation. The approach was to step up the co-operative principle in its infinitely ranging forms for solving all problems of rural life. The experiment, therefore, in Community Development was started with the introduction of the Community Projects in the wake of the Rural Development Schemes. These Projects in a very short period achieved great popularity and people everywhere in other areas started to clamour for similar benefits in their respective villages. On account of these public demands and also considering the limited resources at the disposal of the Government the pattern of Community Projects had to be gradually changed over, to cover similar and lesser expensive Projects. These were known as the National Extension Service Blocks each covering an area of

about 150 to 170 square miles and involving an outlay of about Rs. 4.50 lakhs. The normal operational period of each of the N.E.S. Blocks was to be for three years. Any time within that period depending on the performance in the realm of people's participation, physical attainment and expenditure, the N.E.S. Block got converted into a Community Development Block with a bigger outlay of Rs. 15 lakhs which also included the expenditure incurred during its N.E.S. stage. In June, 1957 the National Development Council decided that the Block should be treated as an unit for the purpose of planning and development and it should be made the agency through which the resources of the Government should flow to the people.

The study team for Community Development and National Extension Service headed by Sri Balwant Rai G. Mehta recommended certain changes in the pattern of Community Development. The Ministry of Community Development accepted these proposals and accordingly removed the distinction between the different types of Blocks and introduced the two-stage system. Stage I was to be the intensive development phase with a provision of Rs. 12 lakhs and Stage II was to be the post intensive phase with a provision of Rs. 5 lakhs. Both stages were to be of a duration of 5 years each. Great emphasis was laid on Agriculture and, therefore, each Block had to pass through a Pre-Extension stage of one year devoted exclusively to Agricultural development. On completion of this Pre-extension Stage of one year the Block automatically entered the Stage I period.

Decentralization

Decentralization of authority and the participation of people in administration have always been considered by great thinkers from the time of Socrates, as the chief embodiments of any democracy. In order that these two essential requisites find place in the fabric of the Indian democracy, the Government of India on the recommendations of Sri Balwant Rai G. Mehta constituted an institution known as the "Panchayat Samithi" for each Community Development Block wherein the people are provided opportunities for participating in the process of administration. All developmental works beneficial to the community and coming within the ambit of Community Development were entrusted to the people's own elected representatives.

The idea of democratic decentralisation was thus conceived and the nucleus for this revolutionary movement was the age old Village Panchayat. The three-tier system linked one with the other consisting of the Village Panchayat

with its directly elected President and members, the Panchayat Samithi at the Block level with the Presidents of Village Panchayats as its members and, the Zilla Parishad at the district level consisting of the Presidents of all the Panchayat Samithis within the district and the Legislators of the State and the Centre, was evolved as the institution in which the people's representatives will have a complete say in the formulation and execution of policies and programmes beneficial to the Community. The formation of Village Panchayats was, therefore, speeded up in order that every bit of the country came under one or the other of the Panchayats.

The Andhra Pradesh Panchayat Samithis and the Zilla Parishad Act was promulgated in 1959 and except the Agency areas in the Andhra region and the areas within the jurisdiction of Municipalities in Andhra and City Municipalities in Telangana region, the rest of the area constituting Andhra Pradesh was brought under the ambit of this Act.

Panchayat Samithis

The Presidents of all the Village Panchayats in a Block constitute the members of the Panchayat Samithi. One woman member, one representative from the Scheduled Castes, one representative from the Scheduled Tribes where the population of the Tribes in the Block area is over a prescribed percentage of the local population of the Block and in other cases one more representative from the Scheduled Castes, two persons with experience in administration, public life, rural development or social service of whom one should be a woman and the other a member of a Co-operative Society functioning in the Block are to be co-opted by the members of the Panchayat Samithi. Apart from these members, the Members of the Legislature may also attend the meetings of the Panchayat Samithi or its standing committees situated within the constituencies which they represent and may also take part in the proceedings. Similarly the Revenue Divisional Officer may also take part in the proceedings of a Panchayat Samithi meeting, or its standing committee meeting in his jurisdiction.

The Panchayat Samithi has been placed in complete charge of the implementation of the Community Development Programmes and in addition the Government have also entrusted to it the extension activities of the various development departments of the Government such as Agriculture, Animal Husbandry, Fisheries, Industries, Education, Co-operation, Social Welfare, Women's Welfare, etc.

Every Panchayat Samithi has five standing committees each of which has been placed in charge of a few specified subjects. The Panchayat Samithi with the approval of the State Government is empowered to constitute more standing committees, if it so desires, for attending to any specific items of work. All the standing committees have independent powers of sanction within specified financial limits and may also execute works and schemes within those limits.

The Block Development Officer is the chief executive officer of the Panchayat Samithi and he is assisted by the extension staff. The President of the Panchayat Samithi exercises supervision and control over the work of the Block Development Officer and his staff in order that the resolutions of the Panchayat Samithi and its standing committees get due attention from them in their implementation.

Zilla Parishad

At the district level there is the Zilla Parishad comprising of the Presidents of all the Panchayat Samithis in the district, the District Collector, the Members of the Legislative Assembly of the State elected from the district, such members of the Legislative Council of the State as the Government may by order specify, the Members of the House of the People elected from the constituency which forms part of the district, such Members of the Council of States as the Government may by order specify and, for every Block for which no Panchayat Samithi is constituted one person residing in that Block elected by the Presidents of the Panchayats in the Andhra area and by the Sarpanches and Presidents of Town Committees in the Telangana area, within such Block. Two women, one representative of the Scheduled Castes, and one representative of the Scheduled Tribes according to the population and if the population of the Scheduled Tribes is less than the prescribed percentage, another representative of the Scheduled Castes, have to be elected by the members.

The Chairman and the Vice-Chairman are to be elected by the members from among the non-officials. The President of any Panchayat Samithi if elected as the Chairman of the Zilla Parishad will automatically cease to be the President of that Panchayat Samithi. A Secretary appointed by the Government functions as the executive head of this organisation. He is entitled to attend the meetings of the Zilla Parishad or any of its standing committee meetings, and can take part in discussions, but is not entitled to vote. Like the Panchayat Samithis the Zilla Parishad also functions through its five

standing committees. In addition to these five standing committees the Zilla Parishad may also constitute any other standing committee for specified purposes. The Chairman of the Zilla Parishad and the District Collector are Ex-officio members of all the standing committees while the remaining members are to be elected by the members of the Zilla Parishad from among themselves. The Collector is the Chairman of all the Standing Committees. The District Heads of various departments in charge of development activities have the right to speak or to take part in the proceedings of the Zilla Parishad meetings or meetings of all its Standing Committees but they, however, have no right to vote.

The Zilla Parishad which is the Head of the Panchayati Raj administration in the district, consolidates plans prepared in respect of all the Blocks in the district and also co-ordinates the activities of the various Panchayat Samithis. It also examines and approves the budgets of the Panchayat Samithis in the district. It functions as a Panchayat Samithi in

places where Panchayat Samithis have not been constituted.

The chief sources of finance for the Zilla Parishad are the Central and the State Government funds allotted to it; grants from All India Bodies and Institutions for the development of Cottage, Village and Small Scale Industries; such share of the land cess, taxes or fees as may be prescribed; proceeds from taxes or fees which the Zilla Parishad may under any law levy; income from Endowments for trusts administered by the Zilla Parishad; such income of the District Board as the Government may by order allot to it; donations and contributions from Panchayat Samithis or from the public in any form; and such contributions as the Zilla Parishad may levy from the Panchayat Samithis with the previous approval of the State Government.

The following statement gives details of the number and names of the Blocks in the district as also their respective dates of inception, status, number of villages covered by each and finally area in square miles.

STATEMENT XIV-1

S.No.	Name of Block	Date of inception of Block	Present Stage	No. of Villages in the Block	Area (in Sq. Miles)
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)
A. SAMITHI BLOCKS					
1	Kodigenahalli	April, 1954	II	40	193.80
2	Madakasira	April, 1954	II	31	200.92
3	Penukonda	October, 1954	II	52	321.65
4	Talupula	October, 1955	II	29	190.11
5	Singanamala	April, 1956	II	59	380.14
6	Chennekothapalle	April, 1956	II	33	472.82
7	Kuderu	October, 1956	II	59	522.02
8	Mudigubba	October, 1956	II	35	256.51
9	Gorantla	April, 1957	I	32	231.28
10	Kambaduru	October, 1957	I	44	492.92
11	Uravakonda	April, 1958	I	48	409.76
12	Putluru	April, 1958	I	48	305.25
13	Rayadrug	October, 1958	I	42	348.58
14	Tanakallu	April, 1959	I	45	311.42
15	Rolla	April, 1959	II	28	212.95
16	Kothacheruvu	October, 1959	I	53	343.21
17	Gooty	April, 1960	I	39	230.12
B. PRE-EXTENSION BLOCKS					
18	Kalyandrug	April, 1961		30	310.82
19	Dharmavaram	October, 1961		31	267.13
C. NON-BLOCK AREAS					
20	Kanekallu	...		40	333.53
21	Pamidi	...		47	243.85
22	Tadpatri	...		49	312.58
23	Obujadevaracheruvu	...		37	298.41

CHAPTER XVI

GAZETTEER

ANANTAPUR TALUK

Anantapur is one of the flatest taluks in the district. Its flatness is only disturbed by the southern extension of the Nagasamudram range and by the bold isolated masses near Singanamala and Malyavantam on its eastern flank. However, it contains a large part of the Muchukota line of hills and the numerous spurs which run down from this. The whole of the taluk drains northwards into the River Pennar.

Due to the scarcity of rains this taluk presents an arid and dreary landscape without vegetation and forests. Life, therefore, is one of hard toil that hardly brings returns, making hopes futile and expectations fruitless.

Anantapur Town—is a Municipal town with a total population of 52,280 (27,810 males and 24,470 females) and is the headquarters of the district with its usual complement of District Officers and District Offices. It is also the regional headquarters of Regional Officers like the Superintending Engineer (P.W.D.), and the Deputy Inspector-General of Police. It has developed into an important centre of education, with one Arts College, one Engineering College and an Oil Technological Research Institute.

Major Munro when he was appointed as the Principal Collector of the ceded districts in 1800, selected Anantapur as his headquarters. He built his bungalow at his own cost and this building is situated behind the present girls' school and has been converted into an Inspection Bungalow. A painting of Major Munro still hangs on the front verandah. Though this building is today known as the Inspection Bungalow, it will be more appropriate to name the building as "Munro House", in commemoration of the man who had once built this house, lived in it and administered a vast tract of land from within its four walls.

The most prominent feature of this town is its big irrigation tank just on its outskirts. This tank has an ayacut of over 2,500 acres. It is said to have been constructed by Chikkappa Udiyar, Diwan to King Bukka-I of Vijayanagar who ruled from 1343 to 1379. At each of the embankment a waste weir was built and near each weir a village. The village on the eastern end was

named Bukkarayasamudram (after the king's name) and the village on the western end was named Anantasagaram (after the wife's name). Anantasagaram was afterwards called Anantapur and is the present town of Anantapur.

According to a local legend, once upon a time this tank breached or was about to breach. Ganga, the goddess of water, it is said, entered the body of a woman and expressed her desire for a human sacrifice in order to avert this danger. On hearing this and in order to prevent loss of life and property a lady by name Musamma, daughter-in-law of Basireddy of Bukkarayasamudram, volunteered to be sacrificed to prevent the threatened breach. She was accordingly buried alive at the dangerous part and the breach was closed. Even today this spot is known as "Musammakatta" and this marks the commencement of the bund and the ayacut under the tank towards Bukkarayasamudram. There is a pial surrounded by three Margosa trees abutting the main road where Musamma is worshipped even till today. On the pial a feminine face is carved in her honour and this is supposed to represent Musamma. For a long time, says local tradition, Musamma used to answer when called upon after sacrifices were made to her. But once a woman for reasons unknown called out to her "O Musamma, hast not thy voice yet drowned" and since then it is said that she has not responded.

Bukkarayasamudram today has an Elementary School and a High School. As is obvious its main occupation is wet cultivation and it has also two rice mills.

Rama Raju, the usurper of the Vijayanagar throne, seems to have given Anantapur and the country around it to the Hande Family which had helped the ruler in putting down an insurrection. This place thereafter came to be known as Hande Anantapur, a name which survived for several years even after the English came into possession of it. This estate continued to be in the possession of this family when factions and rivalries broke out during the time of Siddappa (1737-40) who was a dissolute youth and squandered the resources of the State. His chief men rebelled against him and put up his cousin Ramappa in his place. The widow of

Siddappa, however, secured the help of a polygar of Bellary and through deceit had Ramappa murdered by the Bellary polygar who made himself master of the place by seizing the country round and about Anantapur. Later Ramappa's eldest son Siddappa with the help of Morari Rao of Gooty and the Nawab of Cuddapah put to flight the garrisons of the Bellary Polygar from Anantapur. Finally in 1753 Siddappa once again secured possession of the Anantapur estate. In 1757 Anantapur was attacked by Morari Rao. It resisted stoutly for sometime, but finally had to buy off the enemy for Rs. 50,000. Basappa died in 1772 and in 1775 Haider Ali took Bellary and Gooty and became the suzerain of Anantapur. Since the polygar did not regularly pay his Peshkash to Haider, he was arrested and his property attached. Thenceforward the decline of the family was rapid. Crushed by all his troubles the old polygar died in 1788. Finally after this country was transferred to the Nizam in 1799, the only surviving heir to the Anantapur estate was given the village of Siddarampuram as a Jagir by the Nizam. Subsequently he was granted a pension by Munro and some of his descendants were drawing stipends upto 1860.

Penakacherla—is a small village with an area of 17.72 square miles and a population of 4,976 according to the 1961 Census. It is situated in the north-east corner of Anantapur taluk adjoining Gooty taluk. This village came into prominence since 1959 due to the commencement of the mid-Pennar regulator scheme. The project camp is situated about 2 miles west of the village.

Singanamala—village has an area of 13.50 square miles and has a population of 3,533 according to 1961 Census. It is both the Firka headquarters as well as the headquarters of the Singanamala Panchayat Samithi. This village is situated to the east of Anantapur at a distance of 10 miles on the Anantapur-Tadpatri road. The approach road to the village from the main road passes along the foot of the bund of the huge Singanamala tank. The location of the village is very picturesque being surrounded by hills on three sides and the Singanamala tank on the fourth. The tank full of water and the fields greener with ripe paddy is a sight for the Gods to behold. No wonder, the hills adjoining Singanamala are the abodes of various Gods!

A cave situated at the top of an adjoining hill about 3,000 feet high is believed to be the hermitage of "Sri Rishyasrunga Mahamuni". An irregular flight of steps takes pilgrims from the foot of this hill to its summit known as "Rishyasrungasramam".

Gampamalla is another striking peak among the cluster of hills adjoining Singanamala tank. The name means "Basket hill" and is perhaps derived from the precipitous knoll which crowns the peak. At the top this is only about 20 feet square. An irregular flight of steps leads upto it from the north from Tarimela village. Every Saturday puja is performed to "Venkatachala-pati" who is said to reside there. This place is conspicuous in the absence of temples and idols. The sheet rock on the peak bears a number of "Vishnavite namas" said to have been painted by devotees. Many embedded iron lamps are also noticed in this place.

The pujari is a Golla Dasari of Anandaraopeta, hamlet of Singanamala in whose family the office is hereditary. Every Saturday the pujari bathes in water drawn from one particular well at the foot of the hill and then carries a vessel of water and an offering of cooked food to the top. There he places these before the "namams" and then the congregation which usually gathers in large numbers at that time also place their various offerings before the "namams". The pujari then clammers down the precipitous southern side of the rock for about 20 feet to a little natural cave some three feet square. Here he burns camphor, offers the cooked food to the "namams" which are also found in the cave and then climbs back to the top.

This descent is very dangerous for, a light slip means a sheer drop of about 3,000 feet leading into oblivion.

Singanamala as has already been stated above, has a very big tank with an ayacut of over 2,700 acres. This tank is called in the village accounts as "Sri Rangarayala Cheruvu". It is not clear whether it was Ranga I who died in 1585 or Ranga III, that constructed this tank. This tank was badly damaged by the great storm of 1851 and about 840 yards of its embankment had been washed away. The repairs then costed Rs. 60,000. The tank is now under the control of the P.W.D. and its ayacut extends to the villages of Singanamala, Bandameedapalle, Chakrayapet and Sodanapalle. During favourable seasons two crops can be successfully irrigated while during unfavourable seasons the tail-end lands usually suffer due to the lack of adequate supply of water.

Gugudu—village is 18 miles east of Anantapur with a population of 3,377 as per the 1961 Census, and is situated among the Muchukota hills. The old superstition though openly denied still exists among the Tahsildars that if they camp in this village, it is bound to bring them bad luck. Enquiries from the local Tahsildar

reveal that it has something to do with the withdrawal of magisterial powers. Or this may even mean that the Tahsildar will be deprived of the powers of judgment and discretion. Hence even today Tahsildars in their right mind do not make night halts here.

Gugudu is best known for its Mohurram and Sri Kullai Swamy is the name of the much venerated "saint". Barren women are said to become fertile by paying a visit to this shrine. Expensive gifts are placed as offerings in this shrine. Most of the fairs are managed by the Hindus of the place. The receipts are most carefully set aside for the necessary expenses and any surplus is lent out at interest or invested in land to form a permanent endowment for the upkeep of the Mohurram festival. A Muslim priest has been employed to conduct the proceedings and he is offered a few measures of cereals and a few coins on every Thursday. Sugar is distributed as Prasadam to those who come and worship.

The annual income is estimated to be between 8 to 10 thousand rupees. A Board of Trustees has been appointed by the Hindu Religious and Charitable Endowments authorities and the officials of this department supervise collections at the time of the festival.

Fire walking ceremony is still continued during the night on the 11th day of Mohurram. A carpet of fire is laid opposite to the Chavadi. When the glow of burning charcoal is at its brightest this carpet of fire is trampled across by a number of devotees led by pipers and by the priest of the place. First comes the "Panja" or the image of Sri Kullai Swamy carried by a bearer. After this the fire walking ceremony comes to an end. It is rather strange, but yet it is a fact that none of the trampers of fire get burnt. Adjoining this abode of Sri Kullai Swamy is the temple of Anjaneya Swamy. Weekly worship is offered by the "archaka" in "Vaishnava sampradayam". This temple is endowed with ten acres of land.

There is another temple known as the Chennakesava Swamy temple in a rather dilapidated condition to the south of the village. The "archaka" for this temple is the same as the one for Sri Anjaneya Swamy temple.

Udiripikonda—village is situated in the southern end of the taluk of Anantapur-Bellary road. It has a population of 1,860 according to 1961 Census. The place is named after the hill at the top of which is a fort. The fort still is flanked by circular bastions and entrance to the

fort is from the eastern side. An irregular flight of steps, damaged at many places lead upto the fort from the foot of the hill. There are some buildings still standing in the fort. The view from the bastions is panoramic and must have been a vantage point for locating the movements of the enemy.

This place is said to have been a stronghold of polygars. The first of the polygars was Thimmanayudu under the umbrella of the Vijayanagar rulers. He was succeeded by his son Narasa Naidu who is said to have strengthened the defences of the fort by the construction of some more bastions and by the addition of a mud wall all round the village. His power and influence is said to have been great and far reaching. His son and successor Vemula Naidu, due to the fall of the Vijayanagar empire at the battle of Talikota, sought favours from the Nawabs of Golconda.

After this, the power and influence of these polygars declined and Udiripikonda changed hands very frequently. It was demolished and reconstructed several times. Murari Rao, Basalat Jung and Haider Ali were some of the important architects of the destinies of Udiripikonda.

None of the descendants of the old polygars now reside in the village. Their whereabouts are not clearly known. Udiripikonda today presents a desolate and an unimpressive appearance. Its hamlet Jallipalle has become more important due to its better water and transport facilities.

KALYANDRUG TALUK

The taluk mostly comprises of flat area bifurcated in the centre by a ridge which runs from north to south. This ridge turns the drainage of its eastern half towards River Pennar and that of its western portion into the River Hagari.

This tract of land belongs to that arid natural division which lies in the centre of the district and which is perhaps the least favoured by nature of all that distressful belt. Its rainfall is under 21 inches annually and consequently its waste land grows only poor thin grass and stunted trees. Most of the area is covered with red sandy soils of the worst sort in the district and naturally produce very little. The total area of the taluk is 821.00 square miles.

A few places in this taluk which are of interest are the following:—

Kalyandrug—is a Major Panchayat with a population of 10,256 persons as per 1961 Census and is situated at a distance of 34 miles from Anantapur on the Anantapur-Rayadrug road. It is connected to the rest of the district by a net work of bus services.

Traces of once existing fort indicate that this must have been one of the strongholds of some of the powerful polygars. The fort area contains Sri Ramaswamy, Anjaneya and Eswara temples. Most of the Brahmin houses are located within the fort area while all the public offices are situated outside this area. To the left of the main road leading to the bazar is a big mosque and another such is situated near the weekly market side.

Kalyandrug town has no irrigation sources except streams which carry water only during the rainy season. The wet area under this source is 53.21 acres. Since the supply of water to these wet lands is not certain, wells have been dug to supplement water supply to this ayacut and when found necessary. The town also suffers from scarcity of drinking water during drought and other adverse seasons. A Co-operative Marketing Society started in 1937 and located here has its jurisdiction over the entire taluk. It also acts as the agent of the District Marketing Society, Anantapur, as regards chemical manures, etc. This Society deals in paddy, millets, coriander, tamarind and oil seeds including groundnut. Loans are advanced to the producers on the pledge of Agricultural produce at 60% of their value on food grains and at 75% of their value on commercial crops. There is a Co-operative Town Bank and also a Co-operative Stores in the town.

Six Elementary Schools provide elementary education to the local children. There is also a Zilla Parishad High School. Three Harijan Hostels including one for girls are being maintained by the Social Welfare Department.

A Diesel Power House which was started in 1958 supplies power every day from 6-00 P.M. to 12-00 midnight. 321 houses in the town have electric connections. Hydel power from Rayadrug is proposed to be supplied to Kalyandrug for augmenting the local supply. The necessary lines are under construction and the project is likely to be completed very soon.

Bhyravanithippa—an insignificant village, has come to prominence recently due to the construction of the Bhyravanithippa project for harnessing the water of Hagari river for the purpose of irrigation. The original village has been submerged in the waterspread area

of the reservoir and the persons living in it have been rehabilitated in the neighbourhood area of the project. A neat well-finished Inspection Bungalow has also been constructed on the left side of the reservoir and due to its high elevation gives a panoramic and a beautiful view of the whole area.

The project has been designed purely for irrigation. It has an earthen dam with two canals to serve villages in the taluks of Kalyandrug and Rayadrug. The waterspread area of the reservoir is 9.52 square miles and has a storage capacity of 24,000 million cubic feet. This scheme costing Rs. 1.42 crores has brought nearly 12,000 acres of land under irrigation. The entire work on this project was completed by 30th November, 1961.

Kumdurpi—is situated in the south-west corner of the taluk and has a population of 4,853 persons according to 1961 Census. The hill above the village is 2,996 feet above the sea level and is thus one of the few high points in the district. One side of this hill is almost perpendicular. The ruins of a fort are still visible on this hill and this fort was said to have been the residence of a well-known polygar. One of the Mackenzie's manuscript says that the first of the family Koneti Nayudu, obtained it in 1652 from the king of Bijapur as a price for surrendering Penukonda.

RAYADRUG TALUK

Rayadrug is one of the flatter taluks of the district sloping gradually north towards Bellary. Most of the rising ground is found only round and about Rayadrug village, the highest peak being 2,727 feet where a trigonometrical station is also located. The entire taluk is drained by the Hagari River and its tributary the Chinna Hagari. The Bhyravanithippa project which harnesses the waters of Hagari benefits seven villages in this taluk. Further, supply channels from the river itself feed the irrigation tanks at Veparalla, Kolegal and the Krishnareddi tank of Kothapalle. River channels have also been dug to supply water for irrigation to villages all along its sides. The High Level Canal Scheme of the Tungabhadra Project when completed is likely to benefit about 22 villages in the Firkas of Dandinahirehal, Kanekal and Bommanahal. The total area of the taluk is 682 square miles, and the number of villages in the taluk is 82.

Some account of the few places of interest in the taluk is given below:—

Rayadrug—which is a taluk headquarters is situated on the western extremity of

the taluk bordering the Mysore State. It lies on the Vijayawada-Hubli railway line and is also connected by roads from various important places in and outside the district.

Rayadrug according to the local tradition is said to mean the "King's Hill Fortress". The town is said to have derived its name from the stronghold on the rocky hill at the foot of which it is built. Though the gates of the fort are in ruins, the wall that exists even till today suggests to us that it must have been a formidable stronghold in the days when such stone walls provided a sense of strength and impregnability.

This fort came under the domain of the Vijayanagar kings when one of the officers of the Vijayanagar Empire captured it and named the place after him "Bhupatirayanikonda" or briefly "Rayadrug". His successors fought along with the other Vijayanagar Chiefs in the battle of Talikota in 1565. The Fort then passed into the hands of the Bidars, the last of whom to occupy this fort was more popularly known as "Verri Bommalla" or the "Mad Bommalla". He being a tyrant was disliked immensely by his subjects and with the connivance of the latter, Pedda Koneti Nayak, a chief of Kumdurpi Drug, came over to Rayadrug, dethroned Bommalla and established himself. He got himself attached to the Vijayanagar dynasty through a marriage alliance. Subsequently this person changed his headquarters to Penukonda and later submitted to the Bijapur Kings and acknowledged their suzerainty by paying tribute and rendering military services. Till 1787 the history of this fort is one of intrigue and change of hands amongst the members of the same family. However, in 1787, Tipu Sultan captured the fort, seized the ruler and sent him and his family to Seringapatam. Rayadrug was then made a part of Tipu's province of Gooty.

In 1799 when Seringapatam together with Tipu fell before the unholy alliance of the British and the Nizam, Rajagopal Nayak, son of the sister of the last Chief Venkatapati was installed as a polygar by the people. Nizam's Officers finding him to be a trouble maker deported him to Hyderabad. When Bellary district was ceded to the East India Company in 1800 he was transferred to Gooty where he lived on a maintenance allowance as a quasi-State Prisoner till his death.

Thimmanayani Cheruvu is the only irrigation source near this town with a precarious water supply. There are also a few irrigation wells which supplement the supply for this tank to the ayacut of 23 acres under it. Paddy, ragi,

chillies, onions, tobacco, oranges, and vineyards are raised. Groundnuts are also grown. Custard Apple trees are also grown in abundance fetching about Rs. 6,000 per year to the Government by way of leases.

There are about 3,000 handlooms in this place manufacturing coarse and medium handloom textiles. There is also a Weavers' Co-operative Society. A Khadi production centre for the Khadi and Village Industries Commission is located here. There are six groundnut decortication-cum-oil expellers, two big rice mills, and ten rice hullers and flour mills.

There is a Zilla Parishad High School for boys, a High School for girls, an institution of Arabic education, and nine Elementary Schools, which serve the educational needs of the local children. The Social Welfare Department is maintaining a hostel for Harijan children.

The local Government Hospital has provision for 30 in-patients on the general side and 12 in-patients on the maternity side. A minor Veterinary Dispensary caters to the animal health services of the locality. Rayadrug is also connected by Telephone with a telephone exchange which was started in 1959.

Kanekal—situated 17 miles east of Rayadrug. Kanekal is a Major Panchayat with a population of 7,454 persons according to the 1961 Census. Being surrounded on all sides by wet lands this village has hardly any scope for extension except for a small stretch on the southern side where a small extension known as Ramnagar is gradually developing, together with a High School and the Rural Bank buildings.

This village has a major irrigation source known as the Chikkanna Vodayar Tank with an ayacut of 2,227 acres. There are two other irrigation sources, Diwisetti Nala (a channel from Hagari) with an ayacut of 356 acres and the Krishna Reddy Tank with an ayacut of 350 acres. The rice produced in this area which is considered to be of a very high quality is marketed mostly in the Mysore State and in the deficit areas of Uravakonda, Anantapur, Kalyandrug and Rayadrug taluks. There are four rice mills functioning in the village.

There are 200 looms being worked in this village producing coarse sarees and dhoties.

Eight Elementary Schools and one Zilla Parishad High School cater to the educational needs of the local children.

The Local Fund Dispensary has a bed strength of 12 on the general side and 4 on the maternity side.

Electricity was introduced in the village on 26-1-1956 and the Panchayat since then have installed street lights. 175 private houses are also served with electricity.

A Co-operative Rural Bank started in 1956 serves 9 villages round about and provides loans to its members.

A cattle fair is held every year during the March-April season. Hallikar breed of bulls and other local breeds are brought from Mysore State and elsewhere for sale in this place. Large number of people usually attend this fair, and make their selection of bulls, etc.

A minor Veterinary Dispensary manned by a Veterinary Assistant Surgeon looks after the animal health of this area.

Honnur—is situated 22 miles north-east of Rayadrug and has a population of 2,816 persons according to the 1961 Census. Betel vines are grown under the few irrigation wells that exist in this village. There is a mud fort which is in ruins. The village Honnuru derives its name from Honnurswami, a Muslim saint who is said to have come from Bijapur. A tomb has been constructed at the place where he is buried and a mosque has also been built at a cost of over Rs. 40,000. Every year an "urus" is held in honour of the saint when Hindus and Muslims in large numbers attend.

A Zilla Parishad High School which was started in this place in 1960 is located in the Rest House said to have been built by Munro. There is also an Elementary School which provides elementary education to the local children.

Veparalla—village with a population of 2,910 is one of the important paddy producing centres in the taluk and stands next to Kanekal in this respect. Veparalla is on the banks of Pedda Hagari River and is situated opposite to Nanjagundlapalle of Kalyandrug taluk. It is at this place that a causeway across Hagari has been constructed and opened to traffic in 1955 at a cost of Rs. 2,70,000. This is now serving as an important road link between Rayadrug and Kalyandrug taluks.

URAVAKONDA INDEPENDENT SUB-TALUK

Uravakonda Independent Sub-Taluk is the western portion of what was before 1956 of Gooty taluk. Most of the soil in this area is made up of black cotton variety being a continu-

ous stretch of the same variety of soil of Bellary. Small patches of red soil can be noticed in areas adjoining Gooty taluk. The landscape is mostly plain with very few forests or hills. The area of this independent sub-taluk is 413.1 square miles with a population of 98,655 persons according to 1961 Census.

Uravakonda—is the headquarters of the Independent Sub-Taluk and is also a Block headquarters. The name Uravakonda is said to mean "Hood-hill", the steep red scarp of the hill rock around which it is built, being supposed to resemble the outspread hood of a cobra.

The town has a fairly flourishing population and contains a large number of weavers of handloom sarees. There are about 3,300 looms in this place and it is also a production centre for Khadi and hand-spun yarn. There is also a High School in the town.

Konakondla—is situated 5 miles south-west of Guntakal and has a population of 6,527 persons according to the 1961 Census. A High School and a Primary Health Centre are located in this place. Traces of Jainism can be noticed in this place especially from the carvings in the local temples.

A ruined fort is situated on the top of the hill. In 1804 this fort was a scene of an outrage which was unusual even in those unsettled days. Gurrappanayak, a polygar of Kamalapadu and Perumalla Nayak, polygar of Doodikondah together attacked this fort with a party of about 200 men. The headman and one another were seized, tortured and beheaded. They also murdered four other men, seriously wounded six, plundered the principal inhabitants and then, hearing that a detachment from Gooty was on their track, made their exit. Konakondla fort is now in ruins.

Vajrakarur—is a Major Panchayat with a population of 6,292 persons according to 1961 Census. It is situated 10 miles south of Guntakal and is famous for diamonds which are known to occur in its neighbourhood. Whenever heavy showers occur a considerable proportion of the population turn out of their homes to search for diamonds, carrying their meals with them and spend long hours in closely examining the ground in the hope that they may happen to catch the glint of a gem washed clean by the rain. Occasionally diamonds have been found in this area. A Diamond Mining Organisation which is said to have worked in this area from 1880 to 1895 did not meet with any luck.

This village was electrified in 1954 and has a High School. The car festival of Sri Venkateswara in the spring season every year attracts about 10,000 pilgrims.

GOOTY TALUK

Gooty taluk before 1956 was the largest taluk in the district, almost twice as large as Hindupur taluk. In 1956 the western portion of the taluk was constituted into an independent sub-taluk with Uravakonda as its headquarters. The present taluk of Gooty consists mostly of the eastern portion containing scattered patches of "Regada" (black cotton soil) and for most part red loam and drains southwards into the Penar, which forms the natural boundary between Anantapur and Gooty taluks.

With Tadpatri, Gooty forms a natural division of the district which differs greatly from its adjoining central portion. These two taluks are both fertile and receive somewhat more rain than their southern neighbours and consequently the proportion of arable land in them which remains unoccupied is smaller and the percentage of occupied land which is tilled is higher, than any other part of the district.

There are 84 villages in this taluk. These have been placed under the four Revenue Firkas of Gooty, Thimmanacherla, Pamidi, and Nagasamudram.

Gooty—is the headquarters of the taluk as well as a Block. Its historical importance is due to the hill fort which was the stronghold of the western Chalukyas, the Hoyasalas, Yadavas, Vijayanagar kings, Golconda Nawabs, and the Maratha Chieftain Morari Rao. Today Gooty is a Major Panchayat with a population of 19,057 persons as per the 1961 Census. The London Mission with its headquarters here is maintaining a Higher Secondary School and two Higher Elementary Schools. There is also a Zilla Parishad High School at Chatnepalle. There is also a very big irrigation tank which has a large ayacut under it. This tank is said to have been constructed in 1619 by Rama Raya, one of the expatriated princes of the Vijayanagar dynasty.

The later history of the fort of Gooty reveals that it was in the hands of the Vijayanagar kings at the time of the battle of Talikota in 1565. After this it was under the Vijayanagar kings ruling from Penukonda. Subsequently it seems to have passed into the hands of the Golconda kings when Mir Jumla, one of the Generals of the Golconda kingdom captured it from the hands of a Vijayanagar prince.

About 1746, the famous Maratha free lancer, Morari Rao was permitted by the Nizam to establish himself in the fort. In 1754 he made it his permanent residence and repaired its fortifications. Soon he became very powerful and his influence extended over the neighbouring country. But, however, due to certain misunderstanding he incurred the displeasure of Haider Ali. In 1775 on entering the territory of Gooty, Haider sent a complimentary message to Morari Rao, to announce that he had arrived at his house (country), that they were ancient friends, and that he would be troublesome to him for grain and forage for his horses; the value of which he estimated at a lakh of rupees. Morari Rao seemed to have treated this message with scant respect. Thereupon, Haider attacked the fort and after a siege of about five weeks the town and the lower forts were carried by assault. The siege of the upper fort was continued for two more months. The besieged were reduced to utmost distress, and Morari Rao found himself under the necessity of sending an envoy to Haider seeking peace. The negotiations broke down and the hostilities were resumed. Water had completely run out in the fort, and on the third day after the resumption of hostilities, Morari Rao accompanied by his son and followed by his garrison without arms descended from the fort and fell on Haider's clemency. Morari Rao and his family were sent to Seringapatam where soon afterwards Morari Rao died.

Haider and after him his son, Tipu, held the place until 1799. After the fall of Seringapatam and the death of Tipu it fell to the share of the Nizam. Gooty formed part of the territory ceded to the Company by the Nizam in 1800.

Guntakal—lies in the north-west corner of the taluk and has a population of 48,083 persons according to the 1961 Census. The place is an important Railway Junction where trains to Madras, Bombay, Vijayawada, Hubli and Bangalore can be boarded.

Guntakal has a municipal council and is also a commercial centre, with the District Market Committee having its headquarters here. Cotton, cotton seeds, groundnut, coriander, bengalgram, etc., are some of the important commercial products that find their way into this place. Co-operative spinning mills were started in 1954 with 16,536 spindles. Eight hundred bales of lint are consumed and 700 bales of yarn are produced every month. One thousand labourers are employed in these mills every day. The yarn that is produced is of a lower count and is supplied to Weavers' Co-operative Societies.

One High School for girls and two High Schools for boys provide education to nearly

two thousand students. There is one Inspection Bungalow and one choultry for the use of travellers.

Around the Railway Station is a neat railway colony intended for the Railway employees. It has a cultural centre known as the "Railway Institute" and a Railway Hospital caters to the health needs of the employees.

Pamidi—is a Major Panchayat with a population of 8,716 persons as per the 1961 Census. It is situated on the bank of the river Pennar near the point where it is crossed by the Railway line from Guntakal to Dharmavaram.

The place lies on low ground among stretches of paddy fields watered by several channels from the river. Mackenzie's manuscripts state that of these sources the Pedda Kalva or the "big channel" was dug by Rama Raya, of the Vijayanagar dynasty, the Padamati Kalva was made in the time of Golconda kings, and the Gangi Reddi Kalva was constructed by a big ryot of that name.

Handprinted cotton textiles used to be the chief product of this place, and in days-by-gone used to be exported to Burma and Ceylon. But now due to the advent of textile industry with its natural complement of quick mixing and quick drying colours, this industry has slowly disappeared and most of these artisans have left the place to seek their livelihood elsewhere. Some eke out a precarious livelihood by restricting their activities to sugali dresses. Pamidi has a High School and a Local Fund Dispensary. On the shandy day that falls on every Saturday readymade dresses, cutpieces, and foodstuffs are usually sold.

Yerrathimmarajucheruvu—situated six miles north-west of Gooty this village has a population of 1,711 persons as per 1961 Census. A local manuscript, which is confirmed in some respects by certain of Mackenzie's manuscripts, says that Yerra Timmaraju, after whom the tank is named, was a governor of the country round about Gooty, Yadiki, and Tadpatri at the time of Rama Raju, one of the Vijayanagar princes. He represented to the king that the site was an excellent one for a tank and orders were accordingly given for its construction. The hamlets were submerged by the water spread and their inhabitants settled in a new village at one end of the tank bund which was called, after the tank, Yerrathimmarajucheruvu.

Kristipadu and Ravaludiki: Steatite and chalk are being mined at Kristipadu. Only steatite is worked at Ravaludiki. The materials from these

two mining areas are taken to Rayalacheruvu in Tadpatri taluk where they are pulverised in the pulverising factory of the mineral mining company. The annual output is about 2,400 tons of steatite. The quantity of chalk obtained from this area is quite small. An amount of Rs. 2,400 is paid to the Government in the shape of royalty.

TADPATRI TALUK

Tadpatri is surrounded on the whole of its western and northern sides, and partly on the east and south as well, by hills. Down all its western flank runs the Muchukota range and to the north and east it is bounded by the curious flat-topped line of the Erramalais of Kurnool but its centre is an almost level plain draining in the extreme south into the River Chitravati and elsewhere into the River Pennar, which flows through the middle of it, by a number of considerable streams of which the Pedda Vanka, rising in the picturesque Konauppalapadu valley, is the chief. This plain, which is lower in elevation than any other part of the district, is practically all of it covered with black cotton soil, red soil only appearing near the hills and along the margin of the river.

Like Gooty, the taluk receives more rain than its southern neighbours and this fact added to the fertility of its soil results in the percentage of the arable land which is occupied and of the occupied land which is cultivated being higher than in other parts of the district.

Spring channels also occur in this taluk and are responsible for a portion of irrigation. The spring channels of Chitravathi irrigate lands at Daditota, Goddummarri, Singavaram, Kalluru, Chintakayamanda, Aravedu, Bukkapuram, Chilamakuru, Kodumurthi, Mallagundla, Lingareddipalle, Yellanuru, Peddamallepalle and Nitturu. Lands of villages in the Tadpatri, Peddapappuru and Yadiki firkas which are placed alongside the Pennar get the benefit of its water for irrigation.

Tadpatri taluk has 96 villages and 140 hamlets. Reference is made below to the more noteworthy of the places.

Tadpatri—is the taluk headquarters with a population of 23,129 persons according to the 1961 Census. The town lies on a very low ground on the southern bank of the Pennar River which here runs in a sandy bed about a mile wide. There is considerable amount of wet cultivation in this area under Pedda Kalva, Pinakini Nala, and Kotha Kalva. It is also an important commercial centre for cotton, groundnut, groundnut

oil, handloom cloth, beedies, mill cloth, Cud-dapah slabs, yarn, skins and hides, millets, timber and ghee. It has also become a milk collecting centre for all the neighbouring villages for transport to Anantapur. There are two cotton presses and six other factories in cotton ginning, groundnut decortication and oil expellers. It is also one of the regulated markets in the district. A big market yard with godowns and offices was constructed in 1956. The State Warehousing Corporation has also started its branch office here in 1959. There are about 2,500 handlooms manufacturing sarees. The provincial handloom weavers' factory and a handloom weavers' co-operative society are two of the more important institutions in this regard. The sales depot of the Khadi and Village Industries Commission is also located here.

Tadpatri thermal electric station was started in 1951. This was connected to the Tungabhadra Hydel Power Station in 1957. Gradually the villages in this taluk are being electrified.

Tadpatri and Gooty have similar historical associations. Hence Tadpatri like Gooty has passed through several hands and was, therefore, subjected to the whims and fancies of the rulers of Vijayanagar, the Mughals, Morari Rao, Haider Ali, etc. Traces of these various Governments are still found in the temples, mosques and shrines of Tadpatri.

Yadiki—is situated at the north-western end of the taluk four miles west of Rayalacheruvu with a population of 9,276 persons according to the 1961 Census. It is a Major Panchayat. Two of the Mackenzie's manuscripts give an account of the history of this place. According to these, the Chennakesava temple, the biggest in the village was constructed by Timma Naidu, one of the Governors of the Vijayanagar empire.

Yadiki was the headquarters of a Deputy Tahsildar till 1932 when the Sub-Taluk was abolished. It is now a silk weaving centre and this occupation is carried on by the "Pallekaris" and the Muslims of the village. The Khadi and the Village Industries Commission has also engaged some looms for silk weaving. Cotton sarees are also being woven by some 600 looms and are being marketed in some of the important centres in Mysore State.

There is a Zilla Parishad High School which caters to the educational needs of the local children.

Chandana—is a mining centre within a short distance from Rayalcheruvu. Barytes and Stea-

tite are mined here. Irrigation is carried on by wells.

Muchukota—is situated on the Anantapur-Tadpatri road. The village is ten miles from Tadpatri. The forest reserves which are one of the oldest are in this area and go by this name. A forest rest house is also situated here. The place is also important for its Barytes mines and commercial crops like groundnut and coriander are also grown here.

Alur—has an ancient Ranganathaswamy temple built on the hill top near waterfall at a distance of about four miles from Tadpatri. The location of the temple together with the valley is very picturesque.

The natural spring irrigates about 50 acres during the main crop season.

Due to its natural beauty an attempt was made to develop this place into a tourist centre. An approach road was constructed from Tadpatri side to the hill. A swimming pool and a few rest houses were constructed. But unprecedented rains in September, 1958 washed away the swimming pool together with some of the rest houses and chatrams. There was also a considerable amount of erosion in the area and now the place looks rather desolate.

Rayalcheruvu—is situated in the north-west corner of the taluk on the Madras-Bombay railway line. It has a big irrigation tank called Krishnadevaraya tank with an ayacut of 590 acres. The north canal of the Mid-Pennar regulator also supplies water to this tank. An Inspection Bungalow is being maintained by the Highways Department.

Orange, lime, betel vine, and mango gardens cover an extent of 150 acres. This is also an important centre of mining industry in this district. Calcite burning kilns of Messrs Binny & Co., and a pulverising plant of Hindustan Mineral Products Company of Bombay are located here. Minerals mined in Chandana, Kristipadu and Konauppapadu are pulverised, packed and exported to business centres in Bombay, Madras and Bangalore.

Talaricheruvu—is situated in a direct line north-east of Tadpatri and has a population of 442 persons as per the 1961 Census. It is in the midst of hills north of Alur. Some distance from this village, in the middle of one of the level plains of which the summits of all the curious flat topped hills of these parts consist, is a strange cave. It is formed by a sudden crevasse in the limestone and sandstone rocks and leads steeply down-

wards about fifty feet into the bowels of the earth by a passage which is some seventy yards long. Part of the way along it the solid rock through which it passes is broken by an opening leading to the upper air, and this serves to light the greater part of the cave, but at the bottom it is quite dark. At the bottom is a small pool of very clear water containing swarms of small fish. It is some four feet across and through it flows slowly, at right angles to the passage, a stream of water which emerges from the rock on one side of the pool and disappears into a hole in it on the other. The spot is marked by a "Sivalayam and Mantapams". On Mondays in "Kartikam" (November) pilgrims take bath in the stream at the bottom of the cave, conduct worship at the Sivalayam and return at night-fall.

Hajivali Darga urus is also held at Talari-cheruvu in (March-April) and this attracts a large number of Muslims from Tadpatri.

Goddumarri—is the southern most village of the taluk with a population of 2,188 persons and is situated about 26 miles south of Tadpatri on the bank of Chitravati, the latter being responsible for considerable wet cultivation in the village. Orange gardens are also being raised on an extent of over 150 acres.

Laxumpalle, a hamlet of this village, is a weaving centre having 80 families of weavers. Coarse handloom sarees are woven and sold in Bellary, Chikkaballapur and Bangalore in Mysore State.

Nerjampalle, one other hamlet, is populated entirely by the Boyas. Barytes is being mined in a systematic manner here since 1929. From here this is taken to Kondapuram for pulverising.

DHARMAVARAM TALUK

In the south this taluk is broken up by the northern extension of the Mallappakonda and Penukonda lines of hills, but elsewhere it is flat and is only diversified by scattered isolated rocky hills. It drains northwards both into the River Chitravati and into the upper parts of the Tadakaleru and Pandameru streams. Like Anantapur and Kalyandrug taluks, it receives less than 21 inches of rain annually and consequently contains little vegetation or reserved forest and is cultivated chiefly with horsegram, a crop that grows with the smallest amount of rain on the most barren soils.

The River Chitravati enters the taluk on its southern side at Veldurthi village and enters

the Dharmavaram tank after traversing nine miles to the north. After filling up the tank, it again issues forth from its surplus weir, travels north-east and leaves the taluk near Peddakotla village.

The River Pennar flows along the western boundary between the Dharmavaram and Kalyandrug taluks. It makes its entry into the taluk from the south at Kondapuram and leaves the taluk at Konetinayanipalyam in the north passing through Perur where the upper Pennar Project has been constructed.

The Gutlur and Nalakota reserve forests occupy the southern and eastern fringes of the taluk adjoining Penukonda. The other forests are those of Bhadrapuram, Narasampalle, Kondapalle, and Ramagiri which are scattered in the central and western portions of the taluk. The total area of the taluk is 736 square miles.

The following are some of the important places as well as places of interest in the taluk:

Dharmavaram—is a Major Panchayat with a population of 20,405 persons according to the 1961 Census. It is also the headquarters of the Dharmavaram Revenue Division. It is a Railway Junction for trains going to Bangalore, Vijayawada and Pakala. A feeder road connects Dharmavaram with the Anantapur-Bangalore road. The Public Works Department maintains an Inspection Bungalow for the use of visitors.

Dharmavaram town stands at one end of the bank of the great tank which is named after it and is fed by the River Chitravati. This tank was built by Kriyasakti Vodayar, one of the princes of the Vijayanagar empire, who named the town after his mother Dharmamba in 1153-54 A.D. The tank is now under the control of the Public Works Department and irrigates an ayacut of 1,922 acres. It is one of the biggest tanks in the district.

Dharmavaram is predominantly a weavers' centre and was noted in the past for its products. Previously it was purely cotton weaving, but due to severe competition from machine made goods, some pioneers in the early part of this century diverted the fast extinguishing cotton weaving industry to silk weaving and since then all the looms have been switched over to silk weaving. With the advent of machinery for processing raw silk together with more advanced "know how" in dyeing and weaving, the silk industry in this town has progressed very rapidly. It continues to be a cottage industry and employs a large number of workers. Large quantities of raw silk have to be imported from Mysore State, though the Andhra Pra-

desh Government have established a Sericulture Industry at Hindupur with a production capacity of 100 lbs. per month.

There are about 3,000 silk handlooms in Dharmavaram and adjoining villages both under the Co-operative sector as well as under the master weavers. The whole industry provides employment to about six thousand persons. The total output from all the looms in terms of money amounts to approximately about Rs. 9,00,000 per month. The silk products are famous for their texture, quality and durability and find market all over the country. The price of sarees produced here ranges from Rs. 50 to Rs. 500. Queen Elizabeth II of England during her recent visit to India in 1961 was so much impressed by these products that she purchased a few sarees.*

Tadimarri—is situated 20 miles north-west of Dharmavaram on Dharmavaram-Parnapalle road with a population of 3,153 persons according to the 1961 Census. In the olden days it was the seat of a polygar and the ruins of this fort are still visible. It is an amazing place and though it is built on low ground it must have been of a considerable strength. No one now lives in the fort but *puja* is still done at the Kesavaswamy temple there.

A Higher Elementary School provides educational facilities to the local children. There are two irrigation tanks with a total ayacut of 184 acres and further three spring channels provide water to another ayacut of 46 acres.

Perur—is situated 34 miles west of Dharmavaram adjoining Kalyandrug taluk. To harness the waters of River Pennar for irrigation, an irrigation project known as the Upper Pennar Project designed to irrigate 9,782 acres in Dharmavaram, Anantapur and Kalyandrug taluks has been constructed. The left flank channel when completed will irrigate 3,669 acres while the right flank channel will irrigate 5,112 acres.

A Zilla Parishad High School started in 1957 provides educational facilities to the local children.

Nyamaddala—is situated 14 miles south-west of Dharmavaram and has a population of 3,455 persons according to the 1961 Census. 700 workers working on 400 looms produce art silk sarees which are mostly marketed in Bangalore, Tumkur and Chikkaballapur in Mysore State. A P.W.D. tank irrigates an ayacut

of 214 acres. A High School started in 1951 provides educational facilities to the local children. A weaving and dyeing demonstration centre of the Chennukothapalle Panchayat Samithi imparts training to about eight persons each time.

Ravulacheruvu—is situated 5 miles north-east of Dharmavaram and has a P.W.D. tank with an ayacut of 502 acres. The surplus water of the Dharmavaram tank feeds this tank through a supply channel. Another 200 acres of land is irrigated in Akuthotapalle, a hamlet of Ravulacheruvu from the water of Chitravathi River through its channels.

This village together with its hamlet is surplus in food and supplies grains to the ryots of Tadpatri and Pulivendla taluks.

KADIRI TALUK

Kadiri taluk was added on to Anantapur district from Cuddapah district in the year 1910. It has an area of 1157 square miles and it is the largest taluk in the district. The 144 villages comprising the taluk have been demarcated into six Revenue Firkas and four Panchayat Samithis. The taluk is surrounded by Cuddapah district in the north and the east, by Madanapalle taluk of Chittoor district in the south and by Penukonda and Hindupur taluks in the west. Though the elevation of the taluk is between 1500 to 2000 feet above sea level, it is never known to possess a very healthy climate.

Maddileru and Papaghni are the two rivers that flow through the taluk. The former which joins the River Chitravathi beyond Ragetipalle, takes its source from the surplus of Devalacheruvu tank of Kadiri. On the way it is joined by a hill stream that commences from the surplus weir of Baladevara Cheruvu and Obuladevararao Cheruvu. After flowing for some distance it joins the Muthyala Cheruvu tank and from there it flows into Maddileru and Kutagulla.

There is a large extent of reserved forest in this taluk. Of course one should not be led away with the impression that the area is covered with thick forests. The following are the forest reserves in this taluk (1) Nigidi forest, (2) Gorivikanuma, (3) Kukkarajukonda, (4) Bogadimmakanuma, (5) Eswaramala forest, (6) Velichalamala forest, (7) Kokkanti forest, and (8) Thummala forest.

* From the memoranda presented to the Governor during his tour of Anantapur district in 1962

The climate is moderate and the average rainfall in the year is about 20 inches. The warm months in the year are March, April, and May. The whole area cools down, however, in the month of June with the setting in of the south-west monsoon.

The taluk has mostly red soil which is of average fertility. In parts of Nallamada and Gunjapalle firkas, the soil is black in patches.

Irrigation is mostly by wells, tanks and kuntas. The waters of Papaghni River have been impounded near Mudlavaripalle village by the construction of a dam across it. This is known as the Chennarayaswamigudi Project.

A number of buses ply from Kadiri to Anantapur, Dharmavaram, Penukonda, Hindupur, Madakasira, Madanapalle, Chittoor, Kurnool, Pulivendla, Cuddapah and to various other places. Kadiri has postal, telegraph and telephone facilities.

As regards medical facilities, there is a Government Hospital with 36 beds at Kadiri. Further there are two Primary Health Centres, seven Maternity Centres, two Rural Dispensaries, two First Aid Centres and two Local Fund Dispensaries, at various parts of the taluk. A Veterinary Dispensary at Kadiri looks after Animal Health Services. Further, every Block in the taluk has its own Extension Officer for Animal Husbandry.

Ten Zilla Parishad High Schools, ten Zilla Parishad Middle Schools and a number of Elementary Schools cater to the educational needs of the children in this taluk.

A few places of interest in the taluk have been briefly described in the following pages:—

Kadiri—with a population of 24,307 persons according to the 1961 Census, is said to have been full of Khadri trees (acacia catchedu) and it is quite possible that the present name has been derived from this. Kadiri is situated 56 miles south-east of Anantapur on the Bombay-Madras trunk road and the Dharmavaram-Pakala railway line.

Legend which usually gets identified with history relates that this place was once a dense jungle forming part of the famous Dandakaranya of Ramayana fame.

Kadiri has five Elementary Schools, one Zilla Parishad Higher Secondary School for Boys and one Zilla Parishad Higher Secondary School for girls. There are two groundnut factories, three

decorticating factories, one oil mill and one rice and flour mill. Beedies are also manufactured on cottage industry basis. Women work on this in their houses during leisure hours thereby supplementing their other sources of income. There are a few big factories which also manufacture beedies. The leaves required are imported from Hyderabad, Vellore and Mysore through a few wholesale merchants of Dharmavaram. It is said that three workers can turn out as many as 3,000 to 3,500 beedies per day.

Among other industries found in this place, metal tool industry, blacksmithy, tanning and shoe making and tape weaving are quite prominent. Kadiri is connected by telephone and it has also two Sub-Post Offices providing postal facilities.

Tanakal—means a place of burning stone and lies about 14 miles south of Kadiri on the Kurnool-Madanapalle road and the Dharmavaram-Pakala railway line with a population of 6,563 persons as per the 1961 Census. There are 12 irrigation tanks with precarious supply of water and 194 irrigation wells. An ancient kacheri building together with prison cells are still to be seen here. There are a few groundnut factories and flour mills. One Local Fund Dispensary caters to the health needs of the local population.

Gutibylu—village with a population of 292 persons according to the 1961 Census is situated 13 miles south-east of Kadiri and is connected by bus services. The most interesting feature of this place is a big banyan tree known as the "Thimmamma Marri Manu" the ramifications and branches of which have spread over an extent of 5 acres. This banyan tree is said to be the biggest known in south India. A small temple of Thimmamma has been constructed under this tree. Of the several legends connected with this tree the most popular and the most authentic one states that at one time there was a Baliya family at Bukkapatnam in Penukonda taluk. This family being issueless was trying by all conceivable and unconceivable methods to have a child. Once while praying a monkey threw a nut towards the lady who ate it as Godsent. Thereafter she conceived and begot a female child which was named as Thimmamma. This child gradually grew up into a lady and was married in due course, to a person who very soon afterwards contacted leprosy and died as a result of it. Thimmamma after obtaining the necessary sanction from the community committed sati after sowing four banyan seeds around the place where funeral pyre was lit. Thimmamma was consumed by the flames but one of the seeds sown by her sprouted and grew

into this gigantic tree. A small temple was constructed for her. A school building and a drinking water well have also been constructed near this tree. This tree is slowly encroaching on the neighbouring patta lands whose owners are unable to stop this for fear of arousing the religious wrath of the local community.

PENUKONDA TALUK

Penukonda is the most hilly taluk in the district. It also contains a higher proportion of reserve forest than any other taluk and this forest is less sparse and less stunted than in the rest of the district. East of Penukonda town, the taluk drains into the fertile valley of the Chitravati and, west of it, towards the more barren and stony basin of Pennar. Owing probably to its numerous hills, Penukonda gets rather more rain than the country immediately to the north of it though this is also inadequate, and in other respects it forms part of the natural division in the centre of the district which includes Anantapur, Dharmavaram and Kalyandrug.

This taluk is subjected to famine conditions quite frequently due to inadequacy of rain and poor soils. Irrigation wherever it exists is mostly by means of tanks. But unfortunately these tanks never seem to fill to their capacity, and therefore, a number of wells have been and are being constructed to augment the supply of water for irrigation. It is also very common for these wells to dry up under drought conditions.

Kurnool-Bangalore road is the chief artery of communications. This road passes through the headquarters of the taluk. A rail road runs almost parallel to the road and there is also a railway station at Penukonda.

Drinking water is generally obtained from wells. In Penukonda town tank-water is also used for drinking, though protected water supply to a limited extent has been provided by the Penukonda Panchayat. The taluk has an area of 682 square miles and has a population of 1,41,463 persons as per the 1961 Census. The only town of interest is the taluk headquarters. This and other places are referred to below.

Penukonda—or the “big hill” is the headquarters of the taluk. The Sub-Collector or the Principal Assistant to the Collector of the district also has his headquarters here. He is a junior member of the Indian Administrative Service having the taluks of Penukonda, Hindupur, Madakasira and Kadiri under his charge. Penukonda is situated 44 miles south of Anantapur on the Anantapur-Bangalore road and railway line. The population of this town according to

the 1961 Census is 7,993 persons. The place is electrified, has a beautiful Inspection Bungalow on the top of the hillock with a view of the fort and the village. Being a place where a number of Government offices are located, it has a number of educated and cultured people. There are a number of Schools. A small Hospital with a Medical Officer takes care of the health of the people.

Penukonda is most picturesquely placed at the foot of a steep, rugged and strongly fortified hill over 3,000 feet in height on the edge of an uneven plain which is flanked and crossed by smaller elevations of manifold shapes and sizes. From the hill, and connected with it at both ends, a semi-circular line of massive fortifications stretches out for some distance into the plain and is washed on its southern side by a considerable tank. Partly within and partly outside this line is the present town, and the remains of the ancient buildings on the lower ground, the towers and matapams on the slopes of the hill and the trees and the green crop of the cultivated patches combine to make a very pleasant picture, while an air of departed greatness is afforded by the numerous ruins and fragments of carved stone which lie about on every side. The view of the town and its surroundings from the top of the hill is also well worth a climb.

The earliest inscription regarding the fort is dated 1354 and is on the eastern side of the northern gate of the fort. This says that king Bukka-I of Vijayanagar entrusted the province of Penukonda to his son Vira Virupanna Udaiyar, in whose time the Penukonda fort is said to have been built. This Virupanna is mentioned in two other grants dated respectively 1344 and 1364. Thus at the very beginning of the rule of the Vijayanagar dynasty Penukonda was the residence of one of its princes, and it evidently continued for many years to be one of the chief strong-holds of the Vijayanagar kings. Krishna Deva (1509-30), the greatest of the Vijayanagar kings, is widely believed to have made the town his residence at one time and the best of the many stonelined wells in the place are popularly declared to have been built by him.

Penukonda was thus not only the greatest of the strongholds of the Vijayanagar Empire, within easy reach of the capital, but had long been a favourite town of the ruling family. Hence it was quite natural for the king and his followers to flee to this place after their defeat in the battle of Talikota in 1565. The next year after an abortive attempt to rehabilitate the City of Vijayanagar, Penukonda virtually became the capital of what remained of the

Vijayanagar Empire. In 1575, however, Ranga, one of the last princess, deserted Penukonda for fear of Muslim invasion, and fled to the fort of Chandragiri. Penukonda was thereafter ruled by local Governors. One of Mackenzie's manuscripts says that the place eventually fell to the rulers of Bijapur in 1652. About a century later the place, however, fell into the hands of the Marathas and came under the sway of an adventurer named Morari Rao who had made his headquarters in the Gooty fort. In 1762 Haider Ali of Mysore captured it from Morari Rao and it was in the possession of Tipu at the time of the latter's death and the fall of Seringapatam. Having been ruled by both Hindus and Muslims in succession, Penukonda as can be expected of such a place, is renowned for its graceful temples and elegant mosques.

To the east of the fort is Babayya's Darga or tomb, which is in some ways the most remarkable institution in Penukonda. It is a plain building said to have been originally a Hindu place of worship. Tipu Sultan's name is also associated with the construction of this building.

The legend regarding it is briefly as follows:—Babayya, a man of royal blood had due to some reason turned into an ascetic. He thereupon went on a pilgrimage to Mecca where he came into contact with a man named Nathur Aulia from Trichnopoly of Madras State. This person from Tiruchy gave him a twig and asked him to take up his abode at that place where the twig budded. At last Babayya's wandering brought him to Penukonda and there the twig budded. By that time he had already gathered a large following, and with this following he established himself in the favourite temple of King Harihara of Vijayanagar. The king who apparently possessed a sense of humour wanted by a peculiar method to compare the "holiness" of the new man with the "holiness" of the priest of the temple. He, therefore, ordered that both these persons should be tied up in separate sacks filled with lime and thrown into a tank full of water. The Hindu priest did not reappear but Babayya was shortly afterwards found calmly seated in the mantapam which now bears his name. Thenceforward he was permitted to remain in the temple which was subsequently converted into a Masjid. A tree is still shown nearby it which is supposed to have grown from the twig he planted. When he died, a Darga was erected and it has since become a great place of pilgrimage.

Among the lesser antiquities of Penukonda may be noted two Jain temples, a fine watch tower called the "Ramburug" at the northern extremity of the fortwall, and an image of

Hanuman, some eleven feet high near the Yerramanchi gate and is held in great reverence

Bukkapatnam—with a population of 8,005 persons as per the 1961 Census lies at the eastern end of the huge tank which bears its name, and at the foot of the great Mallapakonda range of hills which cover the eastern part of the taluk. The village has derived its name after the founder of the Vijayanagar Empire, Bukka-I. He and his brother Harihara had belonged to Warangal and had fled from there after its capture by the Muslims. Bukkapatnam is situated about 13 miles north-east of Penukonda, on the eastern bank of Chitravati River across which an immense bund of about three miles in length connecting two ranges of hills has been constructed to impound water for irrigation. This tank has an ayacut of over 1,200 acres. A manuscript prepared at the order of the Collector in 1811 records a tradition that Bukkapatnam and its neighbouring village of Kottacheruvu were founded by one Chikka Udaiyar, minister of King Bukka-I of Vijayanagar. He is apparently the same person as the traditional builder of the tank of Anantapur. There is, therefore, no doubt that he built these tanks of Bukkapatnam and Kottacheruvu also.

Bukkapatnam contains a number of inscriptions of various Vijayanagar kings. After the battle of Talikota it seems to have formed part of the estate of the polygars of the Hande family of Anantapur. The remains of what once was a fort can still be seen.

Paddy, sugarcane, ragi, chillies and garden crops are the important wet crops, while groundnut, cholan, sajja are the chief dry crops. There is one rice mill in the village. The Co-operative Rural Credit Society at Bukkapatnam started on 29-9-1905 was the first Co-operative Credit Society in the district and the 14th in the whole of the composite Madras State. There is a sub-post office and a Samithi Dispensary. The latter is manned by a Medical Officer, one Compounder, one Midwife and two nursing orderlies.

Gutlur—with a population of 2,842 persons as per the 1961 Census is situated about 10 miles north of Penukonda on the Bangalore-Anantapur road. Gutlur from time immemorial has been known for its bangle industry. Due to stiff competition this cottage industry is on its decline and about fifteen families are making a precarious living out of this industry.

With a view to put back this industry on its feet, the Industries Department of the State Government opened a training centre on 9-8-1955 known as the Government

Bangle Training Centre for the purpose of imparting training to six local artisans annually in the manufacture of the various varieties of bangles and beads. Four batches were trained in this centre. Somehow the Government on reconsidering the programme closed down the show in 1960. Now this industry is once again rapidly on the decline due to lack of patronage from those that matter.

A low round rough stone bastion stands on the top of a small hill to the west of the village. Two or three miles south of it, at the foot of the noticeable line of hills capped with a trap dyke which crosses the taluk here, lie the ruins of Yerramanchi which, as it gives its name to one of the gates of the Penukonda fort, must formerly have been of importance. Heaps of stones indicating the sites of houses and fortifications, a few scattered pillars, a mantapam or two, a very roughly paved track leading over the line of hills, and a ruined tank and a well are all that now remain of the place.

Pamudurthi—has a population of 4,040 persons as per the 1961 Census. This place meaning a 'snake village' lies in the extreme eastern corner of the taluk, about 28 miles north-east of Penukonda, in a small but fertile valley forming part of the long and narrow plateau which slopes from the eastern flank of the Mallapakonda line of hills down to the Cuddapah district. This plateau is shut on every side by rocky hills of various shapes and the neighbourhood of Pamudurthi is desolate and barren.

There are remains of an old fort believed to have been once a part of the possessions of Morari Rao.

Puttaparthi—this place means a 'snakepit-village'. It has a population of 3,471 persons as per the 1961 Census and is situated about 20 miles north-east of Penukonda. This place has risen to importance since a few years due to Sri Satya Sai Baba, a Balayogi of the place. A colony has sprung up called the "Prasanthi Nilayam" and it has type design out-houses, main-mandiram, a printing press, post office, canteen, hospital, etc. The Balayogi is said to have been born in 1926 at Puttaparthi in a poor family. He seems to have been bitten by a scorpion when he was studying in the VIIth Class resulting in his developing spiritual powers which led to his transformation into a Balayogi. Soon his fame spread far and wide and now almost every day pilgrims from distant places visit the Yogi.

HINDUPUR TALUK

Hindupur is the southernmost taluk of the district. Its centre is traversed by the southern extension of the Penukonda line of hills and the similar prolongation of the Mallapakonda range bounds it on the east. Between these two lies a series of undulating uplands. It drains northwards into the Pennar and the Chitravati, both of which run right across it. The River Chitravati enters this taluk near Thalavoyipalle, hamlet of Kodikonda, and its tributary Kushavathi enters near the Chinnampalle limits, from Mysore State, and passes into Peddapalle village of Penukonda taluk.

With Madakasira this taluk forms a natural division which is more favoured by nature than the rest of the district. Both these taluks form a part of the Mysore plateau and share its higher elevation and cooler climate; both receive more rain than their northern neighbours and so support an amount of vegetation which is in striking contrast to the miserable growth of the more arid central division of the district; both contain a high proportion of fertile red loam, both have a higher percentage of land under tanks and consequently grow more paddy than the others, and as a result of these exceptional characteristics, this area is more densely populated, than the rest of the taluks in the district.

The taluk is divided into four revenue firkas. Hindupur is the taluk headquarters and has a Municipality. It is also one of the principal commercial towns in the district. Two Panchayat Samithis cover the entire taluk. The Kodigenahalli Samithi is comprised of the Firkas of Hindupur and Parigi while the Gorantla Samithi is comprised of the Firkas of Chilamathur and Gorantla.

Due to its elevation and proximity to the Mysore plateau, the climate throughout the year is quite tolerable. Even during the summer months of March, April and May, the climate is not very unpleasant. With the dropping of slight showers from the south-west monsoon in the month of June on the usually parched soil the whole area, as though being grateful to the slight kindness shown by the heavens, cools down and emanates pleasantness which permeates into the atmosphere and makes life tolerable till about October. The same characteristic is also noticeable even among the local inhabitants. A little exhibition of kindness either in word or deed, makes them feel very grateful and they emanate warmth towards the source of this kindness; a phenomenon which is rarely found in these days of fast mechanisation and accumulation. The climate between November

and January is considered by people living here as "delightful".

This taluk cannot boast of any protective or productive irrigation project, except the Pennar Kumudvathi project and even this is not really providing the assured supplies to the several tanks commanded by it. There are 203 Minor Irrigation sources with an ayacut of 11,184 acres and twenty-nine major irrigation sources with an ayacut of 14,505 acres. But, however, the supply from most of these sources is very precarious. The reason being most of the tanks are slowly getting silted up and the bunds have also become very weak. The rivers are merely torrential streams which carry water during heavy rains. Small extents are also being cultivated from channels dug from jungle streams.

Communication facilities are quite adequate in this taluk. Famine roads that have been formed from time to time generally connect most of the villages though their condition is not good. The roads maintained by the Highways Department are in a good state of repair. The metre-gauge railway from Anantapur to Bangalore passes through this taluk. There is one Head Post Office and two Branch Post Offices in Hindupur town. Most of the villages also have postal facilities, being connected by branch Post Offices.

The Hindupur Hospital is quite well equipped and is also provided with X-ray equipment. It is manned by three Doctors including a Tuberculosis Specialist and a Lady Doctor. A Leprosy unit was started at Hindupur in October, 1959. Its staff consists of one Assistant Surgeon, 4 Leprosy Social Workers and one medical worker. Besides the above there are four Graduate and two Licentiate medical practitioners. About five medical shops cater to the needs of Hindupur town. There are Primary Health Centres at Lepakshi and Gorantla, each in charge of a Medical Officer.

Educational facilities are also on the increase. Every village now has an elementary school. Hindupur, Lepakshi, Chilamathur and Gorantla have one High School each. Further, there is also a High School exclusively for girls at Hindupur. A Higher Secondary School has been started at Parigi.

As regards Industries, this taluk is rather advanced. Under large scale Industries it has the groundnut decorticating and oil mills, a cycle manufacturing factory and a matches making factory, all situated at Hindupur. Under Small Scale and Cottage Industries, the follow-

ing Industries are functioning in the various parts of the taluk:—

- 1 Cotton dyeing and bleaching
- 2 Woollen spinning and weaving
- 3 Silk weaving
- 4 Mat weaving
- 5 Vegetable oil extracting
- 6 Beedi manufacture
- 7 Tanning
- 8 Shoe making
- 9 Poultry
- 10 Basket making
- 11 Dairy products, and
- 12 Gur manufacture

The headquarters of the taluk is the largest town in the district and a centre of commercial importance. The temple at Lepakshi in this taluk is also well known. These and other places are referred to below.

Hindupur—is the headquarters of the taluk with a population of 32,445 persons according to the 1961 Census. It is a second grade municipality occupying an extent of 2.50 square miles. The town is situated at an elevation of about 2,000 feet and, therefore, enjoys a pleasant climate almost throughout the year except for a month or two during summer. It has a large floating population due to its proximity to religious centres like Lepakshi noted for its temple and its stone bull and "Viduraswanatham" (in Mysore State) noted for its "Aswartha trees" supposed to have been planted by "Vidura" of "Mahabharata" fame.

This town is important agriculturally, but is best known as one of the largest commercial centres in Anantapur district. The collection and distribution of merchandise is carried on by a number of substantial merchants and the weekly market is the largest in the district.

Besides being an important commercial place Hindupur is also growing up to be an important industrial centre. There are a number of oil mills, rice mills, saw mills, flour mills, power-looms, engineering workshops and motor workshops. These various workshops, mills, etc., provide employment to a large number of skilled and unskilled personnel. Apart from the employment potential these offer, they are also great consumers of various types of raw materials. This has, therefore, further accele-

rated the commercial activity in the town. Several Industrial Co-operatives have sprung up in and around Hindupur town. There is also a Co-operative Milk Union and a Co-operative Supervising Union at Hindupur. A Sericulture Farm and a Poultry Farm are being maintained by the Government.

The roads are well laid out and the Municipality is maintaining cement concrete roads, black top roads and metalled roads to a total length of 13.108 Kms. In addition the Highways running to a total length of 6.132 Kms. that fall within the town limits are being maintained in a good condition by the Highways Department.

The town is electrified and the Municipality maintains 641 street lights including 28 mercury vapour lamps.

As regards educational facilities, the Municipal Council maintains a Higher Secondary School and 23 Elementary Schools. In addition to this there is a High School maintained by the Government.

Though the town has protected water supply, it lacks proper and pucca drainage facilities. There is a good Travellers' Bungalow which serves as a useful halting place for road travellers to and from Bangalore. A brief halt in this comfortable place can be very refreshing to those who have travelled many miles and have several more to go.

The history of Hindupur which is mostly legendary records that the place was founded by and called after "Hindu Rao", by which name Siddoji, the father of Morari Rao of Gooty was known. A brief manuscript in the Mackenzie's collection dealing with the place says that "prior to Vikari year" (apparently 1779) there was only a petty fort, and no town here, but that in that year "the Sultan" (evidently meaning Haider), seeing what a good place it was for a town, induced people to settle in it by concessions in the way of remissions of taxation, and that shortly afterwards traders came to it and established shops and markets. It does not appear to have ever taken a prominent part in political events, and it was not till some time after the British occupation that it gained in importance and became the taluk headquarters.

Kodikonda—situated in the south-east corner of the taluk, is a small village with a population of 2,085 persons according to the 1961 Census. The village was formerly the seat of a Polygar and in 1807 it was, for one year,

the headquarters of a district. The taluk headquarters and the Sub-Collector's headquarters were located in this place till 1813. A few traces of the buildings these officers occupied are still visible. The former importance of the place must have been derived from the hill fort at the foot of which it is built. This is an imposing affair. It is constructed round and upon a very steep, rocky hill, and though it is less elaborate and massive than its fellows at Madakasira and Ratnagiri, its natural position must have made it a place of great strength. On the top of the hill on which it stands is a huge rock pinnacle which in some directions is visible for many miles. The polygar of Gummanayakapalaiyam, named Dalavay Narasimhayya, is said to have constructed this fort and the tanks near and about it. Morari Rao of Gooty fame is said to have captured it in 1751. Kodikonda then passed rapidly from hand to hand in the political convulsions of the time. In 1762 it was taken by Haider Ali and in 1766 it is reported to have been retaken by Morari Rao, and ten years later it again came under the sway of Mysore power, where it remained until the cession of the district to the English.

Mackenzie's manuscripts on Hindupur, state that in 1786, when Tipu Sultan was camping at Lepakshi on his way to Adoni, the Amildar of Kodikonda represented to him that the population was very small, and asked for remissions of land tax and other concessions to induce people to settle in the village. His request was granted and a new suburb called the Sultan's Pettah was built.

Lepakshi—is a small agricultural village lying nine miles east of Hindupur having a population of 4,032 persons according to 1961 Census. This place is well known for its temple Virabhadra and the huge stone bull which stands near this. The temple, which is a noble construction in the style of the best of the Vijayanagar architecture, is built on a low rocky hill. An inscription on the inside of the outer wall to the left of the main entrance records that it was constructed in 1538 A.D. by a man named Virupanna. The story goes that this Virupanna was treasurer at Penukonda to King Krishna Devaraya of Vijayanagar, and that he formed the design of erecting a temple here because an image of Virabhadra, who was his patron God, had been found on the hill. This design, it is said, he proceeded to execute out of the public money while the king was away at Vijayanagar; and he had nearly finished the building — was indeed superintending the completion of the "Kalyanamantapam" — when an order arrived from his indignant master, who had returned to find

the Royal treasury empty, that his eyes should be torn out. This order the treasurer carried out upon the spot with his own hand, and to this day two dark stains are shown upon the wall near the Kalyanamantapam said to be the marks made by his eyes that were dashed to the wall. The builder of Lepakshi did not survive long after this, and the "Kalyanamantapam" still remains unfinished.

This place is a very famous place of pilgrimage and people from all parts of the country visit it. The beauty of the sculptures and the exquisite ceiling paintings is quite unsurpassing. Being connected with an efficient network of bus services, Lepakshi is easily accessible. Apart from the temple, this place is also associated with the travels of Sri Rama. It is said that the name of the place is a derivation from one of the anecdotes of Ramayana. The Jatayu bird mentioned in the Ramayana is said to have seen at this place the Demon King carrying away Seeta on his Pushpaka plane. The bird then chased and fought with the King till it fell down having been pierced by an arrow. A spot even today is pointed out as the one on which the bird fell. And it was on this spot that it advised Rama who happened to be there at that time, to seek the help of the Monkey Kings, Vali and Sugriva.

Today, several public offices are located at Lepakshi. A Primary Health Centre caters to the health needs of the people. Two Elementary Schools and one Zilla Parishad High School are located in the village. A women welfare centre imparts training to about sixteen girls each year in various arts and crafts. Lepakshi has protected water supply as well as electricity.

MADAKASIRA TALUK

Madakasira taluk lies in the south-western portion of the Anantapur district. It is the last taluk and it protrudes into the Mysore State being surrounded by it on the northern, western and the southern side. It is connected with the rest of the district on the eastern side to Hindupur taluk. The whole taluk occupies an area of 417 square miles and has a population of 135,926 persons according to the 1961 Census. It is the smallest taluk in the district and contains only 56 villages. A line of hills passing through its headquarters cuts the taluk into two, the eastern half draining into the Pennaru whilst its western slopes drain towards the Hagari. It is thus divided into three clearly marked sections — the eastern and western plains, and the central hills. Of these, the eastern plain resembles the other portions of

the valley of Pennar in the Hindupur and Penukonda taluks, while the western plain is undulating, well wooded and is dotted with tanks and wells.

None of the big rivers flow through this taluk. A small stream by name Suvarnamukhi takes its birth in the neighbouring State of Mysore flows past three villages in this taluk. This stream is a tributary of Hagari river. The forest area of this taluk is roughly 33.95 square miles and consists mostly of shrub jungle. Most of these used to be panchayat forests which have been transferred to the Forest Department in 1948. A Forest Ranger stationed at Kalyandrug, is in direct charge of this forest area.

Spring channels, tanks and wells form the main sources of irrigation in this taluk. There are 172 minor irrigation sources irrigating an ayacut of 9,425.25 acres while 16 major irrigation sources irrigate an ayacut of 14,505 acres in this taluk. There are no irrigation projects.

The Guntakal-Bangalore railway line does not pass through this taluk. There are a few roads which connect some of the important places with one another, but they are grossly inadequate and especially the condition of village roads is unsatisfactory. There are four Sub-Post Offices and 55 Branch Post Offices in this taluk. Telegraph and Telephone facilities are available in the Sub-Post Office at Madakasira. A Mail-Bus-service delivers the Mails from Hindupur.

Though there are a number of irrigation tanks and other sources of irrigation, yet due to the bunding of several rivulets and streams in the upper reaches in the State of Mysore, the irrigation sources in this taluk, of recent, have not been receiving adequate supply of water. The rainfall being inadequate this taluk suffers from drought very often. The staple food of the local people is Ragi.

Some of the more interesting places in this taluk have been described in brief in the following pages:—

Madakasira—is the headquarters of the taluk with a population of 9,975 persons according to the 1961 Census. It is situated on the western edge of the wide plain through which the Pennaru flows, and at the foot of a long line of scattered hills which run from north to south through the middle of the taluk. The hill at Madakasira is most precipitous, being formed of gigantic rocks which rise abruptly from the lower slopes. On it is built the fort. The outer works of it once included much of the present village, but it is only on the hill that the fortifi-

cations now 'survive in any degree of repair. There they crown the two peaks of which the hill consists and guard every approach to the summit. Two paths lead up to the hill. The view from the top of the hill which is the fourth highest point in the district is naturally a wide one.

Tradition states that the original village of Madakasira, which was then called Madakapalle, stood to the south-west of the existing habitations, and that the present town was built by the chiefs of Sira in Mysore. Munro says that their family was founded in the days of the Vijayanagar Kings by Hara Udaiyar, who obtained a grant of 12 villages in Chitaldrug on condition of rendering military service and who subsequently built the old fort at Sira. On the conquest of the country by the Bijapur Kings the family were deprived of their ancient possessions and given Ratnagiri and Madakasira in exchange. The grant was resumed and restored several times by the Muslim Kings. Morari Rao's father, Siddoji Rao, often known by the title of Hindu Rao, is said to be buried here and the traces of his tomb are found in the London Mission Church compound. In 1762 Haider Ali appeared on the scene, captured Madakasira and other Maratha strongholds by subduing Morari Rao. A year or two later Haider's power seems to have lost its grip in this area leading to the recovery of this place by Morari Rao. In 1776, however, the fort, like the rest of the district fell before Haider, and with one short interval remained under Mysore till the death of Tipu at the fall of Seringapatam in 1799.

Hemavathi—with a population of 4,806 persons as per the 1961 Census is situated about 22 miles west of Madakasira and is six miles from Basavanapalle bus crossing on the Kodikonda-Amarapuram bus road. This place has a very ancient history and has also been identified as a province belonging to Nolambas, a branch of the Pallavas which flourished from the 8th to the 10th centuries. Three inscriptions of this line have been copied here, including one which gives a long geneology of its kings. Even earlier than this, its name appears in history. Two records dated 350 A.D. and 444 A.D. make grants for bravery in battles fought at Hangeri. Its

name is also connected with several stories and legends of which the most popular are those which relate the adventures of the twin brothers, Chitrasekhara and Somasekhara and of Suvarna Devi, the beautiful daughter of the king of the place.

Hemavathi was thus, clearly at one time, of considerable importance. Several ancient temples that stand even till today speak volumes of the glorious days of Hemavathi.

Ratnagiri—with a population of 4,747 persons as per the 1961 Census is situated 19 miles south-west of Madakasira and 3 miles from the Madakasira-Agali road. The village takes its name, and derived its former importance, from the steep and rocky fortified hill above it, which must have been at one time almost impregnable. The village is mentioned in a copper plate grant of the Chalukyan King Vikramaditya I (1655-1680 A.D.) and must thus be of considerable antiquity, but unfortunately nothing is known of its early history. Ratnagiri together with Madakasira were given by the Bijapur kings to the chieftains of Sira in Mysore territory. They appear to have thenceforth resided in Ratnagiri. Manuscript accounts of the place give the names of several of these polygars, among them Rangappa Naidu, Rayappa Raju and the Pedda Rayanna Raju, are more prominent. The last named is said to have been ruling in 1657. Very little is known about their life or work. At the time of the death of Tipu Sultan and the fall of Seringapatam this place had been a part of the territory of Mysore.

The fort of Ratnagiri resembles an irregular horse shoe formed by the two hills of Ratnagiri and Venkatagiri and a high neck connects the two. The extremities of the two hills form the ends of the horse shoe and are connected by a strong wall bordered by a moat. The town was built, and still lies, in the level ground forming the centre of the horse shoe. Water is stored in many shallow pools and clefts in the rocks and one of these reservoirs is said to be over fifty feet deep.

Besides this fort, an old Jain temple and two of the large stone-lined wells, with covered approaches, which are common in this district, Ratnagiri has nothing else of interest to offer.

ADMINISTRATIVE STATISTICS

TABLE SERIES 1—VITAL STATISTICS

TABLE 1.1—BIRTHS AND DEATHS AND DEATHS DUE TO VARIOUS CAUSES
FOR THE DECENNIUM 1951-60

Year	Births			Deaths			Deaths due to					
							Cholera			Smallpox		
	Males	Females	Total	Males	Females	Total	Males	Females	Total	Males	Females	Total
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)	(13)
ANANTAPUR DISTRICT												
1951	25,343	23,384	48,727	12,176	11,823	23,999	154	118	272	249	245	494
1952	25,098	23,466	48,564	11,961	11,427	23,388	319	284	603	84	86	170
1953	25,643	24,330	49,973	14,588	13,639	28,227	472	445	917	150	188	338
1954	24,959	23,611	48,570	14,257	13,735	27,992	38	23	61	69	71	140
1955	28,049	26,365	54,414	11,878	11,517	23,395	17	15	32	23	25	48
1956	28,151	26,098	54,249	10,682	10,432	21,114	6	4	10	24	29	53
1957	27,083	25,243	52,326	11,675	11,575	23,250	9	8	17	49	80	129
1958	25,931	24,549	50,480	11,766	11,595	23,361	89	71	160	179	196	375
1959	26,663	24,873	51,536	10,718	10,332	21,050	4	3	7	128	130	258
1960	24,489	22,596	47,085	9,113	8,751	17,864	...	1	1	65	65	130

Year	Deaths due to—concd.																Child births (Females)
	Plague			Malaria			Fever other than Malaria			Respiratory Diseases			Dysentery and Diarrhoea				
	Males	Females	Total	Males	Females	Total	Males	Females	Total	Males	Females	Total	Males	Females	Total		
	(14)	(15)	(16)	(17)	(18)	(19)	(20)	(21)	(22)	(23)	(24)	(25)	(26)	(27)	(28)		
(1)																(29)	
ANANTAPUR DISTRICT																	
1951	1	3	4	107	104	211	3,209	3,115	6,324	1,018	824	1,842	960	905	1,865	403	
1952	66	78	144	3,004	2,907	5,911	812	551	1,363	978	821	1,799	352	
1953	239	215	454	3,754	3,577	7,331	982	617	1,599	1,176	1,080	2,256	377	
1954	519	550	1,069	4,137	4,084	8,221	952	685	1,637	910	815	1,725	455	
1955	255	269	524	3,380	3,383	6,763	887	603	1,490	712	621	1,333	410	
1956	173	163	336	3,126	6,206	9,332	706	530	1,236	634	561	1,195	307	
1957	149	169	318	3,573	3,609	7,182	719	472	1,191	822	730	1,552	364	
1958	119	124	243	3,626	3,563	7,189	813	512	1,325	780	752	1,532	373	
1959	94	105	199	2,995	3,044	6,039	754	492	1,246	895	818	1,713	342	
1960	96	90	186	2,669	2,668	5,337	580	379	959	603	619	1,222	288	

Source: Director of Public Health, Hyderabad

TABLE 1.2—REGISTERED BIRTH & DEATH RATES, INFANTILE AND MATERNAL MORTALITY RATES

Year	Birth & Death rate		Infantile mortality rate		Maternal mortality rate
	Birth rate per 1,000 population	Death rate per 1,000 population	No. of infant deaths per 1,000 live births	No. of still births per 1,000 births	No. of maternal deaths per 1,000 births (live & still)
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)
ANANTAPUR DISTRICT					
1951	35.62	17.54	127.19	N.A.	8.23
1952	35.02	16.86	107.43	N.A.	8.52
1953	32.60	18.42	116.70	N.A.	7.48
1954	31.26	18.02	117.67	8.2	9.29
1955	34.55	14.86	93.39	5.9	7.49
1956	33.99	13.23	93.49	4.8	6.60
1957	32.36	14.38	92.55	4.4	6.93
1958	30.82	14.26	87.01	2.9	7.37
1959	31.06	12.69	83.13	4.39	6.61
1960	28.03	10.63	69.66	5.24	6.08

Source : Director of Public Health, Hyderabad

N. A. : Not ascertainable

TABLE SERIES 2—AGRICULTURE

TABLE 2.1—RAINFALL

Note:— 1. The Rainfall has been recorded in inches upto the year 1957 and in millimetres from the year 1958 onwards
2. The data is given Raingauge Stationwise

Month	1951		1952		1953		1954		1955		1956		1957		1958		1959		1960	
	Rainy days	Rainfall in inches	Rainy days	Rainfall in inches	Rainy days	Rainfall in inches	Rainy days	Rainfall in inches	Rainy days	Rainfall in inches	Rainy days	Rainfall in inches	Rainy days	Rainfall in inches	Rainy days	Rainfall in inches	Rainy days	Rainfall in inches	Rainy days	Rainfall in inches
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)	(13)	(14)	(15)	(16)	(17)	(18)	(19)	(20)	(21)
DISTRICT (AVERAGE)																				
January	...	...	0.01	0.03	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	0.55	...	...	...	2.2	...	...	...	...
February	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
March	0.9	0.62	...	...	...	...	0.3	0.09	0.68	0.44	...	...	0.3	0.31	...	...	N.A.	2.6	...	...
April	1.8	0.70	0.80	0.30	2.9	...	1.0	0.62	0.02	1.23	1.12	2.43	0.7	0.40	0.4	5.7	N.A.	...	0.2	2.3
May	5.1	3.08	5.40	4.64	2.1	0.93	...	1.93	...	4.23	3.11	1.91	4.2	2.00	5.8	26.2	N.A.	12.6	0.8	10.3
June	0.4	2.00	2.80	1.08	4.4	2.54	...	1.16	3.30	1.17	3.30	2.39	6.0	4.39	1.7	94.7	N.A.	50.6	3.2	49.2
July	4.4	2.50	3.90	1.95	8.6	5.44	6.8	4.08	4.10	2.24	7.30	3.88	4.2	1.81	4.8	37.5	N.A.	103.3	2.5	25.5
August	2.4	0.63	4.80	1.38	1.5	0.80	4.8	2.60	7.20	4.00	2.80	1.30	5.0	1.96	9.1	107.6	N.A.	80.7	4.0	56.3
September	5.8	3.66	3.20	2.37	8.0	5.37	2.4	1.26	8.40	6.58	6.30	0.94	5.0	3.21	4.8	120.7	N.A.	60.8	1.6	14.0
October	3.3	1.89	6.10	4.27	14.56	11.37	6.0	4.91	...	4.11	11.60	8.56	5.6	3.44	4.6	119.5	N.A.	167.4	10.0	229.1
November	0.8	0.23	...	...	0.1	...	...	...	1.90	0.99	5.06	2.86	2.5	1.55	2.6	39.9	N.A.	22.3	2.0	35.8
December	...	...	3.40	1.44	...	...	2.3	1.13	0.20	0.06	0.90	0.26	...	0.17	0.3	2.0	N.A.	41.7	4.5	62.8
																		5.9	...	0.5
ANANTAPUR																				
January	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	0.04	...	...	...	...	N.A.	...	...	...
February	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
March	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
April	1.95	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	2.64	...	...	...	1.3	N.A.	...	...	...
May	6.92	...	...	...	2	1.53	...	...	...	...	...	3	3.36	...	...	21.9	N.A.	29.4	...	1.9
June	1.66	...	...	...	...	0.16	4	1.30	...	...	...	1.74	6	2.15	6	55.0	N.A.	50.6	3	26.6
July	4	...	...	...	...	2.36	...	...	3	2.46	...	1.74	7	6.99	4	77.8	N.A.	138.9	2	17.4
August	2	1.08	5	1.49	7	6.07	5	3.29	3	1.03	9	4.29	4	1.26	3	33.1	N.A.	65.6	5	118.8
September	1	0.29	5	1.03	1	1.51	6	2.34	8	3.46	3	0.75	6	2.97	10	96.7	N.A.	48.9	...	2.8
October	5	3.16	4	2.03	13	9.36	2	0.91	9	6.57	8	5.43	4	3.63	9	151.9	N.A.	207.0	10	284.4
November	...	...	...	...	...	12.75	3	3.47	...	4.71	12	9.30	8	4.03	3	77.6	N.A.	51.2	2	59.5
December	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	3	1.17	7	5.74	1	0.40	3	18.8	N.A.	...	3	41.6
																		16.5	...	...
																	
KALYANDRUG																				
January	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
February	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
March	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
April	1.85	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
May	2	0.48	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
June	7	5.63	6	3.05	5	3.90	1	0.81	2	2.49	1	3.25	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
July	4	4.64	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
August	8	2.22	5	1.52	9	4.07	6	4.44	7	2.15	4	2.40	7	5.94	1	7.8	N.A.	75.7	5	45.4
September	2	0.35	2	0.66	5	1.94	6	1.50	4	3.65	12	3.46	7	1.76	9	56.1	N.A.	127.7	3	16.8
October	5	2.63	3	5.01	5	4.37	2	0.58	9	3.08	3	1.16	2	0.44	8	123.2	N.A.	93.1	6	57.8
November	6	2.18	8	5.82	17	13.43	6	5.65	...	7.38	5	5.14	4	1.99	3	58.4	N.A.	123.6	10	164.9
December	1	0.14	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	4.00	10	6.43	9	5.24	5	75.9	N.A.	29.5	1	8.1
																	
																		3.8	...	...
																	

TABLE 2.1—RAINFALL—*contd.*

Note:— 1. The Rainfall has been recorded in inches upto the year 1957 and in millimetres from the year 1958 onwards
2. The data is given Raingauge Stationwise

Month	1951		1952		1953		1954		1955		1956		1957		1958		1959		1960	
	Rainy days	Rainfall in inches	Rainy days	Rainfall in inches	Rainy days	Rainfall in inches	Rainy days	Rainfall in inches	Rainy days	Rainfall in inches	Rainy days	Rainfall in inches	Rainy days	Rainfall in inches	Rainy days	Rainfall in millimetres	Rainy days	Rainfall in millimetres	Rainy days	Rainfall in millimetres
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)	(13)	(14)	(15)	(16)	(17)	(18)	(19)	(20)	(21)
RAYADRUG *																				
January	N.A.	N.A.	N.A.	N.A.	N.A.	N.A.	N.A.	N.A.	N.A.	N.A.	N.A.	N.A.	N.A.	N.A.	N.A.	N.A.	N.A.	N.A.	N.A.	N.A.
February	N.A.	N.A.	N.A.	N.A.	N.A.	N.A.	N.A.	N.A.	N.A.	N.A.	N.A.	N.A.	N.A.	N.A.	N.A.	N.A.	N.A.	N.A.	N.A.	N.A.
March	N.A.	N.A.	N.A.	N.A.	N.A.	N.A.	N.A.	N.A.	N.A.	N.A.	N.A.	N.A.	N.A.	N.A.	N.A.	N.A.	N.A.	N.A.	N.A.	N.A.
April	N.A.	N.A.	N.A.	N.A.	N.A.	N.A.	N.A.	N.A.	N.A.	N.A.	N.A.	N.A.	N.A.	N.A.	N.A.	N.A.	N.A.	N.A.	N.A.	N.A.
May	N.A.	N.A.	N.A.	N.A.	N.A.	N.A.	N.A.	N.A.	N.A.	N.A.	N.A.	N.A.	N.A.	N.A.	N.A.	N.A.	N.A.	N.A.	N.A.	N.A.
June	N.A.	N.A.	N.A.	N.A.	N.A.	N.A.	N.A.	N.A.	N.A.	N.A.	N.A.	N.A.	N.A.	N.A.	N.A.	N.A.	N.A.	N.A.	N.A.	N.A.
July	N.A.	N.A.	N.A.	N.A.	N.A.	N.A.	N.A.	N.A.	N.A.	N.A.	N.A.	N.A.	N.A.	N.A.	N.A.	N.A.	N.A.	N.A.	N.A.	N.A.
August	N.A.	N.A.	N.A.	N.A.	N.A.	N.A.	N.A.	N.A.	N.A.	N.A.	N.A.	N.A.	N.A.	N.A.	N.A.	N.A.	N.A.	N.A.	N.A.	N.A.
September	N.A.	N.A.	N.A.	N.A.	N.A.	N.A.	N.A.	N.A.	N.A.	N.A.	N.A.	N.A.	N.A.	N.A.	N.A.	N.A.	N.A.	N.A.	N.A.	N.A.
October	N.A.	N.A.	N.A.	N.A.	N.A.	N.A.	N.A.	N.A.	N.A.	N.A.	N.A.	N.A.	N.A.	N.A.	N.A.	N.A.	N.A.	N.A.	N.A.	N.A.
November	N.A.	N.A.	N.A.	N.A.	N.A.	N.A.	N.A.	N.A.	N.A.	N.A.	N.A.	N.A.	N.A.	N.A.	N.A.	N.A.	N.A.	N.A.	N.A.	N.A.
December	N.A.	N.A.	N.A.	N.A.	N.A.	N.A.	N.A.	N.A.	N.A.	N.A.	N.A.	N.A.	N.A.	N.A.	N.A.	N.A.	N.A.	N.A.	N.A.	N.A.
URAVAKONDA																				
January	N.A.	N.A.	N.A.	N.A.	N.A.	N.A.	N.A.	N.A.	N.A.	N.A.	N.A.	N.A.	N.A.	N.A.	N.A.	N.A.	N.A.	N.A.	N.A.	N.A.
February	N.A.	N.A.	N.A.	N.A.	N.A.	N.A.	N.A.	N.A.	N.A.	N.A.	N.A.	N.A.	N.A.	N.A.	N.A.	N.A.	N.A.	N.A.	N.A.	N.A.
March	N.A.	N.A.	N.A.	N.A.	N.A.	N.A.	N.A.	N.A.	N.A.	N.A.	N.A.	N.A.	N.A.	N.A.	N.A.	N.A.	N.A.	N.A.	N.A.	N.A.
April	N.A.	N.A.	N.A.	N.A.	N.A.	N.A.	N.A.	N.A.	N.A.	N.A.	N.A.	N.A.	N.A.	N.A.	N.A.	N.A.	N.A.	N.A.	N.A.	N.A.
May	N.A.	N.A.	N.A.	N.A.	N.A.	N.A.	N.A.	N.A.	N.A.	N.A.	N.A.	N.A.	N.A.	N.A.	N.A.	N.A.	N.A.	N.A.	N.A.	N.A.
June	N.A.	N.A.	N.A.	N.A.	N.A.	N.A.	N.A.	N.A.	N.A.	N.A.	N.A.	N.A.	N.A.	N.A.	N.A.	N.A.	N.A.	N.A.	N.A.	N.A.
July	N.A.	N.A.	N.A.	N.A.	N.A.	N.A.	N.A.	N.A.	N.A.	N.A.	N.A.	N.A.	N.A.	N.A.	N.A.	N.A.	N.A.	N.A.	N.A.	N.A.
August	N.A.	N.A.	N.A.	N.A.	N.A.	N.A.	N.A.	N.A.	N.A.	N.A.	N.A.	N.A.	N.A.	N.A.	N.A.	N.A.	N.A.	N.A.	N.A.	N.A.
September	N.A.	N.A.	N.A.	N.A.	N.A.	N.A.	N.A.	N.A.	N.A.	N.A.	N.A.	N.A.	N.A.	N.A.	N.A.	N.A.	N.A.	N.A.	N.A.	N.A.
October	N.A.	N.A.	N.A.	N.A.	N.A.	N.A.	N.A.	N.A.	N.A.	N.A.	N.A.	N.A.	N.A.	N.A.	N.A.	N.A.	N.A.	N.A.	N.A.	N.A.
November	N.A.	N.A.	N.A.	N.A.	N.A.	N.A.	N.A.	N.A.	N.A.	N.A.	N.A.	N.A.	N.A.	N.A.	N.A.	N.A.	N.A.	N.A.	N.A.	N.A.
December	N.A.	N.A.	N.A.	N.A.	N.A.	N.A.	N.A.	N.A.	N.A.	N.A.	N.A.	N.A.	N.A.	N.A.	N.A.	N.A.	N.A.	N.A.	N.A.	N.A.
GOOTY																				
January	N.A.	N.A.	N.A.	N.A.	N.A.	N.A.	N.A.	N.A.	N.A.	N.A.	N.A.	N.A.	N.A.	N.A.	N.A.	N.A.	N.A.	N.A.	N.A.	N.A.
February	N.A.	N.A.	N.A.	N.A.	N.A.	N.A.	N.A.	N.A.	N.A.	N.A.	N.A.	N.A.	N.A.	N.A.	N.A.	N.A.	N.A.	N.A.	N.A.	N.A.
March	N.A.	N.A.	N.A.	N.A.	N.A.	N.A.	N.A.	N.A.	N.A.	N.A.	N.A.	N.A.	N.A.	N.A.	N.A.	N.A.	N.A.	N.A.	N.A.	N.A.
April	N.A.	N.A.	N.A.	N.A.	N.A.	N.A.	N.A.	N.A.	N.A.	N.A.	N.A.	N.A.	N.A.	N.A.	N.A.	N.A.	N.A.	N.A.	N.A.	N.A.
May	N.A.	N.A.	N.A.	N.A.	N.A.	N.A.	N.A.	N.A.	N.A.	N.A.	N.A.	N.A.	N.A.	N.A.	N.A.	N.A.	N.A.	N.A.	N.A.	N.A.
June	N.A.	N.A.	N.A.	N.A.	N.A.	N.A.	N.A.	N.A.	N.A.	N.A.	N.A.	N.A.	N.A.	N.A.	N.A.	N.A.	N.A.	N.A.	N.A.	N.A.
July	N.A.	N.A.	N.A.	N.A.	N.A.	N.A.	N.A.	N.A.	N.A.	N.A.	N.A.	N.A.	N.A.	N.A.	N.A.	N.A.	N.A.	N.A.	N.A.	N.A.
August	N.A.	N.A.	N.A.	N.A.	N.A.	N.A.	N.A.	N.A.	N.A.	N.A.	N.A.	N.A.	N.A.	N.A.	N.A.	N.A.	N.A.	N.A.	N.A.	N.A.
September	N.A.	N.A.	N.A.	N.A.	N.A.	N.A.	N.A.	N.A.	N.A.	N.A.	N.A.	N.A.	N.A.	N.A.	N.A.	N.A.	N.A.	N.A.	N.A.	N.A.
October	N.A.	N.A.	N.A.	N.A.	N.A.	N.A.	N.A.	N.A.	N.A.	N.A.	N.A.	N.A.	N.A.	N.A.	N.A.	N.A.	N.A.	N.A.	N.A.	N.A.
November	N.A.	N.A.	N.A.	N.A.	N.A.	N.A.	N.A.	N.A.	N.A.	N.A.	N.A.	N.A.	N.A.	N.A.	N.A.	N.A.	N.A.	N.A.	N.A.	N.A.
December	N.A.	N.A.	N.A.	N.A.	N.A.	N.A.	N.A.	N.A.	N.A.	N.A.	N.A.	N.A.	N.A.	N.A.	N.A.	N.A.	N.A.	N.A.	N.A.	N.A.

Note : * Information prior to October, 1953 is not available for Rayadrug Taluk

TABLE 2.1—RAINFALL—concl'd.

Note:— 1. The Rainfall has been recorded in inches upto the year 1957 and in millimetres from the year 1958 onwards
2. The data is given Raingauge Stationwise

Month	1951		1952		1953		1954		1955		1956		1957		1958		1959		1960	
	Rainy days	Rainfall in inches	Rainy days	Rainfall in inches	Rainy days	Rainfall in inches	Rainy days	Rainfall in inches	Rainy days	Rainfall in inches	Rainy days	Rainfall in inches	Rainy days	Rainfall in inches	Rainy days	Rainfall in inches	Rainy days	Rainfall in inches	Rainy days	Rainfall in inches
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)	(13)	(14)	(15)	(16)	(17)	(18)	(19)	(20)	(21)
HINDUPUR																				
January	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
February	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
March	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
April	3	0.79	2	0.15	3	4.40	1	0.21	1	0.47	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
May	8	2.87	6	3.33	3	1.40	4	3.58	5	1.88	2	2.45	2	1.04	4	40.9	N.A.	11.9	...	...
June	4	2.61	4	1.86	6	4.13	3	0.77	5	2.68	5	3.17	4	3.16	6	138.4	N.A.	57.1	4	75.4
July	6	4.09	4	2.57	8	5.21	8	4.57	5	0.52	5	2.62	7	4.71	2	53.6	N.A.	121.7	4	15.0
August	...	0.04	4	0.84	3	0.91	8	4.37	8	1.61	9	2.64	4	1.81	3	25.6	N.A.	76.2	7	87.7
September	6	2.37	5	3.57	7	5.16	4	1.03	9	2.49	4	1.57	4	1.08	11	155.4	N.A.	123.2	2	36.8
October	6	2.02	7	5.67	15	8.95	11	6.48	...	7.58	5	6.72	5	2.62	6	135.4	N.A.	178.3	9	161.6
November	3	0.85	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	0.34	7	1.90	4	2.06	4	206.2	N.A.	12.7	3	38.9
December	...	...	7	2.83	...	...	3	1.18	...	...	1	0.27	...	...	...	38.3	N.A.	2.3	7	112.3
																	N.A.	31.3	...	1.8
MADAKASIRA																				
January	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
February	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
March	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
April	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
May	9	3.83	4	2.32	2	0.54	7	3.79	4	0.92	1	3.25	1	1.20	2	14.7	N.A.	6.3	1	7.1
June	4	2.07	6	2.31	5	1.96	1	0.44	7	5.13	2	1.42	7	4.48	9	153.9	N.A.	197.1	4	41.2
July	7	1.83	3	1.92	10	3.61	5	3.32	3	0.55	5	1.33	8	6.35	1	4.8	N.A.	125.3	4	22.3
August	2	0.78	7	1.31	...	0.14	6	3.37	9	2.26	6	3.28	5	2.11	4	29.5	N.A.	66.4	7	122.6
September	8	2.96	5	4.28	6	5.24	3	0.88	12	2.99	3	1.59	5	1.87	12	95.7	N.A.	45.9	5	68.9
October	4	2.06	6	2.62	18	12.77	9	8.42	...	11.99	6	4.03	4	1.31	5	91.9	N.A.	218.1	9	153.2
November	2	0.62	...	...	...	0.01	...	...	...	4.98	13	13.90	7	4.83	5	96.1	N.A.	15.5	2	100.8
December	...	...	5	1.95	...	...	3	3.96	2	1.74	8	6.21	7	4.27	2	32.8	N.A.	14.0	7	90.2
									1	0.17	...	0.14	...	0.17	1	2.5	N.A.	30.2	...	...

N.A.: Not ascertainable

Source: Bureau of Economics and Statistics, Hyderabad

TABLE 2.2—TEMPERATURE

(Note:— Highest and lowest temperatures as recorded at Anantapur Station)

Month	1951		1952		1953		1954		1955		1956		1957		1958		1959		1960	
	Highest F	Lowest F	Highest F	Lowest F	Highest F	Lowest F	Highest F	Lowest F	Highest F	Lowest F	Highest F	Lowest F	Highest C	Lowest C	Highest C	Lowest C	Highest C	Lowest C	Highest C	Lowest C
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)	(13)	(14)	(15)	(16)	(17)	(18)	(19)	(20)	(21)
ANANTAPUR DISTRICT																				
January	89	58	91	55	92	55	90	58	90	57	92	55	32.7	14.1	34.1	12.2	33.3	14.8	33.5	15.3
February	98	59	95	60	98	58	98	58	96	57	96	57	34.8	15.7	36.1	14.3	37.9	17.1	37.4	13.5
March	103	59	102	64	105	61	101	62	104	60	102	64	36.7	16.5	39.7	19.0	40.2	15.4	38.5	18.0
April	104	72	106	73	105	71	105	73	105	70	108	72	40.0	21.9	41.1	22.1	41.5	21.2	40.9	18.6
May	105	66	107	71	107	69	105	74	104	69	104	71	42.1	22.8	40.4	22.8	41.3	22.4	41.3	22.0
June	97	71	99	74	108	73	101	72	99	71	98	72	36.9	20.8	39.4	22.3	37.2	22.1	38.0	22.1
July	97	71	98	72	96	72	96	71	97	71	94	70	35.6	22.3	35.2	22.4	34.4	21.9	36.0	21.3
August	97	71	96	72	95	71	94	71	93	71	93	71	34.8	21.2	34.9	21.8	36.0	21.4	35.8	23.1
September	97	71	97	69	93	68	93	67	95	69	94	69	36.1	21.2	34.4	21.1	35.8	21.4	35.4	21.5
October	94	68	93	62	91	69	93	66	91	69	89	67	34.7	21.3	33.6	19.7	33.7	21.4	34.5	19.8
November	94	61	91	58	89	58	88	57	89	57	90	63	32.7	16.2	32.4	16.9	35.0	15.5	31.7	14.7
December	90	54	87	62	89	55	89	56	85	56	86	55	31.4	15.2	32.2	14.6	32.2	14.6	32.0	13.5
Highest and lowest temperature recorded in the year	105	54	107	55	108	55	105	56	105	56	108	55	42.1	14.1	41.1	12.2	41.5	14.6	41.5	13.5

Note: The temperature is recorded in Fahrenheit upto 1956 and in Centigrade from 1957 onwards

Source: Director, Regional Meteorological Department, Madras

TABLE 23—LAND UTILISATION STATISTICS
(Area in acres)

Year	Area not available for cultivation				Area cultivated				Total Geographical area by village papers (Cols. 2 to 10)	
	Forests	Land put to non-agricultural uses		Barren and uncultivable land	Area cultivable			Net area sown		Current fallows
		(3)	(4)		(5)	(6)	(7)				(8)
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)
ANANTAPUR DISTRICT										
1951-52	4,52,794	2,32,342	3,84,480	4,24,638	2,93,853	22,274	24,022	21,86,204	2,60,248	42,80,855
1952-53	4,54,398	2,26,442	3,71,174	4,19,323	3,24,715	16,650	31,659	21,99,096	2,45,047	42,88,504
1953-54	4,82,795	2,50,915	3,93,170	3,54,991	3,32,725	24,935	45,072	26,04,116	2,28,996	47,17,715
1954-55	4,82,795	2,74,930	4,14,407	4,36,548	2,84,713	26,346	34,126	24,84,404	2,90,060	47,28,329
1955-56	4,82,795	2,69,626	4,14,205	4,21,519	2,29,670	26,992	32,024	25,70,862	2,80,636	47,28,329
1956-57	4,82,782	2,74,115	4,35,581	4,17,334	3,35,427	29,669	40,148	25,49,202	1,64,071	47,28,329
1957-58	4,76,976	2,75,416	4,41,147	4,59,269	2,99,048	29,595	44,349	24,85,870	2,16,659	47,28,329
1958-59	4,76,976	2,81,477	4,52,043	4,27,256	2,90,839	26,154	40,296	25,45,560	1,87,728	47,28,329
1959-60	4,76,976	2,82,484	4,54,868	4,32,913	2,83,462	26,303	43,306	25,14,851	2,13,166	47,28,329
1960-61	4,76,976	2,81,608	4,55,050	3,65,151	2,98,352	28,250	46,304	25,28,539	2,48,089	47,28,329

Source : Season and Crop Reports of Andhra Pradesh

TABLE 2.4—AREA UNDER PRINCIPAL CROPS

(In acres)

Year	Food Crops										Non-Food Crops			
	Basic Food Crops					Other Food Crops					Oil Seeds & Fibres		Cotton	
	Rice	Wheat	Total Cereals and Millets	Total pulses	Total Food-grains (Cols. 4 & 5)	Fruits and vegetables	Sugar-cane	Condi-ments and spices	Other Food crops	Total Food crops (Cols. 6 to 10)	Groundnut	Total oil seeds		
	(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)		(13)	(14)
ANANTAPUR DISTRICT														
1951-52	90,544	1,756	10,96,844	2,49,325	13,46,169	12,084	9,585	32,729	9,541	14,10,108	6,21,296	7,16,645	1,03,104	
1952-53	75,010	2,506	13,53,804	2,24,868	15,78,672	15,176	5,337	29,172	3,564	16,31,921	4,23,177	5,27,048	89,554	
1953-54	1,94,024	2,995	17,01,292	2,60,928	19,62,220	14,095	6,677	30,482	5,114	20,18,588	4,17,385	5,09,212	2,05,002	
1954-55	1,10,097	3,922	14,12,692	2,42,076	16,54,768	15,450	9,456	31,152	3,489	17,14,315	5,72,578	6,36,308	1,94,832	
1955-56	1,64,824	3,206	14,58,488	2,96,917	17,55,405	16,258	8,981	41,661	7,647	18,29,952	5,65,512	6,40,667	1,83,184	
1956-57	1,97,944	2,080	13,77,495	3,14,889	16,92,384	15,479	8,442	49,077	3,246	17,68,628	6,46,472	7,22,534	1,64,363	
1957-58	1,42,719	2,463	13,15,515	2,81,652	15,97,167	19,420	8,847	27,926	3,300	16,56,660	6,45,594	7,23,060	1,72,144	
1958-59	1,50,394	2,546	14,93,317	2,81,954	17,75,271	19,179	7,816	28,721	2,220	18,33,207	5,93,051	6,66,405	1,28,939	
1959-60	1,47,988	2,741	14,95,584	2,60,197	17,55,781	20,834	7,714	42,633	3,372	18,30,334	5,29,607	5,94,122	1,51,934	
1960-61	1,38,647	2,421	15,62,435	2,59,658	18,22,093	22,398	9,068	55,418	4,974	19,13,951	5,13,858	5,82,035	1,45,496	
Non-Food Crops—concl'd.														
Year	Oil Seeds & Fibres					Miscellaneous					Total area under all crops (Cols. 11 & 24)			
	Jute	Total Fibres	Plantation crops (Tea & Coffee)	Tobacco	Dyes & Tanning materials	Drugs and Narcotics other than tea, coffee & tobacco	Fodder crops	Green manure crops	Other non-food crops	Total non-food crops (Col. 13 & 16 to 23)	Area sown more than once	Net area sown (Cols. 25-26)	(27)	
	(15)	(16)	(17)	(18)	(19)	(20)	(21)	(22)	(23)	(24)	(25)	(26)		
ANANTAPUR DISTRICT														
1951-52	...	1,04,869	...	2,197	...	1,127	2,127	1,033	198	8,28,196	22,38,304	52,100	21,86,204	
1952-53	122	89,762	...	5,519	...	1,048	1,336	51	10,043	6,34,807	22,66,728	67,632	21,99,096	
1953-54	25	2,06,827	...	3,338	...	968	849	27	6,376	7,27,597	27,46,185	1,42,069	26,04,116	
1954-55	...	1,96,177	...	2,422	...	886	1,451	87	10,254	8,47,587	25,61,902	77,498	24,84,404	
1955-56	...	1,84,999	...	3,209	...	1,112	2,175	...	14,125	8,46,356	26,76,308	1,05,446	25,70,862	
1956-57	...	1,66,693	...	2,286	...	1,090	1,220	2,269	2,910	8,99,009	26,67,637	1,18,435	25,49,202	
1957-58	295	1,74,104	...	2,214	...	993	1,964	3,058	6,206	9,11,603	25,68,263	82,393	24,85,870	
1958-59	9	1,31,096	...	3,054	...	845	2,602	554	7,205	8,11,796	26,45,003	99,443	25,45,360	
1959-60	99	1,54,132	...	3,634	...	1,229	1,690	3,401	14,642	7,72,926	26,03,260	88,409	25,14,851	
1960-61	15	1,47,417	...	1,729	...	969	1,702	3,725	3,956	7,41,544	26,55,495	1,26,956	25,28,539	

Source : Season and Crop Reports of Andhra Pradesh

TABLE 2.5—GROSS AREA IRRIGATED

(In Acres)

Year	Paddy	Wheat	Total Cereals and Millets	Total Pulses	Total Food grains (Cols. 4 & 5)	Sugarcane	Total Food crops	Cotton	Total non-Food crops	Total irrigated area under all crops (Cols. 8 & 10)	Net area irrigated	Area irrigated more than once
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)	(13)
ANANTAPUR DISTRICT												
1951-52	88,928	1,474	1,86,466	151	1,86,617	9,583	2,09,224	26	5,590	2,14,814	1,71,355	43,459
1952-53	73,241	1,977	1,91,845	643	1,92,488	5,259	2,11,378	66	5,736	2,17,114	1,55,386	61,728
1953-54	1,92,892	1,737	3,08,136	805	3,08,941	6,677	3,34,134	50	6,383	3,40,517	2,11,394	1,29,123
1954-55	1,02,217	2,899	2,33,214	498	2,33,712	9,456	2,61,952	165	5,723	2,67,675	1,84,948	82,727
1955-56	1,64,001	2,442	2,73,857	638	2,74,495	8,890	3,02,720	590	6,152	3,08,872	2,10,926	97,946
1956-57	1,96,063	1,513	2,86,007	270	2,86,277	8,442	3,16,092	135	4,728	3,20,820	2,47,364	73,456
1957-58	1,41,223	2,218	2,30,317	474	2,30,791	8,847	2,61,365	489	3,808	2,65,173	2,08,747	56,426
1958-59	1,49,443	2,297	2,68,331	594	2,68,925	7,805	2,97,231	563	4,650	3,01,881	2,15,964	85,917
1959-60	1,46,755	2,278	2,46,420	437	2,46,857	7,629	2,76,890	40	3,739	2,80,629	2,10,194	70,435
1960-61	1,36,080	1,746	2,34,384	350	2,34,734	8,300	2,65,128	97	5,067	2,70,195	2,06,536	63,659

Source: Season and Crop Reports of Andhra Pradesh

TABLE 2.6—SOURCES OF IRRIGATION

Year	Canals										Total irrigation sources including canals and area irrigated			
	Government					Private					Other sources			
	No.	Area irrigated	No.	Area irrigated	Total	No.	Area irrigated	No.	Area irrigated	Tanks	Wells	No.	Area irrigated	No.
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)	(13)	(14)	(15)
ANANTAPUR DISTRICT														
1951-52	3,056	39,741	149	524	3,205	40,265	696	75,491	49	54,900	65,599	...	...	58,850
1952-53	3,283	29,018	165	384	3,448	29,402	2,218	73,077	49	57,070	52,907	...	...	62,785
1953-54	3,385	46,597	166	514	3,551	47,111	2,237	96,820	49	57,948	67,463	...	...	63,785
1954-55	3,385	41,011	166	323	3,551	41,334	2,237	77,604	49	58,248	66,010	...	...	64,085
1955-56	3,385	45,193	166	663	3,551	45,856	2,237	91,273	61	58,448	73,797	...	...	64,297
1956-57	3,385	48,527	166	588	3,551	49,115	1,096	1,09,960	63	58,483	88,289	...	...	63,193
1957-58	3,385	41,825	166	602	3,551	42,427	1,096	83,628	63	57,407	82,692	...	...	62,117
1958-59	3,385	46,003	166	822	3,551	46,825	1,096	86,390	63	57,407	82,749	...	...	62,117
1959-60	3,495	47,456	151	1,095	3,646	48,551	1,143	97,449	66	58,483	64,194	...	...	63,338
1960-61	3,495	43,598	151	695	3,646	44,293	1,143	91,863	66	58,483	66,129	...	...	63,338

Source: Season and Crop Reports of Andhra Pradesh

TABLE 2.7—MAJOR AND MEDIUM IRRIGATION PROJECTS

Year	Major Projects		Medium Projects		Minor Works	
	No.	Area irrigated (in acres)	No.	Area irrigated (in acres)	No. of tanks repaired	Area irrigated (in acres)
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)
ANANTAPUR DISTRICT						
1951-52	95	514.09
1952-53	62	869.12
1953-54	1	7,868	61	710.04
1954-55	44	840.16
1955-56	48	567.00
1956-57	2	21,714	29	605.04
1957-58	26	394.49
1958-59	32	925.00
1959-60	1	1,030	50	1,583.52

Source : Collector, Anantapur

TABLE 2.8—IRRIGATION PROJECTS WITH THEIR PARTICULARS OF CAPACITY AND WATER SPREAD AREA

Name of Project	Location	Stage	Capacity (in m. c. ft)	Water spread area	Depth of the dam	Height of the dam	Area under the ayacut (in acres)
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)
ANANTAPUR DISTRICT							
Chennarayaniswamy-gudi Project	3 miles from Madras-Bombay road and 20 miles from Kadiri, Kadiri Taluk	Completed	Total yield 340 m.c. ft. capacity of the case 120 m. c. ft.	262 acres	24 ft.	41 ft.	1,030
Bhyravanithippa Project	Bhyravanithippa village, Rayadrug Taluk	Completed	2,323 m.c. ft.	9.52 sq. miles	44 ft.	54 ft. above bed level	12,000
Upper Pennar Project	Perur village, Dharmavaram Taluk	Completed	2,310 m.c. ft.	4.97 sq. miles	50 ft.	54 ft. above bed level	9,714
Vidyaranyaaswamy Project	Gantimarri, Dharmavaram	Completed	...	...	...	...	200
Tungabhadra Project Low Level Canal	Mallapuram, 3 miles from Hospet	Completed	...	...	...	...	1,48,300
Tungabhadra Project High Level Canal	Marutla village limits, Anantapur Taluk	Work in progress	...	...	...	...	84,100 Proposed
Uppalapadu Project	30 miles from Kadiri and two miles from Madras-Bombay road, Kadiri Taluk	Completed	14.8 m.c. ft.	1,527 m. s. ft.	12 ft.	4 1/2 above the maximum water level	100
Pennar Kumudavathi Project	2 miles South West to Hindupur town	Completed	Anicut Hence no storage	...	...	10 ft.	7,863
Penakacherla Project	2 miles to Penakacherla village, Anantapur Taluk	Under construction	...	...	...	...	...

Note : The information in regard to installed capacity of Power for Multi-Purpose Projects is nil

Source : 1. Collector, Anantapur

2. Superintending Engineer, Anantapur Circle, Anantapur

TABLE 2.10—MONTHLY WHOLESALE PRICE QUOTATIONS IN RESPECT OF STAPLE FOOD GRAINS
(Prices in Rupees per standard maund 82-2/7 lbs. or 37.32 Kilograms)

Month	Paddy		Rice		Jowar		Bajra	Ragi	Korra
	1st sort (2)	2nd sort (3)	1st sort (4)	2nd sort (5)	(White) (6)	(White) (6)			
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)
ANANTAPUR DISTRICT									
1954									
January	13.81	12.37	20.50	19.25	12.00	12.00	9.87	...	...
February	13.00	11.00	20.62	17.50	12.81	12.81	10.00	...	...
March	13.00	11.00	20.00	17.37	12.00	12.00	10.00	...	...
April	N.Q.	11.00	19.75	17.00	12.00	12.00	10.00	...	...
May	N.Q.	11.00	19.00	17.07	12.00	12.00	9.75	...	...
June	9.37	N.Q.	19.19	17.00	13.44	13.44	9.37	...	...
July	10.44	8.81	19.00	17.00	13.44	13.44	10.00	...	...
August	13.00	11.00	19.19	15.87	11.00	11.00	10.00	...	...
September	13.00	11.00	17.50	14.56	9.44	10.00	9.75	...	...
October	N.Q.	N.Q.	17.50	17.50	11.19	11.19	9.75	...	...
November	N.Q.	N.Q.	20.12	17.69	10.00	10.00	9.75	...	...
December	9.50	N.Q.	20.69	17.56	10.00	10.00	9.19	...	...
1955									
January	10.56	N.Q.	N.Q.	N.Q.	N.Q.	N.Q.	7.81	N.Q.	N.Q.
February	10.12	8.00	18.50	13.44	6.69	7.25	7.25	7.44	7.94
March	10.00	8.25	18.87	14.25	7.50	7.25	7.00	6.12	6.12
April	10.00	8.00	16.81	14.25	7.50	7.25	6.94	6.87	6.87
May	10.00	8.00	16.81	14.25	7.50	7.25	6.75	5.31	5.31
June	10.00	8.00	16.81	14.25	7.50	7.50	6.52	6.75	5.31
July	10.81	8.94	17.75	15.62	7.50	N.Q.	6.75	5.44	5.44
August	11.00	9.00	18.00	13.50	7.50	N.Q.	6.37	5.31	5.31
September	12.31	10.37	18.87	14.69	7.06	N.Q.	6.31	5.31	5.31
October	13.00	10.75	19.44	13.87	6.75	N.Q.	5.44	5.31	5.31
November	12.75	10.50	18.69	13.50	6.12	N.Q.	5.62	5.31	5.31
December	11.37	10.00	16.87	13.25	6.12	7.50	5.75	5.25	5.25
1956									
January	10.50	9.50	15.81	13.06	6.12	7.50	6.00	4.94	4.94
February	11.12	9.12	16.31	13.62	6.12	7.50	7.12	4.94	4.94
March	11.44	9.87	18.06	15.25	N.Q.	7.19	7.50	5.44	5.44
April	12.44	11.00	19.44	16.81	N.Q.	7.87	7.50	7.62	7.62
May	12.44	11.00	19.44	16.81	N.Q.	7.87	7.50	7.62	7.62
June	12.62	11.00	19.94	16.81	N.Q.	7.87	7.50	7.62	7.62
July	13.12	11.19	20.50	17.50	N.Q.	7.87	7.87	7.62	7.62
August	14.56	12.12	22.12	19.44	N.Q.	7.87	7.87	7.62	7.62
September	15.94	12.44	23.94	19.81	...	8.62	9.44	8.37	8.37
October	14.69	12.12	23.81	19.25	...	N.Q.	8.94	8.37	8.37
November	14.81	12.19	22.81	19.06	...	N.Q.	9.44	8.37	8.37
December	15.94	13.94	24.69	21.69	...	N.Q.	10.94	9.12	9.12
1957									
January	14.44	13.56	20.75	19.44	...	N.Q.	11.19	9.87	9.87
February	15.06	13.25	21.44	20.56	11.19	N.Q.	11.50	9.87	9.87
March	15.19	13.25	22.06	20.12	11.19	N.Q.	11.19	9.87	9.87
April	14.96	13.00	22.07	19.82	11.04	11.04	11.40	10.09	10.09
May	14.71	12.19	22.07	19.59	10.85	10.85	11.22	11.22	11.22
June	14.96	12.46	23.19	19.82	11.22	N.Q.	11.22	11.22	11.22
1957—concl.									
ANANTAPUR DISTRICT—concl.									
1957—concl.									
July	14.96	12.46	23.19	19.82	11.60	11.60	...	11.69	...
August	14.96	12.46	23.19	19.82	11.97	11.97	...	11.07	...
September	14.96	12.46	23.19	19.82	11.22	11.22	...	10.01	...
October	14.96	12.46	23.19	19.82	11.22	11.22	...	12.90	...
November	15.76	12.58	24.01	20.20	11.52	11.52	...	12.96	...
December	16.46	13.47	24.68	20.57	11.59	11.59	...	11.22	...
1958									
January	15.88	13.78	24.11	19.67	12.04	12.04	...	11.22	...
February	15.50	14.00	23.74	19.07	11.59	11.59	...	11.22	...
March	15.50	14.00	23.74	19.07	11.59	11.59	...	11.22	...
April	15.23	14.00	23.08	19.07	11.59	11.59	...	11.22	...
May	15.16	14.00	22.44	19.22	11.52	11.52	...	11.22	...
June	15.46	14.00	22.44	15.33	12.34	12.34	...	10.75	...
July	15.71	14.00	22.44	19.64	12.33	12.33	...	10.75	...
August	15.96	14.00	23.19	20.20	13.23	13.23	...	10.75	...
September	16.08	14.24	23.94	20.76	13.46	13.46	...	10.35	...
October	16.85	14.96	24.03	23.03	12.26	12.26	...	9.83	10.03
November	16.82	14.96	25.21	21.04	11.41	11.41	...	10.09	9.90
December	16.45	14.96	24.40	20.29	11.08	11.08	...	10.98	N.Q.
1959									
January	14.04	12.34	19.67	18.40	8.97	8.97	...	11.22	N.Q.
February	14.27	12.85	20.75	19.26	9.44	9.44	...	11.22	N.Q.
March	15.21	13.61	21.22	18.88	10.94	10.94	...	11.22	N.Q.
April	15.95	14.21	22.81	20.10	11.91	11.91	...	11.22	N.Q.
May	16.05	13.79	23.93	20.64	11.37	11.37	...	11.52	...
June	16.33	13.64	23.93	20.04	12.03	12.03	...	11.52	...
July	16.40	13.61	24.76	21.17	13.32	13.32	...	12.35	10.07
August	16.50	14.04	25.99	23.15	12.44	12.44	...	12.04	9.73
September	18.07	14.17	26.18	22.72	12.84	12.84	...	12.24	10.28
October	17.75	13.85	26.08	18.40	12.56	12.56	...	12.24	10.27
November	18.07	15.95	26.82	23.74	12.64	12.64	...	12.24	10.63
December	15.72	13.50	24.43	21.22	13.24	13.24	N.Q.	13.04	10.03
1960									
January	14.32	12.80	22.21	19.22	13.10	13.10	...	12.36	10.27
February	15.72	14.25	24.21	21.59	13.44	13.44	...	12.44	10.43
March	16.93	15.05	27.83	23.56	13.64	13.64	...	13.13	10.43
April	16.93	15.47	24.68	21.56	14.04	14.04	...	14.04	11.47
May	17.45	15.32	25.61	24.59	13.94	13.94	...	13.69	11.64
June	17.45	15.40	23.03	22.66	13.65	13.65	...	14.55	12.04
July	17.45	15.95	26.18	24.08	13.65	13.65	...	13.74	13.24
August	17.95	16.45	26.92	25.00	13.04	13.04	...	13.75	N.Q.
September	17.95	16.45	26.92	24.68	15.25	15.25	...	14.85	14.45
October	18.45	16.45	26.92	25.05	14.96	14.96	N.Q.	14.21	14.85
November	18.10	16.75	26.92	24.68	14.58	14.58	...	14.96	15.61
December	18.10	...	26.92	24.68	14.58	14.58	...	14.96	15.61

Note: Particulars for the period 1951-53 are not ascertainable

N. A.: Not ascertainable N. Q.: No quotations.
Source: Season and Crop Reports of Andhra Pradesh

TABLE 2.11—STATISTICS OF WAGES (AVERAGE DAILY WAGES PAID TO SKILLED AND AGRICULTURAL LABOUR)

(Note:—The Wages are expressed in terms of Rupees, Annas and Pies till 1956-57 and in terms of Rupees and Naye Paise from 1957-58 onwards)

Month (1)	Skilled Labourer				Field Labourer				Herdsman				Other Agricultural Labourer			
	Carpenter (2)	Blacksmith (3)	Cobbler (4)	Man (5)	Woman (6)	Child (7)	Man (8)	Woman (9)	Child (10)	Man (11)	Woman (12)	Child (13)	Man (14)	Woman (15)	Child (16)	Rs. A. P.
ANANTAPUR DISTRICT																
1951-52																
July	2 6 8	3 0 0	3 2 0	1 10 3	0 15 0	0 14 0	1 8 0	1 0 0	1 0 0	2 2 0	1 8 0	1 4 0	2 2 0	1 8 0	1 4 0	Rs. A. P.
August	3 2 0	3 0 0	3 2 0	1 12 0	0 14 0	0 14 0	1 8 0	1 0 0	1 0 0	2 2 0	1 8 0	1 4 0	2 2 0	1 8 0	1 4 0	Rs. A. P.
September	3 5 6	3 0 0	3 1 6	1 13 0	0 14 0	0 14 6	1 8 0	1 0 0	1 0 0	2 2 0	1 8 0	1 4 0	2 2 0	1 8 0	1 4 0	Rs. A. P.
October	3 0 3	3 0 0	3 1 0	1 14 0	1 1 0	0 15 0	1 8 0	1 0 0	1 0 0	2 1 0	1 4 0	1 2 0	2 1 0	1 4 0	1 2 0	Rs. A. P.
November	3 6 0	3 0 0	3 2 0	1 13 1	1 0 10	0 14 9	1 8 0	1 0 0	0 15 0	2 2 0	...	1 3 6	2 2 0	...	1 3 6	Rs. A. P.
December	3 8 8	3 0 0	3 1 4	1 12 5	1 2 0	0 14 3	1 8 0	1 0 0	0 13 4	2 2 0	...	1 4 0	2 2 0	...	1 4 0	Rs. A. P.
January	3 6 0	3 0 0	3 2 0	1 12 0	0 14 0	0 14 0	1 8 0	1 0 0	1 0 0	2 2 0	...	1 4 0	2 2 0	...	1 4 0	Rs. A. P.
February	3 2 0	3 0 0	3 2 0	1 12 0	0 14 0	0 14 0	1 8 0	1 0 0	1 0 0	2 5 0	...	1 6 0	2 5 0	...	1 6 0	Rs. A. P.
March	3 2 0	3 2 0	3 2 0	1 12 0	0 14 0	0 14 0	1 8 0	1 0 0	1 0 0	2 2 0	...	1 4 0	2 2 0	...	1 4 0	Rs. A. P.
April	3 2 0	3 0 0	3 2 0	...	...	...	1 8 0	1 0 0	1 0 0	...	...	...	...	...	...	Rs. A. P.
May	3 2 0	3 0 0	3 2 0	...	...	...	1 8 0	1 0 0	1 0 0	...	...	...	...	...	...	Rs. A. P.
June	3 2 0	3 0 0	3 2 0	...	...	...	1 8 0	1 0 0	1 0 0	...	...	...	...	...	...	Rs. A. P.
1952-53																
July	3 2 0	3 2 0	3 2 0	...	...	...	1 8 0	1 0 0	1 0 0	...	...	...	...	...	...	Rs. A. P.
August	3 5 0	3 4 6	3 1 0	1 10 8	0 14 8	0 12 8	1 8 0	1 0 0	1 0 0	2 2 0	1 4 0	...	2 2 0	1 4 0	...	Rs. A. P.
September	2 4 0	2 0 0	2 0 0	1 3 6	0 12 0	0 11 0	1 4 0	0 12 0	0 12 0	1 9 0	1 0 0	0 14 0	1 9 0	1 0 0	0 14 0	Rs. A. P.
October	1 0 0	1 0 0	1 0 0	1 4 8	0 9 4	0 9 4	1 0 0	0 8 0	...	1 0 0	0 8 0	0 8 0	1 0 0	0 8 0	0 8 0	Rs. A. P.
November	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Rs. A. P.
December	2 0 0	2 8 0	2 0 0	1 0 6	0 11 0	0 8 0	1 0 0	0 8 0	0 6 0	...	...	...	...	...	...	Rs. A. P.
January	1 8 0	1 8 0	1 8 0	1 0 3	0 9 8	0 8 8	1 0 0	0 8 0	0 6 0	1 0 0	0 8 0	0 6 0	1 0 0	0 8 0	0 6 0	Rs. A. P.
February	...	...	...	1 3 6	0 13 0	0 8 6	1 0 0	0 8 0	0 6 0	1 6 0	0 13 0	0 8 6	1 6 0	0 13 0	0 8 6	Rs. A. P.
March	...	...	...	1 3 0	0 12 8	0 7 6	1 0 0	0 8 0	0 6 0	1 6 0	0 13 0	0 8 0	1 6 0	0 13 0	0 8 0	Rs. A. P.
April	...	...	...	1 1 9	0 11 8	0 7 8	1 0 0	0 8 0	0 6 0	1 6 0	0 12 0	0 8 0	1 6 0	0 12 0	0 8 0	Rs. A. P.
May	...	...	...	1 3 6	0 12 0	0 8 0	1 0 0	0 8 0	0 6 0	1 8 0	1 6 6	0 9 0	1 8 0	1 6 6	0 9 0	Rs. A. P.
June	...	...	...	1 2 9	0 12 8	0 8 0	1 0 0	0 8 0	0 6 0	1 6 0	0 12 0	0 8 0	1 6 0	0 12 0	0 8 0	Rs. A. P.
1953-54																
July	...	...	...	1 6 0	0 12 0	0 8 0	1 0 0	0 8 0	0 6 0	1 6 0	0 12 0	0 8 0	1 6 0	0 12 0	0 8 0	Rs. A. P.
August	...	...	...	1 2 3	0 11 8	0 8 0	1 0 0	0 8 0	0 6 0	1 6 0	0 12 0	0 8 0	1 6 0	0 12 0	0 8 0	Rs. A. P.
September	...	...	...	1 2 3	0 12 0	0 8 0	1 0 0	0 8 0	0 6 0	1 6 0	0 12 0	0 8 0	1 6 0	0 12 0	0 8 0	Rs. A. P.
October	...	...	...	1 0 0	0 11 0	0 8 6	14 0	0 8 0	0 6 0	1 5 0	0 12 0	0 9 0	1 5 0	0 12 0	0 9 0	Rs. A. P.
November	...	...	...	0 13 0	0 10 0	0 8 0	0 12 0	0 8 0	0 6 0	1 4 0	0 12 0	0 10 0	1 4 0	0 12 0	0 10 0	Rs. A. P.
December	...	...	...	0 13 0	0 10 6	0 8 6	0 12 0	0 8 0	0 6 0	1 4 0	0 12 0	0 10 0	1 4 0	0 12 0	0 10 0	Rs. A. P.
January	...	...	...	1 0 0	0 11 6	0 8 6	14 0	0 8 0	0 6 0	1 5 0	0 12 0	0 9 0	1 5 0	0 12 0	0 9 0	Rs. A. P.
February	...	...	...	0 13 9	0 11 0	0 7 9	0 13 0	0 9 0	0 6 0	1 1 0	0 11 0	0 8 6	1 1 0	0 11 0	0 8 6	Rs. A. P.
March	...	...	...	0 14 0	0 11 0	0 9 0	0 13 0	0 9 0	0 7 0	1 1 0	0 11 0	0 9 0	1 1 0	0 11 0	0 9 0	Rs. A. P.
April	3 8 0	2 0 0	1 8 0	1 3 0	0 11 3	0 8 6	0 9 6	0 10 0	0 6 0	1 4 0	0 10 0	0 6 0	1 4 0	0 10 0	0 6 0	Rs. A. P.
May	2 0 0	1 8 0	1 8 0	0 15 6	0 8 0	0 6 0	0 8 0	0 6 0	0 4 0	2 6 0	0 10 0	0 8 6	2 6 0	0 10 0	0 8 6	Rs. A. P.
June	3 4 0	2 0 0	1 8 0	0 15 9	0 8 8	0 6 6	0 10 0	0 8 0	0 6 0	3 8 0	...	1 8 0	3 8 0	...	1 8 0	Rs. A. P.

(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)	(13)
						1954-55						
July	2 4 0	2 0 0	1 12 0	1 3 0	0 11 0	0 8 0	...	...	...	0 8 0	...	...
August	3 0 0	2 0 0	1 0 0	1 1 0	0 10 0	0 6 0	0 8 0	0 6 0	0 4 0	...	...	...
September	3 0 0	2 2 0	1 6 0	1 1 0	0 11 0	0 8 0	0 9 0	0 8 0	...	...	...	...
October	3 0 0	2 2 0	1 8 0	1 3 0	0 11 0	0 8 0	0 9 0	0 8 0	...	...	...	...
November	3 2 0	2 4 0	1 7 0	0 15 0	0 9 0	0 7 0	0 11 0	0 8 0	0 6 0	0 14 0	0 9 0	0 6 0
December	3 8 0	2 0 0	2 0 0	1 1 0	0 9 0	0 7 0	0 12 0	0 6 0	...	...	0 10 0	0 8 0
January	3 4 0	2 0 0	1 12 0	0 15 0	0 9 0	0 7 0	0 12 0	0 6 0	0 4 0	1 2 0	0 9 0	0 7 0
February	3 2 0	2 0 0	1 8 0	0 15 0	0 9 0	0 7 0	0 12 0	0 6 0	0 4 0	1 2 0	0 9 0	0 7 0
March	3 4 0	2 0 0	1 8 0	0 14 0	0 8 0	0 7 0	0 12 0	0 6 0	0 4 0	1 2 0	0 9 0	0 7 0
April	3 2 0	1 12 0	1 8 0	1 0 0	0 9 0	0 6 0	0 14 0	...	...	1 2 0	0 8 0	0 6 0
May	3 2 0	2 0 0	1 0 0	0 14 0	0 8 0	0 6 0	0 12 0	...	...	1 0 0	0 8 0	0 6 0
June	3 2 0	1 12 0	1 8 0	1 1 0	0 9 0	0 7 0	0 14 0	...	...	1 2 0	0 9 0	0 7 0
						1955-56						
July	3 0 0	2 8 0	2 0 0	1 0 0	0 12 0	0 8 0	...	...	...	1 0 0	0 12 0	0 8 0
August	3 0 0	2 8 0	2 0 0	1 0 0	0 12 0	0 8 0	...	...	...	1 0 0	0 12 0	0 8 0
September	3 0 0	2 8 0	2 8 0	1 0 0	1 0 0	0 12 0	1 8 0	1 4 0	0 12 0	0 12 0	...	...
October	2 14 0	1 12 0	1 4 0	0 13 4	0 12 0	0 12 0	1 4 0	0 12 0	0 8 0	0 12 0	...	...
November	2 2 0	1 6 0	1 9 0	0 13 4	0 8 8	0 6 6	0 12 0	0 9 0	0 6 0	0 14 0	...	...
December	0 12 0	0 8 0	0 12 0	1 0 0	0 12 0	0 12 0	1 4 0	0 12 0	0 8 0	0 12 0	...	...
January	2 0 0	1 4 0	1 4 0	0 14 6	0 11 6	0 9 0	1 6 0	0 9 0	0 13 0	1 0 0	...	...
February	2 0 0	1 0 0	...	0 12 0	0 10 0	0 8 0	0 12 0	...	...	0 12 0	0 8 0	0 6 0
March	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
April	N.R.	N.R.	N.R.	N.R.	N.R.	N.R.	N.R.	N.R.	N.R.	N.R.	N.R.	N.R.
May	3 0 0	2 8 0	2 0 0	1 0 0	0 12 0	0 8 0	...	...	...	1 0 0	0 12 0	0 8 0
June	3 0 0	2 8 0	2 0 0	1 0 0	0 12 0	0 8 0	...	...	...	1 0 0	0 12 0	0 8 0
						1956-57						
July	3 0 0	2 8 0	2 0 0	1 0 0	0 12 0	0 8 0	0 12 0	0 8 0	0 4 0	1 0 0	0 12 0	0 8 0
August	3 0 0	2 0 0	2 0 0	1 0 0	0 12 0	0 8 0	0 12 0	0 8 0	0 4 0	1 0 0	0 12 0	0 8 0
September	3 0 0	2 8 0	0 8 0	1 0 0	0 12 0	0 8 0	0 12 0	0 8 0	0 4 0	1 0 0	0 12 0	0 8 0
October	3 2 0	2 0 0	3 0 0	N.Q.	N.Q.	N.Q.	N.Q.	N.Q.	N.Q.	2 0 0	1 4 0	0 12 9
November	3 0 0	2 0 0	3 0 0	N.Q.	N.Q.	N.Q.	N.Q.	N.Q.	N.Q.	2 0 0	1 4 0	0 10 0
December	3 0 0	2 0 0	3 0 0	1 8 0	1 0 0	0 10 0	1 0 0	0 12 0	0 8 0	1 8 0	1 0 0	0 10 0
January	3 8 0	2 0 0	3 0 0	1 8 0	1 0 0	0 10 0	1 0 0	0 12 0	0 8 0	0 8 0	1 0 0	0 10 0
February	3 8 0	2 0 0	3 0 0	1 8 0	1 0 0	0 10 0	1 0 0	0 12 0	0 8 0	1 8 0	1 0 0	0 10 0
March	3 0 0	2 0 0	3 0 0	1 8 0	1 0 0	0 10 0	1 0 0	0 12 0	0 10 0	1 8 0	1 0 0	0 12 0
April	3 0 0	3 0 0	2 0 0	1 8 0	1 0 0	0 10 0	1 0 0	0 12 0	0 10 0	1 8 0	1 0 0	0 12 0
May	3 0 0	3 0 0	2 0 0	1 8 0	1 0 0	0 10 0	1 0 0	0 12 0	0 10 0	1 8 0	1 0 0	0 12 0
June	3 0 0	3 0 0	2 0 0	1 8 0	1 0 0	0 10 0	1 0 0	0 12 0	0 10 0	1 8 0	1 0 0	0 12 0
						1957-58						
July	3 00	3 00	2 00	1 50	1 00	0 62	1 00	0 75	0 62	1 50	1 00	0 75
August	3 00	3 00	2 50	1 50	1 00	1 00	1 00	...	0 62	1 50	1 00	0 75
September	3 00	3 00	3 50	1 50	1 00	1 00	1 00	N.Q.	0 62	1 50	1 00	0 75
October	3 00	3 00	2 50	1 50	1 00	1 00	1 00	N.Q.	0 62	1 50	1 00	1 00
November	3 00	3 00	2 50	1 50	1 00	1 00	1 00	N.Q.	0 62	1 50	1 00	1 00
December	3 00	3 00	2 50	1 50	1 00	1 00	1 00	N.Q.	0 62	1 50	1 00	1 00
January	3 00	3 00	3 50	1 50	1 00	1 00	1 00	N.Q.	0 62	1 50	1 00	1 00
February	3 00	3 00	3 50	1 50	1 00	1 00	1 00	N.Q.	N.Q.	N.Q.	N.Q.	N.Q.
March	3 25	3 00	3 50	1 50	1 00	1 00	1 00	N.Q.	1 00	1 50	1 00	1 00
April	3 25	3 00	3 50	1 50	1 00	1 00	1 00	N.Q.	1 00	1 50	1 00	1 00
May	N.R.	N.R.	N.R.	N.R.	N.R.	N.R.	N.R.	N.R.	N.R.	N.R.	N.R.	N.R.
June	3 25	3 00	3 50	1 50	1 00	1 00	1 00	N.Q.	1 00	1 50	1 00	1 00

TABLE 2.11—STATISTICS OF WAGES (AVERAGE DAILY WAGES PAID TO SKILLED AND AGRICULTURAL LABOUR)—concl'd.

(Note:—The Wages are expressed in terms of Rupees, Annas and Pies till 1956-57 and in terms of Rupees and Naye Paise from 1957-58 onwards)

Month (1)	Skilled Labourer				Field Labourer				Herdsmen				Other Agricultural Labourer			
	Carpenter (2)	Blacksmith (3)	Cobbler (4)	Man (5)	Woman (6)	Child (7)	Man (8)	Woman (9)	Child (10)	Man (11)	Woman (12)	Child (13)	Man (14)	Woman (15)	Child (16)	Man (17)
	Rs. nP.	Rs. nP.	Rs. nP.	Rs. nP.	Rs. nP.	Rs. nP.	Rs. nP.	Rs. nP.	Rs. nP.	Rs. nP.	Rs. nP.	Rs. nP.	Rs. nP.	Rs. nP.	Rs. nP.	Rs. nP.
1958-59																
July	3 25	3 00	3 00	1 50	1 00	1 00	1 00	N.Q.	1 00	1 56	1 00	1 00	1 56	1 00	1 00	1 00
August	3 25	3 00	3 00	1 50	1 00	1 00	1 00	N.Q.	1 00	1 56	1 00	1 00	1 56	1 00	1 00	1 00
September	2 50	2 00	1 00	1 00	0 75	0 50	1 00	0 75	0 50	1 00	0 75	0 50	1 00	0 75	0 50	0 50
October	3 00	3 00	3 00	1 50	1 00	1 00	1 00	N.Q.	0 62	1 50	1 00	1 00	1 50	1 00	1 00	1 00
November	2 00	2 00	2 00	1 50	1 00	1 00	2 00	N.Q.	0 62	1 50	1 00	1 00	1 50	1 00	1 00	1 00
December	3 00	3 00	3 00	1 50	1 00	1 00	2 00	N.Q.	0 62	1 50	1 00	1 00	1 50	1 00	1 00	1 00
January	3 00	3 00	3 00	1 50	1 00	1 00	1 00	N.Q.	0 61	1 50	1 00	1 00	1 50	1 00	1 00	1 00
February	3 00	3 00	3 00	1 50	1 00	1 00	1 00	N.Q.	0 61	1 50	1 00	1 00	1 50	1 00	1 00	1 00
March	3 00	3 00	3 00	1 50	1 00	1 00	1 00	N.Q.	0 61	1 50	1 00	1 00	1 50	1 00	1 00	1 00
April	3 00	3 00	3 00	1 50	1 00	1 00	1 00	N.Q.	0 61	1 50	1 00	1 00	1 50	1 00	1 00	1 00
May	3 00	3 00	3 00	1 50	1 00	1 00	1 00	N.Q.	0 63	1 50	1 00	1 00	1 50	1 00	1 00	1 00
June	3 00	3 00	3 00	1 50	1 00	1 00	1 00	N.Q.	0 63	1 50	1 00	1 00	1 50	1 00	1 00	1 00
1959-60																
July	2 17	2 00	1 00	1 00	0 75	0 50	1 00	0 92	0 50	1 00	0 75	0 50	1 00	0 75	0 50	0 50
August	2 33	2 33	1 67	1 17	0 83	0 67	1 00	1 00	0 54	1 00	0 83	0 67	1 00	0 83	0 67	0 67
September	2 17	2 00	1 00	1 00	0 75	0 50	1 00	0 92	0 50	1 00	0 75	0 50	1 00	0 75	0 50	0 50
October	2 17	2 00	1 00	1 00	0 75	0 50	1 00	0 92	0 50	1 00	0 75	0 50	1 00	0 75	0 50	0 50
November	2 17	2 00	1 00	1 00	0 75	0 50	1 00	0 92	0 50	1 00	0 75	0 50	1 00	0 75	0 50	0 50
December	2 33	2 17	1 50	1 04	0 92	0 58	1 33	0 92	0 67	0 87	0 67	0 50	0 87	0 67	0 50	0 50
January	2 33	2 17	1 50	1 17	0 83	0 58	1 33	0 88	0 62	1 00	0 75	0 50	1 00	0 75	0 50	0 50
February	2 33	2 17	1 50	1 17	0 83	0 58	1 33	0 88	0 62	1 00	0 75	0 50	1 00	0 75	0 50	0 50
March	2 33	2 33	1 33	1 04	0 75	0 58	1 33	1 00	0 67	0 87	0 67	0 50	1 00	0 87	0 67	0 50
April	2 83	2 83	1 83	1 25	0 83	0 62	1 33	1 00	0 62	1 08	0 83	0 58	1 08	0 83	0 58	0 58
May	2 83	2 83	1 83	1 25	0 83	0 62	1 33	1 00	0 62	1 08	0 83	0 58	1 08	0 83	0 58	0 58
June	2 33	2 33	1 33	1 04	0 75	0 58	1 33	1 00	0 67	0 87	0 67	0 50	0 87	0 67	0 50	0 50
1960-61																
July	2 33	2 33	1 33	1 04	0 75	0 58	1 33	1 00	0 67	0 87	0 67	0 50	0 87	0 67	0 50	0 50
August	2 33	2 33	1 33	1 04	0 75	0 58	1 33	1 00	0 67	0 87	0 67	0 50	0 87	0 67	0 50	0 50
September	2 33	2 33	1 33	1 04	0 75	0 58	1 33	1 00	0 67	0 87	0 67	0 50	0 87	0 67	0 50	0 50
October	2 33	2 33	1 33	1 04	0 75	0 58	1 33	1 00	0 67	0 87	0 67	0 50	0 87	0 67	0 50	0 50
November	2 33	2 33	1 33	1 04	0 75	0 58	1 33	1 00	0 67	0 87	0 67	0 50	0 87	0 67	0 50	0 50
December	2 33	2 33	1 33	1 04	0 75	0 58	1 33	1 00	0 67	0 87	0 67	0 50	0 87	0 67	0 50	0 50
January	2 33	2 33	1 33	1 04	0 75	0 58	1 33	1 00	0 67	0 87	0 67	0 50	0 87	0 67	0 50	0 50
February	2 33	2 33	1 33	1 04	0 75	0 58	1 33	1 00	0 67	0 87	0 67	0 50	0 87	0 67	0 50	0 50
March	2 50	2 50	1 67	1 21	0 83	0 71	1 50	0 88	0 75	1 12	0 79	0 58	1 12	0 79	0 58	0 58
April	2 50	2 50	1 67	1 21	0 83	0 71	1 50	0 88	0 75	1 12	0 79	0 58	1 12	0 79	0 58	0 58
May	2 50	2 50	1 67	1 21	0 83	0 71	1 50	0 88	0 75	1 12	0 79	0 58	1 12	0 79	0 58	0 58
June	2 50	2 50	1 67	1 21	0 83	0 71	1 50	0 88	0 75	1 12	0 79	0 58	1 12	0 79	0 58	0 58

N. R. :—Not Reported

N. Q. :—No Quotations

Source :—Season and Crop Reports of Andhra Pradesh

TABLE 2.12—GOVERNMENT EXPERIMENTAL FARMS

Sl. No.	Name of Farm	Location and distance from Railway Station	Year of Establishment	Whether Research, Multiplication or Demonstration Farm	Management i.e., State, University or Private	Annual Rainfall	Type of soil	Programme of Research
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)
ANANTAPUR DISTRICT								
1	Regional Oil Seeds Research Station, Kadiri	Kadiri, 1 1/2 miles from Kadiri Railway Station	1958	Research	Jointly by State and Indian Council of Oil Seeds Committee	20.96 inches	Red loam	<p>(a) <i>Breeding</i> :</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1 Introduction and acclimatisation 2 Trial of strains already evolved 3 Selection of single plants from ryots bulk 4 Hybridisation <p>(b) <i>Agronomy</i> :</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1 Cultural trials 2 Spacing trials 3 Manurial trials 4 Mixed cropping trials
2	Zonal Nucleus Seed Farm, Kadiri	Kadiri, 1 1/2 miles from Kadiri Railway Station	1957	Multiplication farm	Jointly by State and Indian Council of Oil seeds Committee	20.96 inches	Red loam	Multiplication and distribution of improved strains of groundnut and castor

Source : Director of Agriculture, Hyderabad

TABLE 2.13—GROW MORE FOOD CAMPAIGN

(Achievements under Works Scheme)

Name of the Scheme (1)	1951-52 (2)	1952-53 (3)	1953-54 (4)	1954-55 (5)	1955-56 (6)	1956-57 (7)	1957-58 (8)	1958-59 (9)	1959-60 (10)
I DISTRIBUTION OF FERTILISERS, MANURES AND IMPROVED SEEDS AND OTHER SCHEMES (<i>in tons</i>)									
<i>Fertilisers</i>									
Ammonium Sulphate	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Superphosphate	324-1625	138-79	812-00	2035-2040	1832-329	2035-2040	2133-00	2890-00	2395-193
Other chemical fertilisers	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
<i>Manures</i>									
Oil cakes	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Bone meal	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Compost	24,705	2,156	27,280	28,548	19,760	34,425	1,72,342	1,26,681	6,98,459
Green manures	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Other manures	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
<i>Improved seeds</i>									
Paddy seeds	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Wheat seeds	189-2192	148-1543	221-229	230-629	281-1845	2030-429	251-395	292-1979	359-640
Other seeds	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
II OTHER SCHEMES (<i>area in acres</i>)									
Plant protection	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Japan paddy cultivation	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
III IRRIGATION WORKS (<i>in terms of number of works</i>)									
Sinking and repairs of wells	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Installation of Persian Wheels	16	10	...	53	45	10	16	40	49
Construction of irrigation tube wells	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Pumping installations on rivers, channels etc.	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
IV LAND IMPROVEMENT WORKS (<i>area in acres</i>)									
Contour bunding works	3,496	465	...	...	...	...	90	2,010	...
Clearance & Reclamation of waste land	1,665	135	2,550	2,024	1,886	2,279	8,505	3,451	...
Mechanical cultivation	2,337	1,289	872	4,310	384	607	4,310	1,759	...
Other improvement works	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...

Source: Director of Agriculture, Hyderabad

TABLE 3.1—LIVESTOCK AND POULTRY

Year	Total Live-stock	Cattle						Buffaloes						Total Bovines including young stock						Sheep						Goats											
		Males			Females			Young stock			Males			Females			Young stock			Males			Females			Young stock			Males			Females			Young stock		
		(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)	(13)	(14)	(15)	(16)	(17)	(18)	(19)	(20)	(21)															
ANANTAPUR DISTRICT																																					
1945	1,871,219	270,000	160,950	119,444	550,394	19,699	98,091	70,285	188,075	N. A.	N. A.	738,469	N. A.	N. A.	N. A.	N. A.	825,086	N. A.	N. A.	N. A.	273,788																
1951	2,543,854	333,130	195,923	163,412	692,465	30,022	119,227	92,731	241,980	N. A.	N. A.	934,445	N. A.	N. A.	N. A.	N. A.	1,203,562	N. A.	N. A.	N. A.	349,635																
1956	2,061,771	290,491	180,589	134,135	605,215	20,012	111,234	72,138	203,384	405,161	403,438	808,599	103,226	618,541	170,252	892,019	48,253	200,198	71,445	319,896																	
1961	2,259,068	322,112	202,746	162,160	687,018	24,335	117,136	80,700	222,171	455,911	453,278	909,189	125,644	646,138	207,978	979,760	48,434	260,412	78,946	327,792																	

Year	Horses and ponies			Donkeys			Mules		Camels		Pigs		Fowls			Ducks				Others		Total Poultry		
	Males		Females	Males		Females	Total		Total		Total		Hens		Cocks	Chickens	Total		Ducks	Drakes	Ducklings		Total	Doves, Parrots etc.,
	Total	Young stock	Total	Total	Total	Total	Total	Total	Total	Total	Total	Total	Total	Total	Total	Total	Total	Total	Total	Total	Total		Total	
(1)	(22)	(23)	(24)	(25)	(26)	(27)	(28)	(29)	(30)	(31)	(32)	(33)	(34)	(35)	(36)	(37)	(38)	(39)	(40)	(41)				
ANANTAPUR DISTRICT—concl'd.																								
1945	876	745	528	2,149	N. A.	N. A.	17,451	...	...	14,276	98,342	39,901	154,700	292,943	615	342	342	1,299	N. A.	294,242		
1951	885	851	1,519	3,255	N. A.	N. A.	24,958	3	...	27,996	153,641	77,818	188,628*	420,087	1,136	1,188	541	2,845	N. A.	422,932				
1956	540	528	614	1,682	7,543	9,821	17,364	1	...	22,210	195,764	82,846	368,028	646,638	4,349	930	969	6,248	1,271	654,157				
1961	987	2,442	570	3,999	7,277	9,863	17,140	15	4	21,169	180,659	82,528	372,594	635,781	534	354	149	1,037	901	637,719				

Source: Report of the Quinquennial Livestock Census, 1956
N. A.: Not ascertainable

TABLE 3.2.—DISTRIBUTION OF IMPROVED BREEDS

Year	Breeding bulls	Buffaloe breeding bulls	Male goats	Female goats	Dairy cows	She buffaloes	Bears	Rams and Ewes	Sows	Cocks	Hens	Eggs
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)	(13)
ANANTAPUR DISTRICT												
1958-59	6	11	...	...	...	...	...	8,703	23	19	...	...
1959-60	12	16	...	...	...	...	...	28	2	42	150	800
1960-61	4	17	...	...	...	...	...	32	...	69	165	2,853

Note: Information prior to 1958-59 is not ascertainable
Source: Director of Animal Husbandry, Hyderabad

TABLE 3.3—LIVESTOCK MORTALITY DUE TO CONTAGIOUS AND OTHER DISEASES

Disease (1)	1953-54		1954-55		1955-56		1956-57		1957-58		1958-59		1959-60		1960-61	
	Attacks (2)	Deaths (3)	Attacks (4)	Deaths (5)	Attacks (6)	Deaths (7)	Attacks (8)	Deaths (9)	Attacks (10)	Deaths (11)	Attacks (12)	Deaths (13)	Attacks (14)	Deaths (15)	Attacks (16)	Deaths (17)
CATTLE AND BOVINES																
Rinderpest	4	4	55	32	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Haemorrhagic septi- caemia	54	43	12	12	146	142	117	108	69	69	94	94	24	23	259	144
Foot and Mouth	1,217	...	778	...	1,598	...	1,364	...	1,607	...	961	...	44	...	475	...
Blackquarter	28	23	528	503	2,510	1,313	317	298	196	102	330	330	220	217	397	389
Anthrax	7	7	...	...	...	...	12	12	5	3	...	...	...	...	4	4
Surra	17	12	...	...	...	...	48	22	25	23	22	2	...	...	...	...
Other contagious and parasitic diseases	...	...	3	1	2,455	2,455	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Total	1,327	89	1,376	548	6,709	3,910	1,858	440	1,902	197	1,407	426	288	240	1,135	537
SHEEP AND GOATS																
Anthrax	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	87	82
Sheep Fox	260	260	6	3	171	81	180	86	165	85	136	128	...	...	168	106
Pleuro pneumonia	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	3	1
Foot and mouth	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	...
Scab	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Other contagious and parasitic diseases	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	6	2	...	...	20	13
Other diseases	30	30	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	10	10	30	30	85	85
Total	290	290	6	3	171	81	180	86	165	85	152	140	30	30	364	287
DOGS																
Contagious and para- sitic diseases	...	...	...	...	3	3	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Other causes	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Total	...	...	...	...	3	3	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
POULTRY																
Renikhet	28	26	118	112	10	10	30	30	25	20	34	34	12	12	...	...
Fowl Pox	...	...	11	...	25	25	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Spirochaetosis	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Coccidiosis	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	2	2
Contagious and parasitic diseases	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Other causes	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	82	82	131	131
Total	28	26	129	112	35	35	30	30	25	20	34	34	94	94	133	133

Note: (i) Particulars for the years 1951-52 and 1952-53 are not ascertainable

(ii) There are no attacks or deaths among Equines and Camels due to contagious diseases during the period 1953-54 to 1960-61

Source: Director of Animal Husbandry, Hyderabad

TABLE 3.4—GOVERNMENT VETERINARY FACILITIES

Year	Number of Doctors		No. of Hospitals & Dispensaries				No. of Livestock farms and other scheme centres	No. of cases treated		
	Doctors	Veterinary Assistants	Veterinary Hospitals	Veterinary Dispensaries	Minor Dispensaries	Touring billets and First Aid Centres		Indoor	Outdoor	Total
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)
ANANTAPUR DISTRICT										
1951-52	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
1952-53	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
1953-54	11	1	1	2	6	2	...	5,623	6,762	12,385
1954-55	11	6	1	3	6	2	...	7,013	5,423	12,436
1955-56	8	4	1	4	6	2	...	8,528	4,144	12,672
1956-57	9	4	2	3	6	3	...	9,903	11,792	21,695
1957-58	11	3	2	3	6	3	...	10,102	8,797	18,899
1958-59	10	3	3	4	6	3	1*	17,976	3,799	21,775
1959-60	14	8	3	4	5	2	2†	19,060	8,209	27,269
1960-61	17	9	2	4	9	5	11‡	12,753	15,097	27,850

* Represents the sheep farm at Penukonda

† Represents the sheep farm at Penukonda and the District Poultry farm at Hindupur

‡ Represents one sheep farm, one district-poultry farm, one cattle-cum-dairy farm and eight sheep and wool Extension Centres

Source : Director of Animal Husbandry, Hyderabad

TABLE SERIES 4—INDUSTRIES

TABLE 4.1—GROWTH OF FACTORIES AND AVERAGE DAILY NUMBER OF WORKERS EMPLOYED IN THEM

Year	Process allied to Agriculture		Food except beverages		Tobacco		Textiles		Personal services		Miscellaneous services	
	No.	Average daily No. of workers	No.	Average daily No. of workers	No.	Average daily No. of workers	No.	Average daily No. of workers	No.	Average daily No. of workers	No.	Average daily No. of workers
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)	(13)
ANANTAPUR DISTRICT												
1958	45	1,219	86	2,098	7	181	12	978	10	180	49	468
1959	47	1,477	98	1,499	8	37	16	1,133	...	...	46	920
1960	30	869	92	1,348	5	84	16	1,349	...	...	77	834
1961	29	710	71	1,013	2	30	21	1,470	...	...	101	1,050

Note : Particulars for the years from 1951 to 1957 are not available

Source : Inspector of Factories, Anantapur

TABLE 4.2—LIST OF SMALL INDUSTRIES TOGETHER WITH THE NUMBER OF ESTABLISHMENTS AND PERSONS EMPLOYED IN EACH OF THEM IN THE VARIOUS TALUKS OF THE DISTRICT

Type of Industry (1)	No. of Establish- ments (2)	No. of persons employed		
		Managerial and Supervisory (3)	Skilled (4)	Unskilled (5)
ANANTAPUR TALUK				
Thread and oil mills	1	8	3 (2)	46 (45)
Rice and dal mills	1	2	3	6 (3)
Saw mills	5	3	11 (8)	6
Oil mills	11	44	38 (15)	221 (214)
Automobile works	3	3	7 (5)	6 (4)
Rice mills	2	10	5	22 (20)
Rice and flour mills	10	12	9	7
Flour mills	1	1	...	...
KALYANDRUG TALUK				
Rice and flour mills	7	11	6	4 (4)
RAYADRUG TALUK				
Rice, oil and flour mills	1	1	2 (2)	...
Rice and flour mills	2	1	3	...
Rice and oil mills	4	5	7	32 (27)
Oil mills	2	19	4 (1)	54 (50)
Saw mills	2	2	8	2 (1)
Silk	4	2	66 (12)	...
URAVAKONDA INDEPENDENT SUB-TALUK				
Ginning and Decorticating industry	14	20	29 (13)	332 (331)
Tanning	2	6	3	79 (79)
Ginning and oil mills	3	3	8	126 (125)
Rice and flour mills	12	9	9	6 (4)
Saw mills	2	2	...	3 (3)
GOOTY TALUK				
Saw mills	8	13	...	32 (28)
Rice and flour mills	17	17	4 (4)	6 (4)
Oil mills	10	28	29 (4)	181 (75)
Cotton pressing industry	2	18	10 (1)	231 (224)
Ginning and oil mills	2	5	7	51 (50)
Ginning and cotton pressing	1	3	6 (6)	54 (52)
Tanning industry	2	3	3	21 (20)
Ginning and decorticating industry	3	6	3	60 (60)
Flour mills	21	22	2	25 (25)
TADPATRI TALUK				
Ginning and oil mills	1	4	7	78 (75)
Ginning and cotton decorti- cating industry	8	35	31 (10)	182 (181)
TADPATRI—concl'd.				
Lime burning	2	17	24 (24)	104 (104)
Rice and flour mills	16	9	12	11 (6)
Handloom Textiles	2	6	75 (15)	1
Pulverising industry	1	3	7	28
DHARMAVARAM TALUK				
Oil mills	5	13	9	121 (116)
Rice and flour mills	4	2	4	8 (8)
Silk twisting	4	4	31 (2)	4 (2)
Rice and oil mills	2	4	4	33 (30)
Flour mills	4	4	1	3 (3)
Saw mills	1	1	1	3
Rice mills	1	1	1	4 (4)
Flour and oil mills	1	1	...	2 (1)
KADIRI TALUK				
Rice and oil mills	4	5	6 (1)	60 (60)
Rice and flour mills	7	7	5	5 (5)
Oil mills	8	17	15	186 (180)
Metal works	1	1	2	5 (5)
PENUKONDA TALUK				
Fibre manufacture	1	1	2	80 (80)
Rice and oil mills	1	2	7	...
Rice and flour mills	2	2	4 (2)	...
HINDUPUR TALUK				
Tamarind seeds industry	1	3	1	19 (17)
Rice and oil mills	4	8	6	101 (99)
Oil mills	5	10	9 (5)	160 (102)
Rice, oil and tamarind mills	2	5	3 (1)	24 (22)
Saw mills	4	4	20 (8)	16 (11)
Rice and flour mills	11	11	11 (1)	4 (1)
Flour mills	2	2	2	3 (1)
Brass and Copper industry	1	1	5 (2)	1 (1)
Engineering works	2	1	2	2 (2)
MADAKASIRA TALUK				
Rice and oil mills	1	1	2	12 (8)
Engineering works	1	1	2 (1)	2 (1)
Oil, tanning and seeds industry	1	1	2 (1)	14 (8)

Note : 1 The figures in brackets indicate the number of workers employed seasonally
2 Talukwise and Village-wise distribution of Industries and Rural Crafts has been exhibited in the Village and Town Directory in this Hand Book

Source : Director of Industries and Commerce, Hyderabad

TABLE 4.3—TOTAL NUMBER OF ARTISANS OF EACH CATEGORY WORKING IN THE DISTRICT TOGETHER WITH THEIR DAILY AVERAGE EARNINGS

Class of Workers (1)	No. of Workers (2)	Average daily earnings	
		Skilled (3)	Unskilled (4)
Carpenters	. . . 4,860	Rs.Np. 3.00	Rs.Np. 1.25
Blacksmiths	. . . 3,073	3.00	1.25
Carpenters-cum-Blacksmiths	. . . 499	4.00	1.50
Tailors	. . . 5,037	4.00	2.00
Cobblers	. . . 2,576	3.00	1.50
Tanners	. . . 3,381	3.00	1.25
Tanners-cum-Cobblers	. . . 6,968	4.00	1.75
Oil Mongers	. . . 1,015	2.50	1.00
Potters	. . . 3,361	2.00	1.00
Weavers	. . . 30,116	4.00	2.00
Brick makers	. . . 1,751	3.00	1.25
Basket, Mat and Rattan workers	. . . 5,053	4.00	1.75

Class of Workers (1)	No. of Workers (2)	Average daily earnings	
		Skilled (3)	Unskilled (4)
Gold and silversmiths	. . . 62	Rs.Np. 5.00	Rs.Np. 2.50
Beedi makers	. . . 60	2.50	0.75
Tinsmiths	. . . 62	3.00	1.75
Toy makers	. . . 22	3.50	1.50
Lime workers	. . . 626	3.00	1.75
Ambar spinners	. . . 62	4.00	1.75
Wodden comb makers	. . . 21	1.75	0.75
Musical instrument workers	. . . 2	5.00	2.00
Glass workers	. . . 12	3.00	1.25
Metal workers	. . . 10	4.00	1.75
Dyers and Printers	. . . 463	3.00	1.00
Rope makers	. . . 239	2.50	1.00

Source : Director of Industries and Commerce, Hyderabad

TABLE SERIES 5—ADMINISTRATION
TABLE 5.1—CRIMINAL JUSTICE—NUMBER OF CRIMINAL CASES FILED

(1)	1951		1952		1953		1954		1955		1956		1957		1958		1959		1960	
	C	A	C	A	C	A	C	A	C	A	C	A	C	A	C	A	C	A	C	A
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)	(13)	(14)	(15)	(16)	(17)	(18)	(19)	(20)	(21)
ANANTAPUR DISTRICT																				
A. SERIOUS CRIMES																				
I COGNIZABLE CASES																				
(a) Offences against State, Public tranquility, safety and justice .	31	91	44	125	39	104	59	224	77	166	71	150	111	83	65	107	25	59	42	84
(b) Serious offences against the person .	57	69	82	134	91	96	88	162	155	241	101	234	108	202	211	306	111	352	157	350
(c) Serious offences against the person and property or against property only .	195	121	316	184	246	84	340	247	361	219	292	108	355	203	399	224	311	212	286	143
II NON-COGNIZABLE CASES																				
(a) Offences against State, Public tranquility, safety and justice .	302	94	307	95	313	144	342	50	421	34	347	95	473	71	564	136	616	97	311	115
(b) Serious offences against the person .	53	77	63	150	72	82	77	105	68	88	80	49	88	64	128	140	128	148	142	56
(c) Serious offences against the person and property or against property only .	240	42	261	57	217	57	298	46	297	38	404	54	300	56	285	108	293	62	274	80
Total Serious Crimes (I and II) .	878	494	1,073	745	978	567	1,204	834	1,579	786	1,295	690	1,435	679	1,652	1,021	1,484	930	1,212	828
B. MINOR CRIMES																				
I COGNIZABLE CASES																				
(a) Minor offences against the person .	40	25	62	41	47	29	95	25	105	41	109	39	185	45	140	37	188	36	184	32
(b) Minor offences against the property .	273	50	56	145	441	90	441	133	283	170	495	151	320	159	498	140	416	108	356	82
(c) Other offences not specified above .	2,169	352	2,312	437	1,693	390	2,330	527	2,572	438	2,516	343	2,927	431	3,033	484	3,735	507	3,630	518
II NON-COGNIZABLE CASES																				
(a) Minor offences against the person .	207	115	462	147	416	151	322	81	379	116	375	137	258	183	163	134	236	113	264	130
(b) Minor offences against property .	279	78	274	171	439	145	305	79	283	44	386	58	370	98	422	110	305	124	271	49
(c) Minor offences not specified above .	5,946	510	5,192	539	6,593	403	4,689	694	5,218	625	5,798	637	7,184	903	6,726	516	7,125	843	8,501	429
Total Minor Crimes (I and II)	8,914	1,130	8,358	1,480	9,629	1,208	8,182	1,539	8,840	1,434	9,679	1,365	11,244	1,819	10,982	1,421	12,005	1,731	13,206	1,240

Source: District and Sessions Judges, Anantapur
C. Convictions; A. Acquittals

TABLE 5.2—CRIMINAL JUSTICE—PERSONS CONVICTED OR BOUND OVER IN

Offence or Nature of Proceedings (1)	Persons convicted or bound over in									
	1951 (2)	1952 (3)	1953 (4)	1954 (5)	1955 (6)	1956 (7)	1957 (8)	1958 (9)	1959 (10)	1960 (11)
ANANTAPUR DISTRICT										
Offences against Public tranquility .	587	636	683	859	953	1,170	1,125	1,058	1,207	2,470
Murder .	13	21	26	43	40	37	45	124	35	121
Culpable homicide .	2	1	...	9	12	12	13	31	9	3
Rape .	...	4	...	...	1	...	3	2	1	6
Hurt under aggravating circumstances .	18	29	16	37	42	50	47	155	116	53
Hurt with criminal force or assault .	98	79	51	94	99	8	114	124	101	108
Dacoity .	1	2	41	7	...	1	9	1	2	4
Robbery .	...	...	...	14	2	1	...	2	...	4
Theft .	549	446	596	660	746	639	428	793	870	983
Other offences under the Indian Penal Code	4,242	4,317	5,050	3,325	2,825	2,629	2,904	3,377	3,036	3,878
Bad Livelihood .	46	42	31	52	62	89	155	172	242	185
Keeping the peace .	14	13	10	39	37	43	30	49	64	48
Prohibition .	3,285	3,550	4,450	5,973	7,130	6,980	8,186	8,751	9,879	10,619
Excise Law .	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Municipal Law .	270	233	362	352	474	531	462	306	411	322
Other offences .	6,197	5,580	6,884	8,227	6,933	8,036	6,733	6,255	6,748	7,428

Source : District and Sessions Judge, Anantapur

TABLE 5.3—CIVIL JUSTICE

(1)	1951 (2)	1952 (3)	1953 (4)	1954 (5)	1955 (6)	1956 (7)	1957 (8)	1958 (9)	1959 (10)	1960 (11)
	ANANTAPUR DISTRICT									
Money suits .	738	825	1,147	1,132	857	745	686	669	675	307
Rent suits .	5	3	7	...	1	1	3	...	1	2
Title or other suits .	626	390	445	422	336	450	574	518	445	469

Source : District and Sessions Judge, Anantapur

TABLE 5.4—NUMBER OF JUDICIAL OFFICERS

Year	Civil				Criminal				Number of Advocates
	District Judges	Other Judges		Sessions Judges	Other Judges	District Magistrates	Other Magistrates		
		Stipendiary	Honorary				Stipendiary	Honorary	
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)
ANANTAPUR DISTRICT									
1951-52	2	...	...	2	...	1	...	...	93
1952-53	1	...	...	1	...	1	...	...	98
1953-54	1	...	...	1	...	1	...	...	108
1954-55	1	...	...	1	...	1	...	...	119
1955-56	1	...	...	1	...	1	...	...	133
1956-57	1	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	149
1957-58	2	...	...	2	...	...	...	...	168
1958-59	2	...	...	2	...	...	...	...	183
1959-60	2	...	...	2	...	...	...	...	216

Source : District and Sessions Judge, Anantapur

TABLE 5.5—STRENGTH OF POLICE

Description of the staff	1951	1952	1953	1954	1955	1956	1957	1958	1959	1960
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)
ANANTAPUR DISTRICT										
Superintendent of Police	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Asst. Supdts. of Police	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	1
Deputy Supdts. of Police	...	...	...	...	2	2	3	2	1	...
Inspectors	8	8	9	9	9	9	9	9	9	11
Reserve Inspectors	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Sub-Inspectors	52	52	57	57	58	54	61	61	57	63
Reserve Sub-Inspectors	6	6	6	6	5	6	6	6	6	6
Asst. Reserve Sub-Inspectors	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5
Head Constables										
<i>Civil</i>	87	110	112	117	128	195	195	181	181	123
<i>Reserve</i>	25	25	25	25	25	27	27	27	27	25
Police Constables										
<i>Civil</i>	698	708	699	731	892	1,007	994	988	988	834
<i>Reserve</i>	272	272	272	272	272	320	320	320	320	314
No. of Police Stations	52	52	52	52	53	61	64	64	63	60

Note : The figures shown against No. of Police Stations also include out-posts
Source : Inspector General of Police, Hyderabad

TABLE 5.6—MAJOR CRIMES REPORTED

Year (1)	No. of Crimes reported					
	Murder (2)	Dacoity (3)	Robbery (4)	House Breaking (5)	Thefts (including cattle thefts) (6)	Infanticide (7)
ANANTAPUR DISTRICT						
1951	48	7	15	310	354	...
1952	56	15	10	391	446	2
1953	57	6	10	372	667	...
1954	67	8	6	290	446	...
1955	66	7	8	297	440	...
1956	53	4	10	309	418	1
1957	69	3	5	245	425	1
1958	55	5	5	290	512	...
1959	48	2	5	281	465	...
1960	46	3	5	304	464	...
1961	49	1	3	294	485	...

Source: Inspector General of Police, Hyderabad

TABLE 5.7—PROPERTY STOLEN AND RECOVERED

Year (1)	No. of cases in which property was stolen (2)	No. of cases in which property was recovered (3)	Percentage of cases in which property was recovered to cases in which property was stolen (4)	Amount of property stolen (in Rupees) (5)	Amount of property recovered (in Rupees) (6)	Percentage of value of property recovered to the value of property stolen (7)
ANANTAPUR DISTRICT						
1951	N.A.	N.A.	N.A.	1,87,536.00	50,032.00	28.8
1952	N.A.	N.A.	N.A.	2,33,330.00	54,263.00	36.1
1953	N.A.	N.A.	N.A.	1,71,435.00	55,570.00	32.1
1954	762	381	50	1,20,559.00	44,298.00	36.6
1955	664	495	74.5	1,45,635.00	55,594.00	38.1
1956	711	474	66.6	1,04,750.00	39,933.07	38.1
1957	620	381	61.4	2,04,531.00	59,138.76	43.0
1958	694	523	75.5	1,37,941.00	55,193.00	40.0
1959	735	558	75.9	1,30,709.00	55,171.34	42.2
1960	793	497	62.6	1,56,947.00	57,493.00	36.6

Source: Inspector General of Police, Hyderabad

TABLE 5.8—NUMBER OF JAILS WITH THEIR CAPACITY AND NUMBER OF PRISONERS LODGED

	1951-52	1952-53	1953-54	1954-55	1955-56	1956-57	1957-58	1958-59	1959-60	1960-61
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)
ANANTAPUR DISTRICT										
<i>I Places of confinement</i>										
No. of jails including subordinate jails and lock-ups in the district	11	11	11	11	11	11	11	11	11	11
Maximum capacity of all the jails in the district	289	289	289	289	289	289	289	289	289	289
<i>II Prisoners at the beginning of the year</i>										
Males	190	220	323	221	307	235	183	194	216	199
Females	14	12	20	12	16	15	10	16	6	5
Total	204	232	343	233	323	250	193	210	222	204
<i>III Prisoners lodged in all the Jails during the year</i>										
Males	12,788	13,354	18,268	16,802	19,381	12,975	10,830	15,453	15,244	8,630
Females	227	411	473	530	483	496	581	399	839	322
Total	13,015	13,765	18,741	17,332	19,864	13,471	11,411	15,852	16,083	8,952
<i>Total prisoners during the year (II and III)</i>										
Males	12,978	13,574	18,591	17,023	19,688	13,210	11,013	15,647	15,460	8,829
Females	241	423	493	542	499	511	591	415	845	327
Total	13,219	13,997	19,084	17,565	20,187	13,721	11,604	16,062	16,305	9,156
Maximum number of prisoners at any part of the year	311	481	474	421	361	320	406	394	466	452

Source : Inspector General of Prisons, Hyderabad

TABLE 5.9—REGISTERED MOTOR VEHICLES

(as on 31st March of the year)

Year	No. of Vehicles							
	Total	Buses	Trucks and lorries		Taxi motor cars	Private motor cars	Motor cycles	Auto-Rickshaws
			Plying on hire	For private use				
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)
ANANTAPUR DISTRICT								
1951	466	120	166	12	1	140	27	...
1952	479	122	170	12	...	145	30	...
1953	489	125	174	13	...	145	32	...
1954	522	130	178	14	...	170	30	...
1955	545	132	180	14	...	190	29	...
1956	581	134	182	15	...	220	30	...
1957	620	135	180	20	...	240	45	...
1958	691	150	185	21	...	285	50	...
1959	733	155	180	23	...	320	55	...
1960	801	164	172	25	...	361	79	...

Source : State Transport Authority, Hyderabad

TABLE 5.10—RECEIPTS REALISED UNDER MOTOR VEHICLES ACT

(In Rupees)

Year	Fees for registration of Motor Vehicles and subsequent alterations etc.	Fees for issue and renewal of driving licences, conductor licences and badges	Fees for issue and renewal of fitness certificates	Fees for permits	Miscellaneous fees	Tax on Motor Vehicles under M.M.V.T. Act, 1931	Tax under M.M.V. (T.P.G) Act, 1952	Total receipts
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)
ANANTAPUR DISTRICT								
1950-51	1,750.00	2,500.00	11,500.00	18,500.00	...	5,80,000.00	...	6,14,250.00
1951-52	1,899.00	2,700.00	12,000.00	27,201.00	...	6,65,992.00	...	7,09,792.00
1952-53	2,000.00	3,200.00	13,500.00	39,002.00	10,579.00	7,19,778.00	...	7,88,059.00
1953-54	1,900.00	4,500.00	13,200.00	22,569.00	288.00	7,22,441.00	1,69,247.00	9,34,145.00
1954-55	2,100.00	4,400.00	15,000.00	19,734.00	...	7,67,396.00	1,71,544.00	9,80,174.00
1955-56	2,600.00	5,100.00	15,550.00	24,132.00	...	8,81,849.00	1,99,604.00	11,28,835.00
1956-57	3,500.00	5,500.00	16,000.00	17,179.00	22.00	11,19,305.00	2,08,873.00	13,70,379.00
1957-58	1,100.00	4,071.00	17,900.00	20,033.00	13,339.00	11,48,296.00	2,54,286.00	14,59,025.00
1958-59	3,010.00	9,577.00	16,100.00	21,029.00	...	12,70,665.00	2,53,565.00	15,73,946.00
1959-60	2,322.00	4,595.00	15,500.00	7,412.00	28,424.00	13,54,618.00	6,30,672.00	20,43,543.00

Source: State Transport Authority, Hyderabad

TABLE 5.11—LAND REVENUE DEMAND AND COLLECTIONS

(In Rupees)

Year	Demand		Collection		Balance	
	Arrears	Current	Arrears	Current	Arrears	Current
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)
ANANTAPUR DISTRICT						
1951-52	81,270-5-9	19,13,903-5-5	32,609-8-0	14,56,873-2-7	48,812-13-9	4,56,640-2-4
1952-53	5,94,734-14-4	19,40,695-9-10	89,245-13-4	14,17,480-6-11	5,05,488-0-11	5,24,215-2-11
1953-54	12,22,336-6-9	24,81,565-12-9	9,40,800-10-0	19,33,264-5-11	2,81,536-12-10	3,34,383-6-2
1954-55	8,99,196-9-5	21,71,732-0-6	7,84,877-15-3	18,37,682-6-4	2,45,404-0-9	2,67,196-11-0
1955-56	5,30,314-13-7	22,83,318-15-0	4,58,775-12-8	21,29,177-15-8	70,819-0-9	1,54,224-15-7
1956-57	4,58,349-15-4	27,15,303-1-2	1,51,055-15-7	24,47,671-6-6	68,074-14-10	2,82,393-15-4
1957-58	2,05,487.74	23,37,623.63	2,46,718.52	25,89,724.67	90,869.22	3,67,195.96
1958-59	7,31,344.30	19,05,033.10	4,61,390.60	13,28,661.13	2,84,942.37	5,76,371.97
1959-60	8,84,897.00	19,27,055.45	4,83,543.67	1,02,922.22	4,04,353.36	11,17,932.49
1960-61	12,09,829.25	19,91,582.77	1,43,357.25	1,94,529.99	10,66,572.00	17,07,052.78

Note: The figures upto the year 1956-57 are expressed in terms of Rupees, Annas and Pies and in terms of Rupees and Naye Paise from 1957-58 onwards

Source: Collector, Anantapur

TABLE 5.12—NUMBER OF REGISTERED DOCUMENTS AND
VALUE OF PROPERTIES TRANSFERRED

Year	No. of Regis- tration offices	No. of Registrations			Aggregate value of property transferred by registered documents			Total receipts , (in Rupees)	Refunds and drawbacks (in Rupees)	Total expen- diture (in Rupees)
		Immo- va- ble pro- perty	Movable property	Total	Affecting immo- vable property (in Rupees)	Affecting movable property (in Rupees)	Total (in Rupees)			
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)
ANANTAPUR DISTRICT										
1951-52	13	21,695	608	22,303	1,76,94,662.00	16,63,380.00	1,93,58,042.00	1,26,834.00	130.00	90,362.00
1952-53	15	16,322	267	16,589	1,11,38,307.00	3,96,868.00	1,15,35,175.00	96,861.00	45.00	94,330.00
1953-54	15	20,551	307	20,858	1,49,20,390.00	3,85,519.00	1,53,05,909.00	1,15,552.00	116.00	97,806.00
1954-55	15	21,111	339	21,470	1,54,68,231.00	4,52,638.00	1,59,20,869.00	1,21,480.00	48.00	1,03,147.00
1955-56	15	26,233	464	26,697	1,79,07,808.00	10,11,056.00	1,89,18,864.00	1,36,475.00	30.00	1,04,682.00
1956-57	15	32,478	646	33,124	2,48,75,321.00	14,46,684.00	2,63,22,005.00	1,69,248.00	31.00	1,08,448.00
1957-58	15	38,572	539	39,111	3,51,16,124.00	12,94,552.00	3,64,10,676.00	2,17,760.00	35.00	1,15,953.00
1958-59	15	32,922	506	33,428	2,71,70,537.00	11,47,996.00	2,83,18,533.00	2,41,874.00	27.00	1,16,223.00
1959-60	16	34,504	604	35,108	2,92,40,987.00	15,47,344.00	3,07,88,331.00	3,33,300.00	25.00	1,39,143.00
1960-61	16	36,023	747	36,770	3,50,70,188.00	24,97,519.00	3,75,67,707.00	3,60,723.00	53.00	1,55,340.00

Source: Inspector-General of Registration and Stamps, Hyderabad

TABLE 5.13—LIST OF COLLECTORS THAT WORKED IN ANANTAPUR DISTRICT FROM 1881

Name (1)	Date of taking charge (2)	Name (1)	Date of taking charge (2)
N. A. Roupell	21st December, 1881	A. R. Nedungadi	13th May, 1920
A. Cruickshank	18th November, 1884	S. M. V. M. Usman Sahib	18th August, 1921
B. Macleod	1st December, 1885	S. M. V. Rajachar	1st August, 1923
F. A. Nicholson	11th December, 1885	A. Upendra Pai	13th September, 1923
B. Macleod	21st August, 1887	H. H. F. M. Tyler	6th November, 1925
F. A. Nicholson	26th October, 1887	E. R. Wood	6th August, 1926
W. G. Underwood	18th April, 1888	T. G. Rutherford	23rd November, 1926
F. D. A. O. Wolfe-Murray	5th December, 1890	N. Gopalaswami Ayyangar	11th June, 1928
W. G. Underwood	4th March, 1891	E. S. Sundaram Ayyar	20th July, 1929
C. H. Mounsey	4th November, 1892	T. Bhagavantam Gupta	17th October, 1929
W. G. Underwood	25th December, 1892	N. Gopalaswami Ayyangar	3rd January, 1930
F. A. Nicholson	4th April, 1893	V. N. Viswanatha Rao	8th April, 1931
K. C. Manavedan Raja	20th September, 1893	D. Mahanty Mahasayo	29th August, 1931
A. T. Pitt	15th June, 1894	A. M. A. C. Galletti	16th November, 1933
F. A. Nicholson	28th June, 1894	V. N. Kudva	10th December, 1934
A. C. Tate	11th July, 1895	K. C. Manavedan Raja	24th December, 1935
N. S. Brodie	27th September, 1895	V. V. Subrahmanyam	6th April, 1937
F. A. Nicholson	11th October, 1895	Jawad-Hussain Bahadur	8th May, 1937
A. T. Forbes	17th March, 1896	K. M. Unnithan	6th April, 1938
C. H. Mounsey	22nd March, 1896	J. W. Printchard	26th October, 1938
K. C. Manavedan Raja	21st May, 1896	Sheriff Ahmed Ali Saheb Bahadur	9th December, 1938
R. H. Shipley	21st April, 1897	W. R. S. Sattianadhan	12th January, 1939
N. MacMichael	30th October, 1897	T. Bhaskara Rao	1st April, 1940
B. Macleod	7th November, 1897	M. S. Sivaraman	3rd January, 1942
H. L. Braidwood	3rd August, 1899	M. Seshadri	19th May, 1942
R. V. Srinivasa Ayyar	10th August, 1899	E. Bonnett	3rd July, 1942
B. Macleod	5th November, 1899	T. S. Ramachandran	2nd September, 1942
E. A. Elwin	19th February, 1900	W. H. Mitchell	31st October, 1945
B. Macleod	4th March, 1901	R. Koteswara Rao	14th October, 1946
Muhammad Raza Khan	7th February, 1902	R. Galletti	5th November, 1946
P. L. Moore	17th March, 1903	K. Koteswara Rao	15th August, 1947
Muhammad Aziz-ud-din	26th April, 1903	G. Rami Reddi	15th October, 1947
E. Scott	10th November, 1903	S. Joseph Reddi	27th October, 1947
E. Pakenham-Walsh	19th April, 1906	M. R. Bangara	30th May, 1948
S. W. G. I. MacIver	14th May, 1906	C. Vivekananda Murthi	17th September, 1948
J. W. Hughes	13th February, 1907	T. J. Jacques	26th October, 1950
E. Scott	17th January, 1908	G. Rami Reddi	27th August, 1952
J. M. Turing	16th June, 1908	S. Ahmed	27th September, 1952
R. Morris	11th September, 1908	N. Bhagavandas	26th October, 1953
G. F. Paddison	19th April, 1911	G. Venkataswami Naidu	3rd October, 1954
A. Fotheringham	23rd May, 1912	Kondala Rao	15th December, 1954
P. S. P. Rice	25th June, 1912	B. N. Jayasimha	12th August, 1957
W. Francis	15th March, 1913	E. Jagannathachari	15th September, 1958
S. W. G. I. MacIver	28th April, 1913	S. R. Ramamurthi	4th October, 1958
J. R. Huggins	10th August, 1915	K. V. Raghava Rao	3rd April, 1961
S. W. G. I. MacIver	23rd October, 1915	K. Sreeramachandra Murthi	25th September, 1961
T. J. Tasker	12th May, 1917	T. Balakrishna	4th October, 1961
S. M. V. M. Usman Sahib	27th May, 1917	M. M. Haq	11th July, 1962
T. Raghavayya	20th December, 1917		

Note: Anantapur was constituted into a separate district out of Bellary district only in 1881 and hence particulars for the earlier period are not given

Source: (i) The Anantapur District Gazetteer, Vol. II, 1930
(ii) Collector, Anantapur

TABLE 5.14—LIST OF JUDGES WHO PRESIDED OVER THE CIVIL OR DISTRICT AND SESSIONS COURT OF ANANTAPUR

Name (1)	Date of taking charge (2)	Name (1)	Date of taking charge (2)
T. V. Varadarajulu Nayudu .	1st January, 1920	P. N. Ramaswami .	21st October, 1941
J. W. Hughes .	23rd January, 1920	P. S. Viswanatha Aiyar .	8th July, 1942
G. Gangadhara Somayajulu .	20th August, 1920	Abdulla Khan Gori Sahib Bahadur .	23rd October, 1942
A. J. Curgenven .	1st November, 1920	M. Ramachandra Rao .	2nd February, 1943
S. Ranganatha Mudaliar .	16th March, 1923	C. Bhaskara Reddi .	20th September, 1943
A. J. Curgenven .	16th April, 1923	R. Rajagopala Aiyar .	15th November, 1943
P. C. Lobo .	18th June, 1923	K.C. Gopalan .	3rd January, 1944
Muhammad Fazuluddin Saheb Bahadur .	1st July, 1925	P.V. Parameswara Aiyar .	31st May, 1944
L. C. Horwill .	2nd November, 1925	C. Bhaktavatsalu Nayudu .	16th June, 1945
P. Narayana Rao Nayudu .	30th September, 1927	M. Ramachandra Rao .	19th April, 1946
L. C. Horwill .	1st November, 1927	C.D. Tholasiram Mudaliar .	8th December, 1947
E. G. Barter .	11th June, 1928	T.S. Viswanatha Aiyar .	3rd January, 1948
C. V. Krishnaswami Ayyar .	3rd January, 1929	V.N. Dikshitulu .	30th June, 1949
Mir Amiruddin Sahib .	1st January, 1930	K.N. Rajagopala Sastri .	28th June, 1950
T. Bhujanga Rao .	8th July, 1932	Syed Khadir Muhammad Nainar .	10th January, 1951
E. E. Mack .	4th December, 1932	C.R. Krishnaswami .	9th July, 1951
A. S. P. Aiyar .	7th August, 1933	D. Rangayya .	25th January, 1952
V. Venkata Subba Rao .	19th November, 1934	D.R. Venkatesa Iyer .	26th February, 1953
P. Kundu Panikkar .	22nd June, 1935	V. Pola Reddi .	9th March, 1955
P. V. Balakrishna Aiyar .	3rd January, 1936	K. Jagannatha Rao .	20th April, 1956
C. Sathyanarayana Chowdari .	1st February, 1937	M.A. Jabbar .	21st February, 1957
T. A. Subbaiah Pillai .	25th January, 1940	J.N. Waghray .	7th April, 1958
S. V. Acharya .	17th March, 1940	M.A. Jabbar .	17th June, 1959
Yahya Ali Sahib Bahadur .	15th July, 1940	M.R.A. Ansari .	13th July, 1960

Note : Anantapur was constituted into a separate Judicial district out of Kurnool and Bellary only in 1920 and hence particulars for the earlier period are not given

Source : (1) Anantapur District Gazetteer, Vol. II, 1930
(2) District and Sessions Judge, Anantapur

TABLE SERIES 6—PUBLIC HEALTH

TABLE 6.1—LIST OF MEDICAL AND PUBLIC HEALTH INSTITUTIONS

Name of Hospital/ Dispensary	Name of Town/ Village where located	No. of sanctioned beds	Name of Hospital/ Dispensary	Name of Town/ Village where located	No. of sanctioned beds
(1)	(2)	(3)	(1)	(2)	(3)
1 ANANTAPUR TALUK			7 DHARMAVARAM TALUK		
Government Headquarters Hospital	Anantapur	250	Government Hospital	Dharmavaram	19
Engineering College Dispensary	Anantapur	...	Local Fund Dispensary	Perur	...
Police Hospital	Anantapur	20	Primary Health Centre	Chennakothapalle	6
Chronic Diseases Hospital	Anantapur	60			
Primary Health Centre	Atmakur	6			
do	Tarimela	6			
M.P.R. Division Dispensary	M.P.R. Damsite	...			
Rural Dispensary	Bukkarayasamudram	...			
2 KALYANDRUG TALUK			8 KADIRI TALUK		
Government Hospital	Kalyandrug	8	Government Hospital	Kadiri	36
			Local Fund Dispensary	Tanakai	...
			do	Nallamada	...
			Primary Health Centre	Talupula	6
			do	Mudigubba	6
3 RAYADRUG TALUK			9 PENUKONDA TALUK		
Government Hospital	Rayadrug	30	Government Hospital	Penukonda	28
Local Fund Dispensary	Kanekal	...	Local Fund Dispensary	Bukkapatnam	...
do	Garudachedu	...	Primary Health Centre	Roddam	6
Primary Health Centre	Nagalapuram	6			
Rural Dispensary	Hiredahal	...			
4 URAVAKONDA IND. SUB. TALUK			10 HINDUPUR TALUK		
Government Hospital	Uravakonda	8	Government Hospital	Hindupur	50
Local Fund Dispensary	Vajrakarur	...	Leprosy Subsidiary Centre	Hindupur	...
Primary Health Centre	Konakondla	6	Local Fund Dispensary	Chilamathur	...
Rural Dispensary	Vidupanakal	...	do	Chowliur	...
			Primary Health Centre	Lepakshi	6
			do	Gorantla	6
5 GOOTY TALUK			11 MADAKASIRA TALUK		
Government Hospital	Gooty	36	Local Fund Dispensary	Amarapuram	...
Municipal Hospital	Guntakal	11	do	Morubagal	...
Local Fund Dispensary	Pamidi	...	Primary Health Centre	Madakasira	10
			do	Rolla	...
6 TADPATRI TALUK			Rural Dispensary	Agali	...
Government Hospital	Tadpatri	14			
Local Fund Dispensary	Yadiki	...			
Primary Health Centre	Thimmampalli	6			

Source: District Medical Officer, Anantapur

TABLE 7.1—NUMBER OF PRIMARY, SECONDARY, HIGHER SECONDARY AND OTHER NON-COLLEGIATE EDUCATIONAL INSTITUTIONS TOGETHER WITH THEIR STRENGTH AS ON 31-3-1961

Type of Educational Institution	Anantapur taluk				Kalyandrug taluk				Rayadrug taluk				Urayakonda I. S. T.				Gooty taluk				Tadpatri taluk			
	No.		Strength		(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)	(13)	(14)	(15)	(16)	(17)	(18)	(19)		
(1)																								
Higher Secondary Schools for boys	2	1,314	216	1	534	88	1	633	20	1	247	30	1	1,829	302	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Higher Secondary Schools for girls	1	47	642	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
High Schools for boys	6	1,884	118	3	490	32	3	439	60	3	598	76	5	1,078	67	5	2,076	265	...	...	...	...
High Schools for girls	1	...	275	...	...	...	1	26	206	...	...	...	1	...	245	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Basic Training Schools for boys	1	50	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Training Schools (Non-Basic) for women	1	...	148	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Special Training Schools for Adult women	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Middle Schools for boys	3	326	7	1	52	8	2	103	3	...	...	...	1	...	62	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Middle Schools for girls	1	...	131	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	4	426	123	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Basic Schools	8	389	254	11	595	213	...	...	...	...	...	...	2	196	68	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Primary Section attached to Training Schools	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Primary Schools	302	29,456	11,456	141	7,977	4,175	131	6,799	2,880	74	2,428	1,193	153	8,291	3,304	171	7,694	3,949	...	...	...	...
Nursery Schools	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Railway Primary Schools	1	44	46	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	2	102	145	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Adult Schools	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	3	59	...	...	...	...

TABLE 7.1—NUMBER OF PRIMARY, SECONDARY, HIGHER SECONDARY AND OTHER NON-COLLEGIATE EDUCATIONAL INSTITUTIONS TOGETHER WITH THEIR STRENGTH AS ON 31-3-1961—concl.

Type of Educational Institution	Dharmavaram taluk				Kadiri taluk				Penukonda taluk				Hindupur taluk				Madakasira taluk				Total Strength in the district			
	No.		Strength		No.		Strength		No.		Strength		No.		Strength		No.		Strength		No.		Strength	
(1)	(20)	(21)	(22)	(23)	(24)	(25)	(26)	(27)	(28)	(29)	(30)	(31)	(32)	(33)	(34)	(35)	(36)	(37)						
Higher Secondary Schools for boys	1	786	33	1	990	35	1	624	84	...	...	...	...	632	32	10	7,589	840						
Higher Secondary Schools for girls	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	47	642						
High Schools for boys	4	480	41	6	951	100	2	778	44	4	1,988	175	5	837	77	46	11,599	1,055						
High Schools for girls	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	36	359	...	...	...	5	62	1,290						
Basic Training Schools for boys	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	2	282	...						
Training Schools (Non-Basic) for women	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	148	...						
Special Training Schools for Adult women	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	62	...						
Middle Schools for boys	1	47	6	2	119	8	3	244	21	1	64	15	...	...	...	17	1,381	191						
Middle Schools for girls	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	5	621	...						
Basic Schools	8	814	518	1	37	20	9	548	71	19	1,191	1,063	2	55	32	61	4,052	2,251						
Primary Section attached to Training Schools	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	32	82						
Primary Schools	141	7,037	3,345	251	12,616	6,275	142	8,455	4,741	158	7,918	4,431	164	8,715	4,840	1,828	1,07,386	50,589						
Nursery Schools	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	44	46						
Railway Primary Schools	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	2	102	145						
Adult Schools	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	3	49	7	3	64	...	17	336	20						

Note: Higher Secondary Schools for Boys in the district (10) Anantapur taluk 2 - at Anantapur 2; Kalyandrug taluk 1 - at Kalyandrug 1; Rayadurg taluk 1 - at Rayadurg 1; Uravakonda Independent Sub-Taluk 1 - at Uravakonda 1; Gooty taluk 1 - at Gooty 1; Dharmavaram taluk 1 - at Dharmavaram 1; Kadiri taluk 1 - at Kadiri 1; Penukonda taluk 1 - at Penukonda 1; Madakasira taluk 1 - at Madakasira 1

2 Higher Secondary Schools for Girls in the district (1) Anantapur taluk 1 - at Anantapur 1

3 High Schools for Boys in the district (46) Anantapur taluk 6 - at Anantapur 2; Atmakur 1; Bukkarasamudram 1; Narpala 1; Tarimela 1; Kalyandrug taluk 3 - at Beluguppa 1; Gangavaram 1; Kumdurpi 1; Rayadurg taluk 3 - at Honnur 1; Kanekal 1; Hiredehel 1; Uravakonda Ind. Sub. taluk 3 - at Uravakonda 1; Vajrakur 1; Konakondia 1; Gooty taluk 5 - at Gooty 1; Guntakal 1; Pamidi 1; Peddavaduguru 1; Kotlepalle 1; Tadpatri taluk 5 - at Tadpatri 1; Puturu 1; Yediki 1; Yellauru 1; Timmanpalle 1; Dharmavaram taluk 4 - at Nyamaddala 1; Venkatadripalle 1; Perur 1; Kuntimaddi 1; Kadiri taluk 6 - at Talupula 1; Kondakamaria 1; Gandlapenta 1; Mudigubba 1; Patnam 1; Tanakal 1; Penukonda taluk 2 - at Bukkapatnam 1; Kothacheruvu 1; Hindupur taluk 4 - at Chalamathur 1; Gorantla 1; Lepakehi 1; Hindupur 1; Madakasira taluk 5 - at Gudibanda 1; Agali 1; Amarapuram 1; Hemavathi 1; Reinagiri 1

4 High Schools for Girls in the district (5) Anantapur taluk 1 - at Anantapur 1; Rayadurg taluk 1 - at Rayadurg 1; Gooty taluk 1 - at Kadiri 1; Hindupur taluk 1 - at Hindupur 1

5 Basic Training Schools for Boys in the district (2) Anantapur taluk 1 - at Anantapur 1; Hindupur taluk 1 - at Hindupur 1

6 Training Schools (Non-Basic) for Women in the district (1) Anantapur taluk 1 - at Anantapur 1

7 Special Training Schools for Adult Women in the district (1) Gooty taluk 1 - at Gooty 1

8 Middle Schools for Boys in the district (17) Anantapur taluk 3 - at Anantapur 1; Singanmalu 1; Kudair 1; Kalyandrug taluk 1 - at Bandameedepalle 1; Rayadurg taluk 2 - at Ippalle 1; Domanal 1; Gooty taluk 4 - at Guntakal 1; Yerrathimmarajcheruvu 1; Kistipadu 1; Eswarapalle 1; Dharmavaram taluk 1 - at Kanaganipalle 1; Kadiri taluk 2 - at N. Pulikunta 1; Nallamada 1; Penukonda taluk 3 - at Guntur 1; Roddam 1; Somandepalle 1; Hindupur taluk 1 - at Budili 1

9 Middle Schools for Girls in the district (5) Anantapur taluk 1 - at Anantapur 1; Gooty taluk 1 - at Gooty 1; Dharmavaram taluk 1 - at Dharmavaram 1; Penukonda taluk 1 - at Penukonda 1; Madakasira taluk 1 - at Madakasira 1

10 Basic Schools in the district (61) at Anantapur taluk 8; Kalyandrug taluk 11; Uravakonda Independent Sub-taluk 2; Tadpatri taluk 1; Dharmavaram taluk 8; Kadiri taluk 1; Penukonda taluk 9; Hindupur taluk 19; Madakasira taluk 2

11 Adult Schools in the district (17) at Tadpatri taluk 3, Dharmavaram taluk 7, Penukonda taluk 1, Hindupur taluk 3, Madakasira taluk 3

12 Primary Schools, The Village Directory gives the location of Primary Schools.

Source: Director of Public Instruction, Hyderabad; District Educational Officer, Anantapur; District Educational Officer, Adoni; Secretary, Zilla Parishad, Anantapur; Inspectress of Girls' Schools, Nellore

Name of Institution	Location	Date of origin	Management	University to which affiliated	Year	STRENGTH											
						P. U. C.			S. T.			DEGREE					
						Boys (7)	Girls (8)	S. C. (9)	S. T. (10)	Boys (11)	Girls (12)	S. C. (13)	S. T. (14)				
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)												
I ARTS COLLEGES																	
Government Arts College	Anantapur	1916	State Government	Sri Venkateswara University	1955-56	1,121	71	79	1	401	17	7	1				
					1956-57	1,193	76	98	2	437	19	7	1				
					1957-58	1,115	67	91	6	424	25	8	1				
					1958-59	394	27	37	2	552	47	17	1				
					1959-60	481	27	47	...	604	66	36	...				
					1960-61	454	38	47	...	579	66	35	1				
II TECHNICAL COLLEGES AND INSTITUTIONS																	
Engineering College	Anantapur	1946	State Government	Sri Venkateswara University	1951-52	...	...	...	...	328	...	17	...
					1952-53	...	...	...	...	316	...	27	2
					1953-54	...	...	...	...	312	...	29	2
					1954-55	...	...	...	...	313	...	25	...
					1955-56	...	...	...	...	331	...	25	...
					1956-57	...	...	...	...	318	...	17	2
					1957-58	...	...	...	...	364	...	18	1
					1958-59	...	...	...	...	535	...	26	3
					1959-60	...	...	...	...	551	...	28	4
					1960-61	...	...	...	...	548	...	22	1
Polytechnic	Anantapur	1955	State Government	Sri Venkateswara University	1955-56	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
					1956-57	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
					1957-58	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
					1958-59	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
					1959-60	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
					1960-61	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Industrial Training Institute	Anantapur		State Government	Sri Venkateswara University	1952-53	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
					1953-54	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
					1954-55	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
					1955-56	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
					1956-57	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
					1957-58	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
					1958-59	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
					1959-60	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
					1960-61	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
III OTHER INSTITUTIONS																	
Jamia Mohamadia Arabic College	Rayadurg	1943	Private	Sri Venkateswara University	1951-52	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
					1952-53	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
					1953-54	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
					1954-55	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
					1955-56	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
					1956-57	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
					1957-58	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
					1958-59	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
					1959-60	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
					1960-61	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...

TABLE 7.2—LIST OF COLLEGES AND TECHNICAL INSTITUTIONS TOGETHER WITH THEIR STRENGTH—*concd.*

Name of Institution	Year	STRENGTH— <i>concd.</i>											Budget of the College (in Rupees) (31)	Courses offered (32)	
		POST-GRADUATE			RESEARCH			DIPLOMA			TOTAL				
		Boys (15)	Girls (16)	S.C. (17)	S.T. (18)	Boys (19)	Girls (20)	S.C. (21)	S.T. (22)	Boys (23)	Girls (24)	S.C. (25)	S.T. (26)		
(1)	(6)	(15)	(16)	(17)	(18)	(19)	(20)	(21)	(22)	(23)	(24)	(25)	(26)	(30)	
Government Arts College	1955-56	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	2
	1956-57	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	3
	1957-58	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	7
	1958-59	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	3
	1959-60	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Engineering College	1955-56	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
	1956-57	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
	1957-58	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
	1958-59	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
	1959-60	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Polytechnic	1955-56	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
	1956-57	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
	1957-58	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
	1958-59	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
	1959-60	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Industrial Training Institute	1955-56	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
	1956-57	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
	1957-58	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
	1958-59	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
	1959-60	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Jamia Mohamadia Arabic College	1951-52	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
	1952-53	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
	1953-54	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
	1954-55	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
	1955-56	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Jamia Mohamadia Arabic College	1951-52	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
	1952-53	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
	1953-54	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
	1954-55	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
	1955-56	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...

Note: Information for the years 1951-52 to 1954-55 is not available in respect of Government Arts College, Anantapur
 N. A.: Not ascertainable S.C.: Scheduled Castes S.T.: Scheduled Tribes
 Source: Principal, Government Arts College, Anantapur
 Principal, Government Engineering College, Anantapur
 Principal, Government Polytechnic, Anantapur
 Principal, Industrial Training Institute, Anantapur
 Principal, Jamia Mohamadia Arabic College, Rayadrag

TABLE SERIES 8—PRINTING PRESSES

TABLE 8.1—NUMBER OF PRINTING PRESSES AT WORK AND NEWSPAPERS AND PERIODICALS PUBLISHED

Year	No. of Printing Presses at work	NEWSPAPERS PUBLISHED							
		Dailies		Weeklies		Monthlies		Others	
		Telugu (3)	English (4)	Telugu (5)	English (6)	Telugu (7)	English (8)	Telugu (9)	English (10)
(1)	(2)								
ANANTAPUR DISTRICT									
1951-52	21	...	...	1	...	1	...	...	...
1952-53	25	...	...	1	...	1	...	...	...
1953-54	30	...	...	2	...	1	...	...	...
1954-55	38	...	...	2	...	1	...	...	...
1955-56	45	...	...	2	...	1	...	...	...
1956-57	50	...	...	2	...	1	...	...	...
1957-58	53	...	...	2	...	1	...	...	...
1958-59	55	...	...	2	1	1	...	...	...
1959-60	59	...	...	2	1	1	...	...	...

Source : Collector, Anantapur

TABLE SERIES 9—COMMUNICATIONS

TABLE 9.1—MAJOR ROADS

Name of Road (1)	Nature of Road (Metalled etc.) (2)	Starting point in the district (3)	Ending point in the district (4)	Length in the district (5)	Names of taluks through which the Road passes and its length (6)	
ANANTAPUR DISTRICT						
National Highways						
		M. F. Ft.	M. F. Ft.	M. F. Ft.	From M. F. Ft. To M. F. Ft.	
Benares-Cape Comorin road .	Metalled	52-1-063	157-6-154	105-5-091	52-1-063 to 72-0-000 72-0-000 to 105-0-000 105-0-000 to 122-0-000 122-0-000 to 144-0-000 144-0-000 to 157-6-154	Gooty taluk Anantapur taluk Dharmavaram taluk Penukonda taluk Hindupur taluk
State Highways						
Madras-Bombay road .	do	182-7-000	308-0-120	122-0-622	182-8-000 to 234-0-000 234-0-000 to 251-0-000 251-0-000 to 258-6-000 261-6-158 to 286-0-000 (From 258-6-000 to 261-6-158 common with Benares-Cape Comorin road)	Kadiri taluk Dharmavaram taluk Anantapur taluk
Nellore-Bombay road .	do	155-3-000	219-6-000	64-3-000	286-0-000 to 308-0-120 155-3-000 to 170-3-000 170-3-000 to 219-6-000	Uravakonda I. S. T. Tadpatri taluk Gooty taluk & Uravakonda I. S. T.
Uravakonda-Guntakal road .	do	294-0-000	317-5-000	23-5-000	Gooty taluk and Uravakonda I. S. T.	
Anantapur-Tadpatri-Cuddapah road .	do	0-0-000	41-5-000	41-5-000	0-0-000 to 20-0-000 20-0-000 to 41-5-000	Anantapur taluk Tadpatri taluk
Anantapur-Kalyandrug road .	do	0-0-000	34-2-000	34-2-000	0-0-000 to 19-0-000 19-0-000 to 34-2-000	Anantapur taluk Kalyandrug taluk
Kudligi-Rayadrug road .	do	0-0-000	4-4-000	4-4-000	Rayadrug taluk (4-4-000 to 6-0-000 in Rayadrug Panchayat)	
Rayadrug-Kudair road .	do	6-0-000	18-3-000	12-3-000	Rayadrug taluk	
Muddanur-Kadiri road .	do	34-2-000	48-5-000	14-3-000	Kadiri taluk	
Rajampet-Kadiri road .	do	58-2-144	78-5-000	20-2-516	Kadiri taluk	
Kadiri-Palasamudram road .	do	0-0-000	36-5-000	36-5-000	0-0-000 to 21-0-000 21-0-000 to 36-5-000	Kadiri taluk Hindupur taluk
Palasamudram-Kotnur road .	do	0-0-000	14-0-000	14-0-000	0-0-000 to 8-4-000 8-4-000 to 12-4-000 12-4-000 to 14-0-000	Hindupur taluk Penukonda taluk Hindupur taluk
Kodikonda-Amarapuram road .	do	19-4-000 21-0-470	20-5-412 41-0-000	21-0-602	19-4-000 to 20-5-412 21-0-470 to 31-0-000 31-0-000 to 41-0-000 (20-5-412 to 21-0-470 in Hindupur Municipal limits)	Hindupur taluk Madakasira taluk Hindupur taluk
Bangalore-Somandepalle road .	do	63-0-000	65-0-000	2-0-000	Hindupur taluk	
Tumkur-Gundlapalle road .	do	44-4-000 94-3-100	48-0-000 105-7-000	15-0-000	44-4-000 to 48-0-000 94-3-000 to 105-7-000	Madakasira taluk Kalyandrug taluk
Major District Roads						
Cuddapah-Tadpatri-Rayalacheruvu road .	do	65-0-000 81-7-457	80-7-000 89-5-000	23-4-203	Tadpatri taluk (80-7-000 to 81-7-457 in Tadpatri Municipal limits)	
Tumkur-Gundlapalle road .	do	48-0-000 74-6-000	53-2-000 94-3-000	24-7-000	48-0-000 to 53-2-000 74-6-000 to 94-3-000 (53-2-000 to 74-6-000 in Mysore State)	Madakasira taluk Kalyandrug taluk
Kodikonda-Amarapuram road .	do	0-0-000 2-4-000	2-3-000 19-4-000	19-3-000	Hindupur taluk (2-3-000 to 2-4-000 covered by Benares-Cape Comorin road)	
Bangalore-Somandepalle road .	do	54-6-000 65-0-000	63-0-000 79-2-000	22-4-000	54-6-000 to 69-0-000 69-0-000 to 79-2-000 (63-0-000 to 65-0-000 in Hindupur Municipal limits)	Hindupur taluk Penukonda taluk Hindupur taluk

TABLE 9.1—MAJOR ROADS—*concl'd.*

Name of Road	Nature of Road (Metalled etc.)	Starting point in the district	Ending point in the district	Length in the district	Names of taluks through which the Road passes and its length	
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	
Major District Roads—concl'd.						
		M. F. Ft.	M. F. Ft.	M. F. Ft.	From M. F. Ft.	To M. F. Ft.
Bellary-Kalyandrug road	Metalled	10-0-000	32-2-000	22-2-000		
Rayadrug-Dharmavaram road	do	90-7-000	97-3-000	6-4-000		
Dharmavaram-Kodur	do	24-0-000	39-5-195	15-5-195	24-0-000 to 30-0-000	Rayadrug taluk
Penukonda-Mudigubba road	do	0-0-000	35-5-000	35-5-000	30-0-000 to 39-5-195	Dharmavaram taluk
Damajipalle-Nayanipalle road	do	0-3-000	18-0-000	17-5-000	0-0-000 to 34-0-000	Penukonda taluk
Approach road from 56/6 of Benares-Cape Comorin road to Gooty Railway Station	do	0-0-000	1-5-336	1-5-336	34-0-000 to 35-5-000	Kadiri taluk
Guntakal-Kesapuram road	do	0-0-000	5-2-000	5-2-000		Dharmavaram taluk
Bellary-Rayadrug road	do	8-0-000	31-4-000	23-4-000		Gooty taluk
						Rayadrug taluk
Other District Roads						
Kalluru-Tarimela road	do	0-0-000	7-3-000	7-3-000		Anantapur taluk
Rayadrug-Kudair road	do	18-3-000	44-1-000	25-6-000		Kalyandrug and Anantapur taluks
Kalyandrug-Malyam road	do	0-0-000	22-0-000	22-0-000		Kalyandrug taluk
Kalyandrug-Kumdurpi road	do	0-0-000	21-0-000	21-0-000		Kalyandrug taluk
Kambadur-Perur road	do	0-0-000	9-0-000	9-0-000		Kalyandrug and Dharmavaram taluks
Rayadrug-Kanekal road	do	0-0-000	18-0-000	18-0-000		Rayadrug taluk
Kanekal-Malyam road	do	0-0-000	0-5-000	0-5-000		Rayadrug taluk
Malyam-Sollapuram road	do	0-0-000	4-2-000	4-2-000		Rayadrug taluk
Rayadrug-Dharmavaram road	do	32-4-000	97-4-000	65-0-000		Kalyandrug and Dharmavaram taluks
Rayadrug-Eradikera road	do	0-0-000	8-6-000	8-6-000		Rayadrug and Kalyandrug taluks
Vidupanakal-Gadekal road	do	0-0-000	5-4-000	5-4-000		Urvakonda I. S. T.
Urvakonda-Havaligi road	do	0-0-000	12-4-000	12-4-000		Urvakonda I, S. T.
Pamidi-Vajrakarur road	do	0-0-000	18-0-000	18-0-000		Urvakonda and Gooty taluks
Gooty-Peddavaduguru road	do	0-0-000	10-0-000	10-0-000		Gooty taluk
Gooty-Nagasamudram road	do	0-0-000	15-0-000	15-0-000		Gooty taluk
Perur-Nagasamudram road	do	0-0-000	24-7-000	24-7-000		Dharmavaram taluk
Malyavantham-Pedakotla road	do	0-0-000	12-4-000	12-4-000		Dharmavaram taluk
Mulakavemula-Nallamada road	do	0-0-000	10-0-000	10-0-000		Kadiri taluk
Palasamudram-Nambulipulikunta road	do	0-0-000	21-0-000	21-0-000		Kadiri taluk
Talupula branch road	do	0-0-000	4-4-000	4-4-000		Kadiri taluk
Penukonda-Madakasira road	do	0-0-000 19-6-000	17-4-000 25-2-000	23-0-000	0-0-000 to 17-4-000 19-6-000 to 25-2-000 (17-4-000 to 19-6-000)	Penukonda taluk Madakasira taluk in Mysore State)
Penukkonda-Pavagada road	do	2-2-000	15-3-000	13-1-000		Penukonda taluk
Bukkapatnam-Vengalamma cheruvu road	do	0-0-000	6-4-000	6-4-000		Penukonda taluk
Madakasira-Madhudi road	do	3-2-000 9-3-000	8-1-000 20-4-000	16-0-000	(8-1-000 to 9-3-000)	Madakasira taluk in Mysore State)
Kodikonda-Amarapuram road	do	41-0-000 61-7-000	59-6-000 67-4-000	24-3-000	(59-6-000 to 61-7-000)	Madakasira taluk in Mysore State)

Source : Divisional Engineer, Highways Department, Anantapur

TABLE 9.2—VILLAGE ROADS

Name of Village Road (1)	From (2)	To (3)	Length (4)	Nature of Road (5)
1 ANANTAPUR TALUK				
Tarimela-Salakamcheruvu road	Tarimela	Salakamcheruvu	8 0 0	Metalled
Narpala-Bukkarayasamudram road	Narpala	Bukkarayasamudram	12 0 0	do
Garladinne-Singanamala road	Garladinne	Singanamala	8 4 0	do
Nayanipalle-Bandlapalle road	Nayanipalle	Bandlapalle	10 0 0	do
Bandameedapalle-Marur road	Bandameedapalle	Marur	6 0 0	do
Kadadarakunta-Padamati Yaleru road	Kadadarakunta	Padamati Yaleru	10 0 0	Unmetalled
Kudair-Penakacherla road	Kudair	Penakacherla	8 0 0	do
Garladinne-Penakacherla road	Garladinne	Penakacherla	8 0 0	Metalled
Palacherla-Bandameedapalle road	Palacherla	Bandameedapalle	6 0 0	Unmetalled
Jallipalle-Penakacherla road	Jallipalle	Penakacherla	6 0 0	do
Raminepalle-Gondireddipalle road	Raminepalle	Gondireddipalle	3 0 0	do
Atmakur-Muttala road	Atmakur	Muttala	4 0 0	do
Koppalakonda-Muntimadugu road	Koppalakonda	Muntimadugu	4 0 0	do
Anantapur-Thopudurthi road	Anantapur	Thopudurthi	12 0 0	do
Kudair-Marthadu road	Kudair	Marthadu	8 0 0	do
2 KALYANDRUG TALUK				
Kalyandrug-Settur road	Kalyandrug	Settur	11 0 0	Unmetalled
Kalyandrug-Chapiri road	Kalyandrug	Chapiri	11 0 0	Metalled
3 RAYADRUG TALUK				
Gollapalle approach road	Kudligi-Anantapur road	Gollapalle	4 0 0	Unmetalled
Sridharaghatta-Singanahalli road	Sridharaghatta	Singanahalli	2 2 0	Metalled
Bondanakal-Dodaghatta road	Bondanakal	Dodaghatta	4 4 0	Unmetalled
Veerapuram-Gramadatla road	Veerapuram	Gramadatla	2 2 0	do
Uddihal-Pulakurthi road	Uddihal	Pulakurthi	7 0 0	do
Hanakanahal-Beluguppa road	Hanakanahal	Beluguppa	2 6 0	Metalled
Hanakanahal-Hanumapuram road	Hanakanahal	Hanumapuram	8 1 0	Partly metalled
4 URAVAKONDA INDEPENDENT SUB-TALUK				
Vidupanakal-Kothakota road	Vidupanakal	Kothakota	2 1 0	Metalled
Pedda Chinna Pyapili-Kothakota road	Pedda Chinna Pyapili	Kothakota	2 1 0	do
Kothalapalle approach road	Kothalapalle	Madras-Bombay road	1 1 0	do
Donekal approach road	Donekal	Madras-Bombay road	0 2 0	do
Hanchanahal approach road	Hanchanahal	Madras-Bombay road	0 4 0	do
Chabala-Dharmapuri road	Chabala	Dharmapuri	2 0 0	Unmetalled
Uravakonda-Malapuram road	Uravakonda	Malapuram	9 0 0	do
Uravakonda-Pennahobilam road	Uravakonda	Pennahobilam	9 0 0	do
Ganjikunta approach road	Ganjikunta	Guntakal-Uravakonda road	1 0 0	do
Ragulapadu-Pandikunta road	Ragulapadu	Pandikunta	2 4 0	do
Havaligi-Vidupanakal road	Havaligi	Vidupankal	6 0 0	Metalled
Via. Karakamukkala				
Gulapalyam Railway Feeder road	Gulapalyam Railway Station	Guntakal-Uravakonda road	2 1 0	do
Hanchanahal-Uravakonda road	Hanchanahal	Uravakonda	12 1 0	do
Konakondla-Uravakonda road	Konakondla	Uravakonda	12 4 0	Unmetalled
Chinnamustur-Amidala road	Chinnamustur	Amidala	4 0 0	Metalled
5 GOOTY TALUK				
Gooty-Obulapuram famine road	Gooty	Obulapuram	6 0 0	Unmetalled
Guntakal-Nelagonda famine road	Guntakal	Nelagonda	6 0 0	do
Miduthuru-Peddavaduguru famine road	Miduthuru	Peddavaduguru	3 6 0	do
Peddavaduguru-Teliki famine road	Peddavaduguru	Teliki	5 0 0	Metalled
Gooty-Vajrakarur road	Gooty	Vajrakarur	18 0 0	do
Gooty-Pattikonda road	Gooty	Pattikonda	5 4 0	do
6 TADPATRI TALUK				
Tadpatri-Putluru road	Tadpatri	Putluru	7 0 0	Metalled
Tadpatri-Yellanuru road	Tadpatri	Yellanuru	16 0 0	do
Tadpatri-Peddapappuru road	Tadpatri	Peddapappuru	10 0 0	do
7 DHARMAVARAM TALUK				
Dharmavaram-Kothacheruvu road	Dharmavaram	Kothacheruvu	18 0 0	Metalled
Dharmavaram-Mamillapalle road	Dharmavaram	Mamillapalle	7 0 0	do
Mamillapalle-Bhanukota road	Mamillapalle	Bhanukota	15 0 0	do
Dharmavaram-Pinnadari road	Dharmavaram	Pinnadari	18 0 0	do
Battulapalle-Cherlopalle road	Battulapalle	Cherlopalle	10 0 0	do

TABLE 9.2—VILLAGE ROADS—contd.

Name of Village Road (1)	From (2)	To (3)	Length (4)	Nature of Road (5)
8 KADIRI TALUK				
Mudigubba-Dorigal road	Mudigubba	Dorigal	6 0 0	Metalled
Mulakavemula-Batrepalle road	Mulakavemula	Batrepalle	10 0 0	Unmetalled
Mulakavemula-Obuladevaracheruvu	Mulakavemula	Obuladevaracheruvu	22 0 0	Metalled
Korthikota-Tallakalva road	Korthikota	Tallakalva	12 0 0	Partly metalled
Tallakalva-Nambulipulikunta road	Tallakalva	Nambulipulikunta	16 0 0	Metalled
Cheekatimanipalle-Malaveedipalle road	Cheekatimanipalle	Malaveedipalle	10 0 0	Partly metalled
Thummala-Chinaganipalle road	Thummala	Chinaganipalle	8 0 0	Unmetalled
Nallamada-Pulagampalle road	Nallamada	Pulagampalle	10 0 0	Partly metalled
Talupula-Velichalamala road	Talupula	Velichalamala	11 0 0	Unmetalled
Mallepalle-Mulakavemula road	Mallepalle	Mulakavemula	9 0 0	Unmetalled
Mohammadabad-Amadaguru road	Mohammadabad	Amadaguru	6 0 0	Unmetalled
Talupula-Kadiri road	Talupula	Kadiri	6 0 0	Unmetalled
Kalasamudram Railway Station-Vankarakunta road	Kalasamudram Railway Station	Vankarakunta	7 0 0	Unmetalled
Kadiri-Thummala road	Kadiri	Thummala	15 0 0	Unmetalled
Thummala-Nallaguttapalle road	Thummala	Nallaguttapalle	10 0 0	Unmetalled
9 PENUKONDA TALUK				
Penukonda-Kethaganicheruvu road	Penukonda	Kethaganicheruvu	13 0 0	Metalled
Penukonda-Pamudurthi road	Penukonda	Pamudurthi	31 0 0	Metalled
Penukonda-Cherukur road	Penukonda	Cherukur	14 0 0	Metalled
Penukonda-Dodaghatta road	Penukonda	Dodaghatta	18 0 0	Metalled
Penukonda-Gutlur road	Penukonda	Gutlur	8 0 0	Metalled
Kothacheruvu-Dharmavaram road	Kothacheruvu	Dharmavaram	22 0 0	Metalled
Vengalammacheruvu-Nallamada road	Vengalammacheruvu	Nallamada	12 0 0	Metalled
Pedapalle-Amagondapalem road	Pedapalle	Amagondapalem	10 0 0	Metalled
Kothacheruvu-Gorantla road	Kothacheruvu	Gorantla	15 0 0	Metalled
Nakkalaguttapalle-Krishnapuram road	Nakkalaguttapalle	Krishnapuram	6 0 0	Unmetalled
Pilligundla-Kappalabanda road	Pilligundla	Kappalabanda	4 0 0	Unmetalled
Kondampalle-Pedapalle road	Kondampalle	Pedapalle	13 0 0	Unmetalled
Peddipalle-Gorantla road	Peddipalle	Gorantla	6 0 0	Metalled
Peddamanthur-Nallur road	Peddamanthur	Nallur	3 0 0	Unmetalled
Cherukur-Roddam road	Cherukur	Roddam	7 0 0	Metalled
Turakalapattam-Kogira road	Turakalapattam	Kogira	3 0 0	Unmetalled
Roddam-Munarayapalle road	Roddam	Munarayapalle	10 0 0	Unmetalled
Roddam-Mulakalacheruvu road	Roddam	Mulakalacheruvu	5 0 0	Unmetalled
Mekalapalle-Brahmasamudram road	Mekalapalle	Brahmasamudram	2 0 0	Unmetalled
Peddamanthur-Kalipi road	Peddamanthur	Kalipi	3 0 0	Unmetalled
Manutlakunta-Puttaparthi road	Manutlakunta	Puttaparthi	4 0 0	Unmetalled
Marakuntapalle-Talamaria road	Marakuntapalle	Talamaria	3 0 0	Metalled
Kondakamaria-Pamudurthi road	Kondakamaria	Pamudurthi	10 0 0	Unmetalled
Gonipeta-Penukonda road	Gonipeta	Penukonda	5 0 0	Unmetalled
Penukonda-Konapuram road	Penukonda	Konapuram	2 0 0	Unmetalled
Kondapuram-Penukonda road	Kondapuram	Penukonda	2 0 0	Unmetalled
Gutlur-Bukkapatnam road	Gutlur	Bukkapatnam	12 0 0	Unmetalled
Velidadakala-Palasamudram road	Velidadakala	Palasamudram	5 0 0	Metalled
Chalakur-Velidadakala road	Chalakur	Velidadakala	7 0 0	Unmetalled
Mavathur-Mandli road	Mavathur	Mandli	4 0 0	Unmetalled
Chakalapalle-Challapalle road	Chakalapalle	Challapalle	3 0 0	Unmetalled
10 HINDUPUR TALUK				
Gorantla-Mandalapalle road	Gorantla	Mandalapalle	6 0 0	Metalled
Gorantla-Kadiri road	Gorantla	Gownivaripalle	8 0 0	Metalled
Gorantla-Kodikonda road (via Somaghatta)	Gorantla	Kodikonda	13 0 0	Unmetalled
Gangampalle-Kadiri road	Gangampalle	Kadiri	6 0 0	Unmetalled
Tekulodu approach road	Tekulodu	Kurnool-Anantapur road	4 0 0	Unmetalled
Kanchisamudram-Nagarigiri road	Kanchisamudram	Nagarigiri	6 0 0	Unmetalled
Parigi-Pydeti road	Parigi	Pydeti	4 0 0	Unmetalled
Honnampalle-Pavagada road	Honnampalle	Mysore State Border	6 0 0	Unmetalled
Kotnur-Kallur road	Kotnur	Kallur	2 4 0	Partly metalled
Melapuram-Singireddipalle road	Melapuram	Singireddipalle	2 0 0	Unmetalled
Nayanipalle approach road	Nayanipalle	Kurnool-Anantapur road	2 0 0	Unmetalled
Nayanipalle-Kallur road	Nayanipalle	Kallur	1 4 0	Unmetalled
Venkatapuram approach road	Sreekanthapuram	Lepakshi Ring road	0 6 0	Unmetalled
Peddireddipalle approach road	Madigiri	Peddireddipalle	1 0 0	Metalled
Kalvapalle approach road	Kalvapalle	Kurnool-Anantapur road	1 0 0	Unmetalled
Moda approach road	Moda	Madigiri	1 0 0	Metalled

TABLE 9.2—VILLAGE ROADS—concl'd.

Name of Village Road (1)	From (2)	To (3)	Length (4)	Nature of Road (5)
10 HINDUPUR TALUK—concl'd.				
Chowlur approach road	Chowlur	Bangalore-Somandepalle road	1 4 0	Unmetalled
Gollapalle approach road	Gollapalle	Bangalore-Somandepalle road	0 4 0	Unmetalled
Kirikera approach road	Kirikera	Bangalore-Somandepalle road	0 6 0	Unmetalled
Kotipi Feeder road	Kotipi	-do-	2 0 0	Unmetalled
Cherlopalle approach road	K. P. Road	Cherlopalle	1 0 0	Metalled
Galibipalle approach road	Galibipalle	Kurnool-Anantapur road	1 0 0	Metalled
Mittameedipalle approach road	Mittameedipalle	Bangalore-Somandepalle road	0 4 0	Metalled
Santhebidanur approach road	Santhebidanur	-do-	1 0 0	Unmetalled
11 MADAKASIRA TALUK				
Rolla-Agali road	Rolla	Agali	5 0 0	Metalled
Hottebetta-Madhubi road	Hottebetta	Madhubi	6 0 0	do
Rolla-Bhagavanthunigudi road	Rolla	Mysore State Border	7 5 0	Unmetalled
Amarapuram-Sira road	Amarapuram	Sira	3 2 0	Metalled
Hemavathi-Nidraghatta road	Hemavathi	Nidraghatta	3 0 0	Unmetalled
Hemavathi-Sira road	Hemavathi	Mysore State Border	2 0 0	Metalled
Gunimorubagal road	Gunimorubagal	Mysore State Border	5 0 0	Unmetalled
Rolla-Mandalahalli road	Rolla	Mandalahalli	6 0 0	do
Mandalahalli-Gudibanda road	Mandalahalli	Gudibanda	2 0 0	Metalled
Rallahalli-Govindapuram road	Rallahalli	Govindapuram	7 0 0	Unmetalled
Madakasirra-Yerrabommanahalli road	Madakasira	Yerrabommanahalli	6 0 0	Metalled
Madakasira-Haresamudram road	Madakasira	Haresamudram	3 0 0	do
Roddam road	Madakasira	Roddam upto Mysore State Border	5 2 0	Unmetalled
Chandakacherla-Roddam road	Chandakacherla	Roddam	2 4 0	Metalled
Rallahalli-Gudibanda road	Rallahalli	Gudibanda	6 4 0	Unmetalled
Karikera-Gudibanda road	Karikera	Gudibanda	4 0 0	do
Yerrabommanahalli-Buddayapalyam road	Yerrabommanahalli	Buddayapalyam	0 6 0	do
Yerrabommanahalli-Jilladakunta road	Yerrabommanahalli	Jilladakunta	2 2 0	Metalled
Konappapalyam-Kodihalli road	Konappapalyam	Kodihalli	0 5 0	do
Thadakalapalle-Sunkireddipalle road	Thadakalapalle	Sunkireddipalle	5 0 0	Unmetalled
Manur-Kethapalle road	Manur	Kethapalle	6 0 0	do
Melavoy approach road	Melavoy	Kurnool-Anantapur road	0 7 0	do
Sivaram approach road	Basavanahalli	Hemavathi	1 4 0	do

Source: From Taluk Tahsildars

TABLE—9.3—ROADS MAINTAINED BY THE MUNICIPALITIES

Year (1)	Total length of Road maintained (2)	Cement concrete Road (3)	Black top Road (4)	Metalled Road (5)	Unmetalled Road (6)	Other Roads (7)
	M. F. Ft.	M. F. Ft.	M. F. Ft.	M. F. Ft.	M. F. Ft.	M. F. Ft.
ANANTAPUR MUNICIPALITY						
1951-52	25 3 561	0 5 63	2 6 486	13 7 282	8 0 390	...
1952-53	25 3 561	0 5 63	2 6 486	13 7 282	8 0 390	...
1953-54	25 7 390	1 0 552	3 5 306	13 4 150	7 5 42	...
1954-55	29 1 621	1 1 132	3 7 117	14 1 240	10 0 132	...
1955-56	31 2 354	1 1 396	4 0 117	15 2 240	10 6 261	...
1956-57	31 2 354	1 1 396	4 0 117	15 3 105	10 5 396	...
1957-58	31 4 135	1 1 573	4 0 117	15 7 15	10 3 90	...
1958-59	31 5 135	1 5 33	4 0 117	15 7 15	10 0 630	...
1959-60	31 5 153	1 5 261	4 0 117	16 1 33	9 6 402	...
GUNTAKAL MUNICIPALITY						
1957-58	18 0 30	3 7 555	0 7 624	6 0 232	6 7 599	...
1958-59	18 4 30	4 0 293	0 7 624	6 0 634	7 2 459	...
1959-60	18 4 480	4 0 466	0 7 624	6 3 402	7 0 308	...
1960-61	18 5 577	4 0 466	2 2 624	5 1 499	7 0 308	...
TADPATRI MUNICIPALITY						
1951-52	15 3 354	...	...	6 6 210	8 5 144	...
1952-53	15 3 354	...	0 5 100	6 1 110	8 5 144	...
1953-54	15 3 354	...	0 5 100	6 1 110	8 5 144	...
1954-55	15 7 296	...	0 5 100	6 3 260	8 6 596	...
1955-56	16 0 74	...	0 5 100	6 3 260	8 7 374	...
1956-57	15 7 296	0 0 637	0 7 150	6 2 150	8 5 19	...
1957-58	15 7 296	0 0 637	0 7 150	6 2 150	8 5 19	...
1958-59	15 7 296	0 0 637	0 7 150	6 2 150	8 5 19	...
1959-60	15 7 296	0 1 589	1 5 10	5 5 341	8 3 16	...
1960-61	15 7 396	0 1 589	2 1 560	5 0 551	8 3 16	...
HINDUPUR MUNICIPALITY						
1954-55	8 2 459	0 3 424	0 7 71	4 7 224	2 0 400	...
1955-56	8 3 173	0 6 224	0 7 71	4 6 489	1 7 49	...
1956-57	8 3 283	1 1 450	0 7 71	4 6 370	1 4 52	...
1957-58	9 0 618	1 4 44	1 0 98	5 1 518	1 2 618	...
1958-59	9 0 618	1 4 44	1 0 98	5 1 518	1 2 618	...
1959-60	9 3 407	2 2 211	0 7 298	5 1 50	1 0 508	...
1960-61	9 3 464	2 7 292	0 4 555	4 6 429	1 0 508	...

Note: 1 Particulars for the period 1951-52 to 1956-57 are not ascertainable in respect of Guntaka Municipality

2 Particulars for the period 1951-52 to 1953-54 are not ascertainable in respect of Hindupur Municipality

Source: Municipal Commissioners of Anantapur, Guntakal, Tadpatri and Hindupur

TABLE 9.4—LIST OF TRAVELLERS BUNGALOWS

Name and Location (1)	Nearest Railway Station, if any, and distance from it (2)	Maintained by (3)	Accommodation (4)	Electricity (5)	Furniture (6)	Reserving authority (7)	Rent charged per day (8)
i. Anantapur Town							
(a) P.W.D. Travellers Bungalow	Anantapur 1 mile	P. W. D.	Two suites	Electrified	Furnished	Collector, Anantapur	Rs. nP. 1 25 Single 1 87 Family
(b) Municipal Travellers Bungalow	Anantapur 1 1/2 miles	Municipality	Two side wings and a central hall	do	do	Municipal Commissioner, Anantapur	1 50 Central wing 0 75 Side wing
ii. Kudair (Rest House)	Anantapur 13 miles	Forest Department	One suite	Not electrified	do	Collector, Anantapur	0 50 Single 0 75 Family
iii. Kalyandrug Town							
Kalyandrug Town (Travellers Bungalow)	Rayadrug 22 miles	P. W. D.	Two suites	Electrified	do	Collector, Anantapur	1 00 Single 1 50 Family
i. Rayadrug Town							
(Travellers Bungalow)	Rayadrug 1 mile	P. W. D.	Two wings	do	do	Collector, Anantapur	1 00 Single 1 50 Family
ii. Bhyranthippa (Project Inspection Bungalow)	Rayadrug 14 miles	P. W. D.	Two wings	do	do	Executive Engineer, P. W. D.	1 25 Single 0 50 Family (limited to 5 members)
4 URAVAKONDA INDEPENDENT SUB-TALUK							
Uravakonda Town (Travellers Bungalow)	Guntakal 22 miles	Highways Department	Two suites	do	do	Collector, Anantapur	1 25 Single 1 50 Family
5 GOOTY TALUK							
i. Gooty Town (Travellers Bungalow)	Gooty 2 miles	P. W. D.	Two suites	do	do	Collector, Anantapur	1 50 Single or Family
ii. Pamidi (Rest House)	Pamidi 2 miles	Forest Department	One suite	do	do	do	0 50 Single 0 75 Family
iii. Guntakal Town (Travellers Bungalow)	Guntakal 1 mile	Highways Department	Three suites	do	do	do	1 50 Single 2 00 Family 0 13 Scavenging fee extra
6 TADPATRI TALUK							
i. Tadpatri Town (a) Travellers Bungalow	Tadpatri 1 1/2 miles	P. W. D.	Two wings	do	do	Collector, Anantapur	1 00 Single 1 50 Family
(b) Municipal Rest House	Tadpatri 2 miles	Municipality	Eight Rooms	do	do	Municipal Commissioner, Tadpatri	0 50 Single or Family
ii. Rayalcheruvu (Travellers Bungalow)	Rayalcheruvu 3 furlongs	P. W. D.	Two suites	Not electrified	do	Collector, Anantapur	0 50 Single 0 75 Family
iii. Muchukota (Rest House)	Tadpatri 10 miles	Forest Department	One suite	do	do	do	0 50 Single 0 75 Family
7 DHARMAVARAM TALUK							
i. Dharmavaram (Travellers Bungalow)	Dharmavaram 1 1/2 miles	P. W. D.	Two wings	Electrified	Furnished	Collector, Anantapur	1 00 Single 1 50 Family
ii. Togarakunta (Travellers Bungalow)	Dharmavaram 20 miles	P. W. D.	One wing	Not electrified	do	do	0 75 Single 1 00 Family
iii. Perur (Travellers Bungalow)	Nagasamudram 24 miles	P. W. D.	Four single rooms	do	do	do	0 75 Single 1 00 Family

TABLE 9.4—LIST OF TRAVELLERS BUNGALOWS—*concd.*

Name and Location (1)	Nearest Railway Station, if any, and distance from it (2)	Maintained by (3)	Accommodation (4)	Electricity (5)	Furniture (6)	Reserving authority (7)	Rent charged per day (8)
8 KADIRI TALUK							
i. Kadiri (Travellers Bungalow)	Kadiri 2 furlongs	P. W. D.	Three wings	Electrified	Furnished	Collector, Anantapur	1 50 Single 1 80 Family
ii. Kurli (Rest House)	Kurli 8 miles	Forest Department	One suite	Not electrified	do	do	0 50 Single 0 75 Family
iii. Tanakal (Travellers Bungalow)	Tanakal	P. W. D.	Three wings	do	do	do	0 50 Single 0 75 Family
iv. Kalasamudram (Rest House)	Kalasamudram One mile	Forest Department	One suite	do	do	do	0 50 Single 0 75 Family
v. Chennarayanaswamykudi Project (Travellers Bungalow)	Tanakal 8 miles	P. W. D.	One wing	Electrified	do	do	0 50 Single 1 00 Family
vi. Mudigubba (Travellers Bungalow)	Mudigubba	P. W. D.	Two wings	Not electrified	do	do	0 50 Single 0 75 Family
9 PENUKONDA TALUK							
i. Penukonda Town (Travellers Bungalow)	Penukonda 1 mile	P. W. D.	Three suites	Electrified	do	do	0 75 Single 1 00 Family
ii. Bukkapatnam (Rest House)	Guturu 10 miles	Forest Department	One suite	Not electrified	do	do	0 50 Single 0 75 Family
iii. Siddarampuram (Rest House)	Mudigubba 9 miles	Forest Department	One suite	do	do	do	0 50 Single 0 75 Family
iv. Anagondapalem (Rest House)	Gutur 20 miles	Forest Department	One suite	do	do	do	0 50 Single 0 75 Family
10 HINDUPUR TALUK							
i. Hindupur (Travellers Bungalow)	Hindupur 1 miles	P. W. D.	Three wings	Electrified	do	do	0 50 Single 0 75 Family
ii. Demakethapalle (Travellers Bungalow)	Hindupur 11 miles	P. W. D.	Two rooms	Not electrified	do	do	0 50 Single 0 75 Family
iii. Palasamudram (Travellers Bungalow)	Chakariapalle 19 miles	P. W. D.	Three rooms	do	do	do	0 50 Single 0 75 Family
iv. Vunavolu (Rest House)	Hindupur 24 miles	Forest Department	One suite	do	do	do	0 50 Single 0 75 Family
11 MADAKASIRA TALUK							
i. Madakasira (Travellers Bungalow)	Hindupur 22 miles	P. W. D.	Two wings	do	do	do	do
ii. Amarapuram (Travellers Bungalow)	Hindupur 46 miles	P. W. D.	Two wings	do	do	do	do
iii. Rolla (Travellers Bungalow)	Hindupur 37 miles	P. W. D.	One wing	do	do	do	do

Note : Officials can get the Bungalows reserved in advance. Non-officials are permitted to occupy subject to availability of accommodation
Source : Collector, Anantapur

TABLE 9.5—TALUKWISE LIST OF RAILWAY STATIONS

Name of Taluk (1)	Name of Railway Station (2)	Distance	
		In miles (3)	In Kilometres (4)
ANANTAPUR DISTRICT			
Madras-Bombay Line (Broad Gauge) (From Madras Central Station)			
Tadpatri Taluk	Vanganur	220	354
	Tadpatri	228	364
	Juturu	235 1/2	380
	Rayalcheruvu	243	392
Gooty Taluk	Jakkalacheruvu	250	403
	Gooty	257 1/2	415
	Pathakothacheruvu	264 1/2	427
	Timmanacherla	273 1/2	441
	Guntakal (J)	275 1/2	444
Secunderabad-Bangalore Line (Metre Gauge) (From Guntakal Station)			
Gooty Taluk	Guntakal	0	0
	Gulapalyam	7	12
	Venkatampalle	14	23 1/2
	Khadarpeta	20 1/2	33
	Pamidi	23 1/2	38
Anantapur Taluk	Kallur	25 1/2	41
	Garladinne	32	52
	Anantapur	42 1/2	68
	Zangalapalle	50 1/2	81
Dharmavaram Taluk	Chigicherla	55 1/2	92 1/2
	Dharmavaram	63	102
	Nagasamudram	72 1/2	117
	Yerrampalle	76	123
Penukonda Taluk	Makkajipalle	81 1/2	132
	Penukonda	89	144
	Chakarlapalle	97 1/2	158
Hindupur Taluk	Malugur	105 1/2	171
	Hindupur	112 1/2	181
Dharmavaram-Pakala Line (Metre Gauge) (From Dharmavaram)			
Dharmavaram Taluk	Dharmavaram	0	0
	Chinnakuntapalle	9	15
	Muktapuram	17 1/4	28
Kadiri Taluk	Mudigubba	21 1/2	35
	Malakavemula	28 1/2	46
	Kalasamudram	33 1/2	54
	Kadiri	41 1/2	68
	Nallacheruvu	48 1/4	78
	Tanakallu	55 1/2	90
Rayadrug-Bellary Line (Metre Gauge) (From Rayadrug)			
Rayadrug Taluk	Rayadrug	0	0
	Badanahalu	9	14
	Somalapuram	14 1/4	23
	Pulakurthi	17 1/2	29
	Obulapuram	24	38

Source: Southern Railway Time Table

TABLE 9.6--TALUKWISE DISTRIBUTION OF POST AND TELEGRAPH OFFICES

(As on 1-3-1961)

Name of District/Taluk (1)	No. of Head post offices (2)	No. of Branch post offices (3)	No. of Sub-post offices (4)	No. of E. D. Branch post offices (5)	No. of Telegraph offices (6)	No. of Public call offices (7)
ANANTAPUR DISTRICT	1	...	65	630	28	24
Anantapur taluk	1	...	13	96	5	5
Kalyandrug taluk	6	63	1	1
Rayadrug taluk	4	54	3	2
Gooty taluk	10	83	7	7
Tadpatri taluk	7	46	3	4
Dharmavaram taluk	4	49	1	1
Kadiri taluk	6	79	3	1
Penukonda taluk	3	42	1	1
Hindupur taluk	8	69	3	1
Madakasira taluk	4	49	1	1

Note : The figures in respect of Uravakonda Independent Sub-Taluk are not separately available
Source : The Superintendent of Post Offices, Anantapur Division

TABLE 9.7--NUMBER OF POST AND TELEGRAPH OFFICES

Year (1)	Number of Post Offices			Number of Telegraph Offices		
	Total (2)	Urban (3)	Rural (4)	Total (5)	Urban (6)	Rural (7)
1951-52 . .	261	12	249	11	2	9
1952-53 . .	277	16	261	12	3	9
1953-54 . .	307	18	289	12	3	9
1954-55 . .	350	21	329	14	3	11
1955-56 . .	369	23	346	15	3	12
1956-57 . .	397	23	374	17	3	14
1957-58 . .	415	23	392	22	5	17
1958-59 . .	440	23	417	25	6	19
1959-60 . .	478	25	453	26	7	19

Source : The Post Master General, Andhra Pradesh, Hyderabad

TABLE 9.8—NUMBER OF POST CARDS, LETTERS, NEWSPAPERS, PARCELS AND PACKETS HANDLED IN ANANTAPUR POSTAL DIVISION

Year	Post cards	Letters	Newspapers	Parcels		Books and Packets	Insured letters
				Registered	Unregistered		
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)
1951-52	53,49,218	23,61,517	1,84,673	22,726	36,420	82,974	5,106
1952-53	54,62,449	24,02,974	1,94,962	26,785	40,348	87,864	7,782
1953-54	56,20,341	25,64,282	2,02,872	24,760	41,028	82,674	6,268
1954-55	55,94,929	28,43,734	2,24,936	29,101	43,496	84,344	5,615
1955-56	57,49,871	30,02,571	2,54,237	33,409	45,987	96,928	5,875
1956-57	58,94,007	31,64,172	2,98,070	37,090	46,782	98,942	5,167
1957-58	59,76,412	30,69,747	3,01,001	31,451	50,614	1,07,972	4,254
1958-59	60,09,214	33,17,512	3,42,112	37,642	52,797	1,42,556	3,054
1959-60	61,54,895	35,47,692	3,56,527	36,249	58,644	1,67,484	3,422

Source: Post Master General, Andhra Pradesh, Hyderabad

TABLE 9.9—NUMBER AND VALUE OF MONEY ORDERS AND INDIAN POSTAL ORDERS ISSUED OR PAID IN ANANTAPUR POSTAL DIVISION

Year	Inland Money Orders				Indian Postal Orders				
	Issued		Paid		Issued			Paid	
	No.	Amount (in Rupees)	No.	Amount (in Rupees)	No.	Value (in Rupees)	Commission (in Rupees)	No.	Value (in Rupees)
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)
1951-52	1,98,074	58,24,263.42	97,760	31,55,679.52	18,172	93,747.50	1,798.37	349	4,936.25
1952-53	1,88,349	46,41,420.07	1,01,126	33,87,117.13	16,282	89,649.00	959.00	412	5,851.56
1953-54	1,85,492	50,84,599.58	1,14,639	35,94,344.35	17,157	95,997.50	981.37	1,717	9,544.12
1954-55	2,17,082	55,18,117.63	1,29,845	39,26,490.63	19,696	1,05,692.50	1,220.37	22,615	3,33,012.75
1955-56	2,32,187	62,60,572.25	1,59,314	44,26,858.74	21,768	1,15,758.00	1,711.25	30,947	3,12,517.19
1956-57	2,40,640	70,78,771.55	1,53,952	48,22,136.78	18,851	1,17,127.00	1,360.50	30,182	3,30,445.62
1957-58	2,38,901	74,49,154.17	1,61,680	53,72,805.29	14,418	94,175.00	1,363.00	29,293	3,23,263.02
1958-59	2,86,015	77,08,860.05	1,98,425	58,31,038.00	19,796	1,04,175.00	1,190.50	31,260	3,43,008.18
1959-60	2,72,754	1,22,04,758.88	2,07,224	63,94,892.42	16,949	83,511.50	978.30	36,249	2,57,882.93

Source: Post Master General, Andhra Pradesh, Hyderabad

TABLE 9.10—RECEIPTS AND EXPENDITURE IN ANANTAPUR POSTAL DIVISION
(in Rupees)

Year	Receipts									Expenditure		
	Post cards	Covers	Postal Stamps	Revenue Stamps	Insured Letters	Money Orders	Telegrams	Telephones	Total	Establishment	Other charges	Total
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)	(13)
1951-52	N.A.	N.A.	4,62,000	N.A.	8,181.19	87,760.42	31,207.06	41,487.81	6,30,636.48	2,98,420.49	11,419.37	3,09,839.86
1952-53	N.A.	N.A.	4,23,700	N.A.	6,966.22	88,547.50	32,981.69	89,321.69	6,41,517.10	3,87,614.39	19,589.44	4,07,203.83
1953-54	N.A.	N.A.	5,98,000	N.A.	6,286.81	89,969.44	34,001.94	1,03,069.62	8,31,327.81	5,00,749.49	20,139.51	5,20,889.00
1954-55	N.A.	N.A.	6,79,800	N.A.	5,591.06	96,104.31	36,397.31	1,36,075.56	9,53,968.24	4,91,349.53	27,416.75	5,18,766.28
1955-56	N.A.	N.A.	6,67,600	N.A.	5,743.12	1,09,351.44	42,283.69	2,02,434.00	10,27,412.25	5,01,201.11	20,147.37	5,21,348.48
1956-57	N.A.	N.A.	6,52,000	N.A.	5,530.31	1,21,196.00	39,977.03	2,30,232.27	10,48,935.61	5,19,747.97	22,641.92	5,42,389.89
1957-58	N.A.	N.A.	6,97,100	N.A.	4,445.41	1,26,073.26	39,055.10	2,40,048.09	11,06,721.86	5,13,867.42	21,986.24	5,35,853.66
1958-59	N.A.	N.A.	7,67,200	N.A.	2,984.38	1,33,244.40	38,300.20	3,16,945.89	12,58,674.87	5,13,290.87	23,387.78	5,36,678.65
1959-60	N.A.	N.A.	7,94,600	N.A.	3,588.00	1,43,068.15	44,033.67	3,09,751.42	12,95,041.24	5,34,000.52	27,451.08	5,61,451.60

N. A. : Not ascertainable

Source : Post Master General, Andhra Pradesh, Hyderabad

TABLE SERIES 10—LOCAL BODIES

TABLE 10.1—NUMBER OF LOCAL BODIES

Year	No. of District Boards	No. of Zilla Parishads	No. of Panchayat Samithis	No. of Municipalities	No. of Panchayats
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)
1951-52	1	...	...	4	N. A.
1952-53	1	...	...	4	N. A.
1953-54	1	...	...	4	N. A.
1954-55	1	...	...	4	N. A.
1955-56	1	...	...	4	N. A.
1956-57	1	...	...	4	N. A.
1957-58	1	...	...	4	N. A.
1958-59	1	...	...	4	N. A.
1959-60	...	1	16	4	N. A.
1960-61	...	1	16	4	728

Note : Panchayat Samithis were constituted from 1959
The District Boards were replaced by Zilla Parishads in 1959

N. A. : Not ascertainable

TABLE 10.2—RECEIPTS AND EXPENDITURE OF ANANTAPUR ZILLA PARISHAD

(in Rupees)

Particulars	1951-52	1952-53	1953-54	1954-55	1955-56	1956-57	1957-58	1958-59	1959-60	1960-61
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)
Receipts										
Land Cess (Local)
Special Rates
Taxes
Fees, Fines and Penalties
Rent and sale of property
Ferries
Cattle Pounds
Grants from Government
Miscellaneous
Total
Expenditure										
General Expenditure
Public Amenities
Education
Medical and Public Health
Total

Note : With the constitution of Zilla Parishads in 1959 the District Boards were abolished. The Receipts and Expenditure particulars given above relate to the Anantapur District Board till it was abolished and thereafter to that of Anantapur Zilla Parishad

Source : Secretary, Zilla Parishad, Anantapur

TABLE 10.3—RECEIPTS AND EXPENDITURE OF PANCHAYAT SAMITHIS

Name of Panchayat Samithi (1)	No. of Members (2)	1959-60	
		Receipts	Expenditure
		(3) Rs. nP.	(4) Rs. nP.
Rayadrug	40	1,21,715.00	59,914.76
Putlur	43	94,952.75	79,320.62
Talupula	26	1,74,597.91	1,04,441.29
Kudair	54	1,45,573.10	98,044.43
Kodigenahalli	40	1,75,892.47	1,15,187.30
Uravakonda	52	1,64,362.14	69,427.59
Chennekothapalle	36	1,20,110.25	60,471.75
Penukonda	46	1,85,451.50	89,621.54
Madakasira	30	2,05,613.79	1,34,389.31
Rolla	11	94,952.75	79,320.62
Kambadur	43	1,37,793.30	80,137.61
Mudigubba	28	1,03,644.45	70,304.83
Gorantla	28	1,93,368.93	91,803.86
Singanamala	48	14,739.00	35,370.00

Source : Secretary, Zilla Parishad, Anantapur

TABLE 10.4—RECEIPTS AND EXPENDITURE OF MUNICIPALITIES

Year (1)	Anantapur Municipality			Guntakal Municipality			Tadpatri Municipality			Hindupur Municipality		
	No. of Members (2)	Receipts (3)	Expenditure (4)	No. of Members (5)	Receipts (6)	Expenditure (7)	No. of Members (8)	Receipts (9)	Expenditure (10)	No. of Members (11)	Receipts (12)	Expenditure (13)
		Rs.	Rs.		Rs.	Rs.		Rs.	Rs.		Rs.	Rs.
1951-52	24	346,171	365,927	20	237,303	169,783	16	255,996	261,260	20	285,262	336,705
1952-53	24	265,197	341,304	24	322,482	453,797	16	290,994	301,293	20	296,347	415,535
1953-54	24	288,967	328,303	20	N.A.	N.A.	16	283,383	319,808	20	339,535	360,672
1954-55	24	343,706	345,635	24	632,578	623,585	16	271,820	271,635	20	552,086	321,944
1955-56	24	392,631	351,216	24	759,090	513,822	16	258,360	242,349	20	746,921	380,982
1956-57	24	525,206	382,580	24	622,961	594,765	16	311,118	320,833	20	914,790	494,243
1957-58	24	425,399	442,156	24	563,373	875,678	16	353,330	341,955	20	503,868	1,326,318
1958-59	24	591,372	422,634	24	681,547	579,344	16	439,860	369,602	20	383,416	507,858
1959-60	24	733,301	667,556	24	582,397	713,965	16	487,091	486,503	20	524,419	461,046

Source : Municipal Commissioners of Anantapur, Guntakal, Tadpatri and Hindupur respectively

N. A. : Not ascertainable

TABLE SERIES 11—COMMUNITY DEVELOPMENT

TABLE 11.1—TALUKWISE DISTRIBUTION OF COMMUNITY DEVELOPMENT BLOCKS

Name of Taluk	Name of Community Development Block	Type of Block	Date of inauguration of Block
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)
Anantapur	Singanamala	Stage I	1- 4-56
do	Kudair	Stage I	2-10-56
Kalyandrug	Kambadur	Stage I	2-10-57
Rayadrug	Rayadrug	Stage I	2-10-58
Uravakonda (I. S. T)	Uravakonda	Stage I	2-10-57
Gooty	Gooty	Pre-Extension	1- 4-60
Tadpatri	Putlur	Stage I	1- 4-58
Dharmavaram	Chennakothapalle	Stage I	1- 4-56
Kadiri	Mudigubba	Stage I	2-10-56
do	Tanakal	Stage I	1- 4-59
do	Talupula	Stage II	2-10-55
Penukonda	Kothacheruvu	Stage I	2-10-59
do	Penukonda	Stage II	2-10-54
Hindupur	Gorantla	Stage I	1- 4-57
do	Kodigenahalli	Stage II	4- 4-54
Madakasira	Madakasira	Stage II	4- 4-54
do	Rolla	Stage II	1- 4-59

Source : Community Development Programme Report, Andhra Pradesh, 1961

TABLE 11.2—EXPENDITURE INCURRED IN EACH OF THE COMMUNITY DEVELOPMENT BLOCKS
FROM INCEPTION UPTO 31-3-1961

(in Rupees)

Name of Taluk (1)	Name of Block (2)	Block Head- quarters (3)	Agriculture and Animal Husbandry (4)	Irrigation (5)	Health and Sanitation (6)	Education (7)	Social Education (8)	Communi- cations (9)	Rural Arts and Crafts (10)	Housing (11)	Miscella- neous (12)	Total (13)
Anantapur	Singanamala	2,15,058	32,161	2,91,277	1,18,641	59,711	46,408	54,657	26,458	...	...	8,44,371
do	Kudair	2,27,216	37,772	2,30,125	1,13,220	58,465	23,761	59,045	32,258	11,447	...	7,93,309
Kalyandrug	Kambadur	1,88,862	32,749	1,04,650	49,691	26,465	21,258	38,413	7,669	...	...	4,69,757
Rayadrug	Rayadrug	1,35,313	27,975	...	6,659	16,861	7,605	73,407	1,242	12,800	...	2,81,862
Uravakonda	I.S.T. Uravakonda	1,76,082	14,848	1,58,051	51,049	25,770	15,870	25,477	11,320	...	...	4,78,467
Gooty	Gooty	16,604	1,526	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	18,130
Tadpatri	Puttur	1,66,859	11,329	1,66,925	40,272	24,532	17,380	33,475	...	...	...	4,60,772
Dharmavaram	Chennekothapalle	1,93,275	29,180	1,24,400	54,284	52,494	31,988	22,594	20,381	21,721	...	5,50,317
Kadiri	Mudigubba	2,86,790	49,962	2,57,150	46,447	1,27,563	24,602	61,797	15,610	19,729	...	8,89,650
do	Tanakal	76,049	8,029	...	4,500	785	2,767	...	968	...	...	93,098
do	Talupula	1,41,299	39,040	3,84,296	98,250	76,800	65,316	1,07,998	57,727	9,720	...	980,446
Penukonda	Kothacheruvu	47,647	2,166	...	...	...	784	...	...	...	...	50,597
do	Penukonda	2,43,406	50,371	3,56,550	1,10,087	86,140	60,727	69,316	54,903	94,100	...	1,125,600
Hindupur	Gorantla	2,01,413	29,466	1,55,000	56,698	50,803	34,586	48,596	30,426	...	...	606,988
do	Kodigenahalli	N.A.	N.A.	N.A.	N.A.	N.A.	N.A.	N.A.	N.A.	N.A.	N.A.	N.A.
Madakasira	Madakasira	2,58,814	49,941	2,71,107	1,17,871	1,25,502	73,854	88,694	55,067	8,739	...	1,049,589
do	Rolla	85,302	15,864	...	15,976	19,335	9,544	14,658	2,960	45,000	...	2,08,639

N. A. Not ascertainable

Source : Community Development Programme Report, Andhra Pradesh, 1961

TABLE 11.3—BLOCKWISE PHYSICAL ACHIEVEMENTS UNDER COMMUNITY DEVELOPMENT

Name of Taluk	Name of Block	Improved seeds distributed (in Mds.) (3)	Chemical fertilisers distributed (in Mds.) (4)	No. of improved implements distributed (5)	No. of Agricultural demonstrations held (6)	Green manure seeds distributed (in Mds.) (7)	Area irrigated (in Acres) (8)	No. of improved animals distributed (9)	No. of improved birds supplied (10)	No. of animals castrated (11)	No. of rural latrines constructed (12)	No. of Drains formed (13)
Anantapur	Singanamala	22,252	31,828	480	1,848	1,511	162	116	1,314	2,707	532	20,172
do	Kudair	17,675	35,410	5,006	2,230	7,074	...	82	873	3,641	453	20,124
Kalyandrug	Kambadur	7,616	27,353	942	1,159	...	6	70	599	1,510	1,900	10,617
Rayadurg	Rayadurg	4,407	13,215	568	1,739	300	320	38	111	1,283	51	50
Uravakonda (I.S.T.)	Uravakonda	7,549	2,814	386	8,298	755	91	47	301	1,194	1,109	1,246
Gooty	Gooty	N.A.	N.A.	N.A.	N.A.	N.A.	N.A.	N.A.	N.A.	N.A.	N.A.	N.A.
Tadpatri	Puttur	10,562	16,874	894	1,457	1,895	6	52	654	664	209	3,371
Dharmavaram	Chennethopalle	25,421	39,676	3,707	2,665	6	244	154	1,520	3,999	538	6,037
Kadiri	Mudigubba	16,839	23,824	3,748	4,894	3,707	...	174	742	3,539	516	8,942
do	Tanakal	1,275	2,875	200	199	20	2	8	75	100	22	10
do	Talupula	N.A.	N.A.	N.A.	N.A.	N.A.	N.A.	N.A.	N.A.	N.A.	N.A.	N.A.
Penukonda	Kothacheruvu	83	...	...	160	...	2	36	76	382	9	...
do	Penukonda	N.A.	N.A.	...	N.A.	N.A.	N.A.	N.A.	N.A.	N.A.	N.A.	N.A.
Hindupur	Gorantla	15,207	30,710	3,395	2,051	144	50	156	1,250	4,694	265	6,240
do	Kodigenahalli	N.A.	N.A.	N.A.	N.A.	N.A.	N.A.	N.A.	N.A.	N.A.	N.A.	N.A.
Madakasira	Madakasira	N.A.	N.A.	N.A.	N.A.	N.A.	N.A.	N.A.	N.A.	N.A.	N.A.	N.A.
do	Rolla	N.A.	N.A.	N.A.	N.A.	N.A.	N.A.	N.A.	N.A.	N.A.	N.A.	N.A.

Name of Taluk	Name of Block	No. of smokeless chullahs installed (14)	Area of village lanes paved (in sq.yds.) (15)	No. of Drinking water wells constructed (16)	No. of drinking water wells renovated (17)	No. of adult literacy centres started (18)	No. of Adults made literate (19)	No. of youth clubs formed (20)	No. of Mahila Samithis started (21)	No. of Kacha roads constructed (22)	No. of new Co-operative Societies started (23)	No. of Member-ships in Co-operative Societies (24)
Anantapur	Singanamala	1,256	690	47	197	8	430	174	20	445	10	947
do	Kudair	800	342	43	104	7	298	270	33	485	31	1,486
Kalyandrug	Kambadur	315	...	23	31	9	403	147	11	348	22	1,159
Rayadurg	Rayadurg	78	25	5	6	11	75	26	9	116	9	760
Uravankonda (I.S.T.)	Uravakonda	121	918	29	40	4	235	90	29	311	9	971
Gooty	Gooty	N.A.	N.A.	N.A.	N.A.	N.A.	N.A.	N.A.	N.A.	N.A.	N.A.	N.A.
Tadpatri	Puttur	239	2,265	14	38	23	869	69	7	91	30	1,163
Dharmavaram	Chennethopalle	937	715	27	142	9	824	278	22	405	5	530
Kadiri	Mudigubba	642	469	17	93	7	1,084	190	35	355	7	1,369
do	Tanakal	...	...	5	4	...	...	63	9	13	6	459
do	Talupula	N.A.	N.A.	N.A.	N.A.	N.A.	N.A.	N.A.	N.A.	N.A.	N.A.	N.A.
Penukonda	Kothacheruvu	...	243	...	4	...	...	...	2	9	...	...
do	Penukonda	N.A.	N.A.	N.A.	N.A.	N.A.	N.A.	N.A.	N.A.	N.A.	N.A.	N.A.
Hindupur	Gorantla	820	3,328	20	79	11	374	154	95	543	2	482
do	Kodigenahalli	N.A.	N.A.	N.A.	N.A.	N.A.	N.A.	N.A.	N.A.	N.A.	N.A.	N.A.
Madakasira	Madakasira	N.A.	N.A.	N.A.	N.A.	N.A.	N.A.	N.A.	N.A.	N.A.	N.A.	N.A.
do	Rolla	N.A.	N.A.	N.A.	N.A.	N.A.	N.A.	N.A.	N.A.	N.A.	N.A.	N.A.

Source : Community Development Programme Report, Andhra Pradesh, 1961

N. A. : Not ascertainable

TABLE 11.4—PEOPLE'S CONTRIBUTION

(Categorywise)

(in Rupees)

Name of District/Block (1)	Cash (2)	Labour (3)	Land and Buildings (4)	Material (5)	Total (6)
1956—57					
Anantapur District	1,70,863	7,76,778	1,58,810	3,19,233	14,25,684
Kodigenahalli	70,736	4,09,654	79,946	1,16,783	6,77,119
Madakasira	33,200	1,47,900	44,100	86,660	3,11,860
Penukonda	6,280	1,15,288	13,150	95,723	2,30,441
Talupula	45,952	71,414	17,003	18,911	1,53,280
Singanamala	1,188	7,717	1,600	400	10,905
Chennekothapalle	10,480	10,081	1,216	681	22,458
Kudair	2,105	8,163	1,795	75	12,138
Mudigubba	922	6,561	...	...	7,483
1957—58					
Anantapur District	3,45,736	4,08,019	51,100	1,37,632	9,42,487
Kodigenahalli	1,73,405	84,115	21,067	27,034	3,05,621
Madakasira	26,886	68,248	18,255	33,629	1,47,018
Penukonda	3,761	28,863	600	2,732	35,956
Talupula	48,072	50,563	3,044	17,233	1,18,912
Singanamala	7,448	35,240	2,500	5,153	50,341
Chennekothapalle	58,469	19,075	2,616	2,238	82,398
Kudair	4,585	24,540	500	350	29,975
Mudigubba	11,116	75,095	923	21,776	1,08,910
Gorantla	11,421	18,351	...	1,295	31,067
Kambadur	251	2,738	395	...	3,384
Uravakonda	322	1,191	1,200	26,192	28,905
1958—59					
Anantapur District	1,56,529.39	3,83,842.83	21,150.00	1,34,132.75	7,52,967.25
Chennekothapalle	5,625.27	10,418.90	180.00	...	16,224.17
Singanamala	2,600.70	76,262.60	125.00	6,773.75	85,762.05
Kudair	N.A.	N.A.	N.A.	N.A.	57,312.28
Mudigubba	21,473.00	16,675.00	2,585.00	17,949.00	58,682.00
Gorantla	39,303.00	54,673.00	1,662.00	60,051.00	1,55,689.00
Kambadur	22,915.00	33,251.00	...	24,000.00	80,166.00
Uravakonda	14,694.00	14,188.00	10,298.00	13,791.00	52,971.00
Puttur	6,761.00	15,147.00	270.00	...	22,178.00
Kodigenahalli	10,085.00	62,764.00	2,250.00	2,434.00	77,533.00
Penukonda	7,700.92	32,033.00	100.00	1,145.00	40,978.92
Madakasira	15,427.50	29,442.33	...	...	44,869.83
Talupula	9,944.00	38,988.00	3,680.00	7,989.00	60,601.00
1959—60					
Anantapur District	1,91,431	1,85,795	56,326	19,023	4,52,575
Gorantla	17,056	17,208	3,400	3,427	41,091
Singanamala	2,539	30,362	116	5,375	38,392
Kudair	3,159	15,651	...	...	18,810
Mudigubba	9,518	...	2,260	250	12,028
Chennekothapalle	16,630	1,678	30,400	230	48,938
Kambadur	41,979	...	1,950	1,475	45,404
Uravakonda	30,405	8,093	9,900	965	49,363
Puttur	10,081	42,639	450	6,840	60,010
Rayadrug	9,457	...	...	...	9,457
Kodigenahalli	8,222	23,069	250	241	31,782
Madakasira	9,963	23,585	6,150	...	39,698
Rolla	4,781	3,481	...	...	8,262
Penukonda	15,189	8,004	...	...	23,193
Talupula	12,452	12,025	1,450	220	26,147

TABLE 11.4 PEOPLE'S CONTRIBUTION—*concl.*

(Categorywise)

(in Rupees)

Name of District/Block (1)	Cash (2)	Labour (3)	Land and Buildings (4)	Material (5)	Total (6)
1960-61					
Anantapur District	1,07,536	1,65,741	12,280	34,372	3,19,929
Gorantla	...	11,500	500	200	12,200
Singanamala	1,095	15,481	116	2,602	19,294
Kudair	2,838	15,937	...	...	18,775
Mudigubba	3,331	...	1,095	...	4,426
Chennekothapalle	8,548	2,658	460	414	12,080
Kambadur	10,622	18,994	...	570	30,186
Uravakonda	14,839	12,545	3,000	347	30,731
Putlur	4,547	543	...	...	5,090
Rayadrug	23,194	19,393	420	1,330	44,337
Kodigenahalli	1,319	10,645	...	139	12,103
Madakasira	4,558	6,741	3,000	950	15,249
Rolla	2,981	24,963	...	750	28,694
Penukonda	8,443	8,316	1,750	2,153	20,662
Talupula	7,317	710	100	24,810	32,937
Tanakal	7,391	5,180	39	107	12,717
Kothacheruvu	6,513	12,135	1,800	...	20,448

N. A. : Not ascertainable

Source : Community Development Programme Reports, Andhra Pradesh, 1956-57 to 1960-61

TABLE 11.5—PEOPLE'S CONTRIBUTION

(Developmental Activitywise)

(in Rupees)

Name of District/ Block	Agriculture and Animal Husbandry	Irrigation	Health and Rural Sanitation	Education	Social Education	Communi- cations	Cottage Industries	Others	Total
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)
1956-57									
Anantapur District	2,16,730	1,13,803	3,68,065	2,94,626	1,57,394	1,92,452	9,495	73,119	14,25,684
Kodigenahalli . .	1,52,368	84,046	2,54,810	61,944	29,787	63,621	8,900	21,643	6,77,119
Madakasira . .	19,500	12,500	57,500	1,58,000	...	60,860	500	3,000	3,11,860
Penukonda . .	...	625	35,081	26,862	1,11,079	30,087	...	26,707	2,30,441
Talupula . .	35,818	9,877	12,048	35,321	11,926	26,426	95	21,769	1,53,280
Singanamala . .	728	...	3,873	4,436	565	1,303	...	...	10,905
Chennekothapalle . .	3,702	4,435	3,373	5,358	1,705	3,885	...	...	22,458
Kudair . .	2,689	1,750	674	1,629	1,282	4,114	...	...	12,138
Mudigubba . .	1,925	570	706	1,076	1,050	2,156	...	...	7,483
1957-58									
Anantapur District	1,14,711	1,25,537	1,11,084	2,23,896	1,93,384	1,30,775	58	43,042	9,42,487
Kodigenahalli . .	3,295	38,450	31,205	32,026	1,62,257	38,388	...	...	3,05,621
Madakasira . .	10,990	10,200	23,331	82,613	...	19,826	58	...	1,47,018
Penukonda . .	...	...	9,325	10,966	7,925	7,740	...	...	35,956
Talupula . .	14,658	23,478	7,231	10,197	4,656	16,811	...	41,881	1,18,912
Singanamala . .	8,360	7,580	8,541	15,642	4,677	5,476	...	65	50,341
Chennekothapalle . .	9,662	9,435	17,594	26,813	7,593	11,301	...	...	82,398
Kudair . .	6,772	3,980	2,585	5,068	3,150	7,868	...	552	29,975
Mudigubba . .	51,244	28,570	6,625	8,614	1,972	11,885	...	...	1,08,910
Gorantla . .	9,700	3,844	2,827	8,073	662	5,961	...	...	31,067
Kambadur . .	...	...	439	2,051	150	200	...	544	3,384
Uravakonda . .	30	...	1,381	21,833	342	5,319	...	...	28,905
1958-59									
Anantapur District	1,64,237.50	1,07,424.50	1,56,296.35	1,24,267.94	59,948.99	1,13,728.69	105.00	26,958.28	7,52,967.25
Chennekothapalle . .	405.00	...	2,916.02	10,873.94	1,456.52	572.69	...	...	16,224.17
Singanamala . .	17,319.00	42,123.50	10,300.00	1,592.50	6,493.55	6,130.00	...	1,803.50	85,762.05
Kudair . .	6,982.00	...	11,338.00	13,041.50	2,849.00	10,259.00	...	12,842.78	57,312.28
Mudigubba . .	29,648.00	675.00	12,878.00	6,755.00	2,079.00	6,542.00	105.00	...	58,682.00
Gorantla . .	70,051.00	3,844.00	26,686.00	25,884.00	5,408.00	17,032.00	...	6,784.00	155,689.00
Kambadur . .	18,671.00	4,000.00	20,352.00	15,776.00	14,097.00	7,270.00	...	...	80,166.00
Uravakonda . .	6,235.00	4,639.00	23,103.00	6,478.00	5,531.00	3,062.00	...	3,923.00	52,971.00
Putlur . .	1,043.00	...	...	1,820.00	5,964.00	13,351.00	...	...	22,178.00
Kodigenahalli . .	5,960.00	40,947.00	13,084.00	6,111.00	6,706.00	4,605.00	...	120.00	77,533.00
Penukonda . .	953.00	6,283.00	9,396.00	11,441.00	6,079.92	6,226.00	...	600.00	40,978.92
Madakasira . .	162.50	105.00	12,816.33	12,945.00	...	17,956.00	...	885.00	44,869.83
Talupula . .	6,808.00	4,808.00	13,427.00	11,550.00	3,285.00	20,723.00	...	...	60,601.00
1959-60									
Anantapur District	48,296	1,12,595	1,12,423	63,813	43,992	64,171	784	6,01	4,52,575
Gorantla . .	3,271	288	8,737	15,488	1,756	10,923	609	19	41,091
Singanamala . .	9,875	12,367	4,207	1,765	4,466	3,932	...	1,780	38,392
Kudair . .	7,066	2,086	2,532	3,971	1,963	1,150	...	42	18,810
Mudigubba . .	1,022	...	5,450	4,478	528	251	175	124	12,028
Chennekothapalle . .	815	31,168	14,504	1,010	264	870	...	307	48,938
Kambadur . .	2,770	19,780	3,067	3,640	8,995	7,122	...	30	45,404
Uravakonda . .	4,153	2,831	22,793	8,606	7,417	...	...	3,563	49,363
Putlur . .	9,255	33,058	4,902	8,767	3,310	718	...	...	60,010
Rayadurg . .	381	1,500	5,370	950	1,256	...	...	...	9,457
Kodigenahalli . .	5,757	9,144	4,181	4,251	3,012	4,801	...	636	31,782
Madakasira . .	1,182	...	12,766	3,644	4,064	18,042	...	...	39,698
Rolla . .	375	...	747	2,693	283	4,164	...	...	8,262
Penukonda . .	789	113	13,181	1,600	4,397	3,113	...	...	23,193
Talupula . .	1,585	260	9,986	2,950	2,281	9,085	...	...	26,147

TABLE 11.5—PEOPLE'S CONTRIBUTION—*concl'd.*

(Developmental Activitywise)

(in Rupees)

Name of District/ Block	Agriculture and Animal Husbandry	Irrigation	Health and Rural Sanitation	Education	Social Education	Communi- cations	Cottage Industries	Others	Total
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)
1960-61									
Anantapur District .	28,486	30,386	53,645	77,144	28,544	90,646	645	10,433	319,929
Gorantla . . .	430	1,129	97	515	350	9,679	...	...	12,200
Singanamala . .	5,885	4,490	1,658	610	3,246	2,015	...	1,390	19,294
Kudair . . .	2,993	3,471	3,477	187	2,623	2,818	...	3,206	18,775
Mudigubba . . .	559	...	500	2,438	914	...	15	...	4,426
Chennekothapalle .	885	460	2,111	2,197	4,122	1,155	...	1,150	12,080
Kambadur . . .	2,197	12,038	3,447	2,417	3,297	3,950	...	2,840	30,186
Uravakonda . . .	2,682	5,553	2,548	13,053	1,587	4,242	...	1,066	30,731
Putlur . . .	600	...	190	2,950	1,350	...	...	...	5,090
Rayadrug . . .	755	...	11,744	19,788	1,617	10,433	...	...	44,337
Kodigenahalli . .	2,775	1,183	2,996	950	1,471	2,678	...	50	12,103
Madakasira . . .	620	...	979	3,696	255	9,549	...	150	15,249
Rolla . . .	2,982	...	3,024	10,828	2,616	9,214	30	...	28,694
Penukonda . . .	1,348	...	2,726	11,540	1,789	3,259	...	...	20,662
Talupula . . .	1,404	812	4,056	4,876	1,185	19,803	600	201	32,937
Tanakal . . .	987	1,250	6,214	664	1,442	1,780	...	380	12,717
Kothacheruvu . .	1,384	...	7,878	435	680	10,071	...	...	20,448

Source : Community Development Programme Reports, Andhra Pradesh, 1956-57 to 1960-61

TABLE 11.6—STAFF POSITION IN ALL COMMUNITY DEVELOPMENT BLOCKS

Designation (1)	Staff position as on				
	31-3-57 (2)	31-3-58 (3)	31-3-59 (4)	31-3-60 (5)	31-3-61 (6)
Block Development Officers . . .	8	11	13	16	17
Extension Officers (Agriculture) . . .	8	11	12	16	17
Extension Officers (Animal Husbandry) . . .	8	11	12	14	16
Extension Officers (Co-operation) . . .	8	11	12	14	14
Extension Officers (Panchayats) . . .	...	...	12	14	15
Extension Officers (Industries) . . .	7	11	12	13	16
Social Educational Organisers (Men). . .	8	11	12	14	16
Social Educational Organisers (Women) . . .	8	11	...	...	...
Mukya Sevikas . . .	...	...	12	9	16
Progress Assistants . . .	8	11	12	14	16
Health Inspectors (Sanitary Inspectors) . . .	1	3	11	14	12
Doctors . . .	1	3	3	11	12
Supervisors (Overseers) . . .	8	11	12	14	11
Lady Health Visitors . . .	1	3	5	11	12
Gram Sevaks (Village Level Workers) . . .	78	110	121	150	143
Gram Sevikas . . .	4	8	18	14	30
Compounders . . .	1	3	3	...	46
Midwives . . .	3	12	12	...	48
Veterinary Compounders . . .	4	8	7	...	...

Source : Community Development Programme Reports, Andhra Pradesh, 1956-57 to 1960-61

TABLE SERIES 12—IMPORTANT HISTORICAL EVENTS
TABLE 12.1—CALENDAR OF OUTSTANDING OCCURRENCES
(Historical and Religious Events)

Month and Year (1)	Nature of occurrence (2)	Month and Year (1)	Nature of occurrence (2)
<i>Section I—Commonly known throughout the district</i>			
1857	The Great Indian Mutiny	1937	General Elections under the Govt. of India Act, 1935
1858	Proclamation of Queen Victoria	1-4-1937	Formation of Interim Ministry with Sri K. V. Reddy Naidu as Chief Minister
1864	Disastrous tidal wave of Masulipatnam	14-7-1937	Formation of first Congress Ministry in the Province with Sri C. Rajagopalachari as the Chief Minister
1876-77	Great Famine (Dhathu Karuvu)	3-9-1939	Beginning of Second World War
1887	Jubilee of Queen Victoria's Reign	October, 1939	Resignation of Congress Ministry
1891	First Census	1941	Census
1901	Second Census; Death of Queen Victoria	6-4-1942	Bombing of Visakhapatnam Port by Japanese
1902	Coronation of Edward VII	August, 1942	'Quit India' Movement and its disturbances
1910	Haley's comet. Death of King Edward VII	October, 1943	Bombing of Madras by the Japanese
1911	Coronation and Durbar of King George V (Delhi Durbar)	1945	End of Second World War
August, 1914	Beginning of First World War	1946	General Elections to the Assembly; Congress joins in the formation of Central Government; Second Congress Ministry in the Province
22-9-1914	Shelling of Madras by German Cruiser 'Emden'	15-8-1947	Independence Day
1918	Influenza Epidemic	December, 1947	Non-Gazetted Government Officers' Strike
1-11-1918	Armistice	30-1-1948	Assassination of Mahatma Gandhi
13-4-1919	Jaliyanwala Bagh Massacre	September, 1948	Police Action by the Indian Union against Hyderabad State
1920	Civil Disobedience Movement	1951	Census
1921	'No Tax' Campaign; Census; Moplah Rebellion	1952	Madras Legislative Assembly and Parliamentary Elections
3-2-1922	Chauri-Chowra Rioting—Mass Civil Disobedience suspended by Gandhi in consequence	1953	Inauguration of Andhra State
1924	Great floods in River Cauvery and in other South Indian Rivers	February, 1955	Andhra Legislative Assembly Elections
1928-1929	Visit of Simon Commission and its boycott	1956	States Reorganisation and formation of Andhra Pradesh
1930	Dandi Salt Satyagraha march by Gandhi	March, 1957	Parliamentary Elections
1931	Census	27-2-1959	'Quit Work day' by N.G.Os
4-3-1931	Gandhi-Irwin's Pact	December, 1959	Constitution of Zilla Parishads
1932	Gandhi's Fast and Poona Pact		
September, 1932	Non-Co-operation Movement		
15-2-1934	Bihar Earthquake		
31-5-1935	Quetta Earthquake		
1935	Silver Jubilee Celebrations of King George V		
1936	Death of King George V		

Section II—Commonly known in particular Taluks

ANANTAPUR TALUK		KALYANDRUG TALUK—concl'd.	
1904	Plague at Anantapur	22-6-1936	Opening of Karnam Chikkappa's High School
1911	Plague at Anantapur	15-2-1937	Elections for the Madras Legislative Council General Constituency
1917	Plague at Anantapur	16-2-1937	Elections for the Madras Legislative Assembly Mohammadan and Indian Christian Constituencies
1918	First Part-Cholera at Anantapur—after effects of Plague; Re-entering of the Town	18-2-1937	Elections for the Madras Legislative Assembly General Constituency
1918	Later Part-Influenza Fever	17-1-1944	Foundation of High School Hostel laid
1919	First Part-Influenza Fever	24-4-1946	Jurisdiction and Powers received for Sty. Sub-Magistrate's Court out of Taluk Sheristadar Magistrate's Court
June, 1926	Heavy rains and floods	22-5-1955	Foundation of Chella Narasappa Maternity Centre
15-2-1937	Elections for the Madras Legislative Council General Constituency	22-10-1957	Inauguration of Stage I Block at Kambadur
16-2-1937	Elections for the Madras Legislative Assembly Mohammadan and Indian Christian Constituencies	10-4-1958	Supply of Electricity to Kalyandrug Town
18-2-1937	Elections for the Madras Legislative Assembly General Constituency		
1943	Famine and Plague		
1945	Establishment of Sri Sai Baba High School		
1946	Plague		
KALYANDRUG TALUK		RAYADRUG TALUK	
1875	Abolition of District Munsif's Court	1952	Supply of Electricity to Rayadrug
1879	Establishment of L. F. Dispensary	1953	Commencement of the construction of Bhayavanthippa Project Reservoir
December, 1893	Formation of Kalyandrug Taluk out of Rayadrug, Dharmavaram and Anantapur Taluks	1st Oct. 1953	Formation of Andhra State (separation of Rayadrug Taluk from Bellary District and inclusion in Anantapur District)
1904	Plague	1955	Supply of Electricity to Kanekal
1917	Plague		

TABLE 12.1—CALENDAR OF OUTSTANDING OCCURRENCES —*contd.*
(*Historical and Religious Events*)

Month and Year (1)	Nature of occurrence (2)	Month and Year (1)	Nature of occurrence (2)
<i>Section II—Commonly known in particular Taluks—contd.</i>			
RAYADRUG TALUK— <i>concl'd.</i>		TADPATRI TALUK	
1956	Construction of water works in Fort area of Rayadrug	1876	Opening of a Railway line from Guntakal
1957	Opening of District Munsiff's Court at Rayadrug	1915	Plague at Tadpatri
1957	Remodelling of Rayadrug Station	1918	Influenza Fever
1958	Grant of Dry remission for Fasli 1367	1932	Opening of water supply scheme of Tadpatri
1958	Formation of Stage I-Block in Rayadrug (For Rayadrug and Hirehal Firkas)	1933	Opening of the High School
1959	Opening of Maternity ward in Kanekal	1935	Local Big Famine
1959	Opening of Telegraphic Office at Kanekal	15-2-1937	Elections for Madras Legislative Council General Constituency
1959	Grant of Dry Remission for Fasli 1368	16-2-1937	Elections for Madras Legislative Assembly Mohammadan and Indian Christian Constituencies
1959	Commencement of the construction of new Railway Bridge over the Chinna Hagari River	18-2-1937	Elections for Madras Legislative Assembly General Constituency
1959	Construction of Market Yard by the Market Committee	1945	Opening of Pennar Bridge
URAVAKONDA INDEPENDENT SUB-TALUK		1950	Opening of High School at Yadiki
1910	Construction of Dy. Tahsildar's Office at Uravakonda	1952	Opening of High School at Yellanur
1928	Construction of High School at Uravakonda	1952-53	Local Famine
15-2-1937	Elections for Council	1954	Opening of High School at Putlur
16-3-1937	Elections for Assembly Mohammadan and Indian Christian Constituencies	1957	Opening of High School at Thimmanapalle
18-2-1937	Elections for Assembly General Constituency	1958	Opening of Putlur Block
1941	Severe Plague in Uravakonda Sub-Taluk	KADIRI TALUK	
1944	Laying out Military Road in Uravakonda Panchayat area	1910	Transfer of Kadiri Taluk from Cuddapah District to Anantapur District
1946	Opening of the Panchayat Board Park at Uravakonda	1932	Abolition of Tanakal Sub-Taluk
9-8-1954	Electrification of Uravakonda Town	15-2-1937	Elections for Madras Legislative Council
13-2-1956	Foundation for Panchayat Board Office new building	16-2-1937	Elections for Madras Legislative Assembly Mohammadan and Indian Christian Constituencies
1-4-1956	Opening of Panchayat Board Hospital in Uravakonda Town	20-2-1937	Elections for Madras Legislative Assembly General Constituency
GOOTY TALUK		1959	Construction of Chennarayaswamygudi Project
1935	Local Big Famine	DHARMAVARAM TALUK	
15-2-1937	Elections for Madras Legislative Council	1864	Breach of Dharmavaram Tank
16-2-1937	Elections for Madras Legislative Assembly Mohammadan and Indian Christian Constituencies	1-3-1892	Opening of Railway line between Dharmavaram and Guntakal
18-2-1937	Elections for Madras Legislative Assembly General Constituency	23-4-1893	Opening of Railway Line between Dharmavaram and Hindupur
7-8-1951	Co-operative Spinning Mill at Guntakal	19-6-1907	Opening of Ramagiri Gold Mines
1952	Famine opening of gruel centres throughout the taluk	1925	Closing of Ramagiri Gold Mines
15-6-1952	Abolition of Rationing	1933	Opening of the High School at Dharmavaram
1954	Construction of Electricity Sub-Station at Gooty	1935	Wide spread famine
1957	Opening of Higher Elementary School at Peddavadugur village	15-2-1937	Elections for Madras Legislative Council
1957	Construction of Causeway over Gooty Maravanka at Peddavadugur	16-2-1937	Elections for Madras Legislative Assembly Mohammadan and Indian Christian Constituencies
18-5-1957	Opening of Higher Elementary School at Kristipadu village	18-2-1937	Elections for Madras Legislative Assembly General Constituency
March, 1957	Parliament Elections Gooty Constituency	1938	Yagam at Dharmavaram
12-12-1957	Opening of School Building at Chinna Vaduguru village	1953	Establishment of the Office of the Revenue Divisional Officer, Dharmavaram
1959	Opening of Higher Elementary School at Gooty near Railway Station		Establishment of District Munsiff's Court at Dharmavaram
16-5-1959	Opening of Eddulapalle Elementary School	1954	Inauguration of Electricity supply
4-7-1959	Opening of School building at Vennadoddi	1955	General Elections to Dharmavaram Assembly Constituency
2-11-1959	Panchayat Samithi President Elections at Thimmanacherla and Gooty	1956	Opening of Block Development Office, Chennethothapalle
		1957	Establishment of Higher Secondary School, at Dharmavaram, establishment of High Schools at Nyamaddala and Perur villages

TABLE 12.1—CALENDAR OF OUTSTANDING OCCURRENCES—*concl'd.*
(*Historical and Religious Events*)

Month and Year (1)	Nature of occurrence (2)	Month and Year (1)	Nature of occurrence (2)
<i>Section II—Commonly known in particular Taluks—concl'd.</i>			
DHARMAVARAM TALUK— <i>concl'd.</i>		PENUKONDA TALUK— <i>concl'd.</i>	
1958	Completion of Perur Project; completion of repairs to Vidyaranyaswamy Tank at Gantimarri village	1959	Opening of National Extension Service Block at Kothacheruvu
1-12-1959	Inauguration of Panchayat Samithi of Chennethapalle	HINDUPUR TALUK	
PENUKONDA TALUK		1893	Opening of Dharmavaram-Hindupur Railway Line
1892	Formation of the Revenue Divisional Office	1898	Outbreak of first Plague in Hindupur Town
1893	Opening of Dharmavaram-Hindupur Railway Line via Penukonda	1920	Establishment of High School at Hindupur
1904	Construction of the District Munsiff's Court at Penukonda	1934	Mahatma Gandhi's visit to Hindupur
1910	Construction of the Highways Assistant Engineer's Office at Penukonda	15-2-1937	Elections for Madras Legislative Council
1918	Opening of High School	16-2-1937	Elections for Madras Legislative Assembly
1924	Local Famine		Mohammadan and Indian Christian Constituencies
15-2-1937	Elections for the Madras Legislative Council General Constituency	20-2-1937	Elections for Madras Legislative Assembly General Constituency
16-2-1937	Elections for the Madras Legislative Assembly Mohammadan and Indian Christian Constituencies	1951-1952	Famine
18-2-1937	Elections for the Madras Legislative Assembly General Constituency	October, 1959	Panchayat Samithi Elections
1952-54	Opening of gruel centres	MADAKASIRA TALUK	
1955	Local Famine	1933-34	Malaria epidemic
1957	Opening of Public Health Centre at Roddam; Opening of Public Library at Penukonda; Upgrading of the High School into Higher Secondary School, Penukonda	15-2-1937	Elections for Madras Legislative Council General Constituency
1958	Opening of the Sheep Farm Centre at Penukonda; opening of Project Implementing Committee at Penukonda; construction of Hydro-Electric Power Station at Penukonda; Planning Seminar of Penukonda	16-2-1937	Elections for Madras Legislative Assembly Mohammadan and Indian Christian Constituencies
		20-2-1937	Elections for Madras Legislative Assembly General Constituency
		8-6-1944	Opening of the High School at Madakasira
		1950	Opening of the High School at Amarapuram
		1951	Opening of the High School at Agali
		1-11-1959	Opening of Samithi Block at Madakasira
		20-10-1959	Lok Sahayak Sena Training Camp at Madakasira
		18-11-1959	
		16-12-1959	Opening of Samithi Block at Rolla

TABLE SERIES 13—BANKS AND INSURANCES
TABLE 13.1—BANKS

Y e a r	No. of Banks in										
	Anantapur District	Anantapur Taluk	Kalyan-drug Taluk	Rayadrug Taluk	Uravakonda Ind. Sub-Taluk	Gooty Taluk	Tadpatri Taluk	Dharmavaram Taluk	Kadiri Taluk	Penukonda Taluk	Hindupur Taluk
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)
1951-52	30	11	1	1	...	4	3	3	2	2	3
1952-53	31	11	1	2	...	4	3	3	2	2	3
1953-54	31	11	1	2	...	4	3	3	2	2	3
1954-55	31	11	1	2	...	4	3	3	2	2	3
1955-56	31	11	1	2	...	4	3	3	2	2	3
1956-57	33	11	1	1	1	4	3	3	2	2	5
1957-58	33	11	1	1	1	4	3	3	2	2	5
1958-59	35	11	1	1	2	4	3	3	3	2	5
1959-60	35	11	1	1	2	4	3	3	3	2	5
1960-61	38	11	1	1	2	5	4	4	3	2	5

Note: There are no Banks in other taluks
Source: Collector, Anantapur

TABLE 13.2—LIST OF BANKS AND THEIR PLACE OF BUSINESS

Name of Taluk	Name of Town/Village in which Bank is located	Name of Bank	Scheduled or Non-Scheduled
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)
Anantapur	Anantapur	State Bank of India	Scheduled
		Central Bank	Non-Scheduled
		Town Bank	Non-Scheduled
		Land Mortgage Bank	Non-Scheduled
		Canara Bank	Scheduled
		Andhra Bank	Scheduled
		Indian Bank	Scheduled
		Tarimela Co-operative Rural Bank	Non-Scheduled
		Co-operative Town Bank	Non-Scheduled
		District Co-operative Central Bank	Non-Scheduled
		Canara Industrial & Banking Syndicate	Scheduled
Kalyandrug	Kalyandrug	Co-operative Town Bank	Non-Scheduled
Rayadrug	Rayadrug	The Canara Banking Corporation	Scheduled
Uravakonda I. S. T.	Uravakonda	Canara Industrial & Banking Syndicate	Scheduled
		State Bank of India	Scheduled
Gooty	Gooty	Co-operative Town Bank Ltd.	Non-Scheduled
	Guntakal	Co-operative Town Bank	Non-Scheduled
		Andhra Bank Ltd.	Scheduled
		Canara Banking Syndicate Ltd.	Scheduled
Tadpatri	Tadpatri	State Bank of India	Scheduled
		Canara Industrial & Banking Syndicate	Scheduled
		Co-operative Town Bank	Non-Scheduled
		Canara Banking Corporation	Scheduled
Dharmavaram	Dharmavaram	Co-operative Town Bank	Non-Scheduled
		Mutual Benefit Fund	Non-Scheduled
		Land Mortgage Bank	Non-Scheduled
		State Bank of India	Scheduled
Kadiri	Kadiri	Vysya Bank	Scheduled
		Co-operative Town Bank	Non-Scheduled
		State Bank of India	Scheduled
Penukonda	Penukonda	Town Bank	Non-Scheduled
		Maruthi Benefit Fund	Non-Scheduled
Hindupur	Hindupur	Co-operative Town Bank	Non-Scheduled
		Vysya Bank	Scheduled
		Canara Industrial & Banking Syndicate	Scheduled
		State Bank of Mysore	Scheduled
		State Bank of India	Scheduled

Source: Collector, Anantapur

TABLE 13.3—LIFE INSURANCE BUSINESS

Year (1)	No. of Policy Holders (2)	Sum Assured (in Rupees) (3)
1957	2,557	89,32,500
1958	3,378	97,79,000
1959	3,556	1,14,34,650
1960	3,117	1,14,78,050
1961	3,576	1,15,76,900

Note: Particulars for the years 1951 to 1956 are not ascertainable
Source: Life Insurance Corporation of India

TABLE 13.4—ACHIEVEMENTS IN NATIONAL SMALL SAVINGS SCHEME

Year (1)	Target fixed (in Rupees) (2)	Investment secured (in Rupees) (3)
1957-58	30,00,000	16,02,245
1958-59	30,00,000	20,82,685
1959-60	30,00,000	18,42,285
1960-61	30,00,000	16,56,230
1961-62	30,00,000	7,79,382

Note: Figures furnished under column 3 have been compiled by the State Commissioner of National Savings based on the reports received from the District Collectors and may therefore vary from the Govt. of India's audited figures
Source: State Commissioner, National Savings, Hyderabad

TABLE SERIES 14—MARKETS
TABLE 14.1—LIST OF MARKETS

Name of Market (1)	Name of Town/Village in which market is located (2)	Main items of business (3)	Days of operation (4)
ANANTAPUR TALUK			
Shandy Market	Anantapur	Vegetables, food grains, fish and clothes	Friday
Daily Market	do	Vegetables	Daily
Meat and Fish Market	do	Meat and fish	Daily
Fruits Market	do	Mangoes, oranges, plantains etc.	Daily
Weekly Market	do	Sundry articles, vegetables, hides, yarn, clothes for rural folk, food grains	Friday
Narpala Market	Narpala	Sundry articles, food grains, clothes for rural folk	Saturday
KALYANDRUG TALUK			
Panchayat Market	Kalyandrug	Tamarind	Friday
RAYADRUG TALUK			
Rayadrug Market	Rayadrug	Tamarind, groundnut	Thursday
Hirehal Market	Hirehal	Kirana articles	Monday
Unthakal Market	Unthakal	do	Sunday
Kanekal market	Kanekal	do	Friday
URAVAKONDA INDEPENDENT SUB-TALUK			
Weekly Shandy	Uravakonda	Chillies, brinjals, onions, Handloom sarees	Monday
Weekly Shandy	Vajrakarur	do	Saturday
Weekly Shandy	Konakondla	do	Tuesday
GOOTY TALUK			
Beef Market	Guntakal	Beef selling	All days
Municipal Market	Thimmanacherla	Vegetables and food grains	Sunday
Weekly Market	Guntakal	All commodities such as grains, fruits and vegetables	Sunday
Mutton and Vegetable daily Market	Gooty	Mutton, vegetables and fruits	All days
Panchayat Market	Pamidi	Vegetables	Friday
TADPATRI TALUK			
Municipal Mutton Market	Tadpatri	Mutton	Daily
Weekly Market	Tadpatri	Vegetables, spices, fruits, pulses, etc.	Saturday
Municipal daily Market	Tadpatri	Vegetables and fruits	All days
Weekly Market	Yadiki	Vegetables, spices, clothes etc.	Monday
Weekly Market	Yellanuru	do	Friday
DHARMAVARAM TALUK			
Dharmavaram Market	Dharmavaram	Food grains, vegetables, fruits etc.	Monday
Perur Market	Perur	Vegetables and fruits	Sunday
Kanaganapalle Market	Kanaganapalle	do	Friday
Nyamaddala Market	Nyamaddala	do	Saturday
Chennekothapalle Market	Chennekothapalle	do	Thursday
Tadimarri Market	Tadimarri	do	Thursday
KADIRI TALUK			
Weekly Market	Kadiri	Food grains and vegetables	Sunday
Talupula Market	Talupula	do	Friday
Kokkanti Market	Kokkanti	do	Monday
Tanaka! Market	Tanaka!	do	Saturday
Reddipalle Market	Reddipalle	do	Thursday
Nallamada Market	Nallamada	do	Tuesday
Kondakamarla Market	Kondakamarla	do	Friday
Mohammadabad Market	Mohammadabad	do	Thursday
PENUKONDA TALUK			
Penukonda Market	Penukonda	Rice, Ragi, skins, vegetables, jaggery, onions, coconut, ghee, betel leaves, pots, sarees	Sunday

TABLE 14.1—LIST OF MARKETS—*concl.*

Name of Market (1)	Name of Town/Village in which market is located (2)	Main item of business (3)	Days of operation (4)
PENUKONDA TALUK— <i>concl.</i>			
Somandipalle Market	Somandipalle	Sarees, vegetables, skins, rice, ragi, betel leaves, jaggery	Thursday
Gutlur Market	Gutlur	Vegetables, ghee, clothes, sarees, ragi, jaggery	Wednesday
Bukkapatnam Market	Bukkapatnam	Rice, ragi, vegetables, coconut, betel leaves, ghee	Monday
Kothacheruvu Market	Kothacheruvu	do	Thursday
Pamudurthi Market	Pamudurthi	Clothes, pulses, vegetables, betel leaves, jaggery	Wednesday
HINDUPUR TALUK			
Weekly Shandy	Hindupur	Jaggery, tamarind and general business	Tuesday
Weekly Shandy	Hindupur	General business and cattle	Friday
Weekly Shandy	Chilamathur	General business	Saturday
Weekly Shandy	Kodur	do	Wednesday
Weekly Shandy	Gorantla	do	Sunday
MADAKASIRA TALUK			
Madakasira Market	Madakasira	Betel leaves, clay pots, clothes, onions, chillies etc.	Thursday
Amarapuram Market	Amarapuram	Betel leaves, coconuts, clothes, arecanut dry fish	Friday
Hemavathi Market	Hemavathi	Clothes, chillies, betel leaves etc.	Thursday
Gudibanda Market	Gudibanda	Sheep, raw leather, betel leaves, clothes	Wednesday
Agali Market	Agali	Betel leaves, sheep, coconut, clothes	Sunday
Ratnagiri Market	Ratnagiri	Clothes, chillies, betel leaves etc.	Saturday

Source : From the Taluk Tahsildars

Note : The figures given in a few Tables like Vital Statistics under Administrative Statistics are at variance with those given in the write up and the variations are due to the collection of information from different sources

PART II

A - SERIES

GENERAL POPULATION TABLES

ANANTAPUR DISTRICT
(TALUKWISE DENSITY OF POPULATION)

TABLE A-I

AREA, HOUSES AND POPULATION

This table, the basic population table, gives for each taluk as well as for the district and for each town in the taluk, area in square miles as well as in square kilometres, persons per square mile, number of villages inhabited and uninhabited, number of towns, number of occupied residential houses and population by persons, males and females. The figures have been given separately one below the other under Total, Rural and Urban. In this table as in all other tables, the taluks have been arranged in the order of the Location Code Numbers adopted in the 1961 Census and not in an alphabetical order. The eleven taluks in the district have been numbered off continuously in a clock-wise order starting from the headquarters taluk where the district headquarters is situated *i.e.*, from Anantapur Taluk as indicated below :

<i>Name of the taluk</i>	<i>Location Code Number</i>
Anantapur	... 1
Kalyandrug	... 2
Rayadrug	... 3
Uravakonda Independent Sub-Taluk	... 4
Gooty	... 5
Tadpatri	... 6
Dharmavaram	... 7
Kadiri	... 8
Penukonda	... 9
Hindupur	... 10
Madakasira	... 11

2. The Urban units (Towns) in each taluk have been allotted Code Numbers in Roman figures in a separate series. The taluk headquarters, if it is recognised as a town for the purpose of 1961 Census, has been allotted Location Code Number I and the remaining towns, if any, in the taluk have been numbered in a clock-wise order.

3. One of the main changes in the presentation of this table since the last Census is that the parti-

culars of each of the towns in the taluk are also given underneath the concerned taluk besides giving the number of inhabited and uninhabited villages against each taluk.

4. Area figures furnished for the district and the taluk by the State Survey Department and the area of towns furnished by the Local Authorities concerned have been shown generally under column 3(a) against the respective units. The Urban area of each taluk has been worked out by adding the areas of all the Urban units in the taluk and the Rural area of the taluk is obtained by deducting the Urban area of the taluk from the total area of the taluk.

The area in square kilometres under column 3(b) is obtained by converting the area corrected upto two places of decimals. The area figures for District Total/Rural/Urban, Taluk Total/Rural and for each town have been first converted separately. In order to tally the totals of all the taluks with the District total the converted Total/Rural/Urban area figures of the taluks have been either added or chopped off, on *prorata* basis according to area ratios of the taluks. The area of each town both in square miles under column 3(a) and in square kilometres under column 3(b) has been given upto second decimal place while the Total/Rural/Urban area of the Taluks as well as of district has been given only upto first decimal place.

The area of the district as furnished by the State Survey Department shown under column 3(a) differs from the area of the district furnished by the Surveyor General of India, shown against (x) in the column, due to the difference in the methods of computation.

5. The density of persons per square mile for the district and for each of the taluks and towns has been worked out by using the area figures corrected upto two places of decimals and not using the area figures given under column 3(a) of the table.

6. "Village" referred to in this table and in all other tables in this book is the Revenue administrative unit with definite boundaries. Village having

one or more groups of habitations is treated as an inhabited village and village with no habitations is treated as an uninhabited village. The number of inhabited and uninhabited villages in each taluk and in the district is shown under columns 5 and 6 of this table. In computing the number of villages in a taluk, the villages which are either completely included in an urban unit (Town) or hamlets to a main Revenue village, are not taken into account. All the Revenue villages within the taluk are demarcated and numbered off continuously from North-West to South-East. The number so assigned to each village is the 1961 Census Location Code Number, distinct from the Revenue Survey Number and will be referred to hereafter as the Location Code Number.

7. "Town" is a place of usually not less than 5,000 inhabitants possessing distinct urban characteristics and should also satisfy certain criteria prescribed. For recognition of any place as a town at the present Census it should be either covered by a City Corporation, Municipality or Cantonment Board or it should generally satisfy the following criteria :

- (i) It should have a minimum population of 5,000;
- (ii) The density of population should not be less than 1,000 per sq. mile; and
- (iii) At least 3/4 ths of the adult male population should be non-agricultural.

The total number of towns in each of the taluks and in the district is exhibited under column 7 of this table.

8. "House" is defined, for the purpose of 1961 Census, as a structure, or part of a structure, a dwelling, a shop, workshop, or a factory, place of business, a shop-cum-dwelling giving on the road or a common stair-case or a common court-yard, leading to a main gate or enjoying a separate entrance. Only houses used wholly or partly for the purpose of residence by one or more households are considered as residential houses and the number of such residential houses in the town/taluk/district have been given in column 8. Houses utilised wholly for purposes other than for

residence have not been taken into account in this table.

9. The total population, by persons, males and females for the district as well as for each taluk and town has been exhibited separately under columns 9, 10 and 11 in this table.

10. Besides the main table, there are also three Appendices to this table.

Appendix I : In this Appendix the growth of the district and the taluks to the present area since the last Census is traced by giving the territorial changes that have taken place during the last decade together with the names and areas involved in the changes. The net area gained or lost by each unit is also given in the Appendix. The list of villages transferred from one taluk to another after 1951 Census together with their Location Code Number assigned at the 1951 Census, Revenue Number and area in Sq. miles wherever available is given in the Annexure to this Appendix.

Appendix II : One of the criteria for a place to be declared as a town is that it should normally have a population of 5,000 and over. However, several places with a population of 5,000 and over did not qualify to be treated as towns while a few places with less than 5,000 population might have been treated as towns for good reasons at the present Census. This Appendix will give the number of such places with their population. There are no new towns recognised at this Census with less than 5,000 population in this district nor old towns under 5,000 population which have been declassified into rural at 1961 Census in this district.

Appendix III : This Appendix shows the talukwise figures for the Houseless population and the Institutional population separately. Houseless population consists of those people who have no fixed place of residence and no regular home to live in. Institutional population is a group of unrelated persons living and messing together under the management of a head of the Household appointed either by rules governing the institution or by common consent of its members. For the purpose of studying different characteristics this population is also included along with the Household population.

TABLE A-I

AREA, HOUSES AND POPULATION

District/Taluk/Town	Total Rural Urban	Area in		Population per Sq. mile	No. of Villages		No. of Towns	No. of Occupied Residential Houses	Population		
		Sq. miles	Sq. Km.		Inhabited	Uninhabited			Persons	Males	Females
1	2	3(a)	3(b)	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11
ANANTAPUR DISTRICT	T	(x) 7,385.0	(x) 19,127.0								
	R	(y) 7,388.0	(y) 19,134.9	239	922	31	14	332,226	1,767,464	908,254	859,210
	U	7,219.3	18,697.9	202	922	31	...	274,254	1,459,837	749,272	710,565
		168.7	437.0	1,823	...	...	14	57,972	307,627	158,982	148,645
1 Anantapur Taluk	T	926.0	2,398.3	238	114	4	1	41,327	220,706	114,807	105,899
	R	918.7	2,379.5	183	114	4	...	31,288	168,426	86,997	81,429
	U	7.3	18.8	7,211	...	...	1	10,039	52,280	27,810	24,470
I Anantapur (M)	U	7.25	18.78	7,211	...	...	1	10,039	52,280	27,810	24,470
2 Kalyandrug Taluk	T	821.0	2,126.4	172	74	...	1	25,098	141,394	73,312	68,082
	R	817.0	2,116.0	161	74	...	...	23,348	131,138	67,965	63,173
	U	4.0	10.4	2,564	...	...	1	1,750	10,256	5,347	4,909
I Kalyandrug (P)	U	4.00	10.36	2,564	...	...	1	1,750	10,256	5,347	4,909
3 Rayadrug Taluk	T	682.0	1,766.4	210	80	1	1	25,691	142,967	72,747	70,220
	R	662.7	1,716.3	180	80	1	...	21,759	119,188	60,547	58,641
	U	19.3	50.1	1,229	...	...	1	3,932	23,779	12,200	11,579
I Rayadrug (P)	U	19.35	50.12	1,229	...	...	1	3,932	23,779	12,200	11,579
4 Uravakonda Independent Sub-Taluk	T	413.1	1,070.0	239	48	...	1	17,809	98,655	50,072	48,583
	R	401.4	1,039.7	201	48	...	...	14,609	80,729	40,921	39,808
	U	11.7	30.3	1,533	...	...	1	3,200	17,926	9,151	8,775
I Uravakonda (P)	U	11.69	30.28	1,533	...	...	1	3,200	17,926	9,151	8,775
5 Gooty Taluk	T	482.9	1,250.7	331	84	...	3	30,816	159,706	81,808	77,898
	R	437.2	1,132.3	192	84	...	...	15,939	83,850	42,715	41,135
	U	45.7	118.4	1,659	...	...	3	14,877	75,856	39,093	36,763
I Gooty (P)	U	13.50	34.96	1,412	...	...	1	3,586	19,057	9,815	9,242
II Pamidi (P)	U	12.18	31.55	716	...	...	1	1,698	8,716	4,397	4,319
III Guntakal (M)	U	20.04	51.90	2,399	...	...	1	9,593	48,083	24,881	23,202
6 Tadpatri Taluk	T	641.0	1,660.2	241	96	...	2	29,214	154,208	78,743	75,465
	R	615.0	1,592.7	198	96	...	...	23,067	121,803	62,292	59,511
	U	26.0	67.5	1,244	...	...	2	6,147	32,405	16,451	15,954
I Tadpatri (M)	U	2.87	7.43	8,059	...	...	1	4,406	23,129	11,672	11,457
II Yadiki (P)	U	23.18	60.04	400	...	...	1	1,741	9,276	4,779	4,497
7 Dharmavaram Taluk	T	736.0	1,906.2	188	62	...	1	26,392	138,529	70,861	67,668
	R	721.9	1,869.8	164	62	...	...	22,535	118,124	60,343	57,781
	U	14.1	36.4	1,451	...	...	1	3,857	20,405	10,518	9,887
I Dharmavaram (P)	U	14.06	36.42	1,451	...	...	1	3,857	20,405	10,518	9,887
8 Kadiri Taluk	T	1,157.0	2,996.6	217	139	5	1	49,900	250,976	129,436	121,540
	R	1,136.4	2,943.4	199	139	5	...	45,031	226,669	117,024	109,645
	U	20.6	53.2	1,182	...	...	1	4,869	24,307	12,412	11,895
I Kadiri (P)	U	20.56	53.25	1,182	...	...	1	4,869	24,307	12,412	11,895
9 Penukonda Taluk	T	682.0	1,766.4	207	97	7	1	27,305	141,463	72,623	68,840
	R	678.0	1,756.0	197	97	7	...	25,819	133,470	68,441	65,029
	U	4.0	10.4	1,998	...	...	1	1,486	7,993	4,182	3,811
I Penukonda (P)	U	4.00	10.36	1,998	...	...	1	1,486	7,993	4,182	3,811
10 Hindupur Taluk	T	430.0	1,113.7	425	77	9	1	33,678	182,934	94,251	88,683
	R	427.5	1,107.2	352	77	9	...	27,818	150,489	77,568	72,921
	U	2.5	6.5	12,978	...	...	1	5,860	32,445	16,683	15,762
I Hindupur (M)	U	2.50	6.47	12,978	...	...	1	5,860	32,445	16,683	15,762

TABLE A-I—(Concl'd.)

AREA, HOUSES AND POPULATION

District/Taluk/Town	Total Rural Urban	Area in		Population per Sq. mile	No. of Villages		No. of Towns	No. of Occupied Residential Houses	Population		
		Sq. miles	Sq. Km.		Inhabited	Uninhabited			Persons	Males	Females
1	2	3(a)	3(b)	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11
11 Madakasira Taluk	T	417.0	1,080.0	326	51	5	1	24,996	135,926	69,594	66,332
	R	403.5	1,045.0	312	51	5	...	23,041	125,951	64,459	61,492
	U	13.5	35.0	737	...	...	1	1,955	9,975	5,135	4,840
I Madakasira (P)	U	13.53	35.04	737	...	...	1	1,955	9,975	5,135	4,840

- Under columns 3(a) and 3(b) (x) represents the area figures furnished by Surveyor General of India, and (y) represents the area figures furnished by the State Survey Department. The urban areas are based on the area of individual towns furnished by the Local Authorities. The rural area for a District/Taluk is obtained by subtracting from the State Survey area, the urban area.
- The Sq. Km. and density figures of urban areas of Taluk/District are worked out using the area figures corrected upto two places of decimal obtained by adding the areas of the towns in the respective units and not using the area figures given in the table. In addition to this the area figures relating to Sq. Km. are further adjusted to make the Taluk/District totals tally.
- The following abbreviations have been used for the Status of a town:- M: Municipality, P: Panchayat

APPENDIX I TO TABLE A-I

Statement showing the 1951 Territorial Units constituting the present set-up of each taluk of Anantapur District and details of net area gain or loss in the changed Territories during the decade 1951-1961

(Only those names/areas which have undergone changes since 1951 have been shown in this Appendix.)

District/Taluk	1951 Territorial units	Details of gain in territories			Details of loss in territories			Net area (Gain '+' Loss '-')	
		Brief description	Area		Brief description	Area		Sq. miles	Sq. Km.
			Sq. miles	Sq. Km.		Sq. miles	Sq. Km.		
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10
ANANTAPUR DISTRICT	ANANTAPUR DISTRICT	Rayadrug Taluk of Bellary District of Madras State	682.0	1,766.4	...	...	...	+ 682.0	+ 1,766.4
Uravakonda Independent Sub-Taluk*		(1) Newly formed by 49 villages transferred from Gooty Taluk	408.8	1,058.7	...	...	...	+ 408.8	+ 1,058.7
Gooty Taluk	Gooty Taluk	...	...	...	(2) 49 villages transferred to newly constituted Uravakonda Independent Sub-Taluk	408.8	1,058.7	- 408.8	- 1,058.7

*The area of Uravakonda Independent Sub-Taluk according to the revised computation is 413.1 Sq. miles.

ANNEXURE TO APPENDIX I

Showing the particulars of the villages involved in changes of territories included in Cols. 3 and 6 of Appendix I

Symbol No.	Name of Village	Location Code No. at 1951 Census	Revenue No.	Area (wherever available) in Sq. miles
1	2	3	4	5
(1)	1 Donekal . . .	20	1	10.91
	2 Kadadarabench . . .	21	2	3.13
	3 Godekal . . .	22	3	11.49
	4 Hanchanahal . . .	23	4	8.78
	5 Konakondla . . .	24	48	22.52
	6 Chayapuram . . .	25	...	N.A.
	7 Vidupanakal . . .	35	12	21.05
	8 Velpumadugu . . .	36	10	16.57
	9 Malapuram . . .	37	11	5.33
	10 Neelluleni Thimmapuram . . .	38	9	3.57
	11 Poliki . . .	39	5	10.34
	12 Gulapalyam . . .	40	47	8.33
	13 Kamalapadu . . .	41	46	9.12
	14 Havaligi . . .	56	13	16.78
	15 Karakamukkala . . .	57	14	8.03
	16 Chabala . . .	58	8	14.52
	17 Gadehothur . . .	59	6	7.44
	18 Chinnahothur . . .	60	7	4.43
	19 Pottipadu . . .	61	44	3.41
	20 Vajrakarur . . .	62	45	17.58
	21 Palthuru . . .	80	15	16.15
	22 Cheekalagurki . . .	81	16	6.63
	23 Veligonda . . .	82	17	4.61
	24 Ganjikunta . . .	83	43	5.85
	25 Thatrakal . . .	84	42	9.51
	26 Undabanda . . .	92	19	6.80
	27 Budagavi . . .	93	18	5.91
	28 Ragulapadu . . .	94	41	4.25
	29 Kadamalakunta . . .	95	40	4.53
	30 Pedda Chinna Pyapili . . .	96	29/1	15.37
	31 Pandikunta . . .	97	38	14.05
	32 Uravakonda . . .	102	29	11.69
	33 Nerimetla . . .	110	20	3.83
	34 Rayampalle . . .	111	21	4.79
	35 Renimakulapalle . . .	112	22	2.95
	36 Lathavaram . . .	113	31	6.27
	37 Venkatampalle . . .	114	39	5.47
	38 Shaiksanipalle . . .	123	32	4.86
	39 Konapuram . . .	124	28	2.23
	40 Pennahobilam . . .	125	27	3.59
	41 Racherla . . .	126	33	3.12
	42 Peddamustur . . .	130	29/2	4.43
	43 Chinnamustur . . .	131	30	3.48
	44 Nimbagallu . . .	132	23	7.59
	45 Katrimala . . .	133	35	6.38
	46 Mopidi . . .	134	25	5.32
	47 Rampuram . . .	135	34	13.66
	48 Indravathi . . .	136	24	3.05
	49 Amidala . . .	137	26	19.06

(2) As against symbol number (1)

APPENDIX II TO TABLE A-I

Number of Villages with a Population of 5,000 and over and Towns with a Population under 5,000

(Units of Territory which have nothing to show for this statement have been excluded)

District/Taluk	Villages with a Population of 5,000 and over			Towns with a Population of under 5,000		
	Number of Villages	Population	Percentage to total Rural Population of the District	Number of Towns	Population	Percentage to total Urban Population of the District
1	2	3	4	5	6	7
ANANTAPUR DISTRICT	22	135,607	9.29	...	...	...
Anantapur Taluk	1	5,270	0.36	...	...	...
Kalyandrug Taluk	2	11,427	0.78	...	...	...
Rayadrug Taluk	1	7,454	0.51	...	...	...
Uravakonda Independent Sub-Taluk	2	12,819	0.88	...	...	...
Tadpatri Taluk	1	5,513	0.38	...	...	...
Kadiri Taluk	5	30,759	2.11	...	...	...
Penukonda Taluk	3	19,578	1.34	...	...	...
Hindupur Taluk	5	30,550	2.09	...	...	...
Madakasira Taluk	2	12,237	0.84	...	...	...

APPENDIX III TO TABLE A-I

Houseless and Institutional Population

District/Taluk	Total Rural Urban	Houseless Population			Institutional Population		
		Persons	Males	Females	Persons	Males	Females
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8
ANANTAPUR DISTRICT	T	6,835	3,734	3,101	5,204	4,519	685
	R	5,921	3,166	2,755	1,514	1,437	77
	U	914	568	346	3,690	3,082	608
1 Anantapur Taluk	T	1,148	684	464	2,420	2,081	339
	R	897	497	400	750	741	9
	U	251	187	64	1,670	1,340	330
2 Kalyandrug Taluk	T	451	237	214	276	247	29
	R	432	227	205	161	149	12
	U	19	10	9	115	98	17
3 Rayadrug Taluk	T	484	258	226	263	232	31
	R	468	249	219	68	54	14
	U	16	9	7	195	178	17
4 Uravakonda Independent Sub-Taluk	T	163	75	88	226	214	12
	R	160	73	87	42	30	12
	U	3	2	1	184	184	...
5 Gooty Taluk	T	414	231	183	479	393	86
	R	263	140	123	5	3	2
	U	151	91	60	474	390	84
6 Tadpatri Taluk	T	547	308	239	190	169	21
	R	333	188	145	23	13	10
	U	214	120	94	167	156	11
7 Dharmavaram Taluk	T	402	223	179	133	119	14
	R	358	200	158	16	15	1
	U	44	23	21	117	104	13
8 Kadiri Taluk	T	1,869	994	875	205	116	89
	R	1,840	978	862	30	29	1
	U	29	16	13	175	87	88
9 Penukonda Taluk	T	410	208	202	127	114	13
	R	393	197	196	34	31	3
	U	17	11	6	93	83	10
10 Hindupur Taluk	T	630	342	288	695	668	27
	R	503	270	233	342	338	4
	U	127	72	55	353	330	23
11 Madakasira Taluk	T	317	174	143	190	166	24
	R	274	147	127	43	34	9
	U	43	27	16	147	132	15

TABLE A-II

VARIATION IN POPULATION DURING SIXTY YEARS (1901-1961)

This table compares the population of the district as ascertained at the 1961 Census with the corresponding figures for the six previous Censuses *i.e.*, from 1901. The figures revealed at the previous Census have been adjusted for subsequent territorial changes in order to afford a correct basis for comparison.

2. As this table gives the growth of population from decade to decade, this data forms the main source for the estimation of population in the absence of reliable Vital Statistics. One of the main changes in the presentation of this table since the last Census is that the percentage of variation is also given from decade to decade. The variation of males and females from decade to decade has been omitted at the present Census.

3. During the last decade Rayadrug Taluk of Bellary District measuring 682.0 Sq. miles was

added to the contiguous Anantapur District, as a result of the formation of a separate Andhra State in 1953. There have been no other inter district territorial changes affecting this district during the decade 1951 to 1961.

4. During the decade, Gooty Taluk has been bifurcated and constituted into Gooty Taluk and Uravakonda Independent Sub-Taluk. For details please refer to Appendix I to Table A-I.

5. Appendix to this table shows the 1951 population according to their territorial jurisdiction in 1951, changes in area and the population involved in the changes that have taken place during the last decade. The details of transfers of areas in each case together with the names and area in Sq. miles and the number and date of Notification of each transfer to the extent available are also given in the foot note.

TABLE A-II
VARIATION IN POPULATION DURING SIXTY YEARS (1901-1961)

District	Year	Persons	Decade variation	Percentage decade variation	Males	Females
1	2	3	4	5	6	7
ANANTAPUR	1901	1,025,322	...	...	525,138	500,184
	1911	1,053,449	+ 28,127	+ 2.74	540,198	513,251
	1921	1,040,166	— 13,283	— 1.26	535,399	504,767
	1931	1,138,081	+ 97,915	+ 9.41	584,428	553,653
	1941	1,273,079	+ 134,998	+ 11.86	655,649	617,430
	1951	1,483,591	+ 210,512	+ 16.54	763,379	720,212
	1961	1,767,464	+ 283,873	+ 19.13	908,254	859,210

APPENDIX TO TABLE A-II

Statement showing 1951 Population according to their Territorial Jurisdiction in 1951, changes in Area and Population involved in those changes

District/Taluk	Area in 1961		1961 Population	Area in 1951		1951 Population according to jurisdiction prevailing in 1951	Population in 1951 adjusted to jurisdiction of 1961	Net increase or decrease between Cols. 7 and 8
	Sq. miles	Sq. Km.		Sq. miles	Sq. Km.			
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9
ANANTAPUR	7,388.0	19,134.9	1,767,464	6,706.0 (+682.0)	17,368.5 (+1,766.4)	1,361,556 (+122,035)	1,483,591	+ 122,035
1 Anantapur Taluk	926.0	2,398.3	220,706	926.0	2,398.3	164,703	164,703	...
2 Kalyandrug Taluk	821.0	2,126.4	141,394	821.0	2,126.4	118,394	118,394	...
3 Rayadrug Taluk (a)	682.0	1,766.4	142,967	682.0	1,766.4	122,035	122,035	...
4 Uravakonda Ind. Sub-Tk. (b)	413.1	1,070.0	98,655	... (+413.1)	... (+1,070.0)	... (+91,539)	91,539	+ 91,539
5 Gooty Taluk	482.9	1,250.7	159,706	896.0 (-413.1)	2,320.7 (-1,070.0)	214,851 (-91,539)	123,312	— 91,539
6 Tadpatri Taluk	641.0	1,660.2	154,208	641.0	1,660.2	132,794	132,794	...
7 Dharmavaram Taluk	736.0	1,906.2	138,529	736.0	1,906.2	114,812	114,812	...
8 Kadiri Taluk	1,157.0	2,996.6	250,976	1,157.0	2,996.6	219,112	219,112	...
9 Penukonda Taluk	682.0	1,766.4	141,463	682.0	1,766.4	123,349	123,349	...
10 Hindupur Taluk	430.0	1,113.7	182,934	430.0	1,113.7	153,332	153,332	...
11 Madakasira Taluk	417.0	1,080.0	135,926	417.0	1,080.0	120,209	120,209	...

(a) Rayadrug Taluk with an area 682.0 Sq. miles of Bellary District of Madras State was transferred to this district under Andhra State Act, 1953.

(b) Uravakonda Independent Sub-Taluk was newly constituted by 49 villages transferred from Gooty Taluk.

NOTE: 1. Area figures furnished in columns 2 and 5 are according to State Survey Department and they are according to the jurisdiction prevailing in 1961 and 1951 respectively.

2. The figures given in brackets in columns 5 and 6 represent the difference in area between 1951 and 1961 and the figures in brackets in column 7 show the difference in population between the areas as per the jurisdiction in 1951 and the present jurisdiction.

3. The difference of area in 1951-61 given under columns 5 and 6 of this appendix does not agree with the area given in columns 9 and 10 of Appendix I to Table A-I on account of revised computation.

TABLE A-III

VILLAGES CLASSIFIED BY POPULATION

This table shows the total number of inhabited villages in the district, arranged on population basis under the following groups :-

- 1 Less than 200 population
- 2 200—499
- 3 500—999
- 4 1,000—1,999
- 5 2,000—4,999
- 6 5,000—9,999
- 7 10,000 and above

2. The villages which are either uninhabited or wholly included in Urban units have not been taken into account in this table. The following statement gives at a glance the break-up of all the

inhabited villages of Anantapur District classified by Population into four broad groups viz.,

<i>Class</i>	<i>Number of inhabited villages</i>
Villages with population	
Less than 499	. 172
500—1,999	. 492
2,000—4,999	. 236
5,000 and above	. 22
Total inhabited villages	922

3. For the definition of “village” and “inhabited village” see fly leaf to Table A-1.

TABLE A-III
VILLAGES CLASSIFIED BY POPULATION

District/Taluk	Total No. of inhabited Villages	I—Villages with less than 2,000 Population									
		Less than 200				200—499				500—999	
		Total Rural Population		Population		Population		Population		Population	
		Persons	Males	Females	No.	Males	Females	No.	Males	Females	No.
1 ANANTAPUR DISTRICT	2	1,459,837	749,272	710,565	54	2,846	2,641	118	23,090	21,309	187
1 Anantapur Taluk	114	168,426	86,997	81,429	6	321	274	10	2,190	1,588	24
2 Kalyandrug Taluk	74	131,138	67,965	63,173	3	163	143	5	1,009	862	8
3 Rayadurg Taluk	80	119,188	60,547	58,641	2	150	158	12	2,504	2,418	18
4 Uravakonda Ind. Sub-Tk.	48	80,729	40,921	39,808	2	42	38	5	1,025	1,033	9
5 Gooty Taluk	84	83,850	42,715	41,135	4	336	317	21	3,876	3,678	30
6 Tadpatri Taluk	96	121,803	62,292	59,511	6	333	309	14	2,792	2,578	23
7 Dharmavaram Taluk	62	118,124	60,343	57,781	3	113	124	5	980	937	5
8 Kadiri Taluk	139	226,669	117,024	109,645	7	274	271	22	4,264	4,015	29
9 Penukonda Taluk	97	133,470	68,441	65,029	8	412	380	13	2,401	2,248	27
10 Hindupur Taluk	77	150,489	77,568	72,921	9	443	378	10	1,786	1,716	10
11 Madakasira Taluk	51	125,951	64,459	61,492	4	259	249	1	263	236	4

TABLE A-III—Concl'd.

VILLAGES CLASSIFIED BY POPULATION

District/Taluk	Total No. of inhabited Villages	II—Villages with a Population of 2,000—9,999									
		2,000—4,999				5,000—9,999				10,000 and above	
		Population		Population		Population		Population		Population	
		No.	Males	Females	No.	Males	Females	No.	Males	Females	No.
1 ANANTAPUR DISTRICT	305	226,400	215,984	236	356,122	337,529	22	69,844	65,763	24	...
1 Anantapur Taluk	48	35,071	33,575	25	37,321	34,942	1	2,669	2,601	...	...
2 Kalyandrug Taluk	31	23,331	21,973	25	34,433	31,750	2	5,940	5,487	...	...
3 Rayadurg Taluk	27	18,984	18,344	20	28,258	27,294	1	3,773	3,681	...	...
4 Uravakonda Ind. Sub-Tk.	21	14,712	14,126	9	15,115	14,881	2	6,526	6,293	...	...
5 Gooty Taluk	20	14,738	13,897	9	13,049	12,829	...	...	...	...	...
6 Tadpatri Taluk	37	26,551	25,373	15	21,353	20,532	1	2,803	2,710	...	...
7 Dharmavaram Taluk	24	19,477	18,575	25	37,729	36,223	...	...	...	...	...
8 Kadiri Taluk	38	28,822	27,333	38	56,987	53,077	5	16,014	14,745	...	...
9 Penukonda Taluk	31	21,909	21,007	15	23,104	21,803	3	10,005	9,573	...	...
10 Hindupur Taluk	15	12,391	11,691	28	43,172	40,694	5	15,814	14,736	...	...
11 Madakasira Taluk	13	10,414	10,090	27	45,601	43,504	2	6,300	5,937	...	...

TABLE A-IV

**TOWNS (AND TOWN-GROUPS) CLASSIFIED BY POPULATION
IN 1961 WITH VARIATION SINCE 1941**

This table shows the growth of each Town since 1941. The civic status, area both in Sq. miles and Sq. Kilometres, population with sex break-up, decade variation in total population and percentage of decade variation have been given for every Town in the district.

2. For the definition of "Town" and "Town-group" see fly leaf to Table A-I.

3. The Towns have been classified into six classes according to their population in the latest Census as detailed below :—

<i>Class</i>	<i>Limits of Population</i>
I	100,000 and above
II	50,000-99,999
III	20,000-49,999
IV	10,000-19,999
V	5,000- 9,999
VI	Less than 5,000

Class I Towns with a population 100,000 and above have been treated as Cities. The total number of Towns under each class in the district at 1961 Census are given below :—

<i>Class</i>	<i>Number of Towns</i>
I	Nil
II	1
III	6
IV	3
V	4
VI	Nil

Total Towns: 14

4. Bukkapatnam is the only town of 1951 Census deleted in the present Census in this district. No new place has been treated as a town for the first time at 1961 Census in this district.

5. Since the prime purpose of this table is to show the growth of towns as towns and not how certain places have grown into towns from villages, the population of a place which at any particular Census year was not treated as a town is not given in this table. The population of towns at each of the last seven Census years *i. e.*, since 1901 is, however, given in Table A-IV in Part II-A, General Population Tables of Andhra Pradesh (State Volume). The population of towns for previous Censuses are those then recorded. No adjustments have been made for intervening changes in area.

6. The civic status of the town *i.e.*, whether the town is a Municipality or a Panchayat is indicated after the name of the town by the abbreviations M or P according to the status of the town.

7. One of the main changes in the presentation of this table from the last Census is that the areas of towns and the percentage of decade variation of the total population of the towns have also been given.

8. The Appendix to this table gives the names of towns treated as such at the present Census together with the names of villages either fully or partly included in them.

TABLE A-IV
TOWNS (AND TOWN-GROUPS) CLASSIFIED BY POPULATION
IN 1961 WITH VARIATION SINCE 1941

Name of Town	Status of Town	Name of Taluk	Year	Area in		Persons	Decade variation	Percentage decade variation	Males	Females
				Sq. miles	Sq. Km.					
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11
CLASS—II (50,000—99,999) 1 Town										
Anantapur	M.	Anantapur	1941	...	...	21,482	...	...	11,540	9,942
			1951	...	...	31,952	+ 10,470	+ 48.74	17,025	14,927
			1961	7.25	18.78	52,280	+ 20,328	+ 63.62	27,810	24,470
CLASS—III (20,000—49,999) 6 Towns										
Guntakal	M.	Gooty	1941	...	...	20,414	...	...	10,303	10,111
			1951	...	...	31,341	+ 10,927	+ 53.53	15,878	15,463
			1961	20.04	51.90	48,083	+ 16,742	+ 53.42	24,881	23,202
Hindupur	M.	Hindupur	1941	...	...	19,049	...	...	9,790	9,259
			1951	...	...	24,438	+ 5,389	+ 28.29	12,622	11,816
			1961	2.50	6.47	32,445	+ 8,007	+ 32.76	16,683	15,762
Kadiri	P.	Kadiri	1941	...	...	11,885	...	...	5,954	5,931
			1951	...	...	20,354	+ 8,469	+ 71.26	10,477	9,877
			1961	20.56	53.25	24,307	+ 3,953	+ 19.42	12,412	11,895
Rayadrug	P.	Rayadrug	1941	...	...	16,033	...	...	8,223	7,810
			1951	...	...	19,738	+ 3,705	+ 23.11	10,187	9,551
			1961	19.35	50.12	23,779	+ 4,041	+ 20.47	12,200	11,579
Tadpatri	M.	Tadpatri	1941	...	...	15,184	...	...	7,737	7,447
			1951	...	...	19,369	+ 4,185	+ 27.56	9,924	9,445
			1961	2.87	7.43	23,129	+ 3,760	+ 19.41	11,672	11,457
Dharmavaram	P.	Dharmavaram	1941	...	...	12,087	...	...	6,101	5,986
			1951	...	...	14,703	+ 2,616	+ 21.64	7,642	7,061
			1961	14.06	36.42	20,405	+ 5,702	+ 38.78	10,518	9,887
CLASS—IV (10,000—19,999) 3 Towns										
Gooty	P.	Gooty	1941	...	...	12,333	...	...	6,416	5,917
			1951	...	...	15,437	+ 3,104	+ 25.17	8,088	7,349
			1961	13.50	34.96	19,057	+ 3,620	+ 23.45	9,815	9,242
Uravakonda	P.	Uravakonda	1941	...	...	11,125	...	...	5,654	5,471
			1951	...	...	16,662	+ 5,537	+ 49.77	8,588	8,074
			1961	11.69	30.28	17,926	+ 1,264	+ 7.59	9,151	8,775
Kalyandrug	P.	Kalyandrug	1941	...	...	5,984	...	...	3,133	2,851
			1951	...	...	8,163	+ 2,179	+ 36.41	4,319	3,844
			1961	4.00	10.36	10,256	+ 2,093	+ 25.64	5,347	4,909

TABLE A-IV—(Concl'd.)

TOWNS (AND TOWN-GROUPS) CLASSIFIED BY POPULATION
IN 1961 WITH VARIATION SINCE 1941

Name of Town	Status of Town	Name of Taluk	Year	Area in		Persons	Decade variation	Percentage decade variation	Males	Females
				Sq. miles	Sq. Km.					
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11
CLASS-V (5,000-9,999) 4 Towns										
Madakasira	P.	Madakasira	1941	...	...	5,334	...	...	2,702	2,632
			1951	...	...	6,568	+ 1,234	+ 23.13	3,368	3,200
			1961	13.53	35.04	9,975	+ 3,407	+ 51.87	5,135	4,840
Yadiki	P.	Tadpatri	1941							
			1951	...	...	7,994	...	...	4,109	3,885
			1961	23.18	60.04	9,276	+ 1,282	+ 16.04	4,779	4,497
Pamidi	P.	Gooty	1941	...	...	5,807	...	...	2,888	2,919
			1951	...	...	6,473	+ 666	+ 11.47	3,265	3,208
			1961	12.18	31.55	8,716	+ 2,243	+ 34.65	4,397	4,319
Penukonda	P.	Penukonda	1941	...	...	5,906	...	...	3,068	2,838
			1951	...	...	6,880	+ 974	+ 16.49	3,625	3,255
			1961	4.00	10.36	7,993	+ 1,113	+ 16.18	4,182	3,811

The following abbreviations have been used for the status of a town :- M : Municipality, P : Panchayat.

APPENDIX TO TABLE A-IV

Statement showing the constituent Villages of each of the Towns at 1961 Census

Name of Taluk	Name of Town	Area in Sq. miles at 1961 Census	Fully included villages with Location Code Nos. assigned at 1961 Census			Partly included villages with Location Code Nos. assigned at 1961 Census		
			Location Code No.	Name of village	Area in Sq. miles	Location Code No.	Name of village	Area in Sq. miles
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9
ANANTAPUR	Anantapur	7.25				60	Papampeta	1.34
						80	Anantapur	4.34
						81	Kakkalapalle	1.57
KALYANDRUG	Kalyandrug	4.00				23	Kalyandrug	4.00
RAYADRUG	Rayadrug	19.35	62	Rayadrug	19.35			
URAVAKONDA	Uravakonda	11.69	33	Uravakonda	11.69			
GOOTY	Gooty	13.50	27	Chetnepalle	4.69	50	Gooty	8.81
	Pamidi	12.18	66	Pamidi	12.18			
	Guntakal	20.04	2	Timmanacherla	5.98	1	Guntakal	14.06
TADPATRI	Tadpatri	2.87				47	Tadpatri	N.A.
						48	Nandalapadu	N.A.
	Yadiki	23.18	58	Yadiki	23.18			
DHARMAVARAM	Dharmavaram	14.06	42	Dharmavaram	14.06			
KADIRI	Kadiri	20.56	55	Kutagulla	8.00	57	Kadiri	10.34
			56	Saidapuram	2.22			
PENUKONDA	Penukonda	4.00				27	Penukonda	4.00
HINDUPUR	Hindupur	2.50				18	Hindupur	2.00
						30	Srikantapuram	0.50
MADAKASIRA	Madakasira	13.53	45	Mallinayakanahalle	1.88			
			46	Madakasira	11.65			

VILLAGE AND TOWN DIRECTORY

VILLAGE AND TOWN DIRECTORY

This Directory renders an account of each village, as also each ward and each Enumerator's Block of a town. It gives the Location Code number and name of each village/town, area of the village/town, and where inhabited, the number of Occupied Residential Houses, Census Households, Total Population, Population of Scheduled Castes and Scheduled Tribes, Literate Population and Workers classified into the following nine Industrial categories of Workers, and the Non-Workers :—

- I Cultivator
- II Agricultural Labourer
- III Mining, Quarrying, Livestock, Forestry, Fishing, Hunting and Plantations, Orchards and Allied activities
- IV Household Industry
- V Manufacturing other than Household Industry
- VI Construction
- VII Trade and Commerce
- VIII Transport, Storage and Communications
- IX Other Services; and
- X Non-Workers

2. The data is presented talukwise, first for the Rural portion in the 'Village Directory' and next for the Urban portion in the 'Town Directory'. In the Village Directory the villages have been arranged in the ascending order of the Location Code Numbers assigned to the villages within the taluk and in the Town Directory in the ascending order of Location Code Numbers assigned to the towns in the Taluk and also by each Ward and Enumerator's Block in the ascending order. A taluk map given at the beginning of the Village Directory of each taluk showing the Location Code Numbers of each village and town and other particulars will help the easy location of the villages.

3. In the Village Directory, villages uninhabited and villages that have been completely merged in towns have been indicated accordingly. In respect of villages which are partly included within the town limits and partly fall outside the town limits, the particulars for that portion included in the town limits *i.e.*, 'Urban Portion' are clubbed with the particulars of the town and given in the Town Directory and for that portion outside the town limits *i.e.*, 'Rural Portion' the data is given in the Village

Directory along with other villages. The term 'R' is indicated immediately after the name of villages to make the position clear. In the presentation of data for the towns, particulars have been exhibited in ascending order of Municipal Wards or blocks and also by Enumerator's Block and not according to the villages constituent in the town. In order each Enumerator's Block may be located, the jurisdiction of each Block *i.e.*, the houses covered each Enumerator's Block in towns are indicated at the beginning of the Town Directory.

4. Under column 8 the area is given for the villages and towns in square miles based on the information furnished by the State Central Survey Office, Tahsildars and by the Municipal authorities concerned. In respect of certain villages where the particulars are not available, it has been shown 'N. A.'. As the area of a taluk comprises not only the area of the villages, but also the area of Reserved Forests *etc.*, within the taluk, the area of all villages put together may not be equal to the area of the taluk.

5. Under columns 9 to 41 the Total population, Scheduled Castes and Scheduled Tribes population, Literate population, total number of Workers under each of the nine categories and Non-Workers given by sex for each village/town.

6. The taluk map found at the beginning of the Village Directory of each taluk shows the boundaries of each village and town, the important roads and railway lines lying, the rivers, if any, running in the taluk. In this map the Location Code Number of each village is shown and the names of towns and villages having more than 5,000 population, important tourist centres and places of great religious importance *etc.*, if any, are given. Urban areas have been shown by shading the area covered. Uninhabited villages, villages by different sizes of population *i.e.*, below 2,000, 2,000–4,999, 5,000 and above are shown by distinct different designs. An alphabetical list of villages with the Census Location Code Numbers indicated against them is given after the Taluk map and before the Village Directory. This list enables one to find out the Location Code Number of any village and thereafter to get the required particulars of the village from the Village Directory.

7. The information relating to Educational facilities, Medical and Public Health facilities, Drinking water facilities, Communication and Transport facilities and Electrification is also given villagewise in this section for the first time besides the population data. These facilities are shown by symbols as explained below immediately after the names of the villages under columns 3 to 7.

(i) *Educational facilities are shown by the following symbols under Col. 3:-*

P: Primary School

M: Middle School

H: High School

C: Higher Institutions including Colleges

T: Technical Institutions

(ii) *Medical and Public Health facilities are shown by the following symbols under Col. 4 :-*

D: Dispensaries

Rhc: Rural Health Centres

Hos: Hospitals

Mcw: Maternity Child Welfare Centres

(iii) *Drinking water facilities are shown by the following symbols under Col. 5 :-*

S: Safe or Protected Water supply including Tube wells etc.

W: Well

Tk: Tank

Riv: River

(iv) *Communication and transport facilities are shown by the following symbols under Col. 6 :-*

Po: Post Office

To: Telegraph Office and Public Call Office

Rh: Rest Houses and Choultries

R: Road

Rly: Railway

(v) *Electrification facilities are shown by the following symbols under Col. 7 :-*

E: Electricity

E(I): Electricity in Industrial use

E(A): Electricity in Agricultural use

E(D): Electricity in Domestic use.

Where figures like 5P, 2H etc., occur they denote that the village or town has 5 Primary Schools, 2 High Schools etc.

8. Besides presenting the information relating to the above facilities in the Village/Town Directory, certain other important particulars viz., sources of irrigation, crops raised, value of land, Co-operative Societies, Police Stations, Veterinary Hospitals, Reading Rooms, Places of Public Entertainments (Cinemas), Industrial Establishments and Rural Handicrafts are also given talukwise in separate Sub-Tables immediately after the Town Directory.

9. In the Sub-Table relating to the sources of irrigation, crops raised and value of land, the particulars relating to the high and low prices of dry and wet land, the various important crops raised and the sources of irrigation are given villagewise. Only the Location Code Numbers have been given in the Sub-Table without giving the names of the villages. Villages having land of same value are grouped together. The following abbreviations are used in this Sub-Table :

Cereals

A: Arika

J: Jonna or Cholan or Jowar

K: Korra

P: Paddy

R: Ragi

S: Sajja or Cumbu

Sa: Samai

Pulses

Bg: Bengal Gram

Gg: Green Gram

Hg: Horse Gram

Rg: Red Gram

Other Crops

Bl: Betel vines

C: Cotton

Ch: Chillies

Other Crops (Contd.)

Cor: Coriander

Cs: Castor Seeds

G: Groundnut

Gi: Gingelly

O: Onions

Su: Sugar Cane

T: Tobacco

Tu: Turmeric

Irrigation sources

C: Canal or Nala

Riv: River

Sc: Spring channel

Sw: Spring well

Tk: Tank

Tw: Tube well

W: Well

10. In the Sub-Table relating to Co-operative Societies the various types of Co-operative Societies functioning in each village have been presented in the same manner as the Sub-Table relating to Indus-

trial Establishments referred to in the previous para. The data for the district is given in the beginning followed by the particulars relating to taluk. The abbreviations used for the different types of Co-operative Societies are given below. If a village is served by a Co-operative Society of another village it has been indicated accordingly.

Co-operative Societies

ACCS	Arts College Co-operative Society
CCS	Credit Co-operative Society
CS	Co-operative Society
DPCS	Depressed Class Co-operative Society
ECCS	Engineering College Co-operative Society
ECS	Employees Co-operative Society
FCS	Forest Co-operative Society
FLCS	Field Labourers Co-operative Society
FICS	Fishermen Co-operative Society
HBCS	House Building Co-operative Society
HCS	Health Co-operative Society
LCCS	Labour Contract Co-operative Society
LSCS	Large Size Co-operative Society
L&SCS	Loan and Sales Co-operative Society
L&TWCS	Leather and Tanning Workers Co-operative Society
LWCS	Leather Workers Co-operative Society
MCS	Marketing Co-operative Society
MECS	Municipal Employees Co-operative Society
MMECS	Municipal Menial Employees Co-operative Society
MPCS	Multi-purpose Co-operative Society
MSCS	Milk Supply Co-operative Society
MSECS	Municipal Superior Employees Co-operative Society
N&DJCS	Neera and Date Jaggery Co-operative Society
P&DPCS	Palmyra and Date Production Co-operative Society
PSCS	Public Servants Co-operative Society

SSCS	School Students Co-operative Society
TSSSCS	Training School Students Stores Co-operative Society
WCS	Weavers Co-operative Society
XCS	Christian Co-operative Society

11. In the other Sub-Tables relating to Police Stations, Veterinary Hospitals, Reading Rooms and Places of Public Entertainment (Cinemas) also the data are presented in the same form as explained above *i.e.*, first for the district and then for each taluk. Only the names of places where such facilities are existing are given.

12. In the three Sub-Tables relating to Handicrafts information is given about the various Crafts practised, the number of persons engaged, the distribution of Artisan Communities, the number of families engaged in the Handicrafts, and the names of very skilled Craftsmen of each community. These particulars were mainly collected through a schedule of Industries and Crafts issued to the village school teachers in Rural areas and to the Municipal Authorities in the Municipal areas. In respect of Cities the information was collected through the staff of the Tabulation Offices specially appointed for the purpose. In respect of some villages where the schedules have not been answered the information was taken from the Houselists prepared at the time of House-numbering in 1960. A detailed report on the Handicrafts Survey is given in "Census of India, 1961-Volume II-Andhra Pradesh-Part VII A" and may be referred to.

13. In the Sub-Table relating to Industrial Establishments, the units of various industries existing in villages and towns are given. These particulars were mainly those collected through a schedule of Industries and Crafts issued to the village school teachers in connection with the Rural Crafts Survey. In this schedule the data was to be given by the numbers of families; and, as such, the families which had members engaged in any of the Industries had been taken as units for that industry. In respect of some villages where the schedules had not been answered, the information was compiled from the Houselists. Certain data was taken from other sources as well such as the Village Directory furnished by the Tahsildars and the Survey of Industries conducted in the cities. It is, however,

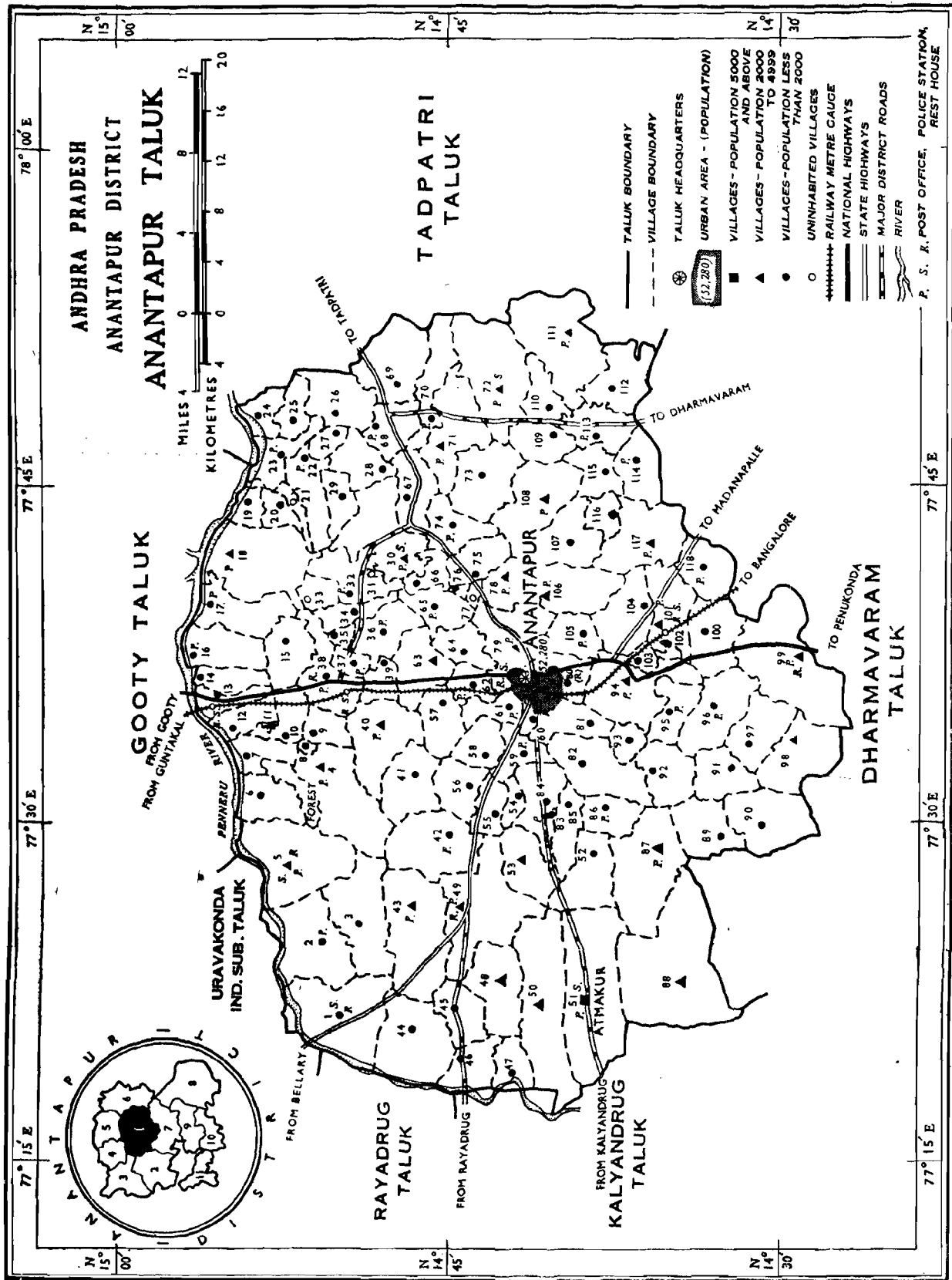
quite possible that there may be some villages for which the information could not be presented. Such omissions are however, likely to be very few. The particulars are given separately for the Rural and Urban areas. Under the name of the district, the Industries are arranged in the ascending order of Minor Groups, showing the total number of establishments within brackets next to each Minor Group code number, for Total, Rural and Urban separately. Then, the figures for the various taluks are presented showing first the total numbers on the pattern adopted for the district totals, followed by the particulars for the villages and towns in that taluk in the order of the Village Directory. Against each village/town are shown the Minor Group code numbers of the Industries or Crafts found in that village/town with the number of units engaged in

that Minor Group in brackets against each of the groups.

14. In the Sub-Table relating to Fairs and Festivals given at the end of this section, the important fairs and festivals that take place in the village, the month in which they take place, special significance, if any, of the festival, the size of congregation *etc.*, are given for each village having such importance. A detailed report on the Fairs and Festivals is given in "Census of India, 1961—Volume—II—Andhra Pradesh—Part VII—B" and may be referred to.

15. All the information given in the various Sub-Tables in this section are based on the information furnished by the Heads of Departments, the District Officers, the Tahsildars and the Municipal authorities concerned.

ANANTAPUR TALUK



Prepared at the Office of the Superintendent of Census Operations,
Andhra Pradesh, Hyderabad.

S. AHMED
DRAUGHTSMAN

ALPHABETICAL LIST OF VILLAGES

ANANTAPUR TALUK

1961 Location Code No.	Name of Village	1961 Location Code No.	Name of Village
13	Agraharam	58	Kodimi
36	Akuledu	6	Koppalakonda
82	Alamuru	25	Korivipalle
20	Anandaraopeta	44	Korrakodu
80	Anantapur	74	Korrapadu
11	Ankampeta	41	Kotanka
51	Atmakur	8	Krishnapuram
		49	Kudair
98	Bandameedapalle	83	Kurugunta
114	Bandlapalle		
75	Bodiganidoddi	39	Loluru
95	Bommeparthi		
109	Bondalavada	52	Madigubba
55	Brahmanapalle	118	Mannila
86	Brahmana Yaleru	40	Marthadu
21	Buddepalle	99	Marur
9	Budedu	2	Marutla
91	Bukkacherla	29	Matlagondi
79	Bukkarayasamudram	47	Mavinamardanahalli
		12	Muntimadugu
67	Chakrayapeta		
71	Chamaluru	70	Nadimidoddi
66	Cheduilla	32	Narasapuram
27	Cheelapalle	61	Narayanapuram
73	Chennampalle	72	Narpala
76	Chennarayanipalle	19	Nidhanavada
34	Chennavaram		
117	Cheyyedu	35	Obulapuram
45	Cholasamudram		
107	Danduvaripalle	50	Padamati Yaleru
110	Duggumarri	89	Palacherla
116	Durgam	60	Papampeta
		113	Pappuru
90	Gandlaparthi	33	Peddajatalapuram
103	Gangalakunta	5	Penakacherla
38	Garladinne	68	Peravali
84	Gollapalle	63	Podaralla
96	Gondireddipalle		
88	Goridindia	59	Rachanapalle
56	Gotukuru	23	Rachepalle
64	Govindapalle	94	Rapthadu
111	Gugudu	78	Reddipalle
100	Hampapuram	54	Sajjalakalva
112	Havile Sodanapalle	22	Salakamcheruvu
		87	Sanapa
16	Illuru	77	Siddampeta
43	Ipperu	106	Siddayampuram
104	Itikalapalle	115	Siddarascherla
		30	Singanamala
37	Jambuladinne	10	Sirivaram
102	Jangalapalle	28	Sodanapalle
65	Janthaluru	62	Somanadoddi
46	Jayapuram		
26	Julakalva	53	Talupuru
		18	Tarimela
81	Kakkalapalle	57	Taticherla
3	Kalagalla	48	Thimmapuram
17	Kallamadi	92	Thopudurthi
14	Kalluru		
85	Kamarupalle	1	Udiripikonda
42	Kammuru	24	Ullikallu
15	Kanampalle	105	Upparapalle
101	Kandukur		
31	Karnatakampalle	69	Venkatampalle
93	Katiganikalva		
7	Kesavapuram	97	Yerragunta
108	K.K. (Kondakinda) Agraharam	4	Yerraguntla

Location No.	Name of Village	Facilities					Area in Sq. miles	Occupied Residential Houses		Total number of persons enumerated (including inmates of Institutions and Houseless Persons)				Scheduled Castes		Scheduled Tribes		Literate & Educated Persons		
		Educational	Medical	Drinking Water	Communications	Electricity		No. of Houses	No. of Houses	P	M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)	(13)	(14)	(15)	(16)	(17)	(18)	(19)		
ANANTAPUR DISTRICT																				
	Total						7,388.0	332,226	338,597	1,767,464	908,254	859,210	121,038	115,247	24,775	23,725	287,676	76,580		
	Rural						7,219.3	274,254	279,564	1,459,837	749,272	710,565	109,532	104,301	23,955	22,978	201,254	38,675		
	Urban						168.7	57,972	59,033	307,627	159,982	148,645	11,506	10,946	820	747	86,422	37,905		
ANANTAPUR TALUK																				
	Total						926.0	41,327	42,279	220,706	114,807	105,899	15,244	13,704	2,576	2,338	42,033	14,328		
	Rural						918.7	31,288	31,900	168,426	86,997	81,429	14,306	12,816	2,434	2,230	23,413	4,958		
	Urban						7.3	10,039	10,379	52,280	27,810	24,470	938	888	142	108	18,620	9,370		
1	Udiripikonda	3P	...	W	2R,R	...	17.07	344	344	1,860	950	910	79	76	107	100	257	63		
2	Marutla	P	...	W	Po,R	...	14.94	363	364	1,742	892	850	30	28	18	17	281	40		
3	Kalagalla	P	...	W	Po,R	...	14.30	101	101	619	314	305	104	104	79	61	68	15		
4	Yerraguntla	3P	...	W	Po,R	...	8.50	462	474	2,456	1,274	1,182	189	192	48	39	410	59		
5	Penakacherla	5P	Rhc	W	Po,Rh,R	...	17.72	1,068	1,189	4,976	2,658	2,318	359	301	52	37	834	173		
6	Koppalakonda	P	...	W	R	...	6.60	241	248	1,205	617	588	91	85	9	4	111	29		
7	Kesavapuram	P	...	W	R	...	4.72	146	147	769	408	361	122	111	1	1	76	12		
8	Krishnapuram	3P	...	W	R	...	4.03	222	225	1,196	608	588	3	...	63	63	91	6		
9	Budedu	P	...	W	R	...	3.84	96	98	559	282	277	139	119	...	...	59	23
10	Sirivaram	2P	...	W	R	...	4.60	117	117	663	330	333	56	36	...	...	103	31
11	Ankampeta	P	...	W	R	...	0.35	14	14	92	52	40	3	...	...	...	8	...
12	Muntinadugu	3P	...	W	R	...	4.41	236	237	1,236	637	599	134	131	8	5	208	34		
13	Agraharam	...	...	W	R	...	3.36	372	372	1,766	909	857	52	39	...	...	280	68
14	Kalluru	...	...	W	R	E(D&I)	4.25	150	150	878	450	428	198	182	...	...	77	16
15	Kanampalle	...	...	W	R	...	7.45	145	146	909	463	446	113	111	...	...	88	16
16	Illuru	...	...	W	Po,R,Rly	E(D&I)	8.06	282	348	1,670	849	821	268	241	...	...	255	85
17	Kallamadi	2P	...	W	Po,R	...	9.43	302	353	1,851	977	874	229	187	14	10	282	68		
18	Tarimela	P	Rhc	W	Po,R	E(D&I)	17.39	518	518	2,557	1,289	1,268	335	317	4	8	414	128		
19	Nidhanavada	2P	...	W	...	...	2.22	92	93	481	252	229	92	81	...	...	35	3
20	Anandaraopeta	P	...	W	R	...	3.22	101	101	517	251	266	5	...	...	...	34	20
21	Buddepalle	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
22	Salakancheruvu	2P	...	W	Po,R	...	1.73	262	269	1,434	723	711	114	98	20	11	216	49		
23	Rachepalle	P	...	W	Po,R	...	7.10	202	254	1,247	646	601	217	172	...	1	143	19		
24	Ulikallu	P	...	W	...	...	5.42	185	185	1,093	556	537	130	101	...	...	193	30
25	Korivipalle	P	...	W	R	...	3.91	107	107	561	277	284	90	71	...	...	84	22
26	Julakalva	2P	...	W	R	...	7.93	225	225	1,309	676	633	168	147	3	3	179	55		
27	Chealapalle	...	...	W	R	...	2.18	38	38	229	112	117	24	24	...	...	18	...
28	Sodanapalle	2P	...	W	R	...	5.95	191	193	1,181	633	548	140	112	3	5	164	23		
29	Mastlagondi	2P	...	W	R	...	4.19	122	131	700	368	332	64	47	...	...	81	10
30	Singanamala	4P,M	...	W	Po,R	...	13.50	707	723	3,533	1,844	1,689	216	215	3	6	700	226		

(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)	(13)	(14)	(15)	(16)	(17)	(18)	(19)
31	Karnatakampalle	.	...	...	...	...	0.19	285	291	Uninhabited	815	801	154	114	66	60	176	48
32	Narasapuram	.	3P	...	W Po,R	...	7.82	285	291	Uninhabited	815	801	154	114	66	60	176	48
33	Peddajalalapuram	.	...	...	...	...	3.12	109	110	Uninhabited	633	293	74	58	180	171	76	34
34	Chennavaram	.	2P	...	W R	...	3.44	6	6	6	47	35	3	1	...	...	5	...
35	Obulapuram	.	...	...	...	...	1.09	6	6	6	47	35	3	1	...	...	5	...
36	Akuledu	.	3P	...	W Po,R	...	7.36	233	234	1,271	673	598	93	86	10	5	173	34
37	Jambuladinne	.	P	...	W Po,R	...	2.21	38	88	473	247	226	43	33	10	8	95	15
38	Garladinne	.	3P	...	W Po,Rh,R	...	8.69	375	378	1,900	931	949	99	98	-26	15	306	104
39	Loluru	.	P	...	W R	...	3.45	91	92	424	206	218	43	43	4	2	85	...
40	Marthadu	.	P	...	W Po,R	...	11.32	533	533	2,711	1,394	1,317	107	90	...	...	330	56
41	Kotanka	.	P	...	W R	...	9.14	233	233	1,254	652	602	80	77	...	...	152	28
42	Kannuru	.	2P	...	W Po,R	...	13.20	321	321	1,685	873	812	125	115	6	4	181	25
43	Ipperu	.	4P	...	W Po,R	...	18.06	484	484	2,644	1,345	1,299	408	334	...	...	300	55
44	Korrekodu	.	P	...	W R	...	4.01	247	247	1,345	682	663	100	91	3	5	204	35
45	Cholasamudram	.	P	...	W R	...	6.15	215	215	1,140	592	548	85	64	7	9	126	22
46	Jayapuram	.	P	...	W R	...	6.08	62	62	331	171	160	25	25	...	...	20	14
47	Mavinamardanaballi	.	P	...	W R	...	4.33	65	65	368	196	172	16	14	...	...	34	26
48	Thimmapuram	.	P	...	W R	...	10.26	385	386	2,364	1,262	1,102	266	213	12	6	373	64
49	Kudair	.	3P	...	W Po,Rh,R	...	19.18	409	415	2,314	1,177	1,137	197	182	9	6	351	75
50	Padamati Valeru	.	4P	...	W R	...	19.86	590	590	3,307	1,691	1,616	226	211	169	160	430	113
51	Atmakur	.	3P	Rhc	W Po,R	...	23.23	961	968	5,200	2,669	2,531	299	256	123	114	1,081	336
52	Madigubba	.	P	...	W R	...	9.60	265	265	1,435	749	686	127	104	46	62	84	19
53	Talupuru	.	2P	...	W R	...	7.80	382	382	2,076	1,059	1,017	271	234	...	...	247	44
54	Sajjalakalva	.	P	...	W R	...	2.06	44	48	237	145	112	9	7	4	6	48	3
55	Brahmanapalle	.	...	...	W R	...	4.28	22	22	112	78	34	5	6	4	4	27	4
56	Gotukuru	.	2P	...	W R	...	6.32	163	163	964	463	501	84	67	6	4	146	36
57	Taticherla	.	P	...	W R	...	6.40	225	225	1,239	639	600	105	92	1	1	198	27
58	Kodimi	.	2P	...	W R	...	5.14	252	252	1,516	767	749	139	121	87	88	164	22
59	Rechanapalle	.	2P	...	W Po,R	...	4.71	158	158	917	484	433	83	64	...	...	112	22
60	Papampeta (Rural)	.	P	...	W ...	E	1.46	34	34	181	103	78	14	14	...	...	32	7
61	Narayanapuram	.	2P	...	W Po,	E	3.81	206	206	1,321	692	629	68	53	...	...	231	29
62	Somanadoddi	.	2P	...	W Po,R	E(D&I)	3.67	183	189	940	491	449	124	124	1	...	148	52
63	Podaralla	.	4P	...	W R	...	8.33	408	425	2,165	1,139	1,026	112	110	14	15	393	70
64	Govindapalle	.	...	...	W R	...	4.97	105	111	610	318	292	38	35	...	...	64	7
65	Janthaluru	.	2P	...	W Po,R	...	5.76	214	226	1,257	662	595	96	84	30	31	153	36
66	Chedulla	.	P	...	W R	...	3.18	145	145	714	372	342	52	51	8	7	60	9
67	Chakrayapeta	.	3P	...	W R	...	6.86	341	341	1,640	842	798	90	67	...	...	196	48
68	Peravali	.	2P	Mcw	W Po,R	...	5.87	215	218	1,188	602	586	134	117	14	14	177	62
69	Venkatampalle	.	3P	...	W R	...	11.41	337	334	1,877	952	925	163	153	1	2	256	62
70	Nadimidoddi	.	P	...	W Po,R	...	7.17	343	348	1,943	976	967	251	191	9	6	132	22
71	Chamaluru	.	3P	...	W Po,R	...	11.62	408	409	2,227	1,134	1,093	235	208	3	1	312	41
72	Narpala	.	3P	...	W Po,R	...	16.45	829	865	4,521	2,304	2,217	211	205	7	9	893	263
73	Chennampalle	.	3P	...	W R	...	11.04	348	353	1,859	932	927	161	152	24	15	139	36
74	Korrapadu	.	P	...	W Po,R	...	6.11	219	219	1,272	680	592	150	125	16	5	179	25
75	Bodiganidoddi	.	P	...	W R	...	5.82	58	58	315	169	146	52	58	...	...	127	4

Note :—Abbreviations under Cols. 3 to 7 above Please refer page 27

WORKERS

Location Code No.	Name of Village	I		II		III		IV		V		VI		VII		VIII		IX		X			
		Total Workers (1-IX)		Agricultural Labourer		Mining, Quarrying, Livestock, Forestry, etc.		Household Industry		Manufacturing other than House- hold Industry		Construc- tion		Trade & Commerce		Transport & Communi- cations		Other Services		Non- Workers			
		M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F		
(1)	(2)	(20)	(21)	(22)	(23)	(24)	(25)	(26)	(27)	(28)	(29)	(30)	(31)	(32)	(33)	(34)	(35)	(36)	(37)	(38)	(39)	(40)	(41)
ANANTAPUR DISTRICT Total																							
	Rural	545,075	355,653	270,724	172,317	103,539	133,240	21,345	3,061	52,061	22,648	7,801	1,250	9,514	2,489	25,280	6,904	11,478	162	43,333	13,582	363,179	503,557
	Urban	464,016	328,196	262,307	168,382	99,001	127,687	20,056	2,680	38,876	14,620	1,070	192	6,459	1,850	11,760	4,761	1,732	27	22,755	7,997	285,256	382,369
		81,059	27,457	8,417	3,935	4,538	5,553	1,289	381	13,185	8,028	6,731	1,058	3,055	639	13,520	2,143	9,746	135	20,578	5,585	77,923	121,188
ANANTAPUR TALUK																							
	Total	65,740	39,002	26,265	14,889	13,136	17,088	1,954	213	6,005	2,159	1,361	184	2,978	1,198	3,381	992	1,204	5	9,456	2,274	49,067	66,897
	Rural	53,022	36,381	25,939	14,746	13,048	17,032	1,909	209	4,958	1,705	224	44	2,278	978	1,339	651	164	2	3,163	1,014	33,975	45,048
	Urban	12,718	2,621	326	143	88	56	45	4	1,047	454	1,137	140	700	220	2,042	341	1,040	3	6,293	1,260	15,092	21,849
1	Udiripikonda	610	372	363	181	78	153	42	2	74	17	4	...	9	1	13	8	2	...	25	10	340	538
2	Marutla	570	348	310	144	97	135	28	1	44	14	2	...	31	23	24	14	1	...	33	17	322	502
3	Kalagalla	187	147	102	92	11	40	23	1	33	6	2	...	1	1	6	3	2	...	7	4	127	158
4	Yerraguntla	784	564	307	271	146	155	26	5	101	26	...	...	167	77	9	18	2	...	26	12	490	618
5	Penakacherla	1,774	924	244	157	98	118	20	4	67	16	3	1	1,162	571	9	25	4	...	167	32	884	1,394
6	Koppalakonda	385	232	169	49	92	142	35	11	51	10	...	...	9	2	9	10	2	...	18	8	232	356
7	Kesavapuram	219	144	122	23	38	95	4	...	31	15	...	...	...	...	8	8	...	...	16	3	189	217
8	Krishnapuram	358	292	195	180	62	68	47	1	23	21	...	...	2	7	6	4	...	...	23	11	250	296
9	Budedu	197	165	121	126	46	27	14	1	9	5	...	...	...	2	6	4	...	...	1	...	85	112
10	Sirivaram	193	157	118	102	42	40	12	1	9	4	...	...	...	...	5	6	...	...	7	4	137	176
11	Ankampeta	32	19	23	18	6	1	...	...	3	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	20	21
12	Munimadugu	383	153	171	15	136	133	13	...	20	1	6	...	...	1	10	...	4	...	22	4	254	446
13	Agraharam	524	239	123	81	63	74	...	7	16	3	129	36	52	5	31	7	30	...	80	26	385	618
14	Kalluru	248	208	83	5	146	193	...	...	7	1	...	...	...	...	2	...	...	...	10	9	202	220
15	Kanampalle	261	205	156	99	70	99	9	...	3	...	...	...	2	...	3	4	1	...	17	3	202	241
16	Iluru	523	396	188	125	201	205	62	7	22	4	2	...	6	...	13	34	1	...	28	21	326	425
17	Kallamadi	590	265	313	24	124	216	40	3	52	6	1	...	4	...	10	4	...	...	46	12	387	609
18	Tarimela	749	585	267	147	309	333	...	...	94	79	3	...	6	...	19	4	3	...	48	22	540	683
19	Nidhanavada	151	115	72	57	73	53	...	...	3	...	...	...	...	...	2	2	...	...	1	3	101	114
20	Anandaraopeta	166	78	50	1	64	73	1	...	30	2	...	...	...	...	3	...	...	...	18	2	85	188
21	Buddepalle	463	317	214	80	130	213	23	...	43	14	...	...	...	...	20	3	3	...	30	7	260	394
22	Salakamcheruvu	405	281	224	72	114	190	17	1	35	8	...	...	...	...	7	6	...	...	8	4	241	320
23	Rachepalle	369	242	152	34	77	127	24	3	81	68	...	...	11	...	8	3	...	...	16	7	187	295
24	Ullikalu	174	77	112	38	24	29	11	1	12	...	...	...	...	...	3	2	...	...	12	7	103	207
25	Korivipalle	383	182	110	62	155	108	53	...	29	1	...	...	2	1	9	1	...	...	25	9	293	451
26	Julakalva	63	38	30	22	28	16	1	...	4	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	49	79
27	Chelapalle	346	266	120	96	162	158	31	2	8	...	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	15	5	287	282
28	Sodanapalle	231	207	160	152	50	49	...	...	5	2	...	...	...	...	6	3	...	...	10	1	137	125
29	Matlagondi	1,056	674	477	280	250	314	21	3	90	29	2	...	30	4	52	15	4	...	130	29	788	1,015
30	Singanamala																						

Location No.	Name of Village	Facilities				Area in Sq. miles	Occupied Residential Houses		Total number of persons enumerated (including inmates of Institutions and Houseless Persons)				Scheduled Castes		Scheduled Tribes		Literate & Educated Persons									
		Educational	Medical	Drinking Water	Communications		Electricity	No. of Houses	No. of Households	P	M	F	(12)	(13)	M	F	(14)	(15)	M	F	(16)	(17)	M	F	(18)	(19)
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)	(13)	(14)	(15)	(16)	(17)	(18)	(19)								
76	Chennarayanaipalle	...	...	W	R	...	0.54	9	9	37	19	18	...	...	13	15	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
77	Siddampeta	...	...	W	Po,R	...	0.78	392	435	2,103	1,086	1,017	251	234	173	150	153	20	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
78	Reddipalle	3P	...	W	Po,R	E(D&I)	5.28	838	844	4,357	2,201	2,156	209	195	19	20	813	269	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
79	Bukkarayasamudram	2P	Rhe	W	Po,R	E(D&I)	13.66	324	324	957	797	160	53	22	2	...	730	66	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
80	Anantapur (Rural)	P	...	W	Po,R	E(D&I)	3.58	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
81	Kakkalapalle (Rural)	2P	...	W	R	E(D&I)	6.18	243	247	1,373	697	676	208	198	1	1	233	38	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
82	Alamuru	3P	...	W	R	...	11.81	362	364	1,948	976	972	182	169	...	...	190	29	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
83	Kirugunta	2P	...	W	Po,R	...	7.35	191	191	974	493	481	72	87	38	33	111	18	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
84	Gollapalle	...	...	W	R	...	0.58	18	18	106	57	49	...	...	...	...	85	13	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
85	Kamarupalle	P	...	W	R	...	5.55	117	117	617	326	291	38	28	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
86	Brahmana Valeru	P	...	W	Po,R	...	5.24	264	268	1,415	723	692	208	206	6	6	96	17	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
87	Sanapa	2P	...	W	Po,R	...	17.09	404	405	2,216	1,122	1,094	116	130	10	8	219	44	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
88	Goridindia	5P	...	W	R	...	28.75	585	591	3,083	1,610	1,473	152	122	318	301	307	54	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
89	Palacheria	2P	...	W	R	...	10.70	224	224	1,157	612	545	120	85	...	...	143	31	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
90	Gandlaparthi	2P	...	W	R	...	6.80	188	188	1,168	604	564	96	68	4	...	210	48	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
91	Bukkacheria	P	Mew	W	R	...	7.51	233	238	1,217	600	617	95	107	7	7	220	62	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
92	Thopudurthi	P	...	W	R	...	7.96	268	268	1,537	814	723	102	86	6	...	139	23	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
93	Katikanikava	P	...	W	R	...	2.99	135	146	809	431	378	56	49	...	...	121	14	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
94	Raphadu	4P	...	W	Po,R	E(D&I)	13.52	730	730	4,045	2,085	1,960	169	249	1	...	676	105	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
95	Bommaparthi	2P	...	W	Po,R	...	5.74	163	163	804	436	368	69	60	1	...	81	12	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
96	Gondreddipalle	2P	...	W	Po,R	...	10.50	356	356	1,681	865	816	120	127	...	3	240	49	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
97	Yerregunta	P	...	W	R	...	15.63	114	116	625	320	305	64	63	...	...	38	5	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
98	Bandameedapalle	2P	...	W	R	...	9.38	441	442	2,356	1,188	1,168	185	169	10	12	321	101	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
99	Marur	5P	Mew	W	Po,Rh,R	E	20.35	582	585	2,937	1,491	1,446	113	220	59	63	254	64	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
100	Hampapuram	P	...	W	R	E(D&I)	8.95	186	186	1,050	501	549	88	101	...	...	126	29	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
101	Kandukur	2P	...	W	Po,R	E(D&I)	8.75	406	406	2,170	1,099	1,071	150	139	...	...	299	45	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
102	Jangalipalle	P	...	W	R	...	0.81	63	63	320	169	151	8	5	...	...	34	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
103	Gangalakunta	...	...	...	...	...	1.78	82	82	471	246	225	...	...	...	...	57	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
104	Ikalapalle	2P	...	W	R	E(D&I)	8.51	276	279	1,450	737	713	113	112	29	25	153	34	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
105	Uppalapalle	P	...	W	Po,R	E(D&I)	4.55	220	227	1,257	660	597	118	88	4	4	114	20	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...

(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)	(13)	(14)	(15)	(16)	(17)	(18)	(19)
106	Siddampuram	.	4P	...	W Po,R	...	8.98	355	366	2,146	1,135	1,011	272	212	164	135	299	46
107	Danduvaripalle	.	2P	...	W R	...	8.70	181	181	1,004	524	480	140	133	37	36	97	12
108	K.K. (Kondakinda) Agraharam	.	2P	...	W Po,R	...	12.81	524	528	3,014	1,573	1,441	340	281	8	5	328	40
109	Bondalavada	.	2P	...	W R	...	5.27	161	161	900	462	438	136	126	...	...	60	9
110	Duggumarr	.	P	...	W R	...	5.10	268	268	1,430	747	683	153	124	64	69	165	9
111	Gugudu	.	5P	Mew	W Po,R	...	11.96	633	633	3,377	1,765	1,612	273	199	27	36	360	50
112	Havile Sodanapalle	.	P	...	W R	...	8.14	190	190	1,015	502	513	96	82	8	9	119	22
113	Pappuru	.	P	Mew	W Po,R	...	6.30	276	278	1,515	766	749	107	94	54	53	177	34
114	Bandipalle	.	P	...	W Po,R	...	6.10	320	326	1,661	851	810	84	70	...	...	210	14
115	Siddascheria	.	2P	...	W R	...	5.16	133	133	737	400	337	201	172	11	11	74	34
116	Durgam	.	P	...	W R	...	3.45	105	105	532	282	250	92	84	10	11	67	17
117	Cheyvedu	.	2P	...	W Po,R	E	12.40	520	520	2,918	1,492	1,426	218	190	5	1	344	72
118	Mannila	.	P	...	W Po,R	...	6.89	201	201	1,075	536	539	58	55	13	10	172	30

The following abbreviations have been used in this Village Directory and in the Village and Town Directories to follow :-

- (i) *Educational facilities are shown by the following symbols under col. 3 :-*
P : Primary School, M : Middle School, H : High School, C : Higher Institutions including Colleges, T : Technical Institutions
- (ii) *Medical and Public Health facilities are shown by the following symbols under col. 4 :-*
D : Dispensaries, Rbc : Rural Health Centres, Hos : Hospitals, Mew : Maternity Child Welfare Centres
- (iii) *Drinking water facilities are shown by the following symbols under col. 5 :-*
S : Safe or Protected water supply including Tube Wells etc., W : Wells, Tk : Tank, Riv : River
- (iv) *Communications and Transport facilities are shown by the following symbols under col. 6 :-*
Po : Post Office, To : Telegraph Office or Public Call Office, Rh : Rest Houses and Choultries, R : Road, Rly : Railway
- (v) *Electrification facilities are shown by the following symbols under col. 7 :-*
E : Electricity, E(I) : Electricity in Industrial use, E(A) : Electricity in Agricultural use, E(D) : Electricity in Domestic use

WORKERS

Location Code No.	Name of Village	I		II		III		IV		V		VI		VII		VIII		IX		X			
		Total Workers (I-IX)		Cultivator		Agricultural Labourer		Mining, Quarrying, Livestock, Forestry, etc.		Household Industry		Manufacturing other than House- hold Industry		Construc- tion		Trade & Commerce		Transport Storage & Communi- cations		Other Services		Non- Workers	
		M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F
		(20)	(21)	(22)	(23)	(24)	(25)	(26)	(27)	(28)	(29)	(30)	(31)	(32)	(33)	(34)	(35)	(36)	(37)	(38)	(39)	(40)	(41)
(1)	(2)																						
76	Chennarayanaipalle	13	8	...	...	1	4	1	...	11	4	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	6	10	
77	Siddampeta	662	388	230	2	227	262	9	...	97	61	4	...	65	49	15	7	1	...	14	7	424	629
78	Reddipalle	1,208	630	381	113	495	440	15	3	70	30	17	3	54	1	37	9	4	...	135	31	993	1,526
79	Bukkarayasamudram	153	23	10	...	3	1	...	...	1	3	...	...	3	...	...	...	...	...	136	19	644	137
80	Anantapur (Rural)																						
81	Kakkalapalle (Rural)	383	306	199	155	83	121	1	...	17	2	1	...	4	...	6	6	1	...	71	22	314	370
82	Alamuru	635	467	376	241	124	203	35	3	56	11	6	1	8	1	14	4	...	...	16	3	341	505
83	Kurugunta	312	260	168	150	70	73	9	...	41	21	2	...	...	...	9	9	1	...	12	7	181	221
84	Gollapalle	39	28	21	15	11	10	1	...	4	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	2	2	18	21
85	Kamarupalle	180	134	108	70	49	63	9	...	3	...	...	...	1	...	7	1	...	...	3	...	146	157
86	Brahmana Yaleru	470	367	210	155	140	165	46	4	31	24	...	...	4	...	17	9	1	...	21	10	253	325
87	Sanapa	729	555	413	287	151	210	17	...	94	42	...	...	1	...	25	7	2	...	26	9	393	539
88	Gottindia	1,054	735	597	419	168	239	70	...	143	57	...	...	13	5	26	4	1	...	36	11	556	738
89	Palacherla	373	186	176	72	89	83	18	1	38	1	...	...	21	12	14	1	1	...	16	16	239	359
90	Gandlaparthi	379	188	207	88	91	91	14	...	30	...	...	...	17	5	8	...	...	...	12	4	225	376
91	Bukkacherla	360	290	172	127	59	120	25	2	56	23	...	...	9	4	16	9	2	...	21	5	240	327
92	Thopudurthi	493	355	264	137	119	204	15	...	42	1	2	...	3	2	13	4	...	...	35	7	321	368
93	Katiganikalva	284	219	161	139	80	58	...	...	18	3	...	...	7	6	8	12	...	...	10	4	147	159
94	Rapthadu	1,210	850	481	219	408	543	18	...	102	29	2	...	50	13	20	12	3	...	126	34	875	1,110
95	Bommeparthi	285	226	159	46	51	145	...	...	37	1	...	...	11	10	9	9	...	...	18	15	151	142
96	Gondireddipalle	532	427	286	177	129	209	4	...	61	25	...	...	3	...	20	7	1	...	28	9	333	389
97	Yerragunta	193	164	125	101	45	53	6	...	6	...	...	...	...	...	4	4	...	...	7	6	127	141
98	Bandameedapalle	744	612	414	327	174	261	42	1	56	8	...	...	...	...	2	17	4	2	39	9	444	556
99	Marur	905	754	457	266	232	463	87	3	50	2	1	...	13	4	24	5	...	...	41	11	586	692
100	Hampapuram	375	308	210	182	64	95	22	...	22	4	...	...	2	2	9	3	...	...	46	22	126	241
101	Kandukur	705	484	297	242	142	202	36	...	96	20	...	...	20	...	27	3	16	...	71	17	394	587
102	Jangalapalle	94	72	64	49	19	22	5	...	3	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	2	1	75	79
103	Gangalakunta	151	122	76	43	46	60	1	...	13	15	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	15	4	95	103
104	Itikalapalle	492	438	310	294	68	75	9	4	53	14	...	...	6	14	7	9	...	...	39	9	245	294
105	Upparapalle	404	336	174	94	119	206	3	1	87	23	2	...	...	...	3	...	...	...	16	12	256	261

(1)	(2)	(20)	(21)	(22)	(23)	(24)	(25)	(26)	(27)	(28)	(29)	(30)	(31)	(32)	(33)	(34)	(35)	(36)	(37)	(38)	(39)	(40)	(41)	
106	Siddarampuram	.	.	724	439	427	113	160	238	52	11	44	34	...	...	...	11	7	1	...	28	16	411	572
107	Danduvaripalle	.	.	342	300	281	244	37	52	4	...	8	...	2	...	3	3	...	...	7	1	182	180	
108	K. K. (Kondakinda) Agraharam	.	.	934	757	525	280	231	414	10	...	136	38	...	9	...	14	12	3	...	26	13	619	684
109	Bondalavada	.	.	278	149	84	21	150	123	...	...	13	2	...	...	7	...	...	...	24	3	184	289	
110	Duggummarri	.	.	453	228	293	86	121	132	10	...	6	...	...	...	10	6	...	...	13	4	294	455	
111	Gugudu	.	.	1,049	367	613	103	290	238	8	...	68	11	...	18	...	11	7	2	...	39	8	716	1,245
112	Havile Sotanapalle	.	.	303	276	203	168	55	88	11	...	13	4	...	3	1	4	5	...	...	14	10	199	237
113	Pappuru	.	.	476	284	280	91	113	155	2	...	43	23	...	...	7	4	...	...	31	11	290	465	
114	Bandlapalle	.	.	530	214	280	28	104	170	...	...	103	4	...	11	...	17	4	2	...	13	8	321	596
115	Siddarascherla	.	.	248	218	116	85	122	128	2	...	4	1	...	...	2	4	2	...	...	...	152	119	
116	Durgam	.	.	163	158	87	73	47	73	...	1	12	4	...	6	...	3	2	...	...	8	5	119	92
117	Cheyvedu	.	.	907	791	461	359	322	366	11	...	54	32	...	3	...	14	8	6	2	36	24	585	635
118	Mannila	.	.	327	312	184	176	76	120	18	...	26	5	...	1	...	5	4	...	...	17	7	209	227

Statement showing the Jurisdiction of Enumerators' Blocks in the Urban Areas of Anantapur Taluk

ANANTAPUR TOWN

Enumerator's Block No. and its Jurisdiction				Enumerator's Block No. and its Jurisdiction				
Ward/Locality/ Block No.	E. B. No.	House numbers included in the Block		Ward/Locality/ Block No.	E. B. No.	House numbers included in the Block		
(1)	(2)	From (3)	To (4)	(1)	(2)	From (3)	To (4)	
Ward 1	E.B. 1	1-1	1-108	Ward 10	E.B. 28	10-1-1	10-1-89	
	E.B. 2	1-109	1-241		E.B. 29	10-1-90	10-1-169	
	E.B. 3	1-242	1-363		E.B. 30	10-1-170	10-1-262	
Ward 2	E.B. 4	2-1-1	2-1-94		E.B. 31	10-2-1	10-2-82	
	E.B. 5	2-1-95	2-1-193		E.B. 32	10-2-83	10-2-144	
	E.B. 6	2-2-1	2-2-175		10-3-1	10-3-63		
	E.B. 7	2-2-176	2-2-359	Ward 11	E.B. 33	11-1	11-138	
Ward 3	E.B. 8	3-1	3-123		E.B. 34	11-139	11-240	
	E.B. 9	3-124	3-234		E.B. 35	11-241	11-392	
Ward 4	E.B. 10	4-1-1	4-1-124	Ward 12	E.B. 36	12-1	12-120	
	E.B. 11	4-1-125	4-1-250		E.B. 37	12-121	12-217	
	E.B. 12	4-2-1	4-2-9		E.B. 38	12-218	12-265	
		4-2-1-1	4-2-1-8		E.B. 39	12-266	12-299	
		4-2-2-1	4-2-2-15	Ward 13	E.B. 40	13-1	13-142	
		4-2-3-1	4-2-3-13		E.B. 41	13-143	13-274	
		4-2-4-1	4-2-4-15	Ward 14	E.B. 42	14-1	14-159	
		4-2-5-1	4-2-5-22		E.B. 43	14-160	14-273	
		4-2-6-1	4-2-6-12	Ward 15	E.B. 44	15-1	15-148	
		4-2-7-1	4-2-7-7		E.B. 45	15-149	15-280	
		4-2-8-1	4-2-8-13	Ward 16	E.B. 46	16-1	16-143	
		4-3-1	4-3-17		E.B. 47	16-144	16-267	
		E.B. 12A	4-3-1	4-3-54 (New Colony)	Ward 17	E.B. 48	17-1	17-153
			4-4-1	4-4-43		E.B. 49	17-154	17-308
		E.B. 13	4-5-1	4-5-154	Ward 18	E.B. 50	18-1	18-135
Ward 5	E.B. 14	5-1	5-156	E.B. 51		18-136	18-232	
	E.B. 15	5-157	5-348	Ward 19	E.B. 52	19-1	19-100	
	E.B. 16	5-349	5-489		E.B. 53	19-101	19-219	
Ward 6	E.B. 17	6-1	6-90		E.B. 54	19-220	19-319	
	E.B. 18	6-91	6-230	Ward 20	E.B. 55	20-1	20-115	
Ward 7	E.B. 19	7-1	7-140		E.B. 56	20-116	20-250	
	E.B. 20	7-141	7-280		Ward 21	E.B. 57	21-1	21-88(7)
	E.B. 21	7-281	7-407			E.B. 58	21-88(8)	21-132
Ward 8	E.B. 22	8-1	8-101	E.B. 59		21-133	21-279	
	E.B. 23	8-102	8-200	E.B. 60		21-280	21-341	
	E.B. 24	8-201	8-323					
	E.B. 25	8-324	8-458E					
Ward 9	E.B. 26	9-1	9-180					
	E.B. 27	9-181	9-289					

TOWN DIRECTORY (Anantapur Town)

ANANTAPUR TALUK

ANANTAPUR DISTRICT

Location No.	Name of Town /Ward or Locality or Block/ Enumerator's Block No.	Facilities				Area, in Sq. miles	Occupied Residential Houses		Total number of persons enumerated (including inmates of Institutions and Houseless Persons)				Scheduled Castes			Scheduled Tribes			Literate & Educated Persons												
		Medical Educational	Drinking Water	Public Comm. Cations	Electricity		Nb. of Houses	No. of Households	P	M	F	(13)	M	F	(14)	M	F	(15)	M	F	(16)	M	F	(17)	M	F	(18)	M	F	(19)	
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)	(13)	(14)	(15)	(16)	(17)	(18)	(19)	(20)	(21)	(22)	(23)	(24)	(25)	(26)	(27)	(28)	(29)	(30)		
I ANANTAPUR TOWN M. 25P, 2M D, 6H, 6T, 3Hos 3C																															
S P, To, E(D&I) 4Rb, R, Rly.																															
Ward 1 E.B. 1																															
								192	192	979	530	449	4	3	...	...	328	164													
								142	142	775	399	376	6	5	...	...	202	105													
								173	173	777	423	354	...	...	...	...	312	184													
								507	507	2,531	1,352	1,179	10	8	...	...	842	453													
Ward 2 E.B. 4																															
								165	174	833	426	407	3	3	...	...	341	272													
								148	148	768	405	363	1	...	...	...	300	205													
								164	164	767	391	376	...	...	...	...	222	101													
								186	186	749	377	372	1	...	...	...	182	52													
								663	672	3,117	1,599	1,518	5	3	11	5	1,045	430													
Ward 3 E.B. 8																															
								175	175	819	416	403	...	...	...	...	301	232													
								200	200	1,033	542	491	...	...	...	...	380	222													
								375	375	1,852	988	894	...	...	...	...	681	454													
Ward 4 E.B. 10																															
								197	201	1,085	594	491	...	...	...	...	439	212													
								224	227	1,060	595	465	...	...	...	...	454	245													
								123	123	705	362	343	4	4	...	...	273	201													
								107	107	557	332	235	2	1	6	3	328	76													
								185	186	898	465	431	3	4	10	10	235	67													
								836	846	4,303	2,338	1,965	9	9	16	13	1,629	801													
Ward 5 E.B. 14																															
								195	195	945	533	412	16	20	10	...	426	197													
								166	170	888	524	364	3	1	1	...	380	168													
								209	205	1,202	690	532	26	57	15	...	543	337													
								566	570	3,035	1,727	1,308	45	76	12	3	1,349	702													
Ward 6 E.B. 17																															
								129	129	656	349	307	...	...	...	...	228	118													
								218	219	1,058	598	460	5	3	...	...	423	165													
								347	348	1,714	947	767	5	3	...	...	651	283													

(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)	(13)	(14)	(15)	(16)	(17)	(18)	(19)
Ward 7 E.B. 19	133	133	702	354	348	23	26	5	5	292	166
E.B. 20	116	116	611	303	308	12	17	...	...	241	94
E.B. 21	118	118	599	324	275	...	...	17	10	263	126
								367	367	1,912	981	931	35	43	22	15	796	386
Ward 8 E.B. 22	161	167	814	417	397	1	2	...	...	328	243
E.B. 23	224	227	1,172	577	595	37	34	...	...	390	299
E.B. 24	180	246	1,262	741	521	109	58	18	...	582	269
E.B. 25	205	248	1,135	602	533	52	40	8	12	384	132
								770	888	4,383	2,337	2,046	199	134	26	23	1,684	943
Ward 9 E.B. 26	310	311	1,655	1,088	567	17	11	3	2	801	261
E.B. 27	213	224	1,241	735	506	...	...	...	...	551	300
								523	535	2,896	1,823	1,073	17	11	3	2	1,352	561
Ward 10 E.B. 28	208	208	990	522	468	2	1	...	...	371	205
E.B. 29	188	189	975	522	453	19	15	18	17	319	127
E.B. 30	203	206	1,081	611	470	11	6	...	...	366	100
E.B. 31	155	155	709	387	322	...	...	2	1	275	144
E.B. 32	122	134	663	364	299	27	21	...	...	239	167
								876	892	4,418	2,406	2,012	59	43	20	18	1,570	743
Ward 11 E.B. 33	200	201	862	448	414	...	...	...	...	283	141
E.B. 34	125	164	803	426	377	...	...	...	...	296	114
E.B. 35	172	184	818	409	409	...	...	...	...	252	160
								497	549	2,483	1,283	1,200	...	...	...	...	831	415
Ward 12 E.B. 36	135	135	650	339	311	1	2	...	...	234	128
E.B. 37	180	195	854	416	438	14	19	...	...	260	116
E.B. 38	191	191	839	419	420	4	3	...	2	203	57
E.B. 39	134	138	702	352	350	4	4	...	...	211	111
								640	659	3,045	1,526	1,519	23	28	...	2	908	412
Ward 13 E.B. 40	179	190	1,113	629	484	3	...	2	3	377	146
E.B. 41	211	221	1,002	525	477	25	17	28	22	219	47
								390	411	2,115	1,154	961	28	17	30	25	506	193
Ward 14 E.B. 42	157	161	869	440	429	2	...	...	...	329	231
E.B. 43	130	131	728	385	343	...	...	...	...	271	113
								287	292	1,597	825	772	2	...	...	...	600	344

Note:—Abbreviations under Cols. 3 to 7 above: Please refer page 27.

TOWN DIRECTORY (Anantapur Town)

ANANTAPUR DISTRICT

ANANTAPUR TALUK

WORKERS

Location No	Name of Town, Ward or Locality or Block, Enumerator's Block No.																					
	I		II		III		IV		V		VI		VII		VIII		IX		X			
	Total Workers (I-IX)		Cultivator		Agricultural Labourer		Mining, Quarrying, Livestock, Forestry, etc.		Household Industry		Manufacturing other than Household Industry		Construction		Trade & Commerce		Transport & Communications		Other Services		Non-Workers	
	M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F
(1)	(20)	(21)	(22)	(23)	(24)	(25)	(26)	(27)	(28)	(29)	(30)	(31)	(32)	(33)	(34)	(35)	(36)	(37)	(38)	(39)	(40)	(41)
ANANTAPUR TOWN M.																						
Ward 1	12,718	2,621	326	143	88	56	45	4	1,047	454	1,137	140	700	220	2,042	341	1,040	3	6,293	1,260	15,092	21,849
E.B. 1		242	59	7	3		1		16	5	40	15	23	1	24	2	29	1	102	32	288	390
E.B. 2		234	78	18				1	10	6	25	1	53	35	20	5	25		83	30	165	298
E.B. 3		193	64	5	3		1		12	12	36	17	22	9	15	7	23		79	16	230	290
Ward Total	669	201	30	6			2	1	38	23	101	33	98	45	59	14	77	1	264	78	683	978
Ward 2																						
E.B. 4		181	38	3					10	12	14	1	17	8	14	3	13		110	14	245	369
E.B. 5		157	35	2		2			6	12	4		3	1	15	1	8		116	19	248	328
E.B. 6		206	70	5					12	25	18	3	29	5	18	9	7		117	28	185	306
E.B. 7		194	48	6		1	5		20	3	22	7	23	9	22	5	17		78	24	183	324
Ward Total	738	191	16		4	2	5		48	52	58	11	72	23	69	18	45		421	85	861	1,327
Ward 3																						
E.B. 8		184	15	9		2	4		1		5		9		14	1	4		136	14	232	388
E.B. 9		254	68	4	1				4	6	18		28		37	7	14		149	54	288	423
Ward Total	438	83	13	1	2		4		5	6	23		37		51	8	18		285	68	520	811
Ward 4																						
E.B. 10		300	41	8		1	3		3	5	34	2	11		57	5	25		158	29	294	450
E.B. 11		233	25	1			4		12	2	17	1	25	5	39	2	16		119	15	362	440
E.B. 12		149	28	3	4	1	1		5	5	6		5	2	2	2	9		117	14	213	315
E.B. 12A		124	9	1					3	1	3		3	1	6		6		102	7	198	226
E.B. 13		233	78	20	2		1		26	5	15	1	55	47	22	6	23		71	16	232	353
Ward Total	1,039	181	33	6	2	2	9		49	18	75	4	99	55	126	15	79		567	81	1,299	1,784
Ward 5																						
E.B. 14		215	28						14	4	14		8	3	42	3	9		128	18	318	384
E.B. 15		202	45	7		1			11	5	14		4	1	32	2	18		115	37	322	319
E.B. 16		218	36	2	1	3	2		26	9	12		1		22	1	17	1	133	24	452	496
Ward Total	635	169	9	1	4		2		51	18	40		13	4	96	6	44	1	376	79	1,092	1,199
Ward 6																						
E.B. 17		172	18	1					11	4	20	1			36		18		86	13	177	289
E.B. 18		275	31	6	1	4			18		29		12	2	63	4	28		115	24	323	429
Ward Total	447	49	7	1	4				29	4	49	1	12	2	99	4	46		201	37	500	718

(1)	(2)	(20)	(21)	(22)	(23)	(24)	(25)	(26)	(27)	(28)	(29)	(30)	(31)	(32)	(33)	(34)	(35)	(36)	(37)	(38)	(39)	(40)	(41)
Ward 7	E.B. 19	.	163	10	...	2	...	...	...	13	4	4	...	...	...	3	...	4	...	139	4	191	338
	E.B. 20	.	156	8	...	1	...	...	...	...	1	18	1	4	...	3	...	2	...	128	6	147	300
	E.B. 21	.	150	10	...	...	...	...	...	3	6	3	...	...	...	...	...	2	...	142	4	174	265
	Ward Total	469	28	...	2	1	...	...	...	16	11	25	1	4	...	6	...	8	...	409	14	512	903
Ward 8	E.B. 22	.	191	22	2	2	...	...	...	9	5	7	...	1	...	38	2	12	...	122	13	226	375
	E.B. 23	.	256	86	6	...	...	...	...	9	4	11	...	13	...	21	6	26	...	176	76	321	509
	E.B. 24	.	300	73	8	7	4	1	1	36	30	13	...	17	1	45	7	16	...	160	27	441	448
	E.B. 25	.	315	48	...	...	28	14	1	14	18	40	1	28	1	31	2	26	...	147	12	287	485
	Ward Total	1,062	229	16	9	32	15	2	...	68	57	71	1	59	2	135	17	74	...	605	128	1,275	1,817
Ward 9	E.B. 26	.	337	32	3	2	...	...	...	11	1	21	...	14	1	60	7	23	...	205	21	751	535
	E.B. 27	.	273	30	4	2	...	3	...	2	7	14	...	6	2	33	2	71	1	140	16	462	476
	Ward Total	610	62	7	4	...	...	3	...	13	8	35	...	20	3	93	9	94	1	345	37	1,213	1,011
Ward 10	E.B. 28	.	241	26	5	1	...	...	...	5	3	12	...	37	5	42	2	20	...	120	15	281	442
	E.B. 29	.	256	76	1	...	...	...	...	53	47	10	...	7	...	52	6	15	...	118	23	266	377
	E.B. 30	.	256	67	4	1	...	...	...	27	13	26	...	20	2	37	5	30	...	112	46	355	403
	E.B. 31	.	169	42	4	1	...	...	...	16	10	11	...	6	2	24	3	16	...	92	26	218	280
	E.B. 32	.	149	37	4	...	...	1	...	3	1	6	1	2	...	11	2	6	...	117	32	215	262
	Ward Total	1,071	248	18	3	...	1	...	...	104	74	65	1	72	9	166	18	87	...	559	142	1,335	1,764
Ward 11	E.B. 33	.	223	14	3	1	...	2	...	31	3	13	...	26	...	20	...	15	...	113	10	225	400
	E.B. 34	.	215	49	3	6	...	2	...	26	6	17	1	16	9	42	3	19	...	90	24	211	328
	E.B. 35	.	193	51	4	1	4	...	...	45	9	7	...	12	1	27	3	16	...	78	37	216	358
	Ward Total	631	114	10	8	4	...	4	...	102	18	37	1	54	10	89	6	50	...	281	71	652	1,086
Ward 12	E.B. 36	.	170	32	8	5	...	7	...	8	11	16	1	3	...	32	2	14	...	89	6	169	279
	E.B. 37	.	215	63	10	9	...	2	...	28	19	19	1	12	3	49	6	16	...	81	23	201	375
	E.B. 38	.	219	68	9	6	1	1	...	44	19	21	5	17	10	41	8	21	...	65	19	200	352
	E.B. 39	.	189	46	4	6	...	...	...	42	11	16	4	8	...	37	6	20	...	62	19	163	304
	Ward Total	793	209	31	26	1	10	...	...	122	60	72	11	40	13	159	22	71	...	297	67	733	1,310
Ward 13	E.B. 40	.	259	41	16	1	6	3	...	7	1	30	...	17	...	49	6	10	...	124	30	370	443
	E.B. 41	.	276	79	6	3	1	...	...	38	24	37	1	1	...	40	15	5	...	148	36	249	398
	Ward Total	535	120	22	4	7	3	...	...	45	25	67	1	18	...	89	21	15	...	272	66	619	841
Ward 14	E.B. 42	.	225	38	13	3	1	...	3	7	2	21	...	2	...	82	8	13	...	83	24	215	391
	E.B. 43	.	203	26	6	9	1	...	...	42	1	34	...	2	...	34	3	13	...	71	13	182	317
	Ward Total	428	64	19	12	2	...	3	...	49	3	55	...	4	...	116	11	26	...	154	37	397	708

ANANTAPUR DISTRICT

TOWN DIRECTORY
(Anantapur Town)

ANANTAPUR TALUK

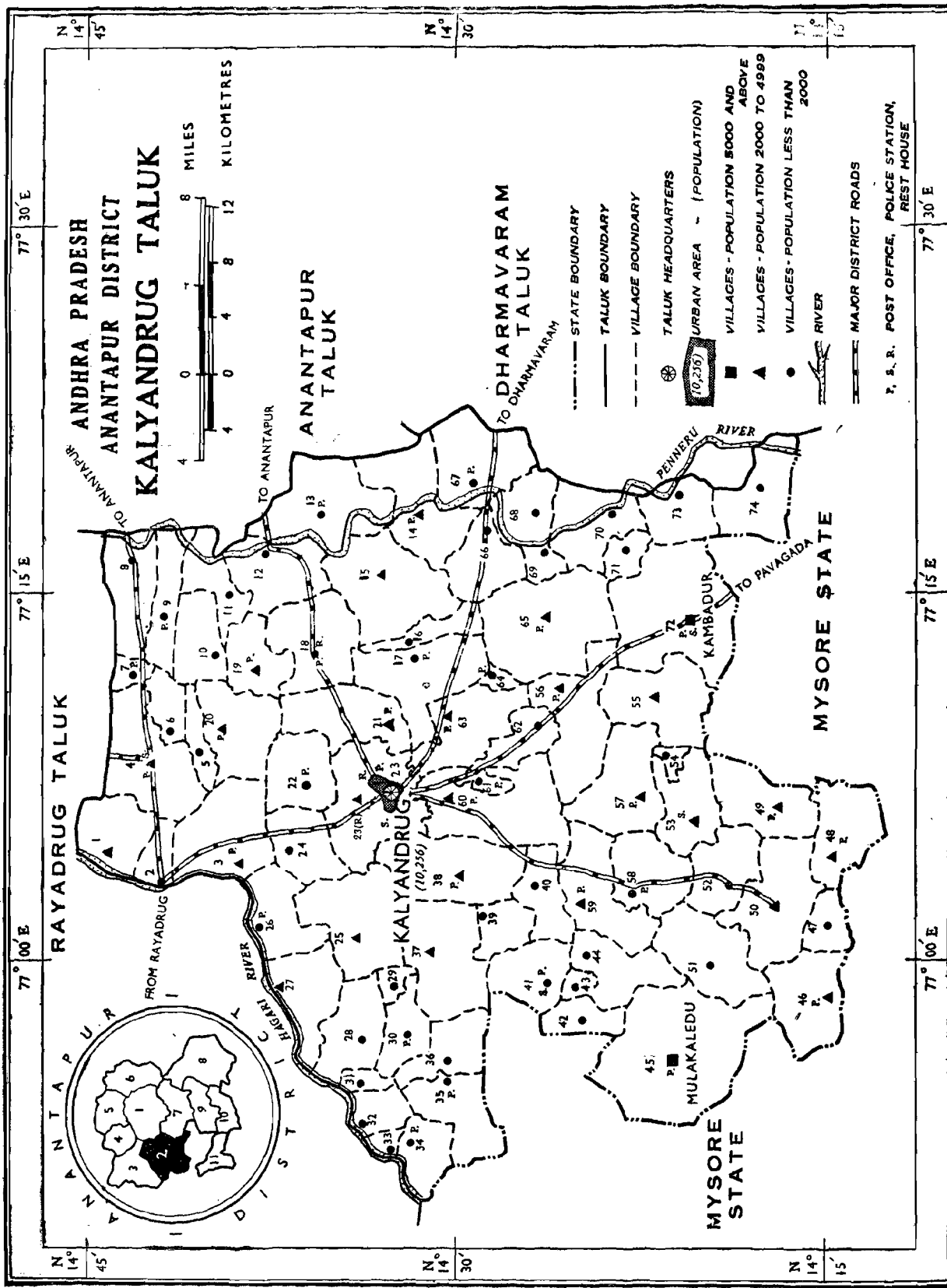
Location No.	Name of Town /Ward or Locality or Block/ Enumerator's Block No.	Facilities					Area in Sq. miles	Occupied Residential Houses		Total number of persons enumerated (including inmates of Institutions and Houseless Persons)			Scheduled Castes		Scheduled Tribes		Literate & Educated Persons	
		Educational	Medical	Drinking Water	Communications	Electricity		No. of Houses	No. of Households	P	M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)	(13)	(14)	(15)	(16)	(17)	(18)	(19)
Ward 15 E.B. 44 E.B. 45	157	162	871	439	432	...	...	...	...	358	270
								146	157	814	425	389	...	...	...	...	341	274
						Ward Total		303	319	1,685	864	821	...	...	...	...	699	544
Ward 16 E.B. 46 E.B. 47	135	139	756	392	364	...	...	...	...	273	156
								115	115	769	403	366	...	...	...	...	284	186
						Ward Total		250	254	1,525	795	730	...	...	...	...	557	342
Ward 17 E.B. 48 E.B. 49	145	155	858	433	425	...	...	...	...	318	164
								145	153	797	399	398	...	...	...	...	272	136
						Ward Total		290	308	1,655	832	823	...	...	...	...	590	300
Ward 18 E.B. 50 E.B. 51	152	167	799	396	403	44	49	...	...	279	111
								128	137	727	351	376	3	5	...	...	225	116
						Ward Total		280	304	1,526	747	779	47	54	...	...	504	227
Ward 19 E.B. 52 E.B. 53 E.B. 54	114	118	608	312	296	...	...	...	...	193	94
								148	148	754	395	359	...	...	...	...	268	58
								139	141	571	303	268	...	...	...	...	179	60
						Ward Total		401	407	1,933	1,010	923	...	...	...	...	640	212
Ward 20 E.B. 55 E.B. 56	149	150	790	403	387	...	...	...	...	211	87
								139	140	795	404	391	...	...	...	...	284	139
						Ward Total		288	290	1,585	807	778	...	...	...	...	495	216
Ward 21 E.B. 57 E.B. 58 E.B. 59 E.B. 60	152	152	809	418	391	...	...	...	...	191	52
								139	139	680	350	330	7	4	2	2	89	9
								157	160	824	411	413	277	273	...	...	216	99
								135	135	657	320	337	170	180	...	...	105	49
						Ward Total		583	586	2,970	1,499	1,471	454	457	2	2	601	109

TOWN DIRECTORY
(Anantapur Town)

WORKERS

Location S.N. Code	Name of Town/Ward or Locality or Block/ Enumerator's Block No.	I		II		III		IV		V		VI		VII		VIII		IX		X			
		Total Workers (I-IX)		Cultivator		Agricultural Labourer		Mining, Quarrying, Livestock, Forestry, etc.		Household Industry		Manufacturing other than House- hold Industry		Construc- tion		Trade & Commerce		Transport Storage & Communi- cations		Other Services		Non- Workers	
		M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F
(1)	(2)	(20)	(21)	(22)	(23)	(24)	(25)	(26)	(27)	(28)	(29)	(30)	(31)	(32)	(33)	(34)	(35)	(36)	(37)	(38)	(39)	(40)	(41)
Ward 15	E.B. 44	183	42	8	4	1	4	...	...	9	4	26	3	2	...	47	4	15	...	75	23	256	390
	E.B. 45	171	20	2	...	...	1	...	...	9	4	13	...	1	...	58	3	6	...	82	12	254	369
	Ward Total	354	62	10	4	1	5	...	...	18	8	39	3	3	...	105	7	21	...	157	35	510	759
Ward 16	E.B. 46	209	34	12	9	...	...	1	...	29	7	23	1	5	4	42	4	31	...	66	9	183	330
	E.B. 47	190	34	5	14	...	...	...	...	37	1	14	4	4	...	44	3	10	...	76	12	213	332
	Ward Total	399	68	17	23	...	...	1	...	66	8	37	5	9	4	86	7	41	...	142	21	396	662
Ward 17	E.B. 48	219	36	12	2	1	1	4	...	26	2	19	1	...	...	70	18	7	...	80	12	214	389
	E.B. 49	197	33	10	2	2	3	1	...	29	3	24	1	4	2	36	10	27	...	64	12	202	365
	Ward Total	416	69	22	4	3	4	5	...	55	5	43	2	4	2	106	28	34	...	144	24	416	754
Ward 18	E.B. 50	193	27	4	1	...	...	...	...	43	8	8	...	3	...	56	11	18	...	61	7	203	376
	E.B. 51	165	22	5	1	2	...	...	...	16	2	33	3	3	...	29	6	13	...	64	10	186	354
	Ward Total	358	49	9	2	2	2	...	...	59	10	41	3	6	...	85	17	31	...	125	17	389	730
Ward 19	E.B. 52	148	24	1	1	...	...	...	...	12	3	19	1	2	1	31	7	21	...	62	11	164	272
	E.B. 53	194	15	3	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	24	...	3	...	52	6	23	...	89	7	201	344
	E.B. 54	152	13	2	...	2	1	...	...	...	...	32	...	1	...	36	6	21	...	58	6	151	255
	Ward Total	494	52	6	2	2	1	...	...	12	4	75	1	6	1	119	19	65	...	209	24	516	871
Ward 20	E.B. 55	186	40	8	4	1	1	1	...	13	3	14	1	3	...	32	17	22	...	92	14	217	347
	E.B. 56	212	13	...	...	...	...	2	...	3	1	30	4	3	...	76	6	16	...	84	...	192	378
	Ward Total	398	53	8	4	1	1	1	2	16	4	44	5	6	...	108	23	38	...	176	14	409	725
Ward 21	E.B. 57	213	83	13	13	...	...	...	...	57	22	6	2	10	...	41	22	29	...	57	24	205	308
	E.B. 58	178	47	...	...	13	1	...	...	4	6	24	1	9	4	22	19	36	...	70	16	172	283
	E.B. 59	205	157	4	6	3	11	2	...	9	4	48	49	9	10	12	21	6	...	112	56	206	256
	E.B. 60	138	93	6	2	...	...	2	...	12	6	7	4	36	33	5	9	5	...	65	39	182	244
	Ward Total	734	380	23	21	16	12	4	...	82	38	85	56	64	47	80	71	76	...	304	135	765	1,091

KALYANDRUG TALUK



S. AHMED
DRAUGHTSMAN

Prepared at the Office of the Superintendent of Census Operations,
Andhra Pradesh, Hyderabad.

ALPHABETICAL LIST OF VILLAGES

KALYANDRUG TALUK

1961 Location Code No.	Name of Village	1961 Location Code No.	Name of Village
39	Adavigollapalle	50	Kumdurpi
9	Ankappalle	61	Kurabarahalli
52	Apilepalle	74	Kurakulapalle
5	Avulenna		
42	Ayyagarlapalle	58	Lakshmampalle
40	Bachepalle	46	Malayanur
51	Basapuram	54	Mallapuram
62	Bedrahalli	13	Manirevu
4	Beluguppa	15	Muddinayanapalle
49	Bestharapalle	21	Mudigal
28	Bhyrasamudram	45	Mulakaledu
34	Bhyravanithippa	56	Mulakanur
30	Brahmasamudram		
8	Budigumma	3	Narasapuram
22	Chapiri	2	Narinjagundlapalle
31	Chelimenahalli	47	Nizavalle
73	Chennampalle	67	Nuthimadugu
44	Chintarlapalle		
10	Duddekunta	63	Palavoy
64	Duradakunta	65	Pallur
		25	Pillalapalle
17	East Kodipalle	70	Ralla Anantapuram
57	Enumala Doddi	71	Rallapalle
36	Eradikera	66	Rampuram
19	Gangavaram	37	Santi Kondapuram
60	Garudapuram	20	Seeripi
18	Golla	41	Settur
69	Gulyam	1	Srirangapuram
33	Gundiganihalli		
24	Hulikal	7	Thaguparthi
		26	Theetakal
48	Jambugumpala	55	Thimmapuram
		14	Thimmasamudram
12	Kalvappalle	16	Varli
23	Kalyandrug	32	Vepalaparthi
72	Kambadur		
27	Kannepalle	35	West Kodipalle
43	Kanthanahalli		
53	Kariganipalle	38	Yatakal
68	Karthanaparathi	6	Yerragudi
59	Khyrevu	29	Yerrakondapuram
11	Konampalle		

Location Code No.	Name of Village	Facilities					Area in Sq. miles	Occupied Residential Houses		Total number of persons enumerated (including inmates of Institutions and Houseless Persons)			Scheduled Castes			Scheduled Tribes			Literate & Educated Persons
		Medical	Drinking Water	Communi- cations	Electricity	No. of Houses		No. of Houses	P	M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F		
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)	(13)	(14)	(15)	(16)	(17)	(18)	(19)	
2. KALYANDRUG TALUK																			
	Total																		
	Rural																		
	Urban																		
1	Srirangapuram	P	...	W	...	...	10.39	398	398	2,107	1,105	1,002	189	162	...	...	423	92	
2	Narinagundiapalle	P	...	W	R	...	4.36	161	161	855	439	416	85	71	...	...	117	12	
3	Narasapuram	P	...	W	Po, R	...	18.24	430	430	2,602	1,349	1,253	245	221	167	159	308	50	
4	Beluguppa	H	...	W	Po, R	...	17.36	728	728	3,951	2,056	1,895	288	253	325	321	858	297	
5	Avulenna	P	...	W	...	...	3.94	163	163	885	449	436	86	75	8	6	167	57	
6	Yerragudi	P	...	W	...	...	5.17	197	199	1,109	593	516	112	82	...	...	295	61	
7	Thaguparthi	P	...	W	Po, R	...	1.92	238	253	1,534	787	747	138	118	...	...	417	97	
8	Budigumma	P	...	W	...	...	10.43	296	296	1,525	800	725	54	59	...	...	233	37	
9	Ankampalle	P	...	W	Po	...	7.79	336	337	1,871	947	924	127	129	...	...	344	71	
10	Duddekunta	P	...	W	...	...	9.22	259	259	1,629	840	789	115	120	...	...	300	53	
11	Konampalle	P	...	W	...	...	7.98	73	73	336	182	154	38	28	5	6	57	11	
12	Kalvapalle	P	...	W	R	...	12.68	296	296	1,562	788	774	161	146	75	69	213	56	
13	Manirevu	P	...	W	Po, R	...	18.76	327	329	1,734	895	839	98	108	101	106	176	23	
14	Thimmasamudram	P	...	W	Po, R	...	16.70	360	360	2,113	1,102	1,011	96	112	11	9	236	32	
15	Muddinayanapalle	2P	...	W	...	...	20.11	408	409	2,235	1,187	1,048	155	130	232	201	261	80	
16	Varil	...	...	W	...	...	4.90	87	87	493	254	239	42	42	45	42	80	21	
17	East Kodipalle	2P	...	W	Po	...	17.41	346	346	1,974	1,005	969	201	165	36	36	260	59	
18	Golla	P	...	W	Po, R, R	...	15.67	294	300	1,658	842	816	148	144	...	...	225	53	
19	Gangavaram	P, H	...	W	Po	...	7.05	428	428	2,504	1,301	1,203	54	45	17	21	654	213	
20	Seetipi	P	...	W	Po	...	13.36	644	644	3,867	2,028	1,839	346	279	17	16	835	246	
21	Mudigal	P	...	W	Po	...	3.47	550	550	2,946	1,515	1,431	233	216	...	...	453	94	
22	Chapiri	3P	...	W	Po, R	...	10.81	238	238	1,418	727	691	115	115	20	23	143	14	
23	Kalyandrug (Rural)	...	...	...	...	...	20.10	402	402	2,404	1,265	1,139	334	294	...	...	647	112	
24	Hulikall	P	...	W	...	...	9.38	280	283	1,721	906	815	135	123	...	...	177	18	
25	Pillalapalle	P	...	W	...	...	17.94	430	430	2,329	1,199	1,130	202	185	153	137	250	58	
26	Theetaka	P	...	W	Po	...	9.76	256	256	1,485	778	707	137	119	...	...	195	14	
27	Kannepalle	P	...	W	R	...	11.92	437	437	2,301	1,161	1,140	207	183	60	52	300	50	
28	Bhyrasamudram	P	...	W	...	...	11.39	252	252	1,392	709	683	76	64	...	...	122	21	
29	Yerrakondapuram	...	...	W	...	...	7.16	23	23	132	65	67	...	...	...	...	2	...	
30	Brahmasamudram	P	...	W	Po	...	7.16	191	191	1,090	558	532	103	95	...	...	152	29	

(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)	(13)	(14)	(15)	(16)	(17)	(18)	(19)
31	Chelmenahalli	P	...	W	...	...	1.69	105	105	614	294	320	53	51	...	...	60	4
32	Vepalaparthi	P	...	W	...	...	4.78	210	210	1,379	725	634	26	13	...	...	183	23
33	Gundigahalli	P	...	W	...	...	10.49	122	122	717	363	354	35	48	...	...	141	13
34	Bhyranthippa	P	...	W Po	...	...	7.05	325	325	1,977	1,008	969	128	140	...	...	212	40
35	West Kodipalle	P	...	W Po	...	...	10.49	271	271	1,380	716	664	95	111	...	11	205	57
36	Eradikera	P	...	W	...	...	7.81	265	265	1,407	715	692	225	215	...	...	284	30
37	Santi Kondapuram	P	...	W	...	...	17.93	468	469	2,521	1,324	1,197	237	213	...	...	315	51
38	Yatakul	3P	...	W Po	...	...	17.65	416	416	2,813	1,468	1,345	255	222	...	...	518	126
39	Adavigollapalle	P	...	W	...	...	8.32	29	29	219	113	106	12	18	...	...	9	...
40	Bachepalle	P	...	W	...	...	8.32	139	139	901	461	440	108	105	...	16	62	21
41	Settur	P	...	W Po	...	...	8.76	302	302	1,646	848	798	184	161	...	...	375	107
42	Ayyagarlapalle	P	...	W	...	...	4.38	115	115	618	314	304	120	88	...	...	71	17
43	Kanthanahalli	P	...	W	...	...	0.07	2	2	13	6	7	...	...	...	...	...	...
44	Chintariapalle	P	...	W	...	...	10.59	167	168	880	479	401	128	113	...	12	107	19
45	Mulakaledu	2P	...	W Po	...	...	35.89	1,021	1,021	5,807	3,051	2,756	492	441	...	...	816	143
46	Malayanur	P	...	W Po	...	...	14.15	536	549	2,918	1,509	1,409	237	194	...	10	300	63
47	Nizavalle	P	...	W	...	...	5.41	190	190	1,022	512	510	120	118	...	...	203	56
48	Jambugumpala	P	...	W Po	...	...	12.80	337	337	2,014	1,038	976	266	270	...	...	198	56
49	Bestharapalle	P	...	W Po	...	...	12.94	436	476	2,497	1,289	1,208	103	97	...	...	439	81
50	Kumdurpi	P, M, H	...	W R	...	...	17.88	883	889	4,853	2,574	2,279	343	304	...	3	930	198
51	Basapuram	P	...	W	...	...	15.02	374	374	1,910	999	911	185	146	...	4	274	49
52	Apilepalle	P	...	W R	...	...	10.72	281	281	1,478	786	692	152	141	...	...	187	31
53	Kariganipalle	P	...	W	...	...	10.81	377	377	2,097	1,081	1,016	225	217	...	4	366	79
54	Mallapuram	P	...	W	...	...	10.81	23	23	161	92	69	13	6	...	22	18	1
55	Thimmapuram	2P	...	W	...	...	15.53	454	456	2,657	1,416	1,241	406	361	...	27	569	99
56	Mulakanur	P	...	W Po	...	...	17.07	410	410	2,212	1,143	1,069	285	255	...	36	241	30
57	Enumala Doddi	P	...	W Po	...	...	15.55	385	389	2,156	1,130	1,026	178	152	...	...	337	103
58	Lakshmanpalle	P	...	W Po, R	...	...	11.15	235	235	1,202	634	568	171	167	...	9	132	40
59	Khyrevu	P	...	W Po	...	...	15.02	455	455	2,484	1,283	1,201	263	249	...	33	330	68
60	Garudapuram	P	...	W Po, R	...	...	20.47	460	460	2,694	1,409	1,285	214	213	...	88	230	27
61	Kurabarahalli	P	...	W Po, R	...	...	1.20	105	105	577	290	287	54	46	...	...	43	4
62	Bedrahalli	P	...	W R	...	...	6.22	187	187	1,092	547	545	156	151	...	...	115	23
63	Palavoy	2P	...	W Po, R	...	...	12.61	433	436	2,379	1,232	1,147	177	168	...	34	263	56
64	Duradakunta	P	...	W Po	...	...	1.10	221	227	1,176	590	586	87	99	...	...	63	11
65	Pallur	P	...	W Po	...	...	24.47	505	521	2,529	1,269	1,269	300	309	...	123	216	37
66	Rampuram	P	...	W	...	...	9.29	215	219	1,216	630	586	134	114	...	...	155	26
67	Nuthimadugu	P	...	W Po, R	...	...	11.10	384	384	1,998	1,034	964	142	118	...	75	267	80
68	Karhanaparthi	P	...	W	...	...	8.00	222	227	1,246	647	599	84	77	...	26	166	26
69	Gulyam	P	...	W	...	...	2.76	69	69	353	196	157	46	47	...	11	30	...
70	Rella Anantapuram	P	...	W	...	...	11.97	198	207	1,075	536	539	80	91	...	13	120	16
71	Rallipalle	P	...	W	...	...	0.20	82	82	470	264	206	69	57	...	...	44	2
72	Kambadur	2P	...	W Po, R	...	...	28.11	1,028	1,052	5,620	2,889	2,731	649	649	...	25	869	176
73	Chennampalle	P	...	W R	...	...	8.88	222	222	1,267	634	633	126	106	...	12	162	52
74	Kurakulapalle	P	...	W	...	...	11.70	156	192	1,131	595	536	100	101	...	...	110	23

Note:—Abbreviations under Cols. 3 to 7 above : Please refer page 27.

WORKERS

Location No Code (1)	Name of Village (2)	Total Workers (I-IX)																						X
		I		II		III		IV		V		VI		VII		VIII		IX						
		Cultivator		Agricultural Labourer		Mining, Quarrying, Livestock, Forestry, etc.		Household Industry		Manufacturing other than Household Industry		Construction		Trade & Commerce		Transport, Storage & Communications		Other Services						
		M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F					
(1)	(2)	(20)	(21)	(22)	(23)	(24)	(25)	(26)	(27)	(28)	(29)	(30)	(31)	(32)	(33)	(34)	(35)	(36)	(37)	(38)	(39)	(40)	(41)	
KALYANDRUG TALUK																								
	Total	45,522	30,251	25,047	14,886	9,137	11,522	1,003	123	5,120	2,123	117	25	600	211	1,752	514	201	9	2,545	838	27,790	37,831	
	Rural	42,858	29,178	24,542	14,590	9,064	11,457	982	101	4,595	1,890	20	8	496	171	1,215	379	77	9	1,867	573	25,107	33,995	
	Urban	2,664	1,073	505	296	73	65	21	22	525	233	97	17	104	40	537	135	124	...	678	265	2,683	3,836	
1	Srirangapuram	680	545	372	252	238	272	4	...	28	7	...	...	3	...	12	6	...	...	23	8	425	457
2	Narainagundiapalle	256	141	124	29	68	98	11	3	41	6	2	4	...	8	3	183	275
3	Narasapuram	803	598	392	230	310	322	12	2	51	21	...	...	4	2	10	7	1	...	23	14	546	655
4	Beluguppa	1,129	756	363	185	382	351	2	...	180	179	...	...	...	...	56	10	10	...	136	31	927	1,139
5	Avulenna	282	162	140	74	86	70	2	...	20	8	...	...	9	...	7	4	...	...	18	6	167	274
6	Yerragudi	367	263	180	102	133	118	1	...	28	31	...	...	...	...	4	7	...	...	21	5	226	253
7	Thaguparthi	494	380	376	271	81	106	...	...	8	2	...	...	3	...	10	1	2	...	14	...	293	367
8	Budigumma	503	425	321	252	118	153	...	...	22	...	...	...	3	...	16	8	...	...	23	12	297	300
9	Ankappalle	561	342	314	56	177	277	9	...	23	...	...	...	1	...	17	5	2	...	18	4	386	582
10	Duddekunta	507	329	318	168	134	154	...	...	32	5	...	...	...	...	9	...	...	...	14	2	333	460
11	Konampalle	107	44	58	4	18	27	...	...	17	5	...	...	4	1	1	1	...	...	9	6	75	110
12	Kalvapalle	490	381	305	204	59	141	5	...	79	22	...	1	6	7	17	1	1	...	18	5	298	393	
13	Manirevu	592	393	329	240	93	120	35	...	84	19	...	...	11	2	19	6	...	...	21	6	303	446
14	Thinnasamudram	667	242	454	104	93	105	17	...	64	16	...	...	...	...	22	6	3	...	14	11	435	769
15	Muddinayanapalle	758	529	552	378	70	102	11	1	79	29	...	...	1	2	18	7	2	...	25	10	429	519
16	Varti	153	79	101	52	28	24	6	...	4	...	...	...	...	...	8	1	...	...	6	2	101	160
17	East Kodipalle	659	463	308	248	234	193	...	...	60	11	...	...	8	2	24	4	1	...	24	5	346	506
18	Golla	529	346	355	234	63	81	9	1	54	5	...	...	11	5	17	6	...	...	20	14	313	470
19	Gangavaram	808	438	408	159	243	218	14	...	50	35	2	...	4	...	32	14	1	...	54	12	493	765	
20	Seetipi	1,213	626	513	129	437	436	28	2	55	7	1	...	56	20	17	5	...	...	106	27	815	1,213
21	Mudigal	974	685	490	328	302	321	17	...	73	6	11	3	16	3	19	10	2	...	44	14	541	746	
22	Chapiri	419	305	217	127	122	152	5	3	42	3	...	...	8	10	7	6	1	...	17	4	308	386
23	Kalyandrug (Rural)	798	573	466	303	229	215	9	2	55	24	...	...	15	6	11	9	...	...	13	14	467	566
24	Huikikal	550	391	302	242	75	120	14	...	103	10	...	...	18	7	14	3	1	...	23	9	356	424
25	Pillalapalle	777	337	443	131	176	172	...	3	121	16	...	...	...	...	10	8	2	...	25	7	422	793
26	Theetakal	508	299	293	184	111	93	2	1	72	9	...	...	6	3	8	6	...	...	16	3	270	408
27	Kannepalle	782	439	560	322	91	99	19	...	56	7	...	...	4	1	20	5	...	...	32	5	379	701
28	Bhyrasamudram	441	284	256	122	103	114	...	...	56	42	...	...	1	...	9	1	...	...	16	5	268	399
29	Yerakondapuram	36	35	34	32	1	3	1	29	32
30	Brahmasamudram	351	217	232	110	77	101	5	1	13	1	...	...	8	...	4	1	1	...	11	3	207	315

(1)	(2)	(20)	(21)	(22)	(23)	(24)	(25)	(26)	(27)	(28)	(29)	(30)	(31)	(32)	(33)	(34)	(35)	(36)	(37)	(38)	(39)	(40)	(41)
31	Chelimenahalli	186	142	133	96	21	40	...	...	20	5	...	...	4	1	4	...	...	...	4	...	108	178
32	Vepalaparthi	477	293	257	121	105	84	1	...	90	80	...	...	5	...	7	3	1	...	11	5	248	361
33	Gundiganahalli	230	204	126	91	17	27	20	9	58	73	...	...	3	...	3	2	...	...	3	2	133	150
34	Bhuvanathippa	627	487	359	171	66	202	68	10	65	72	...	...	37	20	15	4	1	...	16	8	381	482
35	West Kodipalle	455	335	344	228	57	102	12	...	16	3	...	...	1	...	12	1	...	...	13	1	261	329
36	Eradikera	492	339	345	234	49	75	43	15	30	3	...	...	2	1	13	7	...	...	10	4	223	353
37	Santhi Kondapuram	855	608	477	185	132	363	83	3	96	44	...	1	8	...	20	3	3	...	36	9	469	589
38	Yatakal	903	736	558	158	134	516	...	...	147	39	...	...	25	13	17	6	1	...	21	4	565	609
39	Adavigollapalle	75	52	57	41	3	9	8	1	1	1	...	...	3	...	2	...	...	...	1	...	38	54
40	Bachepalle	280	166	184	52	51	112	11	...	19	...	...	...	3	1	5	...	...	...	7	1	181	274
41	Settur	538	342	293	206	79	105	54	8	48	10	...	...	3	...	18	4	1	...	42	9	310	456
42	Ayyagarlapalle	220	174	130	4	12	143	12	2	31	20	...	...	4	...	6	5	...	...	25	...	94	130
43	Kanthanahalli	5	3	4	...	...	2	...	...	1	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	4
44	Chintarlapalle	337	227	198	145	66	58	11	...	44	20	...	...	...	...	6	1	...	...	12	3	142	174
45	Mulakaledu	1,954	1,273	1,095	607	500	603	73	1	140	25	1	...	7	...	58	16	4	...	76	21	1,097	1,483
46	Malavanur	1,022	795	699	439	194	313	8	2	63	29	...	...	5	3	31	3	1	...	21	6	487	614
47	Nizavalle	348	238	265	174	22	60	3	1	39	3	...	...	1	...	7	...	...	...	11	...	164	272
48	Jambugumpala	643	385	411	231	131	109	15	2	37	26	...	...	...	...	23	6	1	...	25	11	395	591
49	Bestharapalle	831	592	536	432	110	90	35	7	56	15	...	1	33	21	24	3	2	...	35	23	458	616
50	Kumdurpi	1,605	960	831	473	263	304	41	...	258	127	1	1	26	2	90	17	4	...	91	36	969	1,319
51	Basapuram	645	526	390	311	144	185	5	...	65	21	...	...	2	...	20	3	...	...	19	6	354	385
52	Apilepalle	542	359	251	141	216	209	...	...	31	...	...	...	10	...	18	3	...	...	16	6	244	333
53	Kariganipalle	705	506	374	197	98	176	65	8	125	104	...	...	1	...	21	10	...	...	21	11	376	510
54	Mallapuram	61	25	47	12	11	11	...	...	3	2	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	31	44
55	Thimmapuram	842	643	480	232	189	304	12	6	89	83	...	...	5	3	20	4	3	...	44	11	574	598
56	Mulakanur	741	576	232	143	365	409	13	...	67	8	...	...	3	...	21	5	1	...	39	11	402	493
57	Enumala Doddi	750	567	433	320	130	155	4	...	110	65	...	...	7	...	34	10	1	...	31	17	380	459
58	Lakshmampalle	413	283	236	111	73	74	1	...	78	91	...	...	2	...	10	3	...	...	13	4	221	285
59	Khyrevu	819	451	562	279	98	100	23	1	75	54	...	...	...	...	33	13	...	...	28	4	464	750
60	Garudapuram	861	579	533	388	88	116	31	3	156	56	...	...	10	1	21	10	2	...	20	5	548	706
61	Kurabarahalli	175	142	41	30	18	20	...	...	109	89	...	...	...	...	1	...	1	...	5	3	115	145
62	Bedrehalli	369	331	224	202	71	99	2	...	29	9	...	...	14	10	7	5	2	...	20	6	178	214
63	Palavoy	789	502	412	228	211	177	11	1	97	59	1	...	3	...	24	23	...	...	30	14	443	645
64	Duradakunta	390	312	161	168	155	133	...	...	39	2	...	...	5	4	15	1	2	3	13	1	200	274
65	Pallur	810	671	457	386	177	243	29	1	68	17	...	...	9	6	31	10	...	...	39	8	459	589
66	Rampuram	411	286	227	206	55	52	2	...	90	21	...	...	8	2	14	...	...	...	15	5	219	300
67	Nuthimadugu	660	442	469	323	84	97	...	...	43	4	...	...	14	4	16	3	3	...	31	11	374	522
68	Karthanaparthi	422	278	245	159	42	105	32	...	63	2	...	...	3	...	18	6	...	...	19	6	225	321
69	Gulyam	130	80	76	49	23	28	...	...	21	2	...	...	...	...	2	1	...	...	8	...	66	77
70	Ralla Anantapuram	319	262	193	156	41	87	2	...	54	11	...	...	1	...	9	3	2	...	17	5	217	277
71	Rallapalle	147	122	108	81	19	36	...	...	12	2	...	...	3	2	1	1	...	...	4	...	117	84
72	Kambadur	1,784	1,233	1,015	769	292	389	15	1	223	31	3	...	24	2	74	13	4	...	134	28	1,105	1,498
73	Chennampalle	414	313	214	188	80	104	...	...	77	5	...	...	2	4	10	3	1	...	30	9	220	320
74	Kurakulapalle	382	291	284	151	20	73	...	...	41	30	...	1	...	...	16	18	2	6	19	12	213	245

Statement showing the Jurisdiction of Enumerators' Blocks in the Urban Areas of Kalyandrug Taluk

KALYANDRUG TOWN

Ward/Locality/ Block No.	Enumerator's Block No. and its Jurisdiction		
	E. B. No.	House Numbers included in the Block	
		From	To
1	2	3	4
Block 1	E.B. 159	1-1	1-109
Block 2	E.B. 160	2-1	2-113
Block 3	E.B. 161	3-1	3-134
Block 4	E.B. 162	4-1	4-129
Block 5	E.B. 163	5-1	5-105
Block 6	E.B. 164	6-1	6-164
Block 7	E.B. 165	7-1	7-154

Ward/Locality/ Block No.	Enumerator's Block No. and its Jurisdiction		
	E. B. No.	House Numbers included in the Block	
		From	To
1	2	3	4
Block 8	E.B. 166	8-1	8-120C
	E.B. 167	8-121	8-187
	E.B. 168	8-188	8-264
Block 9	E.B. 169	9-1	9-74F
	E.B. 170	9-75	9-197
Block 10	E.B. 171	10-1	10-110A
	E.B. 172	10-111	10-201
Block 11	E.B. 173	11-1	11-95A
	E.B. 174	11-96	11-184

ANANTAPUR DISTRICT

TOWN DIRECTORY
(Kalyandrug Town)

KALYANDRUG TALUK

Location Code No.	Name of Town/Ward or Locality or Block/ Enumerator's Block No.	Facilities						Area in Sq. miles	Occupied Residential Houses		Total number of persons enumerated (including inmates of Institutions and Houseless Persons)				Scheduled Castes		Scheduled Tribes		Literate & Educated Persons		
		Educa- tional	Medical	Drinking water	Communi- cations	Electricity			No. of Houses	No. of Households	P	M	F	(12)	(13)	M	F	M	F	M	F
						(3)	(4)															(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)	(13)	(14)	(15)	(16)	(17)	(18)	(19)
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)	(13)	(14)	(15)	(16)	(17)	(18)	(19)	(20)		
I KALYANDRUG TOWN P.																					
		5P,H	Hos	S	Po,To, Rh,R	E(D&T)	4.00	1,750	1,760	10,256	5,347	4,909	212	184	47	40	2,834	1,118			
Block 1	E. B. 159	.	.	.	.	.	.	92	92	476	235	241	...	...	5	7	153	92	
Block 2	E. B. 160	.	.	.	.	.	.	90	90	486	236	250	...	...	...	...	130	86	
Block 3	E. B. 161	.	.	.	.	.	.	99	99	672	347	325	...	...	...	...	256	42	
Block 4	E. B. 162	.	.	.	.	.	.	116	116	588	303	285	...	...	...	...	218	14	
Block 5	E. B. 163	.	.	.	.	.	.	100	100	610	322	288	...	...	...	...	121	33	
Block 6	E. B. 164	.	.	.	.	.	.	147	147	846	436	410	...	...	...	...	156	38	
Block 7	E. B. 165	.	.	.	.	.	.	138	140	899	451	448	...	...	...	...	149	19	
Block 8	E. B. 166	.	.	.	.	.	.	96	97	556	291	265	...	...	...	...	189	94	
	E. B. 167	.	.	.	.	.	.	120	120	779	441	338	...	...	...	...	253	03	
	E. B. 168	.	.	.	.	.	.	94	94	529	273	256	...	...	...	...	72	19	
							Block Total	310	311	1,864	1,005	859	44	3	37	31	514	216			
Block 9	E. B. 169	.	.	.	.	.	.	122	124	719	379	340	...	...	...	...	184	78	
	E. B. 170	.	.	.	.	.	.	123	128	750	419	331	...	...	...	...	231	60	
							Block Total	245	252	1,469	798	671	39	33	3	...	415	138			
Block 10	E. B. 171	.	.	.	.	.	.	89	89	530	290	240	...	...	...	...	210	72	
	E. B. 172	.	.	.	.	.	.	109	109	606	308	298	...	...	...	...	156	56	
							Block Total	198	198	1,136	598	538	128	148	...	...	366	128	
Block 11	E. B. 173	.	.	.	.	.	.	113	113	612	302	310	...	...	...	...	159	40	
	E. B. 174	.	.	.	.	.	.	102	102	598	314	284	...	...	...	...	197	72	
							Block Total	215	215	1,210	616	594	1	...	2	2	356	112			

Note :—Abbreviations under Cols. 3 to 7 above : Please refer page 27.

TOWN DIRECTORY
(Kalyandrug Town)

WORKERS

S. No.	Name of Town/Ward or Locality or Block/ Enumerator's Block No.	I										II										III										IV										V										VI										VII										VIII										IX										X																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																					
		Total Workers (I-IX)										Cultivator					Agricultural Labourer					Mining, Quarrying, Livestock, Forestry, etc.					Household Industry					Manufacturing other than Household Industry					Construction					Trade & Commerce					Transport, Storage & Communications					Other Services					Non-Workers																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																								
		M		F		M		F		M		F		M		F		M		F		M		F		M		F		M		F		M		F		M		F		M		F		M		F		M		F		M		F		M		F		M		F		M		F		M		F		M		F		M		F		M		F		M		F		M		F		M		F		M		F		M		F		M		F		M		F		M		F		M		F		M		F		M		F		M		F		M		F		M		F		M		F		M		F		M		F		M		F		M		F		M		F		M		F		M		F		M		F		M		F		M		F		M		F		M		F		M		F		M		F		M		F		M		F		M		F		M		F		M		F		M		F		M		F		M		F		M		F		M		F		M		F		M		F		M		F		M		F		M		F		M		F		M		F		M		F		M		F		M		F		M		F		M		F		M		F		M		F		M		F		M		F		M		F		M		F		M		F		M		F		M		F		M		F		M		F		M		F		M		F		M		F		M		F		M		F		M		F		M		F		M		F		M		F		M		F		M		F		M		F		M		F		M		F		M		F		M		F		M		F		M		F		M		F		M		F		M		F		M		F		M		F		M		F		M		F		M		F		M		F		M		F		M		F		M		F		M		F		M		F		M		F		M		F		M		F		M		F		M		F		M		F		M		F		M		F		M		F		M		F		M		F		M		F		M		F		M		F		M		F		M		F		M		F		M		F		M		F		M		F		M		F		M		F		M		F		M		F		M		F		M		F		M		F		M		F		M		F		M		F		M		F		M		F		M		F		M		F		M		F		M		F		M		F		M		F		M		F		M		F		M		F		M		F		M		F		M		F		M		F		M		F		M		F		M		F		M		F		M		F		M		F		M		F		M		F		M		F		M		F		M		F		M		F		M		F		M		F		M		F		M		F		M		F		M		F		M		F		M		F		M		F		M		F		M		F		M		F		M		F		M		F		M		F		M		F		M		F		M		F		M		F		M		F		M		F		M		F		M		F		M		F		M		F		M		F		M		F		M		F		M		F		M		F		M		F		M		F		M		F		M		F		M		F		M		F		M		F		M		F		M		F		M		F		M		F		M		F		M		F		M		F		M		F		M		F		M		F		M		F		M		F		M		F		M		F		M		F		M		F		M		F		M		F		M		F		M		F		M		F		M		F		M		F		M		F		M		F		M		F		M		F		M		F		M		F		M		F		M		F		M		F		M		F		M		F		M		F		M		F		M		F		M		F		M		F		M		F		M		F		M		F		M		F		M		F		M		F		M		F		M		F		M		F		M		F		M		F		M		F	

RAYADRUG TALUK

ALPHABETICAL LIST OF VILLAGES

RAYADRUG TALUK

1961 Location Code No.	Name of Village	1961 Location Code No.	Name of Village
66	Avuladatla	6	Lakshmipuram
		8	Lingamanahalli
73	Baginayakanahalli		
19	Banduru	7	Madenahalli
72	Belodu	3	Malapanagudi
23	Bennikal	60	Mallapuram
70	Bhupasamudram	52	Malyam
39	Bidurukontham	61	Mechiri
17	Bollanaguddam	41	Meenahalli
14	Bommanahal	34	Muradi
58	Bondanakal	48	Mylaramhalli
38	Brahmasamudram		
		28	Nagalapuram
59	Chadam	67	Nagireddipalle
		12	Nemakal
5	Dandinahirehal	45	N. Hanumapuram
65	Darga Kondapuram		
35	Dodaghatta	1	Obujapuram
30	Elanji	49	Peddakowkuntla
		79	Pulakunta
77	Galagala	11	Pulakurthi
42	Garudachedu		
36	Genigera	50	Ramapuram
76	Gollapalle	78	Rangasamudram
21	Govindavada	55	Ratchamarri
57	Gramadatla	62	Rayadrug
81	Gummaghatta	47	Rekatla
51	Hanakanahal	16	Siddarampuram
18	Haresamudram	24	Singanahalli
10	Hiredahal	46	Sollapuram
4	Hirechalhosahalli	29	Somalapuram
2	Hirehalsiddapuram	25	Sridharaghatta
22	Honnur		
71	Hosahalli		
33	Huiikal	82	Thallakera
56	Hulikera	44	Thumbiganur
9	Jajarakal	26	Uddihal
69	Junjurampalle	43	Udegolam
		74	Udegolam
		13	Unthakal
32	Kadalur		
53	Kalekurthi		
20	Kalludevanahalli	64	Vadra Honnur
80	Kalugodu	75	Veerapuram
54	Kanekal	68	Veparalla
27	Kolaganahalli	40	Vyasapuram
63	Konthanahalli		
31	Kudlur		
15	Kuravalli	37	Yerragunta

(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)	(13)	(14)	(15)	(16)	(17)	(18)	(19)
31	Kudlur	.	.	P,M	...	Riv	10.40	621	621	3,124	1,608	1,516	135	155	23	24	467	54
32	Kadatur	.	.	P	...	Riv	8.10	279	279	1,538	780	758	126	121	...	...	104	15
33	Hulikal	.	...	...	...	W	6.70	134	139	730	367	363	44	39	4	6	67	6
34	Muradi	.	...	P	...	W	13.90	533	567	3,210	1,627	1,583	319	367	7	15	408	39
35	Dodaghatta	.	...	P	...	W	5.30	153	157	863	446	417	123	97	...	...	43	1
36	Genigera	.	...	P	...	W	14.90	437	480	2,497	1,293	1,204	172	178	...	...	231	27
37	Yerragunta	.	...	P	...	E (D&I)	11.20	578	594	3,085	1,520	1,565	132	149	...	...	258	34
38	Brahmasamudram	.	...	P	...	Riv	6.10	107	108	520	254	266	26	26	3	...	74	29
39	Bidurukonham	.	...	P	...	Riv	4.50	87	87	412	210	202	31	21	...	...	78	12
40	Vyasapuram	.	...	P	...	W	4.10	140	140	1,083	537	546	73	56	13	23	147	18
41	Meenahalli	.	...	P	...	Riv	5.20	89	92	474	231	243	83	76	...	...	82	23
42	Garudachedu	.	...	2P	...	W,Riv	6.30	150	158	787	391	396	88	103	...	...	172	55
43	Udegolam	.	...	P	...	E (D&I)	5.30	91	93	421	198	223	17	21	...	...	50	15
44	Thumbiganur	.	...	P	...	W,Riv	8.50	223	237	1,179	569	610	479	513	3	2	186	28
45	N. Hanumapuram	.	...	P	...	Tk	3.70	199	205	1,425	722	703	57	51	3	3	267	34
46	Sollapuram	.	...	P	...	Tk	7.80	257	257	1,664	855	809	152	147	...	...	374	74
47	Rekatla	.	...	2P	...	W	17.30	578	579	3,004	1,475	1,529	206	210	66	81	347	124
48	Myilaramhalli	.	...	P	...	W	1.40	193	193	1,000	498	502	141	123	2	3	93	13
49	Peddakowkuntla	.	...	P	...	W	10.30	375	375	2,055	1,038	1,017	190	182	3	1	296	66
50	Ramapuram	.	...	...	...	W	5.40	384	384	2,099	1,056	1,043	148	163	...	...	280	37
51	Hanakanahal	.	...	P	...	Riv	14.70	370	371	2,123	1,106	1,017	128	131	...	...	469	59
52	Maliyam	.	...	2P	...	Riv	9.70	315	315	1,595	806	789	130	139	4	11	275	51
53	Kalekurthi	.	...	P	...	Riv	6.10	161	163	903	462	441	47	53	...	...	125	9
54	Kanekal	.	...	4P,H	D	W,Tk,Riv	24.50	1,451	1,503	7,453	3,773	3,681	323	263	...	...	1,232	316
55	Rachamarri	.	...	P	...	Riv	2.40	205	205	1,071	556	515	120	82	3	4	60	11
56	Hulikera	.	...	2P	...	W	16.10	576	576	3,092	1,590	1,502	250	207	...	4	414	65
57	Gramadatta	.	...	P	...	W	13.20	344	354	2,002	1,035	967	207	168	5	9	198	23
58	Bondanakal	.	...	P	...	W	10.50	180	180	1,119	562	557	98	82	230	248	99	16
59	Chadam	.	...	P	...	W	6.20	194	197	1,208	642	566	104	101	1	1	178	12
60	Mallapuram	.	...	P	...	W	13.60	224	224	1,220	605	615	123	104	13	13	117	18
61	Mechiri	.	...	P	...	W	3.80	182	182	948	480	468	104	105	...	...	116	23
62	Rayadrug	.	...	...	...	E(I)	19.35	49	49	364	185	179	63	52	...	...	8	...
63	Konthanahalli	.	...	...	...	E(I)	8.60	84	84	565	293	272	27	27	...	...	45	3
64	Vadra Honnur	.	...	...	...	...	7.50	204	204	1,222	649	573	73	53	...	...	133	11
65	Dayga Kondapuram	.	...	P	...	...	5.90	204	204	1,222	649	573	73	53	...	...	...	...
66	Avuladatta	.	...	P	...	W	4.30	100	100	610	301	309	54	41	84	107	32	1
67	Nagreddipalle	.	...	...	...	W	6.40	173	175	881	455	426	75	85	19	17	35	5
68	Veparalla	.	...	4P	...	W,Riv	11.50	557	558	2,910	1,482	1,428	213	158	5	4	344	67
69	Junjurampalle	.	...	P	...	W	12.60	328	331	1,894	963	931	238	180	...	...	184	38
70	Bhupasamudram	.	...	P	...	W,Riv	11.30	391	396	2,087	1,072	1,015	146	157	49	49	275	41
71	Hosahalli	.	...	...	...	W	1.70	26	26	171	87	84	20	16	...	...	24	4
72	Belodu	.	...	P	...	E(I)	7.90	286	289	1,701	834	867	82	74	...	...	236	31
73	Baginayakanahalli	.	...	2P	...	E(I)	8.40	254	254	1,444	745	699	117	108	7	9	167	29
74	Udegolam	.	...	P	...	W	16.90	299	301	1,762	890	872	250	248	...	...	269	56
75	Veerapuram	.	...	P	...	E(D&I)	8.70	109	109	670	339	331	55	47	13	20	79	16

Note:- Abbreviations under Cols. 3 to 7 above : Please refer page 27.

WORKERS

Sl. No.	Name of Village	I																		II						III						IV						V						VI						VII						VIII						IX						X																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																							
		Total Workers (I-IX)						Cultivator						Agricultural Labourer						Mining, Quarrying, Livestock, Forestry, etc.						Household Industry						Manufacturing other than Household Industry						Construction						Trade & Commerce						Transport & Communications						Other Services						Non-Workers																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																													
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(1)	(2)	(20)	(21)	(22)	(23)	(24)	(25)	(26)	(27)	(28)	(29)	(30)	(31)	(32)	(33)	(34)	(35)	(36)	(37)	(38)	(39)	(40)	(41)	
31	Kudlur	.	.	1,013	755	711	570	100	126	...	106	25	4	...	3	...	26	13	1	...	62	21	595	761
32	Kadalur	.	.	535	447	353	146	131	287	...	14	4	...	1	...	3	4	18	5	245	...	5	245	311
33	Hulikal	.	.	237	206	172	166	23	27	...	27	6	2	3	7	4	3	...	3	...	130	157
34	Muradi	.	.	1,088	882	733	635	222	206	1	63	15	...	1	4	2	19	19	1	...	45	4	539	701
35	Dodaghatta	.	.	298	251	128	106	134	132	3	21	3	4	6	1	...	7	4	148	166
36	Genigera	.	.	836	691	461	383	224	245	5	52	18	63	28	7	5	1	...	23	12	457	513
37	Yerraguntia	.	.	970	767	736	578	193	181	...	21	6	2	4	1	1	...	13	1	550	798
38	Brahmasamudram	.	.	173	142	122	102	34	36	4	2	...	...	...	...	2	...	...	...	9	4	81	124
39	Bidurukontham	.	.	120	125	73	77	37	43	5	3	1	...	...	...	...	2	...	...	4	...	90	77
40	Vyasapuram	.	.	323	325	186	201	114	119	7	3	...	...	...	...	3	1	...	...	10	4	214	221
41	Meenahalli	.	.	133	141	62	78	57	60	2	...	...	...	...	...	2	1	...	...	10	2	98	102
42	Garudachedu	.	.	242	212	100	102	102	100	...	14	...	...	...	...	7	4	2	...	17	6	149	184
43	Udegolam	.	.	134	122	85	81	28	33	3	7	4	...	...	...	...	2	...	...	7	2	64	101
44	Thumbiganur	.	.	348	262	220	136	88	108	3	22	4	...	...	...	2	4	...	...	13	7	221	348
45	N. Hanumapuram	.	.	451	334	269	196	108	122	1	27	2	4	...	8	2	1	...	33	12	271	369
46	Sollapuram	.	.	508	416	319	262	147	140	...	15	...	...	...	...	3	3	...	...	24	11	347	393
47	Rekatia	.	.	938	651	348	88	417	534	...	81	13	3	...	2	...	34	6	...	53	10	537	878	
48	Mylaramhalli	.	.	298	269	177	140	93	118	...	11	3	1	...	...	...	7	2	...	9	6	200	233
49	Peddakowkuntla	.	.	671	547	292	196	253	291	16	30	11	39	31	13	7	7	...	21	11	367	470
50	Ramapuram	.	.	668	479	370	218	187	220	9	39	6	...	...	20	4	16	16	...	27	15	388	564
51	Hanakanahal	.	.	693	537	409	245	193	240	4	34	42	1	1	7	...	17	1	1	...	27	8	413	480
52	Malvan	.	.	479	441	199	187	168	194	9	33	11	8	...	18	20	14	14	1	...	29	11	327	348
53	Kalekurthi	.	.	269	240	120	51	110	164	5	19	18	1	1	...	3	4	...	...	11	2	193	201
54	Kanekal	.	.	2,167	1,307	912	574	671	563	6	223	102	1	...	38	...	132	22	11	...	173	46	1,606	2,374
55	Ratchamarri	.	.	381	245	274	198	43	32	18	29	8	...	...	...	10	4	...	...	7	3	175	270
56	Hulikera	.	.	1,016	766	761	583	91	125	19	88	37	3	...	3	...	17	5	...	34	16	574	736	
57	Gramadatla	.	.	691	586	495	443	110	115	11	33	8	4	...	...	4	8	...	...	34	10	344	381
58	Bondanakal	.	.	332	274	261	206	35	54	1	20	8	...	...	...	2	2	...	...	13	4	230	283
59	Chadam	.	.	400	254	173	97	93	132	52	41	6	...	...	7	...	7	3	...	27	15	242	312
60	Mallapuram	.	.	456	333	283	223	87	95	3	62	4	1	...	5	3	4	...	11	8	149	282
61	Mechiri	.	.	290	108	246	34	32	69	...	1	...	...	...	...	3	5	...	...	8	...	190	360
62	Rayadrug	.	.	120	98	85	77	28	21	...	4	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	3	...	65	81
63	Konthanahalli	.	.	183	164	132	147	18	15	23	6	1	...	...	...	2	...	...	...	2	1	110	108
64	Vadra Honnur	.	.	392	231	318	205	26	20	27	2	...	1	...	3	...	8	...	...	7	6	257	342
65	Darga Kondapuram	.	.	181	168	142	132	26	33	...	2	2	...	...	...	...	6	...	...	5	1	120	141
66	Avuladatla	.	.	290	242	216	164	48	72	2	7	1	...	...	...	...	4	...	...	9	5	165	184
67	Nagireddipalle	.	.	916	646	636	377	177	230	24	22	8	4	2	5	...	20	10	1	...	27	19	566	782
68	Veparalla	.	.	605	401	446	319	62	68	23	2	49	4	1	2	1	6	3	...	13	3	358	530	
69	Junjurampalle	.	.	685	521	561	441	21	47	44	1	24	13	...	...	9	11	...	...	22	8	387	494
70	Bhupasamudram	.	.	53	49	26	32	6	3	3	17	14	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	34	35
71	Hosahalli	.	.	541	371	369	169	92	186	3	21	2	2	...	18	5	12	1	...	24	8	293	496	
72	Belodu	.	.	468	396	306	225	124	155	2	10	6	2	...	...	...	6	2	...	18	8	277	303
73	Baginayakanahalli	.	.	579	383	317	189	139	157	32	4	29	5	10	5	28	14	6	...	14	3	311	489	
74	Udegolam	.	.	219	180	148	120	40	49	7	...	23	3	...	...	...	...	5	...	1	3	120	151
75	Veerapuram	.	.																					

Statement showing the Jurisdiction of Enumerators' Blocks in the Urban Areas of Rayadrug Taluk

RAYADRUG TOWN

Ward/Locality/ Block No.	Enumerator's Block No. and its Jurisdiction			Ward/Locality/ Block No.	Enumerator's Block No. and its Jurisdiction		
	E.B. No.	House Numbers included in the Block			E.B. No.	House Numbers included in the Block	
		From	To			From	To
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)
Ward 1	E.B. 109	1-1	1-125	Ward 8	E.B. 124	8-1	8-104
	E.B. 110	1-126	1-269		E.B. 125	8-105	8-263
Ward 2	E.B. 111	2-1	2-120	Ward 9	E.B. 126	9-1	9-118
	E.B. 112	2-121	2-229		E.B. 127	9-119	9-255
Ward 3	E.B. 113	3-1	3-115	Ward 10	E.B. 128	10-1	10-128
	E.B. 114	3-116	3-248		E.B. 129	10-129	10-267
Ward 4					E.B. 130	10-268	10-417
	E.B. 115	4-1	4-120	Ward 11	E.B. 131	11-1	11-143
	E.B. 116	4-121	4-262		E.B. 132	11-144	11-273
	E.B. 117	4-263	4-425		E.B. 133	11-274	11-427
			E.B. 134		11-428	11-581	
Ward 5	E.B. 118	5-1	5-118	Ward 12	E.B. 135	12-1	12-95
	E.B. 119	5-119	5-272		E.B. 136	12-96	12-234
Ward 6	E.B. 120	6-1	6-124		E.B. 137	12-235	12-396
	E.B. 121	6-125	6-238		E.B. 138	12-397	12-520
Ward 7	E.B. 122	7-1	7-139	Ward 13	E.B. 139	13-1	13-135
	E.B. 123	7-140	7-326		E.B. 140	13-136	13-260
					E.B. 141	13-261	13-376

ANANTAPUR DISTRICT

TOWN DIRECTORY
(Rayadrug Town)

RAYADRUG TALUK

Location No. (1)	Name of Town/Ward or Locality or Block/ Enumerator's Block No. (2)	Facilities					Area in Sq. miles (8)	Occupied Residential Houses (9) (10)		Total number of persons enumerated (including inmates of Institutions and Houseless Persons)				Scheduled Castes		Scheduled Tribes		Literate & Educated Persons	
		Educa- tional (3)	Medical (4)	Drinking Water (5)	Communi- cations (6)	Electricity (7)		No. of Houses (9)	No. of Households (10)	P (11)	M (12)	F (13)	M (14)	F (15)	M (16)	F (17)	M (18)	F (19)	
RAYADRUG TOWN P.																			
Ward 1	E.B. 109	.	.	.	.	.	.	147	147	865	433	432	...	...	...	...	...	209	37
	E.B. 110	.	.	.	.	.	.	133	133	823	426	397	...	...	...	...	...	184	24
								280	280	1,688	859	829	...	...	...	...	...	393	61
								Ward Total											
Ward 2	E.B. 111	.	.	.	.	.	.	88	88	555	294	261	...	...	...	...	...	198	66
	E.B. 112	.	.	.	.	.	.	95	95	670	338	332	...	...	...	...	...	169	26
								183	183	1,225	632	593	...	...	...	...	...	367	92
								Ward Total											
Ward 3	E.B. 113	.	.	.	.	.	.	119	119	836	442	394	...	...	...	...	...	233	23
	E.B. 114	.	.	.	.	.	.	164	164	849	458	391	...	...	...	...	...	273	50
								283	283	1,685	900	785	...	...	...	...	...	506	73
								Ward Total											
Ward 4	E.B. 115	.	.	.	.	.	.	112	112	670	357	313	...	...	...	...	...	111	2
	E.B. 116	.	.	.	.	.	.	157	157	861	424	437	...	...	...	...	...	222	76
	E.B. 117	.	.	.	.	.	.	154	154	871	462	409	...	...	...	...	...	129	3
								423	423	2,402	1,243	1,159	...	...	...	...	...	462	81
								Ward Total											
Ward 5	E.B. 118	.	.	.	.	.	.	107	107	598	297	301	...	...	...	...	...	103	5
	E.B. 119	.	.	.	.	.	.	112	112	882	459	423	...	...	...	...	...	185	23
								219	219	1,480	756	724	...	...	...	...	...	288	28
								Ward Total											
Ward 6	E.B. 120	.	.	.	.	.	.	103	103	681	352	329	...	...	...	...	...	206	61
	E.B. 121	.	.	.	.	.	.	104	104	674	371	303	...	...	...	...	...	148	38
								207	207	1,355	723	632	...	...	...	...	...	354	99
								Ward Total											
Ward 7	E.B. 122	.	.	.	.	.	.	147	147	855	432	423	...	...	...	...	...	225	101
	E.B. 123	.	.	.	.	.	.	137	137	813	400	413	...	...	...	...	...	121	64
								284	284	1,668	832	836	...	...	...	...	...	346	165
								Ward Total											
Ward 8	E.B. 124	.	.	.	.	.	.	99	100	580	290	290	...	...	...	...	...	141	61
	E.B. 125	.	.	.	.	.	.	149	149	899	445	454	...	...	...	...	...	136	17
								248	249	1,479	735	744	...	...	...	...	...	277	78
								Ward Total											

(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)	(13)	(14)	(15)	(16)	(17)	(18)	(19)
Ward 9	E.B. 126	.	.	.	.	.	.	112	114	818	420	398	10	1	...	...	165	31
	E.B. 127	.	.	.	.	.	.	108	108	585	283	302	...	...	...	...	154	95
							Ward Total	220	222	1,403	703	700	10	1	...	...	319	126
Ward 10	E.B. 128	.	.	.	.	.	.	121	121	710	363	347	...	...	...	...	197	83
	E.B. 129	.	.	.	.	.	.	125	125	636	318	318	169	186	...	...	99	28
	E.B. 130	.	.	.	.	.	.	135	137	713	339	374	230	237	...	...	94	19
Ward 11	E.B. 131	.	.	.	.	.	.	381	383	2,059	1,020	1,039	399	423	...	...	390	130
	E.B. 132	.	.	.	.	.	.	110	112	744	404	340	41	42	...	...	223	92
	E.B. 133	.	.	.	.	.	.	90	90	641	341	300	35	...	...	...	252	137
Ward 12	E.B. 134	.	.	.	.	.	.	95	104	806	418	388	89	100	1	...	168	74
							Ward Total	433	444	646	354	292	9	6	16	2	166	50
										2,837	1,517	1,320	174	148	17	2	809	353
Ward 13	E.B. 135	.	.	.	.	.	.	83	86	506	254	252	24	24	3	4	142	84
	E.B. 136	.	.	.	.	.	.	117	117	707	347	360	...	...	12	6	257	160
	E.B. 137	.	.	.	.	.	.	142	148	817	416	401	2	2	3	3	233	76
Ward 14	E.B. 138	.	.	.	.	.	.	81	81	576	307	269	...	...	...	...	185	73
							Ward Total	423	432	2,606	1,324	1,282	26	26	18	13	817	393
Ward 15	E.B. 139	.	.	.	.	.	.	114	114	587	305	282	...	...	...	...	164	42
	E.B. 140	.	.	.	.	.	.	109	109	634	304	330	7	10	42	45	102	6
	E.B. 141	.	.	.	.	.	.	125	125	671	347	324	...	...	...	...	163	42
Ward 16							Ward Total	348	348	1,892	956	936	7	10	42	45	429	90

Note :- Abbreviations under Cols. 3 to 7 above: Please refer page 27.

Location No.	Name of Town/ Ward or Locality or Block/ Enumerator's Block No.	WORKERS																																											
		I				II				III				IV				V				VI				VII				VIII				IX				X							
		Total Workers (I-IX)				Cultivator				Agricultural Labourer				Mining, Quarrying, Livestock, Forestry, etc.				Household Industry				Manufacturing other than Household Industry				Construction				Trade & Commerce				Transport, Storage & Communications				Other Services				Non-Workers			
		M		F		M		F		M		F		M		F		M		F		M		F		M		F		M		F		M		F		M		F					
		(20)	(21)	(22)	(23)	(24)	(25)	(26)	(27)	(28)	(29)	(30)	(31)	(32)	(33)	(34)	(35)	(36)	(37)	(38)	(39)	(40)	(41)																						
		(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)	(13)	(14)	(15)	(16)	(17)	(18)	(19)	(20)	(21)	(22)	(23)	(24)	(25)	(26)	(27)	(28)	(29)	(30)	(31)	(32)	(33)	(34)	(35)	(36)	(37)	(38)	(39)	(40)	(41)			
I RAYADRUG TOWN P.																																													
Ward 1		E.B. 109 . . .	246	210	2	...	2	2	1	...	157	177	40	24	3	1	24	1	1	...	16	5	187	222																					
		E.B. 110 . . .	230	228	8	4	7	...	156	201	21	20	2	1	22	2	2	...	12	...	196	169																					
		Ward Total	476	438	10	4	2	2	8	...	313	378	61	44	5	2	46	3	3	...	28	5	383	391																					
Ward 2		E.B. 111 . . .	147	85	65	64	29	13	25	3	28	5	147	176																					
		E.B. 112 . . .	187	190	8	5	...	120	171	22	15	1	...	22	3	9	1	151	142																					
		Ward Total	334	275	8	5	..	185	235	51	28	1	...	47	6	37	6	298	318																					
Ward 3		E.B. 113 . . .	234	204	1	1	1	1	95	93	109	102	2	...	19	3	2	...	5	4	208	190																					
		E.B. 114 . . .	238	175	2	1	1	2	30	...	142	152	18	14	3	1	36	4	4	...	2	1	220	216																					
		Ward Total	472	379	3	2	1	2	31	1	237	245	127	116	5	1	55	7	6	...	7	5	428	406																					
Ward 4		E.B. 115 . . .	201	179	1	6	167	165	16	4	10	3	7	1	156	134																					
		E.B. 116 . . .	230	155	17	11	4	6	4	...	87	80	25	31	7	6	27	6	19	...	40	15	194	282																					
		E.B. 117 . . .	243	157	7	1	...	133	98	39	38	12	3	13	11	4	...	34	7	219	252																					
		Ward Total	674	491	25	17	4	6	5	...	387	343	80	73	19	9	50	20	23	...	81	23	569	668																					
Ward 5		E.B. 118 . . .	175	152	13	15	1	1	16	1	77	90	17	19	16	7	23	6	1	...	11	13	122	149																					
		E.B. 119 . . .	247	138	28	12	1	...	102	101	28	14	11	2	40	8	8	...	29	1	212	285																					
		Ward Total	422	290	41	27	1	1	17	1	179	191	45	33	27	9	63	14	9	...	40	14	334	434																					
Ward 6		E.B. 120 . . .	179	89	9	...	1	...	2	...	79	78	24	4	2	1	45	4	1	...	16	2	173	240																					
		E.B. 121 . . .	197	56	7	4	43	35	62	1	3	...	23	2	6	...	53	14	174	247																					
		Ward Total	376	145	16	4	1	...	2	...	122	113	86	5	5	1	68	6	7	...	69	16	347	487																					
Ward 7		E.B. 122 . . .	237	5	8	22	...	101	...	11	...	39	3	8	...	48	2	195	418																					
		E.B. 123 . . .	235	36	3	4	...	9	10	76	5	8	...	23	9	11	...	101	12	165	377																					
		Ward Total	472	41	11	4	...	31	10	177	5	19	...	62	12	19	...	149	14	360	795																					
Ward 8		E.B. 124 . . .	144	28	22	5	14	2	3	...	7	2	30	...	1	...	22	14	8	...	37	5	146	262																					
		E.B. 125 . . .	267	175	94	82	12	20	15	...	31	17	20	3	7	1	44	14	8	...	36	38	178	279																					
		Ward Total	411	203	116	87	26	22	18	...	38	19	50	3	8	1	66	28	16	...	73	43	324	541																					

(1)	(2)	(20)	(21)	(22)	(23)	(24)	(25)	(26)	(27)	(28)	(29)	(30)	(31)	(32)	(33)	(34)	(35)	(36)	(37)	(38)	(39)	(40)	(41)
Ward 9	E.B. 126 . .	251	79	71	41	30	7	1	...	14	1	16	1	6	1	42	6	6	...	65	22	169	319
	E.B. 127 . .	132	57	26	15	8	4	...	...	21	6	6	4	1	2	26	10	1	...	43	16	151	245
	Ward Total	383	136	97	56	38	11	1	...	35	7	22	5	7	3	68	16	7	...	108	38	320	564
Ward 10	E.B. 128 . .	199	37	17	6	...	...	...	...	30	5	28	...	11	1	60	4	5	...	48	21	164	310
	E.B. 129 . .	190	104	44	22	12	23	...	...	14	3	9	1	...	...	55	48	10	...	46	7	128	214
	E.B. 130 . .	184	157	52	49	10	18	2	...	19	7	13	4	5	2	41	72	2	...	40	5	155	217
	Ward Total	573	298	113	77	22	41	2	...	63	15	50	5	16	3	156	124	17	...	134	33	447	741
Ward 11	E.B. 131 . .	238	93	82	29	55	54	1	...	14	4	6	...	3	...	42	...	3	...	32	6	166	247
	E.B. 132 . .	144	32	25	7	...	...	...	...	25	19	12	...	...	...	47	1	2	...	33	5	197	268
	E.B. 133 . .	240	72	42	19	17	29	2	...	67	3	2	1	3	...	32	6	7	...	68	14	178	316
	E.B. 134 . .	171	71	71	35	17	27	3	1	...	...	...	1	4	1	10	1	1	...	44	5	183	221
	Ward Total	793	268	220	90	89	110	6	1	106	26	41	2	10	1	131		13	...	177	30	724	1,052
Ward 12	E.B. 135 . .	119	17	39	7	6	4	6	1	1	...	3	...	8	1	14	1	...	...	42	3	135	235
	E.B. 136 . .	147	40	15	3	8	10	1	...	18	8	7	3	3	1	31	7	6	...	58	8	200	320
	E.B. 137 . .	216	41	9	1	15	3	1	...	6	1	43	3	23	6	35	16	13	...	71	11	200	360
	E.B. 138 . .	150	11	3	...	...	...	...	...	9	3	25	1	8	...	49	4	7	...	49	3	157	258
	Ward Total	632	109	66	11	29	17	8	1	34	12	78	7	42	8	129	28	26	...	220	25	692	1,173
Ward 13	E.B. 139 . .	163	89	12	10	3	2	...	...	15	30	31	5	9	3	50	15	5	...	38	24	142	193
	E.B. 140 . .	176	126	40	32	1	1	5	2	32	39	5	1	18	3	39	15	1	...	35	33	128	204
	E.B. 141 . .	192	88	25	15	18	21	4	1	35	23	14	4	21	9	38	14	9	...	28	1	155	236
	Ward Total	531	303	77	57	22	24	9	3	82	92	50	10	48	15	127	44	15	...	101	58	425	633

**URAVAKONDA
IND. SUB. TALUK**

ALPHABETICAL LIST OF VILLAGES

URAVAKONDA IND. SUB-TALUK

1961 Location Code No.	Name of Village	1961 Location Code No.	Name of Village
26	Amidala	11	Malapuram
18	Budagavi	25	Mopidi
8	Chabala	9	N. (Neelluleni) Thimmapuram
48B	Chayapuram	20	Nerimetia
16	Checkalagurki	23	Nimbagallu
7	Chinnahothur	15	Palthuru
31	Chinnamustur	38	Pandikunta
1	Donekal	34	P. C. (Pedda Chinna) Pyapili
6	Gadehothur	30	Peddamustur
3	Gadekal	27	Pennahobilam
43	Ganjikunta	5	Poliki
47	Gulapalyam	44	Pottipadu
4	Hanchanahal	28	Racherla
13	Havaligi	41	Ragulapadu
24	Indravathy	36	Rampuram
2	Kadarabenchhi	21	Rayampalle
40	Kadamalakunta	22	Renimakulapalle
46	Kamalapadu	35	Shaiksanipalle
14	Karakamukkala	42	Thatrakal
37	Katrimala	19	Undabanda
48A	Konakondla	33	Uravakonda
29	Konapuram	45	Vajrakarur
32	Lathavaram	17	Veligonda
		10	Velpumadugu
		39	Venkatampalle
		12	Vidupanakal

Location No.	Name of Village	Facilities					Area in Sq. miles	Occupied Residential Houses		Total number of persons enumerated (including inmates of Institutions and Houseless Persons)				Scheduled Castes		Scheduled Tribes		Literate & Educated Persons	
		Educational	Medical	Drinking Water	Communications	Electricity		No. of Houses	No. of Houses	P	M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F	
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)	(13)	(14)	(15)	(16)	(17)	(18)	(19)	
4.	URAVAKONDA	Total																	
	IND. SUB-TALUK	Rural																	
		Urban																	
1	Donkal	.	P	Riv	Po,R	...	10.91	263	265	1,519	739	780	38	38	...	...	227	30
2	Kadarabanchi	.	P	W	R	...	3.17	117	117	690	347	343	25	22	6	6	131	17	
3	Gadekal	.	P	Mcw	Po,R	...	11.49	513	513	2,944	1,443	1,501	199	200	15	10	379	56	
4	Hanchanahal	.	P	W	Po,R	...	8.78	257	261	1,472	856	616	102	114	...	...	229	47
5	Poliki	.	P	W	Po,R	...	10.34	287	298	1,614	807	807	158	150	3	2	325	88	
6	Gadchothur	.	P	W	R	E(D&I)	7.44	256	256	1,389	710	679	47	47	...	...	169	38
7	Chinnahothur	.	P	W	R	...	4.43	94	94	574	294	280	77	65	...	...	117	31
8	Chabala	.	2P	Mcw	Po,R	E(D&I)	14.51	487	487	2,806	1,431	1,375	299	294	20	19	585	159	
9	N. (Neeluleni) Thinnam-puram	.	P	W	Po	...	3.57	63	66	428	199	229	52	63	2	2	70	32	
10	Velpumadugu	.	4P	W	Po,R	...	16.57	875	879	4,776	2,457	2,319	216	202	32	40	1,101	265	
11	Malapuram	.	P	W	Po,R	...	5.33	75	75	417	213	204	37	36	...	...	44	3
12	Vidupanakal	.	3P	D,Mcw	Po,R	...	21.05	835	853	4,398	2,220	2,178	211	188	21	25	799	180	
13	Havaligi	.	2P	W	Po	...	16.78	604	610	3,106	1,564	1,542	181	186	2	2	649	140	
14	Karakamukkala	.	P	W	Po,R	...	8.03	259	259	1,452	750	702	128	145	...	...	237	33
15	Palthuru	.	2P	W	Po,R	...	16.15	688	689	3,706	1,839	1,867	88	89	4	2	599	99	
16	Cheekalagurki	.	P	W	Po,R	...	6.63	211	211	1,059	538	521	58	66	1	1	172	24	
17	Veligonda	.	P	W	...	...	4.61	148	148	970	498	472	72	66	...	...	164	14
18	Budagavi	.	P	W	Po,R	...	5.91	275	276	1,437	721	716	67	66	4	4	195	13	
19	Undabanda	.	P	W	Po,R	...	6.80	198	198	1,058	557	501	43	35	26	13	166	30	
20	Nerimetla	.	P	W	R	...	3.83	193	193	1,045	529	516	75	77	...	...	186	23
21	Rayampalle	.	P	W	Po,R	...	4.79	150	154	879	435	444	83	99	...	...	213	38
22	Renmakulapalle	.	P	W	Po,R	E(D&I)	2.95	145	145	811	417	394	88	81	3	3	101	25	
23	Nimbagaithu	.	P	W	Po,R	E(D&I)	7.59	370	371	2,335	1,171	1,164	118	100	...	...	417	90
24	Indravathy	.	P	W	R	...	3.02	83	83	443	228	215	17	18	...	...	74	19
25	Mopidi	.	P	W	Po,R	...	5.32	268	268	1,488	716	772	86	112	...	...	222	41
26	Amidala	.	P	Mcw	W,Riv	Po,R	...	699	704	3,869	1,955	1,914	245	230	25	20	428	121	
27	Pennahoblam	.	...	W	W,Riv	...	3.58	4	8	14	8	6	...	...	...	...	3	1
28	Racherla	.	...	W	...	...	3.14	13	13	66	34	32	2	3	12	9	3	...
29	Konapuram	.	P	W	W	R	2.23	60	61	337	153	184	46	52	1	...	27	7	
30	Peddampur	.	P	W	W	R	E(D&I)	4.43	101	615	298	317	95	90	7	6	63	28	

(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)	(13)	(14)	(15)	(16)	(17)	(18)	(19)
31	Chinnamastur	P	...	W	Po,R	...	3.52	183	184	966	486	480	71	65	...	...	65	8
32	Lathavaram	P	...	W	Po	...	6.27	238	246	1,378	716	662	129	120	60	41	204	31
33	Urvakonda	P	...	...	...	...	11.69	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
34	P. C. (Pidda Chinna)	2P	...	W	Po,R	E(D&I)	11.45	382	385	2,056	1,035	1,021	281	220	181	189	251	41
35	Shaikhanipalle	P	...	W	Po	E(D&I)	4.86	256	259	1,389	713	676	96	65	42	39	184	31
36	Rampuram	P	...	W	...	...	2.19	173	173	863	430	433	32	42	16	7	96	12
37	Katrimala	P	...	W	Po	...	3.91	234	246	1,196	592	604	131	131	53	56	82	11
38	Pandikunta	P	...	W	...	...	6.27	242	242	1,356	698	658	106	95	38	26	194	35
39	Venkatampalle	2P	...	W,Riv	...	...	3.65	276	319	1,525	769	756	83	78	465	450	82	10
40	Kadamalakunta	P	...	W	Po,R	...	3.96	80	80	433	232	201	41	38	...	...	69	24
41	Ragulapadu	2P	...	W	Po,R	E(D&I)	3.50	293	293	1,585	780	805	143	152	26	34	236	58
42	Thatrakal	P	...	W,Riv	Po,R	E(D&I)	9.52	306	306	1,622	817	805	77	82	160	176	227	20
43	Ganjikunta	P	...	W	R	E(D&I)	5.85	200	200	1,117	573	544	137	133	10	4	178	25
44	Pottipadu	P	...	Riv	...	...	3.44	99	99	570	296	274	85	74	...	...	92	16
45	Vajrakarur	P,H	D,Mew	W	Po,Ro,Rh,R	E(D&I)	17.59	1,154	1,159	6,292	3,222	3,070	296	257	39	29	1,339	545
46	Kamalapadu	P	...	W	Po,R	E(D&I)	9.13	255	255	1,401	718	683	26	21	88	81	178	45
47	Gulapalyam	P	...	W	Po,R,Rly	E(D&I)	8.17	283	293	1,591	808	783	82	92	2	14	238	22
48A	Konakondla	2P,H	Rhc,	W	2Po,R	E(D&I)	22.52	1,171	1,176	6,527	3,304	3,223	588	634	41	40	1,021	232
48B	Chayapuram	P	...	...	...	...	N.A.	193	214	1,145	605	540	32	29	...	...	289	113

Note :- Abbreviations under Cols. 3 to 7 above : Please refer page 27.

WORKERS

Location Code No.	Name of Village	WORKERS																													
		I			II			III			IV			V			VI			VII			VIII			IX			X		
		Total Workers (I-IX)		Cultivator	Agricultural Labourer		Mining, Quarrying, Livestock, Forestry, etc.	Household Industry		Manufacturing other than Household Industry	Construc- tion		Trade & Commerce	Transport Storage & Communi- cations		Other Services	Non- Workers														
(1)	(2)	M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F				
4.	URAVAKONDA	28,737	18,317	12,542	5,637	7,931	9,263	317	85	3,402	2,030	407	19	484	173	1,228	386	346	...	2,080	724	21,335	30,266								
	IND. SUB-TALUK	24,002	15,232	11,980	5,271	7,528	8,510	274	81	1,565	461	132	2	357	128	667	279	132	...	1,367	500	16,919	24,576								
	Urban	4,735	3,085	562	366	403	753	43	4	1,837	1,569	275	17	127	45	561	107	214	...	713	224	4,416	5,690								
1	Donekal	435	257	317	186	76	61	1	...	12	1	...	...	1	...	9	...	2	...	17	9	304	523						
2	Kadarabanchi	222	150	115	31	77	111	1	...	17	6	...	...	...	...	2	...	...	...	10	2	125	193	
3	Gadekal	865	618	521	188	205	359	1	...	63	36	4	...	14	3	21	14	2	...	34	18	578	883								
4	Hanchanahal	507	103	305	27	155	56	...	...	11	...	7	...	...	...	11	7	...	...	18	13	349	513	
5	Poliki	499	370	229	134	183	209	6	...	35	5	...	...	6	...	17	11	...	...	23	11	308	437				
6	Gadebothur	411	309	249	156	113	132	1	2	19	4	...	...	1	...	6	6	2	...	20	9	299	370						
7	Chinnahothur	173	116	121	71	34	40	...	1	13	...	...	...	...	...	3	...	...	...	2	4	121	164
8	Chabala	888	633	400	174	360	390	2	...	66	45	...	...	1	...	14	6	1	...	44	18	543	742						
9	N. (Neeluleni) Thimmapuram	127	120	56	39	57	76	...	3	5	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	9	2	72	109
10	Velpumadugu	1,457	1,200	720	479	431	528	19	8	108	44	2	...	39	5	31	16	3	...	104	40	1,000	1,199								
11	Malapuram	118	96	24	20	78	71	...	...	8	3	...	...	...	...	2	...	...	...	6	2	95	108
12	Vidupanakal	1,318	962	562	393	473	511	6	1	115	12	4	...	24	11	44	13	7	...	83	21	902	1,216								
13	Havaligi	971	798	535	405	275	332	12	8	78	12	2	...	4	...	20	14	1	...	44	8	593	744								
14	Karakamukkala	450	208	250	44	163	144	...	...	13	7	1	...	3	...	6	5	1	...	13	8	300	494						
15	Paithuru	1,126	673	831	342	173	299	14	...	45	5	8	...	8	...	23	21	2	...	22	6	713	1,194								
16	Cheekalagurki	312	240	113	60	152	167	...	1	22	...	...	...	4	...	3	3	...	...	18	9	226	281			
17	Veligonda	285	210	142	81	86	119	23	2	2	1	7	...	...	...	11	5	...	...	14	2	213	262			
18	Budagavi	448	366	218	196	89	111	26	6	35	24	9	...	35	7	8	9	1	...	27	13	273	350								
19	Undabanda	309	241	228	178	45	46	...	...	17	9	...	...	...	...	2	3	...	...	17	5	248	260
20	Nerimetla	325	134	203	6	73	116	2	...	24	5	4	...	...	...	...	2	...	...	19	5	204	382		
21	Rayanapalle	285	103	161	4	99	91	...	...	5	...	1	...	...	...	2	3	2	...	15	5	150	341			
22	Renimakulapalle	256	220	119	74	102	127	13	...	5	4	...	...	...	...	5	11	...	...	12	4	161	174		
23	Nimbagallu	695	436	334	111	292	305	...	1	30	12	1	...	3	...	11	2	2	...	22	5	476	728								
24	Indravathy	141	55	52	5	64	40	1	...	13	7	...	...	...	...	2	1	...	...	9	2	87	160		
25	Mopidi	411	350	168	113	162	224	3	...	35	4	...	...	5	...	10	2	...	...	28	7	305	422				
26	Amidala	1,216	761	476	221	515	468	4	6	124	34	2	...	11	...	30	7	3	...	51	25	739	1,153								
27	Pennahoblam	4	4	...	...	1	2	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	1	...	...	2	1	4	2
28	Racherla	16	11	12	8	3	3	18	21							
29	Konapuram	94	63	45	10	18	47	5	3	13	1	2	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	59	121
30	Peddamastur	176	130	62	27	87	90	15	6	3	2	9	5	122	187						

(1)	(2)	(20)	(21)	(22)	(23)	(24)	(25)	(26)	(27)	(28)	(29)	(30)	(31)	(32)	(33)	(34)	(35)	(36)	(37)	(38)	(39)	(40)	(41)
31	Chinnamastur	.	294	117	129	13	102	102	...	...	4	...	37	...	...	9	...	1	...	12	2	192	363
32	Lathavaram	.	399	168	191	53	150	105	5	1	15	4	...	...	...	7	3	1	...	28	2	317	494
33	Urvakonda	.								<i>Urban Area (Urvakonda Town)</i>													
34	P. C. (Pedda Chinnna) Pyapili	.	602	375	278	38	246	318	6	...	36	10	...	...	...	16	2	2	...	16	7	433	646
35	Shaiksanipalle	.	401	313	230	151	114	143	...	...	21	1	...	...	10	5	2	...	...	21	11	312	363
36	Rampuram	.	266	217	114	50	54	92	10	1	49	43	...	...	12	18	4	...	...	21	9	164	216
37	Kairimala	.	386	232	174	87	57	52	25	14	43	12	...	...	70	6	9	...	...	11	8	206	352
38	Pandikunta	.	400	241	285	197	43	29	11	1	27	3	...	...	4	...	5	2	...	16	6	298	417
39	Venkatampalle	.	411	111	308	18	60	76	...	...	19	7	...	...	...	4	3	...	...	20	7	358	645
40	Kadamalakunta	.	133	87	70	24	31	56	11	1	12	...	...	...	...	2	1	1	...	6	5	99	114
41	Ragulapadu	.	457	295	194	92	162	167	1	5	42	14	1	...	2	...	10	2	...	26	7	323	510
42	Thairakal	.	434	152	256	35	130	115	6	...	6	...	2	...	1	...	22	...	...	11	...	383	653
43	Ganjikunta	.	330	76	163	18	120	46	...	...	9	1	...	...	...	7	5	...	...	31	6	243	468
44	Pottipadu	.	191	120	70	1	96	115	8	...	7	...	...	...	...	2	1	...	...	8	3	105	154
45	Vajrakurur	.	1,742	817	653	154	548	564	8	3	132	12	25	2	40	...	134	28	10	192	54	1,480	2,253
46	Kamalapadu	.	397	247	195	56	117	184	13	...	24	...	...	...	4	...	9	1	6	29	6	321	436
47	Gulapalyam	.	454	297	202	109	123	152	21	4	44	6	...	...	7	...	14	12	11	32	14	354	486
48A	Konakondla	.	1,825	1,231	695	237	618	821	9	9	118	59	13	...	44	9	86	24	65	177	72	1,479	1,992
48B	Chayapuram	.	340	259	205	155	116	98	...	...	8	2	...	...	...	...	2	3	2	7	1	265	281

*Statement showing the Jurisdiction of Enumerators' Blocks in the Urban Areas of
Uravakonda Independent Sub-Taluk*

URAVAKONDA TOWN

Ward/ Locality/ Block No.	Enumerator's Block No. and its Jurisdiction		
	E. B. No.	House Numbers included in the Block	
		From	To
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)
Block 1	E.B. 129	1-1	1-100
	E.B. 130	1-101	1-200
	E.B. 131	1-201	1-311
Block 2	E.B. 132	2-1	2-100
	E.B. 133	2-101	2-200
Block 3	E.B. 134	3-1	3-157
Block 4	E.B. 135	4-1	4-100
	E.B. 136	4-101	4-200
Block 5	E.B. 137	5-1	5-100
	E.B. 138	5-101	5-202
Block 6	E.B. 139	6-1	6-110
	E.B. 140	6-111	6-234
Block 7	E.B. 141	7-1	7-126
	E.B. 142	7-127	7-256
	E.B. 143	7-257	7-376

Ward/ Locality/ Block No.	Enumerator's Block No. and its Jurisdiction		
	E. B. No.	House Numbers included in the Block	
		From	To
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)
Block 8	E.B. 144	8-1	8-130
	E.B. 145	8-131	8-260
	E.B. 146	8-261	8-388
Block 9	E.B. 147	9-1	9-100
	E.B. 148	9-101	9-225
Block 10	E.B. 149	10-1	10-100
	E.B. 150	10-101	10-200
	E.B. 151	10-201	10-310
	E.B. 152	10-311	10-410
	E.B. 153	10-411	10-524
Block 11	E.B. 154	11-1	11-120
	E.B. 155	11-121	11-260
Block 12	E.B. 156	12-1	12-100
	E.B. 157	12-101	12-116
Block 13	E.B. 158	13-1	13-143
Block 14	E.B. 159	14-1	14-208

(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)	(13)	(14)	(15)	(16)	(17)	(18)	(19)
Block 8	E.B. 144	.	.	.	.	.	.	114	115	594	296	298	7	4	...	...	128	34
	E.B. 145	.	.	.	.	.	.	111	111	520	263	257	...	...	...	...	100	15
	E.B. 146	.	.	.	.	.	.	136	136	728	377	351	30	27	4	3	146	33
							<i>Block Total</i>	361	362	1,842	936	906	37	31	4	3	374	82
Block 9	E.B. 147	.	.	.	.	.	.	98	99	498	251	247	...	...	...	...	87	6
	E.B. 148	.	.	.	.	.	.	104	115	764	463	301	72	12	13	12	254	34
							<i>Block Total</i>	202	214	1,262	714	548	72	12	13	12	341	40
Block 10	E.B. 149	.	.	.	.	.	.	115	115	625	322	303	...	...	...	...	177	39
	E.B. 150	.	.	.	.	.	.	126	126	719	367	352	...	...	...	...	136	25
	E.B. 151	.	.	.	.	.	.	172	172	960	503	457	31	28	...	...	206	57
	E.B. 152	.	.	.	.	.	.	100	104	552	270	282	100	115	...	...	161	43
	E.B. 153	.	.	.	.	.	.	123	123	648	321	327	291	299	...	...	79	7
							<i>Block Total</i>	636	640	3,504	1,783	1,721	422	442	...	...	759	171
Block 11	E.B. 154	.	.	.	.	.	.	99	99	644	315	329	...	...	...	...	135	18
	E.B. 155	.	.	.	.	.	.	125	125	752	380	372	...	...	...	...	170	44
							<i>Block Total</i>	224	224	1,396	695	701	...	...	...	...	305	62
Block 12	E.B. 156	.	.	.	.	.	.	81	81	427	210	217	...	...	...	...	142	45
	E.B. 157	.	.	.	.	.	.	94	95	592	293	299	...	...	...	...	102	31
							<i>Block Total</i>	175	176	1,019	503	516	...	...	...	...	244	76
Block 13	E.B. 158	.	.	.	.	.	.	103	103	594	315	279	...	...	...	...	167	67
Block 14	E.B. 159	.	.	.	.	.	.	118	121	694	333	361	...	...	...	...	234	115

Note :- Abbreviations under Cols. 3 to 7 above : Please refer page 27.

TOWN DIRECTORY (Uravakonda Town)

ANANTAPUR DISTRICT

URAVAKONDA IND. SUB-TALUK

WORKERS

Location No.	Name of Town/Ward or Locality or Block/ Enumerator's Block No.	Total Workers (1-IX)		I		II		III		IV		V		VI		VII		VIII		IX		X	
				Cultivator		Agricultural Labourer		Mining, Quarrying, Livestock, Forestry, etc.		Household Industry		Manufacturing other than House- hold Industry		Construc- tion		Trade & Commerce		Transport, Storage & Communi- cations		Other Services		Non- Workers	
		M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F
(1)	(2)	(20)	(21)	(22)	(23)	(24)	(25)	(26)	(27)	(28)	(29)	(30)	(31)	(32)	(33)	(34)	(35)	(36)	(37)	(38)	(39)	(40)	(41)
URAVAKONDA TOWN P.																							
		4,735	3,085	562	366	403	753	43	4	1,837	1,569	275	17	127	45	561	107	214	...	713	224	4,416	5,690
Block 1	E.B. 129 . .	109	50	16	12	4	25	...	...	43	12	4	...	...	...	24	1	10	...	8	...	111	164
	E.B. 130 . .	107	29	11	4	3	7	...	...	20	14	32	...	...	...	25	4	6	...	10	...	98	160
	E.B. 131 . .	109	48	7	1	12	11	...	...	45	32	12	1	1	...	18	1	4	...	10	2	99	147
	Block Total	325	127	34	17	19	43	...	...	108	58	48	1	1	...	67	6	20	...	28	2	308	471
Block 2	E.B. 132 . .	101	26	4	3	1	3	...	...	43	17	5	1	...	...	29	1	12	...	7	1	97	177
	E.B. 133 . .	144	92	16	8	5	3	...	...	62	64	4	...	...	...	30	5	5	...	22	12	128	176
	Block Total	245	118	20	11	6	6	...	...	105	81	9	1	...	...	59	6	17	...	29	13	225	353
Block 3	E.B. 134 . .	160	75	8	3	...	2	...	...	76	58	3	...	3	...	39	8	12	...	19	4	146	210
Block 4	E.B. 135 . .	101	94	5	2	4	9	...	...	41	41	10	...	...	...	2	...	4	...	35	42	83	96
	E.B. 136 . .	160	124	6	8	11	50	...	...	67	56	20	...	10	1	24	2	11	...	11	7	159	166
	Block Total	261	218	11	10	15	59	...	...	108	97	30	...	10	1	26	2	15	...	46	49	242	262
Block 5	E.B. 137 . .	117	52	32	6	5	24	...	...	10	6	1	...	1	...	18	1	17	...	33	15	111	152
	E.B. 138 . .	138	99	44	40	22	25	...	...	46	30	...	...	...	...	11	4	5	...	10	...	111	150
	Block Total	255	151	76	46	27	49	...	...	56	36	1	...	1	...	29	5	22	...	43	15	222	302
Block 6	E.B. 139 . .	127	93	21	18	...	3	...	...	54	55	2	...	...	...	16	4	6	...	28	13	95	161
	E.B. 140 . .	194	133	53	37	45	64	...	...	38	15	6	...	1	...	14	13	12	...	25	4	140	221
	Block Total	321	226	74	55	45	67	...	...	92	70	8	...	1	...	30	17	18	...	53	17	235	382
Block 7	E.B. 141 . .	146	107	17	8	14	38	...	...	36	37	5	2	...	...	18	4	16	...	40	18	160	189
	E.B. 142 . .	186	124	21	7	16	25	1	...	102	82	3	...	1	...	6	1	4	...	32	9	147	161
	E.B. 143 . .	148	92	27	12	3	2	...	...	80	71	8	...	2	...	5	4	3	...	20	3	140	175
	Block Total	480	323	65	27	33	65	1	...	218	190	16	2	3	...	29	9	23	...	92	30	447	525

(1)	(2)	(20)	(21)	(22)	(23)	(24)	(25)	(26)	(27)	(28)	(29)	(30)	(31)	(32)	(33)	(34)	(35)	(36)	(37)	(38)	(39)	(40)	(41)
Block 8	E.B. 144	160	106	25	19	12	38	3	...	36	18	10	1	24	5	16	3	8	...	26	22	136	192
	E.B. 145	144	113	3	...	9	9	...	3	65	66	16	5	31	19	3	3	1	...	16	8	119	144
	E.B. 146	191	131	16	4	10	22	4	1	76	67	4	1	34	13	11	7	7	...	29	16	186	220
	Block Total	495	350	44	23	31	69	7	4	177	151	30	7	89	37	30	13	16	...	71	46	441	556
Block 9	E.B. 147	141	135	76	85	22	34	14	...	10	3	...	...	8	5	6	2	1	...	4	6	110	112
	E.B. 148	159	101	57	53	24	31	10	...	20	8	7	...	1	...	9	3	1	...	30	6	304	200
	Block Total	300	236	133	138	46	65	24	...	30	11	7	...	9	5	15	5	2	...	34	12	414	312
Block 10	E.B. 149	169	108	4	1	1	4	...	...	90	96	10	...	...	...	24	1	8	...	32	6	153	195
	E.B. 150	194	117	1	...	...	...	...	...	139	111	9	...	1	2	13	...	5	...	26	4	173	235
	E.B. 151	267	187	3	...	21	29	...	...	161	145	6	...	...	...	23	6	7	...	46	7	236	270
	E.B. 152	127	120	1	...	31	57	3	...	43	51	...	...	1	...	8	7	9	...	31	5	143	162
	E.B. 153	184	177	12	2	95	165	8	...	11	4	14	...	1	...	4	4	8	...	31	2	137	150
	Block Total	941	709	21	3	148	255	11	...	444	407	39	...	3	2	72	18	37	...	166	24	842	1,012
Block 11	E.B. 154	161	102	7	1	1	2	...	...	88	95	17	...	...	...	22	3	3	...	23	1	154	227
	E.B. 155	175	105	3	...	2	3	...	...	98	96	24	1	...	...	23	...	3	...	22	5	205	267
	Block Total	336	207	10	1	3	5	...	...	186	191	41	1	...	...	45	3	6	...	45	6	359	494
Block 12	E.B. 156	102	35	17	...	5	...	...	...	50	33	...	...	...	...	4	...	2	...	24	2	108	182
	E.B. 157	164	126	30	20	24	57	...	...	47	40	19	2	...	...	19	6	9	...	16	1	129	173
	Block Total	266	161	47	20	29	57	...	...	97	73	19	2	...	...	23	6	11	...	40	3	237	355
Block 13	E.B. 158	171	114	14	11	1	7	...	...	80	84	17	3	...	...	35	6	4	...	20	3	144	165
Block 14	E.B. 159	179	70	5	1	..	4	...	...	60	62	7	...	7	...	62	3	11	...	27	...	154	291

GOOTY TALUK

ALPHABETICAL LIST OF VILLAGES

GOOTY TALUK

1961 Location Code No.	Name of Village	1961 Location Code No.	Name of Village
52	Abbedoddi	46	Mallenipalle
70	Akkajampalle	53	Mamudur
7	Aminepalle	19	Marneapalle
16	Aniganidoddi	44	Medimakulapalle
57	Anumpalle	74	Miduthuru
60	Appajipeta	87	Molakatalla
38	Appecherla	45	Muppalaguthi
47	Avulampalle		
55	Ayyavaripalle		
		81	Nagalapuram
25	Basinepalle	13	Nagasamudram
28	Bethapalle	9	Nakkanadoddi
14	Brahmanapalle	77	Neeluru
		12	Nelagonda
		64	Nemallapalle
27	Chetnepalle		
83	Chinnavaduguru	24	Obulapuram
42	Chintalacheruvu		
86	Chitrachedu		
85	Chittoor	59	Palyam
		66	Pamidi
18	Dancherla	8	Pathakothacheruvu
67	Devarapalle	17	Peddadoddi
32	Dharmapuram	73	Peddavaduguru
82	Dhimmagudi	80	Penakalapadu
11	Donimukkala	76	Pogaruru
5	Dosaludiki		
		20	Rajapuram
62	Eddulapalle	58	Ramagiri
71	Edurur	72	Ramarajupalle
35	Engilibanda	41	Ravaludiki
15	Erragudi		
54	Eswarapalle		
		4	Sangala
75	Gajarampalle	23	Sankarabanda
50	Gooty	63	Sorakayalapeta
49	Gooty Anantapuram		
69	Gulimikondla		
6	Gundala	78	Tamballapalle
1	Guntakal	43	Teliki
		2	Thimmanacherla
		10	Thimmapuram
37	Jakkalacheruvu	36	Thondapadu
		51	Thurakapalle
68	Kalapuram		
84	Kandlaguduru		
61	Kandlapalle	30	Ubicherla
31	Karadikonda	29	Utakallu
3	Kasapuram		
56	Khadarpet		
26	Khojjepalle	65	Vankarajukaiva
40	Konapuram	34	Venkatampalle
79	Konduru	48	Virupapuram
22	Konganapalle		
33	Kothapeta		
39	Kristipadu	21	Yerrathimmarajucheruvu

Location Code No.	Name of Village (2)	Facilities					Area in Sq. miles		Occupied Residential Houses		Total number of persons enumerated (including inmates of Institutions and Houseless Persons)				Scheduled Castes		Scheduled Tribes		Literate & Educated Persons			
		Educa- tional	Medical	Drinking water	Communi- cations	Electricity	(8)	(9)	No. of Houses	No. of Households	P	M	F	(13)	M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)	(13)	(14)	(15)	(16)	(17)	(18)	(19)	(20)	(21)	(22)	(23)
5.	GOOTY TALUK	Total																				
		Rural																				
		Urban																				
1	Guntakal (Rural)	.	P	...	W	Po,R,Rly	N.A.	301	303	1,758	909	849	177	147	4	8	312	86				
2	Thimmanacherla	.	...	...	...	R,Rly	5.98	488	471	2,462	1,258	1,204	219	186	4	3	319	54				
3	Kasapuram	.	P	...	W	Po	10.35	468	471	2,462	1,258	1,204	219	186	4	3	319	54				
4	Sangala	.	...	...	W	...	2.60	41	41	218	107	111	...	...	...	...	13	...				
5	Dogaludiki	.	...	...	W	...	4.15	197	197	949	501	448	68	56	11	7	132	15				
6	Gundala	.	P	...	...	...	8.42	141	141	683	347	336	50	46	247	241	43	6				
7	Aminipalle	.	...	...	W	...	1.47	62	62	305	156	149	13	11	...	...	18	1				
8	Pathakothacheruvu	.	P	...	W	Po,Rh,R	9.59	252	252	1,340	693	647	80	90	...	...	133	34				
9	Nakkanadoddi	.	...	...	W	...	6.87	256	259	1,363	731	632	26	17	58	52	140	26				
10	Thimmapuram	.	P	...	W	Po	6.10	148	156	744	379	365	32	32	6	5	143	39				
11	Donimukkala	.	...	...	W	...	4.73	90	90	426	218	208	42	48	...	...	39	1				
12	Nelagonda	.	P	...	W	Po	0.18	522	522	2,593	1,289	1,304	182	185	178	216	136	16				
13	Nagassumudram	.	P	...	W	Po,Rh,R	26.49	808	810	3,983	2,025	1,958	170	159	128	133	516	98				
14	Brahmanepalle	.	P	...	W	R	3.73	111	111	557	292	265	43	35	...	...	51	12				
15	Erragudi	.	...	...	W	Po	2.01	89	91	487	258	229	15	13	70	55	56	2				
16	Aniganidoddi	.	...	...	Riv	R	2.22	90	90	505	260	245	49	41	...	...	58	...				
17	Peddadoddi	.	P	...	W	R	10.34	103	103	516	263	253	32	26	1	2	50	1				
18	Dancherla	.	P	...	W	...	7.41	312	315	1,473	732	741	73	71	4	2	189	30				
19	Narnepalle	.	...	...	W	R	3.22	59	59	303	153	150	19	22	...	...	14	...				
20	Rajapuram	.	P	...	W	R	1.95	72	72	410	221	189	35	35	...	...	44	1				
21	Yerrathimmarajur- cheruvu	.	P	Mew	W	Po,R	7.14	306	311	1,711	879	832	157	182	...	...	145	36				
22	Konganapalle	.	P	...	W	...	10.29	387	389	2,113	1,068	1,045	146	135	56	50	139	19				
23	Sankarabanda	.	...	...	W	...	3.01	53	53	292	156	136	27	22	...	...	21	5				
24	Obulapuram	.	...	...	W,Riv	R	3.70	125	126	739	380	359	30	31	...	...	36	2				
25	Basinapalle	.	...	...	W,Riv	Po,R	3.43	170	170	904	443	461	32	33	95	93	72	11				
26	Khojipalle	.	P	...	W	Po,R	3.95	415	415	2,273	1,106	1,167	184	184	3	9	232	25				
27	Chetnepalle	.	P	...	W	Po	4.69	363	363	1,995	1,066	929	151	135	18	14	258	50				
28	Bethapalle	.	P	...	W	R	5.25	110	110	548	293	255	30	25	16	5	56	4				
29	Utakallu	.	...	...	W	R	5.30	163	163	824	438	386	69	75	1	...	62	9				
30	Ubicherla	.	...	...	W	R	7.76	163	163	824	438	386	69	75	1	...	62	9				

(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)	(13)	(14)	(15)	(16)	(17)	(18)	(19)
31	Karutikonda	.	.	...	...	...	6.79	149	149	824	426	398	94	79	13	12	87	10
32	Dharmapuram	.	...	...	...	...	2.78	72	72	416	212	204	49	50	15	13	21	...
33	Kothapea	.	P	...	Po, R	...	9.24	295	299	1,596	799	797	105	93	19	25	266	51
34	Venkatampalle	.	P	...	Po	...	4.37	155	155	712	374	338	94	79	...	...	104	12
35	Englibanda	.	P	...	R	...	1.91	61	61	286	136	150	19	22	3	8	43	3
36	Thondapadu	.	P	...	W	...	5.26	275	275	1,474	773	701	92	71	36	25	187	17
37	Jakkalacheruvu	.	P, M	...	W	...	11.36	459	466	2,742	1,398	1,344	131	124	54	55	385	54
38	Appcherla	.	P	...	W	...	12.48	536	553	3,041	1,526	1,515	90	94	...	...	540	85
39	Kristipadu	.	3P, M	Mcw	W	...	8.77	610	616	3,265	1,663	1,602	239	219	10	5	722	196
40	Konapuram	.	...	...	W	...	2.49	80	80	445	224	221	31	40	...	...	67	1
41	Ravaludiki	.	P	...	W	...	7.80	284	284	1,462	753	709	188	160	2	1	162	2
42	Chintalacheruvu	.	P	...	W	...	4.90	151	151	698	333	365	53	64	1	...	60	9
43	Teliki	.	P	...	W	...	3.04	93	93	423	219	204	...	...	5	4	37	3
44	Medimakulapalle	.	...	...	W	...	2.42	110	110	515	270	245	22	16	8	9	63	2
45	Muppulaguthi	.	...	...	W	...	2.83	116	116	489	249	240	43	52	3	1	68	10
46	Mallenipalle	.	...	...	W	...	2.58	205	205	1,028	524	504	152	124	1	...	143	17
47	Avulampalle	.	P	...	W	...	1.99	69	69	356	181	175	19	10	5	5	72	13
48	Virupapuram	.	P	...	W, Riv	...	3.72	108	108	533	270	263	143	132	...	...	55	16
49	Gooty Anantapuram	.	P	...	W	...	8.79	329	329	1,923	999	924	127	116	12	10	279	27
50	Gooty (Rural)	.	...	...	...	...	N.A.	41	41	221	113	108	34	35	...	...	24	3
51	Thurakapalle	.	P	...	W	...	2.07	138	138	691	328	363	90	103	4	5	67	14
52	Abbedoddi	.	P	...	W	...	2.59	140	140	825	411	414	56	48	...	...	172	13
53	Mamudur	.	P	...	W	...	8.05	176	186	919	481	438	116	88	4	3	84	20
54	Eswarapalle	.	P	...	W	...	1.83	39	40	203	111	92	3	1	17	12	8	...
55	Ayyavaripalle	.	P	...	W	...	3.72	133	136	656	333	323	54	53	45	42	60	3
56	Khadarpet	.	P	...	W	...	4.17	196	196	1,023	525	498	97	89	4	2	199	37
57	Anumpalle	.	P	...	W	...	3.74	278	278	1,493	776	717	50	67	...	...	74	21
58	Ramagiri	.	P	...	W	...	8.05	148	148	660	336	324	22	24	69	63	52	12
59	Palvam	.	P	...	W	...	9.42	242	242	1,307	657	650	67	67	210	197	144	25
60	Appaiipeta	.	...	...	W	...	2.32	71	71	350	186	164	42	37	...	...	25	3
61	Kandlapalle	.	P	...	W	...	3.81	128	128	719	359	360	70	71	4	3	83	11
62	Eduipalle	.	P	...	W	...	5.77	387	388	1,836	920	916	125	127	53	58	289	68
63	Sorakayalapeta	.	P	...	W	...	0.93	61	61	413	203	210	6	4	4	2	39	1
64	Nenallapalle	.	...	...	W	...	3.82	31	31	153	81	72	3	2	2	1	3	...
65	Vankarajukalva	.	P	...	W	...	5.85	154	154	735	343	392	45	47	...	...	68	11
66	Pamidi	.	P	...	W	...	12.18	185	185	1,088	555	533	79	64	...	...	161	64
67	Devarapalle	.	P	...	W	...	3.32	88	88	452	229	223	2	...	...	...	82	12
68	Kalapuram	.	P	...	W	...	2.72	116	116	653	343	310	52	53	...	...	83	9
69	Gulmikondla	.	...	...	Riv	...	3.48	30	30	176	89	87	14	11	...	...	15	1
70	Akkajampalle	.	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
71	Eduur	.	P	...	Riv	...	3.84	99	99	577	282	295	78	129	...	...	56	6
72	Ramarajupalle	.	...	...	W	...	2.52	170	170	800	421	379	...	...	...	...	82	3
73	Peddavaduguru	.	2P, H	Mcw	W	...	10.39	652	654	3,406	1,716	1,690	248	256	8	9	699	139
74	Miduthuru	.	P	...	W	...	3.31	146	146	760	369	391	127	131	...	...	23	1
75	Gajampalle	.	P	...	W	...	3.90	137	137	700	347	353	118	121	2	...	99	24

Urban Area (Pamidi Town)

WORKERS

Location Code No.	Name of Village	I		II		III		IV		V		VI		VII		VIII		IX		X			
		Total Workers (I-IX)		Cultivator		Agricultural Labourer		Mining, Quarrying, Livestock, Forestry, etc.		Household Industry		Manufac- turing other than House- hold Industry		Construc- tion		Trade & Commerce		Transport, Storage & Communi- cations		Other Services		Non- Workers	
		M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F
(1)	(2)	(20)	(21)	(22)	(23)	(24)	(25)	(26)	(27)	(28)	(29)	(30)	(31)	(32)	(33)	(34)	(35)	(36)	(37)	(38)	(39)	(40)	(41)
5. GOOTY TALUK																							
	Total	44,755	20,563	15,540	7,942	7,831	8,529	947	279	3,259	896	1,723	265	941	171	3,186	722	6,096	114	5,241	1,645	37,053	57,335
	Rural	25,053	16,106	13,941	7,536	6,235	7,099	532	53	1,811	519	99	...	250	46	641	339	228	1	1,316	513	17,662	25,029
	Urban	19,702	4,457	1,599	406	1,596	1,430	415	226	1,439	377	1,624	265	691	125	2,545	383	5,868	113	3,925	1,132	19,391	32,306
1	Guntakal (Rural)	505	214	235	8	213	182	...	...	19	4	2	...	5	2	7	3	4	...	20	15	404	635
2	Thimmanacherla	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Urban Area (Included in Guntakal Town)													
3	Kasapuram	740	534	425	299	207	211	...	...	22	4	3	...	4	2	18	10	17	...	44	8	518	670
4	Sangala	65	6	56	4	1	2	...	...	2	...	...	...	3	...	2	...	...	...	1	...	42	105
5	Dosaludiki	287	65	186	26	49	32	6	...	15	1	3	...	2	1	10	3	1	...	15	2	214	383
6	Guundala	177	149	129	97	40	49	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	3	2	...	...	4	1	170	187
7	Aminepalle	90	55	51	28	26	24	3	...	3	1	...	...	...	...	4	...	...	...	3	2	66	94
8	Pathakothacheruvu	388	204	210	107	68	70	31	2	22	3	...	...	2	...	9	10	12	...	34	12	305	443
9	Nakkandoddi	416	270	199	101	127	136	7	1	25	10	...	...	4	...	15	15	19	...	20	7	315	362
10	Thimmapuram	230	133	93	44	35	70	19	...	27	8	27	...	10	1	3	5	1	...	15	5	149	232
11	Donimukkala	127	56	52	4	62	49	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	4	...	...	...	8	3	91	152
12	Nelagonda	726	228	455	67	208	139	2	...	17	2	...	...	...	...	25	13	...	...	18	7	563	1,076
13	Nagasamudram	1,202	741	612	375	316	314	59	...	92	14	10	...	11	1	34	27	22	...	46	10	823	1,217
14	Brahmanapalle	204	159	112	83	68	68	...	...	5	...	2	...	...	...	6	2	...	...	11	6	88	106
15	Erragudi	168	140	101	103	47	27	...	...	14	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	6	10	90	89
16	Aniganidoddi	166	150	83	43	63	103	4	...	5	...	...	...	4	2	3	...	...	...	4	2	94	95
17	Peddadoddi	179	160	87	50	66	105	...	...	8	2	...	...	7	...	4	2	...	...	7	...	84	93
18	Dancherla	427	280	292	193	60	61	12	1	33	8	...	...	2	...	10	8	1	...	17	9	305	461
19	Marneapalle	87	89	69	74	8	10	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	7	4	...	...	3	1	66	61
20	Rajapuram	126	102	82	56	34	38	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	4	3	...	...	5	5	95	87
21	Yerrathimmaraju- cheruvu	472	217	218	...	142	186	14	7	18	5	...	...	3	...	37	12	9	...	31	7	407	615
22	Konganapalle	680	197	446	72	138	106	16	...	38	2	2	...	1	...	15	12	...	...	24	5	388	848
23	Sankarabanda	100	43	65	14	19	27	3	...	7	...	...	...	...	...	3	1	...	...	3	1	56	93
24	Obulapuram	213	106	156	52	41	52	...	...	5	...	...	...	4	...	...	...	1	...	6	2	167	253
25	Basinepalle	257	227	173	152	68	70	...	...	4	...	...	...	2	...	4	1	2	...	4	4	186	234
26	Khojjeapalle	660	434	247	139	251	257	...	...	60	9	...	...	6	14	14	5	53	...	29	10	446	733
27	Chetnepalle	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Urban Area (Included in Gooty Town)													
28	Bethapalle	550	186	324	70	159	96	5	...	32	5	...	...	1	...	6	3	1	...	22	12	516	743
29	Utakalu	169	24	133	3	29	19	...	...	2	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	5	2	124	231
30	Ubicherla	259	51	177	3	38	42	6	...	9	...	1	...	4	...	11	4	...	...	13	2	179	335

(1)	(2)	(20)	(21)	(22)	(23)	(24)	(25)	(26)	(27)	(28)	(29)	(30)	(31)	(32)	(33)	(34)	(35)	(36)	(37)	(38)	(39)	(40)	(41)	
31	Karadikonda	.	248	143	83	6	99	120	3	...	38	10	...	9	...	3	2	2	...	...	11	5	178	255
32	Dharmapuram	.	111	52	66	1	34	38	...	...	6	9	...	2	...	...	2	3	...	...	...	...	152	
33	Kotlapeta	.	453	410	255	264	100	123	...	...	50	10	...	1	...	10	1	15	...	...	22	12	346	387
34	Venkatampalle	.	223	177	170	130	40	43	...	...	7	1	...	...	...	1	2	...	...	...	5	1	151	161
35	Engilibanda	.	89	82	54	63	8	15	...	...	17	4	...	5	...	1	...	...	...	...	4	...	47	68
36	Thondapadu	.	440	364	226	219	139	109	4	1	38	22	...	1	...	9	4	4	...	...	19	9	333	337
37	Jakkalacheruvu	.	806	534	385	226	189	235	48	5	72	32	5	12	...	30	16	17	...	...	48	20	592	810
38	Appcherla	.	886	542	507	268	228	244	5	...	42	2	17	...	9	1	20	10	17	...	41	17	640	973
39	Kristipadu	.	956	687	319	168	280	371	19	3	233	112	1	...	6	2	36	9	3	...	59	22	707	915
40	Konapuram	.	144	126	90	81	39	40	8	1	2	...	...	...	...	1	1	...	...	...	4	3	80	95
41	Ravaludiki	.	461	399	264	246	98	132	43	1	22	2	1	...	1	...	8	8	2	...	22	10	292	310
42	Chintalacheruvu	.	232	183	120	82	61	92	15	...	14	1	...	...	...	...	1	5	...	...	21	3	101	182
43	Teliki	.	119	73	79	12	15	54	...	...	4	2	2	...	...	...	1	2	...	...	18	3	100	131
44	Medinakulapalle	.	164	116	126	...	18	106	...	...	12	3	...	...	...	...	2	3	...	...	6	4	106	129
45	Muppalaguthi	.	140	103	74	24	36	72	6	...	9	2	...	...	...	...	13	4	...	...	2	1	109	137
46	Mallenipalle	.	281	234	126	56	108	155	...	...	23	7	...	...	...	...	12	12	...	...	12	4	243	270
47	Avulampalle	.	115	81	58	45	29	23	...	...	16	8	...	...	2	...	7	1	...	...	3	4	66	94
48	Virupapuram	.	178	126	35	19	105	95	...	...	27	7	...	...	...	2	6	2	...	...	5	1	92	137
49	Gooty Anantapuram	.	576	389	381	210	89	148	7	...	55	21	...	6	...	...	5	4	...	...	33	6	423	535
50	Gooty (Rural)	.	59	53	34	21	20	31	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	2	...	...	...	1	...	54	55
51	Thurakapalle	.	202	206	109	103	60	89	5	...	10	6	...	...	...	...	8	6	1	...	9	2	126	157
52	Abbedoddi	.	229	165	105	71	70	84	...	...	22	...	...	10	...	...	10	5	...	...	12	5	182	249
53	Mamudur	.	280	193	141	117	56	55	15	4	44	7	1	...	...	...	5	1	2	...	16	9	201	245
54	Ewarapalle	.	79	62	58	46	18	14	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	3	2	32	30
55	Ayyavampalle	.	197	130	109	86	40	32	2	...	30	7	...	...	...	...	4	2	...	...	12	3	136	193
56	Khadarpet	.	286	194	161	86	69	97	...	...	19	4	...	...	4	...	6	2	5	...	22	5	239	304
57	Anumpalle	.	430	340	314	251	71	81	...	...	17	...	...	...	...	...	12	...	...	...	16	8	346	377
58	Remagiri	.	235	239	149	152	34	55	4	...	8	1	1	...	11	3	5	8	...	...	23	20	101	85
59	Palyam	.	369	304	258	242	34	51	4	...	37	1	6	...	...	14	5	1	...	...	15	5	288	346
60	Appajipeta	.	102	82	79	61	11	18	3	2	2	1	...	...	...	...	1	...	1	...	3	...	84	82
61	Kandlapalle	.	201	71	116	22	54	42	...	...	16	...	...	...	...	...	2	2	...	...	13	5	158	289
62	Eddulapalle	.	558	298	261	152	96	60	27	1	49	16	1	...	14	2	10	6	1	...	99	61	362	618
63	Sorakayalapeta	.	127	119	86	75	12	23	...	...	10	2	...	...	16	13	3	4	...	...	...	2	76	91
64	Nemalapalle	.	43	37	17	9	20	27	2	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	3	...	...	...	...	...	38	35
65	Vankarajukuiva	.	221	200	95	27	98	154	3	2	4	...	1	...	...	...	8	13	2	...	10	4	122	192
66	Pamidi	.	346	289	239	174	96	108	...	...	3	...	...	...	...	...	1	1	...	...	7	6	209	244
67	Devarapalle	.	131	139	68	73	28	40	...	...	29	22	...	...	...	...	1	...	...	...	5	4	98	84
68	Kalapuram	.	202	165	145	121	20	26	...	...	27	13	...	...	1	...	4	2	...	...	5	3	141	145
69	Gulmikondia	.	60	20	43	13	10	7	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	7	...	29	67
70	Akkajampalle	.	179	160	136	149	29	8	...	...	3	...	...	...	...	...	6	1	...	...	5	2	103	135
71	Edurur	.	274	228	211	180	22	42	3	...	15	1	...	...	...	...	6	2	...	...	17	3	147	151
72	Ramarajupalle	.	985	613	468	223	265	307	8	...	95	44	4	...	12	...	38	10	4	...	91	29	731	1077
73	Peddavaduguru	.	228	210	175	163	43	44	...	...	4	3	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	5	...	141	181
74	Miduthuru	.	196	73	102	2	69	68	...	...	1	3	...	...	...	...	6	...	...	...	13	2	151	280
75	Gajarampalle	.	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...

Urban Area (Pamidi Town)

Location No.	Name of Village	Facilities					Area in Sq. miles	Occupied Residential Houses		Total number of persons enumerated (including inmates of Institutions and Houseless Persons)				Scheduled Castes		Scheduled Tribes		Literate & Educated Persons	
		Educational	Medical	Drinking Water	Communications	Electricity		No. of Houses	No. of Households	P	M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F	
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)	(13)	(14)	(15)	(16)	(17)	(18)	(19)	
76	Pogaruru	.	...	Riv	R	...	1.25	32	32	157	81	76	...	...	3	2	20	1
77	Neeluru	.	P	W	...	...	2.89	97	97	461	237	224	60	68	7	8	59	6
78	Tamballapalle	.	...	Riv	...	...	2.74	47	47	248	122	126	22	30	...	...	20	...
79	Konduru	.	P	W	...	...	22.46	72	72	350	185	165	56	60	12	2	27	3
80	Penakalapadu	.	P, H	W	...	...	5.48	213	213	1,111	582	529	145	114	...	...	147	15
81	Nagalapuram	.	P	Riv	...	...	1.99	36	36	167	85	82	13	12	...	...	9	...
82	Dhimmagudi	.	P	W, Riv	Po	...	3.41	204	205	1,188	620	568	112	100	...	...	98	5
83	Chinnavaduguru	.	P	W	...	...	6.04	166	166	927	460	467	67	67	...	...	122	11
84	Kandlaguduru	.	P	W	...	...	4.84	152	154	739	367	372	83	72	2	1	71	10
85	Chittoor	.	P	Riv	...	...	5.12	241	241	1,257	644	613	102	88	11	11	168	47
86	Chitrachedu	.	P	W	...	...	6.30	230	259	1,209	601	608	112	127	...	...	102	12
87	Molakattalia	.	P	W	...	...	5.71	92	95	518	267	251	2	...	2	2	47	5

Note :- Abbreviations under Cols. 3 to 7 above : Please refer page 27.

WORKERS

Location No. of Village	Name of Village	Total Workers (I-IX)		I		II		III		IV		V		VI		VII		VIII		IX		X	
				Cultivator		Agricultural Labourer		Mining, Quarrying, Livestock, Forestry, etc.		Household Industry		Manufacturing other than Household Industry		Construc- tion		Trade & Commerce		Transport, Storage & Communi- cations		Other Services		Non- Workers	
		M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F
(1)	(2)	(20)	(21)	(22)	(23)	(24)	(25)	(26)	(27)	(28)	(29)	(30)	(31)	(32)	(33)	(34)	(35)	(36)	(37)	(38)	(39)	(40)	(41)
76	Pogaruru	•	•	22	...	18	13	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	38	63
77	Neeluru	•	•	59	...	61	11	7	...	10	2	...	...	...	...	5	1	...	...	10	4	85	206
78	Tamballapalle	•	•	32	...	24	2	...	...	5	...	...	...	...	...	1	...	...	...	10	5	50	118
79	Konduru	•	•	81	60	23	32	...	...	18	6	...	...	...	...	2	2	...	...	4	2	57	63
80	Penakalapadu	•	•	217	106	109	85	10	...	17	6	3	...	...	...	1	4	...	...	12	3	213	325
81	Nagalepuram	•	•	31	3	9	34	1	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	2	...	...	...	...	...	42	44
82	Dhimmagudi	•	•	260	146	31	66	3	...	13	...	1	...	...	...	4	2	1	...	33	13	274	341
83	Chinnavaduguru	•	•	138	114	58	68	1	...	40	18	1	...	...	...	11	5	...	...	29	8	179	254
84	Kandlaguduru	•	•	107	42	61	78	5	...	7	1	...	...	13	...	7	4	...	...	9	2	158	245
85	Chittoor	•	•	223	42	65	181	36	2	34	9	...	...	12	...	8	6	...	...	15	3	251	370
86	Chitrachedu	•	•	150	13	94	179	35	17	28	13	4	...	19	...	17	12	...	...	22	11	232	363
87	Molakatalla	•	•	56	3	39	27	12	...	17	2	...	...	2	...	4	...	...	...	7	5	130	214

Statement showing the Jurisdiction of Enumerators' Blocks in the Urban Areas of Gooty Taluk

Ward/Locality Block No.	Enumerator's Block No. and its Jurisdiction				Ward/Locality Block No.	Enumerator's Block No. and its Jurisdiction			
	E.B. No.	House Numbers included in the Block		E.B. No.		House Numbers included in the Block			
		From	To			From	To		
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)		
I GOOTY TOWN									
Ward I	E.B. 64	I-1-1	I-1-224	Ward VI	E.B. 80	VI-13-1	VI-13-180		
	E.B. 65	{ I-2-1 I-3-1	{ I-2-110 I-3-24						
Ward II	E.B. 66	II-4-1	II-4-177	Ward VII	E.B. 81	VII-14-1	VII-14-218		
	E.B. 67	II-5-1	II-5-137						
	E.B. 58	II-5-138	II-5-305						
Ward III	E.B. 69	III-6-1	III-6-196	Ward VIII	E.B. 82	VIII-15-1	VIII-15-188		
	E.B. 70	III-7-1	III-7-121						
	E.B. 71	III-8-1	III-8-176						
	E.B. 72	III-8-177	III-8-352	Ward IX	E.B. 83	IX-16-1	IX-16-126D		
	E.B. 73	III-9-1	III-9-214		E.B. 84	IX-16-127	IX-16-210		
	E.B. 74	III-9-215	III-9-481A						
Ward IV	E.B. 75	IV-10-1	IV-10-72	Ward X	E.B. 85	X-17-1	X-17-217		
	E.B. 76	IV-10-73	IV-10-202						
Ward V	E.B. 77	V-11-1	V-11-224	Ward XI	E.B. 86	XI-18-1	XI-18-228P		
	E.B. 78	V-12-1	V-12-145						
	E.B. 79	V-12-146	V-12-270						
Ward VI	E.B. 80	VI-13-1	VI-13-180	Ward XII	E.B. 87	XII-19-1	XII-19-118		
	E.B. 81	VII-14-1	VII-14-218		E.B. 88	XII-19-119	XII-19-192		
	E.B. 82	VIII-15-1	VIII-15-188						
II PAMIDI TOWN									
Locality I	E.B. 103	{ I-1-1 I-2-1	{ I-1-54F I-2-65	Locality II	E.B. 109	II-3-1	II-3-129		
					E.B. 110	{ II-4-1 II-1-1	{ II-4-91 II-1-70A		
	E.B. 104	{ I-3-1 I-5-1	{ I-3-86C I-5-40		E.B. 111	{ II-5-1 II-2-1	{ II-5-119 II-2-44		
Locality III	E.B. 105	I-4-1	I-4-162	Locality III	E.B. 112	III-1-1	III-1-170B		
	E.B. 106	I-6-1	I-6-178						
	E.B. 107	I-7-1	I-7-126		Locality IV	E.B. 113	{ IV-1-1	{ IV-1-100K	
	E.B. 108	I-8-1	I-8-192B				Locality V	{ V-1-1	{ V-1-56F

Statement showing the Jurisdiction of Enumerators' Blocks in the Urban Areas of Gooty Taluk—Concl'd.

Enumerator's Block No. and its Jurisdiction				Enumerator's Block No. and its Jurisdiction						
Ward/Locality/ Block No.	E. B. No.	House numbers included in the Block		Ward/Locality/ Block No.	E. B. No.	House numbers included in the Block				
		From	To			From	To			
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)			
III GUNTAKAL TOWN										
Ward 1	E.B. 1	1-1	1-274	Ward 10	E.B. 44	10-1	10-90			
	E.B. 2	1-275	1-394		E.B. 45	10-91	10-200			
	E.B. 3	1-395	1-514		E.B. 46	10-201	10-320			
	E.B. 4	1-515	1-756		E.B. 47	10-321	10-423			
	E.B. 6	1-757	1-877		Ward 11	E.B. 48	11-1	11-147		
	E.B. 7	1-878	1-1005	E.B. 49		11-148	11-277			
Ward 2	E.B. 9	2-1	2-246	E.B. 50	11-277A	11-308	Ward 12	E.B. 51	12-1	12-150
	E.B. 10	2-247	2-369	E.B. 52	12-151	12-297				
	E.B. 11	2-370	2-492	Ward 13	E.B. 53	13-1		13-75A		
Ward 3	E.B. 12	3-1	3-127		E.B. 54	13-76	13-164			
	E.B. 13	3-128	3-236A		E.B. 55	13-165	13-319D			
	E.B. 14	3-237	3-300		E.B. 56	13-319E	13-399A			
	E.B. 15	3-301	3-450		E.B. 57	13-400	13-501			
	E.B. 16	3-451	3-600		E.B. 58	13-501A	13-614A			
	E.B. 17	3-601	3-750		E.B. 59	13-615	13-679			
	E.B. 18	3-751	3-912		Ward 14	E.B. 60	14-1	14-120		
	Ward 4	E.B. 19	4-1	4-133		E.B. 61	14-121	14-240		
E.B. 20		4-134	4-281	E.B. 62		14-241	14-355			
E.B. 21		4-281A	4-375	Ward 15	E.B. 63	15-1	15-108A			
E.B. 22		4-376	4-494		E.B. 64	15-109	15-213			
E.B. 23		4-495	4-632		E.B. 65	15-214	15-315			
E.B. 24		4-633	4-721		E.B. 66	15-316	15-419			
Ward 5	E.B. 25	5-1	5-64A		E.B. 67	15-420	15-520			
	E.B. 26	5-65	5-190		E.B. 68	15-521	15-616			
	E.B. 27	5-191	5-293	Ward 16	E.B. 69	16-1	16-112			
	E.B. 28	5-294	5-401		E.B. 70	16-113	16-240			
	E.B. 29	5-402	5-511		E.B. 71	16-241	16-323			
	E.B. 30	5-511A	5-622	Ward 17	E.B. 72	17-1	17-100			
Ward 6	E.B. 31	6-1	6-73		E.B. 73	17-101	17-212			
	E.B. 32	6-74	6-183		E.B. 74	17-213	17-319			
	E.B. 33	6-184	6-292	Ward 18	E.B. 75	18-1	18-127			
	E.B. 34	6-293	6-374		E.B. 76	18-128	18-260			
	E.B. 36	6-375	6-531		E.B. 77	18-261	18-382			
Ward 7	E.B. 37	7-1	7-127	Ward 19	E.B. 78	19-1	19-111			
	E.B. 38	7-128	7-208		E.B. 79	19-112	19-232A			
Ward 8	E.B. 39	8-1	8-168		E.B. 80	19-233	19-319			
	E.B. 40	8-169	8-344		E.B. 81	19-320	19-442			
Ward 9	E.B. 41	9-1	9-122		E.B. 82	19-443	19-558			
	E.B. 42	9-123	9-243		E.B. 83	19-559	19-606			
	E.B. 43	9-244	9-341							

Note: E. B. Nos. 5 and 8 deleted and the houses originally allotted to these E. Bs. have been clubbed with E. B. No. 4 and E. B. No. 9 respectively.

E. B. No. 35 also similarly deleted and the houses originally allotted to this E. B. were allocated among E. B. Nos. 34 and 36.

TOWN DIRECTORY (Goofy Town)

GOOTY TALUK

ANANTAPUR DISTRICT

Location Code No.	(1)	Name of Town/Ward or Locality or Block/ Enumerator's Block No.	(2)	Facilities					Area in Sq. miles	Occupied Residential Houses		Total number of persons enumerated (including inmates of Institutions and Houseless Persons)				Scheduled Castes			Scheduled Tribes			Literate & Educated Persons										
				Educational	Medical	Drinking water	Communi- cations	Electricity		No. of Houses	No. of Households	P	M	F	(11)	(12)	(13)	M	F	(14)	(15)	M	F	(16)	(17)	M	F	(18)	(19)			
I GOOTY TOWN P.																																
				2IP,3H	D, 3Hos	S	Po, To, E(D&t) 2Rh, R, Rly	E(D&t)	13.50	3,586	3,641	19,057	9,815	9,242	1,325	1,261	24	25	5,274	2,652												
Ward 1 E.B. 64																																
				167	167	952	476	476	143	144	22	22	162	68												
				E.B. 65	.	.	.	.	.	126	126	629	309	320	104	120	...	...	200	140												
Ward Total																																
				293	293	1,581	785	796	247	264	22	22	362	208																		
Ward 2 E.B. 66																																
				164	187	974	485	489	39	48	1	1	344	208												
				E.B. 67	.	.	.	.	.	111	116	591	337	254	...	...	...	...	204	101												
				E.B. 68	.	.	.	.	.	112	112	533	270	263	43	38	...	...	157	59												
Ward Total																																
				387	415	2,098	1,092	1,006	82	86	1	1	705	368																		
Ward 3 E.B. 69																																
				180	180	781	416	365	32	28	...	...	297	190												
				E.B. 70	.	.	.	.	.	104	104	637	319	318	2	...	1	2	139	22												
				E.B. 71	.	.	.	.	.	140	140	672	354	318	18	14	...	...	232	111												
				E.B. 72	.	.	.	.	.	129	129	624	317	307	3	5	...	...	229	154												
				E.B. 73	.	.	.	.	.	178	178	858	450	408	134	139	...	...	241	120												
				E.B. 74	.	.	.	.	.	178	180	789	404	385	116	116	...	...	198	95												
Ward Total																																
				909	912	4,361	2,260	2,101	305	302	1	2	1,336	692																		
Ward 4 E.B. 75																																
				111	111	695	318	377	1	2	...	...	169	151												
				E.B. 76	.	.	.	.	.	106	106	607	298	309	2	...	...	...	204	102												
Ward Total																																
				217	217	1,302	616	686	3	2	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	373	253												
Ward 5 E.B. 77																																
				165	165	894	467	427	50	35	...	...	178	78												
				E.B. 78	.	.	.	.	.	131	131	653	351	302	133	163	...	...	85	8												
				E.B. 79	.	.	.	.	.	98	98	665	334	331	2	2	...	...	104	34												
Ward Total																																
				394	394	2,212	1,152	1,060	185	200	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	367	120												
Ward 6 E.B. 80																																
				152	153	743	349	394	...	...	...	...	248	219												

(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)	(13)	(14)	(15)	(16)	(17)	(18)	(19)
Ward 7 E.B. 81	194	194	1,037	550	487	49	47	...	...	277	84
Ward 8 E.B. 82	190	200	1,000	488	512	...	...	...	...	335	182
Ward 9 E.B. 83	119	119	662	343	319	187	145	...	...	72	16
E.B. 84	109	109	681	360	321	193	167	...	...	159	70
							Ward Total	228	228	1,343	703	640	380	312	...	...	231	86
Ward 10 E.B. 85	174	176	992	550	442	22	1	...	...	389	168
Ward 11 E.B. 86	200	210	1,073	592	481	14	15	...	...	319	138
Ward 12 E.B. 87	116	116	640	334	306	...	...	...	...	202	87
E.B. 88	132	133	675	344	331	38	32	...	...	130	47
							Ward Total	248	249	1,315	678	637	38	32	...	...	332	134

Note:- Abbreviations under Cols. 3 to 7 above: Please refer page 27.

TOWN DIRECTORY
(Goody Town)

WORKERS

Location Code No.	Name of Town/Ward or Locality or Block/ Enumerator's Block No.	Total Workers (I-IX)		I		II		III		IV		V		VI		VII		VIII		IX		X	
				Cultivator		Agricultural Labourer		Mining, Quarrying, Livestock, Forestry, etc.		Household Industry		Manufacturing other than Household Industry		Construc- tion		Trade & Commerce		Transport, Storage & Communi- cations		Other Services		Non- Workers	
		M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F
(1)	(2)	(20)	(21)	(22)	(23)	(24)	(25)	(26)	(27)	(28)	(29)	(30)	(31)	(32)	(33)	(34)	(35)	(36)	(37)	(38)	(39)	(40)	(41)
I GOOTY TOWN P.																							
		4,722	1,133	534	83	384	378	71	44	355	89	176	41	183	59	542	75	1,341	33	1,136	331	5,093	8,109
Ward 1	E.B. 64	127	82	30	58	81	4	...	...	14	9	1	...	3	2	6	...	80	2	13	3	215	349
	E.B. 65	18	...	...	...	...	...	2	2	2	1	...	1	1	...	...	1	125	2	16	11	163	302
	Ward Total	407	145	82	30	58	81	6	2	16	10	1	1	4	2	6	1	205	4	29	14	378	651
Ward 2																							
	E.B. 66	221	10	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	207	...	14	10	264	479
	E.B. 67	184	16	...	...	...	...	...	...	12	1	4	...	2	...	28	2	63	...	73	13	153	238
	E.B. 68	137	22	...	...	1	...	...	...	11	1	12	2	7	2	9	1	51	5	44	11	133	241
	Ward Total	542	48	2	...	1	...	...	...	23	2	16	2	9	2	37	3	323	5	131	34	550	958
Ward 3																							
	E.B. 69	192	9	...	...	1	...	...	...	1	...	...	...	2	...	...	...	182	3	6	5	224	356
	E.B. 70	146	31	47	4	18	10	3	1	9	2	1	...	2	...	...	3	52	...	14	11	173	287
	E.B. 71	165	34	4	4	2	...	6	2	11	...	5	...	10	4	15	10	93	...	19	14	189	284
	E.B. 72	144	16	1	1	...	...	...	...	11	...	1	2	4	...	27	4	76	1	24	8	173	291
	E.B. 73	225	58	7	2	2	3	...	...	22	...	15	4	2	1	9	2	124	12	44	34	225	350
	E.B. 74	225	88	7	...	49	57	3	1	12	1	20	6	4	1	27	2	37	6	66	14	179	297
	Ward Total	1,097	236	66	11	72	70	12	4	66	3	42	12	24	6	78	22	564	22	173	86	1,163	1,865
Ward 4																							
	E.B. 75	162	33	25	2	6	5	3	...	24	6	8	2	5	...	11	...	10	...	70	18	156	344
	E.B. 76	144	9	15	...	8	3	2	...	9	2	6	1	...	...	58	...	12	...	34	3	154	300
	Ward Total	306	42	40	2	14	8	5	...	33	8	14	3	5	...	69	...	22	...	104	21	310	644
Ward 5																							
	E.B. 77	244	29	47	4	1	1	15	3	8	2	4	...	11	...	57	10	13	...	88	9	223	398
	E.B. 78	167	35	14	...	62	27	5	...	7	1	...	...	2	...	8	1	45	...	24	6	184	267
	E.B. 79	151	20	32	...	22	13	...	...	40	...	3	...	2	...	26	2	13	...	13	5	183	311
	Ward Total	562	84	93	4	85	41	20	3	55	3	7	...	15	...	91	13	71	...	125	20	590	976
Ward 6																							
	E.B. 80	162	103	25	21	8	10	1	3	...	7	9	16	5	1	6	2	20	2	88	41	187	291

(1)	(2)	(20)	(21)	(22)	(23)	(24)	(25)	(26)	(27)	(28)	(29)	(30)	(31)	(32)	(33)	(34)	(35)	(36)	(37)	(38)	(39)	(40)	(41)
Ward 7	E.B. 81 . .	237	24	27	1	8	2	...	2	12	4	19	2	27	8	18	2	32	...	94	3	313	463
Ward 8	E.B. 82 . .	212	67	11	1	6	30	...	...	11	7	30	3	16	5	23	4	21	...	94	17	276	445
Ward 9	E.B. 83 . .	179	84	32	...	73	61	13	13	3	...	5	...	5	...	5	7	11	...	32	3	164	235
	E.B. 84 . .	172	70	25	...	11	13	12	17	9	...	11	...	37	30	21	...	12	...	34	10	188	251
	Ward Total	351	154	57	...	84	74	25	30	12	...	16	...	42	30	26	7	23	...	66	13	352	486
Ward 10	E.B. 85 . .	242	87	24	2	7	27	...	...	34	15	11	1	14	2	54	8	12	...	86	32	308	355
Ward 11	E.B. 86 . .	252	49	52	4	27	17	1	...	21	7	4	...	8	3	77	3	7	...	55	15	340	432
Ward 12	E.B. 87 . .	160	32	34	5	14	17	...	...	20	5	...	1	2	...	36	3	15	...	39	1	174	274
	E.B. 88 . .	192	62	21	2	...	1	1	...	52	18	7	...	12	...	21	7	26	...	52	34	152	269
	Ward Total	352	94	55	7	14	18	1	...	72	23	7	1	14	...	57	10	41	...	91	35	326	543

TOWN DIRECTORY
(Pamidi Town)

Location Code No.	Name of Town/Ward or Locality or Block/ Enumerator's Block No.	Facilities					Area in Sq. miles (8)	Occupied Residential Houses		Total number of persons enumerated (including inmates of Institutions and Houseless Persons)			Scheduled Castes		Scheduled Tribes		Literate & Educated Persons			
		Educa- tional (3)	Medical (4)	Drinking water (5)	Communi- cations (6)	Electricity (7)		No. of Houses (9)	No. of Households (10)	P	M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F		
(1)	(2)									(11)	(12)	(13)	(14)	(15)	(16)	(17)	(18)	(19)		
II PAMIDI TOWN P.																				
Locality 1	E.B. 103	.	.	.	.	.	.	170	177	867	435	432	67	82	...	...	223	103
	E.B. 104	.	.	.	.	.	.	132	133	747	364	383	...	...	...	...	176	84
	E.B. 105	.	.	.	.	.	.	164	164	723	366	357	...	...	...	...	267	170
	E.B. 106	.	.	.	.	.	.	103	103	598	300	298	...	...	...	...	237	160
	E.B. 107	.	.	.	.	.	.	145	146	779	408	371	...	...	...	...	243	76
	E.B. 108	.	.	.	.	.	.	186	187	1,004	511	493	...	...	...	...	338	141
									910	4,718	2,384	2,334	67	82	...	...	1,484	734
										Locality Total										
Locality 2	E.B. 109	.	.	.	.	.	.	124	124	626	296	330	1	...	...	...	117	40
	E.B. 110	.	.	.	.	.	.	154	155	689	351	338	...	...	...	...	113	29
	E.B. 111	.	.	.	.	.	.	158	158	759	382	377	2	...	...	...	163	54
									437	2,074	1,029	1,045	3	...	...	...	393	123
										Locality Total										
Locality 3	E.B. 112	.	.	.	.	.	.	138	138	652	332	320	312	298	...	...	98	18
Locality 4 Locality 5	E.B. 113	.	.	.	.	.	.	224	224	1,272	652	620	112	82	22	28	227	39

Note :- Abbreviations under Cols. 3 to 7 above : Please refer page 27.

TOWN DIRECTORY
(Pamidi Town)

WORKERS

Location Code No.	Name of Town/Ward or Locality or Block/ Enumerator's Block No.	Total Workers (I-IX)										VIII Transport, Storage & Communi- cations										IX Other Services		X Non- Workers	
		I		II		III Mining, Quarrying, Livestock, Forestry, etc.		IV Household Industry		V Manufac- turing other than House- hold Industry		VI Construc- tion		VII Trade & Commerce		VIII		IX		X					
		M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F				
(1)	(2)	(20)	(21)	(22)	(23)	(24)	(25)	(26)	(27)	(28)	(29)	(30)	(31)	(32)	(33)	(34)	(35)	(36)	(37)	(38)	(39)	(40)	(41)		
II	PAMIDI TOWN P.	2,381	816	403	128	384	383	39	2	445	101	145	16	133	6	407	43	106	2	319	135	2,016	3,503		
	Locality 1 E.B. 103 . .	236	53	11	4	44	13	7	...	34	9	18	...	10	2	39	12	20	2	53	11	199	379		
	E.B. 104 . .	189	33	18	4	16	15	7	...	54	5	17	...	4	...	44	7	9	...	20	2	175	350		
	E.B. 105 . .	198	74	12	7	10	11	...	1	61	25	28	5	6	...	28	3	11	...	42	22	168	283		
	E.B. 106 . .	148	5	4	...	...	...	10	...	...	...	6	...	...	...	114	2	4	...	10	3	152	293
	E.B. 107 . .	184	12	10	...	1	6	...	...	59	3	16	1	39	...	20	1	4	...	35	1	224	359
	E.B. 108 . .	279	38	43	15	2	3	...	...	92	...	23	...	8	...	56	3	11	...	44	17	232	455
	Locality Total	1,234	215	98	30	73	48	14	1	310	42	108	6	67	2	301	28	59	2	204	56	1,150	2,119		
	Locality 2 E.B. 109 . .	174	49	54	3	36	30	2	...	8	...	7	2	13	...	16	4	7	...	31	10	122	281		
	E.B. 110 . .	195	53	21	2	33	15	5	1	16	1	16	6	17	1	45	6	28	...	14	21	156	285		
	E.B. 111 . .	196	67	37	9	14	9	1	...	38	13	11	2	22	2	34	4	7	...	32	28	186	310		
	Locality Total	565	169	112	14	83	54	8	1	62	14	34	10	52	3	95	14	42	...	77	59	464	876		
	Locality 3 E.B. 112 . .	206	175	46	...	141	173	...	...	4	...	2	...	1	...	5	...	2	...	5	2	126	145
	Locality 4 } E.B. 113 . .	376	257	147	84	87	108	17	...	69	45	1	...	13	1	6	1	3	...	33	18	276	363		
	Locality 5 }																								

TOWN DIRECTORY

(Guntakal Town)

Location Code No.	Name of Town/Ward or Locality or Block/ Enumerator's Block No.	Facilities					Area in Sq. miles	Occupied Residential Houses		Total number of persons enumerated (including inmates of Institutions and Houseless Persons)				Scheduled Castes		Scheduled Tribes		Literate & Educated Persons						
		Educa- tional	Medical	Drinking water	Communi- cations	Electricity		No. of Houses	No. of Households	P	M	F	(13)	M	F	(14)	M	F	(16)	M	F	(18)	F	(19)
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)	(13)	(14)	(15)	(16)	(17)	(18)	(19)						
III GUNTAKAL TOWN M.																								
		14P,M 2H	Hos	S	Po,To 2Rh,R, Rly	E(D&T)	20.04	9,593	9,716	48,083	24,881	23,202	2,589	2,382	147	141	13,389	5,498						
Ward 1																								
	E.B. 1	.	.	.	.	.	.	116	125	639	335	304	24	24	...	...	213	132
	E.B. 2	.	.	.	.	.	.	73	73	338	173	165	22	16	...	...	83	36
	E.B. 3	.	.	.	.	.	.	106	107	530	267	263	172	159	...	...	70	9
	E.B. 4	.	.	.	.	.	.	149	158	586	291	295	132	152	...	...	65	21
	E.B. 6	.	.	.	.	.	.	128	130	597	301	296	4	1	...	...	182	121
	E.B. 7	.	.	.	.	.	.	104	109	547	316	231	...	...	...	...	234	141
		Ward Total																						
								676	694	3,237	1,683	1,554	354	352	...	...	847	460				
Ward 2																								
	E.B. 9	.	.	.	.	.	.	188	189	831	452	379	12	9	...	...	324	218
	E.B. 10	.	.	.	.	.	.	100	100	508	281	227	14	12	...	...	188	109
	E.B. 11	.	.	.	.	.	.	128	128	576	302	274	63	47	...	...	180	114
		Ward Total																						
								416	417	1,915	1,035	880	89	68	...	...	692	441				
Ward 3																								
	E.B. 12	.	.	.	.	.	.	112	112	618	312	306	71	62	...	...	181	93
	E.B. 13	.	.	.	.	.	.	105	113	538	279	259	6	4	...	...	181	59
	E.B. 14	.	.	.	.	.	.	118	124	605	336	269	10	11	...	...	161	30
	E.B. 15	.	.	.	.	.	.	104	106	497	264	233	86	74	...	...	142	34
	E.B. 16	.	.	.	.	.	.	128	129	571	286	285	84	72	...	...	184	81
	E.B. 17	.	.	.	.	.	.	146	148	624	335	289	37	24	...	...	258	164
	E.B. 18	.	.	.	.	.	.	155	155	742	388	354	2	2	...	...	270	69
		Ward Total																						
								868	887	4,195	2,200	1,995	296	249	4	4	1,377	530						
Ward 4																								
	E.B. 19	.	.	.	.	.	.	130	132	646	322	324	...	...	...	...	258	197
	E.B. 20	.	.	.	.	.	.	137	137	625	316	309	82	97	...	...	216	122
	E.B. 21	.	.	.	.	.	.	150	150	718	379	339	229	229	...	...	173	48
	E.B. 22	119	119	610	315	295	13	11	50	191	88					
	E.B. 23	.	.	.	.	.	.	133	133	548	285	263	2	2	...	...	206	136
	E.B. 24	.	.	.	.	.	.	67	68	470	255	215	...	...	...	...	164	106
		Ward Total																						
								736	739	3,617	1,872	1,745	326	339	50	31	1,208	697						

(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)	(13)	(14)	(15)	(16)	(17)	(18)	(19)
Ward 5	E.B. 25	.	.	.	.	.	.	185	185	872	457	415	58	73	2	3	237	74
	E.B. 26	.	.	.	.	.	.	111	112	520	257	263	6	6	..	...	-80	20
	E.B. 27	.	.	.	.	.	.	127	128	675	355	320	39	48	1	...	205	55
	E.B. 28	.	.	.	.	.	.	114	114	632	338	294	2	3	...	...	...	60
	E.B. 29	.	.	.	.	.	.	168	168	775	393	382	196	182	15	16	221	51
Ward 6	E.B. 30	.	.	.	.	.	.	154	154	718	374	344	45	43	4	4	188	55
							Ward Total	859	861	4,192	2,174	2,078	346	355	22	23	1,151	315
Ward 7	E.B. 31	.	.	.	.	.	.	63	67	307	157	150	2	1	6	5	84	26
	E.B. 32	.	.	.	.	.	.	144	144	667	356	311	3	2	...	...	174	42
	E.B. 33	.	.	.	.	.	.	106	107	515	249	266	37	39	...	...	95	34
	E.B. 34	.	.	.	.	.	.	141	141	691	351	340	81	77	3	5	208	82
	E.B. 36	.	.	.	.	.	.	138	138	700	355	345	...	...	...	...	212	119
							Ward Total	592	597	2,880	1,468	1,412	123	119	9	10	773	303
Ward 8	E.B. 37	.	.	.	.	.	.	111	114	612	346	266	...	...	...	...	249	95
	E.B. 38	.	.	.	.	.	.	79	81	410	221	189	...	...	...	...	155	76
							Ward Total	190	195	1,022	567	455	...	...	...	...	404	171
Ward 9	E.B. 39	.	.	.	.	.	.	104	109	607	338	269	2	3	...	...	245	88
	E.B. 40	.	.	.	.	.	.	96	96	560	297	263	...	...	...	...	215	134
							Ward Total	200	205	1,167	635	532	2	3	...	...	460	222
Ward 10	E.B. 41	.	.	.	.	.	.	130	131	621	309	312	...	...	...	...	208	128
	E.B. 42	.	.	.	.	.	.	118	120	606	319	287	1	...	...	...	218	99
	E.B. 43	.	.	.	.	.	.	118	118	601	318	283	...	...	5	6	195	44
							Ward Total	366	369	1,828	946	882	1	...	5	6	621	271
Ward 11	E.B. 44	.	.	.	.	.	.	110	110	538	290	248	...	...	...	...	168	52
	E.B. 45	.	.	.	.	.	.	126	126	498	255	243	21	25	...	...	163	59
	E.B. 46	.	.	.	.	.	.	126	126	565	282	283	94	93	4	3	182	65
	E.B. 47	.	.	.	.	.	.	150	152	664	346	318	19	20	1	2	136	53
							Ward Total	512	514	2,265	1,173	1,092	134	138	5	5	649	229
Ward 12	E.B. 48	.	.	.	.	.	.	154	155	642	334	308	1	3	...	...	210	87
	E.B. 49	.	.	.	.	.	.	98	98	530	261	269	...	...	...	...	137	49
	E.B. 50	.	.	.	.	.	.	107	107	476	222	254	...	...	...	...	81	31
							Ward Total	359	360	1,648	817	831	1	3	...	...	428	167
Ward 13	E.B. 51	.	.	.	.	.	.	88	88	575	299	276	...	...	6	4	255	177
	E.B. 52	.	.	.	.	.	.	135	136	744	387	357	...	...	2	3	201	92
							Ward Total	223	224	1,319	686	633	...	...	8	7	456	269

TOWN DIRECTORY
(Guntakal Town)

WORKERS

Location No. & Code	Name of Town/Ward or Locality or Block/ Enumerator's Block No.	WORKERS																						Total Workers (I-IX)	(1)
		I		II		III		IV		V		VI		VII		VIII		IX		X					
		Cultivator		Agricultural Labourer		Mining, Quarrying, Livestock, Forestry, etc.		Household Industry		Manufacturing other than Household Industry		Construc- tion		Trade & Commerce		Transport, Storage & Communi- cations		Other Services							
		M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F		
(20)	(2)	(21)	(22)	(23)	(24)	(25)	(26)	(27)	(28)	(29)	(30)	(31)	(32)	(33)	(34)	(35)	(36)	(37)	(38)	(39)	(40)	(41)			
III GUNTAKAL TOWN M.		12,599	2,508	662	195	828	669	305	180	639	187	1,303	208	375	60	1,596	265	4,421	78	2,470	666	12,282	20,694		
Ward 1	E.B. 1 . .	176	16	2	...	3	...	...	6	...	1	9	...	...	...	12	1	103	3	47	5	159	288
	E.B. 2 . .	90	13	1	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	4	...	51	...	32	13	83	152
	E.B. 3 . .	135	28	...	...	4	3	7	2	1	...	10	...	1	2	11	2	82	3	19	16	132	235
	E.B. 4 . .	158	59	...	...	...	5	21	41	...	...	5	...	1	...	27	8	94	...	10	5	133	236
	E.B. 6 . .	162	50	3	...	11	14	2	...	5	6	9	...	4	1	10	2	69	2	49	25	139	246		
	E.B. 7 . .	159	8	...	...	...	...	3	...	1	...	3	...	3	...	12	1	96	...	41	7	157	223
	Ward Total	880	174	6	...	19	22	34	49	7	7	36	...	9	3	76	14	495	8	198	71	803	1,380		
Ward 2	E.B. 9 . .	231	8	1	...	...	...	1	...	3	1	...	...	...	...	2	...	203	1	21	6	221	371
	E.B. 10 . .	115	8	2	...	...	...	...	...	1	...	4	...	3	...	7	1	75	2	23	5	166	219
	E.B. 11 . .	171	21	...	...	3	...	2	...	8	5	4	...	6	2	2	...	116	2	30	12	131	253
	Ward Total	517	37	3	...	3	...	3	...	12	6	8	...	9	2	11	1	394	5	74	23	518	843		
Ward 3	E.B. 12 . .	128	10	1	...	1	...	3	...	...	...	4	...	...	...	4	1	102	3	13	6	184	296
	E.B. 13 . .	133	10	2	...	1	...	...	...	6	...	...	...	2	3	14	...	84	...	24	7	146	249
	E.B. 14 . .	163	17	5	...	1	1	...	...	5	8	7	1	6	1	12	3	108	...	19	3	173	252
	E.B. 15 . .	142	18	...	...	1	4	...	...	1	3	...	...	7	1	5	2	110	5	18	3	122	215
	E.B. 16 . .	144	30	...	...	...	...	...	...	2	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	140	25	1	5	142	255
	E.B. 17 . .	185	7	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	2	...	...	...	...	...	177	4	8	1	150	282
	E.B. 18 . .	178	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	171	...	7	1	210	353
	Ward Total	1,073	93	8	...	4	5	3	...	14	13	12	1	15	5	35	6	892	37	90	26	1,127	1,902		
Ward 4	E.B. 19 . .	166	4	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	...	1	...	141	...	23	4	156	320
	E.B. 20 . .	147	20	...	...	1	...	...	...	2	2	4	...	...	...	1	1	117	8	22	9	169	289
	E.B. 21 . .	152	20	...	...	2	4	1	2	4	...	5	1	...	1	3	1	131	9	6	2	227	319
	E.B. 22 . .	139	15	...	...	8	7	1	...	1	...	4	1	...	...	26	1	90	1	9	5	176	280
	E.B. 23 . .	148	10	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	3	1	3	...	...	...	121	...	21	8	137	253
	E.B. 24 . .	123	2	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	118	...	4	2	132	213
	Ward Total	875	71	...	...	11	11	2	2	8	2	16	3	4	1	31	4	718	18	85	30	997	1,674

(1)	(2)	(20)	(21)	(22)	(23)	(24)	(25)	(26)	(27)	(28)	(29)	(30)	(31)	(32)	(33)	(34)	(35)	(36)	(37)	(38)	(39)	(40)	(41)
Ward 5	E.B. 25	243	46	1	...	6	...	1	...	17	7	12	...	15	5	30	14	115	...	46	20	214	369
	E.B. 26	135	6	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	17	...	3	...	20	4	38	...	57	2	122	257
	E.B. 27	168	29	...	...	...	...	1	...	14	5	26	...	2	...	21	3	64	2	40	19	187	291
	E.B. 28	162	12	...	...	...	...	...	...	26	1	11	...	4	...	25	4	53	...	43	7	176	282
	E.B. 29	200	44	...	...	...	2	...	...	6	3	23	...	16	2	24	4	67	...	64	33	193	338
Ward Total	E.B. 30	187	17	...	...	4	2	...	...	3	...	16	...	7	...	27	5	69	...	61	10	187	327
		1,095	154	1	...	10	4	2	...	66	16	105	...	47	7	147	34	406	2	311	91	1,079	1,864
Ward 6	E.B. 31	96	29	1	...	...	...	...	...	10	6	4	...	1	2	29	9	15	1	36	11	61	121
	E.B. 32	178	32	1	...	...	...	2	...	10	4	42	...	5	3	37	9	51	...	30	16	178	279
	E.B. 33	151	23	...	...	...	...	1	...	30	...	18	1	2	...	36	7	29	1	35	14	98	243
	E.B. 34	174	40	...	...	...	...	...	...	17	2	18	...	3	1	44	7	43	1	49	29	177	300
	E.B. 36	163	12	2	4	...	...	...	...	23	1	23	...	1	...	46	4	34	...	34	3	192	333
Ward Total		762	136	4	4	...	...	3	...	90	13	105	1	12	6	192	36	172	3	184	73	706	1,276
Ward 7	E.B. 37	194	5	...	...	...	...	...	...	4	...	18	...	...	...	39	2	72	...	61	3	152	261
	E.B. 38	103	4	1	...	...	...	...	...	6	...	9	...	1	...	20	...	47	...	19	4	118	185
Ward Total		297	9	1	...	...	...	...	...	10	...	27	...	1	...	59	2	119	...	80	7	270	446
Ward 8	E.B. 39	185	8	1	...	...	...	...	...	8	...	14	1	2	...	99	5	14	1	47	1	153	261
	E.B. 40	153	8	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	...	23	...	...	...	59	2	30	...	40	6	144	255
		338	16	1	...	...	...	...	...	9	...	37	1	2	...	158	7	44	1	87	7	297	516
Ward 9	E.B. 41	154	19	6	...	...	...	...	...	7	4	10	...	4	...	35	6	53	1	39	8	155	293
	E.B. 42	146	23	7	1	4	2	2	...	11	6	14	2	3	...	36	8	48	...	21	4	173	264
	E.B. 43	161	14	6	...	...	...	...	...	22	1	4	...	...	1	16	6	68	...	45	6	157	269
Ward Total		461	56	19	1	4	2	2	...	40	11	28	2	7	1	87	20	169	1	105	18	485	826
Ward 10	E.B. 44	150	46	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	4	...	1	...	8	...	91	...	46	46	140	202
	E.B. 45	135	26	1	4	1	5	3	...	4	4	6	1	2	...	8	4	94	...	16	8	120	217
	E.B. 46	148	17	...	...	11	9	...	...	3	4	...	...	3	...	10	1	112	1	9	2	134	256
	E.B. 47	181	50	14	...	28	34	5	1	15	4	8	1	2	...	11	4	76	...	22	6	165	268
Ward Total		614	139	15	4	40	48	8	1	22	12	18	2	8	...	37	9	373	1	93	62	559	953
Ward 11	E.B. 48	158	20	22	2	6	9	1	...	20	1	3	...	1	...	21	1	40	1	44	6	176	288
	E.B. 49	142	57	31	24	19	13	...	...	7	3	7	3	...	...	17	4	17	...	44	10	119	212
	E.B. 50	131	51	27	5	19	8	2	3	9	1	9	2	...	...	6	15	19	...	40	17	91	203
Ward Total		431	128	80	31	44	30	3	3	36	5	19	5	1	...	44	20	76	1	128	33	386	703
Ward 12	E.B. 51	147	3	4	1	...	...	...	...	13	...	17	...	1	...	76	2	13	...	23	...	152	273
	E.B. 52	192	19	2	1	1	...	...	...	15	3	25	...	...	...	39	1	46	...	64	14	195	338
Ward Total		339	22	6	2	1	...	...	...	28	3	42	...	1	...	115	3	59	...	87	14	347	611

TOWN DIRECTORY (Guntakal Town)

ANANTAPUR DISTRICT

GOOTY TALUK

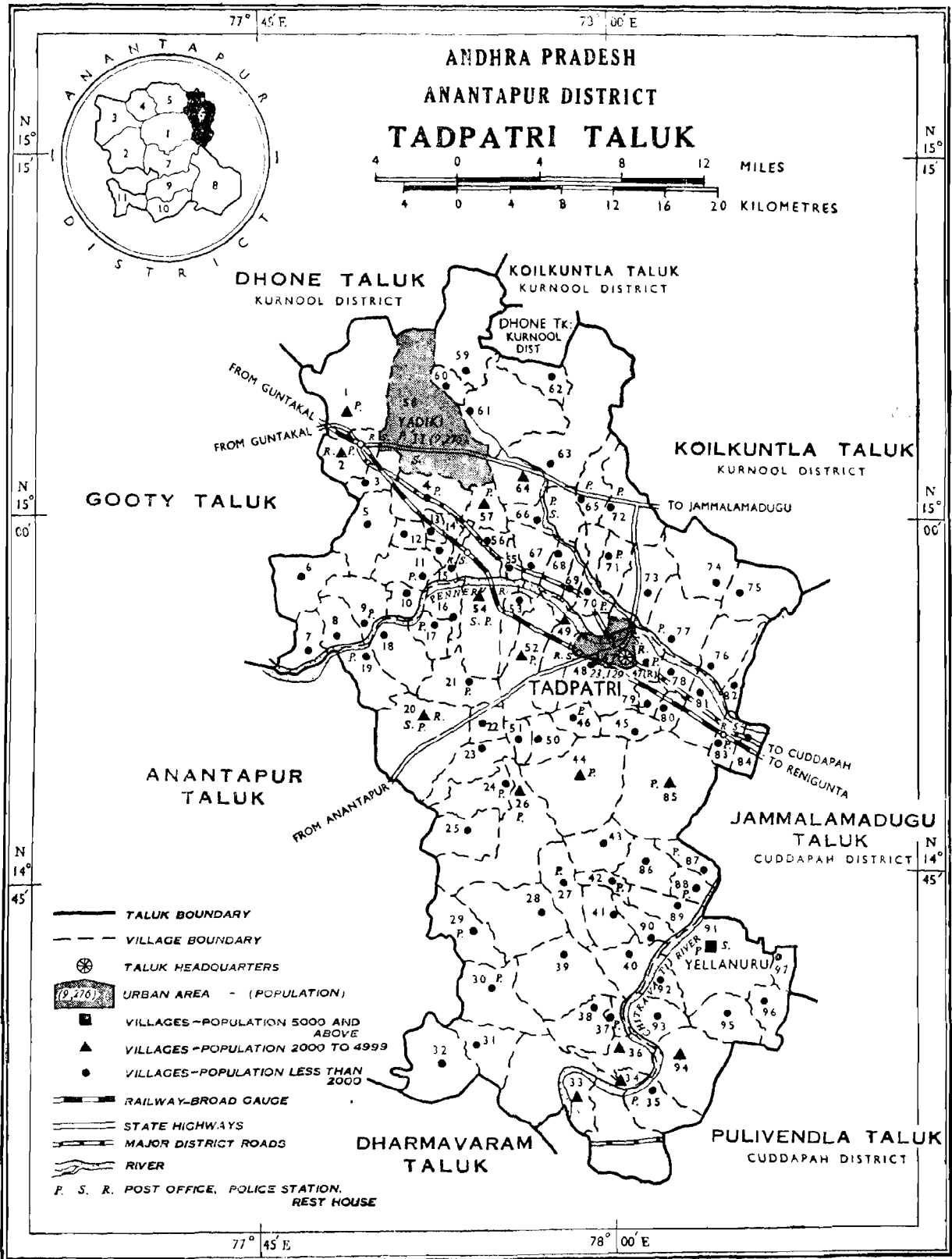
Location Code No.	Name of Town/Block/ or Locality or Block/ Enumerator's Block No.	Facilities					Area in Sq. miles	Occupied Residential Houses		Total number of persons enumerated (including inmates of Institutions and Houseless Persons)				Scheduled Castes		Scheduled Tribes		Literate & Educated Persons								
		Educa- tional	Medical	Drinking Water	Communi- cations	Electricity		No. of Houses	No. of Households	P	M	F	(12)	(13)	M	F	(14)	(15)	M	F	(16)	(17)	M	F	(18)	(19)
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)	(13)	(14)	(15)	(16)	(17)	(18)	(19)								
Ward 13	E.B. 53	.	.	.	.	.	.	177	181	794	431	363	255	153	3	1	160	26		
	E.B. 54	.	.	.	.	.	.	182	182	851	445	406	100	106	1	1	219	66		
	E.B. 55	.	.	.	.	.	.	121	125	610	324	286	21	22	...	...	102	102
	E.B. 56	.	.	.	.	.	.	149	153	729	370	359	...	...	...	...	177	72
	E.B. 57	.	.	.	.	.	.	122	122	549	273	276	39	45	...	...	93	25
	E.B. 58	.	.	.	.	.	.	101	101	526	274	252	68	63	...	...	145	43
	E.B. 59	.	.	.	.	.	.	102	102	459	234	225	...	...	7	7	148	63
	Ward Total							954	966	4,518	2,351	2,167	483	389	11	9	1,156	397								
Ward 14	E.B. 60	.	.	.	.	.	.	90	102	652	348	304	8	10	...	...	220	88
	E.B. 61	.	.	.	.	.	.	99	99	630	333	297	...	...	...	...	242	134
	E.B. 62	.	.	.	.	.	.	80	80	433	214	219	...	...	...	...	154	82
	Ward Total							269	281	1,715	895	820	8	10	...	...	616	304						
Ward 15	E.B. 63	.	.	.	.	.	.	113	124	646	355	291	...	...	...	...	214	107
	E.B. 64	.	.	.	.	.	.	118	118	604	317	287	11	11	...	...	144	31
	E.B. 65	.	.	.	.	.	.	108	108	662	326	336	...	...	...	...	78	23
	E.B. 66	.	.	.	.	.	.	110	110	562	281	281	...	...	...	...	115	17
	E.B. 67	.	.	.	.	.	.	142	142	630	318	312	...	...	8	13	94	13
	E.B. 68	.	.	.	.	.	.	118	118	584	283	301	...	...	2	2	140	79
	Ward Total							709	720	3,688	1,880	1,808	11	11	10	15	785	270								
Ward 16	E.B. 69	.	.	.	.	.	.	111	113	599	320	279	...	...	11	13	203	61
	E.B. 70	.	.	.	.	.	.	113	117	623	322	301	...	...	...	...	169	62
	E.B. 71	.	.	.	.	.	.	68	68	359	180	179	...	...	...	...	79	17
	Ward Total							292	298	1,581	822	759	...	...	11	13	451	140						
Ward 17	E.B. 72	.	.	.	.	.	.	96	100	495	237	258	5	1	7	12	44	11		
	E.B. 73	.	.	.	.	.	.	109	110	620	317	303	...	...	...	...	155	61
	E.B. 74	.	.	.	.	.	.	119	120	620	301	319	...	...	...	...	47	9
	Ward Total							324	330	1,735	855	880	5	1	7	12	246	81								

TOWN DIRECTORY
(Guntakal Town)

WORKERS

Location No. Z	Name of Town/ Ward or Locality or Block/ Enumerator's Block No.	WORKERS																							X
		I		II		III		IV		V		VI		VII		VIII		IX							
		Total Workers (I-IX)		Cultivator		Agricultural Labourer		Mining, Quarrying, Livestock, Forestry, etc.		Household Industry		Manufacturing other than House- hold Industry		Construc- tion		Trade & Commerce		Transport, Storage & Communi- cations		Other Services					
(1)	(2)	M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F		
		(20)	(21)	(22)	(23)	(24)	(25)	(26)	(27)	(28)	(29)	(30)	(31)	(32)	(33)	(34)	(35)	(36)	(37)	(38)	(39)	(40)	(41)		
Ward 13																									
	E.B. 53 . .	212	64	...	...	90	46	7	...	1	...	49	13	4	1	9	2	15	...	37	2	219	299
	E.B. 54 . .	242	77	3	...	28	30	13	2	9	3	56	9	8	...	33	5	18	...	74	28	203	329		
	E.B. 55 . .	159	10	2	...	...	...	...	...	5	1	11	4	7	2	46	1	30	...	58	2	165	276
	E.B. 56 . .	180	20	9	...	3	3	3	...	24	7	20	...	10	4	40	3	29	...	42	3	190	339		
	E.B. 57 . .	145	87	2	2	27	9	12	17	14	9	35	8	3	1	10	1	9	...	33	40	128	189		
	E.B. 58 . .	140	60	7	2	1	1	...	...	4	...	19	6	3	...	40	7	14	...	52	44	134	192
	E.B. 59 . .	118	24	...	...	26	9	1	...	12	8	22	3	6	1	25	2	12	...	14	1	116	201
	Ward Total	1,196	342	23	4	175	98	36	19	69	28	212	43	41	9	203	21	127	...	310	120	1,155	1,825		
Ward 14																									
	E.B. 60 . .	163	6	...	...	...	...	1	...	8	1	10	...	6	1	56	3	26	...	56	1	185	298
	E.B. 61 . .	182	29	5	...	3	1	2	...	4	4	24	4	1	...	75	10	24	...	44	10	151	268		
	E.B. 62 . .	103	22	3	...	...	...	1	...	11	10	14	3	3	1	29	1	18	...	24	7	111	197
	Ward Total	448	57	8	...	3	1	4	...	23	15	48	7	10	2	160	14	68	...	124	18	447	763		
Ward 15																									
	E.B. 63 . .	142	12	...	...	1	...	1	...	1	4	26	1	1	...	24	2	33	...	55	5	213	279
	E.B. 64 . .	159	28	...	...	...	...	1	1	33	2	17	...	16	13	34	10	40	...	18	2	158	259
	E.B. 65 . .	182	16	1	...	...	...	1	...	43	4	25	...	9	...	24	5	47	...	32	7	144	320
	E.B. 66 . .	152	25	4	2	...	...	...	...	30	4	9	2	12	8	13	...	29	...	55	9	129	256
	E.B. 67 . .	166	37	7	1	4	1	7	2	13	3	13	1	3	...	19	17	22	...	78	12	152	275		
	E.B. 68 . .	145	18	7	...	8	...	13	3	9	...	20	2	2	...	28	2	13	...	45	11	138	283		
	Ward Total	946	136	19	3	13	1	23	6	129	17	110	6	43	21	142	36	184	...	283	46	934	1,672		
Ward 16																									
	E.B. 69 . .	157	61	35	10	46	38	2	1	7	8	20	...	...	...	11	3	6	...	30	1	163	218
	E.B. 70 . .	157	63	27	2	30	31	7	10	11	8	21	3	1	...	23	8	4	...	33	1	165	238		
	E.B. 71 . .	97	47	41	8	9	30	2	3	1	1	8	2	3	...	5	1	...	...	28	2	83	132
	Ward Total	411	171	103	20	85	99	11	14	19	17	49	5	4	...	39	12	10	...	91	4	411	588		
Ward 17																									
	E.B. 72 . .	118	30	26	7	27	11	6	1	4	1	13	2	30	1	3	6	...	...	9	1	119	228
	E.B. 73 . .	152	67	21	3	60	42	9	1	10	8	15	6	1	...	12	4	9	...	15	3	165	236		
	E.B. 74 . .	168	93	38	14	50	62	5	...	4	2	9	...	43	...	4	10	1	...	14	5	133	226		
	Ward Total	438	190	85	24	137	115	20	2	18	11	37	8	74	1	19	20	10	...	38	9	417	690		

TADPATRI TALUK



ALPHABETICAL LIST OF VILLAGES

TADPATRI TALUK

1961 Location Code No.	Name of Village	1961 Location Code No.	Name of Village
77	Alur	28	Kummanamala
21	Ammalladinne	15	Kummetha
22	Arakata Vemula	62	Kundanakota
37	Aravedu	32	Kunukuntla
12	Attiralladinne		
		29	Madugupalle
72	Bhogasamudram	93	Mallagundla
82	Bodaipalle	87	Medikurthi
84	Bondaladinne	20	Muchukota
39	Boppepalle		
66	Brahmanapalle	5	Nagaruru
38	Bukkapuram	48	Nandalapadu
		57	Narasapuram
18	Chagallu	64	Nitturu
27	Chalavemula	88	Nitturu
79	Challavaripalle		
1	Chandana	60	Obulapuram
26	Cherlopalle		
40	Chilamakuru	11	Pasaluru
31	Chillavaripalle	96	Pathapalle
42	Chinnamallepalle	89	Peddammallepalle
49	Chinnapolamada	17	Peddapappuru
8	Chinnayakkaluru	52	Peddapolamada
36	Chintakayamanda	9	Pedayakkaluru
51	Chintakunta	14	Pendekallu
41	Chintalapalle	69	Puliproddaturu
70	Chukkalluru	6	Puppala
		44	Putluru
33	Daditota		
7	Devanuppalapadu	2	Royalcheruvu
16	Dharmapuram		
46	Diguwapalle	73	Sajjaladinne
25	Dosaledu	85	Senegalaguduru
		35	Singavaram
45	Gandlapadu	55	Sitaramapuram
68	Gangadevipalle	23	Surepalle
10	Garladinne		
34	Goddumarri	19	Tabjula
63	Gudipadu	47	Tadpatri
		74	Talaricheruvu
78	Hussainpuram	13	Thimmapuram
		90	Thirumalapuram
67	Iguduru	3	Thuttrallapalle
80	Jambulapadu	75	Uruchintala
56	Jodidharmapuram		
54	Juturu		
		83	Vanganuru
97	Kacharlakunta	81	Veerapuram
24	Kadavakallu	76	Velamakuru
94	Kalluru	4	Vemulapadu
61	Kamalapadu	86	Vemulapalle
50	Kandikapula	65	Venkatampalle
71	Kaverisamudram	95	Vennapusapalle
92	Kodumurthi		
53	Komali	58	Yadiki
43	Komatikuntla	30	Yellutla
59	Konauppalapadu	91	Yellanuru

Location Code No.	Name of Village	Facilities						Total number of persons enumerated (including inmates of Institutions and Houseless Persons)						Scheduled Castes		Scheduled Tribes		Literate & Educated Persons				
		Educational	Medical	Drinking Water	Communi- cations	Electricity	Occupied Residential Houses		P	M	F	(13)	M	F	(15)	M	F	(17)	M	F	(18)	(19)
							Area in Sq. miles	No. of Houses															No. of Households
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)	(13)	(14)	(15)	(16)	(17)	(18)	(19)	(20)	(21)		
6. TADPATRI TALUK																						
	Total																					
	Rural																					
	Urban																					
1	Chandana	P	...	W	Po	...	17.44	562	562	3,177	1,596	1,581	200	210	28	22	396	44				
2	Rayacheruvu	P	...	W	Po, R, Riv	E(D&I)	5.47	512	517	2,321	1,169	1,152	62	62	7	10	489	159				
3	Thutrailapalle	P	...	W	...	...	3.43	223	223	1,155	589	566	102	99	4	7	232	30		
4	Vemulapadu	2P	...	W	Po, R	...	7.18	291	294	1,403	726	677	108	101	8	5	310	89				
5	Nagaruru	P	Mcw	W	...	...	8.06	294	303	1,681	847	834	149	133	18	19	302	65		
6	Puppala	P	...	W	...	...	7.87	271	287	1,539	782	757	123	118	65	60	229	23		
7	Devanuppalapadu	...	...	W	...	...	4.48	111	112	616	329	287	54	47	3	1	61	7		
8	Chinnayakkaluru	P	...	W	...	...	4.05	167	167	916	488	428	90	66	...	...	94	8		
9	Pedayakkaluru	P	...	W	Po	...	5.82	371	383	1,972	987	985	248	249	12	11	298	40				
10	Gariadinne	...	...	W, Riv	...	...	2.87	115	117	579	286	293	61	63	...	...	75	6		
11	Pasuluru	P	...	W	Po	...	4.97	191	215	1,100	541	559	97	88	15	16	126	20				
12	Attiralladinne	...	...	W	...	...	0.96	64	64	277	139	138	9	15	...	...	42	1		
13	Thimmapuram	...	...	W	...	...	1.46	29	29	144	68	76	3	...	...	...	34	10		
14	Pendekallu	P	...	W	...	...	2.09	104	105	514	258	256	16	16	...	...	102	22		
15	Kumetha	P	...	W	...	...	1.82	113	114	543	276	267	54	60	...	...	62	11		
16	Dharmapuram	P	...	W	...	...	3.55	225	225	1,352	729	623	81	33	...	...	301	50		
17	Peddapappuru	P	...	W, Riv	Po, R	...	3.16	360	361	1,856	966	890	140	141	5	2	323	37				
18	Chagallu	P	...	W	...	...	6.90	330	334	1,669	869	800	85	89	7	3	244	16		
19	Tabjala	P	...	W	Po	...	4.87	221	221	1,253	624	629	109	118	3	5	139	12				
20	Muchukota	2P	...	W	Po, R, Riv	...	15.13	548	552	3,034	1,567	1,467	235	206	4	8	444	36				
21	Anmalladinne	P	...	W	Po	...	6.64	308	325	1,869	988	881	136	117	16	13	351	51				
22	Arakata Vemula	2P	...	W	R	...	3.22	180	180	1,125	549	576	172	199	...	...	157	27		
23	Surepalle	P	...	W	R	...	5.61	157	157	928	488	440	112	104	...	...	167	22		
24	Kadavakallu	2P	Mcw	W	Po, R	...	8.12	305	305	1,818	934	884	204	195	...	...	274	78		
25	Dosaledu	P	...	W	R	...	6.65	184	184	1,061	540	521	50	51	...	...	139	12		
26	Cherlopalle	3P	...	W	Po, R	...	13.92	484	497	2,685	1,394	1,291	154	132	...	...	618	93		
27	Chalavemula	P	...	W	Po, R	...	6.43	212	215	1,085	570	515	96	78	...	...	143	20		
28	Kummanamala	3P	...	Riv	R	...	3.55	207	221	1,228	651	577	88	75	...	...	160	14		
29	Madugupalle	2P	...	W	Po	...	6.20	281	350	1,525	798	727	83	77	4	5	196	13				
30	Yellutia	P	...	W	Po	...	9.79	240	243	1,226	634	592	134	120	...	...	145	14		

(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)	(13)	(14)	(15)	(16)	(17)	(18)	(19)
31	Chilavaripalle	.	P	W	...	...	6.04	159	159	838	438	400	40	35	...	...	100	6
32	Kunukunta	.	P	W	R	...	9.53	247	257	1,470	761	709	134	127	5	4	157	27
33	Dadiota	.	P	W	Mew	...	16.09	484	484	2,474	1,273	1,201	164	190	4	3	291	70
34	Goddumatti	.	3P	W, Riv	R	...	14.06	423	423	2,188	1,085	1,103	208	215	2	3	251	38
35	Singavaram	.	P	W	Po	...	5.40	337	337	1,884	986	898	139	125	8	4	273	47
36	Chintakayamanda	.	2P, H	W	R	...	4.84	546	546	2,834	1,458	1,376	204	218	22	18	626	105
37	Aravedu	.	P	W	Po	...	1.48	80	80	295	157	138	6	4	3	3	24	...
38	Bukkapuram	.	P	W	R	...	5.79	148	148	850	415	435	104	90	...	...	82	21
39	Boppalle	.	2P	W	R	...	13.50	364	369	1,804	912	892	142	171	3	1	254	25
40	Chilamakuru	.	P	C	...	...	5.73	145	156	865	469	396	39	33	6	6	139	19
41	Chintalapalle	.	P	W	R	...	5.08	186	186	1,097	532	565	105	123	2	2	203	38
42	Chinnamallepalle	.	...	W	Po	...	2.00	2	4	34	17	17	...	...	...	...	9	1
43	Komatikuntla	.	P	W	R	...	6.00	140	146	705	342	363	40	52	...	...	134	28
44	Putluru	.	4P, H	W	Po, R	...	17.00	745	757	3,880	1,988	1,892	248	235	2	2	1,004	250
45	Gandlapadu	.	P	W	R	...	4.81	92	92	550	271	279	49	40	3	2	116	25
46	Diguvaipalle	.	P	W	Po	...	3.21	232	232	1,239	646	593	84	86	...	...	392	58
47	Tadipatri(Rural)	.	...	W	...	...	9.49	101	119	680	354	326	7	5	...	...	181	36
48	Nandlapadu (Rural)	.	P	W	R	...	4.62	84	84	449	252	197	1	...	...	...	140	29
49	Chinnapolamada	.	...	W	...	E(D&I)	7.70	387	389	2,042	1,061	981	165	175	...	...	400	66
50	Kandikapula	.	P	W	...	...	4.12	79	79	502	245	257	49	48	3	3	95	15
51	Chintakunta	.	P	W	...	...	2.00	94	94	457	230	227	...	...	...	...	74	10
52	Peddapolamada	.	P	W	Po, R	E(D&I)	9.49	492	518	2,577	1,311	1,266	155	158	2	7	350	40
53	Komali	.	P	W	R	...	4.17	96	96	530	266	264	50	55	...	...	1	75
54	Juturu	.	P	Mew	Po, R, Riv	...	10.46	582	589	3,958	1,988	1,970	728	736	23	21	577	136
55	Sitaramapuram	.	...	W	...	...	0.81	4	4	27	15	12	...	...	...	...	10	12
56	Jodidharmapuram	.	...	W	...	...	0.54	14	14	82	41	41	...	...	...	...	5	1
57	Narasapuram	.	P	W	Po	...	7.10	482	484	2,363	1,216	1,147	177	159	...	...	489	127
58	Yadiki	.	...	W	...	...	23.18	192	192	975	505	470	127	106	10	7	147	14
59	Konarepalapadu	.	P	W	...	...	3.35	101	118	464	242	222	1	...	...	...	61	7
60	Obulapuram	.	...	W	...	...	0.34	101	118	464	242	222	1	...	...	...	...	...
61	Kamalapadu	.	2P	W	...	...	13.32	363	363	1,683	853	830	160	177	2	3	230	35
62	Kundanakota	.	...	W	...	...	4.20	33	34	163	91	72	...	...	...	...	29	4
63	Gudipadu	.	P	W	...	...	15.16	230	230	1,005	515	490	34	33	...	...	159	20
64	Nitturu	.	2P	W	...	...	10.74	488	491	2,482	1,261	1,221	169	177	...	...	515	65
65	Venkatampalle	.	P	W	Po	...	4.83	95	95	427	212	215	25	28	3	3	49	7
66	Brahmanapalle	.	2P	W	Po	...	6.34	368	368	1,836	944	892	114	112	...	...	365	55
67	Iguduru	.	P	W	R	...	5.22	222	222	878	458	420	70	78	...	...	196	44
68	Gangadevipalle	.	P	W	...	...	2.83	195	202	1,058	538	520	108	91	2	3	183	19
69	Puliprodatturu	.	...	W	...	...	2.60	52	54	282	147	135	...	...	...	...	46	3
70	Chukkaturu	.	P	Mew	Po, R	...	4.53	316	316	1,512	787	725	209	200	5	7	233	43
71	Kaverisumudram	.	P	W	Po	...	3.87	229	229	1,213	620	593	186	178	...	...	151	24
72	Bhogasamudram	.	P	W	Po, R	...	8.17	219	219	1,115	554	561	105	111	26	20	117	51
73	Sajjaladinne	.	P	W	R	...	7.83	388	398	1,919	936	983	128	160	...	...	276	6
74	Talaricheruvu	.	P	W	...	...	9.40	93	93	442	231	211	32	38	...	...	46	4
75	Uruchintala	.	P	W	...	...	8.38	209	209	1,176	581	595	77	75	4	4	145	20

VILLAGE DIRECTORY

WORKERS

Location Code No.	Name of Village	Total Workers (I-IX)																		X																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																						
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		Cultivator		Agricultural Labourer		Mining, Quarrying, Livestock, Forestry, etc.		Household Industry		Manufacturing other than House- hold Industry		Construc- tion		Trade & Commerce		Transport, Storage & Communi- cations		Other Services			Non- Workers																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																					
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(1)	(2)	(20)	(21)	(22)	(23)	(24)	(25)	(26)	(27)	(28)	(29)	(30)	(31)	(32)	(33)	(34)	(35)	(36)	(37)	(38)	(39)	(40)	(41)	
31	Chillavaripalle	.	296	185	168	102	39	46	19	...	55	27	4	3	11	7	142	215
32	Kunukuntla	.	436	223	230	85	82	121	41	...	48	...	5	3	7	6	5	2	1	...	17	6	325	486
33	Daditola	.	794	376	389	67	143	252	62	4	113	28	...	...	...	...	18	5	3	...	47	20	479	825
34	Godumari	.	660	408	250	95	219	169	...	1	142	108	...	...	...	...	24	9	2	...	23	26	425	695
35	Singavaram	.	621	449	350	155	164	247	4	5	40	9	...	...	...	...	19	11	...	...	44	22	365	449
36	Chintakayamanda	.	894	550	497	312	205	176	4	4	111	53	...	...	...	...	15	...	...	...	62	5	564	826
37	Aravedu	.	101	45	40	1	24	29	5	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	4	...	...	...	22	15	56	93
38	Bukkapuram	.	269	117	85	3	68	87	19	4	32	21	...	...	44	...	8	2	...	...	13	...	146	318
39	Boppepalle	.	595	371	224	44	205	289	61	6	47	13	2	1	17	...	18	6	...	...	21	12	317	521
40	Chilamakuru	.	276	39	150	...	61	32	12	...	25	1	...	...	...	...	5	3	...	...	23	3	193	357
41	Chintalapalle	.	342	101	136	9	135	57	18	1	39	31	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	13	3	190	464
42	Chinnamallepalle	.	12	...	11	...	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	5	17
43	Komatikuntla	.	221	130	121	56	63	56	...	...	17	12	...	...	...	...	4	...	...	...	16	6	121	233
44	Puthuru	.	1,230	915	574	432	270	311	7	7	188	123	3	...	33	...	21	9	3	...	131	33	758	977
45	Gandlapadu	.	172	152	87	84	67	60	...	...	11	8	...	...	...	...	1	...	...	...	6	...	99	127
46	Diguvapalle	.	381	257	244	140	68	109	3	2	34	5	...	...	2	...	2	1	2	...	26	...	265	336
47	Tadpatri (Rural)	.	209	6	162	...	40	6	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	...	5	...	145	320
48	Nandalepadu (Rural)	.	133	36	95	7	29	18	...	...	6	6	2	...	...	...	...	5	...	...	1	...	119	161
49	Chinnapolamada	.	582	337	221	79	212	161	...	...	104	94	2	...	12	...	3	...	2	...	26	3	479	644
50	Kandikapala	.	148	154	107	119	36	31	...	...	3	3	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	2	1	97	103
51	Chintakunta	.	139	140	93	98	17	29	...	1	8	...	...	11	10	...	2	...	...	...	9	1	91	87
52	Peddapolamada	.	768	233	297	38	290	166	5	1	64	13	...	...	38	4	27	3	...	...	47	8	543	1,033
53	Komali	.	142	36	84	4	45	15	...	...	9	14	...	...	...	...	1	3	...	...	3	...	124	228
54	Juturu	.	1,185	851	447	233	503	520	9	15	108	58	6	...	43	...	16	7	6	...	47	18	803	1,119
55	Sitaramapuram	.	9	...	9	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	6	12
56	Jodiharmapuram	.	26	6	15	...	7	4	...	...	4	2	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	15	35
57	Narasapuram	.	729	517	209	53	225	274	6	7	199	160	1	...	25	...	16	8	12	...	36	15	487	630
58	Yadiki	.	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
59	Konappalapadu	.	358	314	158	107	183	194	...	...	5	2	...	...	...	...	4	4	...	...	8	7	147	156
60	Obulapuram	.	156	83	104	45	25	30	11	4	2	...	1	...	...	...	2	...	...	...	11	4	86	139
61	Kamalapadu	.	585	381	226	96	217	224	21	3	90	44	...	...	...	4	6	...	...	...	25	10	268	449
62	Kundanakota	.	57	36	27	21	20	13	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	9	2	34	36
63	Gudipadu	.	342	288	226	188	62	70	5	...	16	9	...	...	...	...	1	7	...	...	32	14	173	202
64	Nituru	.	787	430	372	217	228	186	27	4	41	4	...	...	9	...	39	15	2	...	69	4	474	791
65	Venkatampalle	.	135	88	57	26	41	43	7	...	16	15	...	...	6	...	2	3	...	...	6	1	77	127
66	Brahmanapalle	.	560	283	342	122	109	122	7	...	61	23	1	...	1	...	17	5	...	...	22	11	384	609
67	Iguduru	.	266	119	126	2	92	87	3	2	16	15	...	...	2	...	4	...	...	...	23	13	192	301
68	Gangadevipalle	.	337	256	155	89	100	133	5	...	59	27	...	...	4	...	6	3	...	...	8	4	201	264
69	Puliprodaturu	.	89	48	71	12	9	17	1	...	7	19	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	...	58	87
70	Chukkuru	.	469	277	186	102	232	159	1	...	12	1	...	...	...	...	9	4	1	...	28	11	318	448
71	Kaverisamudram	.	363	355	149	114	80	207	69	...	30	10	...	...	2	...	10	13	1	...	22	11	257	238
72	Bhogasamudram	.	319	103	147	...	110	94	19	1	16	1	...	...	1	...	5	5	1	...	20	2	235	458
73	Sajjaladinne	.	553	303	242	10	190	268	13	...	48	5	4	5	20	...	10	3	...	...	26	12	383	680
74	Talaricheruvu	.	142	75	80	20	51	51	...	...	7	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	4	4	89	136
75	Uruchintala	.	349	189	100	4	166	133	2	6	37	4	...	...	9	...	9	28	...	...	26	14	232	406

Location Code No.	Name of Village	Facilities					Area in Sq. miles	Occupied Residential Houses		Total number of persons enumerated (including inmates of Institutions and Houseless Persons)				Scheduled Castes		Scheduled Tribes		Literate & Educated Persons										
		Educational	Medical	Drinking Water	Communi- cations	Electricity		No. of Houses	No. of Households	P	M	F	(13)	M	F	(14)	M	F	(16)	M	F	(17)	M	F	(18)	M	F	(19)
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)	(13)	(14)	(15)	(16)	(17)	(18)	(19)	(20)	(21)	(22)	(23)	(24)	(25)	(26)	(27)	(28)	
76	Velamakuru	.	.	W	...	...	6.84	196	196	1,094	552	542	82	81	...	...	190	43	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
77	Alur	.	P	W	Po	...	9.33	228	228	1,049	516	533	43	45	3	1	135	21	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
78	Hussainpuram	.	P	W	...	...	2.58	144	144	529	276	253	38	31	...	...	81	6	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
79	Challavipalle	.	P	W	...	...	1.80	76	76	405	192	213	...	...	...	...	109	29	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
80	Jambalapadu	.	P	W	...	...	1.87	49	49	275	142	133	1	...	...	...	89	6	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
81	Veerapuram	.	P	W	R	E(1)	5.61	228	230	1,166	583	583	43	40	...	...	262	72	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
82	Bodaipalle	.	P	W	...	...	2.20	171	171	939	474	465	73	80	...	...	93	7	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
83	Vanganuru	.	P	W	Po,R,Rly E	...	2.65	145	145	755	381	374	17	19	...	...	148	38	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
84	Bondaladinne	.	P	W	R	E(1)	2.58	130	130	669	346	323	10	11	...	...	113	17	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
85	Senegalaguduru	.	5P	W	Po,R	...	18.77	718	742	3,755	1,922	1,833	261	222	7	8	980	183	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
86	Vemulapalle	.	P	W	R	...	5.38	67	70	336	170	166	41	45	...	...	58	9	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
87	Medikurthi	.	P	W,Riv	Po,R	...	2.69	107	108	604	322	282	22	20	...	...	101	12	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
88	Nitturu	.	P	W	Po,R	...	2.57	91	99	490	264	226	...	...	...	...	86	4	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
89	Peddamallepalle	.	...	Riv	R	...	0.74	119	119	584	299	285	21	24	...	...	100	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
90	Thirumalapuram	.	P	W	...	...	0.71	79	85	395	225	170	54	39	...	...	57	3	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
91	Yellanuru	.	2P,H	W,Riv	Po,R	...	15.35	1,061	1,061	5,513	2,803	2,710	6	...	13	12	1,352	498	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
92	Kodumurthi	.	...	Riv	...	...	3.17	68	75	376	189	187	52	50	...	...	28	2	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
93	Mallagundla	.	2P	Riv	...	...	0.55	174	174	920	474	446	37	40	...	...	100	7	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
94	Kalluru	.	P	W	...	...	10.79	412	425	2,115	1,064	1,051	62	71	19	10	327	47	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
95	Vennapusapalle	.	P	W	...	...	6.25	310	310	1,592	846	746	19	20	...	...	389	64	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
96	Pathapalle	.	P	W	...	...	6.25	260	260	1,095	565	530	21	18	...	...	252	55	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
97	Kachariakunta	.	...	W	...	...	2.22	36	36	192	101	91	...	...	...	...	55	7	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...

Note :- Abbreviations under Cols. 3 to 7 above : Please refer page 27.

VILLAGE DIRECTORY

WORKERS

Location Code No	Name of Village																									IX		X											
		I				II				III				IV				V				VI				VII				VIII				IX				X	
		Total Workers (I-IX)		Cultivator		Agricultural Labourer		Mining, Quarrying, Livestock, Forestry, etc.		Household Industry		Manufacturing other than House- hold Industry		Construc- tion		Trade & Commerce		Transport, Storage & Communi- cations		Other Services		Non- Workers		X															
		M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F										
(1)	(2)	(20)	(21)	(22)	(23)	(24)	(25)	(26)	(27)	(28)	(29)	(30)	(31)	(32)	(33)	(34)	(35)	(36)	(37)	(38)	(39)	(40)	(41)																
76	Velamakuru	.	.	348	68	186	...	61	59	...	3	52	...	...	9	...	11	2	...	...	29	4	204	474											
77	Alur	.	.	328	246	123	11	61	58	26	39	50	52	21	15	2	...	19	56	2	...	24	15	188	287														
78	Hussainpuram	.	.	180	109	75	2	92	103	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	...	11	4	96	144					
79	Challavaripalle	.	.	117	57	68	3	20	53	...	...	12	1	...	...	6	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	75	156					
80	Jambalapadu	.	.	86	35	55	5	13	26	...	...	5	4	...	...	3	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	56	98					
81	Veerapuram	.	.	344	119	170	3	114	96	...	...	20	3	1	...	4	...	7	1	...	...	28	16	239	464										
82	Bodipalle	.	.	276	174	84	1	127	150	...	...	62	22	...	...	...	...	1	1	...	...	2	...	198	291						
83	Vanganuru	.	.	219	193	105	102	38	57	...	6	25	10	14	8	9	...	7	9	10	...	11	1	162	181														
84	Bondaladinne	.	.	242	148	80	35	99	91	...	...	40	20	3	...	9	...	4	2	...	...	7	...	104	175										
85	Senegaladuru	.	.	1,168	817	718	230	259	315	7	3	87	230	2	...	16	...	10	9	5	...	64	30	754	1,016														
86	Vemulapalle	.	.	120	109	40	35	36	47	...	...	34	25	...	...	...	...	1	...	...	...	9	2	50	57					
87	Medikurthi	.	.	196	52	61	1	13	7	...	3	110	37	...	...	...	6	3	...	...	6	1	126	230										
88	Nitturu	.	.	159	59	83	14	25	29	...	1	44	14	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	7	1	105	167						
89	Peddamalipalle	.	.	188	67	106	2	27	47	1	2	38	15	...	...	...	3	...	...	...	13	1	111	218									
90	Thirumalapuram	.	.	155	28	82	8	33	20	22	...	8	...	...	...	...	5	...	...	...	5	...	70	142								
91	Yellanuru	.	.	1,676	940	828	384	221	320	22	1	320	184	2	5	2	...	119	17	7	...	155	29	1,127	1,770														
92	Kodumurti	.	.	117	107	60	1	23	98	...	6	13	...	...	...	17	...	1	1	...	...	3	1	72	80									
93	Mallagundla	.	.	331	294	200	179	69	84	4	16	38	...	...	...	...	7	3	...	...	13	11	143	152									
94	Kalluru	.	.	629	442	359	131	134	270	10	14	70	4	...	...	...	6	6	1	...	49	17	435	609												
95	Vennapusapalle	.	.	482	302	306	109	126	168	...	...	26	21	...	...	2	...	3	...	...	...	17	4	364	444							
96	Pathapalle	.	.	349	264	179	172	78	82	...	...	27	1	...	...	34	...	12	4	...	...	19	5	216	266								
97	Kacharikunta	.	.	54	19	37	9	5	9	...	...	6	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	4	...	47	72							

Statement showing the Jurisdiction of Enumerators' Blocks in the Urban Areas of Tadpatri Taluk

Ward/Locality/ Block No.	Enumerator's Block No. and its Jurisdiction			Ward/Locality/ Block No.	Enumerator's Block No. and its Jurisdiction		
	E.B. No.	House Numbers included in the Block			E.B. No.	House Numbers included in the Block	
		From	To			From	To
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)
I TADPATRI TOWN							
Ward 1	E.B. 1	1-188	1-329	Ward 9	E.B. 18	{ 8-78 8-124 8-151	8-109 8-145 8-188
	E.B. 2	{ 1-1 1-49	1-30 1-187		E.B. 19	8-320	8-464
	E.B. 3	{ 1-31 1-330	1-48 1-434		E.B. 20	9-94	9-192
Ward 2	E.B. 4	2-146	2-277	Ward 10	E.B. 21	9-1	9-93
	E.B. 5	2-1	2-145		E.B. 22	9-193	9-482
Ward 3	E.B. 6	{ 3-212 3-271	3-238 3-355	Ward 11	E.B. 23	{ 10-1 10-60 10-114	10-24 10-100 10-251
	E.B. 7	{ 3-1 3-254	3-135 3-265		E.B. 24	{ 10-25 10-101 10-252	10-59 10-113 10-309
	E.B. 8	{ 3-136 3-239 3-266 3-356	3-211 3-253 3-270 3-370		E.B. 25	{ 11-1 11-138 11-226	11-96 11-197 11-245
Ward 4	E.B. 9	{ 4-57 4-259	4-193 4-260	Ward 12	E.B. 26	{ 11-97 11-198 11-246	11-137 11-225 11-285
	E.B. 10	{ 4-1 4-194	4-56 4-258		E.B. 27	{ 12-44 12-111 12-266	12-77 12-173 12-316
Ward 5	E.B. 11	{ 5-11 5-129 5-135	5-78 5-131 5-169	Ward 13	E.B. 28	{ 12-1 12-78	12-43 12-110
	E.B. 12	{ 5-1 5-79 5-132 5-170	5-10 5-128 5-134 5-208		E.B. 29	12-174	12-265
Ward 6	E.B. 13	6-1	6-156	Ward 14	E.B. 30	13-1	13-69
	E.B. 14	6-157	6-313		E.B. 31	13-70	13-136
Ward 7	E.B. 15	7-1	7-146	Ward 14	E.B. 32	13-137	13-278
	E.B. 16	7-147	7-321		E.B. 33	{ 14-80 14-236	14-154 14-260
Ward 8	E.B. 17	{ 8-1 8-110	8-77 8-123	Ward 14	E.B. 34	{ 14-1 14-294	14-79 14-299
		{ 8-146 8-189	8-150 8-319		E.B. 35	{ 14-155 14-261	14-235 14-293

Statement showing the Jurisdiction of Enumerators' Blocks in the Urban Areas of Tadpatri Taluk—Concd.

Ward/Locality/ Block No.	Enumerator's Block No. and its Jurisdiction		
	E. B. No.	House Numbers included in the Block	
		From	To
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)

Ward/Locality/ Block No.	Enumerator's Block No. and its Jurisdiction		
	E. B. No.	House Numbers included in the Block	
		From	To
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)

II YADIKI TOWN

Block 1	E.B. 94	1-1	1-110
Block 2 }	E.B. 95	{ 2-1	2-70
Block 3 }		{ 3-1	3-65
Block 4 }	E.B. 96	{ 4-1	4-101
Block 5 }		{ 5-1	5-72
Block 6	E.B. 97	6-1	6-125
Block 7	E.B. 98	7-1	7-102
Block 8 }	E.B. 99	{ 8-1	8-107
Block 9 }		{ 9-1	9-59

Block 10 }	E.B. 100	{ 10-1	10-60
Block 11 }		{ 11-1	11-88
Block 12 }	E.B. 101	{ 12-1	12-66
Block 13 }		{ 13-1	13-43
Block 14 }	E.B. 102	{ 14-1	14-96
Block 15 }		{ 15-1	15-56
Block 16 }		{ 16-1	16-75
Block 17	E.B. 103	17-1	17-150
Block 18 }	E.B. 104	{ 18-1	18-53
Block 19 }		{ 19-1	19-24
Block 20 }		{ 20-1	20-73
Block 21	E.B. 105	21-1	21-143

TADPATRI TALUK

Location No.	Name of Town/Ward or Locality or Block/ Enumerator's Block No.	Facilities					Area in Sq. miles	Occupied Residential Houses	Total number of persons enumerated (including inmates of Institutions and Houseless Persons)				Scheduled Castes		Scheduled Tribes		Literate & Educated Persons		
		Educational	Medical	Drinking water	Communications	Electricity			No. of Houses	No. of Households	P	M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)	(13)	(14)	(15)	(16)	(17)	(18)	(19)	
	J TADPATRI TOWN M.	11P,H	Hos	S	Po.To, 2Rh,R, Rly	E(D&t)	2.87	4,406	4,543	23,129	11,672	11,457	952	967	55	48	6,641	2,549	
	Ward 1 E.B. 1	.	.	.	.	.	.	111	115	518	255	263	95	104	...	...	94	28
	E.B. 2	.	.	.	.	.	.	95	106	520	261	259	...	...	...	...	138	34
	E.B. 3	.	.	.	.	.	.	107	114	533	324	309	10	14	...	...	135	31
							Ward Total	313	335	1,671	840	831	105	118	...	...	367	93
	Ward 2 E.B. 4	.	.	.	.	.	.	153	160	798	409	389	92	101	15	7	185	29
	E.B. 5	.	.	.	.	.	.	146	157	821	429	392	427	392	1	...	124	13
							Ward Total	299	317	1,619	838	781	519	493	16	7	309	42	
	Ward 3 E.B. 6	.	.	.	.	.	.	114	114	600	297	303	...	...	...	...	178	56
	E.B. 7	.	.	.	.	.	.	126	126	602	308	294	...	...	...	...	130	19
	E.B. 8	.	.	.	.	.	.	99	99	484	257	227	...	...	...	...	159	63
							Ward Total	339	339	1,686	862	824	...	...	...	...	467	138
	Ward 4 E.B. 9	.	.	.	.	.	.	143	165	832	427	405	...	...	26	26	251	65
	E.B. 10	.	.	.	.	.	.	113	113	625	332	293	...	...	...	...	222	50
							Ward Total	256	278	1,457	759	698	...	...	26	26	473	115
	Ward 5 E.B. 11	.	.	.	.	.	.	113	113	627	309	318	...	...	1	...	210	78
	E.B. 12	.	.	.	.	.	.	115	115	584	296	288	...	...	...	...	164	28
							Ward Total	228	228	1,211	605	606	...	...	1	...	374	106
	Ward 6 E.B. 13	.	.	.	.	.	.	158	165	815	402	413	...	...	...	...	219	55
	E.B. 14	.	.	.	.	.	.	150	150	831	420	411	3	3	...	...	278	115
							Ward Total	308	315	1,646	822	824	3	3	...	...	497	170
	Ward 7 E.B. 15	.	.	.	.	.	.	133	145	706	360	346	43	33	...	...	244	76
	E.B. 16	.	.	.	.	.	.	142	145	724	370	354	...	...	...	...	204	101
							Ward Total	275	290	1,430	730	700	43	33	...	...	448	177

(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)	(13)	(14)	(15)	(16)	(17)	(18)	(19)
Ward 8	E.B. 17	.	.	.	.	.	.	103	105	609	297	312	...	...	...	...	226	152
	E.B. 18	.	.	.	.	.	.	74	74	370	179	191	...	...	...	...	135	80
	E.B. 19	.	.	.	.	.	.	138	142	685	311	374	...	...	...	...	216	161
							<i>Ward Total</i>	315	321	1,664	787	877	...	...	...	...	577	393
Ward 9	E.B. 20	.	.	.	.	.	.	116	116	550	280	270	...	...	...	...	159	51
	E.B. 21	.	.	.	.	.	.	125	131	640	331	309	...	...	...	1	179	91
	E.B. 22	.	.	.	.	.	.	199	199	957	485	472	...	...	...	...	368	190
							<i>Ward Total</i>	440	446	2,147	1,096	1,051	...	...	...	1	706	332
Ward 10	E.B. 23	.	.	.	.	.	.	153	153	825	424	401	...	...	...	...	324	217
	E.B. 24	.	.	.	.	.	.	109	109	598	291	307	...	...	...	...	130	26
							<i>Ward Total</i>	262	262	1,423	715	708	...	...	...	...	454	243
Ward 11	E.B. 25	.	.	.	.	.	.	154	155	868	434	434	...	...	...	2	217	67
	E.B. 26	.	.	.	.	.	.	113	127	645	331	314	12	13	...	...	114	23
							<i>Ward Total</i>	267	282	1,513	765	748	12	13	...	2	331	90
Ward 12	E.B. 27	.	.	.	.	.	.	142	145	783	379	404	...	...	...	...	222	83
	E.B. 28	.	.	.	.	.	.	81	82	419	223	196	1	4	...	...	118	20
	E.B. 29	.	.	.	.	.	.	86	95	506	262	244	...	...	...	...	156	34
							<i>Ward Total</i>	309	322	1,708	864	844	1	4	...	...	496	137
Ward 13	E.B. 30	.	.	.	.	.	.	139	141	610	304	306	32	33	12	11	198	123
	E.B. 31	.	.	.	.	.	.	103	105	560	284	276	28	24	...	...	204	116
	E.B. 32	.	.	.	.	.	.	173	173	924	482	442	5	2	...	1	219	75
							<i>Ward Total</i>	415	419	2,094	1,070	1,024	65	59	12	12	621	314
Ward 14	E.B. 33	.	.	.	.	.	.	105	110	588	276	312	170	206	...	...	111	22
	E.B. 34	.	.	.	.	.	.	111	111	503	253	250	10	13	...	...	166	104
	E.B. 35	.	.	.	.	.	.	164	168	769	390	379	24	25	...	...	244	73
							<i>Ward Total</i>	380	389	1,860	919	941	204	244	...	...	521	199

TOWN DIRECTORY
(*Tadpatri Town*)

Location	Name of Town/ Ward or Locality or Block/ Enumerator's Block No.	WORKERS																								X					
		Total Workers (I-IX)		I		II		III Mining, Quarrying, Livestock, Forestry, etc.		IV		V		VI		VII		VIII Transport, Storage & Communi- cations		IX		Non- Workers									
		M	F	Cultivator		Agricultural Labourer		M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F										
				M	F	M	F																M	F	M		F	M	F	M	F
(1)	(2)	6,273	2,609	329	58	233	349	17	2	1,731	1,406	543	103	245	46	1,360	159	412	3	1,403	483	5,399	8,848								
I	TADPATRI TOWN M.																														
Ward	1 E.B. 1	139	123	11	2	58	108	...	...	8	7	22	1	18	...	7	1	4	...	11	4	116	140						
	E.B. 2	152	93	62	14	9	8	...	...	10	64	1	...	44	5	19	2	3	...	4	...	109	166						
	E.B. 3	178	68	38	9	1	1	...	...	24	39	11	2	39	2	44	8	6	...	14	7	146	241						
	Ward Total	469	284	111	25	68	117	1	...	42	110	34	3	101	7	70	11	13	...	29	11	371	547								
Ward	2 E.B. 4	226	189	2	...	35	54	1	...	115	120	38	11	...	...	8	3	6	...	21	1	183	200						
	E.B. 5	246	231	9	3	103	170	2	...	39	5	6	6	18	23	4	4	6	...	59	20	183	161								
	Ward Total	472	420	11	3	138	224	3	...	154	125	44	17	18	23	12	7	12	...	80	21	366	361								
Ward	3 E.B. 6	152	84	9	...	1	...	...	...	75	80	11	1	2	...	25	...	6	...	23	3	145	219					
	E.B. 7	171	41	13	...	...	...	...	...	92	35	2	...	18	1	17	3	3	...	26	2	137	253			
	E.B. 8	152	72	40	3	1	...	...	...	58	63	2	...	...	...	17	6	2	...	32	...	105	155		
	Ward Total	475	197	62	3	2	...	...	...	225	178	15	1	20	1	59	9	11	...	81	5	387	627					
Ward	4 E.B. 9	208	122	4	...	...	1	...	...	96	97	14	...	10	...	49	14	4	...	31	10	219	283				
	E.B. 10	177	169	5	2	...	...	...	...	101	156	7	1	4	2	32	5	3	...	25	3	155	124				
	Ward Total	385	291	9	2	...	1	...	...	197	253	21	1	14	2	81	19	7	...	56	13	374	407						
Ward	5 E.B. 11	163	113	...	...	...	...	...	...	60	59	13	2	...	...	40	6	3	...	47	46	146	205
	E.B. 12	166	44	9	...	...	...	...	...	66	28	15	4	5	...	38	8	10	...	23	4	130	244			
	Ward Total	329	157	9	...	...	...	...	...	126	87	28	6	5	...	78	14	13	...	70	50	276	449			
Ward	6 E.B. 13	223	165	1	...	...	...	...	...	52	29	6	1	1	...	30	5	12	...	121	130	179	248			
	E.B. 14	219	44	10	1	...	...	1	...	57	30	14	...	4	...	62	3	14	...	57	10	201	367						
	Ward Total	442	209	11	1	...	...	1	...	109	59	20	1	5	...	92	8	26	...	178	140	380	615						
Ward	7 E.B. 15	210	52	9	...	...	...	2	...	74	37	12	...	...	...	62	5	13	...	38	10	150	294		
	E.B. 16	214	57	...	...	1	...	...	...	27	21	40	17	3	1	109	11	9	...	25	7	156	297			
	Ward Total	424	109	9	...	1	...	2	...	101	58	52	17	3	1	171	16	22	...	63	17	306	591								

(1)	(2)	(20)	(21)	(22)	(23)	(24)	(25)	(26)	(27)	(28)	(29)	(30)	(31)	(32)	(33)	(34)	(35)	(36)	(37)	(38)	(39)	(40)	(41)
Ward 8	E.B. 17	159	35	10	7	...	...	...	...	14	22	16	...	2	...	82	5	14	...	21	1	138	277
	E.B. 18	90	19	4	...	...	2	...	...	9	4	10	1	1	...	14	3	10	...	42	9	89	172
	E.B. 19	163	72	1	3	...	...	...	...	27	56	15	2	2	...	46	7	5	...	67	4	148	302
	Ward Total	412	126	15	10	...	2	...	...	50	82	41	3	5	...	142	15	29	...	130	14	375	751
Ward 9	E.B. 20	156	47	...	...	...	...	...	...	37	25	29	5	7	3	39	4	11	...	33	10	124	223
	E.B. 21	179	63	1	...	1	...	...	...	77	46	10	1	1	1	55	9	15	...	19	6	152	246
	E.B. 22	276	42	...	...	...	...	...	...	36	18	31	3	16	6	122	4	9	1	62	10	209	430
	Ward Total	611	152	1	...	1	...	...	...	150	89	70	9	24	10	216	17	35	1	114	26	485	899
Ward 10	E.B. 23	203	35	4	...	...	...	2	...	37	26	12	...	9	...	76	2	7	...	56	7	221	366
	E.B. 24	145	21	...	...	...	...	...	...	56	16	19	2	1	...	31	2	13	...	25	1	146	286
	Ward Total	348	56	4	...	...	...	2	...	93	42	31	2	10	...	107	4	20	...	81	8	367	652
Ward 11	E.B. 25	230	12	...	...	...	...	...	...	80	7	16	3	1	...	57	1	32	...	44	1	204	422
	E.B. 26	205	40	1	...	...	...	...	...	91	26	24	2	3	...	28	2	17	...	41	10	126	274
	Ward Total	435	52	1	...	...	...	...	...	171	33	40	5	4	...	85	3	49	...	85	11	330	696
Ward 12	E.B. 27	201	64	2	1	...	...	...	...	54	38	17	1	1	...	64	9	23	...	40	15	178	340
	E.B. 28	127	75	...	...	...	...	2	1	58	67	9	1	6	...	22	...	13	...	17	6	96	121
	E.B. 29	136	78	6	1	3	2	...	...	45	63	17	9	5	...	30	2	6	1	24	...	126	166
	Ward Total	464	217	8	2	3	2	2	1	157	168	43	11	12	...	116	11	42	1	81	21	400	627
Ward 13	E.B. 30	145	44	3	...	1	...	2	...	17	9	11	5	4	...	23	6	16	...	68	24	159	262
	E.B. 31	116	37	14	1	1	...	...	...	15	18	12	3	...	...	22	4	7	...	45	11	168	239
	E.B. 32	266	75	7	1	1	3	...	...	105	52	17	2	15	2	32	3	34	1	55	11	216	367
	Ward Total	527	156	24	2	3	3	2	...	137	79	40	10	19	2	77	13	57	1	168	46	543	868
Ward 14	E.B. 33	147	76	12	2	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	6	1	17	...	111	67	129	236
	E.B. 34	147	30	6	3	10	...	1	...	2	4	25	...	3	...	28	1	17	...	55	22	106	220
	E.B. 35	186	77	36	5	7	...	2	1	17	33	39	17	2	...	20	10	42	...	21	11	204	302
	Ward Total	480	183	54	10	17	...	4	1	19	43	64	17	5	...	54	12	76	...	187	100	439	758

ANANTAPUR DISTRICT

TOWN DIRECTORY
(*Yadiki Town*)

TADPATRI TALUK

Location Code No.	Name of Town/Ward or Locality or Block/ Enumerator's Block No.	Facilities					Area in Sq. miles	Occupied Residential Houses		Total number of persons enumerated (including inmates of Institutions and Houseless Persons)				Scheduled Castes			Scheduled Tribes			Literate & Educated Persons			
		Educa- tional	Medical	Drinking water	Communi- cations	Electricity		No. of Houses	No. of Households	P	M	F	(13)	M	F	(14)	M	F	(16)	M	F	(18)	(19)
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)	(13)	(14)	(15)	(16)	(17)	(18)	(19)					
II YADIKI TOWN P.																							
	4P,H	D	W	Po,To, R	23.18	1,741	1,783	9,276	4,779	4,497	362	359	23	21	1,966	499							
Block 1	E.B. 94	.	.	.	.	.	.	108	113	556	272	284	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Block 2	E.B. 95	.	.	.	.	.	.	146	157	741	368	373	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Block 3		.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
Block 4	E.B. 96	.	.	.	.	.	.	166	168	853	448	405	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Block 5		.	.	.	.	.	.	129	134	633	339	294	2	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Block 6	E.B. 97	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
Block 7	E.B. 98	.	.	.	.	.	.	137	142	810	419	391	5	8	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Block 8	E.B. 99	.	.	.	.	.	.	126	130	699	366	333	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Block 9		.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
Block 10	E.B. 100	.	.	.	.	.	.	152	155	883	455	428	15	9	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Block 11		.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
Block 12	E.B. 101	.	.	.	.	.	.	188	188	977	512	465	163	168	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Block 13		.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
Block 14	E.B. 102	.	.	.	.	.	.	212	218	1,112	584	528	43	39	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Block 15		.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
Block 16		.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
Block 17	E.B. 103	.	.	.	.	.	.	133	133	720	352	368	134	134	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Block 18	E.B. 104	.	.	.	.	.	.	126	127	678	345	333	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Block 19		.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
Block 20		.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
Block 21	E.B. 105	.	.	.	.	.	.	118	118	614	319	295	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...

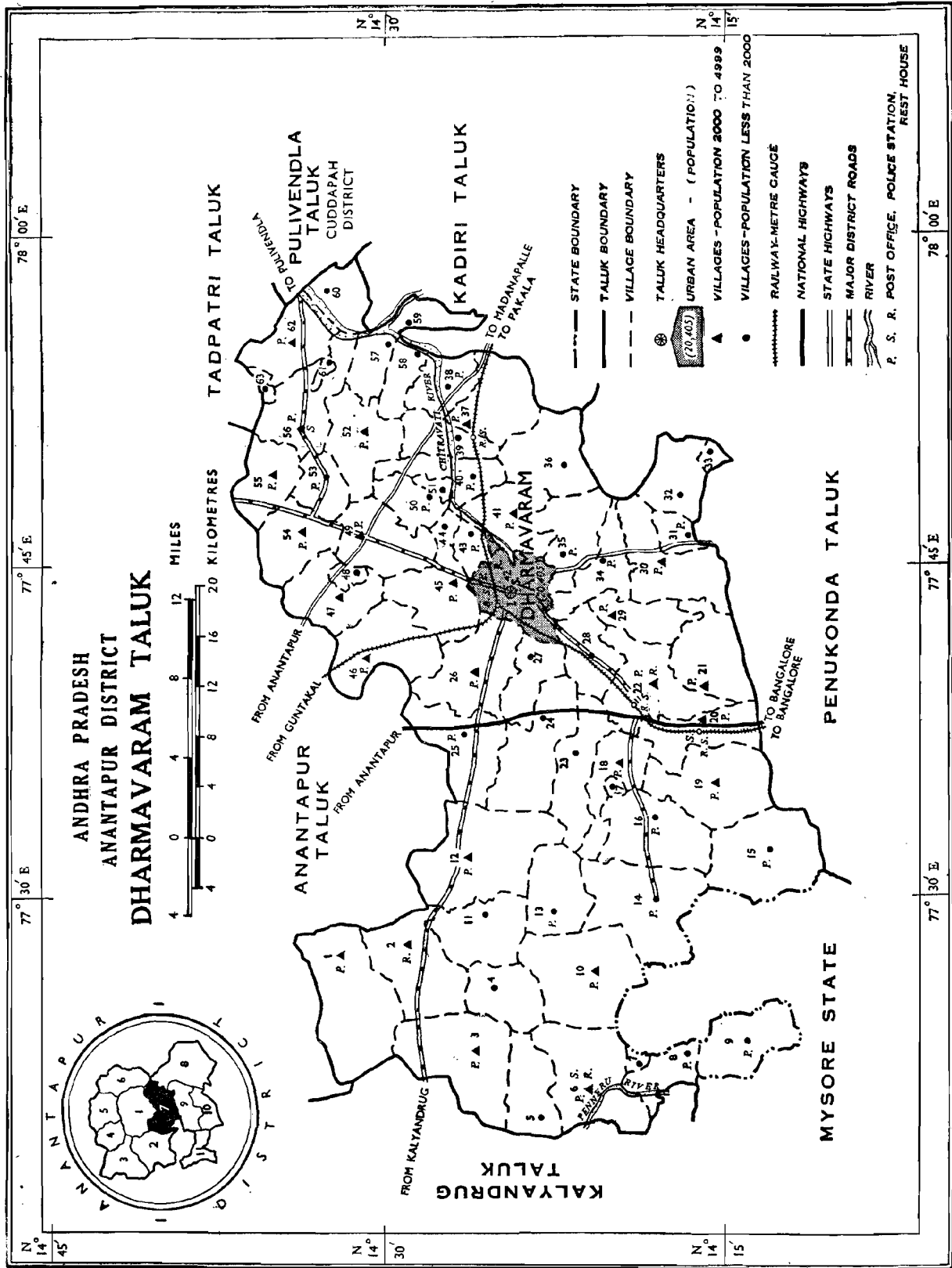
TOWN DIRECTORY
(Yadiki Town)

TADPATRI TALUK

WORKERS

Location Code No.	Name of Town/Ward or Locality or Block/ Enumerator's Block No.	I										II				III				IV				V				VI				VII				VIII				IX				X																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																															
		Total Workers (I-IX)		Cultivator				Agricultural Labourer		Mining, Quarrying, Livestock, Forestry, etc.		Household Industry		Manufacturing other than House- hold Industry		Construc- tion		Trade & Commerce		Transport, Storage & Communi- cations		Other Services		Non- Workers		Total		Total		Total		Total		Total		Total																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																							
		M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F

DHARMAVARAM TALUK



N. S. SWAMY
DRAWN BY

Prepared at the Office of the Superintendent of Census Operations,
Andhra Pradesh, Hyderabad.

ALPHABETICAL LIST OF VILLAGES

DHARMAVARAM TALUK

1961 Location Code No.	Name of Village	1961 Location Code No.	Name of Village
50	Apparajucheruvu	25	Mukthapuram
		15	Mustikovila
		47	Mustoor
49	Batthulapalle	13	Muthavakuntla
33	Brahmanapalle		
		22	Nagasamudram
20	Chennakothapalle	7	Nakkinayanipalle
51	Chennarayapatnam	4	Narasampalle
37	Cherlopalle	10	Nasanakota
46	Chigicherla	53	Nidigallu
57	Chinnachigullarevu	19	Nyamaddala
60	Chinnakotla		
		39	Obulapuram
24	Dadulur		
38	Dampetla	59	Peddachigullarevu
36	Darsimala	62	Peddakotla
42	Dharmavaram	6	Perur
		55	Pinnadari
		16	Polepalle
11	Elakuntla	21	Poletipalle
		34	Pothulanagepalle
		28	Pyayadindi
32	Ganginapalle		
23	Ganthimarri	48	Raghavampalle
58	Garisalapalle	14	Ramagiri
45	Gotlur	41	Ravulachervu
		27	Regatipalle
12	Kanaganapalle		
30	Kanumukkala		
63	Kondamanayanipalem	40	Sangala
8	Kondapuram	17	Seshadri Bhatrahalli
5	Konetinayanipalyam	44	Subbaraopeta
18	Kuntimaddi		
26	Kunuthuru		
		56	Tadimarri
		61	Thirumalapuram
3	Maddulacheruvu	43	Thummala
35	Mallakalva	1	Thumucheria
54	Malyavantham	2	Togarakunta
52	Maravapalle Agraharam		
29	Medapuram		
9	Motaruchinalapalle	31	Veldurthi

Location Code No.	Name of Village	Facilities					Area in Sq. miles	Occupied Residential Houses		Total number of persons enumerated (including inmates of Institutions and Houseless Persons)			Scheduled Castes		Scheduled Tribes		Literate & Educated Persons	
		Educa- tional	Medical	Drinking Water	Communi- cations	Electricity		No. of Houses	No. of Households	P	M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)	(13)	(14)	(15)	(16)	(17)	(18)	(19)
7. DHARMAVARAM TALUK																		
	Total						736.0	26,392	26,680	138,529	70,861	67,668	9,710	9,709	2,109	2,185	20,152	5,065
	Rural						721.9	22,535	22,695	118,124	60,343	57,781	9,135	9,124	2,073	2,157	14,470	2,780
	Urban						14.1	3,857	3,985	20,405	10,518	9,887	575	585	36	28	5,682	2,285
1	Thumacherla	.	2P	W	Po,R	...	26.79	510	516	2,619	1,342	1,277	269	261	10	12	268	53
2	Togarakunta	.	P	W	Rh,R	...	17.88	409	411	2,195	1,156	1,039	125	108	55	73	264	52
3	Maddulacheruvu	.	2P	W	Po,R	...	21.52	637	642	3,595	1,798	1,797	332	300	92	90	313	59
4	Narasampalle	.	P	W	R	...	11.28	184	184	961	478	483	77	73	6	3	95	16
5	Konatinayanipalyam	.	P	W	R	...	10.73	235	235	1,227	634	593	65	29	5	7	143	31
6	Perur	.	2P,H	Riv	Po,Rh,R	...	20.66	749	749	3,949	2,123	1,826	288	276	...	...	705	209
7	Nakkinyanipalle	.	...	W	R	...	6.77	39	39	239	122	117	64	46	...	...	28	...
8	Kondapuram	.	P	W	Po,R	...	6.89	107	107	621	319	302	81	73	...	...	62	6
9	Motarchintalapalle	.	P	W	Po,R	...	12.97	369	369	1,897	978	919	163	182	...	...	230	30
10	Nasenakota	.	P	W	Po,R	...	23.89	636	639	3,389	1,696	1,693	288	290	11	12	304	88
11	Elakuntla	.	2P	W	R	...	14.83	283	283	1,448	753	695	96	89	...	...	127	22
12	Kanaganipalle	.	2P,M	W	Po,R	...	27.69	625	625	3,001	1,561	1,440	230	232	4	4	322	56
13	Muthavakuntla	.	P	W	Po,R	...	12.95	143	143	780	419	361	75	64	15	11	116	43
14	Ramagiri	.	P	W	Po,R	...	22.87	261	261	1,242	634	608	96	76	21	51	158	31
15	Mustikovila	.	P	W	Po,R	...	21.73	363	363	1,665	868	797	73	62	20	46	273	64
16	Polepalle	.	P	W	Po,R	...	17.43	289	289	1,333	694	639	93	94	7	5	152	31
17	Seshadri Bhatarahalli	.	...	W	R	...	0.60	85	85	364	176	188	10	17	...	...	42	12
18	Kuntimaddi	.	P,H	W	Po,R	...	10.60	439	439	2,070	1,040	1,030	70	74	60	70	393	148
19	Nyamaddala	.	P,H	W	Po,R	...	19.72	638	638	3,455	1,786	1,669	140	153	61	60	642	139
20	Chennakothapalle	.	4P	Rhc	W	Po,R	...	11.95	566	2,675	1,375	1,300	70	59	16	18	562	180
21	Poletipalle	.	3P	W	Po,R	...	14.94	512	512	2,540	1,331	1,209	230	208	21	18	358	55
22	Nagasamudram	.	2P	W	Po,Rh,R,ly...	...	16.89	454	454	2,408	1,175	1,233	137	166	5	3	300	102
23	Ganthimarri	.	2P	W	R	...	13.44	250	250	1,329	653	676	75	62	8	16	152	18
24	Dadulur	.	2P	W	R	...	19.16	307	307	1,848	955	893	171	153	70	83	167	21
25	Mukthapuram	.	2P	W	Po,R	E(1)	15.36	363	364	1,929	1,003	926	282	200	1	2	302	38
26	Kunuthuru	.	3P	W	Po,R	E(1)	17.32	532	539	2,814	1,403	1,411	213	296	...	...	410	41
27	Regatipalle	.	2P	W	...	E	9.34	295	296	1,518	763	755	172	188	...	...	227	22
28	Pyayandindi	.	P	W	R	...	10.25	270	270	1,504	755	749	140	166	...	...	139	16
29	Medapuram	.	2P	W	Po,R	...	8.98	617	624	3,298	1,666	1,632	316	403	...	...	431	77
30	Kanumukkala	.	P	W	Po,R	...	16.98	986	986	3,749	1,950	1,799	291	305	14	8	438	71

	(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)	(13)	(14)	(15)	(16)	(17)	(18)	(19)			
31	Veldurthi	.	.	P	...	...	...	3.82	146	147	839	441	398	52	59	...	...	149	24
32	Ganginepalle	.	.	P	...	...	...	10.25	301	301	1,584	811	773	38	47	200	209	120	15
33	Brahmanapalle	.	...	...	...	...	...	0.44	17	17	94	46	48	...	...	4	3	...	...	
34	Pothunagapalle	.	.	P	...	...	...	10.07	340	340	1,835	931	904	132	166	25	17	192	25
35	Mallakalva	.	.	2P	...	...	...	12.49	367	367	1,906	963	943	171	167	128	133	193	30
36	Darsimala	.	.	3P	...	...	...	14.58	356	356	1,900	982	918	174	165	210	218	157	21
37	Cherlopalle	.	.	2P	...	...	...	14.05	398	398	2,174	1,099	1,075	132	148	104	96	229	41
38	Dampetla	.	.	P	...	...	...	6.64	259	260	1,371	705	666	91	75	58	10	129	30
39	Obulapuram	.	.	2P	...	...	...	7.37	330	330	1,813	925	888	122	114	8	6	230	39
40	Sangala	.	.	2P	...	...	...	8.90	316	316	1,649	850	799	113	112	96	90	174	32
41	Ravulacheruvu	.	.	2P	...	...	...	11.63	641	641	3,289	1,656	1,633	223	240	180	199	398	81
42	Dharmavaram	14.06	Urban Area (Dharmavaram Town)									
43	Thummalu	.	.	P	...	...	...	3.93	213	213	1,087	546	541	47	56	...	...	159	17
44	Subbaraoopeta	.	.	P	...	...	...	1.27	92	92	469	235	234	61	51	...	...	56	4
45	Gotlur	.	.	P	...	...	E(D&I)	13.07	745	766	3,907	1,980	1,927	263	300	32	10	433	56	
46	Chigicherla	.	.	2P	...	...	...	14.74	458	465	2,529	1,329	1,200	317	363	44	42	282	33
47	Mustoor	.	.	2P	...	...	...	12.98	448	491	2,834	1,458	1,376	258	215	22	26	351	66
48	Raghavampalle	.	.	...	...	...	...	0.65	100	102	415	210	205	42	44	...	...	35	4
49	Bathulapalle	.	.	4P	...	...	E(D&I)	13.49	655	655	3,654	1,887	1,767	326	320	100	156	466	63	
50	Apparajacheruvu	.	.	P	...	...	...	6.22	330	330	1,657	832	825	127	116	...	4	286	71
51	Chennarayapatnam	.	.	...	...	...	...	0.83	21	21	103	49	54	...	...	18	12	3	1
52	Maravapalle Agharam	.	.	3P	...	...	...	13.76	448	448	2,389	1,183	1,206	178	175	20	43	235	36
53	Nidigallu	.	.	P	...	...	...	7.17	296	296	1,752	931	821	195	175	30	36	195	27
54	Matyavantham	.	.	P,H	...	...	E	11.55	543	565	2,950	1,491	1,459	232	227	50	44	349	58	
55	Pinnadari	.	.	P	...	...	...	10.15	488	489	2,799	1,402	1,397	184	182	73	70	291	31
56	Tadimarri	.	.	P	...	...	...	15.19	576	576	3,153	1,573	1,580	261	245	27	27	402	104
57	Chinnachigullarevu	.	.	P	...	...	...	6.58	254	275	1,423	722	701	136	159	17	16	119	10
58	Garisalapalle	.	.	P	...	...	...	5.54	230	233	1,218	626	592	92	81	64	54	164	33
59	Peddachigullarevu	.	.	P	...	...	...	4.90	135	135	765	387	378	62	74	...	...	50	23
60	Chinnakotla	.	.	P	...	...	...	8.16	353	358	1,917	963	954	107	112	4	4	173	17
61	Thirumalapuram	.	.	...	...	...	...	0.56	73	74	430	237	193	68	59	10	7	55	6
62	Peddakotla	.	.	P	...	...	...	11.86	443	443	2,517	1,269	1,248	193	163	17	14	267	50
63	Kondamanayanipalem.	.	...	...	...	...	...	0.70	10	10	40	18	22	6	9	...	...	5	1

Note :—Abbreviations under Cols. 3 to 7 above : Please refer page 27.

VILLAGE DIRECTORY

WORKERS

Location No.	Name of Village	I				II				III				IV				V				VI				VII				VIII				IX				X																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																					
		Total Workers (I-IX)				Cultivator				Agricultural Labourer				Mining, Quarrying, Livestock, Forestry, etc.				Household Industry				Manufacturing other than Household Industry				Construction				Trade & Commerce				Transport, Storage & Communications				Other Services				Non-Workers																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																	
		M	F	(20)	(21)	M	F	(22)	(23)	M	F	(24)	(25)	M	F	(26)	(27)	M	F	(28)	(29)	M	F	(30)	(31)	M	F	(32)	(33)	M	F	(34)	(35)	M	F	(36)	(37)	M	F	(38)	(39)	M	F	(40)	(41)																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																														
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(1)	(2)	(20)	(21)	(22)	(23)	(24)	(25)	(26)	(27)	(28)	(29)	(30)	(31)	(32)	(33)	(34)	(35)	(36)	(37)	(38)	(39)	(40)	(41)	
31	Veldurthi	.	260	210	157	145	43	56	30	2	13	1	1	...	5	1	11	5	181	188
32	Gauninapalle	.	492	446	350	320	100	102	2	3	12	11	2	...	1	...	6	5	2	...	17	5	319	327
33	Brahmanapalle	.	28	24	26	22	2	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	18	24
34	Pothulanapalle	.	602	542	332	298	77	171	86	39	46	10	...	...	...	...	41	15	...	...	16	9	329	362
35	Mallakalva	.	596	434	411	253	101	156	41	9	25	3	...	...	1	...	4	6	...	...	13	7	367	509
36	Darsimala	.	613	513	398	338	104	130	39	1	37	27	...	...	9	3	7	11	...	...	19	3	369	405
37	Cherlopalle	.	704	530	372	305	182	184	52	8	57	15	2	...	6	...	14	10	...	...	18	8	395	545
38	Dampetla	.	428	255	288	81	74	154	8	1	19	4	...	...	...	9	7	2	...	...	24	8	277	411
39	Obulapuram	.	597	438	362	312	63	90	40	2	49	11	...	...	12	...	8	7	23	...	40	15	328	450
40	Sangala	.	521	361	414	177	29	162	35	1	15	11	1	1	4	...	4	4	1	...	18	5	329	438
41	Ravulacheruvu	.	1,028	905	737	555	153	308	45	13	39	16	...	...	6	...	10	4	2	...	36	9	628	728
42	Dharmavaram	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
43	Thunmala	.	373	313	238	192	47	75	32	2	37	37	3	...	1	...	4	5	...	...	11	2	173	228
44	Subbaraopeta	.	156	143	114	93	12	37	22	7	2	...	...	...	...	1	4	...	...	...	5	2	79	91
45	Gotlur	.	1,248	1,166	767	653	245	419	64	6	79	53	1	1	6	...	25	10	12	...	49	23	732	761
46	Chigicherla	.	849	564	557	327	77	194	82	6	47	12	5	...	20	2	12	12	26	...	23	11	480	636
47	Mustoor	.	942	747	545	425	188	235	70	5	77	38	3	...	3	6	14	23	10	...	32	15	516	629
48	Raghavampalle	.	127	117	66	58	14	41	15	...	18	6	...	...	3	3	2	2	...	...	9	7	83	88
49	Battulapalle	.	1,146	882	652	519	199	291	53	1	95	50	...	...	5	1	36	8	4	...	102	12	741	885
50	Apparajcheruvu	.	523	410	255	143	115	215	56	10	31	8	2	...	1	...	36	23	2	...	25	11	309	415
51	Chennarayapatnam	.	33	29	16	6	9	14	3	2	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	...	...	5	6	16	25
52	Maravapalle Agraharam	.	732	616	526	443	59	116	46	1	32	10	...	...	24	24	9	9	1	...	35	13	451	590
53	Nidigalhu	.	515	421	355	291	37	57	21	3	53	31	14	9	12	21	5	5	...	...	18	4	416	400
54	Malyavantham	.	933	630	369	201	217	321	129	27	92	54	...	...	42	17	20	1	1	...	63	9	558	829
55	Pinnadari	.	942	545	467	224	217	251	90	22	57	18	1	...	18	4	38	5	3	...	51	21	460	852
56	Tadimarri	.	931	421	551	205	117	156	44	1	95	36	10	...	19	8	34	3	2	...	59	12	642	1,159
57	Chinnachigullarevu	.	433	362	286	194	101	157	10	...	12	3	...	...	...	10	3	...	...	...	14	5	289	339
58	Garisalapalle	.	424	325	337	281	41	41	3	1	22	...	...	...	...	8	1	...	...	...	13	1	202	267
59	Peddachigullarevu	.	234	207	169	121	45	83	4	...	5	...	...	...	...	1	1	1	...	...	9	2	153	171
60	Chinnakorla	.	636	368	373	123	184	225	18	1	17	...	...	...	...	19	7	1	...	...	24	12	327	586
61	Thirumalapuram	.	134	101	96	63	28	38	3	...	3	...	...	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	3	...	103	92
62	Peddakotla	.	824	685	487	370	200	259	42	...	60	45	...	...	1	...	12	4	5	...	17	7	445	563
63	Kondamanayanipalem	.	15	15	13	15	2	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	3	7

Statement showing the Jurisdiction of Enumerators' Blocks in the Urban Areas of Dharmavaram Taluk

DHARMAVARAM TOWN

Ward/ Locality/ Block No.	Enumerator's Block No. and its Jurisdiction			Ward/ Locality/ Block No.	Enumerator's Block No. and its Jurisdiction		
	E. B. No.	House Numbers included in the Block			E. B. No.	House Numbers included in the Block	
		From	To			From	To
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)
Locality 1	E.B. 140	1-1-1	1-1-194				
Locality 2	E.B. 141	2-1-1	2-f-189		E.B. 155	{ 4-17-14 4-18-1 4-19-1	{ 4-17-75 4-18-79B 4-19-33
Locality 3	E.B. 142	3-1-1	3-1-168				
	E.B. 143	3-1-169	3-1-386		E.B. 156	{ 4-19-34 4-20-1 4-21-1	{ 4-19-52 4-20-96 4-21-45
	E.B. 144	3-1-387	3-1-556				
Locality 4	E.B. 145	4-1-1	4-1-160		E.B. 157	{ 4-21-46 4-22-1	{ 4-21-148 4-22-18A
	E.B. 146	{ 4-1-161 4-2-1	{ 4-1-257D 4-2-138				
	E.B. 147	{ 4-3-1 4-4-1	{ 4-3-35 4-4-161		E.B. 158	{ 4-22-19 4-23-1 4-24-1	{ 4-22-31 4-23-133 4-24-40(2)
	E.B. 148	{ 4-5-1 4-6-1 4-7-1	{ 4-5-83 4-6-23 4-7-46	Locality 5	E.B. 159	{ 5-1-1 5-2-1	{ 5-1-10 5-2-138
	E.B. 149	{ 4-8-1 4-9-1	{ 4-8-78 4-9-53		E.B. 160	{ 5-2-139 5-3-1	{ 5-2-191 5-3-55
	E.B. 150	4-9-54	4-9-196		E.B. 161	5-3-56	5-3-212
	E.B. 151	{ 4-10-1 4-11-1 4-12-1	{ 4-10-87 4-11-34 4-12-47		E.B. 162	{ 5-3-213 5-4-1 5-5-1	{ 5-3-259 5-4-74A 5-5-56
	E.B. 152	{ 4-12-47A 4-13-1	{ 4-12-99 4-13-127		E.B. 163	{ 5-5-57 5-6-1 5-7-1	{ 5-5-82 5-6-104 5-7-25
	E.B. 153	{ 4-14-1 4-15-1 4-16-1	{ 4-14-57 4-15-50A 4-16-80A		E.B. 164	{ 5-7-26 5-8-1 5-9-1	{ 5-7-103 5-8-28 5-9-16
	E.B. 154	{ 4-16-81 4-17-1	{ 4-16-263 4-17-13	Locality 6	E.B. 166	6-1-1	6-1-99

ANANTAPUR DISTRICT

TOWN DIRECTORY
(Dharmavaram Town)

DHARMAVARAM TALUK

Location Code No.	Name of Town/Ward or Locality or Block/ Enumerator's Block No.	Facilities					Area in Sq. miles	Occupied Residential Houses		Total number of persons enumerated (including inmates of Institutions and Houseless Persons)				Scheduled Castes		Scheduled Tribes		Literate & Educated Persons	
		Educational (3)	Medical (4)	Drinking Water (5)	Communi- cations (6)	Electricity (7)		No. of Houses (9)	No. of Households (10)	P (11)	M (12)	F (13)	M (14)	F (15)	M (16)	F (17)	M (18)	F (19)	
I. DHARMAVARAM TOWN P.																			
(1)	Locality 1	E.B. 140	152	153	744	382	362	25	29	5	4	247	98	
	Locality 2	E.B. 141	123	125	595	311	284	33	29	1	2	208	100	
	Locality 3	E.B. 142	142	150	804	444	360	28	23	210	39	
	E.B. 143	.	.	.	.	.	157	167	773	386	387	257	268	...	...	157	47
	E.B. 144	.	.	.	.	.	153	153	765	377	388	133	146	...	...	168	47
	Locality Total								452	470	2,342	1,207	1,135	418	437	535	133
	Locality 4	E.B. 145	142	142	775	440	335	21	3	271	78	
	E.B. 146	.	.	.	.	.	174	181	929	509	420	...	...	...	...	290	90
	E.B. 147	.	.	.	.	.	114	114	697	367	330	27	34	...	...	240	138
	E.B. 148	.	.	.	.	.	118	124	761	407	354	..	...	...	...	237	41
	E.B. 149	.	.	.	.	.	100	100	594	310	284	...	...	...	...	196	74
	E.B. 150	.	.	.	.	.	118	118	667	336	331	...	...	...	...	218	108
	E.B. 151	.	.	.	.	.	151	157	816	430	386	...	...	...	...	174	39
	E.B. 152	.	.	.	.	.	159	161	763	385	378	1	...	...	...	136	41
	E.B. 153	.	.	.	.	.	151	166	906	473	433	...	...	...	...	301	154
	E.B. 154	.	.	.	.	.	156	156	812	407	405	45	51	...	...	82	27
	E.B. 155	.	.	.	.	.	139	144	760	381	379	...	...	...	...	179	69
	E.B. 156	.	.	.	.	.	161	164	822	442	380	...	...	...	...	276	107
	E.B. 157	.	.	.	.	.	147	152	727	365	362	...	...	...	...	226	94
	E.B. 158	.	.	.	.	.	168	180	908	439	469	...	...	...	...	223	81
	Locality Total								1,998	2,059	10,937	5,691	5,246	94	88	3,049	1,141
	Locality 5	E.B. 159	158	175	929	489	440	351	245	
	E.B. 160	.	.	.	.	.	143	145	666	317	349	3	2	...	...	190	129
	E.B. 161	.	.	.	.	.	173	173	810	392	418	...	...	30	22	166	42
	E.B. 162	.	.	.	.	.	182	182	802	408	394	...	...	...	...	174	54
	E.B. 163	.	.	.	.	.	148	160	773	381	392	1	...	...	...	241	124
	E.B. 164	.	.	.	.	.	102	110	577	298	279	1	...	...	...	164	75
	E.B. 165	.	.	.	.	.	101	107	516	276	240	...	...	...	...	183	75
	Locality Total								1,007	1,052	5,073	2,561	2,512	5	2	30	22	1,469	744
	Locality 6	E.B. 166	125	126	714	366	348	174	69	

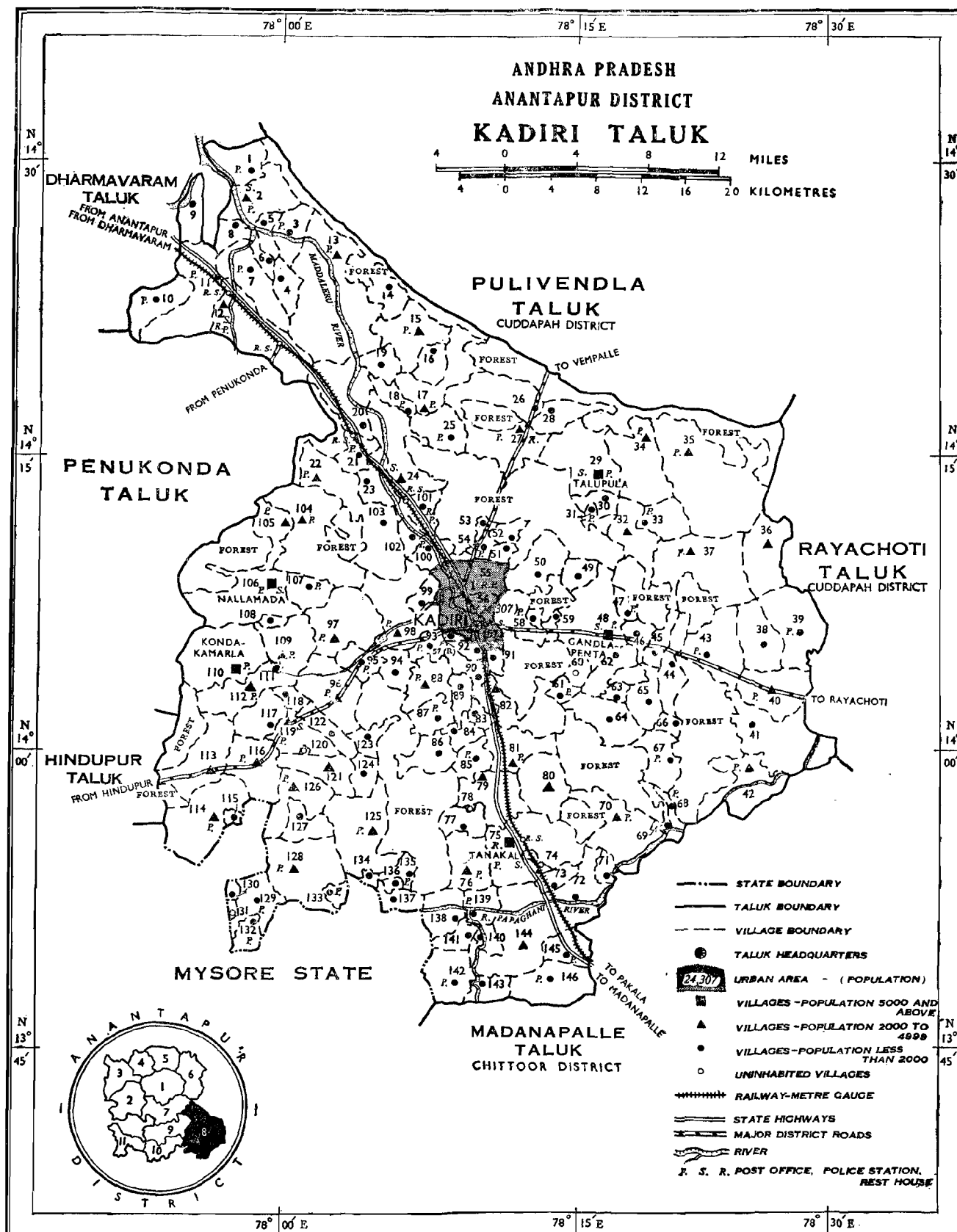
Note :- Abbreviations under Cols. 3 to 7 above : Please refer page 27.

TOWN DIRECTORY
(*Dharmavaram Town*)

WORKERS

Location Code No.	Name of Town/Ward or Locality or Block/ Enumerator's Block No.	Total Workers (I-IX)																					
		I		II		III		IV		V		VI		VII		VIII		IX		X			
		Cultivator		Agricultural Labourer		Mining, Quarrying, Livestock, Forestry, etc.		Household Industry		Manufacturing other than Household Industry		Construc- tion		Trade & Commerce		Transport, Storage & Communi- cations		Other Services		Non- Workers			
		M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F		
(1)	(2)	(20)	(21)	(22)	(23)	(24)	(25)	(26)	(27)	(28)	(29)	(30)	(31)	(32)	(33)	(34)	(35)	(36)	(37)	(38)	(39)	(40)	(41)
I DHARMAVARAM TOWN P.		5,800	2,845	832	542	396	669	92	20	1,949	1,256	251	37	137	10	868	136	356	6	919	229	4,718	7,042
Locality 1	E.B. 140	190	28	1	...	3	3	...	...	56	13	5	...	1	...	13	2	79	3	32	7	192	334
Locality 2	E.B. 141	136	4	8	...	...	...	1	...	...	...	3	...	...	...	2	...	112	3	10	1	175	280
Locality 3	E.B. 142	276	198	12	3	28	39	1	...	208	155	7	...	6	...	5	1	6	...	3	...	168	162
	E.B. 143	210	199	25	17	89	129	1	...	60	49	3	...	2	...	3	1	3	...	24	3	176	188
	E.B. 144	215	165	9	4	12	59	5	6	113	74	5	3	...	1	12	7	14	...	45	11	162	223
Locality Total		701	562	46	24	129	227	7	6	381	278	15	3	8	1	20	9	23	...	72	14	506	573
Locality 4	E.B. 145	241	133	9	7	...	1	1	1	123	115	3	...	20	...	18	5	1	...	66	4	199	202
	E.B. 146	306	91	19	3	4	5	1	...	129	69	10	1	5	...	48	7	3	...	87	6	203	329
	E.B. 147	188	38	22	5	...	9	3	...	13	4	1	...	...	1	124	1	1	...	24	18	179	292
	E.B. 148	251	184	36	16	10	24	5	...	166	140	2	...	2	2	22	1	5	...	3	1	156	170
	E.B. 149	171	86	11	10	25	24	...	...	54	50	20	...	1	...	42	2	7	...	11	...	139	198
	E.B. 150	210	159	33	14	9	12	2	...	102	127	6	...	2	...	45	5	2	...	9	1	126	172
	E.B. 151	245	170	58	49	14	25	1	1	93	80	17	5	6	1	35	7	2	...	19	2	185	216
	E.B. 152	219	125	101	60	19	35	1	...	31	10	15	1	5	...	16	3	1	...	30	16	166	253
	E.B. 153	257	139	82	76	6	3	...	...	70	41	6	...	4	1	69	7	3	...	17	11	216	294
	E.B. 154	243	197	121	128	31	35	7	1	28	15	4	...	15	...	15	6	4	...	18	12	164	208
	E.B. 155	223	83	39	19	1	4	14	7	56	26	28	13	3	...	38	11	12	...	32	3	158	296
	E.B. 156	254	76	15	4	19	15	8	1	83	31	22	3	8	...	50	16	12	...	37	6	188	304
	E.B. 157	217	109	18	5	6	21	6	1	65	53	12	2	11	...	50	5	11	...	38	22	148	253
	E.B. 158	267	122	17	11	33	61	9	2	97	32	24	3	3	1	41	8	23	...	20	4	172	347
Locality Total		3,292	1,712	581	407	177	274	58	14	1,110	793	170	28	85	6	613	84	87	...	411	106	2,399	3,534
Locality 5	E.B. 159	191	19	16	...	2	...	1	...	30	5	11	2	5	1	31	...	11	...	84	11	298	421
	E.B. 160	160	56	10	2	16	8	3	...	35	17	2	...	7	...	26	9	6	...	55	20	157	293
	E.B. 161	196	68	13	2	12	10	16	...	48	25	15	...	8	...	24	10	7	...	53	21	196	350
	E.B. 162	223	96	14	4	28	39	4	...	81	35	4	...	3	1	17	4	4	...	68	13	185	298
	E.B. 163	204	98	20	18	4	19	1	...	76	32	11	4	3	1	31	8	10	...	48	16	177	294
	E.B. 164	152	72	14	8	6	11	1	...	36	29	10	...	11	...	30	8	6	...	38	16	146	207
	E.B. 165	150	42	38	17	9	8	...	...	46	11	3	...	1	...	24	2	4	...	25	4	126	198
Locality Total		1,276	451	125	51	77	95	26	..	352	154	56	6	38	3	183	41	48	...	371	101	1,285	2,061
Locality 6	E.B. 166	205	88	71	60	10	10	...	...	50	18	2	...	5	...	37	...	7	...	23	...	161	260

KADIRI TALUK



ALPHABETICAL LIST OF VILLAGES

KADIRI TALUK

1961 Location Code No.	Name of Village	1961 Location Code No.	Name of Village
71	Agraharampalle	60	Maduguvarigondi
53	Alampur	59	Mddilavarigondi
113	Allapalle	84	Maddimadugu
90	Allugundu	68	Maddinayanipalyam
128	Amadaguru	64	Malameedapalle
115	Arkabhavipalle	142	Mallareddipalle
73	Balasamudram	15	Mallepalle
5	Bandlapalle	39	Marrikommadinne
30	Bandlapalle	3	Marthad
93	Bathulapalle	65	Mekalacheruvu
146	Bonthalapalle	126	Mohammadabad
8	Brahmadevamarri	91	Mothukupalle
1	Budanampalle	63	Mudupulajivvi
51	Chalamakuntlapalle	118	Mukkandavarikothapalle
61	Chamachenubylu	10	Mukthapuram
44	Chamalagondi	83	Mulakalapalle
103	Charupalle	21	Mulakavemula
145	Cheekatimanipalle	139	Mundavaripalle
133	Cheekirevulapalle	98	Muthyalacheruvu
129	Chinaganipalle	23	Nagireddipalle
77	Chinnaramannagaripalle	81	Nallacheruvu
102	Chippalamadugu	106	Nallamada
108	Chowtikuntlapalle	40	Nambulipulikunta
112	Daburavaripalle	111	Narsimbhotlapalle
136	Dademvaripalle	31	Nuthanakalva
141	Danduvaripalle	119	Obuladevaracheruvu
18	Devaragudipalle	32	Obulareddipalle
43	Dhanianicheruvu	26	Odulapalle
74	Diguvamanadlipalle	80	Oruvoy
97	Donnikota	52	Paudulakunta
13	Dorigal	89	Panthulacheruvu
132	Edigavaripalle	24	Patnam
94	Eguvapalle	42	Pedaballe
19	Ellareddipalle	41	Pedaballikothapalle
100	Erradoddi	35	Peddannavaripalle
76	Ethodu	95	Pulagampalle
48	Gandlapenta	33	Puligundlapalle
6	Gandlavandlapalle	135	Pulikuntlapalle
50	Godduvelagala	130	Ramanathapuram
107	Gopipalle	104	Reddipalle
36	Gowkanapalle	56	Saidapuram
131	Guddimvaripalle	20	Sanevaripalle
12	Gunjapalle	7	Sankepalle
143	Gurrambylu	4	Sankepalle Brahmanapalle
66	Gutibylu	62	Somayajulapalle
96	Inagalur	116	Sunnampalle
47	Jeenulakunta	79	Talamarlavandlapalle
82	Jogannapeta	29	Talupula
11	Jonnalakothapalle	75	Tanakal
121	Jowkalakothapalle	144	Tavalam
57	Kadiri	87	Tavalamarri
88	Kadiribrahmanapalle	114	Thangedukunta
54	Kadirikuntlapalle	16	Thappetivaripalle
85	Kadiripulikunta	14	Thimmanayanipalyam
101	Kalasamudram	117	Thippepalle
58	Kamatampalle	125	Thummala
134	Karimireddipalle	49	Thummalaabylu
127	Kassamudram	123	Thummalakuntlapalle
2	Kodavandlapalle	72	Tsadum
70	Kokkanti	86	Ubicherla
17	Kondagattupalle	28	Udumalakurthi
110	Kondakamarla	78	Ulavalavandlapalle
99	Kondamanayanipalyam	9	Uppalapadu
69	Korthikota	38	Vankamaddi
138	Kotapalle	105	Vankarakunta
92	Kowlepalle	124	Veeraobanapalle
27	Kurli	122	Venkatapuram
109	Kurumala	140	Venkatarayanipalle
45	Kurumamidi	22	Vellamaddi
120	Kuruvapalle	37	Velichalamala
35	Kutagulla	34	Vepamanipeta
25	Lakkasamudram	46	Veparalla
137	Lokojipalle	67	Yedurudona

Location Code No.	Name of Village (2)	Facilities					Area in Sq. miles (8)	Occupied Residential Houses				Total number of persons enumerated (including inmates of Institutions and Houseless Persons)			Scheduled Castes		Scheduled Tribes		Literate & Educated Persons	
		Educational (3)	Medical (4)	Drinking Water (5)	Communi- cations (6)	Electricity (7)		Houses		P	M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F		
								No. of Houses (9)	No. of Households (10)											
8. KADIRI TALUK																				
	Total																			
	Rural																			
	Urban																			
1	Budanampalle	P	...	W	Po,R	...	5.02	198	198	1,319	674	645	107	107	10	9	131	13	13	
2	Kodavandlapalle	2P	...	W	Po,R	...	7.97	453	453	2,479	1,273	1,206	146	145	...	...	324	64	64
3	Marthad	P	...	W	Po	...	5.18	243	257	1,410	730	680	41	44	8	4	151	15	15	
4	Sankepalle Brahmanapalle	P	...	W	R	...	3.70	119	121	635	325	310	18	30	...	...	53	8	8
5	Bandlapalle	P	...	W	R	...	2.22	49	51	240	135	105	8	8	...	...	12	2	2
6	Gandlavandlapalle	P	...	W	R	...	1.75	121	121	643	327	316	25	21	...	...	102	15	15
7	Sankepalle	P	...	W	Po,R	...	9.58	243	289	1,379	704	675	91	94	...	...	110	12	12
8	Brahmadevamurri	...	...	W	R	...	2.48	81	81	529	264	265	46	48	5	2	26	...	...
9	Uppalapadu	P	...	W	R	...	4.42	131	131	627	319	308	55	70	...	...	56	6	6
10	Mukthapuram	P	...	W	Po,R,Rly	...	9.18	99	101	460	243	217	26	26	35	36	63	19	19	
11	Jonnalakotheapalle	P	...	W	Po,R	...	9.76	299	299	1,942	990	952	170	197	103	90	251	36	36	
12	Gunjapalle	3P,H	D	W	Po,Rh,R	E(D&I)	15.04	666	666	3,226	1,660	1,566	98	120	114	104	696	201	201	
13	Dorigal	3P	...	W	Po,R	E(D&I)	30.90	545	560	2,774	1,420	1,354	62	73	299	281	196	36	36	
14	Thimmanayanipalayam	...	...	W	R	...	4.58	32	44	225	123	102	14	14	...	...	15	...	...
15	Mallepalle	3P	...	W	Po,R	...	9.60	538	579	2,679	1,419	1,260	135	130	77	62	329	72	72	
16	Thappetivaripalle	P	...	W	R	...	3.69	128	130	680	344	336	23	20	12	12	110	20	20	
17	Kondagattupalle	P	...	W	Po,R	...	9.55	354	354	2,003	1,042	961	41	44	219	196	257	44	44	
18	Devaragudipalle	...	...	W	Po,R	...	2.59	97	97	456	240	216	16	20	38	43	62	8	8
19	Ellareddipalle	...	...	W	R	...	3.46	22	22	92	45	47	1	...	18	19	5	...	...
20	Sanavaripalle	P	...	W	...	...	10.90	129	129	590	294	296	20	21	28	22	60	3	3
21	Malakavemala	2P	Mew	W	Po,R,Rly	...	3.69	218	218	1,141	588	553	90	89	15	15	143	27	27	
22	Vellamaddi	2P	...	W	Po,R	...	7.74	467	468	2,144	1,066	1,078	60	59	292	282	245	39	39	
23	Nagireddipalle	P	...	W	R	...	4.01	128	128	607	303	304	25	20	...	...	73	9	9
24	Patnam	3H,P	...	W	R	E(D&I)	11.69	682	689	3,323	1,724	1,599	65	69	271	244	412	123	123	
25	Lakkasamudram	P	...	W	Po,R	...	6.55	263	266	1,404	704	700	65	62	23	23	137	23	23	
26	Odulapalle	2P	...	W	R	...	9.63	250	250	1,222	602	620	32	33	165	157	51	7	7	
27	Kurli	2P	...	W	Po,Rh,R	...	9.40	492	505	2,459	1,241	1,218	115	110	3	7	289	68	68	
28	Udumalakurthi	4P	...	W	R	...	5.42	330	372	1,823	956	867	115	126	14	11	344	76	76	
29	Talupula	7P,H	Rhc	W	Po,R	...	13.26	1,273	1,299	6,416	3,303	3,113	199	197	54	50	1,225	284	284	
30	Bandlapalle	P	...	W	R	...	2.34	228	228	1,225	629	596	160	156	...	1	201	37	37	

(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)	(13)	(14)	(15)	(16)	(17)	(18)	(19)
31	Nuthanakalva	P	...	W	Po,R	...	5.39	287	314	1,660	860	800	47	43	8	8	277	23
32	Obularedipalle	3P	Mcw	W	R	...	7.37	491	585	2,474	1,250	1,224	51	61	110	103	338	60
33	Puligundlapalle	2P	...	W	R	...	5.42	294	296	1,385	686	699	49	63	41	37	178	23
34	Vepamanipeta	2P	...	W	Po,R	...	12.55	541	2,593	1,340	1,253	1,340	141	143	16	11	382	21
35	Peddannavaripalle	3P	...	W	Po,R	...	31.17	854	855	4,408	2,232	2,176	103	119	237	234	316	34
36	Gowkanapalle	P	...	W	R	...	9.28	425	425	2,211	1,149	1,062	129	126	20	19	182	25
37	Velichalamala	2P	...	W	Po,R	...	17.66	498	549	2,555	1,284	1,271	50	58	82	74	398	64
38	Vaukamaddi	...	...	W	R	...	8.57	100	100	485	234	251	4	6	1	1	50	7
39	Marrikommadinne	P	...	W	Po,R	...	12.01	337	338	1,510	756	754	51	46	...	...	138	13
40	Nambutipulikunta	P	...	W	Po,R	...	9.80	413	507	2,554	1,336	1,218	111	122	24	23	398	41
41	Pedaballikothapalle	P	...	W	R	...	18.88	290	290	1,361	718	643	30	35	24	24	152	5
42	Pedaballi	P	...	W	Po,R	...	26.82	470	470	2,170	1,133	1,037	68	71	118	96	293	48
43	Dhaniyanicheruvu	P	...	W	Po,R	...	11.42	353	354	1,789	930	859	50	68	51	47	175	12
44	Chamalagondi	P	...	W	R	...	5.10	174	221	836	423	413	40	43	153	150	66	3
45	Kurumamidi	P	...	W	R	...	3.20	161	161	800	396	404	42	44	55	61	91	5
46	Veparalla	...	...	W	R	...	2.84	188	202	942	486	456	40	42	66	60	138	7
47	Jeenalakunta	P	...	W	Po,R	...	2.06	155	163	694	363	331	30	35	...	...	102	11
48	Gandlapenta	5P,H	Mcw	W	Po,R	...	14.62	1,308	1,337	6,154	3,183	2,971	339	335	56	49	1,162	254
49	Thummalaalyu	P	...	W	R	...	3.06	87	87	482	243	239	7	4	109	105	40	7
50	Groduvelagala	P	...	W	R	...	8.05	289	289	1,374	703	671	36	44	2	2	100	2
51	Chalamakuntlapalle	2P	...	W	R	...	1.15	142	146	713	366	347	80	75	...	...	115	5
52	Pandulakunta	P	...	W	R	...	1.90	71	71	391	193	198	...	...	...	...	2	9
53	Alampur	...	...	W	R	...	0.86	24	24	129	70	59	...	...	6	3	9	1
54	Kadri:kuntlapalle	P	...	W	Po,R	...	1.41	146	146	728	361	367	56	61	7	7	107	29
55	Kutagulla	...	...	...	...	...	8.00	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
56	Sidapuram	...	...	...	...	...	2.22	420	420	1,897	959	938	44	43	119	128	181	24
57	Kadiri (Rural)	...	...	...	...	...	N.A.	91	91	487	247	240	43	42	20	24	53	5
58	Kamatampalle	P	...	W	Po,R	...	0.97	74	74	324	156	168	13	12	...	...	16	5
59	Maddilavarigondi	...	...	W	R	...	1.24	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
60	Maduguvvarigondi	...	...	...	...	...	2.15	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
61	Chamachenubylu	...	...	W	Po,R	...	1.91	85	86	404	209	195	32	24	...	...	36	1
62	Somayajulapalle	P	...	W	R	...	4.33	285	349	1,301	680	621	107	89	1	1	187	15
63	Mudupulajivi	...	...	W	R	...	1.59	94	94	429	218	211	18	17	2	3	25	3
64	Malamedapalle	P	...	W	R	...	8.59	440	474	1,965	1,012	953	48	55	48	34	217	21
65	Mekalacheruvu	P	...	W	R	...	5.83	238	242	1,109	582	527	38	29	53	43	113	11
66	Gutibylu	...	...	W	R	...	1.48	60	60	292	150	142	40	29	...	...	29	3
67	Yedurudona	...	...	W	Po,R	...	6.22	270	272	1,346	671	675	55	60	2	5	139	12
68	Maddinayanipalyam	...	...	W	Po,R	...	1.75	6	6	45	20	25	...	...	3	7	2	...
69	Korthikota	...	...	W	R	...	1.81	87	87	416	212	204	...	...	18	16	41	6
70	Kokkanti	2P	...	W	Po,R	...	17.40	795	808	4,028	2,072	1,956	172	178	78	83	317	47
71	Agraharampalle	...	...	W	R	...	1.64	56	56	255	139	116	18	16	4	1	9	...
72	Tsadam	P	...	W	R	...	8.27	326	326	1,674	880	794	119	117	3	4	142	19
73	Balasamudram	P	...	W	Po,R	...	2.43	168	168	826	438	388	60	54	46	31	106	18
74	Diguvamanadipalle	...	...	...	...	...	0.49	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
75	Tanakal	5P,H	D	W	Po,To,Rh, R,Rly	...	16.72	1,174	1,204	6,563	3,449	3,114	527	519	160	122	1,060	239

Location Code No	Name of Village	I										II		III		IV		V		VI		VII		VIII		IX		X
		Total Workers (I-IX)		Cultivator		Agricultural Labourer		Mining, Quarrying, Forestry, etc.		Household Industry		Manufacturing other than Household Industry		Construct- ion		Trade & Commerce		Transport, Storage & Communi- cations		Other Services		Non- Workers						
		M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F			
(1)	(2)	(20)	(21)	(22)	(23)	(24)	(25)	(26)	(27)	(28)	(29)	(30)	(31)	(32)	(33)	(34)	(35)	(36)	(37)	(38)	(39)	(40)	(41)					
8.	KADIRI TALUK	80,568	58,191	44,941	33,542	16,526	20,768	3,548	404	6,235	972	364	45	837	171	3,081	709	624	14	4,412	1,566	48,868	63,349					
	Rural	73,994	55,719	43,797	34,931	15,820	19,752	3,474	396	5,024	637	95	3	588	136	1,737	627	222	12	3,237	1,225	43,030	53,926					
	Urban	6,574	2,472	1,144	611	706	1,016	74	8	1,211	335	269	42	249	35	1,344	82	402	2	1,175	341	5,838	9,423					
1	Badanampalle	461	351	382	270	28	61	8	2	27	12	...	...	...	...	2	...	...	...	...	...	...	294		
2	Kodavandlapalle	788	381	566	227	65	88	13	1	64	50	...	...	9	...	31	3	2	...	...	...	6	213	294	
3	Marthad	440	315	239	163	76	108	12	2	75	28	...	...	7	...	4	1	1	...	...	...	38	12	485	825
4	Sankeppalle Brahmanapalle	218	172	123	84	32	43	16	...	31	31	3	...	...	...	9	10	...	...	...	...	26	13	290	365
5	Bandiapalle	84	51	41	28	19	12	10	...	8	7	...	...	1	1	1	1	...	...	...	...	4	4	107	138
6	Gandlavandlapalle	203	152	111	80	16	44	20	5	34	9	...	...	8	2	4	8	...	...	...	...	4	3	51	54
7	Sankeppalle	442	351	317	247	54	83	18	...	21	2	...	...	1	1	10	10	1	1	20	7	10	4	124	164	
8	Brahmadevanarri	174	142	136	126	10	20	3	4	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	2	...	...	...	...	4	...	90	123
9	Uppalapadu	208	183	179	156	22	26	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	6	1	111	125
10	Mukthapuram	140	120	118	98	8	21	6	...	4	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	...	...	3	1	103	97	
11	Jonnalakothapalle	618	518	471	383	38	106	36	7	36	8	3	...	5	...	9	8	1	...	...	19	6	372	434		
12	Gunjapalle	973	531	515	217	134	272	22	3	40	6	19	...	34	...	53	9	31	2	125	22	687	1,035					
13	Dorigal	923	748	624	539	150	164	76	15	34	5	1	...	...	...	11	13	1	...	...	26	12	497	606	
14	Thimmanayanipalayam	78	50	36	28	19	18	12	...	8	2	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	3	2	45	52	
15	Mallepalle	859	659	546	426	174	202	46	...	40	10	...	...	3	1	14	7	1	...	...	35	13	560	601	
16	Thappetivaripalle	211	132	121	83	43	41	1	...	18	1	...	...	...	...	10	4	...	...	...	18	3	133	204	
17	Kondagutapalle	630	534	417	373	104	137	17	6	60	1	...	...	3	1	14	4	...	...	...	15	12	412	427	
18	Devaragutipalle	152	113	76	30	68	81	1	...	3	...	...	...	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	3	2	88	103	
19	Ellareddipalle	30	31	12	5	17	26	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	15	16	
20	Sanevaripalle	193	172	109	93	43	75	15	...	7	...	...	1	...	3	...	...	...	...	...	8	3	101	124	
21	Malakavemala	351	259	195	157	77	96	14	...	21	...	...	...	11	...	9	1	14	...	...	10	5	237	294	
22	Vellanaddi	663	500	399	240	124	231	20	3	79	7	...	...	2	1	9	6	1	...	...	29	12	403	578	
23	Nagireddipalle	174	179	85	84	70	77	5	...	5	...	1	...	...	...	4	11	...	...	...	4	7	129	125	
24	Patnam	995	666	500	343	285	286	32	4	56	18	...	...	3	...	42	4	5	...	...	72	11	729	933	
25	Lakkasamudram	440	384	230	203	136	163	23	4	22	4	...	...	2	...	7	1	2	...	...	18	9	264	316	
26	Odulapalle	403	432	262	292	105	132	18	...	7	...	...	...	...	...	3	4	...	...	...	8	4	199	188	
27	Kurli	808	725	349	312	301	384	42	4	55	4	...	...	2	...	20	6	1	...	...	38	15	433	493	
28	Udumalakurthi	571	459	364	295	125	143	15	...	32	4	...	...	...	...	10	6	1	...	...	24	11	385	408	
29	Taipula	1,888	1,233	925	554	357	573	86	6	223	36	...	...	9	2	114	23	11	1	163	38	1,415	1,880			
30	Bandiapalle	412	339	243	173	98	142	33	7	28	13	...	...	1	...	2	1	...	...	...	7	3	217	257	

(1)	(2)	(20)	(21)	(22)	(23)	(24)	(25)	(26)	(27)	(28)	(29)	(30)	(31)	(32)	(33)	(34)	(35)	(36)	(37)	(38)	(39)	(40)	(41)
31	Nathanakav	532	402	277	209	119	170	71	6	27	...	...	...	3	...	8	2	...	...	27	15	328	398
32	Obularedipalle	791	637	371	288	254	302	61	13	41	3	...	...	11	7	21	2	...	...	32	22	459	587
33	Pelgundlapalle	440	430	256	266	85	150	23	2	34	...	...	...	5	3	20	4	...	...	17	5	246	269
34	Vepamanipeta	832	660	515	332	217	296	11	...	51	3	...	...	...	...	12	16	2	...	24	13	508	593
35	Peddannavaripalle	1,394	1,178	900	774	271	364	4	...	146	4	...	...	1	...	10	6	2	...	60	30	838	998
36	Gowkanapalle	733	575	435	378	104	167	7	5	150	3	...	...	3	2	10	9	2	...	22	11	416	487
37	Vellchalamala	864	512	571	324	106	144	70	9	38	3	2	...	2	...	24	11	3	...	48	21	420	759
38	Vankamaddi	145	105	82	56	40	43	...	...	9	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	14	6	89	146
39	Marrikommadinne	467	404	296	215	100	168	31	4	14	...	...	...	...	...	5	2	...	...	21	15	289	350
40	Nambutiputikunta	827	519	487	336	223	171	8	...	49	...	...	...	...	1	22	1	2	...	36	4	509	699
41	Pedabattikothapalle	477	332	269	219	90	97	58	5	25	3	...	...	8	1	4	1	...	...	23	6	241	311
42	Pedabatti	722	508	430	343	117	129	79	5	34	11	...	...	1	1	21	2	3	...	37	17	411	529
34	Dhaniyanicheruvu	601	514	458	412	73	90	18	3	23	...	...	...	...	...	8	2	3	...	18	7	329	345
44	Chamalagondi	280	233	145	121	65	92	34	6	9	...	...	...	2	3	6	2	...	...	19	9	143	180
45	Kurumamaddi	260	175	153	129	44	42	29	...	14	1	...	...	...	...	5	1	...	...	15	2	136	229
46	Vepazalla	327	260	152	112	94	121	45	12	8	...	...	...	6	5	9	3	...	...	13	7	159	196
47	Jeerulakunta	220	153	106	74	74	74	8	...	18	...	...	...	...	...	3	2	1	...	10	3	143	178
48	Gandlapenta	1,910	1,284	928	610	481	602	29	7	214	3	...	...	27	7	95	20	3	...	133	35	1,273	1,687
49	Thunmalabylu	153	115	90	64	33	44	14	2	8	2	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	8	3	90	124
50	Goddavelagala	480	397	373	323	21	38	64	19	5	3	...	...	1	...	4	3	...	...	12	11	223	274
51	Chalamakuntlapalle	237	197	110	95	76	85	23	4	13	...	...	...	...	...	2	3	1	...	12	10	129	150
52	Pandulakunta	118	107	70	81	22	17	14	...	3	2	...	...	...	...	1	2	...	...	8	5	75	91
53	Alampur	44	40	32	31	4	5	5	2	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	...	...	...	2	2	26	19
54	Kadrikuntlapalle	231	206	132	140	54	48	16	2	6	...	...	...	1	...	2	1	1	...	19	15	130	161
55	Kutugutla																						
56	Saidapuram																						
57	Kadiri (Rural)	627	490	459	345	53	96	39	15	13	5	1	...	29	8	16	17	...	...	17	4	332	448
58	Kamatampalle	162	126	101	71	36	48	2	...	4	1	...	...	4	2	5	1	1	...	9	3	85	114
59	Maddilavarigondi	112	111	71	82	19	28	3	...	19	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	44	57
60	Maduguvurigondi																						
61	Chamachenubylu	134	114	86	83	13	15	15	4	1	...	...	...	...	...	9	2	...	...	10	10	75	81
62	Somayajulapalle	449	367	261	208	63	90	63	10	24	32	...	...	7	5	13	9	...	...	18	13	231	254
63	Mudupulajuvu	152	89	92	54	26	27	26	5	...	...	...	...	...	...	2	1	...	...	6	2	66	122
64	Malameedapalle	661	490	341	286	131	175	98	9	32	...	...	...	3	4	21	1	1	...	34	15	351	463
65	Mekalacheruvu	388	275	215	164	104	95	27	4	18	4	...	...	7	2	4	1	...	...	13	5	194	252
66	Gutibylu	104	83	63	64	15	15	19	3	2	...	...	...	1	...	1	...	...	...	3	1	46	59
67	Yedurudona	428	356	198	216	69	121	2	6	126	1	...	...	...	...	11	3	2	...	20	9	243	319
68	Maddurayachipalyam	16	16	8	10	2	5	6	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	4	9
69	Korihikota	149	118	83	74	26	35	33	4	...	1	...	...	...	...	4	2	...	...	3	2	63	86
70	Kokkanti	1,358	1,019	895	667	289	328	46	3	19	2	...	...	4	...	22	4	3	...	80	15	714	937
71	Agraharampalle	92	72	37	23	43	44	5	...	2	...	...	...	...	...	2	3	...	...	3	2	47	44
72	Tsadam	612	488	355	265	186	210	34	1	8	1	...	...	2	...	7	5	...	...	20	6	268	306
73	Balasamudram	273	205	174	139	44	57	7	2	18	4	...	...	6	...	11	...	...	...	13	3	165	183
74	Chinnarayana																						
75	Tanakai	2,077	1,380	1,138	838	431	484	27	11	6	23	15	4	15	2	70	9	14	...	141	37	1,372	1,734

Urban Area (Included in Kadiri Town)

Urban Area (Included in Kadiri Town)

Uninhabited

Uninhabited

Location Code No.	Name of Village (2)	Facilities					Area in Sq. miles (8)	Occupied Residential Houses		Total number of persons enumerated (including inmates of Institutions and Houseless Persons)				Scheduled Castes		Scheduled Tribes		Literate & Educated Persons	
		Educational (3)	Medical (4)	Drinking water (5)	Communi- cations (6)	Electricity (7)		No. of Houses (9)	No. of Households (10)	P	M	F	-	M	F	M	F	M	F
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)	(13)	(14)	(15)	(16)	(17)	(18)	(19)	
76	Ethodu	.	.	W	Po, R	...	7.31	404	405	2,029	1,084	945	228	226	30	30	294	59	
77	Chinnaramanna garipalle	P	...	W	R	...	4.08	249	249	1,269	652	617	97	89	1	...	269	37	
78	Ulavavandipalle	.	.	W	R	...	0.19	496	496	Uninhabited									
79	Talamariavandipalle	2P	...	W	R	...	9.15	424	424	2,441	1,256	1,185	120	127	24	28	272	21	
80	Oruvey	P	...	W	R	...	8.72	424	424	2,021	1,026	995	171	155	5	7	191	10	
81	Nallacheruvu	.	.	W	Po, R, Rly	...	7.52	937	942	4,611	2,375	2,236	161	153	51	43	667	103	
82	Jogannapeta	2P	Mew	W	R	...	9.21	513	513	2,395	1,242	1,153	91	101	158	178	363	70	
83	Mulakalapalle	P	...	W	R	...	1.12	178	178	904	469	435	37	38	...	...	176	25
84	Maddimadugu	P	...	W	R	...	2.71	142	142	689	343	346	10	1	...	...	60	4
85	Kadiripulikunta	.	...	W	Po, R	...	3.41	261	261	1,276	652	624	56	49	...	...	124	11
86	Ubicherla	2P	...	W	R	...	5.20	386	386	1,876	979	897	93	91	9	8	249	21	
87	Tavalamarri	P	...	W	Po, R	...	4.22	181	196	967	483	484	43	41	1	...	92	3	
88	Kaditirbrahmanapalle	P	...	W	Po, R	...	5.95	463	466	2,262	1,182	1,080	66	60	95	86	263	8	
89	Panthulacheruvu	P	...	W	R	...	3.00	141	141	661	337	324	29	28	31	36	72	4	
90	Allugundu	P	...	W	R	...	4.51	218	220	1,012	514	498	45	50	6	6	143	19	
91	Mothukupalle	P	...	W	R	...	1.12	136	136	654	335	319	...	...	72	61	74	2
92	Kowlepalle	P	...	W	R	...	1.86	149	149	770	369	401	99	115	13	23	117	10	
93	Bathulapalle	...	...	W	Po, R	...	2.57	87	91	497	260	237	20	19	54	51	26	1
94	Egavapalle	...	...	W	R	...	2.46	119	119	680	355	325	45	43	29	26	20	...
95	Pulagampalle	2P	...	W	Po, R	...	3.05	311	357	1,553	773	780	57	66	47	52	139	32	
96	Inagalur	.	.	W	Po, R	...	11.50	712	761	3,762	1,962	1,800	74	60	65	75	460	79	
97	Donnikota	2P	...	W	Po, R	...	12.92	534	552	2,686	1,386	1,300	175	152	39	38	368	37	
98	Muthyalacheruvu	4P	...	W	Po, R	...	2.63	478	482	2,324	1,192	1,132	20	23	324	338	181	15	
99	Kondamanavampiyam	P	...	W	R	...	0.97	98	106	522	277	245	31	22	36	23	81	9	
100	Erradoddi	2P	...	W	Po, R	...	3.57	229	231	1,129	602	527	39	27	183	155	85	8	
101	Kalamudram	.	.	W	Po, R, Rly	E	4.67	378	384	1,980	1,002	978	46	53	9	6	287	53	
102	Chippalamadugu	P	...	W	R	...	2.79	81	81	379	194	185	23	20	...	...	73	15
103	Charupalle	2P	...	W	R	...	9.34	385	385	1,824	941	883	71	53	17	12	279	28	
104	Reddipalle	7P	Mew	W	Po, R	...	18.89	999	1,001	4,880	2,516	2,364	171	181	214	201	545	50	
105	Vankarakunta	P	...	W	Po, R	...	4.90	398	476	2,345	1,240	1,105	152	138	41	29	340	43	
106	Nallamada	.	D	W	Po, R	...	14.94	1,040	1,102	5,745	3,008	2,737	279	267	335	312	645	92	
107	Gopipalle	2P	...	W	Po, R	...	4.38	398	476	1,213	645	568	72	66	71	51	182	20	
108	Chowituntlapalle	.	...	W	R	...	0.94	74	74	398	218	180	22	15	...	...	57	2
109	Kurumala	2P	...	W	Po, R	...	7.90	485	485	2,448	1,246	1,202	166	178	29	29	264	31	
110	Kondakamania	4P, H	...	W	Po, R	...	13.80	1,107	1,107	5,881	3,071	2,810	309	273	375	352	956	236	

(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)	(13)	(14)	(15)	(16)	(17)	(18)	(19)
111	Narsimhthalapalle	.	...	W	R	...	0.15	11	11	60	31	29	...	...	...	...	2	1
112	Daburivaripalle	.	3P	W	Po,R	...	9.88	664	691	3,524	1,833	1,691	101	100	17	21	324	60
113	Allapalle	.	3P	W	R	...	10.33	746	782	3,204	1,681	1,523	159	163	...	3	320	47
114	Thangedukunta	.	...	W	Po,R	...	7.62	416	480	2,105	1,112	993	163	145	3	3	290	57
115	Arkathavipalle	.	...	W	R	...	0.26	10	10	45	25	20	...	...	...	...	1	3
116	Sunnampalle	.	2P	W	Po,R	...	8.63	500	500	2,395	1,294	1,101	147	111	3	2	256	13
117	Thippepalle	.	P	W	R	...	5.05	273	283	1,549	809	740	76	85	32	38	130	3
118	Mukkandavarikothapalle	.	...	W	R	...	2.02	71	71	371	187	184	...	...	...	...	16	...
119	Obuladevaracheruvu	.	3P	W	Po,R	...	6.62	550	562	2,634	1,368	1,266	153	151	...	...	394	102
120	Kuruvalapalle	.	...	W	Po,R	...	0.19	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
121	Jowkalakotbapalle	.	...	W	R	...	11.35	503	514	2,461	1,267	1,194	79	71	21	25	206	33
122	Yenkatapuram	.	P	W	R	...	3.84	171	197	852	450	402	35	34	9	11	89	4
123	Thummalakuntlapalle	.	P	W	R	...	3.16	279	279	1,376	711	665	85	79	...	...	160	20
124	Veeraobanapalle	.	...	W	R	...	3.37	110	112	500	249	251	23	23	17	18	14	2
125	Thummala	.	P	W	Po,R	...	15.16	725	725	3,690	1,974	1,716	194	173	107	83	402	31
126	Mohammadabad	.	2P	W	Po,R	...	8.60	653	653	3,193	1,645	1,548	236	216	21	18	482	99
127	Kasimudram	.	...	W	R	...	4.72	153	161	863	472	391	79	82	...	...	76	9
128	Amadaguru	.	P	W	Po,R	...	13.98	775	775	3,896	2,042	1,854	332	317	2	2	423	52
129	Chinaganipalle	.	P	W	Po,R	...	6.65	329	330	1,702	864	838	110	93	...	...	213	20
130	Ramanathapuram	.	...	W	R	...	0.47	34	34	150	71	79	...	...	...	...	7	...
131	Gudidemvaripalle	.	...	W	Po,R	...	0.36	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
132	Edigavaripalle	.	...	W	Po,R	...	2.45	59	59	291	157	134	1	1	...	...	7	...
133	Cheekirevulapalle	.	P	W	Po,R	...	1.31	107	107	492	259	233	7	11	12	12	55	5
134	Karimireddipalle	.	...	W	R	...	0.58	41	41	230	113	117	...	...	...	...	46	7
135	Putikuntlapalle	.	P	W	Po,R	...	2.41	227	227	1,004	530	474	153	138	45	45	123	7
136	Dademvaripalle	.	...	W	R	...	0.78	4	4	24	12	12	...	...	12	12	...	...
137	Lokojipalle	.	...	W	R	...	2.71	137	139	700	361	339	7	13	7	4	89	13
138	Kotapalle	.	...	W	R	...	0.22	249	249	1,302	660	642	79	65	8	7	134	5
139	Mundavaripalle	.	...	W	Po,R,Rh,	...	3.66	153	153	672	356	316	13	9	161	155	84	9
140	Venkataramipalle	.	...	W	R	...	2.16	50	50	275	134	141	...	...	74	87	13	2
141	Danduvaripalle	.	P	W	R	...	3.07	133	133	725	370	355	22	17	78	73	53	6
142	Mallareddipalle	.	P	W	Po,R	...	7.60	256	256	1,240	631	609	83	87	65	68	105	11
143	Gurrambylu	.	...	W	R	...	2.96	169	169	858	428	430	22	20	110	135	26	6
144	Tavalam	.	2P	W	R	...	17.46	898	898	4,678	2,423	2,255	247	231	415	379	509	67
145	Cheekatimanipalle	.	P	W	Po,R	...	4.15	341	345	1,681	863	818	181	190	10	11	285	50
146	Bonthalapalle	.	P	W	Po,R	...	9.08	398	398	1,933	980	953	138	133	9	10	343	71

Note :- Abbreviations under Cols. 3 to 7 above : Please refer page 27.

VILLAGE DIRECTORY

WORKERS

Location No.	Name of Village	Total Workers (I-IX)		I		II		III		IV		V		VI		VII		VIII		IX		X	
		Cultivator		Agricultural Labourer		Mining, Quarrying, Livestock, Forestry, etc.		Household Industry		Manufac- turing other than House- hold Industry		Construc- tion		Trade & Commerce		Transport, Storage & Communi- cations		Other Services		Non- Workers			
		M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F
(1)	(2)	(20)	(21)	(22)	(23)	(24)	(25)	(26)	(27)	(28)	(29)	(30)	(31)	(32)	(33)	(34)	(35)	(36)	(37)	(38)	(39)	(40)	(41)
76 Ethodu		698	406	355	184	200	202	63	1	31	1	...	...	3	...	11	8	2	...	33	10	386	539
77 Chinnaramannagripalle		443	351	281	225	69	108	39	...	22	5	...	...	1	1	9	5	...	...	22	7	209	266
78 Ulavaiavandlapalle		818	685	539	505	65	93	2	6	172	63	...	...	6	...	9	6	1	...	24	12	438	500
79 Talamaravandlapalle		684	480	497	339	86	121	40	3	24	2	...	...	...	...	10	...	3	...	24	15	342	515
80 Oruvey																							
81 Nallacheruvu		1,486	1,012	743	537	279	406	16	8	243	17	1	...	20	...	100	15	7	...	77	29	889	1,224
82 Jogannapeta		799	683	423	256	296	418	3	1	20	1	4	...	13	...	2	2	8	...	30	5	443	470
83 Mulakalapalle		279	226	113	89	122	131	26	1	4	...	...	...	...	...	7	2	...	...	7	3	190	209
84 Maddimadugu		229	210	132	126	73	79	12	3	7	...	1	...	...	...	2	1	...	...	2	1	114	136
85 Kadiripulikunta		411	364	196	200	147	158	32	...	19	...	...	...	...	...	4	3	1	...	12	3	241	260
86 Ubicheria		630	413	365	150	210	244	12	1	20	4	...	...	...	...	7	1	3	...	13	13	349	484
87 Tavalamarri		324	277	166	173	75	95	64	6	9	...	...	...	...	...	1	...	...	...	8	3	159	207
88 Kadiribrahmanapalle		723	582	341	251	279	315	53	1	26	2	...	...	...	...	...	...	2	...	22	13	459	498
89 Panthulacheruvu		213	153	118	68	50	79	11	...	16	3	...	...	...	...	6	1	...	...	12	2	124	171
90 Allugundu		301	58	127	97	103	150	19	1	26	4	2	...	1	...	6	...	...	...	17	6	213	240
91 Mothukupalle		219	170	90	64	66	90	11	2	9	3	...	...	32	4	5	4	...	...	6	3	116	149
92 Kowlepalle		252	217	155	130	58	86	10	...	5	...	...	...	14	...	1	...	...	...	8	1	117	184
93 Bathulapalle		160	125	90	80	36	41	21	...	6	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	7	3	100	112
94 Eguvapalle		214	179	152	142	24	31	31	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	6	5	141	146
95 Pulagampalle		469	347	351	285	41	56	25	...	15	...	...	...	6	...	14	2	4	...	13	4	304	433
96 Inagalur		1,248	928	679	509	297	373	19	13	165	...	4	...	...	...	39	19	2	...	43	14	714	872
97 Donnikota		906	709	661	520	82	143	69	18	27	1	...	...	7	4	21	10	...	...	39	13	480	591
98 Muthyalacheruvu		721	522	542	348	56	149	51	1	14	2	4	...	6	...	21	8	2	1	25	13	471	610
99 Kondamanayanipatyam		170	129	85	84	42	36	8	...	19	4	...	...	...	...	2	1	...	...	14	4	107	116
100 Erradoddi		377	334	260	239	67	87	27	5	8	1	...	...	...	...	5	2	2	...	8	...	225	193
101 Kalasemudram		597	436	274	220	135	185	71	2	32	5	...	...	26	7	16	4	11	...	32	13	405	542
102 Chippalamadugu		122	130	110	115	7	14	...	...	2	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	3	...	72	55
103 Charupalle		581	495	358	308	75	166	69	3	29	2	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	26	14	360	388
104 Reddipalle		1,581	1,251	1,001	790	303	402	73	9	92	8	...	...	20	...	43	19	2	...	47	23	935	1,113
105 Vankarakunta		803	565	352	234	289	279	42	2	50	15	...	...	7	4	42	21	2	...	19	10	437	540
106 Nallamada		1,890	1,296	965	595	411	584	23	7	285	30	10	1	30	20	58	22	13	7	95	30	1,118	1,441
107 Gopipalle		432	365	279	285	49	64	50	1	30	1	1	...	1	...	7	3	2	...	13	11	213	203
108 Chovikuntipalle		133	94	115	81	9	11	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	85	86
109 Kurumaia		772	666	511	434	172	204	5	...	27	4	...	...	13	7	18	6	...	...	26	11	474	536
110 Kondakamaria		1,894	1,145	860	460	479	544	20	13	301	18	...	...	18	11	86	53	7	...	123	46	1,177	1,665

(1)	(2)	(20)	(21)	(22)	(23)	(24)	(25)	(26)	(27)	(28)	(29)	(30)	(31)	(32)	(33)	(34)	(35)	(36)	(37)	(38)	(39)	(40)	(41)
111	Narasimhathapalle	14	14	13	13	1	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	17	15
112	Daburavaripalle	1,106	779	785	588	160	170	35	...	70	5	...	...	8	...	21	8	...	...	27	8	727	912
113	Allanpalle	1,105	810	675	504	274	292	79	1	27	...	...	...	...	...	22	5	2	...	26	8	576	713
114	Thangedukunta	677	548	450	345	146	185	5	...	60	8	...	...	...	...	3	3	...	...	13	7	435	445
115	Arkabhavipalle	17	12	17	12	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	8	8
116	Sunnampalle	801	559	396	250	237	277	67	3	36	...	...	...	10	2	24	13	...	...	31	14	493	542
117	Thippapalle	525	419	383	305	100	101	16	...	6	2	...	...	...	...	5	2	...	...	15	9	284	321
118	Mukkandavarikothapalle	127	88	67	39	26	32	13	1	5	1	...	...	12	3	...	...	...	...	3	12	60	96
119	Obuladevaracheruvu	858	634	469	360	209	240	7	...	53	22	18	...	11	...	39	6	3	...	49	6	510	632
120	Kurutapalle	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
121	Jowkalakothapalle	801	648	458	391	175	229	9	3	121	5	...	...	7	2	7	3	...	...	24	15	466	546
122	Venkatapuram	314	249	167	151	72	73	33	4	10	...	...	...	8	3	8	8	...	...	16	10	136	153
123	Thummalakuntlapalle	455	316	275	168	78	122	48	2	16	2	...	...	...	...	15	6	2	...	21	16	256	349
124	Veeraobanapalle	171	132	83	52	52	75	18	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	2	...	...	...	6	4	78	119
125	Thumala	1,268	940	822	609	246	292	75	4	54	11	...	...	3	1	8	7	3	...	57	16	706	776
126	Mohammadabad	1,059	654	539	393	265	318	69	5	59	6	...	...	25	4	37	11	2	...	63	17	586	894
127	Kasamudram	314	229	218	164	64	58	8	2	11	...	...	...	1	...	19	...	...	...	11	5	158	162
128	Anadaguru	1,411	926	726	402	544	497	28	...	35	2	...	...	1	...	...	2	2	...	56	23	631	928
129	Chinaganipalle	551	514	322	324	165	172	...	...	34	4	...	...	...	...	8	4	...	...	22	10	313	324
130	Ramanathapuram	45	42	24	26	20	14	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	2	26	37
131	Gudidemvaripalle	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
132	Edigavaripalle	105	92	84	77	16	15	...	...	5	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	52	42
133	Cheekirevulapalle	172	132	84	70	61	56	4	...	10	...	...	...	...	...	7	3	...	...	6	3	87	101
134	Karimireddipalle	71	58	44	47	19	9	...	...	4	...	...	...	...	...	1	...	...	...	3	2	42	59
135	Pulikuntlapalle	342	271	172	122	146	146	...	...	11	...	...	...	...	...	3	1	1	...	9	2	188	203
136	Dademvaripalle	5	7	5	7	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	7	5
137	Lokojipalle	242	169	169	120	60	44	...	...	4	1	...	...	...	...	3	1	...	...	6	3	119	170
138	Kotapalle	407	329	287	251	60	70	19	...	21	1	...	...	...	...	3	1	...	...	17	6	253	313
139	Mundavaripalle	221	180	162	137	24	35	5	1	5	1	...	...	2	...	6	4	3	...	14	2	135	136
140	Venkatarayaniipalle	89	75	76	62	8	12	...	...	4	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	...	45	66
141	Danduvaripalle	233	200	138	123	81	74	...	...	7	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	7	3	137	155
142	Mallareddipalle	423	374	317	282	63	83	14	...	8	...	...	...	...	...	9	7	...	...	11	2	208	235
143	Gurrambylu	281	256	243	224	30	31	...	...	3	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	5	1	147	174
144	Tavalam	1,558	1,361	1,123	997	322	328	27	1	35	10	...	...	9	2	5	8	4	...	33	15	865	894
145	Cheekatimanipalle	574	454	309	228	159	202	27	1	23	2	...	...	12	...	4	...	2	...	38	21	289	364
146	Bonthalipalle	664	421	503	235	70	178	39	2	18	...	3	...	...	...	15	5	1	...	15	1	316	532

Uninhabited

Statement showing the Jurisdiction of Enumerators' Blocks in the Urban Areas of Kadiri Taluk

KADIRI TOWN

Ward/Locality/ Block No.	Enumerator's Block No. and its Jurisdiction		
	E. B. No.	House Numbers included in the Block	
		From	To
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)
Ward 1	E.B. 109	1-1	1-130A(2)
	E.B. 110	1-131(1)	1-183
	E.B. 111	1-184	1-285
	E.B. 112	1-286	1-407
	E.B. 113	1-408	1-475
Ward 2	E.B. 114	2-1	2-144
	E.B. 115	2-145	2-272
Ward 3	E.B. 116	3-1	3-112(3)
	E.B. 117	3-113	3-247
Ward 4	E.B. 118	4-1	4-119
	E.B. 119	4-120	4-225A
	E.B. 120	4-226	4-310
Ward 5	E.B. 121	5-1	5-77(2)
	E.B. 122	5-78	5-167E
	E.B. 123	5-168	5-287A
	E.B. 124	5-288	5-375
	E.B. 125	5-376	5-451A
	E.B. 126	5-452	5-553B

Ward/Locality/ Block No.	Enumerator's Block No. and its Jurisdiction		
	E. B. No.	House Numbers included in the Block	
		From	To
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)
Ward 6	E.B. 127	6-1	6-104
	E.B. 128	6-105	6-239H
	E.B. 129	6-240	6-348(30)
	E.B. 130	6-349	6-461A
	E.B. 131	6-462	6-693(2)
Ward 7	E.B. 132	7-1	7-156
	E.B. 133	7-157	7-311C
Ward 8	E.B. 107	8-1	8-137
	E.B. 108	8-138	8-319(6)
Ward 9	E.B. 100	9-1	9-112C
	E.B. 101	9-113	9-218A
Ward 10	E.B. 102	10-1	10-117A
	E.B. 103	10-118	10-242
Ward 11	E.B. 104	11-1	11-96A
	E.B. 105	11-97	11-205(5)
	E.B. 106	11-206	11-303

Location Code No.	Name of Town/Ward or Locality or Block/ Enumerator's Block No.	Facilities					Area in Sq. miles (8)	Occupied Residential Houses		Total number of persons enumerated (including inmates of Institutions and Houseless Persons)				Scheduled Castes		Scheduled Tribes		Literate & Educated Persons	
		Educational (3)	Medical (4)	Drinking Water (5)	Communications (6)	Electricity (7)		No. of Houses (9)	No. of Houses (10)	P (11)	M (12)	F (13)	M (14)	F (15)	M (16)	F (17)	M (18)	F (19)	
I KADIRI TOWN P.																			
		12P,2H	Hos W	Po,To, 3RH, R,Rly	E(D&I)	20.56	4,869	4,898	24,307	12,412	11,895	506	467	102	103	5,579	2,291		
Ward 1	E.B. 109	.	.	.	.	.	.	173	173	846	454	392	26	21	...	...	232	112
	E.B. 110	.	.	.	.	.	.	160	161	815	427	388	...	...	...	...	150	82
	E.B. 111	.	.	.	.	.	.	145	145	806	383	423	5	5	1	...	202	143
	E.B. 112	.	.	.	.	.	.	155	155	744	376	368	...	...	...	...	195	76
	E.B. 113	.	.	.	.	.	.	157	161	789	401	388	...	...	5	6	154	60
Ward Total																			
							790	795	4,000	2,041	1,959	31	26	6	6	933	473		
Ward 2	E.B. 114	.	.	.	.	.	.	144	144	659	349	310	6	...	5	...	224	105
	E.B. 115	.	.	.	.	.	.	155	158	783	405	378	...	...	...	...	224	128
Ward Total																			
							299	302	1,442	754	688	6	...	5	...	448	233		
Ward 3	E.B. 116	.	.	.	.	.	.	121	121	671	355	316	...	...	...	...	245	147
	E.B. 117	.	.	.	.	.	.	145	145	670	335	335	...	...	...	...	186	91
Ward Total																			
							266	266	1,341	690	651	...	...	...	...	431	238	
Ward 4	E.B. 118	.	.	.	.	.	.	132	132	654	325	329	...	...	...	...	215	100
	E.B. 119	.	.	.	.	.	.	151	151	747	378	369	...	...	...	...	201	84
	E.B. 120	.	.	.	.	.	.	138	138	785	410	375	...	...	...	...	204	101
Ward Total																			
							421	421	2,186	1,113	1,073	...	...	...	...	620	285	
Ward 5	E.B. 121	.	.	.	.	.	.	140	140	764	390	374	...	...	...	...	180	58
	E.B. 122	.	.	.	.	.	.	147	147	726	362	364	...	...	...	...	199	45
	E.B. 123	.	.	.	.	.	.	159	159	703	364	339	...	...	13	...	142	47
	E.B. 124	.	.	.	.	.	.	138	138	660	333	327	19	20	2	1	129	56
	E.B. 125	.	.	.	.	.	.	157	157	806	403	403	...	...	...	...	169	77
	E.B. 126	.	.	.	.	.	.	140	140	786	409	377	...	...	...	...	190	111
Ward Total																			
							881	881	4,445	2,261	2,184	19	20	15	12	1,009	394		

(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)	(13)	(14)	(15)	(16)	(17)	(18)	(19)
Ward 6	E.B. 127	.	.	.	.	.	.	132	132	675	343	332	...	...	...	...	134	29
	E.B. 128	.	.	.	.	.	.	166	167	843	428	415	...	...	...	...	270	113
	E.B. 129	.	.	.	.	.	.	127	127	705	352	353	...	...	...	...	201	62
	E.B. 130	.	.	.	.	.	.	158	158	781	392	389	1	1	...	...	234	126
	E.B. 131	.	.	.	.	.	.	153	153	768	388	380	176	190	...	...	212	96
							Ward Total	736	737	3,772	1,903	1,869	177	191	...	1	1,051	426
Ward 7	E.B. 132	.	.	.	.	.	.	150	151	696	358	338	1	...	4	3	136	34
	E.B. 133	.	.	.	.	.	.	165	172	705	351	354	40	26	...	1	174	44
							Ward Total	315	323	1,401	709	692	41	26	4	4	310	78
Ward 8	E.B. 107	.	.	.	.	.	.	135	137	652	340	312	65	66	18	27	78	8
	E.B. 108	.	.	.	.	.	.	145	145	722	341	381	5	2	20	22	142	45
							Ward Total	280	282	1,374	681	693	70	68	38	49	220	53
Ward 9	E.B. 100	.	.	.	.	.	.	145	147	639	327	312	46	37	26	26	64	2
	E.B. 101	.	.	.	.	.	.	118	122	624	332	292	...	...	2	...	127	31
							Ward Total	263	269	1,263	659	604	46	37	28	26	191	33
Ward 10	E.B. 102	.	.	.	.	.	.	131	135	636	342	294	...	...	...	...	93	23
	E.B. 103	.	.	.	.	.	.	133	133	611	310	301	...	...	6	5	79	12
							Ward Total	264	268	1,247	652	595	...	...	6	5	172	35
Ward 11	E.B. 104	.	.	.	.	.	.	105	105	606	317	289	3	...	...	...	93	22
	E.B. 105	.	.	.	.	.	.	132	132	638	330	308	79	67	...	...	79	19
	E.B. 106	.	.	.	.	.	.	117	117	592	302	290	34	32	...	...	22	2
							Ward Total	354	354	1,836	949	887	116	99	...	...	194	43

Note :- Abbreviations under Cols. 3 to 7 above : Please refer page 27.

TOWN DIRECTORY
(Kadiri Town)

WORKERS

Location Code No.	Name of Town/Ward or Locality or Block/ Enumerator's Block No.	I										II										III										IV										V										VI										VII										VIII										IX										X																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																											
		Total Workers (I-IX)										Cultivator										Agricultural Labourer										Mining, Quarrying, Livestock, Forestry, etc.										Household Industry										Manufacturing other than Household Industry										Construction										Trade & Commerce										Transport, Storage & Communi- cations										Other Services										Non- Workers																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																	
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(1)	(2)	(20)	(21)	(22)	(23)	(24)	(25)	(26)	(27)	(28)	(29)	(30)	(31)	(32)	(33)	(34)	(35)	(36)	(37)	(38)	(39)	(40)	(41)
Ward 6	E.B. 127	168	19	1	71	6	3	3	3	...	63	1	9	...	18	9	175	313
	E.B. 128	232	44	3	...	4	8	1	...	90	24	6	2	2	...	60	...	26	...	40	10	196	371
	E.B. 129	177	17	9	1	1	4	...	...	46	9	9	...	...	...	73	1	10	...	29	2	175	336
	E.B. 130	187	37	6	1	...	...	2	...	28	10	6	4	3	...	56	1	21	...	65	21	205	352
	E.B. 131	185	82	1	1	16	38	1	...	36	3	8	2	4	...	36	3	5	...	78	35	203	298
	Ward Total	949	199	20	3	21	50	4	...	271	52	32	11	12	...	288	6	71	...	230	77	954	1,670
Ward 7	E.B. 132	224	180	92	77	45	61	6	6	20	10	5	1	31	9	5	2	...	...	20	14	134	158
	E.B. 133	228	191	144	111	38	56	1	1	16	5	...	...	8	12	8	3	3	...	10	3	123	163
	Ward Total	452	371	236	188	83	117	7	7	36	15	5	1	39	21	13	5	3	...	30	17	257	321
Ward 8	E.B. 107	193	99	67	6	68	82	5	...	14	2	7	...	12	...	4	1	...	...	16	8	147	213
	E.B. 108	201	132	93	50	41	44	2	...	18	28	5	...	2	...	7	3	1	...	32	7	140	249
	Ward Total	394	231	160	56	109	126	7	...	32	30	12	...	14	...	11	4	1	...	48	15	287	462
Ward 9	E.B. 100	204	172	121	94	28	47	2	1	32	19	...	...	1	...	11	3	2	...	7	8	123	140
	E.B. 101	166	97	60	47	32	36	...	...	13	2	1	1	1	...	35	5	5	...	19	6	166	195
	Ward Total	370	269	181	141	60	83	2	1	45	21	1	1	2	...	46	8	7	...	26	14	289	335
Ward 10	E.B. 102	205	131	48	42	56	74	...	...	35	7	...	...	6	3	34	1	...	...	26	4	137	163
	E.B. 103	194	141	40	25	77	104	4	...	19	2	2	...	4	5	37	4	1	...	10	1	116	160
	Ward Total	399	272	88	67	133	178	4	...	54	9	2	...	10	8	71	5	1	...	36	5	253	323
Ward 11	E.B. 104	171	102	75	46	42	54	...	...	20	1	...	...	...	...	19	1	3	...	12	...	146	187
	E.B. 105	200	162	62	47	64	105	...	...	41	4	...	...	...	...	11	2	14	...	8	4	130	146
	E.B. 106	177	164	78	13	88	149	2	...	3	2	1	...	...	...	1	...	2	...	2	...	125	126
	Ward Total	548	428	215	106	194	308	2	...	64	7	1	31	3	19	...	22	4	401	459

PENUKONDA TALUK

ANDHRA PRADESH ANANTAPUR DISTRICT PENUKONDA TALUK

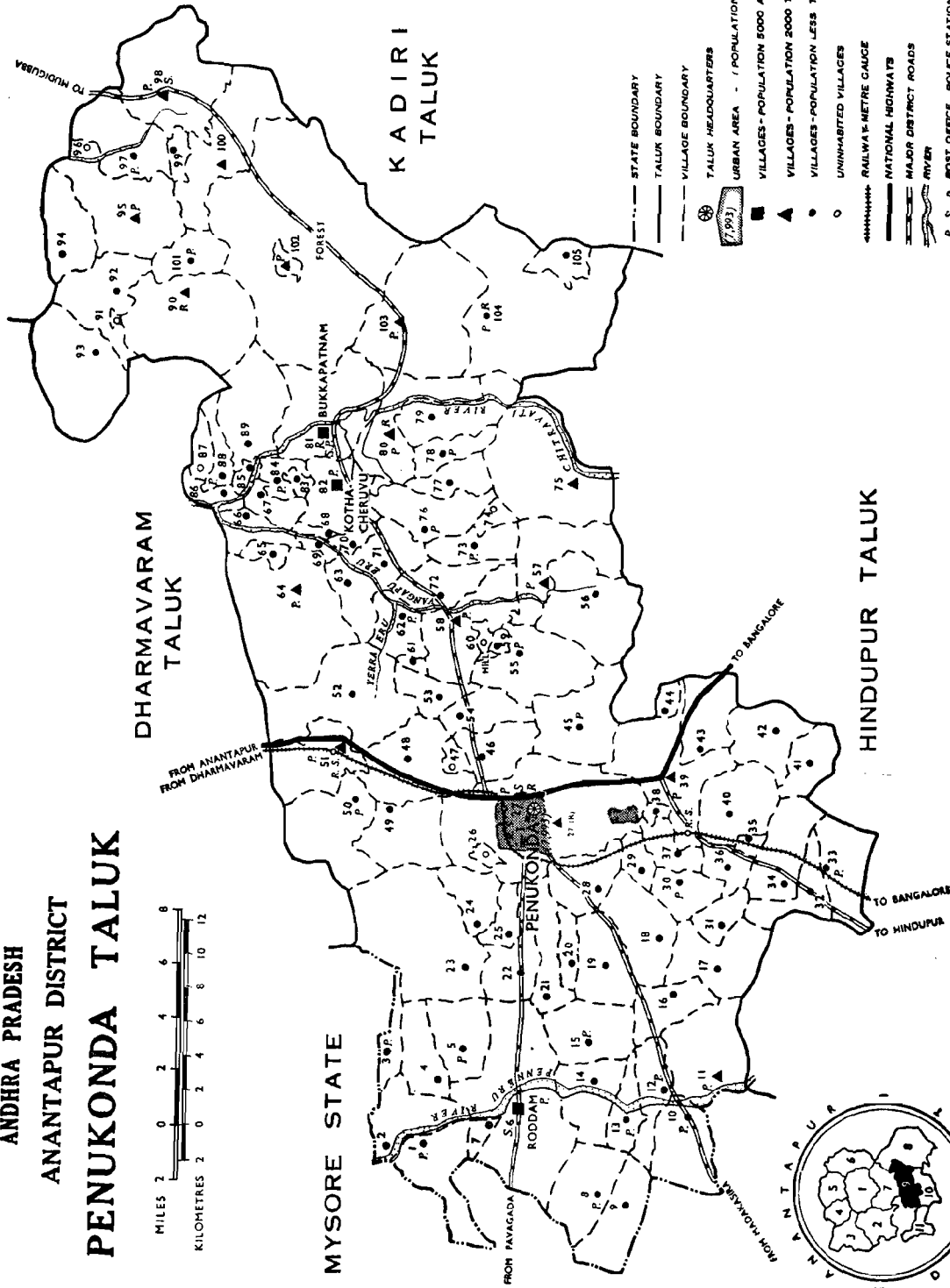
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KILOMETRES 2 0 2 4 6 8 10 12

MYSORE STATE

DHARMAVARAM
TALUK

KADIRI
TALUK

HINDUPUR TALUK



ALPHABETICAL LIST OF VILLAGES

PENUKONDA TALUK

1961 Location Code No.	Name of Village	1961 Location Code No.	Name of Village
28	Addakulapalle	83	Lingareddipalle
100	Agraharam		
104	Amagondapalem	37	Magecheruvu
		17	Mandji
58	Bandlapalle	97	Mangalamadaka
77	Bcedupalle	63	Marakuntapalle
59	Bojjireddipalle	95	Marala
24	Bokkasampalle	19	Mavathur
35	Brahmanapalle	1	Mulakalacheruvu
78	Brahmanapalle	52	Munimadugu
16	Brahmasamudram	88	Mylasamudram
4	Bucherla		
91	Buddereddipalle	33	Nadimpalle
81	Bukkapatnam	18	Nagalur
72	Byrapuram	99	Nakkalaguttapalle
		14	Nallur
96	Chagapuram	2	Naranagepalle
34	Chalakur	85	Narepalle
30	Challapalle	93	Nelakota
29	Chennapuram	56	Nidimamidi
53	Cherlopalle		
10	Cherukur	26	Obulapuram
13	Chinnamanthur		
15	Cholemarri	60	Pakkeerupalle
		98	Pamudurthi
9	Dodaghatta	40	Pandiparthi
50	Duddebanda	75	Pedapalle
		12	Peddamanthur
36	Edulaballapuram	21	Peddipalle
92	Elakuntla	27	Penukonda
48	Erramanchi	62	Pothulakunta
		80	Puttaparthi
49	Gondipalle		
45	Gonipeta	46	Rampuram
43	Gudipalle	8	Reddipalle
101	Gunipalle	5	R. Locheria
51	Gutlur	7	Roddakampalle
		6	Roddam
69	Iragampalle	20	Sanipalle
		105	Sathariapalle
73	Jagarajupalle	55	Settipalle
3	Jakkalacheruvu	90	Siddarampuram
31	Julukunta	39	Somandepalle
74	Kadirepalle	64	Talamarla
87	Kadiridevarapalle	22	Turakajapatnam
11	Kalipi	70	Thippabhatlapalle
84	Kanisettipalle	67	Thirumaladevarapalle
76	Kappalabanda	42	Thungodu
86	Kesapuram		
32	Kethaganicheruvu	68	Vangampalle
71	K. Locheria	47	Vasudevapuram
66	Kodapaganipalle	44	Velagamakulapalle
23	Kogira	41	Velidadakala
54	Kondampalle	65	Vemuletipalle
82	Kothacheruvu	103	Vengalammacheruvu
102	Kothakota	25	Venkatapuram
38	Kothapalle	61	Virupapuram
89	Kothapalle		
57	Kotlapalle		
94	Krishnapuram	79	Yenumulapalle

VILLAGE DIRECTORY

Location Code No.	Name of Village (2)	Facilities							Total number of persons enumerated (including inmates of Institutions and Houseless Persons)			Scheduled Caste		Scheduled Tribes		Literate & Educated Persons		
		Educational	Medical	Drinking Water	Communi- cations	Electricity	Area in Sq. miles	Occupied Residential Houses		P	M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F
								No. of Houses	No. of Households									
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)	(13)	(14)	(15)	(16)	(17)	(18)	(19)
9. PENUKONDA TALUK																		
		Total																
		Rural																
		Urban																
1	Mulakacheruvu	P	...	W	Po	...	8.21	357	366	1,708	856	852	142	127	...	4	147	24
2	Naranagapalle	P	...	W	...	...	1.08	258	266	1,254	645	609	136	122	2	...	155	20
3	Jakkalacheruvu	P	...	W	Po	...	3.79	84	84	411	221	190	33	27	...	...	65	14
4	Bucherla	P	...	W	...	...	5.04	155	155	764	392	372	107	112	...	...	79	6
5	R. Locherla	P	...	W	Po	...	5.75	161	161	869	443	426	138	131	...	...	85	11
6	Roddam	P, M	Rbc	W	Po, R	...	21.26	976	978	5,302	2,725	2,577	260	280	1	...	846	240
7	Roddakampalle	P	...	W	Po, R	...	1.16	215	239	1,171	566	605	130	145	...	...	201	38
8	Reddipalle	2P	...	W	R	...	7.02	280	280	1,269	648	621	88	80	14	39	185	39
9	Dudlaghatta	2P	...	W	Po, R	...	6.14	198	206	975	502	473	73	62	12	11	163	27
10	Cherukur	P	...	W	Po	...	...	471	472	2,332	1,198	1,134	196	179	...	...	309	62
11	Kalipi	2P	...	W	Po, R	...	9.10	212	214	1,136	563	573	78	62	...	...	146	37
12	Peddamanthur	P	...	Riv	Po, R	...	4.69	118	118	700	383	317	115	85	...	...	50	8
13	Chinnamantur	P	...	W	Po	...	3.07	197	197	1,111	567	544	121	119	...	...	172	37
14	Nallur	P	...	W	Po	...	5.97	202	292	1,564	783	781	174	180	17	...	183	32
15	Cholemarri	P	...	W	Po	...	6.75	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
16	Bralmasamudram	P	...	W	R	...	4.99	195	197	1,063	543	520	71	87	...	...	113	20
17	Mandil	P	...	W	...	...	7.84	296	296	1,585	814	771	120	109	...	...	153	21
18	Nagalur	P	...	W	...	...	7.40	246	247	1,176	608	568	135	125	...	...	99	16
19	Mavathur	P	...	W	R	...	6.23	258	262	1,260	662	598	107	86	3	5	136	24
20	Sanipalle	P	...	W	...	...	1.98	116	117	618	338	280	67	53	...	...	69	3
21	Peddipalle	P	...	W	R	...	3.27	93	93	515	265	250	43	35	6	6	48	3
22	Turakalapattam	P	...	W	R	...	14.16	209	209	1,033	516	517	97	114	2	5	185	14
23	Kogira	P	...	W	...	...	19.29	357	363	1,817	929	888	154	162	56	51	205	30
24	Bokkasampalle	P	...	W	...	...	1.10	108	108	531	269	262	86	97	1	3	46	7
25	Venkatapuram	...	...	W	...	...	2.30	47	47	224	118	106	35	32	...	...	17	2
26	Obulapuram	...	...	...	...	...	0.25	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
27	Penukonda (Rural)	...	...	W	...	E(D&R)	25.31	705	705	3,457	1,758	1,699	416	377	87	87	607	113
28	Addakalapalle	P	...	W	R	...	5.24	240	240	1,241	617	624	151	137	183	192	99	9
29	Chennapuram	...	...	W	...	...	1.70	21	21	131	67	64	...	...	...	...	4	...
30	Challapalle	P	...	W	Po, Riv	...	4.11	286	286	1,330	768	762	163	167	8	2	186	53

(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)	(13)	(14)	(15)	(16)	(17)	(18)	(19)
31	Julukunta	.	.	P	...	W	...	125	141	604	292	312	104	117	...	...	60	24
32	Kethanicheruvu	.	.	...	W	...	2.81	175	175	816	425	391	44	55	...	...	65	4
33	Nadimpalle	.	.	P	W	Po	4.55	198	198	1,007	544	463	152	129	...	...	79	10
34	Chalakur	.	.	P	W	R	6.80	246	246	1,284	657	627	155	153	...	...	148	29
35	Brahmanapalle	.	.	P	W	R	0.64	82	82	486	260	226	22	22	...	...	49	7
36	Eduballapuram	.	.	P	W	R	2.92	131	131	647	337	310	57	45	...	...	61	5
37	Magecheruvu	.	.	P	W	R	2.92	173	173	885	432	453	128	139	...	...	78	7
38	Kothapalle	.	.	...	W	...	0.52	56	56	268	142	126	...	...	...	...	8	...
39	Somandepalle	.	.	P,M	W	Po	11.75	643	643	3,394	1,737	1,657	314	351	44	41	593	118
40	Pandiparthi	.	.	P	W	R	7.43	259	259	1,211	615	596	147	139	...	...	166	27
41	Velidadakala	.	.	P	W	R	3.98	163	164	827	446	381	106	93	2	3	121	22
42	Thungodu	.	.	P	W	...	2.00	280	280	1,521	799	722	256	222	...	...	199	33
43	Gudipalle	.	.	...	W	...	5.40	93	93	437	224	213	11	11	10	14	39	2
44	Velagamakulapalle	.	.	...	W	...	0.44	61	61	367	188	179	11	9	44	40	6	...
45	Gonipeeta	.	.	P	W	Po	9.09	145	145	814	413	401	47	39	169	159	100	16
46	Rampuram	.	.	P	W	R	5.06	182	186	864	436	428	42	42	...	...	60	4
47	Vasudevapuram	.	.	...	W	...	0.60	...	...	Uninhabited	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
48	Eramanchi	.	.	P	W	R	8.73	173	173	909	471	438	...	...	1	...	101	23
49	Gondipalle	.	.	...	W	...	7.04	30	30	162	81	81	22	31	...	...	19	...
50	Duddebanda	.	.	3P	W	Po	10.55	268	268	1,349	683	666	95	106	2	1	231	30
51	Gutlur	.	.	2P,M	W	Po,R,Ly	7.62	565	565	2,842	1,409	1,433	170	194	46	42	489	122
52	Munimadugu	.	.	P	W	...	15.17	338	339	1,786	921	865	149	132	12	14	139	18
53	Cherlopalle	.	.	...	W	...	1.85	8	8	47	25	22	17	18	...	...	6	4
54	Kondampalle	.	.	...	W	...	3.92	46	46	292	151	141	2	3	79	74	17	2
55	Settipalle	.	.	2P	W	Po	9.78	288	288	1,553	790	763	104	81	139	129	223	38
56	Nidimamidi	.	.	P	W	...	11.39	288	322	1,956	1,023	933	109	95	49	48	240	14
57	Kotlapalle	.	.	P	W	Po	8.67	464	836	2,750	1,414	1,336	241	242	29	11	407	37
58	Bandlapalle	.	.	3P	W	Po	8.72	449	451	2,298	1,216	1,082	115	139	55	58	342	51
59	Bojjiredipalle	.	.	...	W	...	0.73	6	6	37	19	18	...	...	...	...	2	...
60	Pakkeerupalle	.	.	...	W	...	0.44	...	...	Uninhabited	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
61	Virupapuram	.	.	...	W	...	0.27	8	8	84	44	40	...	...	...	...	1	...
62	Pothukunta	.	.	...	W	Po	3.88	123	123	575	288	287	20	20	...	...	80	6
63	Marakuntapalle	.	.	...	W	...	4.09	107	107	518	262	256	35	32	...	...	60	8
64	Talamaria	.	.	P	W	Po	17.44	761	761	4,062	2,107	1,955	278	260	6	4	739	165
65	Vemuletipalle	.	.	...	W	...	1.17	56	56	257	125	132	...	...	...	...	7	4
66	Kodaganapalle	.	.	P	W	R	3.15	111	111	591	285	306	61	71	...	...	61	10
67	Thirumalaidevarapalle	.	.	P	W	R	1.90	135	135	655	342	313	31	23	61	56	62	7
68	Vangampalle	.	.	...	W	...	0.46	26	26	161	78	83	43	46	...	...	6	1
69	Iragampalle	.	.	...	W	...	0.75	48	48	294	147	147	18	14	...	...	8	...
70	Thippabhattapalle	.	.	...	W	...	0.88	15	15	80	42	38	...	...	7	8	1	...
71	K. Locherla	.	.	P	W	R	4.93	256	256	1,320	673	647	70	63	23	31	173	40
72	Byrapuram	.	.	P	W	R	5.36	218	218	1,200	623	577	77	89	39	25	149	26
73	Jagajalapalle	.	.	P	W	Po	4.10	288	288	1,532	788	744	155	132	23	12	236	45
74	Kadirepalle	.	.	...	W	...	4.47	...	...	Uninhabited	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
75	Pedapalle	.	.	2P	W	R	3.27	605	606	3,132	1,564	1,568	105	100	365	327	362	87

VILLAGE DIRECTORY

WORKERS

Location No. & Name of Village	I		II		III		IV		V		VI		VII		VIII		IX		X				
	Total Workers (I-IX)		Cultivator		Agricultural Labourer		Minings, Quarrying, Livestock, Forestry, etc.		Household Industry		Manufacturing other than House- hold Industry		Construc- tion		Trade & Commerce		Transport, Storage & Communi- cations		Other Services		Non- Workers		
	M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F	
(1) (2)	(20)	(21)	(22)	(23)	(24)	(25)	(26)	(27)	(28)	(29)	(30)	(31)	(32)	(33)	(34)	(35)	(36)	(37)	(38)	(39)	(40)	(41)	
6. PENUKONDA TALUK	Total	44,119	32,547	22,714	15,208	8,620	13,890	2,486	201	4,544	1,564	206	24	558	50	1,649	533	330	1	2,922	1,076	28,504	36,293
Rural	42,171	32,142	22,605	15,159	8,601	13,881	2,449	196	4,378	1,508	102	5	493	40	1,277	461	189	1	2,077	891	26,270	32,887	
Urban	1,948	405	109	49	19	9	37	5	166	56	194	19	65	10	372	72	141	...	845	185	2,234	3,406	
1 Mulakalacheruvu	...	602	473	303	193	118	194	49	1	91	51	4	...	1	...	13	13	1	...	22	21	254	379
2 Nannagapalle	...	423	355	210	171	133	164	21	...	30	3	...	...	...	...	9	5	...	...	20	12	222	254
3 Jakkalacheruvu	...	144	113	51	35	29	64	16	1	26	5	...	...	...	...	17	5	...	...	2	1	77	79
4 Bucheria	...	241	203	176	150	21	40	8	...	19	4	...	...	...	...	4	...	...	...	13	9	151	169
5 R. Lochetla	...	284	239	168	114	70	104	11	...	15	14	...	...	1	...	8	2	...	...	11	4	159	187
6 Roddam	...	1,693	1,187	870	560	344	501	75	4	189	65	1	...	15	...	88	14	4	...	107	43	1,012	1,390
7 Roddakampalle	...	353	218	117	45	60	83	14	...	145	85	...	...	...	...	6	...	1	...	10	5	213	387
8 Reddipalle	...	402	253	242	72	42	130	10	...	84	45	...	...	2	...	4	3	...	...	18	3	246	368
9 Doddabatta	...	327	278	142	108	69	124	40	11	41	18	...	...	1	2	...	12	4	...	21	12	175	195
10 Cherkur
11 Kalipi	...	751	559	452	296	149	227	61	4	40	14	5	...	2	...	15	3	...	...	27	15	447	575
12 Peddamanthur	...	338	290	180	161	85	113	32	1	9	2	1	...	...	...	10	3	1	...	19	10	225	283
13 Chinamanthur	...	244	176	160	74	42	97	24	1	13	...	...	...	...	...	2	2	...	...	3	2	139	141
14 Nallur	...	355	273	184	59	73	185	39	6	27	13	...	...	3	...	15	2	...	...	14	8	212	271
15 Cholamarri	...	480	380	365	280	48	79	9	1	23	12	...	...	1	1	14	2	1	...	19	5	303	401
16 Behtamasamudram	...	374	313	234	258	15	21	46	1	51	19	...	...	...	...	10	6	...	...	18	8	169	207
17 Mendli	...	521	355	339	238	74	96	67	5	9	...	...	...	...	...	10	5	...	...	22	11	293	416
18 Nagalur	...	370	272	161	89	137	172	20	...	14	...	...	...	9	...	10	6	1	...	18	5	238	296
19 Navathur	...	386	306	242	210	48	77	43	1	14	3	...	...	1	...	13	8	...	...	25	7	276	292
20 Santale	...	208	133	66	34	33	51	19	...	79	46	...	...	2	...	4	1	...	...	5	1	130	147
21 Peddipalle	...	157	130	76	53	40	70	9	...	24	6	4	...	...	...	2	...	...	...	2	1	108	120
22 Turakalapattanam	...	340	176	159	44	73	93	21	2	56	32	...	...	1	...	13	...	2	...	15	5	176	341
23 Kogira	...	624	459	389	342	58	107	65	...	76	37	3	...	...	...	14	3	...	...	19	10	303	389
24 Bokkumpalle	...	167	137	88	67	49	67	12	...	4	1	...	...	7	...	1	1	...	...	6	1	102	125
25 Venkatapuram	...	86	51	38	23	20	25	8	...	...	2	12	...	1	...	6	...	...	...	1	1	32	55
26 Obulapuram
27 Penkonda (Rural)	...	1,013	769	324	202	409	485	44	10	47	10	11	...	33	1	49	28	47	...	49	33	745	930
28 Adakalapalle	...	395	244	235	4	84	232	...	...	18	...	...	...	3	...	3	2	...	...	52	6	222	380
29 Chennapuram	...	44	23	28	...	4	23	3	...	6	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	3	...	23	41
30 Chailapalle	...	497	366	256	110	145	226	2	3	55	10	...	...	...	...	6	8	1	...	32	9	271	396

(1)	(2)	(20)	(21)	(22)	(23)	(24)	(25)	(26)	(27)	(28)	(29)	(30)	(31)	(32)	(33)	(34)	(35)	(36)	(37)	(38)	(39)	(40)	(41)
31	Julukunta	208	179	128	121	36	36	15	1	16	7	...	...	...	...	1	2	...	...	12	12	84	133
32	Kethaganicheruvu	281	235	181	132	32	64	22	1	23	28	...	...	...	...	9	5	...	...	14	5	144	156
33	Nadimpalle	315	257	213	169	68	72	...	...	19	13	...	1	3	...	6	1	...	...	5	1	229	206
34	Chalakur	408	307	253	164	95	119	5	...	33	16	...	...	...	...	7	4	3	...	12	4	249	320
35	Brahmanapalle	163	75	137	2	7	69	...	...	3	...	...	...	4	...	5	1	2	...	5	3	97	151
36	Edulaballapuram	240	184	143	108	20	53	13	2	46	12	...	...	...	...	7	3	...	...	11	6	97	126
37	Magecheruvu	278	236	139	48	37	160	21	1	48	19	...	...	13	...	5	2	4	...	11	6	154	217
38	Kothapalle	96	72	64	...	8	67	11	...	3	2	...	...	...	...	1	...	...	...	10	2	46	54
39	Somandepalle	1,046	550	394	113	197	259	28	2	281	156	...	...	25	...	49	3	19	...	53	17	691	1,107
40	Pandiparthi	390	249	236	147	82	80	20	...	19	10	...	...	...	...	13	4	6	...	14	8	225	347
41	Velidadakala	302	203	179	124	36	60	23	3	20	2	...	...	15	...	11	7	1	...	17	7	144	178
42	Thungodu	523	364	311	218	138	115	36	17	15	2	...	...	...	...	11	4	1	...	11	8	276	358
43	Gudipalle	137	107	108	91	14	12	...	...	3	1	6	...	...	...	1	...	3	1	2	2	87	106
44	Vejiagamakulapalle	125	104	122	102	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	3	3	2	...	3	2	63	75
45	Gonipeta	240	167	187	137	10	20	11	...	15	1	...	...	...	...	3	3	2	...	12	6	173	234
46	Rampuram	296	210	166	147	33	47	37	1	30	7	18	...	...	...	...	2	1	...	11	6	140	218
47	Vasudevapuram	305	203	173	134	11	16	2	...	99	41	...	...	2	...	3	6	1	...	14	6	166	235
48	Erramanchi	56	42	35	27	3	9	3	...	14	3	...	...	...	...	16	2	...	...	1	3	25	39
49	Gondipalle	401	298	175	78	80	157	29	11	79	36	...	...	2	...	...	...	...	...	20	14	282	368
50	Duddebanda	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
51	Gutur	821	648	314	176	161	336	34	9	178	88	1	...	22	2	44	10	13	...	54	27	588	785
52	Munimadugu	594	387	357	215	125	139	50	1	40	24	...	...	6	...	6	1	1	...	9	7	327	478
53	Cherlapalle	15	11	3	...	11	11	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	10	11
54	Kondampalle	103	67	59	37	9	18	12	...	21	10	...	...	...	...	...	1	...	...	2	1	48	74
55	Settipalle	520	443	280	286	63	116	22	5	95	25	...	...	25	...	13	5	1	...	21	6	270	320
56	Nidimamidi	603	466	246	213	165	192	72	17	51	15	...	...	15	11	16	4	...	...	38	14	420	467
57	Kotiapalle	878	673	511	400	133	200	96	15	52	14	...	...	4	...	36	17	1	...	45	27	536	663
58	Bandipalle	753	542	428	329	122	162	52	1	83	30	...	...	6	...	25	7	...	...	37	11	463	540
59	Bojjiredipalle	13	13	13	13	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	6	5
60	Pakkeerupalle	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
61	Virupapuram	32	25	26	24	...	...	...	...	6	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
62	Pothulakunta	173	142	138	84	8	52	3	...	15	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	12	15
63	Marakuntapalle	167	161	120	105	15	50	22	2	6	1	...	...	...	...	1	1	...	...	9	5	115	145
64	Talamaria	1,234	1,002	748	563	233	375	32	...	152	38	...	...	5	1	15	5	2	...	47	20	873	953
65	Vemuletipalle	80	67	73	56	6	10	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	1	45	65
66	Kodaganipalle	174	179	125	53	24	118	9	...	7	3	...	...	...	...	1	2	...	...	8	3	111	127
67	Thirumalaidevarapalle	195	166	141	25	41	140	...	...	5	...	...	...	...	...	2	...	...	...	6	1	147	147
68	Vangampalle	43	45	43	42	...	3	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	35	38
69	Iragampalle	82	78	73	66	7	12	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	65	69
70	Tippabhattapalle	25	20	25	20	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	17	18
71	K. Locherla	404	379	246	183	105	161	8	...	20	26	...	...	2	...	6	3	...	...	17	6	269	268
72	Byrapuram	392	334	300	281	36	38	10	...	33	5	...	...	...	...	2	3	1	...	10	7	231	243
73	Jagarajapalle	454	378	270	201	100	151	30	2	33	7	...	...	6	1	7	7	...	...	8	9	334	366
74	Kadirepalle	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
75	Pedapalle	994	811	520	373	256	385	28	1	114	13	...	...	10	4	22	16	4	...	40	19	570	757

VILLAGE DIRECTORY

Location No.	Name of Village	Facilities					Area in Sq. miles	Occupied Residential Houses		Total number of persons enumerated (including inmates of Institutions and Houseless Persons)				Scheduled Castes		Scheduled Tribes		Literate & Educated Persons						
		Educational	Medical	Drinking Water	Communications	Electricity		No. of Houses	No. of Households	P	M	F	(13)	M	F	(14)	M	F	(16)	(17)	M	F	(18)	(19)
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)	(13)	(14)	(15)	(16)	(17)	(18)	(19)						
76	Kappalabanda	P	...	W	Po,R	...	6.51	178	178	948	480	468	38	41	157	170	94	13						
77	Beedupalle	P	...	W	...	...	3.55	189	190	857	465	352	39	41	1	...	109	8				
78	Brahmanapalle	P	...	W	Po	...	3.08	169	169	948	499	449	100	108	55	49	138	21						
79	Yemunulapalle	P	...	W	...	...	6.48	172	174	938	497	461	69	75	...	...	100	18				
80	Puttaparthi	P	...	Riv	Po,Rh	...	8.88	638	664	3,471	1,790	1,681	190	197	26	38	495	134						
81	Bukkapatnam	3P,H	D	W,Tk	Po,Rh,R	...	18.85	1,618	1,618	8,005	4,070	3,935	413	433	54	37	1,381	402						
82	Kothacheruvu	2P,H	...	W	Po,R	...	6.83	1,325	1,325	6,271	3,210	3,061	214	167	24	16	1,281	341						
83	Lingareddipalle	P	...	W	...	...	0.70	118	118	608	302	306	71	66	...	...	82	9				
84	Kanisettipalle	P	...	W	Po	...	1.61	96	96	456	222	234	13	18	...	...	45	3				
85	Narepalle	P	...	W	...	...	1.18	100	100	487	264	223	43	31	...	...	54	8				
86	Kesapuram	P	...	W	...	...	3.39	215	215	1,098	555	543	81	73	...	...	129	37				
87	Kadridevarapalle	P	...	W	...	...	0.22	186	200	976	503	473	56	45	...	...	177	35				
88	Mylasamudram	P	...	W	Po	...	1.58	46	46	285	146	139	9	9	24	24	8	...						
89	Kothapalle	...	...	W	Rh	...	8.90	478	495	2,571	1,347	1,224	88	82	19	20	354	42				
90	Siddarampuram	P	...	W	...	...	15.04	434	438	2,149	1,128	1,021	73	69	155	156	176	30				
91	Buddareddipalle	P	...	W	...	...	0.14	177	177	841	415	426	58	67	22	18	127	11				
92	Elakuntla	P	...	W	...	...	7.77	162	162	815	428	387	54	49	107	91	59	5				
93	Nelakota	P	...	W	...	...	13.38	293	298	1,418	743	675	43	51	29	19	169	31				
94	Krishnapuram	P	...	W	...	...	5.45	409	409	2,146	1,129	1,017	77	65	52	45	318	64				
95	Marala	P	...	W	Po	...	10.10	434	438	2,149	1,128	1,021	73	69	155	156	176	30						
96	Chagapuram	P	...	W	Po	...	0.45	287	287	1,549	751	798	55	60	280	271	181	47						
97	Mangalamdaka	2P	...	W	Po	...	7.75	831	835	4,040	2,079	1,961	172	154	124	108	632	133						
98	Panudurthi	P	...	W	Po	...	E(D&I)	17	17	90	56	34	...	...	50	31	4	1				
99	Nakkalaguttapalle	...	...	W	...	...	0.43	409	409	2,146	1,129	1,017	77	65	52	45	318	64				
100	Agrabaram	P	...	W	R	...	E(D&I)	409	409	2,146	1,129	1,017	77	65	52	45	318	64						
101	Gunipalle	P	...	W	Po,R	...	3.16	244	249	1,261	658	603	95	79	30	27	229	46						
102	Kothakota	2P	...	W	Po,R	...	E(D&I)	572	572	3,081	1,564	1,517	186	193	350	448	303	47						
103	Vengalammacheruvu	P	...	W	Po,R	...	17.56	581	588	3,182	1,664	1,518	82	85	29	20	383	40						
104	Amagondapalem	P	...	W	Po,Rh	...	26.67	365	369	1,953	1,001	952	93	92	58	64	177	17						
105	Satharipalle	...	...	W	...	...	1.25	76	76	385	193	192	8	8	...	...	40	3				

Note:- Abbreviations under Cols. 3 to 7 above : Please refer page 27.

VILLAGE DIRECTORY

Location Code No.	Name of Village	WORKERS																								X												
		I				II				III				IV				V				VI					VII				VIII				IX			
		Total Workers (1-IX)				Cultivator		Agricultural Labourer		Mining, Quarrying, Livestock, Forestry, etc.		Household Industry		Manufac- turing other than House- hold Industry		Construc- tion		Trade & Commerce		Transport, Storage & Communi- cations		Other Services		Non- Workers														
		M	F			M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F		M	F	M	F								
		(20)	(21)	(22)	(23)	(24)	(25)	(26)	(27)	(28)	(29)	(30)	(31)	(32)	(33)	(34)	(35)	(36)	(37)	(38)	(39)	(40)	(41)															
		(1)	(2)																																			
76	Kappalabanda	.	317	235	165	140	47	71	58	3	23	11	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
77	Beedupalle	.	298	180	99	50	131	121	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
78	Brahmanapalle	.	303	244	153	97	58	125	26	2	41	6	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
79	Yenumulapalle	.	297	261	159	161	69	84	26	2	22	3	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
80	Puttaparthi	.	1,018	792	529	391	215	300	47	5	129	46	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
81	Bukkapatnam	.	2,314	1,736	1,038	450	593	1,128	37	2	211	69	13	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
82	Kothacheruvu	.	1,856	1,437	768	397	467	923	42	8	127	9	4	148	2	122	47	7	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
83	Lingarreddipalle	.	159	117	113	102	38	57	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
84	Kanisettipalle	.	123	161	63	50	43	63	...	...	2	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
85	Narepalle	.	164	125	81	78	16	40	5	1	46	2	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
86	Kenapuram	.	342	324	221	220	59	93	2	...	33	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
87	Kadridevarapalle	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
88	Mylasamudram	.	320	267	124	108	50	84	29	4	84	51	2	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
89	Kothapalle	.	86	75	56	54	4	11	22	...	2	9	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
90	Siddarampuram	.	830	608	380	256	182	284	98	12	92	26	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
91	Buddereddipalle	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
92	Elaakuntla	.	268	229	148	116	31	97	34	2	30	2	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
93	Nejakota	.	267	225	133	116	79	98	23	...	18	3	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
94	Krishnapuram	.	466	346	240	159	114	169	34	...	36	5	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
95	Marala	.	674	536	370	250	98	241	78	1	82	32	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
96	Chagapuram	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
97	Mangalamadaka	.	475	424	249	111	137	283	36	2	27	14	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
98	Pamudurthi	.	1,350	1,065	738	575	265	436	69	1	124	11	13	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
99	Nakkalaguttapalle	.	38	26	23	8	10	16	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
100	Agraharam	.	692	512	378	276	169	212	45	2	50	3	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
101	Gunipalle	.	416	292	207	116	136	158	24	1	12	2	4	2	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
102	Kothakota	.	989	810	543	415	189	327	95	3	99	34	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
103	Vengalammacheruvu	.	989	676	566	354	256	276	23	...	78	15	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
104	Amagondapalem	.	623	483	321	227	131	232	68	1	62	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
105	Sathalapalle	.	119	108	79	83	14	18	4	...	18	2	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...

Statement showing the Jurisdiction of Enumerators' Blocks in the Urban Areas of Penukonda Taluk

PENUKONDA TOWN

Ward/Locality/ Block No.	Enumerator's Block No. and its Jurisdiction			Ward/Locality/ Block No.	Enumerator's Block No. and its Jurisdiction		
	E. B. No.	House Numbers included in the Block			E. B. No.	House Numbers included in the Block	
		From	To			From	To
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)
Ward 1	E.B. 47	1-1	1-197	Ward 5	E.B. 53	5-1	5-128
	E.B. 48	1-198	1-385		E.B. 54	5-129	5-275
	E.B. 49	1-386	1-445				
Ward 2	E.B. 50	2-1	2-179	Ward 6	E.B. 55	6-1	6-230
Ward 3	E.B. 51	3-1	3-173	Ward 7	E.B. 56	7-1	7-186
Ward 4	E.B. 52	4-1	4-197B		E.B. 57	7-187	7-322

Location Code No.	Name of Town/ Ward or Locality or Block/ Enumerator's Block No.	Facilities					Area in Sq. miles	Occupied Residential Houses		Total number of persons enumerated (including inmates of Institutions and Houseless Persons)				Scheduled Castes			Scheduled Tribes			Literate & Educated Persons	
		Educational	Medical	Drinking water	Communications	Electricity		No. of Houses	No. of Households	P	M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F	
																					(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)	(13)	(14)	(15)	(16)	(17)	(18)	(19)
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)	(13)	(14)	(15)	(16)	(17)	(18)	(19)			
PENUKONDA TOWN P.																					
		3P, M, H	Hos	Tk	Pc, To, 2Rh, R, Rly		4.00	1,486	1,486	7,993	4,182	3,811	156	142	65	39	2,534	1,337			
Ward 1	E.B. 47	.	.	.	.	.	.	127	127	731	390	341	15	4	5	2	279	162	
	E.B. 48	.	.	.	.	.	.	185	185	927	508	419	129	128	14	...	185	47	
	E.B. 49	.	.	.	.	.	.	52	52	303	147	156	...	...	...	...	71	40	
							Ward Total	364	364	1,961	1,045	916	144	132	19	2	535	249			
Ward 2	E.B. 50	.	.	.	.	.	.	154	154	937	484	453	7	6	...	...	269	153	
Ward 3	E.B. 51	.	.	.	.	.	.	124	124	703	368	335	...	...	...	...	246	172	
Ward 4	E.B. 52	.	.	.	.	.	.	173	173	962	493	469	...	...	1	...	361	262	
Ward 5	E.B. 53	.	.	.	.	.	.	112	112	560	262	298	...	...	...	...	154	103	
	E.B. 54	.	.	.	.	.	.	119	119	672	360	312	...	...	40	34	208	71	
							Ward Total	231	231	1,232	622	610	...	...	40	34	362	174	
Ward 6	E.B. 55	.	.	.	.	.	.	170	170	851	443	408	2	3	...	...	327	180	
Ward 7	E.B. 56	.	.	.	.	.	.	172	172	790	404	386	...	...	5	3	251	95	
	E.B. 57	.	.	.	.	.	.	98	98	557	323	234	3	1	...	...	183	52	
							Ward Total	270	270	1,347	727	620	3	1	5	3	434	147			

TOWN DIRECTORY

(Penukonda Town)

WORKERS

Location No.	Name of Town/Ward or Locality or Block/ Enumerator's Block No.	Total Workers (I-IX)		I		II		III		IV		V		VI		VII		VIII		IX		X	
		Cultivator		Agricultural Labourer		Mining, Quarrying, Livestock, Forestry, etc.		Household Industry		Manufacturing other than Household Industry		Construction		Trade & Commerce		Transport, Storage & Communications		Other Services		Non-Workers			
		M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F
(1)	(2)	(20)	(21)	(22)	(23)	(24)	(25)	(26)	(27)	(28)	(29)	(30)	(31)	(32)	(33)	(34)	(35)	(36)	(37)	(38)	(39)	(40)	(41)
I PENUKONDA TOWN P.		1,948	405	109	49	19	9	37	5	166	56	194	19	65	10	372	72	141	...	845	185	2,234	3,406
Ward 1 E.B. 47 . .		201	20	11	2	12	2	...	...	9	7	19	...	4	...	35	4	28	...	83	5	189	321
E.B. 48 . .		225	68	15	10	1	...	2	...	15	3	7	...	7	1	71	17	9	...	98	37	283	351
E.B. 49 . .		70	5	8	1	...	...	1	...	6	...	27	...	1	...	13	...	3	...	11	4	77	151
Ward Total		496	93	34	13	13	2	3	...	30	10	53	...	12	1	119	21	40	...	192	46	549	823
Ward 2 E.B. 50 . .		230	39	12	1	1	1	...	...	49	10	14	...	3	...	53	8	24	...	74	19	254	414
Ward 3 E.B. 51 . .		169	24	4	...	...	...	1	1	13	3	31	7	9	2	43	2	11	...	52	9	199	311
Ward 4 E.B. 52 . .		225	22	2	...	...	...	...	...	8	...	38	1	14	3	39	1	17	...	107	17	268	447
Ward 5 E.B. 53 . .		125	27	...	...	...	...	8	2	1	...	14	10	1	...	23	7	7	...	71	8	137	271
E.B. 54 . .		183	59	10	13	2	...	13	1	33	17	6	...	2	...	40	23	6	...	71	5	177	253
Ward Total		308	86	10	13	2	...	21	3	34	17	20	10	3	...	63	30	13	...	142	13	314	524
Ward 6 E.B. 55 . .		170	34	...	...	...	...	2	...	2	1	18	1	13	...	17	4	9	...	109	28	273	374
Ward 7 E.B. 56 . .		194	59	13	8	2	...	5	1	20	11	18	...	7	4	10	5	15	...	104	30	210	327
E.B. 57 . .		156	48	34	14	1	6	5	...	5	4	2	...	4	...	28	1	12	...	65	23	167	186
Ward Total		350	107	47	22	3	6	10	1	25	15	20	...	11	4	38	6	27	...	169	53	377	513

HINDUPUR TALUK

ALPHABETICAL LIST OF VILLAGES

HINDUPUR TALUK

1961 Location Code No.	Name of Village	1961 Location Code No.	Name of Village
13	Bandarlappalle	60	Mallapalle
70	Bayyannakuntapalle	32	Malugur
3	Beechiganipalle	63	Mandalapalle
10	Beerepalle	36	Manepalle
19	Beerinahalli	31	Manesamudram
61	Boyalapalle	72	Marreddipalle
52	Budili	85	Marrimakulapalle
64	Buganapalle	14	Moda
59	Bussajahgaripalle	82	Morsalapalle
		80	Muddireddipalle
		38	Mydugolam
74	Chagaleru		
42	Chalivendala	58	Naginayanicheruvu
49	Chilamathur	20	Nakkalapalle
34	Cholasamudram	9	Narasapuram
81	Chowdireddipalle	84	Narereddipalle
22	Chowlur		
		56	Obulapuram
45	Demakethepalle		
26	Devarapalle	57	Palasamudram
53	Devulachervu	12	Parigi
		29	Pulamathi
1	Ganapathipalle	73	Puleru
67	Gangampalle	8	Pydeti
25	Gollapuram		
77	Gondladinna	54	Ragimakulapalle
65	Gorantla		
71	Gownivaripalle	5	Sangameswarampalle
		21	Santhebidanur
18	Hindupur	16	Sasanakota
47	Hussainpuram	2	Seegipalle
		51	Settipalle
69	Jakkasamudram	11	Sirekolam
62	Jowkulodudinna	37	Sirivaram
		78	Somaghatta
		30	Sreekantapuram
		83	Subbaraopeta
33	Kallur		
75	Kambaladinna	44	Tekulodu
66	Kammavaripalle	24	Thumukunta
39	Kanchisamudram	23	Thungepalle
76	Kanugamakulapalle		
55	Katepalle	4	Utakur
27	Kirikera		
15	Kodigenahalli	43	Vadigepalle
35	Kodihalli	68	Vanavolu
86	Kodikonda	48	Veerapuram
50	Kodur	7	Vittapalle
41	Kondur		
28	Kotipi	46	Yagnisetipalle
17	Kotnur	6	Yerragunta
		79	Yerrasingepalle
40	Lepakshi		

VILLAGE DIRECTORY

HINDUPUR TALUK

Location Code No.	Name of Village	Facilities				Area in Sq. miles	Occupied Residential Houses		Total number of persons enumerated (including inmates of Institutions and Houseless Persons)				Scheduled Castes		Scheduled Tribes		Literate & Educated Persons										
		Educational	Medical	Drinking Water	Communi- cations		Electricity	No. of Houses	No. of Households	P	M	F	(11)	(12)	(13)	M	F	(14)	(15)	M	F	(16)	(17)	M	F	(18)	(19)
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)	(13)	(14)	(15)	(16)	(17)	(18)	(19)									
10. HINDUPUR TALUK																											
	Total																										
	Rural																										
	Urban																										
1	Ganapathipalle	.	.	...	R	...	2.25	79	79	420	209	211	44	40	...	...	45	1				
2	Seegipalle	.	.	P	R	...	2.08	112	112	649	325	324	33	27	...	...	75	14							
3	Beechiganipalle	.	.	P	R	...	9.17	375	380	1,949	1,017	932	240	215	11	11	210	24									
4	Utukur	.	.	P	Po, R	E(D&I)	5.00	467	490	2,615	1,299	1,316	291	287	...	...	344	90							
5	Sangameswarampalle	.	.	...	R	...	0.16	3	3	9	5	4	...	...	...	...	1	...		
6	Yerraunta	.	.	P	R	...	3.01	210	221	1,092	555	537	79	81	...	...	102	13							
7	Vittipalle	.	.	P	Po, R	...	1.70	118	124	587	312	275	52	45	...	...	91	11							
8	Pydeti	.	.	P	R	...	2.59	150	150	797	420	377	63	69	...	...	88	21							
9	Narasapuram	.	.	P	Po, R	...	2.89	222	222	1,143	589	554	95	104	...	...	81	15							
10	Beerepalle	.	.	P	R	...	0.95	53	53	253	122	131	24	32	...	...	23	3							
11	Sirekolam	.	.	P	Po, R	...	4.50	379	385	1,965	1,006	959	138	131	4	2	254	23									
12	Parigi	.	.	P	Po, R	E(D&I)	11.85	1,068	1,088	5,643	2,902	2,741	487	498	34	27	862	281									
13	Bandaripalle	.	.	...	R	...	0.40	2	2	8	4	4	...	...	...	...	1	...		
14	Moda	.	.	P	Po, R	E(D&I)	6.95	772	776	4,455	2,270	2,185	726	711	1	...	640	95									
15	Kodigenahalli	.	.	P	Po, R	E(D&I)	5.40	635	646	3,796	2,108	1,688	286	214	...	...	869	126							
16	Sasanakota	.	.	P	R	E(D&I)	2.28	255	255	1,368	702	666	209	181	1	2	192	29									
17	Kotnur	.	.	P	Po, R	E(D&I)	5.61	1,085	1,120	6,050	3,139	2,911	448	416	5	5	1,137	161									
18	Hindupur (Rural)	.	.	...	R	E(D&I)	6.51	525	525	3,016	1,574	1,442	224	226	4	2	492	56						
19	Beerinahalli	.	.	P	R	E(D&I)	2.31	215	215	1,155	599	556	225	214	...	...	123	21							
20	Nakkalapalle	.	.	P	R	E(I)	1.02	78	86	467	244	223	54	55	2	...	57	8									
21	Santhebidanur	.	.	P	Po, R, Rh, R	E(D&I)	2.95	365	389	2,064	1,092	972	106	108	...	...	317	134							
22	Chowliur	.	.	P	Po, R, Rh, R	E(D&I)	4.27	663	665	3,481	1,799	1,682	236	189	...	...	580	224							
23	Thungepalle	.	.	...	R	...	0.26	12	12	90	46	44	...	...	...	...	6	3		
24	Thumukunta	.	.	P	R	...	2.41	140	140	799	401	398	85	91	...	...	76	11							
25	Gollapuram	.	.	P	Po, R	E(I)	4.82	286	286	1,360	696	664	133	125	...	...	214	25							
26	Devarapalle	.	.	...	R	...	1.14	34	34	158	85	73	1	2	...	...	9	...				
27	Kirikera	.	.	P	Po, R	E(D&I)	5.69	411	414	2,430	1,263	1,167	210	201	...	...	329	52							
28	Kotipi	.	.	P	Po, R	...	4.87	417	419	2,183	1,133	1,050	166	146	...	...	323	52							
29	Pulamathi	.	.	P	R	E	4.40	289	294	1,555	793	762	133	133	...	...	251	62							
30	Sreekanthapuram (Rural)	.	.	P	Po, R	E	7.85	389	389	2,385	1,197	1,188	109	112	6	2	267	48									

WORKERS

S. No.	Name of Village	I										IX										X	
		Total Workers (I-IX)		I		II		III		IV		V		VI		VII		VIII		IX		X	
		M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F
(1)	(2)	(20)	(21)	(22)	(23)	(24)	(25)	(26)	(27)	(28)	(29)	(30)	(31)	(32)	(33)	(34)	(35)	(36)	(37)	(38)	(39)	(40)	(41)
10. HINDUPUR TALUK		Total 56,918	34,650	29,602	18,339	9,086	11,444	3,010	522	3,505	1,723	1,381	84	761	74	3,528	700	1,056	8	4,989	1,756	37,533	54,033
		Rural 48,141	32,644	29,128	18,126	8,936	11,207	2,922	483	2,930	1,493	66	11	331	23	1,227	386	121	...	2,480	935	29,427	40,257
		Urban 8,777	1,986	474	213	150	237	88	39	575	230	1,315	73	430	51	2,301	314	935	8	2,509	821	7,906	13,776
1	Ganapathipalle	133	129	86	81	30	33	...	1	12	12	...	...	...	...	1	1	...	...	4	1	76	82
2	Seegipalle	204	183	144	124	28	42	8	1	15	10	...	...	...	...	4	6	...	...	5	...	121	141
3	Beechiganipalle	702	579	437	394	61	88	125	51	41	28	...	...	...	...	6	3	...	...	28	15	315	353
4	Uttur	801	497	467	177	146	277	51	4	60	17	...	...	...	...	35	10	3	...	35	12	498	819
5	Sangameswarampalle	2	3	...	...	1	2	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	1	3	1
6	Yerragunta	342	119	172	41	98	69	37	...	9	2	...	...	...	...	5	1	...	...	20	6	213	418
7	Vittapalle	203	101	142	51	11	37	28	11	6	...	...	...	...	...	4	...	1	...	11	2	109	174
8	Pydeti	260	184	174	131	28	43	24	3	7	...	...	...	...	...	7	1	1	...	19	6	160	193
9	Narasapuram	380	294	275	204	37	44	34	15	4	24	...	...	...	...	9	1	1	...	16	6	209	260
10	Beetepalle	83	71	66	48	5	20	6	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	1	2	...	...	4	1	39	60
11	Sirekolam	635	584	457	417	69	143	48	8	14	6	...	...	...	...	14	4	2	...	31	6	371	375
12	Parigi	1,763	1,288	974	653	322	462	129	22	112	54	2	...	...	...	78	22	5	...	124	75	1,139	1,453
13	Bandatlapalle	4	2	2	2	2	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	2
14	Moda	1,404	1,048	566	377	470	520	44	6	188	113	...	...	...	...	32	12	2	...	56	20	866	1,137
15	Kodigenhalli	1,078	607	473	281	274	232	54	...	179	63	...	...	...	...	10	5	1	...	80	26	1,030	1,081
16	Sasanakota	424	268	208	74	81	127	43	5	50	44	2	...	...	...	11	5	...	...	29	13	278	398
17	Kotnur	1,896	1,170	626	349	370	355	10	4	671	391	2	...	...	...	98	18	10	...	103	53	1,243	1,741
18	Hindupur (Rural)	951	655	470	308	282	239	59	1	72	87	2	...	...	...	15	12	3	...	35	7	623	787
19	Becinahalli	374	161	231	62	96	89	3	...	18	6	...	...	...	...	6	...	...	...	19	4	225	395
20	Nakkalapalle	158	76	98	33	34	35	8	2	10	5	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	8	1	86	147
21	Santhebidanur	705	450	374	252	176	149	55	23	29	12	...	...	...	...	37	5	2	...	32	9	387	522
22	Chowtur	1,073	519	502	85	305	341	22	1	97	65	1	...	...	...	79	9	1	...	51	18	726	1,163
23	Thungepalle	33	17	32	16	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	27
24	Thumukunta	243	162	197	101	23	56	8	...	3	1	...	...	...	...	4	2	...	...	7	2	158	236
25	Gollapuram	514	480	464	459	9	5	1	...	10	3	...	...	...	...	3	5	2	...	18	8	182	184
26	Devarapalle	53	44	48	30	5	14	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	29
27	Kirikera	864	622	525	287	106	293	82	1	39	22	5	3	...	...	7	8	5	...	32	8	399	545
28	Kotipi	753	463	515	266	87	131	82	32	32	13	2	...	...	...	15	8	5	...	22	13	380	587
29	Pulamathi	496	298	310	139	105	131	38	15	14	3	...	...	...	...	11	7	...	...	17	3	297	464
30	Sreekanthapuram (Rural)	726	575	346	159	252	335	42	4	25	54	...	...	...	...	19	13	...	...	39	10	471	613

(1)	(2)	(20)	(21)	(22)	(23)	(24)	(25)	(26)	(27)	(28)	(29)	(30)	(31)	(32)	(33)	(34)	(35)	(36)	(37)	(38)	(39)	(40)	(41)		
31	Manesamudram	.	.	244	159	137	64	34	37	14	15	23	25	4	6	1	...	4	3	1	...	26	9	126	178
32	Malugur	.	.	957	634	618	390	190	231	37	3	47	12	1	...	14	...	16	3	7	...	27	15	504	728
33	Kallur	.	.	846	609	434	268	250	296	96	22	15	2	...	...	8	...	3	4	...	40	17	481	780	
34	Cholasamudram	.	.	859	502	535	225	164	250	66	10	21	1	...	...	4	...	26	4	2	...	41	12	495	734
35	Kodihalli	.	.	830	585	593	356	117	181	50	1	21	23	...	...	2	...	11	9	2	...	34	15	489	608
36	Manepalle	.	.	622	442	361	209	64	113	58	...	63	62	...	...	2	...	22	...	1	...	51	58	388	560
37	Sirivaram	.	.	837	619	528	344	195	238	13	8	36	14	...	...	10	2	17	...	...	38	13	434	583	
38	Mydugolam	.	.	300	230	159	138	89	81	10	...	22	10	...	...	1	...	12	1	1	...	6	...	198	219
39	Kanchisamudram	.	.	914	578	542	297	172	208	46	...	56	32	...	...	11	...	24	6	3	...	60	35	555	738
40	Lepakshi	.	.	1,286	802	725	424	224	292	133	8	47	28	23	2	4	...	40	13	8	...	82	35	798	1,146
41	Kondur	.	.	703	599	566	428	73	151	20	1	18	6	...	...	1	...	10	6	1	...	14	7	418	524
42	Chalivendala	.	.	899	560	618	281	64	239	106	8	37	13	...	...	2	...	22	7	1	...	49	12	456	653
43	Vadigepalle	.	.	458	363	310	259	97	101	26	1	5	1	...	...	...	...	6	...	1	...	13	1	221	288
44	Tekulodu	.	.	279	163	224	108	38	51	6	1	3	1	...	...	...	...	...	1	1	...	7	1	184	271
45	Demakethepalle	.	.	861	558	550	333	144	176	58	7	22	11	...	...	36	14	18	3	...	33	14	530	813	
46	Yagnisetipalle	.	.	107	87	86	53	10	25	7	8	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	...	3	1	53	93
47	Hussainpuram	.	.	180	102	125	74	4	14	28	10	5	2	3	...	...	...	3	1	2	...	10	1	89	160
48	Veerapuram	.	.	328	182	238	152	16	10	57	16	1	...	...	...	...	...	8	1	...	8	3	139	248	
49	Chilamathur	.	.	2,220	1,427	1,458	915	276	388	94	20	166	43	...	...	14	...	69	22	2	...	141	39	1,545	2,024
50	Kodur	.	.	1,505	1,172	1,017	690	260	421	96	12	38	8	3	...	5	...	19	13	3	...	64	28	843	1,076
51	Settipalle	.	.	571	389	411	291	77	91	38	2	13	...	...	...	...	...	5	...	1	...	26	5	352	485
52	Budili	.	.	1,786	1,185	1,159	797	373	324	49	13	38	4	4	...	10	...	33	10	4	...	76	34	1,146	1,555
53	Devulachervu	.	.	61	38	42	27	13	10	4	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	2	1	...	31	35
54	Raginakulapalle	.	.	19	10	15	8	1	2	3	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	13	20
55	Katepalle	.	.	64	34	40	17	24	17	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	27	28
56	Obulapuram	.	.	24	16	11	3	10	13	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	2	...	...	11	19
57	Palasamudram	.	.	580	302	337	152	54	122	40	6	38	11	...	...	13	...	40	3	8	...	50	8	384	616
58	Naginayanichervu	.	.	293	220	166	81	51	95	57	20	4	11	...	...	...	...	1	13	...	14	...	...	144	200
59	Bussiahgaripalle	.	.	107	66	87	49	7	11	3	...	6	5	...	...	...	...	2	1	...	...	2	...	64	68
60	Mallapalle	.	.	633	487	450	337	110	133	14	3	14	1	1	...	6	...	10	6	...	28	7	370	427	
61	Boyalapalle	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
62	Jowkulodudinna	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
63	Mandalapalle	.	.	1,471	1,155	830	617	418	454	108	29	38	24	...	...	11	1	17	9	2	...	47	21	1,000	1,117
64	Buganapalle	.	.	91	83	69	50	14	27	4	...	1	3	...	...	1	...	...	1	...	2	2	...	55	62
65	Gorantla	.	.	1,786	1,031	808	441	366	477	55	9	156	27	9	...	18	2	114	29	13	247	46	1,290	1,862	
66	Kammavaripalle	.	.	671	439	487	306	78	108	30	3	30	10	1	...	1	...	10	2	1	...	33	10	417	620
67	Ganganpalle	.	.	674	481	472	332	90	135	54	...	16	4	...	...	5	...	16	5	...	21	5	344	489	
68	Vanavolu	.	.	1,552	873	1,126	583	230	253	21	...	64	14	...	...	4	...	30	7	2	...	75	16	959	1,485
69	Jakkasamudram	.	.	159	146	92	68	32	72	22	2	7	1	...	...	...	...	4	3	1	...	1	...	92	93
70	Bayyannakuntapalle	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
71	Gownivaripalle	.	.	1,413	973	743	507	438	427	134	3	18	7	...	...	...	...	19	8	...	...	61	21	842	1,209
72	Marreddipalle	.	.	128	117	104	91	15	23	4	...	2	1	...	...	1	...	1	1	...	...	1	1	70	89
73	Puleru	.	.	711	578	518	449	72	91	58	4	18	6	...	...	1	...	11	6	1	...	32	22	412	514
74	Chagaleru	.	.	911	756	647	524	163	204	20	1	35	4	...	...	...	...	11	8	1	...	34	15	531	614
75	Kambaladinna	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.

Uninhabited
Uninhabited

Uninhabited

Uninhabited

Statement showing the Jurisdiction of Enumerators' Blocks in the Urban Areas of Hindupur Taluk

HINDUPUR TOWN

Ward/Locality/ Block No.	Enumerator's Block No. and its Jurisdiction			
	E. B. No.	House Numbers included in the Block		
		From	To	
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	
Ward 1	E.B. 1	1-1	1-64C	
	E.B. 2	1-64D	1-120	
	E.B. 3	1-121	1-197	
	E.B. 4	1-197A	1-276	
Ward 2	E.B. 5	2-1	2-103	
	E.B. 6	2-104	2-214	
	E.B. 7	2-215	2-308	
	E.B. 8	2-309	2-389	
Ward 3	E.B. 9	3-1	3-113	
	E.B. 10	3-114	3-279	
Ward 4	E.B. 11	4-1	4-72A	
	E.B. 12	4-73	4-215	
	E.B. 13	4-216	4-368C	
Ward 5	E.B. 14	5-1	5-120	
	E.B. 15	5-121	5-214	
Ward 6	E.B. 16	6-1	6-76	
	E.B. 17	6-76A	6-170	
	E.B. 18	6-171	6-271A	
	E.B. 19	6-272	6-336	
Ward 7	E.B. 20	7-1	7-114	
	E.B. 21	7-115	7-237	
	E.B. 22	7-238	7-317	
Ward 8	E.B. 23	8-1	8-123	
	E.B. 24	8-124	8-246	
Ward 9	E.B. 25	9-1	9-139	
	E.B. 26	9-140	9-272	
	E.B. 27	9-273	9-317	

Ward/Locality/ Block No.	Enumerator's Block No. and its Jurisdiction			
	E. B. No.	House Numbers included in the Block		
		From	To	
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	
Ward 10	E.B. 28	10-1	10-92	
	E.B. 29	10-93	10-215A	
	E.B. 30	10-216	10-274	
Ward 11	E.B. 31	11-1	11-82	
	E.B. 32	11-83	11-129B	
Ward 12	E.B. 33	12-1	12-132	
	E.B. 34	12-132(1)	12-270	
	E.B. 35	12-271	12-378	
	E.B. 36	12-379	12-448A	
Ward 13	E.B. 37	13-1	13-118	
	E.B. 38	13-119	13-221	
	E.B. 39	13-222	13-362	
Ward 14	E.B. 40	14-1	14-73	
	E.B. 41	14-74	14-196	
	E.B. 42	14-197	14-238	
	E.B. 43	14-239	14-282(T)	
Ward 15	E.B. 44	15-1	15-120A	
	E.B. 45	15-121	15-206A	
	E.B. 46	15-207	15-283	
	E.B. 47	15-284	15-308	
Ward 16	E.B. 48	16-1	16-79	
	E.B. 49	16-80	16-157C	
	E.B. 50	16-157	16-282	
	E.B. 51	16-283	16-390	
	E.B. 52	16-391	16-471B	
	E.B. 53	16-471C	16-560	

TOWN DIRECTORY
(Hindupur Town)

Location Code (1)	Name of Town/Ward or Locality or Block/ Enumerator's Block No. (2)	Facilities						Area in Sq. miles (8)	Occupied Residential Houses		Total number of persons enumerated (including inmates of Institutions and Houseless Persons)				Scheduled Castes		Scheduled Tribes		Literate & Educated Persons		
		Educational (3)	Medical (4)	Drinking water (5)	Communi- cations (6)	Electricity (7)	Po,To 2Rh,R, Rly		E(D&T)	2.50	5,860	5,972	32,445	16,683	15,762	1,264	1,214	19	15	9,373	5,449
	Ward 1	E.B. 1	117	121	606	294	312	6	4	151	101	
	E.B. 2	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	130	130	735	395	340	...	...	...	...	268	193
	E.B. 3	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	191	193	1,021	496	525	4	4	13	14	283	204
	E.B. 4	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	100	100	512	253	259	17	13	3	1	147	110
								Ward Total	538	544	2,874	1,438	1,436	27	21	16	15	849	608		
	Ward 2	E.B. 5	.	.	.	.	.	.	105	105	569	286	283	...	...	...	...	195	130
	E.B. 6	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	113	114	664	318	346	...	...	...	...	219	168
	E.B. 7	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	99	99	633	350	343	...	...	...	...	202	130
	E.B. 8	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	93	96	585	308	277	...	...	...	...	221	159
								Ward Total	410	414	2,511	1,262	1,249	...	...	...	...	837	587
	Ward 3	E.B. 9	.	.	.	.	.	.	101	102	579	290	289	...	...	...	...	178	86
	E.B. 10	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	120	121	633	347	286	...	...	...	...	221	114
								Ward Total	221	223	1,212	637	575	...	...	...	...	399	200
	Ward 4	E.B. 11	.	.	.	.	.	.	117	119	620	295	325	1	2	...	...	199	153
	E.B. 12	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	103	103	615	326	289	...	...	...	...	255	156
	E.B. 13	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	120	125	789	450	339	60	38	...	...	257	133
								Ward Total	340	347	2,024	1,071	953	61	40	...	...	711	442
	Ward 5	E.B. 14	.	.	.	.	.	.	107	107	578	300	278	7	2	...	...	232	147
	E.B. 15	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	74	85	460	224	236	...	...	...	...	178	135
								Ward Total	181	192	1,038	524	514	7	2	...	...	410	282
	Ward 6	E.B. 16	.	.	.	.	.	.	64	64	288	138	150	59	64	...	...	64	37
	E.B. 17	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	101	101	572	293	279	292	279	...	...	72	14
	E.B. 18	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	118	118	597	295	302	289	295	...	...	70	6
	E.B. 19	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	93	93	496	261	235	27	27	...	...	116	47
								Ward Total	376	376	1,953	987	966	667	665	...	...	322	104

(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)	(13)	(14)	(15)	(16)	(17)	(18)	(19)
Ward 7	E.B. 20	.	.	.	.	.	.	118	118	632	334	298	1	...	...	...	180	123
	E.B. 21	.	.	.	.	.	.	129	131	624	301	323	...	...	...	...	223	194
	E.B. 22	.	.	.	.	.	.	82	82	481	253	228	...	...	...	...	181	120
							Ward Total	329	331	1,737	888	849	1	...	...	...	584	437
Ward 8	E.B. 23	.	.	.	.	.	.	129	132	731	352	379	...	...	...	...	242	161
	E.B. 24	.	.	.	.	.	.	121	121	690	361	329	13	16	...	...	158	84
							Ward Total	250	253	1,421	713	708	13	16	...	...	400	245
Ward 9	E.B. 25	.	.	.	.	.	.	151	157	815	388	427	...	...	...	...	151	55
	E.B. 26	.	.	.	.	.	.	142	149	749	387	362	12	14	...	...	209	73
	E.B. 27	.	.	.	.	.	.	54	54	248	124	124	...	...	...	...	61	29
							Ward Total	347	360	1,812	899	913	12	14	...	...	421	157
Ward 10	E.B. 28	.	.	.	.	.	.	118	118	618	294	324	7	1	...	...	146	49
	E.B. 29	.	.	.	.	.	.	114	114	533	270	263	...	...	...	...	117	28
	E.B. 30	.	.	.	.	.	.	64	64	333	176	157	39	39	...	...	54	5
							Ward Total	296	296	1,484	740	744	46	40	...	...	317	82
Ward 11	E.B. 31	.	.	.	.	.	.	78	78	572	289	283	4	3	...	...	184	127
	E.B. 32	.	.	.	.	.	.	53	54	318	163	155	1	...	...	...	83	55
							Ward Total	131	132	890	452	438	5	3	...	...	267	182
Ward 12	E.B. 33	.	.	.	.	.	.	87	87	536	284	252	...	...	...	...	205	124
	E.B. 34	.	.	.	.	.	.	130	131	640	366	274	...	...	...	...	256	84
	E.B. 35	.	.	.	.	.	.	100	100	580	298	282	...	...	...	...	169	123
	E.B. 36	.	.	.	.	.	.	82	82	455	296	219	...	...	1	...	95	40
							Ward Total	399	400	2,211	1,184	1,027	...	...	1	...	725	371
Ward 13	E.B. 37	.	.	.	.	.	.	111	112	684	364	320	1	3	...	...	214	150
	E.B. 38	.	.	.	.	.	.	107	108	657	338	319	...	...	...	...	188	128
	E.B. 39	.	.	.	.	.	.	69	69	506	278	228	...	...	...	...	193	133
							Ward Total	287	289	1,847	980	867	1	3	...	...	595	411
Ward 14	E.B. 40	.	.	.	.	.	.	102	102	687	427	260	6	6	1	...	326	144
	E.B. 41	.	.	.	.	.	.	138	148	670	339	331	271	265	...	...	103	40
	E.B. 42	.	.	.	.	.	.	89	94	485	211	274	...	...	...	...	117	139
							Ward Total	160	167	845	442	403	30	27	...	...	196	84
Ward 15	E.B. 44	.	.	.	.	.	.	171	186	957	482	475	...	...	...	...	244	122
	E.B. 45	.	.	.	.	.	.	121	121	674	351	323	...	...	...	...	169	128
	E.B. 46	.	.	.	.	.	.	102	103	635	326	309	...	...	...	...	180	125
	E.B. 47	.	.	.	.	.	.	44	44	288	144	144	...	...	...	...	69	42
							Ward Total	438	454	2,554	1,303	1,251	...	...	...	...	662	417

TOWN DIRECTORY
(Hindupur Town)

HINDUPUR TALUK

WORKERS

Location Code No.	Name of Town, Ward or Locality or Block/ Enumerator's Block No.	Total Workers (I-IX)		I		II		III		IV		V		VI		VII		VIII		IX		Non- Workers	
		M	F	Cultivator		Agricultural Labourer		Mining, Quarrying, Livestock, Forestry, etc.		Household Industry		Manufacturing other than House- hold Industry		Construc- tion		Trade & Commerce		Transport, Storage & Communi- cations		Other Services			
				M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F		M	F
(1)	(2)	(20)	(21)	(22)	(23)	(24)	(25)	(26)	(27)	(28)	(29)	(30)	(31)	(32)	(33)	(34)	(35)	(36)	(37)	(38)	(39)	(40)	(41)
I HINDUPUR TOWN M.																							
		8,777	1,986	474	213	150	237	88	39	575	230	1,315	73	430	51	2,301	314	935	8	2,509	821	7,906	13,776
Ward 1																							
	E.B. 1	156	49	15	19	...	...	...	1	18	6	24	4	6	...	18	2	24	...	51	17	138	263
	E.B. 2	197	14	5	2	...	...	...	...	25	2	39	...	5	...	26	3	36	...	61	7	198	326
	E.B. 3	260	34	1	...	...	...	...	...	27	5	51	2	8	...	45	5	41	...	87	22	236	491
	E.B. 4	129	18	2	...	...	...	1	...	10	6	23	2	2	...	23	3	15	...	53	7	124	241
Ward Total		742	115	23	21	...	...	1	1	80	19	137	8	21	...	112	13	116	...	252	53	696	1,321
Ward 2																							
	E.B. 5	153	17	1	...	...	...	1	...	8	2	30	1	3	...	45	4	35	...	30	10	133	266
	E.B. 6	162	13	...	...	...	...	...	...	4	...	25	3	2	...	68	3	39	...	24	7	156	333
	E.B. 7	170	26	5	1	1	...	2	...	11	13	39	...	2	...	55	7	20	...	35	5	180	317
	E.B. 8	170	13	2	...	...	...	...	...	14	6	39	3	5	...	55	3	24	...	31	1	138	264
Ward Total		655	69	8	1	1	...	3	...	37	21	133	7	12	...	223	17	118	...	120	23	607	1,180
Ward 3																							
	E.B. 9	147	26	4	...	...	...	...	...	2	5	26	...	4	1	45	13	30	...	36	7	143	263
	E.B. 10	231	14	5	...	...	...	...	...	9	3	14	3	3	...	100	2	26	1	74	5	116	272
Ward Total		378	40	9	...	...	...	...	...	11	8	40	3	7	1	145	15	56	1	110	12	259	535
Ward 4																							
	E.B. 11	172	47	2	2	...	...	4	4	...	...	69	3	13	...	47	14	15	...	22	24	123	278
	E.B. 12	160	9	4	...	...	...	...	...	42	2	11	...	1	...	75	5	10	...	17	2	166	280
	E.B. 13	237	25	6	...	...	...	...	...	18	2	37	...	1	...	86	...	22	2	67	21	213	314
Ward Total		569	81	12	2	...	...	4	4	60	4	117	3	15	...	208	19	47	2	106	47	502	872
Ward 5																							
	E.B. 14	129	17	2	3	...	...	...	...	5	4	27	1	5	...	64	4	4	...	22	5	171	261
	E.B. 15	120	10	5	...	...	...	...	...	1	5	4	...	...	...	84	...	6	...	20	5	104	226
Ward Total		249	27	7	3	...	...	...	...	6	9	31	1	5	...	148	4	10	...	42	10	275	487
Ward 6																							
	E.B. 16	83	33	...	...	...	...	3	3	2	2	12	1	4	8	8	3	9	...	45	16	55	117
	E.B. 17	165	134	4	...	4	16	6	...	2	...	12	7	13	12	9	22	4	...	111	77	128	145
	E.B. 18	172	156	...	2	9	33	9	4	...	...	8	13	15	17	11	26	12	...	108	61	123	146
	E.B. 19	144	48	11	3	3	...	2	...	...	1	8	...	76	...	13	34	7	...	24	10	117	187
Ward Total		564	371	15	5	16	49	20	7	4	3	40	21	108	37	41	85	32	...	288	164	423	595

(1)	(2)	(20)	(21)	(22)	(23)	(24)	(25)	(26)	(27)	(28)	(29)	(30)	(31)	(32)	(33)	(34)	(35)	(36)	(37)	(38)	(39)	(40)	(41)
Ward	7 E.B. 20 . .	152	23	3	1	...	...	3	...	11	2	34	...	6	...	34	3	13	...	48	17	182	275
	E.B. 21 . .	142	27	7	2	...	...	...	...	7	6	23	2	3	1	37	3	8	...	57	13	159	296
	E.B. 22 . .	102	13	7	...	...	...	...	...	1	...	17	...	...	...	56	10	1	...	20	3	151	215
	Ward Total	396	63	17	3	...	...	3	...	19	8	74	2	9	1	127	16	22	...	125	33	492	786
Ward	8 E.B. 23 . .	169	36	5	...	5	7	...	1	3	7	44	3	11	1	25	11	5	...	71	6	183	343
	E.B. 24 . .	204	22	5	1	...	2	1	...	20	3	78	1	15	1	27	8	12	...	46	6	157	307
	Ward Total	373	58	10	1	5	9	1	1	23	10	122	4	26	2	52	19	17	...	117	12	340	650
Ward	9 E.B. 25 . .	222	93	16	3	...	...	...	...	18	...	35	...	13	...	37	7	9	...	94	83	166	334
	E.B. 26 . .	220	46	31	8	2	2	1	...	35	13	46	...	15	1	41	6	6	...	43	16	167	316
	E.B. 27 . .	77	31	16	...	...	8	...	...	4	1	7	...	1	...	20	9	1	...	28	13	47	93
	Ward Total	519	170	63	11	2	10	1	...	57	14	88	...	29	1	98	22	16	...	165	112	380	743
Ward	10 E.B. 28 . .	183	102	18	7	7	20	5	...	12	28	33	1	36	1	41	29	3	...	28	16	111	222
	E.B. 29 . .	164	87	17	20	14	14	4	4	16	15	13	...	31	2	18	4	7	...	44	28	106	176
	E.B. 30 . .	110	70	28	16	19	42	1	...	3	7	15	1	17	...	14	2	3	...	10	2	66	87
	Ward Total	457	259	63	43	40	76	10	4	31	50	61	2	84	3	73	35	13	...	82	46	283	485
Ward	11 E.B. 31 . .	159	50	44	16	16	19	...	...	2	14	15	...	2	...	53	...	10	...	17	1	130	233
	E.B. 32 . .	80	15	17	6	6	1	...	...	...	...	2	1	...	...	17	...	16	...	19	6	83	140
	Ward Total	239	65	61	22	22	20	...	...	2	16	16	...	6	...	70	...	26	...	36	7	213	373
Ward	12 E.B. 33 . .	142	6	3	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	9	...	...	...	70	2	1	...	59	4	142	246
	E.B. 34 . .	204	38	4	1	1	...	1	2	9	15	38	...	7	...	80	6	14	1	50	13	162	236
	E.B. 35 . .	140	20	4	2	...	...	...	...	10	2	25	...	14	...	38	2	3	...	44	14	158	262
	E.B. 36 . .	117	12	3	...	1	...	1	...	2	2	18	...	18	...	28	2	11	...	35	8	119	207
	Ward Total	603	76	14	3	4	...	2	2	21	19	90	...	39	...	216	12	29	1	188	39	581	951
Ward	13 E.B. 37 . .	196	7	7	...	2	...	1	...	45	1	17	1	1	...	68	1	36	...	19	4	168	313
	E.B. 38 . .	179	11	...	...	1	...	...	...	34	1	23	...	1	...	58	3	22	...	40	7	159	308
	E.B. 39 . .	137	10	2	...	...	...	...	...	9	1	1	...	5	...	89	...	1	...	30	9	141	218
	Ward Total	512	28	9	...	3	...	1	...	88	3	41	1	7	...	215	4	59	...	89	20	468	839
Ward	14 E.B. 40 . .	206	22	7	...	2	3	2	...	4	3	17	...	5	...	40	...	17	...	112	16	221	238
	E.B. 41 . .	143	85	...	...	1	...	...	...	1	1	14	3	1	1	23	6	12	...	92	73	196	246
	E.B. 42 . .	105	24	5	...	...	2	...	...	13	5	9	2	2	...	20	4	6	1	50	10	106	250
	E.B. 43 . .	207	41	4	3	...	...	4	...	16	2	44	5	7	4	59	8	25	...	48	19	235	362
	Ward Total	661	172	16	3	2	6	6	...	34	11	84	10	15	5	142	18	60	1	302	118	758	1,096
Ward	15 E.B. 44 . .	248	20	7	...	...	...	...	...	21	1	23	...	3	1	86	5	38	...	70	13	234	455
	E.B. 45 . .	198	20	1	...	1	...	...	...	8	2	59	...	2	...	77	10	19	...	31	8	153	303
	E.B. 46 . .	162	8	7	...	...	...	...	...	15	3	17	...	...	...	76	1	39	...	8	4	164	301
	E.B. 47 . .	80	3	...	...	...	...	...	...	3	...	24	...	...	...	24	1	14	...	15	2	64	141
	Ward Total	688	51	15	...	1	...	...	...	47	6	123	...	5	1	263	17	110	...	124	27	615	1,200

TOWN DIRECTORY
(Hindupur Town)

ANANTAPUR DISTRICT HINDUPUR TALUK

Location Code No.	Name of Town/Ward or Locality or Block/ Enumerator's Block No.	Facilities					Area in Sq. miles	Occupied Residential Houses		Total number of persons enumerated (including inmates of Institutions and Houseless Persons)						Scheduled Castes		Scheduled Tribes		Literate & Educated Persons		
		Educa- tional	Medical	Drinking Water	Communi- cations	Electricity		No. of Houses	No. of Households	P	M	F	(12)	(13)	M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)	(13)	(14)	(15)	(16)	(17)	(18)	(19)				
Ward 16	E.B. 48	.	.	.	.	.	.	126	134	652	342	310	14	16	...	...	...	191	116	...	...
	E.B. 49	.	.	.	.	.	.	107	115	565	293	272	11	11	...	...	...	130	65	...	...
	E.B. 50	.	.	.	.	.	.	205	210	988	529	459	3	8	1	...	...	351	178	...	...
	E.B. 51	.	.	.	.	.	.	120	121	665	342	323	34	14	...	...	...	125	38	...	...
	E.B. 52	.	.	.	.	.	.	96	96	505	262	243	49	56	...	...	...	105	36	...	...
	E.B. 53	.	.	.	.	.	.	174	174	815	418	397	6	7	...	...	...	230	84	...	...
	Ward Total							828	850	4,190	2,186	2,004	117	112	1	...	...	1,132	517	...	...

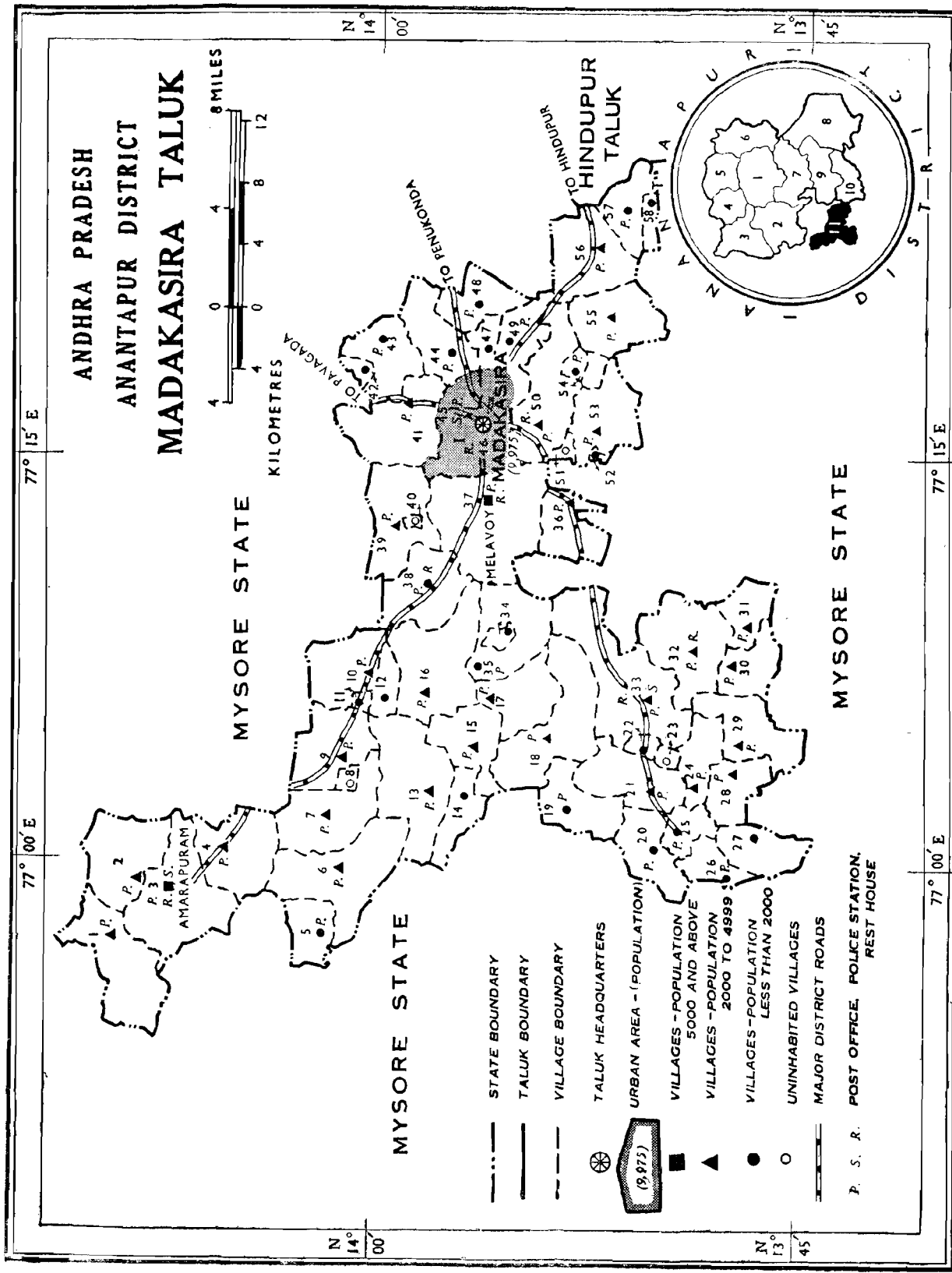
Note:—Abbreviations under cols. 3 to 7 above : Please refer page 27.

TOWN DIRECTORY
(Hindupur Town)

ANANTAPUR DISTRICT HINDUPUR TALUK

Location Code No.	Name of Town/Ward or Locality or Block/ Enumerator's Block No.	WORKERS																					
		I		II		III		IV		V		VI		VII		VIII		IX		X			
		Cultivator		Agricultural Labourer		Mining, Quarrying, Livestock, Forestry, etc.		Household Industry		Manufacturing other than House- hold Industry		Construc- tion		Trade & Commerce		Transport, Storage & Communi- cations		Other Services		Non- Workers			
		M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F		
(1)	(2)	(20)	(21)	(22)	(23)	(24)	(25)	(26)	(27)	(28)	(29)	(30)	(31)	(32)	(33)	(34)	(35)	(36)	(37)	(38)	(39)	(40)	(41)
Ward 16	E.B. 48	188	22	4	...	8	5	7	1	3	...	53	4	2	...	50	5	31	...	30	7	154	288
	E.B. 49	141	18	3	1	...	...	...	...	4	...	37	4	...	...	20	5	32	2	45	6	152	254
	E.B. 50	274	67	10	1	6	3	1	...	2	...	13	1	2	...	25	...	103	1	112	61	255	392
	E.B. 51	205	171	93	89	15	40	1	...	20	28	2	...	9	...	6	...	12	...	47	14	137	152
	E.B. 52	137	48	22	4	25	19	25	19	4	1	8	...	13	...	17	1	2	...	21	4	125	195
	E.B. 53	227	15	...	...	...	...	2	...	22	...	5	2	16	...	50	7	24	...	108	6	191	382
	Ward Total	1,172	341	132	95	54	67	36	20	55	29	118	11	42	...	168	18	204	3	363	98	1,014	1,663

MADAKASIRA TALUK



S. AHMED
 DRAUGHTSMAN

Prepared at the Office of the Superintendent of Census Operations,
 Andhra Pradesh, Hyderabad.

ALPHABETICAL LIST OF VILLAGES

MADAKASIRA TALUK

1961 Location Code No.	Name of Village	1961 Location Code No.	Name of Village
28	Agali	35	Konkallu
23	Akkagaladevarahalli	42	Kothalam
3	Amarapuram	11	Kumbaranagenahalli
41	Amidalagondi		
48	Anantapuram	46	Madakasira
		25	Madhudi
9	Basavanahalli	45	Mallinayakanahalli
18	Bommagondanahalli	17	Mandalahalli
49	Bullasamudram	55	Manur
26	Byadigera	37	Melavoy
		13	Morubagal
		15	Muthukur
43	Chandakacheria		
47	Chatram	24	Narasambudi
12	Chigaturpi	5	Nidragatta
31	Dodderi	40	Pillerahalli
36	Govindapuram	39	Rallahalli
44	Gowdanahalli	32	Ratnagiri
16	Gudibanda	20	Ruvudi
14	Gunimorubagal	19	Rayapuram
		34	Rayapuram
4	Halukur	33	Rolla
50	Haresamudram		
6	Hemavathi	7	Sivaram
27	Hullikeradevarahalli		
21	Inagalur	2	Tamadchalli
		58	Thirumaladevarahalli
51	Jadrahalli	22	Thubinakunta
30	Kaki	54	Upparahalli
56	Kallumarri		
52	Karesankanahalli	1	Valasa
10	Karikera	8	Veerabommanahalli
38	Kekathi		
57	Kodigenahalli		
29	Kodihalli	53	Yerrabommanahalli

Location Code No.	Name of Village	Facilities					Area in Sq. miles	Occupied Residential Houses		Total number of persons enumerated (including inmates of Institutions and Houseless Persons)					Scheduled Castes		Scheduled Tribes		Literate & Educated Persons	
		Educational	Medical	Drinking Water	Communications	Electricity		Houses		P	M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F
								No. of Houses	No. of Households											
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)	(13)	(14)	(15)	(16)	(17)	(18)	(19)		
11. MADAKASIRA TALUK																				
	Total Rural						417.0	24,996	25,517	135,926	69,594	66,332	13,973	13,053	966	916	19,168	4,171		
	Urban						403.5	23,041	23,547	125,951	64,459	61,492	13,239	12,359	950	898	16,977	3,154		
							13.5	1,955	1,970	9,975	5,135	4,840	734	694	16	18	2,191	1,017		
1	Valsava	P	...	W	Po, R	...	12.11	700	700	3,992	2,036	1,956	449	393	17	11	575	101		
2	Amadehalli	P	...	W	Po, R	...	10.66	634	634	3,368	1,719	1,649	328	330	3	2	376	21		
3	Amadapuram	2P, H	D	W	Po, R, H	...	0.97	1,172	1,200	6,424	3,267	3,157	383	380	8	6	1,411	518		
4	Halukur	P	...	W	Po, R	...	10.35	617	617	3,329	1,756	1,573	615	542	...	...	533	136
5	Nidragatta	P	...	W	Po, R	...	4.96	260	260	1,305	612	693	151	175	...	...	141	15
6	Hemavathi	H	D	W	Po, R	...	14.48	918	926	4,806	2,430	2,376	426	413	...	...	769	210
7	Sivaram	P	...	W	Po, R	...	10.58	487	487	2,597	1,277	1,320	300	314	6	7	313	53		
8	Veerabommanahalli	...	...	W	Po, R	...	0.83	...	Uninhabited	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
9	Basavanahalli	P	Mew	W	Po, R	...	9.00	536	536	3,064	1,557	1,507	361	367	53	40	431	47		
10	Karikera	P	...	W	Po, R	...	7.79	422	422	2,115	1,069	1,046	275	288	...	1	204	30		
11	Kunbaraganahalli	P	...	W	R	...	0.67	163	163	882	466	416	94	69	...	...	127	7
12	Chigaturpi	...	...	W	R	...	2.68	121	121	673	348	325	74	74	...	...	93	10
13	Morubagal	P	D	W	Po, R	...	13.57	769	769	4,052	2,056	1,996	423	421	...	...	457	81
14	Gummorubagal	P	...	W	R	...	4.82	200	200	1,089	563	526	79	69	...	...	104	34
15	Muthakur	P	...	W	Po, R	...	7.62	648	648	3,392	1,738	1,654	330	288	85	82	438	54		
16	Gudibanda	P, H	...	W	Po, R	...	14.91	789	789	4,350	2,230	2,120	384	372	76	68	582	124		
17	Mandalahalli	3P	...	W	Po, R	...	7.56	537	551	2,956	1,489	1,467	326	303	20	25	374	49		
18	Bommgondanahalli	4P	...	W	Po, R	...	14.12	640	721	3,909	1,903	2,006	363	308	...	...	426	41
19	Rayapuram	4P	...	W	Po, R	...	7.63	398	398	1,988	1,021	967	275	229	3	3	239	22		
20	Ravudi	P	...	W	Po, R	...	6.73	337	347	1,890	959	931	164	163	9	4	257	20		
21	Inagalur	3P	...	W	Po, R	...	8.80	570	707	2,960	1,503	1,457	281	294	3	4	420	49		
22	Thubinakunta	...	...	W	...	...	1.13	26	28	125	63	62	...	...	6	5	19	5
23	Akkagaladevarahalli	...	...	...	...	...	0.73	...	Uninhabited	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
24	Narasambudi	2P	...	W	Po, R	...	4.86	462	484	2,247	1,117	1,130	185	202	6	7	340	16		
25	Madhudi	P	...	W	Po, R	...	3.26	372	372	1,817	880	937	161	166	2	1	323	137		
26	Byadigera	P	...	W	Po	...	3.43	273	273	1,484	757	727	187	199	...	...	201	32
27	Hullikeradevarahalli	P	...	W	...	...	5.87	82	87	499	263	236	28	31	26	18	82	16
28	Agali	2P, H	D	W	Po, R	...	5.37	746	764	4,059	2,119	1,940	441	368	1	4	856	242		
29	Kodihalli	3P	...	W	Po, R	...	8.70	595	596	3,263	1,675	1,588	293	299	6	3	414	35		
30	Kaki	P	...	W	Po	...	5.31	457	457	2,414	1,277	1,137	334	178	...	...	324	39

(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)	(13)	(14)	(15)	(16)	(17)	(18)	(19)
31	Dodderi	3P	...	W	Po,R	...	4.56	409	419	2,210	1,166	1,044	211	100	...	...	348	67
32	Ratnagiri	4P,H	...	W	Po,R	...	11.85	902	908	4,747	2,461	2,286	409	361	23	12	631	150
33	Rofia	2P	...	W	Po,Rh,R	...	18.27	740	888	4,972	2,564	2,408	399	412	113	140	652	84
34	Rayapuram	P	...	W	...	...	1.06	118	118	669	348	321	108	109	...	...	83	11
35	Konkallu	2P	...	W	Po,R	...	9.37	278	278	1,419	724	695	108	116	...	...	161	19
36	Govindapuram	3P	...	W	Po,R	...	6.94	619	620	3,311	1,702	1,609	285	251	3	5	455	70
37	Melavoy	2P	...	W	Po,2Rh,R	...	18.77	1,043	1,043	5,813	3,033	2,780	730	647	163	104	790	134
38	Kekathi	3P	...	W	Po,Rh,R	...	9.12	335	335	1,950	1,034	916	270	243	23	24	186	25
39	Rallahalli	...	...	W	Po,R	...	10.28	671	674	3,443	1,784	1,659	481	426	1	...	452	63
40	Pillerahalli	...	...	...	...	...	0.36	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
41	Amidalagondi	P	...	W	Po,R	...	11.05	576	577	3,176	1,663	1,513	388	345	29	29	380	49
42	Kothalam	...	...	W	...	...	1.14	29	29	159	81	78	6	1	30	24	15	9
43	Chandakacherla	3P	...	W	Po,R	...	7.10	318	318	1,537	762	775	163	174	87	82	137	28
44	Gowdanahalli	P	...	W	Po,R	...	7.60	305	305	1,444	740	704	162	149	3	1	112	6
45	Mallinayakanahalli	...	...	...	...	...	1.88	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
46	Madakasira	...	...	...	...	...	11.65	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
47	Chattram	2P	...	W	R	...	2.29	190	190	874	460	414	115	118	...	...	108	10
48	Anantapuram	2P	...	W	Po,R	...	5.75	326	326	1,764	899	865	261	249	...	...	196	20
49	Bujasamudram	2P	...	W	Po,R	...	6.13	350	350	1,755	920	835	216	216	...	...	228	28
50	Haresamudram	2P	...	W	Po,Rh,R	...	12.80	504	504	2,638	1,337	1,301	227	202	15	24	271	71
51	Jadrahalli	...	...	...	...	...	0.91	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
52	Karesankamahalli	...	...	W	R	...	0.54	5	5	28	15	13	15	13	...	...	...	...
53	Yerrabommahalli	3P	...	W	Po,R	...	8.31	497	508	2,608	1,354	1,254	347	335	16	15	303	51
54	Upparahalli	...	...	W	Po,R	...	0.99	35	35	196	100	96	...	...	...	...	2	...
55	Manur	P	...	W	Po,R	...	9.47	186	186	2,629	1,315	1,314	239	277	110	144	235	25
56	Kallumari	3P	D	W	Po,R	...	10.02	488	488	2,498	1,304	1,194	218	208	4	3	232	44
57	Kodigenahalli	P	...	W	Po,R	...	5.99	186	186	1,062	543	519	171	172	...	...	171	46
58	Thirumaladevarahalli	...	...	...	...	...	0.70	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...

Note :- Abbreviations under Cols. 3 to 7 above : Please refer page 27.

VILLAGE DIRECTORY

WORKERS

Location Code	Name of Village	Total Workers (I-IX)																								X
		I		II		III		IV		V		VI		VII		VIII		IX								
		Cultivator		Agricultural Labourer		Mining, Quarrying, Livestock, Forestry, etc.		Household Industry		Manufacturing other than Household Industry		Construction		Trade & Commerce		Transport, Storage & Communications		Other Services								
		M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F							
(1)	(2)	(20)	(21)	(22)	(23)	(24)	(25)	(26)	(27)	(28)	(29)	(30)	(31)	(32)	(33)	(34)	(35)	(36)	(37)	(38)	(39)	(40)	(41)			
11.	MADAKASIRA TALUK	Total	43,677	31,477	27,741	20,241	5,357	8,080	3,718	532	2,879	1,454	84	6	203	33	1,382	545	159	...	2,154	586	25,917	34,855		
		Rural	40,786	29,875	26,659	19,521	4,981	7,526	3,502	490	2,603	1,351	44	5	163	33	1,086	475	88	...	1,660	474	23,673	31,617		
		Urban	2,891	1,602	1,082	720	376	554	216	42	276	103	40	1	40	...	296	70	71	...	494	112	2,244	3,238		
1	Valasa	1,301	913	660	469	281	325	136	19	135	69	...	...	...	2	...	38	16	2	...	47	15	735	1,043
2	Tanadehalli	1,136	814	540	368	239	269	115	22	146	99	...	...	...	25	19	25	16	2	...	44	21	583	835
3	Amarapuram	1,925	1,068	750	430	233	329	126	15	368	221	...	...	...	25	8	221	24	27	...	175	40	1,342	2,089
4	Halukur	1,102	766	712	408	218	305	69	4	57	33	...	...	...	1	...	17	9	2	...	26	7	654	807
5	Nidragatta	361	377	230	266	28	45	28	17	46	40	...	...	...	1	...	5	3	1	...	22	6	251	316
6	Hemavathi	1,489	1,167	1,064	858	127	224	95	15	70	43	9	2	4	...	...	46	12	...	...	74	13	941	1,209
7	Sivaram	797	568	561	401	111	138	52	...	29	7	...	...	...	...	...	16	8	1	...	27	14	480	752
8	Veerabommanahalli	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
9	Dasavenahalli	1,020	803	814	663	93	111	24	1	50	10	...	...	...	...	...	10	10	1	...	28	8	537	704
10	Karikera	721	517	517	375	61	113	64	4	29	13	...	...	...	3	...	20	5	2	...	25	7	348	529
11	Kumbaranagenahalli	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
12	Chigaturpi	272	242	223	209	15	19	11	2	12	3	...	...	...	...	...	5	5	...	...	6	4	194	174
13	Morubagal	233	180	182	117	14	49	21	6	9	7	...	...	...	...	...	2	1	...	...	5	...	115	145
14	Gummorubagal	1,330	1,069	880	805	141	187	145	33	74	12	2	...	...	...	...	33	18	1	...	54	14	726	927
15	Muthukur	371	251	217	169	34	56	75	...	5	3	8	...	...	...	7	1	7	15	...	18	7	192	275
16	Gudibanda	1,053	871	633	476	172	239	42	2	153	106	1	6	...	20	40	2	...	24	8	685	783	
17	Mandalahalli	1,376	1,012	843	642	249	313	46	8	109	27	...	...	...	19	...	44	7	1	...	65	15	854	1,108
18	Bomnagondanahalli	967	801	615	567	115	182	122	15	51	20	...	...	...	3	...	19	11	4	...	36	6	522	666
19	Rayapuram	1,219	990	884	731	84	147	134	12	64	78	4	...	...	1	...	12	6	3	...	33	16	684	1,016
20	Ravudi	713	463	530	354	39	49	92	25	23	23	...	...	...	...	...	8	6	1	...	20	6	308	504
21	Inagalur	662	537	462	384	46	89	70	20	52	27	...	...	...	2	...	13	14	...	...	17	3	297	394
22	Thubinakunta	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
23	Akkagaladevarahalli	984	766	708	581	67	111	127	38	22	8	...	...	...	...	...	13	6	...	...	47	22	519	691
24	Narasambudi	46	30	33	29	2	1	8	...	2	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	17	32
25	Madhudi	713	515	575	434	38	50	58	4	11	14	2	...	...	...	...	12	10	...	...	17	3	404	615
26	Byadigera	560	433	313	205	119	197	45	6	28	8	3	...	...	3	...	12	7	2	...	35	10	320	504
27	Hullikeradevarahalli	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
28	Agali	479	317	288	201	37	64	22	1	90	45	...	...	...	...	...	19	1	...	...	23	5	278	410
29	Kodihalli	155	129	122	113	6	9	15	5	4	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	8	2	108	107
30	Kaki	1,195	820	697	577	111	155	100	19	94	11	3	1	8	...	...	74	27	7	...	101	30	924	1,120
		1,083	782	837	626	83	104	98	38	30	7	...	...	...	2	...	11	3	1	...	21	4	592	806
		844	466	639	359	98	90	64	9	15	1	...	...	...	1	...	9	2	...	...	18	5	433	671

Statement showing the Jurisdiction of Enumerators' Blocks in the Urban Areas of Madakasira Taluk

MADAKASIRA TOWN

Ward/Locality/ Block No.	Enumerator's Block No. and its Jurisdiction			Ward/Locality/ Block No.	Enumerator's Block No. and its Jurisdiction		
	E.B. No.	House Numbers included in the Block			E.B. No.	House Numbers included in the Block	
		From	To			From	To
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)
Block 1 } Block 3 } Block 20 }	E.B. 133	{ 1-1 3-1 20-1	{ 1-125 3-44 20-34	Block 10	E.B. 140	10-1	10-130
Block 2 } Block 6 }		{ 2-1 6-1	{ 2-62 6-103(2)	Block 11	E.B. 141	11-1	11-134
Block 4		E.B. 134	4-1	4-203(2)	Block 12 } Block 15 }	E.B. 142	{ 12-1 15-1	{ 12-117 15-71
Block 5	E.B. 135	5-1	5-144	Block 13	E.B. 143	13-1	13-156(2)
Block 7	E.B. 137	7-1	7-182	Block 14	E.B. 144	14-1	14-150
Block 8	E.B. 138	8-1	8-126	Block 16 } Block 17 } Block 18 }	E.B. 145	{ 16-1 17-1 18-1	{ 16-54 17-46 18-47
Block 9	E.B. 139	9-1	9-117	Block 19	E.B. 146	19-1	19-158

TOWN DIRECTORY (Madakasira Town)

ANANTAPUR DISTRICT

MADAKASIRA TALUK

Location Code No.	Name of Town/Ward or Locality or Block/ Enumerator's Block No.	Facilities					Area in Sq. miles	Occupied Residential Houses		Total number of persons enumerated (including inmates of Institutions and Houseless Persons)				Scheduled Castes		Scheduled Tribes		Literate & Educated Persons	
		Educational	Medical	Drinking Water	Communi- cations	Electricity		No. of Houses	No. of Households	P	M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F	
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)	(13)	(14)	(15)	(16)	(17)	(18)	(19)	
1 MADAKASIRA TOWN P.																			
Block 1 Block 3 Block 20	E.B. 133	209	1,955	1,970	9,975	5,135	4,840	734	694	16	18	2,191	1,017
Block 2 Block 6	E.B. 136	.	.	.	.	.	.	134	136	749	392	357	2	...	2	2	228	141
Block 4	E.B. 134	.	.	.	.	.	.	167	174	911	468	443	43	43	...	...	277	138
Block 5	E.B. 135	.	.	.	.	.	.	136	139	802	399	403	359	360	...	...	144	21
Block 7	E.B. 137	.	.	.	.	.	.	153	153	772	393	379	...	...	...	...	205	126
Block 8	E.B. 138	.	.	.	.	.	.	99	99	581	303	278	1	...	...	...	64	26
Block 9	E.B. 139	.	.	.	.	.	.	111	111	570	328	242	...	...	...	...	108	34
Block 10	E.B. 140	.	.	.	.	.	.	109	109	559	296	263	...	...	...	...	92	31
Block 11	E.B. 141	.	.	.	.	.	.	119	119	573	299	274	...	...	...	...	130	31
Block 12 Block 15	E.B. 142	.	.	.	.	.	.	158	158	760	371	389	82	94	...	...	241	131
Block 13	E.B. 143	.	.	.	.	.	.	148	148	714	357	357	...	...	...	...	219	132
Block 14	E.B. 144	.	.	.	.	.	.	148	148	683	365	318	24	...	...	...	229	114
Block 16 Block 17 Block 18	E.B. 145	.	.	.	.	.	.	111	111	528	265	263	1	...	...	...	68	12
Block 19	E.B. 146	.	.	.	.	.	.	153	156	828	417	411	120	104	...	...	110	16

Note :- Abbreviations under Cols. 3 to 7 above : Please refer page 27.

TOWN DIRECTORY (Madakasira Town)

ANANTAPUR DISTRICT

MADAKASIRA TALUK

WORKERS

Location Code No.	Name of Town/Ward/ or Locality or Block/ Enumerator's Block No.	Total Workers (I-IX)		I		II		III Mining, Quarrying, Livestock, Forestry, etc.		IV		V		VI		VII		VIII		IX		X	
		Cultivator		Agricultural Labourer		Mining, Quarrying, Livestock, Forestry, etc.		Household Industry		Manufacturing other than House- hold Industry		Construc- tion		Trade & Commerce		Transport, Storage & Communi- cations		Other Services		Non- Workers			
		M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F
(1)	(2)	(20)	(21)	(22)	(23)	(24)	(25)	(26)	(27)	(28)	(29)	(30)	(31)	(32)	(33)	(34)	(35)	(36)	(37)	(38)	(39)	(40)	(41)
I	MADAKASIRA TOWN P.	2,891	1,602	1,082	720	376	554	216	42	276	103	40	1	40	..	296	70	71	...	494	112	2,244	3,238
Block 1	E.B. 133 . . Block 3 } Block 20 }	347	278	163	82	26	102	72	12	54	60	...	...	1	...	11	8	5	...	15	14	135	185
Block 2		195	68	79	43	14	18	...	...	27	2	1	...	3	...	53	3	2	...	16	2	197	289
Block 4	E.B. 134 . .	232	106	83	82	2	9	9	4	22	2	6	...	3	...	68	9	8	...	31	...	236	337
Block 5	E.B. 135 . .	254	201	24	3	205	190	...	...	5	...	...	...	...	...	7	2	1	...	12	6	145	202
Block 7	E.B. 137 . .	197	49	55	22	12	14	2	...	14	3	5	...	1	...	43	2	11	...	54	8	196	330
Block 8	E.B. 138 . .	181	125	82	72	26	37	16	...	15	...	1	...	1	...	21	12	10	...	9	4	122	153
Block 9	E.B. 139 . .	210	89	81	32	1	6	4	1	29	7	7	...	4	...	21	12	5	...	58	31	118	153
Block 10	E.B. 140 . .	155	57	40	3	32	41	1	...	33	4	2	...	3	...	13	5	5	...	26	4	141	206
Block 11	E.B. 141 . .	179	76	68	36	22	29	6	2	26	...	1	...	2	...	14	5	6	...	34	4	120	198
Block 12	E.B. 142 . . Block 15 }	190	87	56	35	17	27	10	1	13	5	10	...	4	...	17	1	2	...	61	18	181	302
Block 13		E.B. 143 . .	151	32	26	11	6	12	9	2	7	...	5	...	10	3	8	...	80	4	206	325
Block 14	E.B. 144 . .	164	59	42	22	1	26	3	...	17	4	...	...	7	...	10	1	4	...	80	6	201	259
Block 16	E.B. 145 . . Block 17 } Block 18 }	166	140	108	107	1	5	36	5	4	13	...	...	6	...	2	3*	2	...	7	7	99	123
Block 19		E.B. 146 . .	270	235	175	170	11	38	57	17	8	1	...	1	6	4	2	...	11	4	147	176

The following abbreviations have been used in the above Village and Town Directories :-

- (i) *Educational facilities are shown by the following symbols under col. 3:—*
 P : Primary School, M : Middle School, H : High School; C : Higher Institutions including Colleges, T : Technical Institutions
- (ii) *Medical and Public Health facilities are shown by the following symbols under col. 4:—*
 D : Dispensaries, Rhc : Rural Health Centres, Hos : Hospitals, Mcw : Maternity Child Welfare Centres
- (iii) *Drinking water facilities are shown by the following symbols under col. 5:—*
 S : Safe or Protected water supply including Tube Wells etc., W : Well, Tk : Tank, Riv : River
- (iv) *Communications and Transport facilities are shown by the following symbols under col. 6:—*
 Po : Post Office, To : Telegraph Office or Public Call Office, Rh : Rest Houses and Choultries, R : Road, Rly : Railway
- (v) *Electrification facilities are shown by the following symbols under col. 7:—*
 E : Electricity, E(I) : Electricity in Industrial use, E(A) : Electricity in Agricultural use, E(D) : Electricity in Domestic use

SUB-TABLE I TO VILLAGE & TOWN DIRECTORY
SOURCE OF IRRIGATION, CROPS RAISED AND VALUE OF LAND

Location Code No. of Village	Source of irrigation	Crops raised			Value of land per acre (in Rupees)			
		Important Wet crops raised	Important dry crops raised	Whether mainly wet or dry	Wet land		Dry land	
					High	Low	High	Low
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)
I ANANTAPUR TALUK								
1	Tk	P,R	J,S,K,G,Cor,C	Dry	4,000	1,000	500	100
2	C	P,R	J,S,K,G,Cor,C	Dry	3,000	2,000	400	150
3	Tk	P,R	J,S,K,G,Cor,C	Dry	3,000	1,000	300	100
4	Tk,C	P,R	J,S,K,G,Cor,C	Dry	1,000	400	500	150
5	Tk	P,R	J,S,K,G,Cor,C	Dry	1,500	500	500	160
6	C	P,R	J,S,K,G,Cor,C	Dry	2,000	500	400	150
7	C	P,R	J,S,K,G,Cor,C	Dry	2,500	1,000	500	250
8	C	P,R	J,S,K,G,Cor,C	Dry	2,000	400	800	300
9,11	...	P,R	J,S,K,G,Cor,C	Dry	N.A.	N.A.	850	400
10	Tk	P,R	J,S,K,G,Cor,C	Dry	2,500	1,500	800	400
12,63	Tk,C	P,R	J,S,K,G,Cor,C	Dry	2,000	1,000	700	300
13	W	P,R	J,S,K,G,Cor,C	Dry	500	100	500	250
14	W,C	P,R	J,S,K,G,Cor,C	Dry	1,000	500	500	150
15,109	...	P,R	J,S,K,G,Cor,C	Dry	N.A.	N.A.	500	100
16	C	P,R	J,S,K,G,Cor,C	Dry	3,000	1,500	600	250
17,48	C	P,R	J,S,K,G,Cor,C	Dry	3,000	1,000	800	300
18	C,Sc,Riv	P,R	J,S,K,G,Cor,C	Wet	3,000	1,500	900	250
19	C	P,R	J,K,G,Cor,C	Dry	3,000	500	400	150
20	Tk,Sc	P,R	J,K,G	Dry	1,000	600	300	100
21	...	P,R	J,K,G,Cor,C	Dry	N.A.	N.A.	300	200
22,27	Tk,C	P,R	J,S,K,G,Cor,C	Dry	1,500	500	500	100
23	Tk,C	P,R	J,S,K,G,Cor,C	Dry	2,000	500	200	50
24	C	P,R	J,S,K,G,Cor,C	Dry	2,000	1,000	800	300
25	C	P,R	J,S,K,G,Cor,C	Dry	1,000	500	300	100
26	C	P,R	J,S,K,G,Cor,C	Dry	2,000	1,500	600	250
28	C	P,R	J,S,K,G,Cor,C	Dry	1,500	800	500	100
29	C	P,R	J,S,K,G,Cor,C	Dry	1,500	800	500	150
30,86	Tk,C	P,R	J,S,K,G,Cor,C	Dry	3,000	1,500	300	100
31,33	...	P,R	J,S,K,G,Cor,C	Dry	N.A.	N.A.	500	300
32,94	Tk,C,Sc	P,R	J,S,K,G,Cor,C	Dry	2,000	1,000	800	200
34	Tk,Sc	P,R	J,S,K,G,Cor,C	Dry	2,000	800	500	100
35,95	Tk,C	P,R	J,S,K,G,Cor,C	Dry	2,000	1,000	400	100
36	Sc	P,R	J,S,K,G,Cor,C	Dry	1,000	600	400	50
37	Tk	P,R	J,S,K,G,Cor,C	Dry	2,000	1,500	600	250
38	C	P,R	J,S,K,G,Cor,C	Dry	1,500	500	1,000	200
39	C	P,R	J,S,K,G,Cor,C	Dry	1,000	400	500	100
40	Tk,C	P,R	J,S,K,G,Cor,C	Dry	1,500	1,000	700	150
41	...	P,R	J,S,K,G,Cor,C	Dry	N.A.	N.A.	600	150
42	Tk	P,R	J,S,K,G,Cor,C	Dry	1,000	500	400	150
43,84,96	Tk,C	P,R	J,S,K,G,Cor,C	Dry	2,000	1,000	300	100
44	C	P,R	J,S,K,G,Cor,C	Dry	2,000	1,000	800	200
45	C	P,R	J,S,K,G,Cor,C	Dry	1,500	1,000	700	300
46	C	P,R	J,S,K,G,Cor,C	Dry	2,000	1,000	500	150
47,87,98	Tk,C,Sc	P,R	J,S,K,G,Cor,C	Dry	2,000	1,000	400	200
49	C	P,R	J,S,K,G,Cor,C	Dry	1,800	800	800	200
50,51	Tk,C	P,R	J,S,K,G,Cor,C	Dry	1,500	800	700	200
52	Tk,C	P,R	J,S,K,G,Cor,C	Wet	4,000	2,000	200	100
53,115	Tk,C	P,R	J,S,K,G,Cor,C	Dry	2,000	1,000	600	300
54	Tk	P,R	J,S,K,G,Cor,C	Dry	2,000	1,000	300	150
55	...	P,R	J,S,K,G,Cor,C	Dry	N.A.	N.A.	800	300
56	Tk,C	P,R	J,S,K,G,Cor,C	Dry	1,500	1,000	600	300
57	Tk	P,R	J,S,K,G,Cor,C	Dry	3,000	1,500	500	300
58	Tk,C	P,R	J,S,K,G,Cor,C	Dry	2,000	1,000	500	150
59	C	P,R	J,S,K,G,Cor,C	Dry	2,000	1,500	500	300
60	C	P,R	J,S,K,G,Cor,C	Dry	2,000	1,000	800	400
61	C	P,R	J,S,K,G,Cor,C	Dry	3,000	1,000	800	400
62,106	Tk,C	P,R	J,S,K,G,Cor,C	Dry	2,000	1,000	500	300
64	N.A.	P,R	J,S,K,G,Cor,C	Dry	2,500	1,800	800	500
65	Sc	P,R	J,S,K,G,Cor,C	Dry	2,000	1,000	600	100
66	Tk	P,R	J,S,K,G,Cor,C	Dry	800	500	500	300
67	Tk	P,R	J,S,K,G,Cor,C	Wet	3,500	1,500	600	100
68	Tk	P,R	J,S,K,G,Cor,C	Dry	1,500	500	500	200
69	C	P,R	J,S,K,G,Cor,C	Dry	2,000	1,000	800	400

SUB-TABLE 1 TO VILLAGE & TOWN DIRECTORY-*contd.*

SOURCE OF IRRIGATION, CROPS RAISED AND VALUE OF LAND

Location Code No. of Village	Source of irrigation	Crops raised			Value of land per acre (in Rupees)			
		Important Wet crops raised	Important Dry crops raised	Whether mainly wet or dry	Wet land		Dry land	
					High	Low	High	Low
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)
1 ANANTAPUR TALUK- <i>concl.</i>								
70	C	P,R	J,S,K,G,Cor,C	Dry	2,000	100	800	300
71	C	P,R	J,S,K,G,Cor,C	Dry	2,000	500	450	350
72	C	P,R	J,S,K,G,Cor,C	Dry	3,000	1,500	600	300
73	Tk,C	P,R	J,S,K,G,Cor,C	Dry	4,000	1,000	400	150
74	C	P,R	J,S,K,G,Cor,C	Dry	1,500	800	700	500
75	Tk	P,R	J,S,K,G,Cor,C	Dry	800	500	500	300
76	...	P,R	J,S,K,G,Cor,C	Dry	N.A.	N.A.	600	100
77	C	P,R	J,S,K,G,Cor,C	Dry	500	200	400	100
78	C	P,R	J,S,K,G,Cor,C	Dry	1,500	1,000	500	250
79	Tk,C	P,R	J,S,K,G,Cor,C	Wet	5,000	3,000	1,000	300
80	C	P,R	J,S,K,G,Cor,C	Dry	1,600	3,000	400	N.A.
81	Tk	P,R	J,S,K,G,Cor,C	Dry	2,000	500	500	150
82	Tk,Sc	P,R	J,S,K,G,Cor,C	Dry	4,000	2,000	400	100
83	C	P,R	J,S,K,G,Cor,C	Dry	3,000	1,000	500	150
85	Tk	P,R	J,S,K,G,Cor,C	Dry	3,000	1,000	500	200
88	Tk,C	P,R	J,S,K,G,Cor,C	Dry	2,000	1,000	600	150
89	Tk	P,R	J,S,K,G,Cor,C	Dry	1,500	500	400	150
90	C	P,R	J,S,K,G,Cor,C	Dry	1,500	800	600	200
91	Tk,C	P,R	J,S,K,G,Cor,C	Dry	1,500	800	300	150
92	Tk,C	P,R	J,S,K,G,Cor,C	Dry	1,500	500	200	50
93	Tk	P,R	J,S,K,G,Cor,C	Dry	1,500	400	350	100
97	C	P,R	J,S,K,G,Cor,C	Dry	2,000	1,000	600	200
99	Tk,C	P,R	J,S,K,G,Cor,C	Dry	2,500	1,000	600	200
100	Tk	P,R	J,S,K,G,Cor,C	Dry	3,000	1,000	600	100
101	Tk,C	P,R	J,S,K,G,Cor,C	Wet	2,000	800	800	150
102	...	P,R	J,S,K,G,Cor,C	Dry	N.A.	N.A.	500	200
103	...	P,R	J,S,K,G,Cor,C	Dry	N.A.	N.A.	N.A.	N.A.
104	C	P,R	J,S,K,G,Cor,C	Dry	2,500	1,000	1,000	300
105	C	P,R	J,S,K,G,Cor,C	Dry	1,000	800	500	300
107	Tk,Sc	P,R	J,S,K,G,Cor,C	Dry	1,500	1,000	800	500
108	Tk,C	P,R	J,S,K,G,Cor,C	Dry	2,000	1,000	600	200
110	Tk	P,R	J,S,K,G,Cor,C	Dry	5,000	400	500	100
111	Tk,C	P,R	J,S,K,G,Cor,C	Dry	3,000	2,000	1,000	300
112	Tk	P,R	J,S,K,G,Cor,C	Dry	3,000	2,000	1,000	500
113	Tk,C	P,R	J,S,K,G,Cor,C	Dry	1,000	800	500	200
114	C	P,R	J,S,K,G,Cor,C	Dry	3,000	1,000	800	200
116	Tk,C	P,R	J,S,K,G,Cor,C	Dry	2,000	1,000	1,000	400
117	C	P,R	J,S,K,G,Cor,C	Dry	4,000	1,000	400	100
118	Tk	P,R	J,S,K,G,Cor,C	Dry	3,000	800	300	50
2 KALYANDRUG TALUK								
1,2	Tk	N.A.	J,G,C	Dry	1,000	500	500	100
3,24,41	Tk	P	J,G	Dry	1,000	500	500	50
4,5,6	Tk	N.A.	J,G,Cor,C	Dry	1,000	500	800	100
7,8	Tk	N.A.	J,G,C	Dry	N.A.	N.A.	1,000	400
9	Tk	N.A.	J,G,C	Dry	1,000	500	800	100
10	Tk	N.A.	J,G	Dry	N.A.	N.A.	1,500	500
11	Tk	N.A.	J,G	Dry	1,000	500	800	50
12	Tk	P	J,G	Dry	1,000	300	200	50
13,14,15,16, 17,18,21,22, 23,27,28,30, 32,34,35,36, 38,40,60,61, 62,63,64,72 19,20	Tk	P,R	J,G	Dry	1,000	500	200	50
25,26,31,37,42, 44,45,46,47,48, 49,50,51,52,55, 58,59,66,67,68, 73,74	Tk	P	J,G	Dry	800	300	200	50

SUB-TABLE 1 TO VILLAGE & TOWN DIRECTORY-*contd.*

SOURCE OF IRRIGATION, CROPS RAISED AND VALUE OF LAND

Location Code No. of Village	Source of irrigation	Crops raised			Value of land per acre (in Rupees)			
		Important Wet crops raised	Important Dry crops raised	Whether mainly wet or dry	Wet land		Dry land	
					High	Low	High	Low
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)
2 KALYANDRUG TALUK - <i>Concl'd.</i>								
29	Tk	P	J,G	Dry	600	400	200	60
33	Tk	...	J,G	Dry	1,000	800	1,000	300
39	Tk	P	J,G	Dry	N.A.	N.A.	500	50
43	Tk	P	J,G	Dry	N.A.	N.A.	N.A.	N.A.
53	Tk	P	J,G	Dry	800	N.A.	N.A.	N.A.
54,71	Tk	P	J,G	Dry	N.A.	N.A.	100	50
56,57,65	Tk	P	J,G	Dry	800	300	100	50
69	Tk	P	J,G	Dry	1,000	500	200	100
70	Tk	P	J,G	Dry	500	200	100	50
3 RAYADRUG TALUK								
1,29	...	...	J,G,C,Gg	Dry	N.A.	N.A.	300	50
2	...	...	J,G,C,Gg	Dry	N.A.	N.A.	500	100
3,9	...	...	J,G,C,Gg	Dry	N.A.	N.A.	500	150
4,71	...	...	J,G,C,Gg	Dry	N.A.	N.A.	500	200
5	C	...	J,G,C,Gg	Dry	1,000	200	300	50
6	Sc	...	J,G,C,Gg	Dry	600	300	400	125
7	Sc	...	J,G,C,Gg	Dry	N.A.	N.A.	300	100
8	Sc	...	J,G,C,Gg	Dry	500	250	450	200
10	...	...	J,G,C,Gg	Dry	N.A.	N.A.	600	150
11,27,28,30,31, 32,33	C	...	G,C,Gg	Dry	1,200	400	300	50
12	C	...	J,G,C,Gg	Dry	N.A.	N.A.	300	50
13	...	...	J,K,G,C	Dry	1,000	500	1,000	200
14	...	...	J,K,G,C	Dry	1,000	200	800	200
15	...	...	J,K,G,C	Dry	N.A.	N.A.	500	300
16	C	...	J,K,G,C	Dry	1,000	500	1,000	500
17	W	P	J,K,G,C	Dry	N.A.	N.A.	600	300
18	C	P	J,K,G,C	Dry	600	300	800	300
19	C	P	J,K,G,C	Dry	1,200	400	1,500	300
20	C	P	J,K,G,C	Dry	N.A.	N.A.	800	300
21	W	...	J,K,G,C	Dry	800	200	1,000	300
22	...	...	J,K,G,C	Dry	N.A.	N.A.	800	300
23	C	P	J,K,G,C	Dry	1,000	400	300	100
24	Riv	P	J,K,G,C	Dry	1,200	300	500	100
25	Tk	P	J,K,G,C	Dry	700	300	400	100
26	C	P	J,K,G,C	Dry	1,200	300	1,100	250
34	Tk	...	G,C,Gg	Dry	1,200	400	300	50
35	Tk	...	G,C,Gg	Dry	1,200	200	300	50
36	W	...	J,K,G,C	Dry	1,200	300	600	200
37	W	...	J,K,G,C	Dry	N.A.	N.A.	800	300
38	C	...	J,K,G,C	Dry	700	300	350	200
39,42,44	...	...	J,K,G,C	Dry	N.A.	N.A.	500	200
40	...	...	J,K,G,C	Dry	N.A.	N.A.	600	200
41	Riv	...	J,K,G,Cor,C	Dry	N.A.	N.A.	500	200
43	C	...	J,K,G,C	Dry	1,200	500	350	100
45	...	...	J,K,G,Cor,C	Dry	N.A.	N.A.	1,000	200
46	...	...	J,K,G,Cor,C	Dry	N.A.	N.A.	1,000	300
47	Riv	P	J,K,G,Cor,C	Dry	1,000	500	500	300
48	Riv	P	J,K,G,Cor,C	Dry	1,000	500	200	50
49	Riv	P	J,K,G,Cor,C	Dry	1,000	1,000	600	300
50	...	P	J,K,G,Cor,C	Dry	N.A.	N.A.	600	300
51,52,53	...	...	J,K,G,Cor,C	Dry	N.A.	N.A.	800	300
54	Tk,C	P	J,K,G,Cor,C	Dry	3,000	1,500	400	100
55	C	P	J,K,G,Cor,C	Dry	1,000	500	200	100
56	Sc	...	J,K,G,C	Dry	N.A.	N.A.	600	200
57,58	...	...	J,K,G,C	Dry	N.A.	N.A.	300	150
59	Tk,Sc	P	J,K,G,C	Dry	1,200	600	500	75
60	Tk,Sc	P	J,K,G,Sa	Dry	2,000	500	200	75
61	...	...	J,K,G,Sa	Dry	N.A.	N.A.	200	100

SUB-TABLE 1 TO VILLAGE & TOWN DIRECTORY—contd.

SOURCE OF IRRIGATION, CROPS RAISED AND VALUE OF LAND

Location Code No. of Village	Source of irrigation	Crops raised			Value of land per acre (in Rupees)			
		Important wet crops raised	Important Dry crops raised	Whether mainly wet or dry	Wet land		Dry land	
					High	Low	High	Low
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)
3 RAYADRUG TALUK — Concl'd.								
62	Tk,C	...	J,K,G,Sa	Dry	1,800	1,000	600	75
63	Sc	...	J,K,G,Sa	Dry	N.A.	N.A.	300	150
64	...	...	J,K,G,Sa	Dry	N.A.	N.A.	200	100
65	W	P	J,K,G,Sa	Dry	500	200	200	50
66	W,Sc	P	J,K,G,C	Dry	2,000	1,000	300	75
67	Sc	P	J,K,G,C	Dry	2,000	1,000	300	50
68	Tk,C	P	J,K,G,C	Dry	2,300	1,500	500	50
69	C,W	...	J,K,G,C	Dry	2,000	500	250	100
70	Tk	...	J,K,G,C	Dry	2,000	800	300	50
72	Sc	P	J,K,G,C	Dry	1,500	1,000	300	50
73	Tk,Sc	P	J,K,G,C	Dry	1,500	800	200	100
74	Sc	...	J,K,G,C,Sa,BI	Dry	N.A.	N.A.	200	150
75	Sc	...	J,K,G,C,Sa	Dry	500	200	200	100
76,77,79	...	...	J,K,G,C,Sa	Dry	N.A.	N.A.	200	100
78	Tk	P	J,K,G,C,Sa	Dry	1,500	800	200	30
80	Tk,C	P	J,K,G,C,Sa	Dry	2,000	800	200	100
81	Tk,C	P	J,K,G,C,Sa	Dry	2,000	800	200	80
82	C	P	J,K,G,C,Sa	Dry	2,000	800	200	50
4 URAVAKONDA INDEPENDENT SUB-TALUK								
1,2,3,4,5,9,44	W	...	J,K,G,C	Dry	N.A.	N.A.	1,000	200
6	W	...	J,K,G,C	Dry	N.A.	N.A.	800	900
7	W	...	J,K,G,C	Dry	N.A.	N.A.	800	100
8	W	...	J,K,G,C	Dry	N.A.	N.A.	1,200	300
10,21,23,24	W	...	J,K,G,C	Dry	N.A.	N.A.	1,500	300
11	...	...	J,K,G,C	Dry	N.A.	N.A.	800	200
12,17	...	...	J,K,G,C	Dry	N.A.	N.A.	1,000	300
13,14,15,16,19,48	Tk,W	...	J,K,G,C	Dry	N.A.	N.A.	1,200	100
18,32	Tk,W	...	J,K,G,C	Dry	N.A.	N.A.	1,000	100
20,22	W	...	J,K,G,C	Dry	N.A.	N.A.	2,000	300
25	C	P,R	J,K,G,C	Dry	1,200	700	650	200
26	C	P,R	J,K,G,C	Dry	2,000	1,000	700	200
27	Sc	P,R	J,K,G,C	Dry	500	400	250	100
28	Tk	P,R	J,K,G,C	Dry	600	500	300	100
29	C	P,R	J,K,G,C	Dry	1,000	700	300	100
30	W	P,R	J,K,G,C	Dry	1,200	700	600	200
31	W	P,R	J,K,G,C	Dry	1,200	700	600	150
33	W	...	J,K,G,C	Dry	N.A.	N.A.	1,500	150
34	C	P,R	J,K,G,C	Dry	1,500	100	1,000	300
35	Tk	P,R	J,K,G,C	Dry	1,000	700	350	100
36	C	P,R	J,K,G,C	Dry	2,000	800	400	80
37	C	P,R	J,K,G,C	Dry	2,000	800	500	100
38	C	P,R	J,K,G,C	Dry	1,500	400	500	100
39	Tk	P,R	J,K,G,C	Dry	1,000	400	400	50
40	W	P,R	J,K,G,C	Dry	1,000	300	600	100
41	W	P,R	J,K,G,C	Dry	1,500	400	800	200
42	W,C	P,R	J,K,G,C	Dry	2,500	1,000	1,000	150
43	C	P,R	J,K,G,C	Dry	2,000	800	1,100	200
45	Tk	P,R	J,K,G,C	Dry	2,000	600	1,200	200
46	C	P,R	J,K,G,C	Dry	2,000	1,000	1,000	300
47	Tk	...	J,K,G,C	Dry	N.A.	N.A.	1,200	200
5 GOOTY TALUK								
1	...	...	J,S,K,G,C	Dry	N.A.	N.A.	4,500	500
2	...	...	J,S,K,G,C,Rg	Dry	N.A.	N.A.	5,000	500
3	Tk	P	J,S,K,G,C	Dry	1,000	400	2,000	300
4	C	P	J,S,K,G,C	Dry	1,800	500	1,200	300
5	C	...	J,S,K,G,C	Dry	2,000	500	1,000	300

SUB-TABLE 1 TO VILLAGE & TOWN DIRECTORY-*contd.*

SOURCE OF IRRIGATION, CROPS RAISED AND VALUE OF LAND

Location Code No. of Village	Source of irrigation	Crops raised			Value of land per acre (in Rupees)			
		Important Wet crops raised.	Important Dry crops raised	Whether mainly wet or dry	Wet land		Dry land	
					High	Low	High	Low
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)
5 GOOTY TALUK- <i>contd.</i>								
6	C	P	J,S,K,G,C	Dry	500	300	400	200
7	...	...	J,S,K,G,C	Dry	N.A.	N.A.	1,000	300
8	Tk	P	J,S,K,G,C	Dry	1,500	500	1,000	300
9	C	P	J,S,K,G,C	Dry	1,000	300	800	200
10	...	...	J,S,K,G,C	Dry	N.A.	N.A.	1,000	200
11	C	P	J,S,K,G,C	Dry	1,000	200	900	200
12	Tk	P	J,S,K,G,C	Dry	1,000	500	1,500	400
13	Tk,C	P	J,S,K,G,C	Dry	1,500	800	1,500	300
14,15	Tk	P	J,S,K,G,C,Rg	Dry	800	300	800	200
16,17,19	C	P	J,S,K,G,C,Rg	Dry	800	400	600	300
18	...	...	J,S,K,G,C	Dry	N.A.	N.A.	1,000	500
20	C	P	J,S,K,G,Rg,Ch	Dry	N.A.	N.A.	600	200
21	Tk,C	P	J,S,K,G,C,Rg,Ch	Dry	800	500	600	200
22,23	C	P	J,S,K,G,C	Dry	1,000	500	1,500	200
24	C	P	S,K,G,C,Rg,Ch	Dry	1,000	400	500	200
25	C	P	Cor,Ch,O	Dry	1,000	400	600	200
26	C	...	S,K,G,C,Rg,Ch	Dry	800	400	600	200
27	C	P	Cor,Ch,O	Dry	N.A.	N.A.	600	300
28	C	P	J,S,K,G,C,Rg,Ch	Dry	1,000	400	1,000	300
29	C	P	J,S,K,G,C,Rg	Dry	800	200	1,000	300
30	Tk,C	P	J,S,K,G,C,Rg	Dry	800	300	600	300
31	Tk,C	P	J,S,K,G,C,Rg	Dry	600	200	600	200
32	C	P	Cor,Ch,O	Dry	700	300	600	300
33	Tk,C	P	Cor,Ch,O	Dry	800	400	600	300
34	Tk	P	S,K,G,C,Rg,Ch	Dry	600	300	600	200
35	C	P	J,S,K,G,Cor,C,Rg,Ch,O	Dry	700	300	600	200
36	Tk,C	P	J,S,K,G,C,Rg	Dry	800	200	600	200
37	Tk,C	P	J,S,K,G,C,Rg	Dry	1,000	400	1,000	400
38	Tk,C	P	J,S,K,G,Cor,C,Rg,Ch,O	Dry	800	400	1,000	400
39	Tk,C	P	J,S,K,G,Cor,C,Rg,Ch,O	Dry	800	300	600	400
40	W	P	J,S,K,G,Cor,C,Rg,Ch,O	Dry	N.A.	N.A.	600	300
41	C	P	J,S,K,G,Cor,C,Rg,Ch,O	Dry	600	300	1,000	400
42	C	P	J,K,G,C,Rg,Ch,T	Dry	1,000	800	1,200	500
43,44	...	...	J,G,C,Rg	Dry	N.A.	N.A.	1,500	500
45,46	...	...	J,K,G,C,Rg,T	Dry	N.A.	N.A.	1,400	500
47	C	P	J,S,K,G,C,Rg,Ch	Dry	600	300	500	200
48	C	P	J,S,K,G,C,Rg,Ch	Dry	600	200	500	200
49	C	P	J,S,K,G,C,Rg,Ch	Dry	1,000	400	600	400
50	Tk,C	P	J,S,K,G,C,Rg	Wet	1,000	500	600	300
51	C	P	J,S,K,G,Rg,Ch	Dry	800	350	1,000	300
52	C	P	J,S,K,G,C,Rg,T	Dry	1,500	500	1,200	400
53	C	P	J,S,K,G,Cor,C,Bg,Rg,T	Dry	1,000	300	1,000	300
54	C	P	J,S,K,G,C,Rg	Dry	800	300	800	200
55	Tk	P	J,S,K,G,Cor,C,Bg,Rg,T	Dry	1,000	300	1,000	200
56	Sc	P	J,S,K,G,Cor,C,Bg,Rg,T	Dry	900	300	800	200
57	Tk	P	J,S,K,G,C,Rg	Dry	1,500	800	1,000	200
58	Tk	P	J,S,K,G,C,Rg	Dry	2,000	1,000	1,200	500
59	C	P	J,S,K,G,C,Rg	Dry	1,500	800	900	200
60	C	P	J,S,K,G,C,Rg	Dry	1,000	400	1,000	300
61	C	P	J,S,K,G,Cor,C,Bg,Rg,T	Dry	1,500	500	600	300
62	Tk	P	J,S,K,G,Cor,C,Bg,Rg,T	Dry	1,000	400	1,000	300
63	Tk	P	J,S,K,G,Cor,C,Bg,Rg,T	Dry	1,000	300	900	200
64	Tk	P	J,S,K,G,C,Rg	Dry	500	200	400	200
65	Tk	P	J,S,K,G,C,Rg	Dry	1,800	800	1,000	300
66	C	P	J,S,K,G,C,Rg	Dry	2,500	1,000	1,200	400
67	Tk	P	J,S,K,G,C,Rg,T	Dry	800	200	1,000	200
68	C	...	J,S,K,G,C,Rg,T	Dry	1,000	300	1,000	200
69	Tk	P	J,S,K,G,C,Rg,T	Dry	1,200	300	1,000	200
70	C	...	J,S,K,G,C,Rg,T	Dry	800	300	1,000	200
71	C	P	J,S,K,G,C,Rg,T	Dry	1,000	500	1,000	200
72,73	C	P	J,S,K,G,C,Rg,T	Dry	1,800	900	1,500	500
74	C	P	J,S,K,G,C,Rg,T	Dry	1,800	900	1,300	500
75	C	P	J,S,K,G,C,Rg,T	Dry	1,500	800	1,400	500

SUB-TABLE I TO VILLAGE & TOWN DIRECTORY—*contd.*
SOURCE OF IRRIGATION, CROPS RAISED AND VALUE OF LAND

Location Code No. of Village	Source of irrigation	Crops raised			Value of land per acre (in Rupees)			
		Important wet crops raised	Important Dry crops raised	Whether mainly wet or dry	Wet land		Dry land	
					High	Low	High	Low
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)
5 GOOTY TALUK— <i>concl'd.</i>								
76	C	P	J,S,K,G,C,Rg,T	Dry	1,000	500	1,000	300
77	C	P	J,S,K,G,C,Rg,T	Dry	2,000	1,000	1,200	400
78	C	P	J,S,K,G,C,Rg,T	Dry	1,200	700	1,000	400
79	C	P	J,S,K,G,C,Rg	Dry	1,200	800	800	300
80	C	P	J,S,K,G,C,Rg	Dry	1,300	800	900	300
81	Riv	P	J,S,K,G,C,Rg	Dry	800	400	1,500	500
82	Tk	P	J,S,K,G,C,Rg,T	Dry	1,000	500	1,000	300
83	C	P	J,S,K,G,C,Rg	Dry	1,500	800	1,400	500
84	...	...	J,S,K,G,C,Rg,T	Dry	N.A.	N.A.	1,000	800
85	C	P	J,S,K,G,C,Rg	Dry	2,300	1,000	1,000	400
86	C	P	J,S,K,G,C,Rg	Dry	1,200	800	1,000	400
87	C	P	J,S,K,G,C,Rg	Dry	1,200	800	900	300
6 TADPATRI TALUK								
1	...	...	J,K,G,C	Dry	N.A.	N.A.	800	150
2,55,67	Tk,C	...	J,K,G,C	Dry	1,000	600	500	300
3	C	...	J,K,G,C	Dry	1,000	600	500	200
4,88,89	Tk,C	P	J,K,G,C	Dry	1,000	800	500	200
5,12,13,14, 20,64,68,69	W	...	J,K,G,C	Dry	N.A.	N.A.	600	200
6,22,23,24,27, 45,50,51,63	...	P	J,K,G,C	Dry	N.A.	N.A.	600	300
7	C	...	R	Dry	750	475	670	420
8	C	P	R	Dry	800	400	600	350
9	C	P	K,G,C	Dry	700	350	700	200
10	W	P	K,G,C,T	Dry	600	350	900	350
11	C	P	K,G,C,R	Dry	800	430	600	200
15	C	P,R	N.A.	Wet	900	734	700	450
16	W	...	K,G,C,O	Dry	N.A.	N.A.	800	350
17	C	...	K,G,C	Dry	800	400	500	200
18	C	P	K,G	Dry	800	350	500	300
19	C	P	K,G,R	Dry	850	435	700	200
20	W	...	K,G,O	Dry	N.A.	N.A.	800	375
25	...	...	J,K,G,C	Dry	N.A.	N.A.	600	400
26	...	...	J,K,G,C	Dry	N.A.	N.A.	700	300
28	...	...	J,K,G,C	Dry	N.A.	N.A.	700	500
29	C	...	J,K,G,C	Dry	N.A.	N.A.	500	300
30,32,33,37	C	P	J,K,G,C	Dry	N.A.	N.A.	500	100
31	C	P	N.A.	Wet	2,000	500	600	200
34	C	P	N.A.	Wet	2,000	500	500	100
35	C	Su	N.A.	Wet	1,500	500	1,000	100
36	...	...	J,S,K,C	Wet	1,000	400	500	100
38,40	C	...	J,K,G,C	Wet	1,000	400	500	100
39	Tk	P	J,K,G,C	Wet	1,000	500	600	200
41	Tk	...	J,K,G,C	Dry	600	400	400	200
42,86	...	...	J,K,G,C	Dry	N.A.	N.A.	400	100
43	Tk	P	J,K,G,C	Dry	700	500	500	200
44	Tk	P,R	J,K,G,C	Dry	1,000	800	600	200
46,48,74,75,79, 80,82,84	...	...	J,K,G,C	Dry	N.A.	N.A.	1,000	200
47,49,52,53,70, 73,77,81	C	P	J,K,G,C	Dry	2,000	500	1,000	200
54	C	...	K,C	Dry	1,200	650	700	200
56	...	...	K,G	Dry	N.A.	N.A.	600	250
57	C	...	K,G,C	Dry	850	650	700	200
58	W,C	...	J,K,G,C	Dry	1,200	800	600	200
59	C	...	K,J,G,C	Dry	1,000	500	600	100
60	...	P	J,K,G,C	Dry	N.A.	N.A.	800	200
61	Tk	...	J,K,G,C	Dry	900	500	600	200

SUB-TABLE 1 TO VILLAGE & TOWN DIRECTORY—*contd.*

SOURCE OF IRRIGATION, CROPS RAISED AND VALUE OF LAND

Location Code No. of Village	Source of irrigation	Crops raised			Value of land per acre (in Rupees)			
		Important Wet crops raised	Important dry crops raised	Whether mainly wet or dry	Wet land		Dry land	
					High	Low	High	Low
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)
6 TADPATRI TALUK— <i>concl.</i>								
62,66	...	...	J,K,G,C	Dry	N.A.	N.A.	800	300
65	N.A.	...	N.A.	N.A.	N.A.	N.A.	N.A.	N.A.
71	C	...	J,K,G,C	Dry	800	400	500	300
72	Tk,C	...	J,K,G,C	Dry	1,200	600	800	300
76	C	...	J,K,G,C	Dry	N.A.	N.A.	1,000	200
83	Tk	...	J,K,G,C	Dry	N.A.	N.A.	1,000	200
85	...	...	J,K,G,C	Dry	N.A.	N.A.	800	500
87	...	...	J,K,G,C	Dry	N.A.	N.A.	400	200
90,92	C	...	J,K,G,C	Dry	1,500	500	500	100
91	Tk	P	N.A.	Dry	2,000	1,000	600	200
93	C	...	J,K,G,C	Dry	1,500	500	600	200
94	C	...	J,K,G,C	Dry	2,000	1,000	500	100
95,97	...	...	J,K,G,C	Dry	N.A.	N.A.	1,000	300
96	...	...	J,K,G,C	Dry	N.A.	N.A.	1,500	500
7 DHARMAVARAM TALUK								
1,35	Tk,C	...	J,S,K,G	Dry	3,000	100	300	50
2	Tk,C	...	J,S,K,G	Dry	3,000	100	250	50
3	Tk,C	...	J,S,K,G	Dry	2,500	1,200	300	50
4,24	Tk,C	...	J,S,K,G	Dry	2,500	1,000	250	50
5	Tk	...	J,S,K,G	Dry	2,000	1,000	250	50
6,47	Riv,C	P,R	J,S,K,G	Dry	5,000	1,000	300	50
7	...	...	J,S,K,G	Dry	1,000	200	200	50
8	Tk	...	J,S,K,G	Dry	2,500	200	200	50
9	C	...	J,S,K,G	Dry	2,500	200	300	50
10	Tk,C	...	J,S,K,G	Dry	3,000	200	500	100
11	Tk,C	...	J,S,K,G	Dry	N.A.	200	300	50
12	Tk,C	...	J,S,K,G	Dry	N.A.	1,000	500	50
13,28	C	...	J,S,K,G	Dry	3,000	1,000	300	50
14	Tk,C	...	J,S,K,G	Dry	3,500	200	250	50
15,16	Tk,C	...	J,S,K,G	Dry	3,000	200	300	50
17	Tk	...	J,S,K,G	Dry	1,000	220	200	50
18	Tk,C	...	J,S,K,G	Dry	3,500	250	300	50
19	Tk,C	...	J,S,K,G	Dry	4,000	200	400	50
20	C	...	J,S,K,G	Dry	2,000	500	200	50
21	Tk,C	...	J,S,K,G	Dry	5,000	1,500	250	50
22	Tk,C	P,R	J,S,K,G	Dry	3,000	1,000	100	50
23,30,41,45,54	Tk,C	P,R	J,S,K,G	Dry	4,000	1,000	300	50
25,57	Tk,C	...	J,S,K,G	Dry	2,500	1,000	200	50
26	Tk,C	...	J,S,K,G	Dry	4,000	1,000	400	100
27,32	Tk,C	...	J,S,K,G	Dry	3,000	1,000	300	100
29,51	Tk,C	...	J,S,K,G	Dry	3,000	1,000	250	50
31	Tk,C	...	J,S,K,G	Dry	2,500	1,000	300	50
33	Tk	...	J,S,K,G	Dry	1,000	500	200	50
34	Tk,C	...	J,S,K,G	Dry	3,000	1,000	300	75
36	Tk,C	...	J,S,K,G	Dry	2,000	500	250	50
37	C	...	J,S,K,G	Dry	2,000	500	500	100
38	Tk,C	P,R	...	Dry	1,500	150	500	50
39	Tk,C	...	J,S,K,G	Dry	2,000	200	500	50
40	Tk,C	...	J,S,K,G	Dry	2,000	200	200	50
42	Tk,C	...	J,S,K,G	Dry	5,000	2,000	500	100
43	Tk,C	...	J,S,K,G	Dry	3,000	1,000	200	50
44,48	Tk	...	J,S,K,G	Dry	2,000	800	200	50
46	Tk,C	...	J,S,K,G	Dry	4,000	1,200	500	50
49	Tk,C	...	J,S,K,G	Dry	3,000	500	500	100
50	Tk,C	...	J,S,K,G	Dry	3,500	1,500	250	50
52	Tk,C	...	J,S,K,G	Dry	3,000	1,000	600	100
53	Tk,C	...	J,S,K,G	Dry	3,000	1,000	400	50
55	Tk,C	...	J,S,K,G	Dry	2,500	800	250	50
56	Tk,C	...	J,S,K,G	Dry	4,000	1,000	300	100
58	Tk,C	...	J,S,K,G	Dry	2,500	800	200	50

SUB-TABLE 1 TO VILLAGE & TOWN DIRECTORY-*contd.*

SOURCE OF IRRIGATION, CROPS RAISED AND VALUE OF LAND

Location Code No. of Village	Source of irrigation	Crops raised			Value of land per acre (in Rupees)			
		Important Wet crops raised	Important Dry crops raised	Whether mainly wet or dry	Wet land		Dry land	
					High	Low	High	Low
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)
7 DHARMAVARAM TALUK— <i>concl.</i>								
59	Tk,C	...	J,S,K,G	Dry	3,000	200	500	50
60	Tk,C	P,R	...	Dry	3,000	200	1,000	100
61	Tk	...	J,S,K,G	Dry	2,000	500	250	50
62	Tk,C	P,R	...	Dry	2,000	600	300	100
63	Tk	...	J,S,K,G	Dry	200	100	50	25
8 KADIRI TALUK								
1	Tk	P,R,J	G,K,Sa,Hg	Dry	3,000	1,500	700	100
2	Tk	P,R,J	G,K,Sa,Hg	Dry	3,500	1,500	700	100
3	C	P,R,J	G,K,Sa,Hg	Dry	1,000	400	1,000	800
4	C	P,R,J	G,K,Sa,Hg	Dry	1,500	500	700	200
5	...	...	G,K,Sa,Hg	Dry	N.A.	N.A.	600	100
6,18,77	Tk,Riv,C	P,R,J	G,K,Sa,Hg	Dry	1,500	500	500	100
7	Tk,C	P,R,J	G,K,Sa,Hg	Dry	2,000	500	800	200
8	Tk,C	P,R,J	G,K,Sa,Hg	Dry	1,000	250	500	150
9,62	Tk,C	P,R,J	G,K,Sa,Hg	Dry	2,000	500	700	100
10,17,19,20,76,79	Tk,C	P,R,J	G,K,Hg	Dry	1,000	500	500	100
11	Tk	P,R,J	S,K,G,Hg	Dry	1,000	500	700	100
12	Tk,C	P,R,J	S,K,G,Hg	Dry	1,500	500	600	100
13	Tk,C	P,R,J	S,K,G,Hg	Dry	1,500	1,000	1,500	1,000
14	...	...	S,K,G,Hg	Dry	N.A.	N.A.	100	50
15	Tk	P,R	S,G,Hg	Dry	1,000	300	500	100
16	Tk	P,R	S,K,G,Hg	Dry	1,500	300	500	100
21	Tk	P,R,J	S,K,G,Hg	Dry	2,500	500	500	100
22	Tk	P,R,BI	S,G	Dry	1,000	800	3,000	500
23,142	Tk,C	P,R,J	S,K,G,Hg	Dry	2,000	500	500	100
24	Tk	P,R	S,K,G,Hg	Dry	2,000	400	1,200	500
25	Tk	P,R	J,S,K,G,Hg	Dry	1,000	500	500	200
26,28	Tk,Riv,W,C	P,R	S,K,G,Sa,Hg	Dry	1,000	300	500	150
27	Tk	P,R	J,S,K,G,Hg	Dry	1,000	500	800	100
29	Tk,W,C	P,R,BI	S,G	Dry	4,000	3,000	2,000	500
30,31	Tk,C	P,R,BI	S,G	Dry	1,500	1,500	2,000	500
32	Tk,W,C	P,R,BI	S,G	Dry	2,000	500	1,000	250
33	Tk,W	P,R,BI	S,G	Dry	3,000	800	1,000	250
34	Tk,W	P,R,BI	S,G	Dry	1,000	300	1,000	300
35	Tk,W,C	P,R,BI	S,G	Dry	1,000	500	800	200
36	Tk,C	P,R	S,K,G,Hg	Dry	2,000	600	500	50
37	Tk,C	P,R	S,G,Hg	Dry	2,000	1,000	1,000	200
38,39	Tk	P,R	S,G,Hg	Dry	800	200	300	50
40	Tk,W	P,R,Su	S,G,Sa,Hg	Dry	6,000	1,000	1,000	100
41	Tk	P,R,Su	S,G,Sa,Hg	Dry	1,000	200	400	100
42	Tk,W,C	P,R,Su	S,G,Hg	Dry	1,500	500	400	100
43	Tk,W	P,R	S,G,Hg	Dry	1,200	800	400	100
44	Tk	P,R	S,G,Hg	Dry	600	300	300	100
45	Tk,C	P,R	S,G,Hg	Dry	1,000	300	600	200
46,47	Tk,C	P,R	S,G,Hg	Dry	500	300	500	50
48	Tk,W	P,R	S,G,Hg	Dry	2,000	700	500	50
49	Tk	P,R	S,G,Hg	Dry	500	300	300	100
50	Tk,C	P,R	S,G,Hg	Dry	800	400	900	300
51	Tk	P,R,BI	S,G	Dry	3,000	1,000	1,000	500
52	Tk	P,R,BI	S,G	Dry	1,000	500	1,000	500
53	Tk	P,R,BI	S,G	Dry	5,000	4,000	600	300
54	Tk	P,R,BI	S,G	Dry	3,000	500	1,000	200
55	Tk,C	P,R	S,G,Hg	Dry	3,000	1,500	1,000	800
56	Tk,W,C	P,R	S,K,G,Hg	Dry	1,000	300	1,000	400
57	Tk,W	P,R	S,G,Hg	Dry	5,000	1,000	1,500	100
58	Tk,W	P,R	S,G,Hg	Dry	800	400	900	300
59	Tk,W	P,R	S,G,Hg	Dry	1,500	500	500	50
60	Tk	P,R	S,G,Hg	Dry	1,000	400	500	100
61	Tk	P,R,Su	S,G,Hg	Dry	2,000	600	500	50
63,64,65,66,67	Tk,W,C	P,R,Su	S,G,Hg	Dry	2,000	600	500	50

SUB-TABLE 1 TO VILLAGE & TOWN DIRECTORY-*contd.*

SOURCE OF IRRIGATION, CROPS RAISED AND VALUE OF LAND

Location Code No. of Village	Source of irrigation	Crops raised			Value of land per acre (in Rupees)			
		Important Wet Crops raised	Important Dry crops raised	Whether mainly wet or dry	Wet land		Dry land	
					High	Low	High	Low
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)
8 KADIRI TALUK— <i>concl.</i>								
68,69	Tk,C	P,R	S,K,C,Hg	Dry	2,000	600	300	100
70	Tk,W,C	P,R	S,K,G,Hg	Dry	3,000	1,000	500	100
71	Tk,C	P,R	S,K,G,Hg	Dry	1,500	800	500	100
72	Tk,W,C	P,R	S,K,G,Hg	Dry	2,000	800	1,000	300
73	Tk	P,R	S,K,G,Hg	Dry	2,000	800	1,000	300
74,78,87,120,131	...	P,R	S,K,G,Hg	Dry	N.A.	N.A.	300	100
75	Tk	P,R	S,K,G,Hg	Dry	2,500	100	1,500	50
80	Tk,C	P,R	S,K,G,Hg	Dry	800	500	400	100
81	Tk	P,R	S,K,G,Hg	Dry	2,000	1,500	1,200	500
82	Tk,W	P,R,Su	S,G,Hg	Dry	4,000	2,000	1,300	600
83	Tk	P,R	S,G,Hg	Dry	2,000	500	500	200
84	...	P,R	S,K,G,Hg	Dry	500	100	500	100
85	Tk	P,R	S,K,G,Hg	Dry	1,500	700	1,000	50
86	Tk	P,R	S,K,G,Hg	Dry	1,500	300	1,000	200
88	Tk,W,C	P,R	S,K,G,Hg	Dry	1,000	500	400	100
89	Tk	P,R	S,K,G,Hg	Dry	1,000	500	300	100
90,91,92	Tk,W,C	P,R	S,K,G,Hg	Dry	3,000	2,000	300	200
93	Tk	P,R	S,K,G,Hg	Dry	1,000	500	400	100
94	Tk,W	P,R	S,K,G,Hg	Dry	2,000	100	1,000	100
95	C	P,R	S,K,G,Hg	Dry	2,000	100	500	100
96	Tk,W,C	P,R	S,G,Hg	Dry	4,000	2,000	600	300
97	Tk,C	P,R	S,G,Hg	Dry	2,000	500	600	100
98	Tk	P,R	S,G,Hg	Dry	5,000	500	500	50
99	Tk,C	P,R	S,G,Hg	Dry	1,000	600	700	400
100,102	C	P,R,BI	S,G	Dry	500	100	800	100
101	Tk,W,C	P,R,BI	S,G	Dry	4,000	1,000	3,000	1,000
103	Tk,W,C	P,R,BI	S,G	Dry	500	200	1,000	500
104	Tk,W	P,R,BI	S,G	Dry	2,000	100	1,000	50
105	Tk,W	P,R,BI	S,G	Dry	3,000	500	2,000	500
106	Tk,W	P,R,BI	S,G	Dry	5,000	2,000	8,000	1,000
107	...	...	S,G,Hg	Dry	N.A.	N.A.	3,000	1,000
108	Tk,W	P,R	S,G,Hg	Dry	2,000	500	500	200
109	Tk,W	P,R	S,G,Hg	Dry	2,000	500	600	100
110	Tk,W,C	P,R	S,K,G,Hg	Dry	3,000	1,000	600	200
111	N.A.	P,R	S,K,G,Hg	Dry	500	200	500	200
112	Tk,W	P,R	S,G,Hg	Dry	2,000	500	600	100
113	Tk,W	P,R,Su	S,G,Hg	Dry	2,500	300	1,500	50
114	...	...	S,K,G,Hg	Dry	N.A.	N.A.	500	200
115	...	...	S,K,G,Hg	Dry	N.A.	N.A.	100	50
116	Tk,W,C	P,R	S,K,G,Hg	Dry	2,500	300	1,000	50
117	Tk	P,R	S,K,G,Hg	Dry	1,000	500	300	100
118	Tk	P,R	S,G,Hg	Dry	1,000	800	300	150
119	Tk	P,R	S,G,Hg	Dry	3,000	1,000	600	200
121,126	Tk,W,C	P,R	S,K,G,Hg	Dry	1,000	600	300	100
122	Tk,W,C	P,R	S,G,Hg	Dry	1,000	800	300	150
123	Tk,W	P,R	S,G,Hg	Dry	1,000	200	400	100
124	W	P,R	S,G,Hg	Dry	1,000	800	400	100
125	Tk,W,C	P,R	S,K,G,Hg	Dry	3,000	1,500	300	100
127	Tk,W	P,R	S,K,G,Hg	Dry	700	400	300	100
128	Tk,C	P,R	S,K,G,Hg	Dry	2,000	1,000	500	100
129,132	Tk,W,C	P,R	S,K,G,Hg	Dry	800	300	300	100
130	Tk	P,R	S,K,G,Hg	Dry	600	300	300	100
133	Tk,W,C	P,R	S,K,G,Hg	Dry	2,000	1,000	500	100
134,135,136,137,143	C	P,R	S,K,G,Hg	Dry	1,000	500	300	100
138,141	Tk,W,C	P,R	S,K,G,Hg	Dry	3,000	500	500	100
139,140	Tk,C,Riv	P,R	S,K,G,Hg	Dry	2,000	500	400	100
144	Tk,C	P,R	S,K,G,Hg	Dry	4,000	1,000	1,000	100
145	Tk,W,C	P,R	S,K,G,Hg	Dry	1,500	400	1,000	200
146	Tk,C	P,R	S,K,G,Hg	Dry	2,000	500	1,000	200

SUB-TABLE 1 TO VILLAGE & TOWN DIRECTORY—*contd.*

SOURCE OF IRRIGATION, CROPS RAISED AND VALUE OF LAND

Location Code No. of Village	Source of irrigation	Crops raised			Value of land per acre (in Rupees)			
		Important Wet crops raised	Important dry crops raised	Whether mainly wet or dry	Wet land		Dry land	
					High	Low	High	Low
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)
9 PENUKONDA TALUK								
1	Tk	P,R,Su	J,S,G,A,Sa,Rg,Gg,Hg	Dry	1,000	400	150	30
2	Tk,C	P,R,Su	J,S,G,A,Sa,Rg,Gg,Hg	Dry	800	400	150	70
3	Tk	P,R,Su	J,S,G,A,Sa,Rg,Gg,Hg	Dry	1,000	600	150	70
4	Tk	P,R,Su	J,S,G,A,Sa,Rg,Gg,Hg	Dry	1,500	300	200	100
5	...	...	J,S,G,A,Sa,Rg,Gg,Hg	Dry	N.A.	N.A.	200	150
6	Tk,C	P,R,Su	J,S,G,A,Sa,Rg,Gg,Hg	Dry	1,500	500	300	100
7	...	...	J,S,G,A,Sa,Rg,Gg,Hg	Dry	300	100	300	100
8,9	Tk,C	P,R,Su	J,S,G,A,Sa,Rg,Gg,Hg	Dry	1,000	200	300	50
10	Tk	P,R,Su	J,S,G,A,Sa,Rg,Gg,Hg	Dry	1,000	500	100	50
11	Tk,C	P,R,Su	J,S,G,A,Sa,Rg,Gg,Hg	Dry	2,000	500	50	20
12	Tk,C,Riv	P,R,Su	J,S,G,A,Sa,Rg,Gg,Hg	Dry	2,000	500	250	100
13	Tk,C,Riv	P,R,Su	J,S,G,A,Sa,Rg,Gg,Hg	Dry	1,500	1,000	250	150
14	Tk,C	P,R,Su	J,S,G,A,Sa,Rg,Gg,Hg	Dry	2,000	500	300	150
15	Tk	P,R,Su	J,S,G,A,Sa,Rg,Gg,Hg	Dry	3,000	500	500	100
16	Tk	P,R,Su	J,S,G,A,Sa,Rg,Gg,Hg	Dry	2,000	1,000	250	200
17	Tk	P,R,Su	J,S,G,A,Sa,Rg,Gg,Hg	Dry	1,000	300	200	50
18	Tk	P,R,Su	J,S,G,A,Sa,Rg,Gg,Hg	Dry	2,500	1,000	300	100
19	Tk	P,R,Su	J,S,G,A,Sa,Rg,Gg,Hg	Dry	4,000	2,000	100	20
20	Tk	P,R,Su	J,S,G,A,Sa,Rg,Gg,Hg	Dry	1,500	200	100	20
21	Tk	P,R,Su	J,S,G,A,Sa,Rg,Gg,Hg	Dry	1,000	300	100	75
22,24	Tk	P,R,Su	J,S,G,A,Sa,Rg,Gg,Hg	Dry	1,000	300	100	30
23	Tk	P,R,Su	J,S,G,A,Sa,Rg,Gg,Hg	Dry	1,000	200	100	25
25	Riv	P,R,Su	J,S,G,A,Sa,Rg,Gg,Hg	Dry	500	100	100	20
26	Riv	P,R,Su	J,S,G,A,Sa,Rg,Gg,Hg	Dry	N.A.	N.A.	N.A.	N.A.
27	Tk,C	P,R,Su	J,S,G,A,Sa,Rg,Gg,Hg	Dry	4,000	500	1,000	80
28	Tk	P,R,Su	J,S,G,A,Sa,Rg,Gg,Hg	Dry	4,000	500	600	100
29,47,91,96,99	N.A.	N.A.	N.A.	Dry	N.A.	N.A.	N.A.	N.A.
30	Tk	P,R,Su	J,S,G,A,Sa,Rg,Gg,Hg	Dry	3,000	1,500	100	50
31	Tk	P,R,Su	J,S,G,A,Sa,Rg,Gg,Hg	Dry	2,000	1,000	500	50
32	Tk	P,R,Su	J,S,G,A,Sa,Rg,Gg,Hg	Dry	2,000	1,500	300	50
33	Tk	P,R,Su	J,S,G,A,Sa,Rg,Gg,Hg	Dry	700	300	200	50
34	Tk	P,R,Su	J,S,G,A,Sa,Rg,Gg,Hg	Dry	4,000	2,000	400	50
35	...	...	J,S,G,A,Sa,Rg,Gg,Hg	Dry	...	...	150	100
36	Tk	P,R,Su	J,S,G,A,Sa,Rg,Gg,Hg	Dry	2,000	1,000	100	80
37	Tk	P,R,Su	J,S,G,A,Sa,Rg,Gg,Hg	Dry	2,000	1,000	100	75
38	Tk	P,R,Su	J,S,G,A,Sa,Rg,Gg,Hg	Dry	1,000	200	100	20
39	Tk	P,R,Su	J,S,G,A,Sa,Rg,Gg,Hg	Dry	2,000	300	500	100
40	Tk	P,R,Su	J,S,G,A,Sa,Rg,Gg,Hg	Dry	3,000	1,000	150	50
41	Tk	P,R,Su	J,S,G,A,Sa,Rg,Gg,Hg	Dry	2,000	500	150	10
42	Tk	P,R,Su	J,S,G,A,Sa,Rg,Gg,Hg	Dry	3,000	1,000	300	50
43	Tk	P,R,Su	J,S,G,A,Sa,Rg,Gg,Hg	Dry	1,500	500	400	100
44	Tk	P,R,Su	J,S,G,A,Sa,Rg,Gg,Hg	Dry	200	100	400	100
45	Tk	P,R,Su	J,S,G,A,Sa,Rg,Gg,Hg	Dry	3,000	500	1,000	50
46	Tk,C	P,R,Su	J,S,G,A,Sa,Rg,Gg,Hg	Dry	3,000	50	250	10
47	Tk,C	P,R,Su	J,S,G,A,Sa,Rg,Gg,Hg	Dry	2,000	50	250	10
48	Tk,C	P,R,Su	J,S,G,A,Sa,Rg,Gg,Hg	Dry	1,000	200	200	30
49	Tk,C	P,R,Su	J,S,G,A,Sa,Rg,Gg,Hg	Dry	3,000	500	200	30
50	C	P,R,Su	J,S,G,A,Sa,Rg,Gg,Hg	Dry	2,000	1,500	150	100
51	Tk,C	P,R,Su	J,S,G,A,Sa,Rg,Gg,Hg	Dry	2,000	500	200	50
52	Tk,C	P,R,Su	J,S,G,A,Sa,Rg,Gg,Hg	Dry	1,000	500	300	100
53	Tk,C	P,R,Su	J,S,G,A,Sa,Rg,Gg,Hg	Dry	300	20	150	20
54	C	P,R,Su	J,S,G,A,Sa,Rg,Gg,Hg	Dry	7,000	500	1,000	50
55	Tk,C	P,R,Su	J,S,G,A,Sa,Rg,Gg,Hg	Dry	5,000	1,000	500	100
56	Tk,C	P,R,Su	J,S,G,A,Sa,Rg,Gg,Hg	Dry	5,000	1,000	1,000	100
57	C	P,R,Su	J,S,G,A,Sa,Rg,Gg,Hg	Dry	4,000	2,000	1,000	50
58,60	Tk,C	P,R,Su	J,S,G,A,Sa,Rg,Gg,Hg	Dry	7,000	500	1,000	50
59	C	P,R,Su	J,S,G,A,Sa,Rg,Gg,Hg	Dry	700	350	50	30
61	...	...	J,S,G,A,Sa,Rg,Gg,Hg	Dry	400	150	200	50
62,63	Tk,C	P,R,Su	J,S,G,A,Sa,Rg,Gg,Hg	Dry	4,000	1,000	500	100
64	Tk,C	P,R,Su	J,S,G,A,Sa,Rg,Gg,Hg	Dry	1,000	200	200	20
65	C	P,R,Su	J,S,G,A,Sa,Rg,Gg,Hg	Dry	1,500	200	200	20
66,67	C	P,R,Su	J,S,G,A,Sa,Rg,Gg,Hg	Dry	1,000	300	500	50
68	Tk	P,R,Su	J,S,G,A,Sa,Rg,Gg,Hg	Dry	1,000	300	500	50

SUB-TABLE 1 TO VILLAGE & TOWN DIRECTORY—*contd.*

SOURCE OF IRRIGATION, CROPS RAISED AND VALUE OF LAND

Location Code No. of Village	Source of irrigation	Crops raised			Value of land per acre (in Rupees)			
		Important Wet crops raised	Important dry crops raised	Whether mainly wet or dry	Wet land		Dry land	
					High	Low	High	Low
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)
9 PENUKONDA TALUK— <i>concl'd.</i>								
69	C	P,R,Su	J,S,G,A,Sa,Rg,Gg,Hg	Dry	1,500	250	600	50
70	...	...	J,S,G,A,Sa,Rg,Gg,Hg	Dry	500	50	300	50
71	Tk,C	P,R,Su	J,S,G,A,Sa,Rg,Gg,Hg	Dry	2,000	1,000	800	100
72	Tk,C	P,R,Su	J,S,G,A,Sa,Rg,Gg,Hg	Dry	1,000	200	300	30
73	Tk,C	P,R,Su	J,S,G,A,Sa,Rg,Gg,Hg	Dry	1,000	800	300	200
74	C	P,R,Su	J,S,G,A,Sa,Rg,Gg,Hg	Dry	2,500	1,500	300	200
75	Tk,C	P,R,Su	J,S,G,A,Sa,Rg,Gg,Hg	Dry	6,000	4,000	600	300
76	C	P,R,Su	J,S,G,A,Sa,Rg,Gg,Hg	Dry	800	500	300	200
77	Tk	P,R,Su	J,S,G,A,Sa,Rg,Gg,Hg	Dry	4,000	600	1,000	200
78	Tk	P,R,Su	J,S,G,A,Sa,Rg,Gg,Hg	Dry	4,000	1,000	1,200	200
79	Tk,C	P,R,Su	J,S,G,A,Sa,Rg,Gg,Hg	Dry	5,000	500	1,500	100
80	Tk,C	P,R,Su	J,S,G,A,Sa,Rg,Gg,Hg	Dry	5,000	500	2,000	100
81	Tk	P,R,Su	J,S,G,A,Sa,Rg,Gg,Hg	Dry	4,000	500	100	50
82	Tk	P,R,Su	J,S,G,A,Sa,Rg,Gg,Hg	Dry	4,000	800	1,000	150
83	Tk	P,R,Su	J,S,G,A,Sa,Rg,Gg,Hg	Dry	3,000	500	600	100
84	Tk,C	P,R,Su	J,S,G,A,Sa,Rg,Gg,Hg	Dry	1,500	400	500	80
85	C	P,R,Su	J,S,G,A,Sa,Rg,Gg,Hg	Dry	2,000	1,000	500	80
86	C	P,R,Su	J,S,G,A,Sa,Rg,Gg,Hg	Dry	3,000	300	800	150
87	...	...	J,S,G,A,Sa,Rg,Gg,Hg	Dry	200	50	200	50
88	Tk	P,R,Su	J,S,G,A,Sa,Rg,Gg,Hg	Dry	3,000	2,000	700	120
89	C	P,R,Su	J,S,G,A,Sa,Rg,Gg,Hg	Dry	1,000	500	700	100
90	Tk	P,R,Su	J,S,G,A,Sa,Rg,Gg,Hg	Dry	5,000	200	1,000	100
92,93	Tk	P,R,Su	J,S,G,A,Sa,Rg,Gg,Hg	Dry	200	50	200	50
94	Tk	P,R,Su	J,S,G,A,Sa,Rg,Gg,Hg	Dry	1,000	200	3,000	500
95,97	Tk,C	P,R,Su	J,S,G,A,Sa,Rg,Gg,Hg	Dry	1,000	600	200	50
98	Tk,C	P,R,Su	J,S,G,A,Sa,Rg,Gg,Hg	Dry	3,000	500	500	50
100	Tk,C	P,R,Su	J,S,G,A,Sa,Rg,Gg,Hg	Dry	3,000	1,000	500	50
101	Tk,C	P,R,Su	J,S,G,A,Sa,Rg,Gg,Hg	Dry	8,000	5,000	7,000	3,000
102	Tk,C	P,R,Su	J,S,G,A,Sa,Rg,Gg,Hg	Dry	2,000	50	4,000	300
103	Tk,C	P,R,Su	J,S,G,A,Sa,Rg,Gg,Hg	Dry	12,000	3,000	1,500	200
104	Tk,C	P,R,Su	J,S,G,A,Sa,Rg,Gg,Hg	Dry	3,000	500	700	200
105	Tk	P,R,Su	J,S,G,A,Sa,Rg,Gg,Hg	Dry	500	300	200	100
10 HINDUPUR TALUK								
1,2,3, 4, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10,11, 12, 14, 15, 16,17,18,19,20,21, 22,23,24,25,26,27, 28,29,30,31,32,33, 34,35,36,37,38,39, 40,41, 42, 43, 47, 48,49,50,51,52,54, 59,60, 63, 64, 68, 72,73,82,83,86	Tk,W,C,Sc	P,Su	J,S,R,K,G	Dry	3,000	1,000	300	50
5,56,61,62,70,75, 76,81,84,85	N.A.	N.A.	N.A.	N.A.	N.A.	N.A.	N.A.	N.A.
13	...	...	J,S,R,K,G	Dry	...	...	300	200
44	Tk,W,C	P,Su	J,S,R,K,G	Dry	3,000	1,500	500	200
45,49	Tk,W,C	P,Su	J,S,R,K,G	Dry	4,000	1,500	500	200
46	W	P,Su	J,S,R,K,G	Dry	3,000	1,500	1,000	200
53,55,57,58,65, 66,67,69,71	Tk,W	P,Su	J,S,R,K,G	Dry	3,000	1,000	500	100
70	N.A.	P,Su	J,S,R,K,G	Dry	800	500	400	200
74	Tk,W	P,Su	J,S,R,K,G	Dry	3,000	1,500	400	100
77,79	Tk	P,Su	J,S,R,K,G	Dry	1,500	1,000	300	100
80	Tk	P,Su	J,S,R,K,G	Dry	2,000	1,000	300	100
11 MADAKASIRA TALUK								
1	Tk	P	R	Dry	800	400	550	300
2,10	Tk	P	R	Dry	1,000	400	500	200
3	Tk	P	R	Dry	1,500	500	550	250
4	Tk	P	R	Dry	1,000	500	500	300
5	Tk	O	A,Rg	Dry	900	300	400	200

SUB-TABLE 1 TO VILLAGE & TOWN DIRECTORY-*concl'd.*

SOURCE OF IRRIGATION, CROPS RAISED AND VALUE OF LAND

Location Code No. of Village	Source of irrigation	Crops raised			Value of land per acre (in Rupees)			
		Important Wet crops raised	Important Dry crops raised	Whether mainly wet or dry	Wet land		Dry land	
					High	Low	High	Low
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)
MADAKASIRA TALUK- <i>concl'd.</i>								
6	Tk	P	A,Rg	Dry	800	300	350	150
7	Tk	P	A,Rg	Dry	700	350	500	200
8	Tk	P	R	Dry	600	300	300	100
9	Tk	...	G,Rg	Dry	1,000	290	450	250
11	Tk	P	R	Dry	800	500	450	250
12	Tk	P	R	Dry	700	300	500	250
13	...	P	R	Dry	1,000	900	500	250
14	Tk	P	R	Dry	800	700	550	240
15	Tk	P	R	Dry	800	500	500	230
16	Tk	P	R	Dry	1,000	500	400	240
17	Tk	P	G,R	Dry	2,000	500	500	50
18	Tk	P	G,R	Dry	2,000	1,000	100	25
19	Tk	P	G,R	Dry	800	200	150	40
20	Tk	P	G,R	Dry	800	300	150	40
21	Tk	P	G,R	Dry	1,000	300	200	40
22	Tk	P	G,R	Dry	200	50	100	10
23	...	P	G,R	Dry	600	N.A.	50	15
24,29,50	Tk	P	G,R	Dry	1,000	500	300	100
25	Tk	P	G,R	Dry	1,500	500	200	100
26	Tk	P	G,R	Dry	800	300	150	50
27	Tk	P	G,R	Dry	500	150	80	20
28	Tk,C	P	G,R	Dry	1,500	300	300	100
30	Tk	P	G,R	Dry	1,500	500	300	100
31,33	Tk	P	G,R	Dry	1,000	500	200	70
32	...	P	G,R	Dry	N.A.	N.A.	350	200
34	C	P	G,R	Dry	1,000	500	200	80
35	Tk	P	G,R	Dry	2,000	500	500	50
36	Tk	...	R	Dry	3,000	2,000	1,000	500
37	Tk	...	R	Dry	2,500	1,000	500	200
38	Tk,C	...	R	Dry	2,000	400	1,000	300
39	Tk	P	R	Dry	2,000	800	700	450
40	Tk	...	G,R	Dry	2,000	500	500	200
41	Tk	...	R	Dry	3,000	1,000	400	100
42	Tk,W	...	R	Dry	500	N.A.	100	50
43	Tk	...	R	Dry	2,000	300	200	50
44	Tk	...	R	Dry	800	350	300	50
45	Tk	...	R	Dry	1,000	200	300	100
46	Tk	...	R	Dry	4,000	600	800	150
47,55	Tk,C	...	R	Dry	1,500	600	200	100
48	C	...	R	Dry	1,000	100	200	50
49	Tk,W	...	G,R	Dry	1,000	600	200	50
51	W	...	G,R	Dry	1,000	300	400	300
52	Tk	...	G,R	Dry	1,500	1,500	300	50
53	Tk	P	R	Dry	5,000	500	400	50
54	Tk	...	R	Dry	500	100	150	50
56	C	...	R	Dry	5,000	1,000	300	50
57	Tk	...	R	Dry	900	250	200	40
58	Tk	...	R	Dry	400	150	100	40

Source : Taluk Tahsildars

The following abbreviations have been used in the above Sub-Table :—

N. A. : Not Ascertainable

Irrigation Sources

C: Canal or Nala
Riv: River
Sc: Spring Channel
Sw: Spring Well
Tk: Tank or Kunta
Tw: Tube Well
W: Well

Cereals

A: Arika
J: Jonna or Cholan or Jowar
K: Korra
P: Paddy
R: Ragi
S: Sajja or Cumbu
Sa: Samai

Pulses

Bg: Bengal gram
Gg: Green gram
Hg: Horse gram
Rg: Red gram

Other Crops

Bl: Betel vines
C: Cotton/
Ch: Chillies
Cs: Castor Seeds
G: Groundnut
Gi: Gingelly

Other Crops-*cont'd.*

O: Onions
Pl: Plantains
Su: Sugar Cane
T: Tobacco
Tu: Turmeric

SUB-TABLE 2 TO VILLAGE & TOWN DIRECTORY

CO-OPERATIVE SOCIETIES

ANANTAPUR DISTRICT

Total : 772

Rural : 662

Urban : 110

1 ANANTAPUR TALUK

Total : 111

Rural : 88

Urban : 23

Rural :

Marutla MPCs; Yerraguntla 2MPCS; Koppalekonda MPCs, DCCS; Budedu MPCs; Sirivaram MPCs; Muntimadugu MPCs; Agraharam MPCs; Kallamadi MPCs, DCCS; Nidhanavada MPCs; Salakamcheruvu MPCs; Rachepalle DCCS; Sodanapalle 2MPCS; Matlagondi MPCs; Singanamala FICS, N&DJCS; Peddajalalapuram N&DJCS, MPCs, DCCS; Chennavaram MPCs; Jambuladinne LSCS; Garladinne N&DJCS; Marthadu LSCS, N&DJCS; Kammuru MPCs; Ipperu MPCs; Kudair MSCS, MPCs; Padamati Yaleru LSCS, CS; Atmakur N&DJCS, WCS, CS, SSCS; Madigubba MPCs; Talupuru MPCs; Gotukuru MPCs; Taticherla MPCs; Kodimi MPCs; Rachanapalle MPCs; Narayanapuram MPCs; Somanadoddi MPCs; Chakrayapeta MPCs; Peravali MPCs; Venkatampalle MPCs; Nadimidoddi MPCs; Chamaaluru MPCs; Narpala N&DJCS, Oil CS, SSCS; Chennampalle DCCS; Bodiganidoddi MPCs; Bukkarayasamudram LSCS, SSCS, C. W. C. College Industrial Society, MPCs; Kakkalappalle MPCs; Kurugunta MPCs; Brahmana Yaleru MPCs; Goridindla MPCs; Gandlaparthi MPCs; Bukkacharla N&DJCS; Thopudurthi MPCs; Rapthadu 2MPCS; Gondireddipalle MPCs; Yerragunta MPCs; Marur MPCs; Hampapuram MPCs, N&DJCS; Kandukur N&DJCS; Government Farming CS; Itikalapalle 2MSCS, 2MPCS; Siddarampuram MPCs; Bondalavada MPCs; Gugudu 2MPCS; Pappuru MPCs; Bandlapalle MPCs; Siddarasherla MPCs; Cheyyedu LSCS; Mannila MPCs

Urban :

Anantapur 3MSCS, L&SCS, FICS, 2N&DJCS, TSSSCS, ACCS, ECCS, PSCS, DPCS, HBCS, MECS, Central Bank Staff CS, Co-operative Staff CS, Aided School teachers CS, Women thrift CS, Hand-made Paper Industrial CS, Vadde labour contract CS, Local Co-operative Union, Rayalaseema Co-operative Training Institute SSCS

2 KALYANDRUG TALUK

Total : 81

Rural : 74

Urban : 7

Rural :

Srirangapuram 2MPCS; Narinagundlapalle MPCs; Narasapuram MPCs; Beluguppa WCS, Ghani oil Co-operative Society, MPCs, CS; Avulenna MPCs; Duddekunta MPCs; Kalvapalle N&DJCS, MPCs; Thimmasamudram WCS, MPCs; Muddinayanapalle MPCs; East Kodipalle MPCs; Golla MPCs; Gangavaram MPCs; Seeripi N&DJCS, 2MPCS; Mudigal MPCs; Chapiri MPCs; Pillalapalle MPCs; Theetakal MPCs; Kannepalle MPCs; Bhyrasamudram MPCs; Yerrakondapuram MPCs; Vepalaparthi WCS, 2MPCS; Bhyravanithippa MPCs, WCS; West Kodipalle MPCs; Eradikera N&DJCS, MPCs; Santi Kondapuram 2MPCS; Yatakal N&DJCS, MPCs; Settur MPCs; Chintarlapalle MPCs; Mulakaledu MPCs; Malayanur MPCs; Jambugumpala MPCs; Bestharapalle 2MPCS; Kumdurpi N&DJCS, WCS, MPCs; Apilepalle MPCs; Thimmapuram MPCs; Mulkanur MPCs; Lakshmapalle MPCs; Khyrevu MPCs; Garudapuram 2MPCS; Bedrahalli MPCs; Palavoy MPCs; Duradakunta N&DJCS; Pallur MPCs; Nuthimadugu LSCS; Ralla Anantapuram MPCs; Rallapalle MPCs; Kambadur 2N&DJCS, 3MPCS, LWCS, DPCS, WCS; Chennapalle MPCs; Kurakulampalle MPCs

Urban :

Kalyandrug MCS, MSCS, N&DJCS, 2CS, SSCS, Co-operative Local Union

3 RAYADRUG TALUK

Total : 49

Rural : 44

Urban : 5

Rural :

Obulapuram MPCs; Dandinahirehal MPCs; Pulakurthi 2MPCS; Unthakal WCS, 2MPCS; Bommanahal LSCS; Bollanaguddam MPCs; Govindavada MPCs; Honnur MPCs; Sridharaghatta MPCs; Uddihal MPCs; Kolaganahalli MPCs; Nagalapuram N&DJCS, MPCs; Somalapuram MPCs; Kudlur MPCs; Yerragunta N&DJCS, MPCs; Brahmasamudram MPCs; Gollapuram MPCs; Hanakanahal N&DJCS; Kanekal FICS, N&DJCS, SSCS; Hulikera MPCs; Gramadatla MPCs; Mechiri MPCs; Avuladatla N&DJCS; Veparalla 3MPCS; Junjurampalle MPCs; Bhupasamudram LSCS; Baginayakanahalli WCS; Udegolam Tenants CS; Gollapalle MPCs; Galagala N&DJCS, MPCs; Kalugodu MPCs; Gummaghatta LSCS, WCS; Thallakera MPCs

Urban :

Rayadrug MSCS, WCS, HBCS, CS, SSCS

SUB-TABLE 2 TO VILLAGE & TOWN DIRECTORY—*contd.*

CO-OPERATIVE SOCIETIES

4 URAVAKONDA INDEPENDENT SUB-TALUK

Total : 31

Rural : 20

Urban : 11

Rural :

Donekal MPCs ; Gadekal LSCS ; Hanchanahal WCS ; Poliki LSCS ; Gadehothur MPCs ; Chabala MPCs ; Vidupanakal MPCs ; Havaligi MPCs ; Karakamukkala MPCs ; Nimbagallu MPCs ; Amidala N&DJCS ; P. C. Pyapili MPCs ; Shaiksanipalle MPCs ; Kadamalakunta MPCs ; Ragulapadu MPCs ; Vajrakarur N&DJCS ; Kamalapadu MPCs ; Gulapalyam MPCs ; Konakondla LSCS, MPCs

Urban :

Uravakonda L&SCS, MSCS, N&DJCS, WCS, L&TWCS, HBCS, CCS, SSCS, Panchayat Board Employees Co-operative Society, Co-operative College Industrial Society, Co-operative Spinning Mills Ltd.

5 GOOTY TALUK

Total : 66

Rural : 57

Urban : 9

Rural :

Thimmanacherla MPCs ; Kasapuram MPCs ; Pathakothacheruvu N&DJCS, MPCs ; Nakkanadoddi MPCs ; Thimmapuram MPCs ; Nelagonda 3MPCs ; Nagasamudram N&DJCS, 3MPCs ; Erragudi WCS, MPCs ; Peddadoddi MPCs ; Dancherla MPCs ; Marneipalle MPCs ; Yerrathimmarajucheruvu FICS, MSCS, 2MPCs ; Obulapuram MPCs ; Basinepalle MPCs ; Khojjepalle 2MPCs ; Chetnepalle 2MPCs ; Bethapalle N&DJCS ; Karadikonda MPCs ; Kothapeta MPCs ; Thondapadu MPCs ; Jakkalacheruvu 2MPCs ; Appecherla N&DJCS, MPCs ; Konapuram WCS, MPCs ; Ravaludiki MPCs ; Medimakulapalle MPCs ; Avulampalle MPCs ; Gooty Anantapuram MPCs ; Thurakapalle Better living Co-operative Society ; Mamudur MPCs ; Khadarpur MPCs ; Eddulapalle N&DJCS, MPCs ; Vankarajukalva MPCs ; Devarapalle MPCs ; Kalapuram MPCs ; Peddavaduguru N&DJCS, MPCs, WCS ; Neeluru MPCs ; Dhimmagudi MPCs ; Kandlaguduru N&DJCS ; Chittoor MPCs

Urban :

Gooty 2MSCS, MCS, P&DPCS, SSCS, Southern Railway Employees Co-operative Stores, Poultry farming CS ; Guntakal LSCS, MPCs

6 TADPATRI TALUK

Total : 59

Rural : 50

Urban : 9

Rural :

Chandana MPCs ; Vemulapadu MPCs ; Nagaruru MPCs ; Devanuppalapadu MPCs ; Chinnayakkaluru MPCs ; Peddayakkaluru MPCs ; Thimmapuram MPCs ; Kummetha WCS ; Dharmapuram MPCs ; Peddapappuru LWCS, MPCs ; Chagallu MPCs ; Tabjula MPCs ; Muchukota N&DJCS, 2MPCs, XCS ; Ammaladinne MPCs ; Arakata Vemula 2MPCs ; Surepalle MPCs ; Kadavakallu MPCs ; Dosaledu MPCs ; Cherlopalle MPCs ; Chalavemula MPCs ; Kummanamala MPCs ; Madugupalle MPCs ; Yellutla MPCs ; Chintakayamanda N&DJCS, 2MPCs ; Diguvapalle WCS, SSCS, MPCs ; Nandalapadu MPCs ; Narasapuram MPCs ; Iguduru MPCs ; Gangadevipalle MPCs ; Alur MPCs ; Hussainpuram MPCs ; Challavaripalle LSCS ; Veerapuram MPCs ; Vanganuru MPCs ; Senegalaguduru 2MPCs ; Medikurthi WCS ; Nitturu MPCs ; Thirumalapuram MPCs ; Yellanuru MPCs ; Pathapalle Ghani Oil CS

Urban :

Tadpatri MCS, MSCS, N&DJCS, ECS, XCS, WCS, HBCS, Women Thrift Co-operative Society, Co-operative Local Union

7 DHARMAVARAM TALUK

Total : 78

Rural : 68

Urban : 10

Rural :

Thumacherla CS ; Togarakunta N&DJCS, CS ; Maddulacheruvu CS ; Narasampalle CS ; Konetinayanipalyam CS ; Perur CS ; Kondapuram CS ; Motaruchintalapalle CS ; Nasanakota N&DJCS, CS ; Elakuntla CS ; Ramagiri CS ; Mustikovilla CS ; Polepalle WCS, CS ; Kuntimaddi CS ; Nyamaddala SSCS, MCS ; Chennakothapalle MCS, N&DJCS, WCS, 3CS ; Poletipalle CS ; Nagasamudram CS ; Dadulur 2CS ; Mukthapuram CS ; Kunuthuru CS, N&DJCS ; Regatipalle MCS, LCCS, CCS, N&DJCS, CS ; Pyayadindi MCS, CCS ; Medapuram HCS, 2CS ; Kanumukkala LSCS ; Veldurthi CS ; Ganginepalle CS ; Mallakalva 2CS ; Darsimala CS ; Cherlopalle CS ; Obulapuram CS ; Thummala MCS, CCS ; Subbaraopeta CS ; Gottur LSCS ; Chigicherla FLCS, CS ; Raghavampalle CS ; Batthulapalle N&DJCS, CS ; Apparajucheruvu CS ; Nidigallu FLCS ; Malyavantham CS ; Pinnadari CS ; Tadimarri N&DJCS, CS ; Garisalapalle CS ; Chinnakotla CS ; Peddakotla CS

Urban :

Dharmavaram LSCS, CS, FICS, N&DJCS, 2WCS, SSCS, HBCS, Local Co-operative Union, Milk Union

SUB-TABLE 2 TO VILLAGE & TOWN DIRECTORY--contd.

CO-OPERATIVE SOCIETIES

8 KADIRI TALUK

Total : 103

Rural : 93

Urban : 10

Rural :

Kodavandlapalle WCS, CS; Marthad CS; Bandlapalle CS; Gandlavandlapalle CS; Uppalapadu CS; Mukthapuram CS; Gunjapalle LSCS, N&DJCS; Devaragudipalle CS; Sanevaripalle N&DJCS; Vellamaddi CS; Nagireddipalle CS; Painam CS; Odulapalle CS; Kurli CS; Talupula LSCS, N&DJCS, SSCS; Bandlapalle CS; Nuthanakalva CS; Obulareddipalle CS; Peddannaivaripalle 3CS; Velichalamala CS; Nambulinulikunta CS; Pedaballikothapalle CS; Pedaballe CS; Dhaniyanicheruvu CS; Kurumamidi CS; Veparalla CS; Jeenukunta CS; Gandlapenta CS; Kadiri-kuntlapalle CS; Kutagulla CS; Saidapuram 2CS; Kamatampalle CS; Maddilavarigondi CS; Mudupulajivvi CS; Yedurudona CS; Tsadum CS; Tanakal ND&JCS, CS; Ethodu CS; Talamarlavandlapalle CS; Oruvoy CS; Mulakalapalle CS; Kadiripulikunta CS; Ubicherla CS; Allugundu CS; Buthulapalle CS; Pulagampalle N&DJCS, 2CS; Donnikota CS; Muthyalacheruvu 2CS; Erradoddi CS; Kalasamudram CS; Chippalamadugu CS; Charupalle CS; Reddipalle 3CS; Vankarakunta CS; Nallamada N&DJCS, CS; Gopipalle CS; Kondakamaria 2WCS, CS; Daburavaripalle CS; Allapalle CS; Sunnampalle CS; Mukkandavarikothapalle CS; Obuladevaracheruvu N&DJCS; Venkatapuram CS; Thummalakuntlapalle 2CS; Mahommadabad N&DJCS, CS; Amadaguru CS; Chinaganipalle 2CS; Ramanathapuram CS, LSCS; Mallareddipalle CS; Tavalam 2CS; Cheekatimanipalle CS; Bonthalapalle CS

Urban :

Kadiri LSCS, MSCS, N&DJCS, 4CS, SSCS, HBCS, Local Co-operative Union

9 PENUKONDA TALUK

Total : 89

Rural : 83

Urban : 6

Rural :

Mulakalacheruvu CS; Naranagepalle CS; R. Locherla CS; Roddam N&DJCS, WCS, 4CS; Reddipalle 2CS; Dodagatta CS, Land Colonisation CS, N&DJCS, WCS; Cherukur CS; Kalipi CS; Peddamanthur CS; Chinnamanthur CS; Nallur CS; Cholemarri CS; Mandli CS; Mavatur CS; Sanipalle CS; Turakalapattam CS; Kogira FLCS, CS; Addakulapalle CS; Challapalle CS; Julukunta CS; Kethaganicheruvu CS; Nadimpalle CS; Chalukur CS; Edulaballapuram CS; Magecheruvu CS; Somandepalle CS, MSCS; Pandiparthi CS; Thungodu CS; Rampuram CS; Erramanchi WCS, CS; Duddebanda CS; Guttur CS; Munimadugu CS; Settipalle WCS, CS; Kottlapalle CS; Bandlapalle CS; Marakuntapalle CS; Talamarla WCS, CS; Kodapaganipalle CS; K. Locherla CS; Byrapuram CS; Jagarajupalle CS; Peddipalle 2CS, WCS; Kappalabanda CS; Beedupalle CS; Yenumulapalle CS; Puttaparthi CS; Bukkapattam 4CS, N&DJCS, WCS, SSCS, LCCS; Kothacheruvu CS; Kanisettipalle CS; Kesapuram CS; Mylasamudram CS; Siddaramapuram CS; Elakuntla CS; Mangalamadaka CS; Pamudurthi CS; Agraharam CS; Gunipalle CS; Kothakota CS; Vengalamacheruvu CS

Urban :

Penukonda MCS, SSCS, MSCS, N&DJCS, CS, Local Co-operative Union

10 HINDUPUR TALUK

Total : 79

Rural : 65

Urban : 14

Rural :

Seegipalle CS, LCS; Beechiganipalle CS; Utakur CS; Yerragunta CS; Pydeti CS; Beerepalle CS; Sirekolam CS; Parigi LSCS, MCS, Moda CS; Kodigenahalli MCS, CS, IICS; Sasanakota MCS, CS; Kotnur MCS; Nakkalapalle CS; Santhebidanur CS; Chowtur LSCS; Thumukunta CS; Gollapuram WCS; Kirikera LSCS, MCS; Kotipi LSCS; Manesamudram CS; Malugur CS; Kallur MCS, CS; Cholasamudram CS; Manepalle MCS, CS; Sirivaram CS; Mydugolam CS; Kanchisamudram CS; Lepakshi MCS, SSCS; Chalivendata N&DJCS, CS; Tekulodu CS; Demakethepalle CS; Veerapuram CS; Chilamathur N&DJCS; Kodur LSCS, CS; Settipalle CS; Budili CS; Ragimakulapalle CS; Palasamudram CS; Naginayanicheruvu CS; Mallapalle 2CS; Mandalapalle 2CS; Gorantla MCS, N&DJCS, SSCS, 2CS; Kammavaripalle 2CS; Vanavolu FLCS; Gownivaripalle CS; Puleru CS; Subbaraopeta CS; Kodikonda CS

Urban :

Hindupur HBCS, MCS, N&DJCS, MSCS, SSCS, MSECS, MMECS, LSCS, 4CS, Farmers CS, Local Co-operative Union

11 MADAKASIRA TALUK

Total : 26

Rural : 20

Urban : 6

Rural :

Valasa CS; Amarapuram CS, SSCS; Halukur CS; Hemavathi CS; Basavanahalli CS; Kanikera CS; Morubagal 2CS; Gudibanda CS;

SUB-TABLE 2 TO VILLAGE & TOWN DIRECTORY—*concl'd.*

CO-OPERATIVE SOCIETIES

11 MADAKASIRA TALUK—*concl'd.*

Mandalahalli CS ; Agali SSCS ; Konkallu 2CS ; Kekathi 2CS ; Rallahalli CS ; Yerrabommanahalli CS ; Kallumari CS ; Kodigenahalli CS

Urban:

Madakasira L&SCS, LSCS, N&DJCS, MCS, SSCS, Local Co-operative Union

Source : Registrar of Co-operative Societies

The following abbreviations have been used in the above Sub-Table for the various types of Co-operative Societies :

ACCS :	Arts College Co-operative Society	LWCS :	Leather Workers Co-operative Society
CCS :	Credit Co-operative Society	MCS :	Marketing Co-operative Society
CS :	Co-operative Society	MECS :	Municipal Employees Co-operative Society
DPCS :	Depressed Class Co-operative Society	MMECS :	Municipal Menial Employees Co-operative Society
ECS :	Employees Co-operative Society	MPCS :	Multipurpose Co-operative Society
ECCS :	Engineering College Co-operative Society	MSCS :	Milk Supply Co-operative Society
FCS :	Forest Co-operative Society	MSECS :	Municipal Superior Employees Co-operative Society
FICS :	Fishermen Co-operative Society	N&DJCS :	Neera and Date Jaggery Co-operative Society
FLCS :	Field Labourers Co-operative Society	P&DPCS :	Palmyra and Date Production Co-operative Society
HBCS :	House Building Co-operative Society	PSCS :	Public Servants' Co-operative Society
HCS :	Health Co-operative Society	SSCS :	School Students Co-operative Society
LCCS :	Labour Contract Co-operative Society	TSSSCS :	Training School Students' Stores Co-operative Society
LSCS :	Large Sized Co-operative Society	WCS :	Weavers' Co-operative Society
L&SCS :	Loan and Sales Co-operative Society	XCS :	Christian Co-operative Society
L&TWCS :	Leather and Tanning Workers Co-operative Society		

SUB-TABLE 3 TO VILLAGE & TOWN DIRECTORY

POLICE STATIONS

ANANTAPUR DISTRICT

Total : 65

Rural : 40

Urban : 25

1 ANANTAPUR TALUK

Total : 8

Rural : 5

Urban : 3

Rural : Udiripikonda (1); Penakacherla (1); Singanamala (1); Atmakur (1); Narpala (1)
 Urban : Anantapur (3)

2 KALYANDRUG TALUK

Total : 5

Rural : 4

Urban : 1

Rural : Beluguppa (1); Settur (1); Kariganipalle (1); Kambadur (1)
 Urban : Kalyandrug (1)

3 RAYADRUG TALUK

Total : 6

Rural : 5

Urban : 1

Rural : Dandinahirehal (1); Bommanahel (1); Rekatla (1); Kanekal (1); Thallakera (1)
 Urban : Rayadrug (1)

4 URAVAKONDA INDEPENDENT SUB-TALUK

Total : 4

Rural : 3

Urban : 1

Rural : Vidupanakal (1); Vajrakarur (1); Konakondla (1)
 Urban : Uravakonda (1)

5 GOOTY TALUK

Total : 8

Rural : 1

Urban : 7

Rural : Teliki (1)
 Urban : Guntakal (3); Gooty (3); Pemidi (1)

6 TADPATRI TALUK

Total : 7

Rural : 4

Urban : 3

Rural : Muchukota (1); Juturu (1); Brahmanapalle (1); Yellanuru (1)
 Urban : Tadpatri (2); Yadiki (1)

7 DHARMAVARAM TALUK

Total : 5

Rural : 3

Urban : 2

Rural : Perur (1); Chennakothapalle (1); Tadimarri (1)
 Urban : Dharmavaram (2)

8 KADIRI TALUK

Total : 10

Rural : 8

Urban : 2

Rural : Kodavandlapalle (1); Gunjapalle (1); Patnam (1); Talupula (1); Gandiapenta (1); Tanakal (1); Nallamada (1);
 Obuladevaracheruvu (1)
 Urban : Kadiri (2)

SUB-TABLE 3 TO VILLAGE & TOWN DIRECTORY—*concl'd.*

POLICE STATIONS

9 PENUKONDA TALUK

*Total : 4**Rural : 3**Urban : 1**Rural : Roddam (1); Bukkapatnam (1); Pamudurthi (1)**Urban : Penukonda (1)*

10 HINDUPUR TALUK

*Total : 5**Rural : 2**Urban : 3**Rural : Chilamathur (1); Gorantla (1)**Urban : Hindupur (3)*

11 MADAKASIRA TALUK

*Total : 3**Rural : 2**Urban : 1**Rural : Amarapuram (1); Rolla (1)**Urban : Madakasira (1)*

Source : Inspector General of Police

SUB-TABLE 4 TO VILLAGE & TOWN DIRECTORY
VETERINARY HOSPITALS AND FIRST AID CENTRES

ANANTAPUR DISTRICT

Total : 2	Veterinary Hospitals Rural : Nil	Urban : 2
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Total : 13	Veterinary Dispensaries Rural : 4	Urban : 9
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Total : 5	Veterinary First Aid Centres Rural : 2	Urban : 3
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1 ANANTAPUR TALUK

Total : 1	Veterinary Hospitals Rural : Nil	Urban : 1
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Rural : Nil
Urban : Anantapur (1)

Veterinary Dispensaries
Nil

Veterinary First Aid Centres
Nil

2 KALYANDRUG TALUK

Veterinary Hospitals
Nil

Total : 1	Veterinary Dispensaries Rural : Nil	Urban : 1
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Rural : Nil
Urban : Kalyandrug (1)

Veterinary First Aid Centres
Nil

3 RAYADRUG TALUK

Veterinary Hospitals
Nil

Total : 2	Veterinary Dispensaries Rural : 1	Urban : 1
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Rural : Kannekal (1)
Urban : Rayadrug (1)

Veterinary First Aid Centres
Nil

SUB-TABLE 4 TO VILLAGE & TOWN DIRECTORY—*contd.*

VETERINARY HOSPITALS AND FIRST AID CENTRES

4 URAVAKONDA INDEPENDENT SUB-TALUK

Veterinary Hospitals

Nil

Veterinary Dispensaries

Rural : 1

Urban : 1

Total : 2

Rural : Vidupanakal (1)

Urban : Uravakonda (1)

Veterinary First Aid Centres

Nil

5 GOOTY TALUK

Veterinary Hospitals

Nil

Veterinary Dispensaries

Rural : Nil

Urban : 2

Total : 2

Rural : Nil

Urban : Gooty (1); Guntakal (1)

Veterinary First Aid Centres

Nil

6 TADPATRI TALUK

Veterinary Hospitals

Nil

Veterinary Dispensaries

Rural : Nil

Urban : 1

Total : 1

Rural : Nil

Urban : Tadpatri (1)

Veterinary First Aid Centres

Rural : Nil

Urban : 1

Total : 1

Rural : Nil

Urban : Yadjiki (1)

7 DHARMAVARAM TALUK

Veterinary Hospitals

Nil

Veterinary Dispensaries

Rural : 1

Urban : 1

Total : 2

Rural : Tadimarri (1)

Urban : Dharmavaram (1)

Veterinary First Aid Centres

Rural : 1

Urban : Nil

Total : 1

Rural : Maddulacheruvu (1)

Urban : Nil

SUB-TABLE 4 TO VILLAGE & TOWN DIRECTORY—*concl'd.*

VETERINARY HOSPITALS AND FIRST AID CENTRES

8 KADIRI TALUK

Veterinary Hospitals

Nil

Veterinary Dispensaries

Rural : Nil

Urban : 1

Total : 1

Rural : Nil

Urban : Kadiri (1)

Veterinary First Aid Centres

Nil

9 PENUKONDA TALUK

Veterinary Hospitals

Nil

Veterinary Dispensaries

Rural : Nil

Urban : 1

Total : 1

Rural : Nil

Urban : Penukonda (1)

Veterinary First Aid Centres

Nil

10 HINDUPUR TALUK

Veterinary Hospitals

Rural : Nil

Urban : 1

Total : 1

Rural : Nil

Urban : Hindupur (1)

Veterinary Dispensaries

Rural : 1

Urban : Nil

Total : 1

Rural : Gorantla (1)

Urban : Nil

Veterinary First Aid Centres

Rural : 1

Urban : 1

Total : 2

Rural : Vanavolu (1)

Urban : Hindupur (1)

11 MADAKASIRA TALUK

Veterinary Hospitals

Nil

Veterinary Dispensaries

Nil

Veterinary First Aid Centres

Rural : Nil

Urban : 1

Total : 1

Rural : Nil

Urban : Madakasira (1)

SUB-TABLE 5 TO VILLAGE & TOWN DIRECTORY

READING ROOMS

ANANTAPUR DISTRICT

Total : 186

Rural : 157

Urban : 29

1 ANANTAPUR TALUK

Total : 25

Rural : 22

Urban : 3

Rural : Marutla (1); Penakacherla (1); Kalluru (1); Kanampalle (1); Iluru (1); Sodayapalle (1); Singanamala (1); Marthadu (1); Ipperu (4); Kudair (1); Atmakur (1); Narpala (1); Bukkarayasamudram (3); Brahmana Yaleru (1); Rapihadu (1); Gondireddipalle (1); Gugudu (1)

Urban : Anantapur (3)

2 KALYANDRUG TALUK

Total : 1

Rural : Nil

Urban : 1

Rural : Nil

Urban : Kalyandrug (1)

3 RAYADRUG TALUK

Total : 4

Rural : 2

Urban : 2

Rural : Genigera (1); Kanekal (1)

Urban : Rayadrug (2)

4 URAVAKONDA INDEPENDENT SUB-TALUK

Total : 32

Rural : 27

Urban : 5

Rural : Donekal (1); Gadekal (1); Hanchanahal (1); Poliki (1); N. Thimmapuram (1); Velpumadugu (2); Vidupanakal (1); Karakamukkala (2); Palthuru (2); Cheekalagurki (1); Budagavi (1); Rayampalle (1); Nimbagallu (1); Mopidi (1); Amidala (1); Lathavaram (1); Ragulapadu (1); Thatrakal (1); Pottipadu (1); Vajrakarur (1); Gulapalyam (1); Konakondla (3)

Urban : Uravakonda (5)

5 GOOTY TALUK

Total : 3

Rural : Nil

Urban : 3

Rural : Nil

Urban : Gooty (1); Guntakal (2)

6 TADPATRI TALUK

Total : 22

Rural : 19

Urban : 3

Rural : Rayalcheruvu (1); Ammalladinne (1); Kadavakallu (1); Dosaledu (1); Daditota (1); Goddummarri (1); Chintakayamanda (1); Bukkapuram (1); Putluru (2); Veerapuram (1); Vanganuru (1); Senegalaguduru (1); Thirumalapuram (1); Yellanuru (1); Mallagundla (1); Kalluru (1); Pathapalle (1); Kacharikunta (1)

Urban : Tadpatri (2); Yadiki (1)

7 DHARMAVARAM TALUK

Total : 9

Rural : 7

Urban : 2

Rural : Thumacherla (1); Perur (1); Chennakothapalle (1); Poletipalle (1); Bathulapalle (1); Chinnakotla (1); Peddakotla (1)

Urban : Dharmavaram (2)

SUB-TABLE 5 TO VILLAGE & TOWN DIRECTORY - *Concl'd.*

READING ROOMS

8 KADIRI TALUK

*Total : 5**Rural : 3**Urban : 2**Rural : Talupula (1); Obulareddipalle (1); Tanakal (1)**Urban : Kadiri (2)*

9 PENUKONDA TALUK

*Total : 4**Rural : 3**Urban : 1**Rural : Naranagepalle (1); Reddipalle (1); Somandepalle (1)**Urban : Penukonda (1)*

10 HINDUPUR TALUK

*Total : 69**Rural : 63**Urban : 6*

Rural : Ganapathipalle (1); Seegipalle (1); Beechiganipalle (1); Utakur (1); Yerragunta (1); Vittapalle (1); Pydeti (1); Narasapuram (1); Beerepalle (1); Sirekolam (1); Parigi (1); Moda (1); Kodigenahalli (1); Sasanakota (1); Kotnur (1); Nakkalapalle (1); Santhebidanur (1); Chowlur (1); Gollapuram (1); Kirikera (1); Kotipi (1); Pulamathi (1); Sreekantapuram (1); Manesamudram (1); Malugur (1); Kallur (1); Cholasamudram (1); Manepalle (1); Sirivaram (1); Mydugolam (1); Kanchisamudram (1); Lepakshi (1); Nondur (1); Chalivendala (1); Vadigepalle (1); Tekulodu (1); Demakethepalle (1); Yagnasettipalle (1); Hussainpuram (1); Veerapuram (1); Chilamathur (1); Kodur (1); Settipalle (1); Budili (1); Devulacheruvu (1); Katepalle (1); Palasamudram (1); Naginayancheruvu (1); Mallapalle (1); Mandalapalle (1); Gorantla (1); Kammavaripalle (1); Gangampalle (1); Vanavolu (1); Jakkasamudram (1); Gownivaripalle (1); Marreddipalle (1); Puleru (1); Chagaleru (1); Somaghatta (1); Morsalapapalle (1); Subbaraopeta (1); Kodikonda (1)

Urban : Hindupur ()

11 MADAKASIRA TALUK

*Total : 12**Rural : 11**Urban : 1*

Rural : Valasa (1); Amarapuram (1); Halukur (1); Basavanahalli (1); Melavoy (1); Kekathi (1); Rallahalli (1); Amidalagondi (1); Anantapuram (1); Haresamudram (1); Kallumarri (1)

Urban : Madakasira (1)

Source : Taluk Tahasildars

SUB-TABLE 6 TO VILLAGE & TOWN DIRECTORY

PLACES OF PUBLIC ENTERTAINMENTS (CINEMAS)

ANANTAPUR DISTRICT

Total : 54

Rural : 14

Urban : 40

1 ANANTAPUR TALUK

Total : 4

Rural : Nil

Urban : 4

Rural : Nil

Urban : Anantapur (4)

2 KALYANDRUG TALUK

Total : 7

Rural : 1

Urban : 6

Rural : Beluguppa (1)

Urban : Kalyandrug (6)

3 RAYADRUG TALUK

Total : 1

Rural : Nil

Urban : 1

Rural : Nil

Urban : Rayadrug (1)

4 URAVAKONDA INDEPENDENT SUB-TALUK

Total : 2

Rural : Nil

Urban : 2

Rural : Nil

Urban : Uravakonda (2)

5 GOOTY TALUK

Total : 6

Rural : Nil

Urban : 6

Rural : Nil

Urban : Gooty (2); Pamidi (1); Guntakal (3)

6 TADPATRI TALUK

Total : 4

Rural : 1

Urban : 3

Rural : Yellanuru (1)

Urban : Tadpatri (2); Yadiki (1)

7 DHARMAVARAM TALUK

Total : 9

Rural : Nil

Urban : 9

Rural : Nil

Urban : Dharmavaram (9)

8 KADIRI TALUK

Total : 2

Rural : Nil

Urban : 2

Rural : Nil

Urban : Kadiri (2)

9 PENUKONDA TALUK

Total : 3

Rural : 2

Urban : 1

Rural : Bukkapatnam (1); Kothacheruvu (1)

Urban : Penukonda (1)

SUB-TABLE 6 TO VILLAGE AND TOWN DIRECTORY—*concl'd.*

PLACES OF PUBLIC ENTERTAINMENTS (CINEMAS)

10 HINDUPUR TALUK

*Total : 7**Rural : 4**Urban : 3**Rural : Chilamatur (1); Kodur (1); Gorantla (2)**Urban : Hindupur (3)*

11 MADAKASIRA TALUK

*Total : 9**Rural : 6**Urban : 3**Rural : Amarapuram (3); Hemavathi (1); Agali (2)**Urban : Madakasira (3)*

Source : Collector, Anantapur

SUB-TABLE 7 TO VILLAGE & TOWN DIRECTORY

LIST OF RURAL CRAFTS AND NUMBER OF PERSONS EMPLOYED IN PRODUCTION

(RURAL)

Branch of Industry Major Group of Indian Standard Industrial Classification (1)	Name of Craft (2)	Number of Villages in which the crafts are in practice (3)	Number of persons employed in production		
			Persons (4)	Males (5)	Females (6)

ANANTAPUR DISTRICT

Number of Villages in the District : 953
Number of Villages for which questionnaire were received : 694
Number of Villages for which Houselists were referred to : 259

(From questionnaire)

20	Foodstuffs	Oil seeds crushing	35	369	246	123
22	Tobacco products	Beedi making	4	347	257	90
23	Textile—cotton	{ Cotton ginning	3	32	18	14
		{ Net weaving (for fishing)	3	61	33	28
		{ Spinning	21	1,324	455	869
		{ Weaving	208	10,730	6,233	4,497
24	Textile—jute	Rope making	19	689	477	212
25	Textile—wool	Woollen rugs weaving	106	6,441	3,419	3,022
26	Textile—silk	Silk weaving	7	199	123	76
27	Textile—miscellaneous	{ Quilt making	1	15	10	5
		{ Tailoring	60	472	375	97
		{ Basket making	129	1,844	1,063	781
		{ Cane works	2	11	11	...
		{ Carpentry	316	2,093	1,685	408
		{ Mat weaving	62	2,378	1,261	1,117
		{ Wooden comb making	7	73	47	26
31	Leather and leather products	Tanning & shoe making	239	7,009	5,433	1,576
33	Chemicals and chemical products	{ Fire works	1	50	30	20
		{ Vermilion making	1	35	20	15
34-35	Non-Metallic Mineral Products other than petroleum and coal	Pottery	318	3,454	2,108	1,346
36	Basic Metals and their products except machinery and transport equipment	Blacksmithy	251	1,188	938	250
39	Miscellaneous Manufacturing Industries	{ Goldsmithy	119	431	370	61
		{ Musical instruments making	1	2	2	...

(Supplement from Houselists)

20	Foodstuffs	Oil seeds crushing	12	25	...	...
22	Tobacco products	Beedi making	1	18	...	...
23	Textile—cotton	{ Dyeing and printing	1	1	...	...
		{ Cotton ginning	2	50	...	...
		{ Spinning	6	73	...	...
		{ Weaving	38	260	...	...
25	Textile—wool	Woollen rugs weaving	5	37	...	...
26	Textile—silk	Silk weaving	1	176	...	...
27	Textile—miscellaneous	Tailoring	85	245	...	...
28	Manufacture of wood and wooden products	{ Basket making	8	37	...	...
		{ Carpentry	29	66	...	...
		{ Mat weaving	4	110	...	...
31	Leather and leather products	Tanning & shoe making	31	108	...	...

SUB-TABLE 7 TO VILLAGE & TOWN DIRECTORY—*contd.*

LIST OF RURAL CRAFTS AND NUMBER OF PERSONS EMPLOYED IN PRODUCTION

(RURAL)

Branch of Industry Major Group of Indian Standard Industrial Classification (1)	Name of Craft (2)	Number of Villages in which the crafts are in practice (3)	Number of persons employed in production		
			Persons (4)	Males (5)	Females (6)

ANANTAPUR DISTRICT

34-35	Non-Metallic Mineral Products other than petroleum and coal	{ Bangles making	1	5	...	...
		{ Pottery	62	238	...	...
36	Basic Metals and their products except machinery and transport equipment	Blacksmithy	75	154	...	...
39	Miscellaneous Manufacturing Industries	Goldsmithy	67	152	...	...

1 ANANTAPUR TALUK

Number of Villages in the Taluk :	118
Number of Villages for which questionnaire were received :	76
Number of Villages for which Houselists were referred to :	42

(From questionnaire)

20	Foodstuffs	Oilseeds crushing	1	6	3	3
23	Textile—cotton	{ Cotton ginning	1	13	8	5
		{ Net weaving (for fishing)	2	50	25	25
		{ Spinning	1	7	...	7
		{ Weaving	32	1,560	929	631
25	Textile—wool	Woollen rugs weaving	10	433	201	232
27	Textile—miscellaneous	{ Quilt making	1	15	10	5
		{ Tailoring	7	31	29	2
28	Manufacture of wood and wooden products	{ Basket making	12	141	90	51
		{ Carpentry	43	170	154	16
		{ Mat weaving	3	73	28	45
31	Leather and leather products	Tanning & shoe making	34	1,160	1,039	121
34-35	Non-Metallic Mineral Products other than petroleum and coal	Pottery	52	528	326	202
36	Basic Metals and their products except machinery and transport equipment	Blacksmithy	43	177	149	28
39	Miscellaneous Manufacturing Industries	Goldsmithy	16	44	39	5

(Supplement from Houselists)

20	Foodstuffs	Oil seeds crushing	1	1	...	...
22	Tobacco products	Beedi making	1	18	...	...
23	Textile—cotton	{ Spinning	1	14	...	...
		{ Weaving	4	21	...	...
27	Textile—miscellaneous	Tailoring	5	14	...	...
28	Manufacture of wood and wooden products	Carpentry	1	1	...	...
34-35	Non-Metallic Mineral Products other than petroleum and coal	Pottery	5	18	...	...
36	Basic Metals and their products except machinery and transport equipment	Blacksmithy	4	5	...	...
39	Miscellaneous Manufacturing Industries	Goldsmithy	2	5	...	...

SUB-TABLE 7 TO VILLAGE & TOWN DIRECTORY—*contd.*

LIST OF RURAL CRAFTS AND NUMBER OF PERSONS EMPLOYED IN PRODUCTION

(RURAL)

Branch of Industry Major Group of Indian Standard Industrial Classification	Name of Craft	Number of Villages in which the crafts are in practice	Number of persons employed in production		
			Persons	Males	Females
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)

2 KALYANDRUG TALUK

Number of Villages in the Taluk :	74
Number of Villages for which questionnaire were received :	65
Number of Villages for which Houselists were referred to :	9

(From questionnaire)

20	Foodstuffs	Oil seeds crushing	1	10	6	4
23	Textile—cotton	{ Spinning	2	40	26	14
		{ Weaving	4	134	83	51
24	Textile—jute	Rope making	3	236	136	100
25	Textile—wool	Woollen rugs weaving	26	2,336	1,106	1,230
28	Manufacture of wood and wooden products	{ Basket making	6	93	55	38
		{ Carpentry	23	159	119	40
		{ Mat Weaving	6	144	66	78
31	Leather and leather products	Tanning & shoe making	20	838	693	145
34-35	Non-Metallic Mineral Products other than petroleum and coal	Pottery	25	170	107	63
36	Basic Metals and their products except machinery and transport equipment	Blacksmithy	23	122	81	41
39	Miscellaneous Manufacturing Industries	Goldsmithy	8	27	19	8

(Supplement from Houselists)

23	Textile—cotton	Weaving	1	4	...	...
25	Textile—wool	Woollen rugs weaving	1	16	...	...
27	Textile—miscellaneous	Tailoring	2	5	...	...
34-35	Non-Metallic Mineral Products other than petroleum and coal	Pottery	6	26	...	...
36	Basic Metals and their products except machinery and transport equipment	Blacksmithy	9	21	...	...
39	Miscellaneous Manufacturing Industries	Goldsmithy	7	14	...	...

3 RAYADRUG TALUK

Number of Villages in the Taluk :	81
Number of Villages for which questionnaire were received :	62
Number of Villages for which Houselists were referred to :	19

(From questionnaire)

23	Textile—cotton	{ Spinning	3	12	6	6
		{ Weaving	5	313	150	163
25	Textile—wool	Woollen rugs weaving	6	822	431	391
27	Textile—miscellaneous	Tailoring	2	11	11	...

SUB-TABLE 7 TO VILLAGE & TOWN DIRECTORY—*contd.*

LIST OF RURAL CRAFTS AND NUMBER OF PERSONS EMPLOYED IN PRODUCTION

(RURAL)

Branch of Industry Major Group of Indian Standard Industrial Classification	Name of Craft	Number of Villages in which the crafts are in practice	Number of persons employed in production			
			Persons	Males	Females	
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	
3 RAYADRUG TALUK—concl.						
28	Manufacture of wood and wooden products	{ Basket making Carpentry	9 19	88 106	56 86	32 20
31	Leather and leather products	Tanning & shoe making	15	419	298	121
34-35	Non-Metallic Mineral Products other than petroleum and coal	Pottery	21	217	127	90
36	Basic Metals and their products except machi- nery and transport equipment	Blacksmithy	11	51	41	10
39	Miscellaneous Manufacturing Industries	Goldsmithy	9	53	43	10
(Supplement from Houselists)						
23	Textile—cotton	Ginning	1	30	...	...
25	Textile—wool	Woollen rugs weaving	1	1	...	...
27	Textile—miscellaneous	Tailoring	4	12	...	...
28	Manufacture of wood and wooden products	Carpentry	1	2	...	...
34-35	Non-Metallic Mineral Products other than petroleum and coal	Pottery	3	15	...	...
36	Basic Metals and their Products except machi- nery and transport equipment	Blacksmithy	5	9	...	...
39	Miscellaneous Manufacturing Industries	Goldsmithy	2	2	...	...
4 URAVAKONDA INDEPENDENT SUB-TALUK						
Number of Villages in the Taluk :		48				
Number of Villages for which questionnaire were received :		26				
Number of Villages for which Houselists were referred to :		22				
(From questionnaire)						
23	Textile—cotton	{ Spinning Weaving	2 7	74 150	12 84	62 66
25	Textile—wool	Woollen rugs weaving	1	50	20	30
28	Manufacture of wood and wooden products	{ Basket making Carpentry Mat weaving	9 12 1	199 100 2	104 82 1	95 18 1
31	Leather and leather products	Tanning & shoe making	5	110	83	27
34-35	Non-Metallic Mineral Products other than petroleum and coal	Pottery	14	127	78	49
36	Basic Metals and their Products expect machinery and transport equipment	Blacksmithy	10	41	38	3
39	Miscellaneous Manufacturing Industries	Goldsmithy	4	11	9	2
(Supplement from Houselists)						
23	Textile—cotton	Ginning	1	20	...	...
27	Textile—miscellaneous	Tailoring	4	6	...	...

SUB-TABLE 7 TO VILLAGE & TOWN DIRECTORY—*contd.*

LIST OF RURAL CRAFTS AND NUMBER OF PERSONS EMPLOYED IN PRODUCTION

(RURAL)

Branch of Industry Major Group of Indian Standard Industrial Classification	Name of Craft	Number of Villages in which the crafts are in practice	Number of persons employed in production		
			Persons	Males	Females
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)

4 URAVAKONDA INDEPENDENT SUB-TALUK—*Concl'd.*

31	Leather and leather products	Tanning & shoe making	1	2	...	...
36	Basic Metals and their products except machinery and transport equipment	Blacksmithy	4	8	...	...
39	Miscellaneous Manufacturing Industries	Goldsmithy	1	1	...	...

5 GOOTY TALUK

Number of Villages in the Taluk :	84
Number of Villages for which questionnaire were received :	79
Number of Villages for which Houselists were referred to :	5

(From questionnaire)

23	Textile—cotton	{ Spinning	1	12	...	12
		{ Weaving	22	1,713	1,116	597
25	Textile—wool	Woolen rugs weaving	1	23	15	8
27	Textile—miscellaneous	Tailoring	6	31	26	5
		{ Basket making	18	233	134	99
		{ Carpentry	47	386	263	123
28	Manufacture of wood and wooden products	{ Mat weaving	5	280	194	86
		{ Wooden comb making	1	5	3	2
31	Leather and leather products	Tanning & shoe making	26	856	572	284
34-35	Non-Metallic Mineral Products other than petroleum and coal	Pottery	30	603	330	273
36	Basic Metals and their products except machinery and transport equipment	Blacksmithy	29	160	107	53
39	Miscellaneous Manufacturing Industries	Goldsmithy	10	27	21	6

(Supplement from Houselists)

23	Textile—cotton	Weaving	2	3	...	...
27	Textile—miscellaneous	Tailoring	4	5	...	...
34-35	Non-Metallic Mineral Products other than petroleum and coal	Pottery	1	2	...	...
36	Basic Metals and their products except machinery and transport equipment	Blacksmithy	3	6	...	...

6 TADPATRI TALUK

Number of Villages in the Taluk :	96
Number of Villages for which questionnaire were received :	84
Number of Villages for which Houselists were referred to :	12

(From questionnaire)

20	Foodstuffs	Oil seeds crushing	3	11	8	3
22	Tobacco products	Beedi making	2	342	252	90

SUB-TABLE 7 TO VILLAGE & TOWN DIRECTORY-*contd.*

LIST OF RURAL CRAFTS AND NUMBER OF PERSONS EMPLOYED IN PRODUCTION

(RURAL)

Branch of Industry Major Group of Indian Standard Industrial Classification	Name of Craft	Number of Villages in which the crafts are in practice	Number of persons employed in production		
			Persons	Males	Females
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)
6 TADPATRI TALUK—Concl'd.					
23	Textile—cotton	{ Cotton ginning Spinning Weaving	1 11 40	10 1,145 4,265	5 411 2,258
24	Textile—jute	Rope making	1	4	4
27	Textile—miscellaneous	Tailoring	7	38	33
28	Manufacture of wood and wooden products	{ Basket making Carpentry Mat weaving Wooden comb making	15 42 2 1	178 350 137 3	115 249 79 2
31	Leather and leather products	Tanning & shoe making	28	1,045	744
33	Chemicals and chemical products	Fire works	1	50	30
34-35	Non-Metallic Mineral Products other than petroleum and coal	Pottery	31	381	257
36	Basic Metals and their products except machi- nery and transport equipment	Blacksmithy	31	132	117
39	Miscellaneous Manufacturing Industries	Goldsmithy	18	59	55
(Supplement from Houselists)					
20	Foodstuffs	Oil seeds crushing	1	2	...
23	Textile—cotton	{ Spinning Weaving	3 9	56 83	...
27	Textile—miscellaneous	Tailoring	5	16	...
28	Manufacture of wood and wooden products	Carpentry	2	4	...
31	Leather and leather products	Tanning & shoe making	7	30	...
34-35	Non-Metallic Mineral Products other than petroleum and coal	Pottery	2	16	...
36	Basic Metals and their products except machi- nery and transport equipment	Blacksmithy	7	9	...
39	Miscellaneous Manufacturing Industries	Goldsmithy	3	4	...
7 DHARMAVARAM TALUK					
Number of Village in the Taluk :		62			
Number of Villages for which questionnaire were received :		25			
Number of Villages for which Houselists were referred to :		37			
(From questionnaire)					
23	Textile—cotton	{ Cotton ginning Weaving	1 15	9 296	5 170
25	Textile—wool	Woollen rugs weaving	7	108	58
26	Textile—silk	Silk weaving	3	36	22
27	Textile—miscellaneous	Tailoring	1	4	4

SUB-TABLE 7 TO VILLAGE & TOWN DIRECTORY—*contd.*

LIST OF RURAL CRAFTS AND NUMBER OF PERSONS EMPLOYED IN PRODUCTION

(RURAL)

Branch of Industry Major Group of Indian Standard Industrial Classification	Name of Craft	Number of Villages in which the crafts are in practice	Number of persons employed in production		
			Persons	Males	Females
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)

7 DHARMAVARAM TALUK—*concl.*

28	Manufacture of wood and wooden products	{ Basket making	5	34	22	12
		{ Carpentry	8	38	36	2
		{ Mat weaving	3	55	33	22
31	Leather and leather products	Tanning & shoe making	8	166	132	34
34-35	Non-Metallic Mineral Products other than petroleum and coal	Pottery	11	93	65	28
36	Basic Metals and their Products except machinery and transport equipment	Blacksmithy	8	31	25	6
39	Miscellaneous Manufacturing Industries	Goldsmithy	4	6	5	1

(Supplement from Houselists)

23	Textile—cotton	{ Dyeing and printing	1	1	...	...
		{ Spinning	1	1	...	...
		{ Weaving	5	51	...	...
27	Textile—miscellaneous	Tailoring	5	9	...	...
28	Manufacture of wood and wooden products	Basket making	1	1	...	...
31	Leather and leather products	Tanning & shoe making	2	2	...	...
36	Basic Metals and their Products except machinery and transport equipment	Blacksmithy	3	4	...	...
39	Miscellaneous Manufacturing Industries	Goldsmithy	8	13	...	...

8 KADIRI TALUK

Number of Villages in the taluk :	144
Number of Villages for which questionnaire were received :	91
Number of Villages for which Houselists were referred to :	53

(From questionnaire)

20	Foodstuffs	Oil seeds crushing	9	193	104	89
23	Textile—cotton	{ Net weaving (for fishing)	1	11	8	3
		{ Weaving	12	244	153	91
24	Textile—jute	Rope making	6	227	144	83
27	Textile—miscellaneous	Tailoring	15	196	134	62
28	Manufacture of wood and wooden products	{ Basket making	18	251	142	109
		{ Cane works	2	11	11	...
		{ Carpentry	33	221	186	35
		{ Mat weaving	18	836	393	443
		{ Wooden comb making	2	36	19	17
31	Leather and leather products	Tanning & shoe making	33	808	618	190
34-35	Non-Metallic Mineral Products other than petroleum and coal	Pottery	39	405	248	157

SUB-TABLE 7 TO VILLAGE & TOWN DIRECTORY—*contd.*

LIST OF RURAL CRAFTS AND NUMBER OF PERSONS EMPLOYED IN PRODUCTION

(RURAL)

Branch of Industry Major Group of Indian Standard Industrial Classification	Name of Craft	Number of Villages in which the crafts are in practice	Number of persons employed in production		
			Persons	Males	Females
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)
8 KADIRI TALUK—concl'd.					
36 Basic Metals and their products except machinery and transport equipment	Blacksmithy	20	72	56	16
39 Miscellaneous Manufacturing Industries	Goldsmithy	16	68	58	10
(Supplement from Houselists)					
20 Foodstuffs	Oil seeds crushing	9	18	...	...
23 Textile—cotton	{ Spinning	1	2	...	...
	{ Weaving	10	46	...	...
27 Textile—miscellaneous	Tailoring	43	141	...	...
28 Manufacture of wood and wooden products	{ Basket making	7	36	...	...
	{ Carpentry	23	53	...	...
	{ Mat weaving	3	98	...	...
31 Leather and leather products	Tanning & shoe making	18	68	...	...
34-35 Non-Metallic Mineral Products other than petroleum and coal	Pottery	37	136	...	...
36 Basic Metals and their products except machinery and transport equipment	Blacksmithy	28	69	..	...
39 Miscellaneous Manufacturing Industries	Goldsmithy	26	56	...	...
9 PENUKONDA TALUK					
Number of Villages in the Taluk :		104			
Number of Villages for which questionnaire were received :		78			
Number of Villages for which Houselists were referred to :		26			
(From questionnaire)					
20 Foodstuffs	Oil seeds crushing	4	11	8	3
23 Textile—cotton	{ Spinning	1	34	...	34
	{ Weaving	28	550	315	235
24 Textile—jute	Rope making	2	3	2	1
25 Textile—wool	Woollen rugs weaving	13	684	409	275
26 Textile—silk	Silk weaving	1	34	18	16
27 Textile—miscellaneous	Tailoring	6	63	48	15
28 Manufacture of wood and wooden products	{ Basket making	20	274	158	116
	{ Carpentry	35	157	132	25
	{ Mat weaving	12	579	324	255
31 Leather and leather products	Tanning & shoe making	33	704	546	158
33 Chemicals and chemical products	Vermilion making	1	35	20	15
34-35 Non-Metalic Mineral Products other than petroleum and coal	Pottery	38	297	170	127
36 Basic Metals and their products except machinery and transport equipment	Blacksmithy	27	117	105	12
39 Miscellaneous Manufacturing Industries	Goldsmithy	15	61	55	6

SUB-TABLE 7 TO VILLAGE & TOWN DIRECTORY—*contd.*

LIST OF RURAL CRAFTS AND NUMBER OF PERSONS EMPLOYED IN PRODUCTION

(RURAL)

Branch of Industry Major Group of Indian Standard Industrial Classification	Name of Craft	Number of Villages in which the crafts are in practice	Number of persons employed in production		
			Persons	Males	Females
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)
9 PENUKONDA TALUK— <i>concl.</i>					
(Supplement from Houselists)					
20 Foodstuffs	Oil seeds crushing	1	4	...	...
23 Textile—cotton	Weaving	7	52	...	...
25 Textile—wool	Woollen rugs weaving	3	20	...	...
26 Textile—silk	Silk weaving	1	176	...	...
27 Textile—miscellaneous	Tailoring	8	26	...	...
28 Manufacture of wood and wooden products	Carpentry	2	6	...	...
31 Leather and leather products	Tanning & shoe making	3	6	...	...
34-35 Non-Metallic Mineral Products other than petroleum and coal	{ Bangles making	1	5	...	...
	{ Pottery	7	22	...	...
36 Basic Metals and their Products except machinery and transport equipment	Blacksmithy	8	13	...	...
39 Miscellaneous Manufacturing Industries	Goldsmithy	11	28	...	...

10 HINDUPUR TALUK

Number of Villages in the Taluk :	86
Number of Villages for which questionnaire were received :	60
Number of Villages for which Houselists were referred to :	26

(From questionnaire)

20 Foodstuffs	Oil seeds crushing	3	23	16	7
22 Tobacco products	Beedi making	2	5	5	...
23 Textile—cotton	Weaving	24	1,252	806	446
24 Textile—jute	Rope making	6	207	185	22
25 Textile—wool	Woollen rugs weaving	20	700	378	322
26 Textile—silk	Silk weaving	2	121	78	43
27 Textile—miscellaneous	Tailoring	3	34	31	3
28 Manufacture of wood and wooden products	{ Basket making	12	287	141	146
	{ Carpentry	22	188	181	7
	{ Mat weaving	11	263	139	124
	{ Wooden comb making	3	29	23	6
31 Leather and leather products	Tanning & shoe making	12	139	139	...
34-35 Non-Metallic Mineral Products other than petroleum and coal	Pottery	36	383	236	147
36 Basic Metals and their Products except machinery and transport equipment	Blacksmithy	18	107	93	14
39 Miscellaneous Manufacturing Industries	{ Goldsmithy	16	56	51	5
	{ Musical instruments making	1	2	2	...

SUB-TABLE 7 TO VILLAGE & TOWN DIRECTORY—*contd.*

LIST OF RURAL CRAFTS AND NUMBER OF PERSONS EMPLOYED IN PRODUCTION

(RURAL)

Branch of Industry Major Group of Indian Standard Industrial Classification	Name of Craft	Number of Villages in which the crafts are in practice	Number of persons employed in production		
			Persons	Males	Females
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)

10 HINDUPUR TALUK—*concl.*

(Supplement from Houselists)

27	Textile—miscellaneous	Tailoring	4	9	...	...
28	Manufacture of wood and wooden products	Mat weaving	1	12	...	...
34-35	Non-Metallic Mineral Products other than petroleum and coal	Pottery	1	3	...	...
36	Basic Metals and their products except machinery and transport equipment	Blacksmithy	1	3	...	...
39	Miscellaneous Manufacturing Industries	Goldsmithy	3	12	...	...

11 MADAKASIRA TALUK

Number of Villages in the Taluk :	56
Number of Villages for which questionnaire were received :	48
Number of Villages for which Houselists were referred to :	8

(From questionnaire)

20	Foodstuffs	Oil seeds crushing	14	115	101	14
23	Textile—cotton	Weaving	19	253	169	84
24	Textile—jute	Rope making	1	12	6	6
25	Textile—wool	Woollen rugs weaving	22	1,285	801	484
26	Textile—silk	Silk weaving	1	8	5	3
27	Textile—miscellaneous	Tailoring	13	64	59	5
28	Manufacture of wood and wooden products	Basket making	5	66	46	20
		Carpentry	32	218	197	21
		Mat weaving	1	9	4	5
31	Leather and leather products	Tanning & shoe making	25	764	569	195
34-35	Non-Metallic Mineral Products other than petroleum and coal	Pottery	21	250	164	86
36	Basic Metals and their products except machinery and transport equipment	Blacksmithy	31	178	126	52
39	Miscellaneous Manufacturing Industries	Goldsmithy	3	19	15	4

(Supplement from Houselists)

27	Textile—miscellaneous	Tailoring	1	2	...	...
36	Basic Metals and their products except machinery and transport equipment	Blacksmithy	3	7	...	...
39	Miscellaneous Manufacturing Industries	Goldsmithy	4	17	...	...

SUB-TABLE 7 TO VILLAGE & TOWN DIRECTORY—*contd.*
LIST OF URBAN CRAFTS AND NUMBER OF PERSONS EMPLOYED IN PRODUCTION
(URBAN)

Branch of Industry Major Group of Indian Standard Industrial Classification	Name of Craft	Number of Towns in which the crafts are in practice	Number of persons employed in production			
			Persons	Males	Females	
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	
ANANTAPUR DISTRICT—ALL TOWNS						
Number of Towns in the District :		14				
Number of Towns for which questionnaire were received :		6				
Number of Towns for which Houselists were referred to :		8				
(From questionnaire)						
20	Foodstuffs	Oil seeds crushing	1	25	10	15
22	Tobacco products	Beedi making	2	645	440	205
23	Textile—cotton	{ Dyeing and printing	2	51	28	23
		{ Weaving	5	905	540	365
24	Textile—jute	Rope making	1	225	145	80
26	Textile—silk	Silk weaving	1	535	289	246
27	Textile—miscellaneous	Tailoring	4	927	689	238
28	Manufacture of wood and wooden products	{ Basket making	4	624	378	246
		{ Carpentry	5	771	615	156
		{ Mat weaving	1	6	6	...
31	Leather and leather products	Tanning & shoe making	4	453	350	103
34-35	Non-Metallic Mineral Products other than petroleum and coal	{ Bricks and Tiles making	2	306	228	78
		{ Earthen toys making	1	27	15	12
		{ Pottery	3	97	67	30
36	Basic Metals and their products except machinery and transport equipment	Blacksmithy	2	52	52	...
39	Miscellaneous Manufacturing Industries	Goldsmithy	2	227	227	...
(Supplement from Houselists)						
20	Foodstuffs	Oil seeds crushing	5(7)	12	...	...
22	Tobacco products	Beedi making	3(12)	283	...	...
23	Textile—cotton	{ Dyeing and printing	3(5)	18	...	...
		{ Ginning	3(3)	9	...	...
		{ Spinning	3(8)	57	...	...
		{ Weaving	6(41)	1,327	...	...
25	Textile—wool	Woollen rugs weaving	1(1)	1	...	...
26	Textile—silk	{ Silk spinning	1(1)	2	...	...
		{ Silk weaving	1(5)	198	...	...
27	Textile—miscellaneous	Tailoring	8(48)	185	...	...
28	Manufacture of wood and wooden products	{ Basket making	2(4)	32	...	...
		{ Carpentry	5(10)	63	...	...
		{ Frame works	1(1)	1	...	...
30	Printing and Publishing	Book binding	2(2)	11	...	...
31	Leather and leather products	Tanning & shoe making	5(6)	58	...	...
33	Chemicals and chemical products	Ink making	1(1)	1	...	...
34-35	Non-Metallic Mineral Products other than petroleum and coal	Pottery	2(3)	18	...	...

Note : The figures given in brackets under column 3 indicate the number of Wards in which the crafts are in practice.

SUB-TABLE 7 TO VILLAGE & TOWN DIRECTORY—*contd.*

LIST OF URBAN CRAFTS AND NUMBER OF PERSONS EMPLOYED IN PRODUCTION

(URBAN)

Branch of Industry Major Group of Indian Standard Industrial Classification	Name of Craft	Number of Towns in which the crafts are in practice	Number of persons employed in production		
			Persons	Males	Females
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)

ANANTAPUR DISTRICT—ALL TOWNS

36	Basic Metals and their products except machinery and transport equipment	Aluminium works	1(1)	3	...
		Blacksmithy	6(18)	44	...
		Brass works	1(1)	2	...
		Copper works	2(3)	3	...
39	Miscellaneous Manufacturing Industries	Goldsmithy	7(32)	402	...

1 ANANTAPUR TALUK—ANANTAPUR TOWN

Number of Towns for which Houselists were referred to : 1

(From Houselists)

20	Foodstuffs	Oil seeds crushing	1(1)	1	...
23	Textile—cotton	Weaving	1(2)	16	...
25	Textile—wool	Woollen rugs weaving	1(1)	1	...
27	Textile—miscellaneous	Tailoring	1(12)	37	...
28	Manufacture of wood and wooden products	Basket making	1(1)	7	...
		Carpentry	1(2)	2	...
		Frame works	1(1)	1	...
30	Printing and publishing	Binding works	1(1)	4	...
31	Leather and leather products	Tanning & shoe making	1(1)	2	...
36	Basic Metals and their products except machinery and transport equipment	Aluminium works	1(1)	3	...
		Blacksmithy	1(3)	6	...
		Brass works	1(1)	2	...
		Copper works	1(2)	4	...
39	Miscellaneous Manufacturing Industries	Goldsmithy	1(8)	76	...

2 KALYANDRUG TALUK—KALYANDRUG TOWN

Number of Towns for which Houselists were referred to : 1

(From Houselists)

27	Textile—miscellaneous	Tailoring	1(1)	1	...
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3 RAYADRUG TALUK—RAYADRUG TOWN

Number of Towns for which Houselists were referred to : 1

(From Houselists)

20	Foodstuffs	Oil seeds crushing	1(1)	4	...
23	Textile—cotton	Spinning	1(2)	5	...
		Weaving	1(8)	424	...
26	Textile—silk	Silk weaving	1(4)	191	...
27	Textile—miscellaneous	Tailoring	1(3)	7	...
30	Printing and publishing	Binding works	1(1)	7	...
31	Leather and leather products	Tanning & shoe making	1(1)	5	...
34-35	Non-Metallic Mineral Products other than petroleum and coal	Pottery	1(1)	14	...
39	Miscellaneous Manufacturing Industries	Goldsmithy	1(5)	31	...

SUB-TABLE 7 TO VILLAGE & TOWN DIRECTORY—*contd.*

LIST OF URBAN CRAFTS AND NUMBER OF PERSONS EMPLOYED IN PRODUCTION

(URBAN)

Branch of Industry Major Group of Indian Standard Industrial Classification	Name of Craft	Number of Towns in which the crafts are in practice	Number of persons employed in production		
			Persons	Males	Females
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)

4 URAVAKONDA INDEPENDENT SUB-TALUK—URAVAKONDA TOWN

Number of Towns for which Houselists were referred to : 1

(From Houselists)

20	Foodstuffs	Oil seeds crushing	1(2)	3	...	...
		{ Dyeing and printing	1(1)	1	...	...
		{ Ginning	1(1)	3	...	...
23	Textile—cotton	{ Spinning	1(1)	5	...	...
		{ Weaving	1(12)	75	...	...
27	Textile—miscellaneous	Tailoring	1(3)	4	...	...
28	Manufacture of wood and wooden products	Carpentry	1(1)	1	...	...
31	Leather and leather products	Tanning & Shoe making	1(1)	1	...	...
36	Basic Metals and their products except machinery and transport equipment	Blacksmithy	1(3)	3	...	...
39	Miscellaneous Manufacturing Industries	Goldsmithy	1(5)	24	...	...

5 GOOTY TALUK—GOOTY AND PAMIDI TOWNS

Number of Towns for which questionnaire were received : 2

(From questionnaire)

22	Tobacco products	Beedi making	1	205	120	85
23	Textile—cotton	{ Dyeing and Printing	1	20	12	8
		{ Weaving	1	27	7	20
27	Textile—miscellaneous	Tailoring	1	599	411	188
28	Manufacture of wood and wooden products	{ Basket making	1	18	12	6
		{ Carpentry	1	62	50	12
31	Leather and leather products	Tanning & shoe making	1	30	20	10
34-35	Non-Metallic Mineral Products other than petro- leum and coal	{ Bricks and Tiles making	1	192	138	54
		{ Pottery	1	44	32	12

6 GOOTY TALUK—GUNTAKAL TOWN

Number of Towns for which Houselists were referred to : 1

(From Houselists)

20	Foodstuffs	Oil seeds crushing	1(2)	3	...	...
22	Tobacco products	Beedi making	1(1)	1	...	...
23	Textile—cotton	Ginning	1(1)	4	...	...
27	Textile—miscellaneous	Tailoring	1(10)	68	...	...
28	Manufacture of wood and wooden products	Carpentry	1(3)	32	...	...
31	Leather and leather products	Tanning & shoe making	1(1)	46	...	...
36	Basic Metals and their products except machinery and transport equipment	Blacksmithy	1(5)	10	...	...
39	Miscellaneous Manufacturing Industries	Goldsmithy	1(5)	37	...	...

SUB-TABLE 7 TO VILLAGE & TOWN DIRECTORY—*contd.*

LIST OF URBAN CRAFTS AND NUMBER OF PERSONS EMPLOYED IN PRODUCTION

(URBAN)

Branch of Industry Major Group of Indian Standard Industrial Classification	Name of Craft	Number of Towns in which the crafts are in practice	Number of persons employed in production		
			Persons	Males	Females
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)
6 TADPATRI TALUK—TADPATRI AND YADIKI TOWNS					
Number of Towns for which Houselists were referred to : 2					
(From Houselists)					
20	Foodstuffs	Oil Seeds crushing	1(1)	1	...
22	Tobacco products	Beedi making	1(7)	240	...
23	Textile-cotton	{ Dyeing and printing	2(4)	17	...
		{ Ginning	1(1)	2	...
		{ Spinning	1(5)	47	...
		{ Weaving	2(17)	806	...
26	Textile-silk	{ Silk spinning	1(1)	2	...
		{ Silk weaving	1(1)	7	...
27	Textile-miscellaneous	Tailoring	2(15)	58	...
28	Manufacture of wood and wooden products	{ Basket making	1(3)	25	...
		{ Carpentry	1(3)	14	...
31	Leather and leather products	Tanning & shoe making	1(2)	4	...
33	Chemicals and chemical products	Ink making	1(1)	1	...
34-35	Non-Metallic Mineral Products other than petro- leum and coal	Pottery	1(2)	4	...
36	Basic Metals and their products except machinery and transport equipment	Blacksmithy	2(6)	24	...
39	Miscellaneous Manufacturing Industries	Goldsmithy	2(6)	223	...
7 DHARMAVARAM TALUK—DHARMAVARAM TOWN					
Number of Towns for which questionnaire were received : 1					
(From questionnaire)					
20	Foodstuffs	Oil seeds crushing	1	25	10
23	Textile-cotton	{ Dyeing and printing	1	31	16
		{ Weaving	1	559	323
26	Textile-silk	Silk weaving	1	535	289
27	Textile-miscellaneous	Tailoring	1	8	8
28	Manufacture of wood and wooden products	{ Basket making	1	80	40
		{ Carpentry	1	41	41
34-35	Non-Metallic Mineral products other than petro- leum and coal	Pottery	1	19	13
36	Basic Metals and their products except machinery and transport equipment	Blacksmithy	1	37	37
8 KADIRI TALUK—KADIRI TOWN					
Number of Towns for which questionnaire were received : 1					
(From questionnaire)					
22	Tobacco products	Beedi making	1	440	320
23	Textile-cotton	Weaving	1	17	12
27	Textile-miscellaneous	Tailoring	1	150	140

SUB-TABLE 7 TO VILLAGE & TOWN DIRECTORY—*concl'd.*

LIST OF URBAN CRAFTS AND NUMBER OF PERSONS EMPLOYED IN PRODUCTION

(URBAN)

Branch of Industry Major Group of Indian Standard Industrial Classification (1)	Name of Craft (2)	Number of Towns in which the crafts are in practice (3)	Number of persons employed in production		
			Persons (4)	Males (5)	Females (6)
8 KADIRI TALUK—KADIRI TOWN—concl'd.					
28	Manufacture of wood and wooden products	{ Basket making Carpentry Mat weaving	1 1 1	146 52 6	96 52 6
31	Leather and leather products	Tanning & shoe making	1	80	80
34-35	Non-Metallic Mineral Products other than petroleum and coal	{ Bricks and tiles making Earthen toys making Pottery	1 1 1	114 27 34	90 15 22
39	Miscellaneous Manufacturing Industries	Goldsmithy	1	42	42
9 PENUKONDA TALUK—PENUKONDA TOWN					
Number of Towns for which Houselists were referred to : 1					
(From Houselists)					
22	Tobacco products	Beedi Making	1(4)	42	...
23	Textile—cotton	Weaving	1(2)	6	...
27	Textile—miscellaneous	Tailoring	1(4)	10	...
28	Manufacture of wood and wooden products	Carpentry	1(1)	14	...
36	Basic Metals and their products except machinery and transport equipment	{ Blacksmithy Copper works	1(1) 1(1)	1 1	...
39	Miscellaneous Manufacturing Industries	Goldsmithy	1(3)	11	...
10 HINDUPUR TALUK—HINDUPUR TOWN					
Number of Towns for which questionnaire were received : 1					
(From questionnaire)					
23	Textile—cotton	Weaving	1	270	180
24	Textile—jute	Rope making	1	225	145
27	Textile—miscellaneous	Tailoring	1	170	130
28	Manufacture of wood and wooden products	{ Basket making Carpentry	1 1	380 592	230 452
31	Leather and leather products	Tanning & shoe making	1	290	200
39	Miscellaneous Manufacturing Industries	Goldsmithy	1	185	185
11 MADAKASIRA TALUK—MADAKASIRA TOWN					
Number of Towns for which questionnaire were received : 1					
(From questionnaire)					
23	Textile—cotton	Weaving	1	32	18
28	Manufacture of wood and wooden products	Carpentry	1	24	20
31	Leather and leather products	Tanning & shoe making	1	53	50
36	Basic Metals and their products except machinery and transport equipment	Blacksmithy	1	15	15

SUB-TABLE 8 TO VILLAGE & TOWN DIRECTORY

DISTRIBUTION OF ARTISAN COMMUNITIES

(RURAL)

Sl. No.	Name of Caste or Community	Name of Craft	No. of Villages surveyed	Total No. of families in the Villages covered by the survey		Total No. of adult workers			No. of families working under co-operation	No. of families working in	
				No. of families working	Persons	Males	Females	Own Houses		Workshops set up by their employers	
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)
ANANTAPUR DISTRICT											
Number of Villages in the District :						953					
Number of Villages for which questionnaire were received :						694					
1	Adi Andhra	Tanning & shoe making	46	1,718	728	1,197	1,027	170	...	728	...
2	Badiga	Carpentry	9	27	25	56	39	17	...	25	...
3	Baliya	Carpentry	4	276	25	39	35	4	...	25	...
		Goldsmithy	1		3	8	5	3	...	3	...
		Oil seeds crushing	2		8	15	9	6	6	2	...
		Spinning	1		12	12	...	12	...	12	...
		Tailoring	2		7	23	13	10	...	7	...
4	Bestha	Carpentry	1	11	1	1	1	...	...	1	...
		Net weaving (for fishing)	2		6	27	17	10	...	6	...
5	Boya	Basket making	1	1,632	1	5	2	3	...	1	...
		Blacksmithy	2		3	5	5	...	...	3	...
		Cane products	2		3	3	3	...	...	3	...
		Carpentry	26		128	269	204	65	...	128	...
		Goldsmithy	1		2	2	2	...	...	2	...
		Mat weaving	9		79	138	74	64	...	79	...
		Net weaving	1		4	34	16	18	...	4	...
		Oil seeds crushing	1		10	32	28	4	...	10	...
		Spinning	2		11	11	...	11	...	11	...
		Tailoring	4		26	26	26	...	...	26	...
6	Brahmin	Carpentry	1	88	1	1	1	...	...	1	...
		Spinning	2		5	8	2	6	...	5	...
		Tailoring	1		5	6	5	1	...	5	...
7	Chakali	Carpentry	2	7	2	3	2	1	...	2	...
8	Charmakara	Tanning & shoe making	14	289	245	319	299	20	...	245	...
9	Darji	Rope making	1	96	1	2	1	1	...	1	...
		Tailoring	18		95	114	94	20	...	95	...
10	Devanga	Silk weaving	2	368	43	150	92	58	...	43	...
		Weaving	21		241	556	338	218	...	231	10
11	Dommara	Wooden comb making	7	52	32	73	47	26	...	32	...
12	Dudekula	Blacksmithy	1	327	1	3	3	...	...	1	...
		Carpentry	7		25	48	33	15	...	25	...
		Fire works	1		10	50	30	20	...	10	...
		Ginning	2		12	23	13	10	...	12	...
		Goldsmithy	2		4	7	7	...	...	4	...
		Mat weaving	2		44	200	110	90	...	44	...
		Oil seeds crushing	5		15	29	15	14	...	15	...
		Quilt making	1		10	15	10	5	...	10	...
		Spinning	2		11	15	...	15	...	11	...
		Tailoring	6		16	23	20	3	...	16	...
		Weaving	6		32	67	37	30	2	30	...

SUB-TABLE 8 TO VILLAGE & TOWN DIRECTORY-*contd.*

DISTRIBUTION OF ARTISAN COMMUNITIES

(RURAL)

Sl. No.	Name of Caste or Community	Name of Craft	No. of Villages surveyed	Total No. of families in the Villages covered by the survey	No. of families working	Total No. of adult workers			No. of families working under co-operation	No. of families working in	
						Persons	Males	Females		Own Houses	Workshops set up by their employers
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)
ANANTAPUR DISTRICT- <i>contd.</i>											
13	Ediga	Basket making	1	57	6	14	14	...	...	6	...
		Goldsmithy	1		1	2	2	...	...	1	...
		Musical Instruments making	1		2	2	2	...	...	2	...
		Spinning	1		1	2	1	1	...	1	...
14	Gandla	Carpentry	1	126	1	1	1	...	...	1	...
		Oil seeds crushing	11		49	204	116	88	5	44	...
15	Gandhudi	Vermilion making	1	20	20	35	20	15	...	20	...
16	Golla	Blacksmithy	1	186	3	4	3	1	...	3	...
		Carpentry	3		52	108	63	45	...	52	...
17	Harijan	Blacksmithy	2	5,364	3	3	3	...	...	3	...
		Carpentry	6		10	20	17	3	...	10	...
		Goldsmithy	1		1	1	1	...	...	1	...
		Mat weaving	1		20	25	15	10	...	20	...
		Rope making	2		46	156	156	...	...	46	...
		Tanning & shoe making	80		1,436	2,788	2,006	782	...	1,436	...
		Weaving	3		17	29	20	9	...	17	...
18	Kammara	Basket making	1	505	10	35	20	15	...	10	...
		Blacksmithy	161		421	777	612	165	...	421	...
		Carpentry	20		45	107	73	34	...	45	...
		Goldsmithy	1		1	4	2	2	...	1	...
19	Kamsali	Blacksmithy	46	484	106	197	157	40	...	106	...
		Cane products	1		2	2	2	...	...	2	...
		Carpentry	29		71	135	113	22	...	71	...
		Goldsmithy	110		220	368	316	52	...	220	...
20	Kapu	Basket making	1	1,467	5	16	10	6	...	5	...
		Carpentry	5		67	84	83	1	...	67	...
		Oil seeds crushing	2		10	33	28	5	...	10	...
		Spinning	12		478	489	54	435	...	478	...
		Tailoring	1		1	1	1	...	...	1	...
21	Koravangi	Basket making	1	50	50	150	50	100	...	50	...
22	Koricha	Basket making	26	344	127	312	182	130	...	127	...
		Mat weaving	3		128	190	124	66	...	128	...
		Rope making	6		49	145	83	62	...	49	...
23	Kshatriya	Weaving	1	42	42	160	80	80	...	42	...
24	Kummari	Pottery	318	1,492	1,232	3,454	2,108	1,346	15	1,217	...
25	Kuruva	Blacksmithy	1	5,038	1	1	1	...	...	1	...
		Carpentry	2		2	3	2	1	...	2	...
		Goldsmithy	1		1	1	1	...	...	1	...
		Spinning	2		2	4	...	4	...	2	...
		Woollen rugs weaving	106		2,423	6,441	3,419	3,022	336	2,087	...
		Weaving	3		6	8	6	2	...	6	...

SUB-TABLE 8 TO VILLAGE & TOWN DIRECTORY-*contd.*DISTRIBUTION OF ARTISAN COMMUNITIES
(RURAL)

Sl. No.	Name of Caste or Community	Name of Craft	No. of Villages surveyed	Total No. of families in the Villages covered by the survey	No. of families working	Total No. of adult workers			No. of families working under co-operation	No. of families working in	
						Persons	Males	Females		Own Houses	Workshops set up by their employers
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)
ANANTAPUR DISTRICT- <i>contd.</i>											
26	Lambadi	Mat weaving	1	11	9	20	8	12	...	9	...
27	Lingayath	Carpentry	1	40	1	3	3	...	...	1	...
		Spinning	2		7	13	6	7	...	7	...
28	Madiga	Basket making	1	4,002	15	26	26	...	...	15	...
		Blacksmithy	2		2	6	5	1	...	2	...
		Carpentry	2		5	5	5	...	...	5	...
		Mat weaving	1		12	28	8	20	...	12	...
		Tanning & shoe making	97		1,638	2,572	1,978	594	...	1,638	...
29	Mala	Basket making	1	633	6	18	10	8	...	6	...
		Blacksmithy	1		1	2	2	...	...	1	...
		Carpentry	8		19	33	29	4	...	19	...
		Mat weaving	9		84	147	61	86	...	84	...
		Spinning	1		3	5	3	2	...	3	...
		Weaving	33		209	430	268	162	...	209	...
30	Mangali	Cane products	1	132	2	2	2	...	...	2	...
		Spinning	1		15	15	...	15	...	15	...
		Tailoring	1		6	6	6	...	...	6	...
		Weaving	10		43	84	55	29	...	41	2
31	Medara	Basket making	21	107	103	230	135	95	...	103	...
32	Muslim	Basket making	2	3,278	3	4	4	...	...	3	...
		Beedi making	4		177	347	257	90	...	177	...
		Blacksmithy	29		71	148	121	27	...	71	...
		Cane products	1		2	2	2	...	...	2	...
		Carpentry	39		97	178	154	24	...	97	...
		Goldsmithy	10		23	38	34	4	...	23	...
		Mat weaving	8		184	377	175	202	...	184	...
		Oil seeds crushing	2		5	13	7	6	...	5	...
		Spinning	3		31	59	13	46	...	31	...
		Tailoring	21		112	126	115	11	...	112	...
		Weaving	7		57	130	89	41	...	57	...
33	Mnthrasi	Rope making	1	1	1	1	1	...	...	1	...
34	Nayakulu	Carpentry	1	1	1	1	1	...	...	1	...
35	Nese	Silk weaving	3	2,228	4	36	22	14	...	4	...
		Spinning	1		8	24	8	16	...	8	...
		Weaving	42		1,592	2,804	1,733	1,071	...	1,592	...
36	Patra	Mat weaving	1	120	60	90	20	70	...	60	...
37	Pinjari	Ginning	1	31	5	9	5	4	...	5	...
		Spinning	1		1	4	1	3	...	1	...
38	Ranga Raju	Tailoring	1	10	5	6	5	1	...	5	...
39	Sale	Basket making	1	1,162	1	2	1	1	...	1	...
		Carpentry	1		1	1	1	...	...	1	...
		Mat weaving	1		1	1	1	...	...	1	...
		Spinning	1		1	1	...	1	...	1	...
		Tailoring	4		7	7	7	...	...	7	...
		Weaving	65		866	1,767	1,088	679	50	798	18

SUB-TABLE 8 TO VILLAGE & TOWN DIRECTORY—*contd.*DISTRIBUTION OF ARTISAN COMMUNITIES
(RURAL)

Sl. No.	Name of Caste or Community	Name of Craft	No. of Villages surveyed	Total No. of families in the Villages covered by the survey		Total No. of adult workers			No. of families working under co-operation	No. of families working in	
				No. of families working	No. of families working	Persons	Males	Females		Own Houses	Workshops set up by their employers
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)
ANANTAPUR DISTRICT— <i>concl.</i>											
40	Sugali	Blacksmithy	1	851	1	2	2	...	...	1	...
		Carpentry	4		10	46	30	16	...	10	...
		Mat weaving	15		304	675	405	270	...	304	...
		Rope making	1		6	12	6	6	...	6	...
41	Sunkalamma (Boya)	Mat weaving	1	8	8	17	9	8	...	8	...
42	Talari	Tailoring	1	45	1	1	1	...	...	1	...
43	Thogata	Mat weaving	1	1,953	1	2	1	1	...	1	...
		Silk weaving	1		1	5	4	1	...	1	...
		Tailoring	1		1	2	1	1	...	1	...
		Weaving	40		1,733	4,624	2,481	2,143	20	1,713	...
44	Uppara	Carpentry	3	60	5	7	5	2	...	5	...
		Mat weaving	1		8	8	8	...	...	8	...
45	Vadde	Basket making	2	292	17	17	17	...	...	17	...
		Blacksmithy	2		2	3	3	...	...	2	...
		Cane products	1		2	2	2	...	...	2	...
		Carpentry	9		27	45	30	15	...	27	...
		Mat weaving	3		29	165	82	83	...	29	...
		Spinning	2		2	3	...	3	...	2	...
46	Vadrangi	Blacksmithy	8	579	12	37	21	16	...	12	...
		Carpentry	155		512	843	710	133	...	512	...
47	Vaisya	Spinning	1	33	4	6	2	4	...	4	...
		Tailoring	1		4	4	4	...	...	4	...
48	Valmiki	Basket making	1	416	8	20	16	4	...	8	...
		Carpentry	7		19	41	35	6	...	19	...
		Spinning	1		2	3	1	2	...	2	...
		Tailoring	1		1	1	1	...	...	1	...
		Weaving	1		3	14	8	6	...	...	3
									...		
49	Yerukula	Basket making	74	1,041	444	989	573	416	...	444	...
		Mat weaving	12		123	295	160	135	...	123	...
		Rope making	8		91	373	230	143	...	91	...
50	Unclassified Castes	Basket making	2	728	2	6	3	3	...	2	...
		Carpentry	3		11	15	15	...	...	11	...
		Oil seeds crushing	12		43	43	43	...	...	43	...
		Silk weaving	1		3	8	5	3	...	3	...
		Spinning	3		374	650	364	286	...	374	...
		Tanning & shoe making	6		116	133	123	10	...	116	...
		Tailoring	6		38	126	76	50	...	38	...
		Weaving	4		28	57	30	27	...	28	...
									...		

SUB-TABLE 8 TO VILLAGE & TOWN DIRECTORY—*contd.*DISTRIBUTION OF ARTISAN COMMUNITIES
(RURAL)

Sl. No.	Name of Caste or Community	Name of Craft	No. of Villages surveyed	Total No. of families in the Villages covered by the survey		Total No. of adult workers			No. of families working under co-operation	No. of families working in	
				No. of families working		Persons	Males	Females		Own Houses	Workshops set up by their employers
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)
1 ANANTAPUR TALUK											
Number of Villages in the Taluk :						118					
Number of Villages for which questionnaire were received :						76					
1	Adi Andhra	Tanning & shoe making	10	492	244	445	410	35	...	244	...
2	Bestha	Net weaving (for fishing)	1	2	2	16	9	7	...	2	...
3	Boya	Goldsmithy	1 }	137	2	2	2	...	...	2	...
		Net weaving	1 }		4	34	16	18	...	4	...
4	Devanga	Weaving	2	60	20	28	20	8	...	20	...
5	Dudekula	Carpentry	1 }	59	1	1	1	...	...	1	...
		Ginning	1 }		7	13	8	5	...	7	...
		Quilt making	1 }		10	15	10	5	...	10	...
		Spinning	1 }		3	7	...	7	...	3	...
		Tailoring	1 }		2	2	2	...	...	2	...
6	Harijan	Carpentry	1 }	361	1	1	1	...	...	1	...
		Tanning & shoe making	8 }		134	250	195	55	...	134	...
7	Kammara	Basket making	1 }	109	10	35	20	15	...	10	...
		Blacksmithy	33 }		86	140	122	18	...	86	...
		Carpentry	5 }		12	15	11	4	...	12	...
8	Kamsali	Blacksmithy	4 }	57	6	7	6	1	...	6	...
		Carpentry	7 }		18	24	21	3	...	18	...
		Goldsmithy	15 }		27	41	36	5	...	27	...
9	Koricha	Basket making	2	14	14	20	12	8	...	14	...
10	Kummari	Pottery	52	232	204	528	326	202	...	204	...
11	Kuruva	Blacksmithy	1 }	606	1	1	1	...	...	1	...
		Carpentry	1 }		1	1	1	...	...	1	...
		Goldsmithy	1 }		1	1	1	...	...	1	...
		Woollen rugs weaving	10 }		146	433	201	232	...	146	...
12	Madiga	Tanning & shoe making	12	437	246	372	341	31	...	246	...
13	Mala	Carpentry	2	53	3	6	4	2	...	3	...
14	Mangali	Weaving	1	5	5	5	5	...	...	5	...
15	Medara	Basket making	4	12	12	25	15	10	...	12	...
16	Muslim	Blacksmithy	4 }	99	6	10	10	...	...	6	...
		Carpentry	3 }		5	8	8	...	...	5	...
		Oil seeds crushing	1 }		2	6	3	3	...	2	...
		Tailoring	3 }		11	12	11	1	...	11	...
		Weaving	1 }		3	3	3	...	...	3	...

SUB-TABLE 8 TO VILLAGE & TOWN DIRECTORY-*contd.*DISTRIBUTION OF ARTISAN COMMUNITIES
(RURAL)

Sl. No.	Name of Caste or Community	Name of Craft	No. of Villages surveyed	Total No. of families in the Villages covered by the survey	No. of families working	Total No. of adult workers			No. of families working under co-operation	No. of families working in	
						Persons	Males	Females		Own Houses	Workshops set up by their employers
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)
1 ANANTAPUR TALUK— <i>concl'd.</i>											
17	Nese	Weaving	8	202	195	549	351	198	...	195	...
18	Rangaraju	Tailoring	1	10	5	6	5	1	...	5	...
19	Sale	Basket making	1	375	1	2	1	1	...	1	...
		Tailoring	2		5	5	...	5	...		
		Weaving	15		192	444	293	151	...	192	...
20	Thogata	Weaving	9	206	177	531	257	274	...	177	...
21	Uppara	Carpentry	1	20	2	2	2	...	...	2	...
22	Vadde	Blacksmithy	1	31	1	2	2	...	...	1	...
		Carpentry	1		1	1	...	...	1	...	
23	Vadrangi	Blacksmithy	1	74	2	17	8	9	...	2	...
		Carpentry	26		72	111	104	7	...	72	...
24	Valmiki	Tailoring	1	130	1	1	1	...	...	1	...
25	Yerukula	Basket making	6	72	31	59	42	17	...	31	...
		Mat weaving	3		22	73	28	45	...	22	...
26	Unclassified Castes	Tailoring	1	103	5	5	5	...	...	5	...
		Tanning & shoe making	4		91	93	93	...	...	91	...
2 KALYANDRUG TALUK											
Number of Villages in the Taluk :						74					
Number of Villages for which questionnaire were received :						65					
1	Adj Andhra	Tanning & shoe making	4	101	34	115	79	36	...	34	...
2	Badiga	Carpentry	1	2	2	8	5	3	...	2	...
3	Baliya	Oil seeds crushing	1	15	6	10	6	4	...	6	...
4	Boya	Carpentry	1	27	1	3	2	1	...	1	...
5	Brahmin	Spinning	1	5	4	6	2	4	...	4	...
6	Ediga	Spinning	1	16	1	2	1	1	...	1	...
7	Harijan	Blacksmithy	1	999	2	2	2	...	...	2	...
		Carpentry	2		6	3	3	...	2	...	
		Tanning & shoe making	11		353	458	382	76	...	353	...
8	Kammara	Blacksmithy	17	49	40	94	58	36	...	40	...
		Carpentry	2		9	21	13	8	...	9	...

SUB-TABLE 8 TO VILLAGE & TOWN DIRECTORY-*contd.*

DISTRIBUTION OF ARTISAN COMMUNITIES

(RURAL)

Sl. No.	Name of Caste or Community	Name of Craft	No. of Villages surveyed	Total No. of families in the Villages covered by the survey	No. of families working	Total No. of adult workers			No. of families working under co-operation	No. of families working in	
						Persons	Males	Females		Own Houses	Workshops set up by their employers
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)
2 KALYANDRUG TALUK- <i>concl.</i>											
9	Kamsali	Blacksmithy	5	33	18	24	19	5	...	18	...
		Carpentry	2		2	4	2	2	...	2	...
		Goldsmithy	7		11	20	16	4	...	11	...
10	Kapu	Spinning	1	20	3	5	2	3	...	3	...
11	Koricha	Basket making	5	67	38	75	45	30	...	38	...
		Mat weaving	1		4	10	4	6	...	4	...
		Rope making	1		25	90	50	40	...	25	...
12	Kummari	Pottery	25	85	66	170	107	63	...	66	...
13	Kuruva	Woollen rugs weaving	26	1,419	928	2,336	1,106	1,230	205	723	...
14	Madiga	Tanning & shoe making	6	261	248	265	232	33	...	248	...
15	Mala	Basket making	1	86	6	18	10	8	...	6	...
		Carpentry	2		8	13	11	2	...	8	...
		Mat weaving	1		2	2	2	...	...	2	...
		Weaving	2		40	95	54	41	...	40	...
16	Muslim	Carpentry	3	61	12	18	15	3	...	12	...
		Goldsmithy	2		2	7	3	4	...	2	...
		Mat weaving	2		42	67	33	34	...	42	...
17	Nese	Weaving	1	15	15	15	15	...	...	15	...
18	Sale	Weaving	1	10	8	24	14	10	...	8	...
19	Sugali	Blacksmithy	1	50	1	2	2	...	...	1	...
		Carpentry	1		3	4	4	...	...	3	...
		Mat weaving	1		10	55	25	30	...	10	...
20	Vadde	Carpentry	4	68	11	28	18	10	...	11	...
		Mat weaving	1		10	10	2	8	...	10	...
21	Vadrangi	Carpentry	6	13	13	28	22	6	...	13	...
22	Vaisya	Spinning	1	8	4	6	2	4	...	4	...
23	Valmiki	Carpentry	3	110	11	26	24	2	...	11	...
		Spinning	1		2	3	1	2	...	2	...
24	Yerukula	Rope making	2	41	41	146	86	60	...	41	...
25	Unclassified Castes	Spinning	1	30	18	18	18	...	...	18	...

SUB-TABLE 8 TO VILLAGE & TOWN DIRECTORY—*contd.*

DISTRIBUTION OF ARTISAN COMMUNITIES

(RURAL)

Sl. No.	Name of Caste or Community	Name of Craft	No. of Villages surveyed	Total No. of families in the Villages covered by the survey	No. of families working	Total No. of adult workers			No. of families working under co-operation	No. of families working in	
						Persons	Males	Females		Own Houses	Workshops set up by their employers
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)
3 RAYADRUG TALUK											
Number of Villages in the Taluk :						81					
Number of Villages for which questionnaire were received :						62					
1	Adi Andhra	Tanning & shoe making	1	48	30	35	35	...	...	30	...
2	Budiga	Carpentry	3	7	5	13	10	3	...	5	...
3	Boya	Blacksmithy	1	22	1	1	1	...	...	1	...
		Carpentry	1		1	1	1	...	...	1	...
		Tailoring	1		7	7	7	...	...	7	...
4	Golla	Carpentry	1	110	1	2	2	...	...	1	...
5	Harijan	Tanning & shoe making	8	585	127	294	197	97	...	127	...
6	Kammara	Blacksmithy	7	18	16	37	29	8	...	16	...
		Carpentry	1		2	7	4	3	...	2	...
7	Kamsali	Blacksmithy	1	28	1	4	2	2	...	1	...
		Carpentry	4		6	11	10	1	...	6	...
		Goldsmithy	9		20	46	36	10	...	20	...
8	Kapu	Carpentry	1	90	1	1	1	...	...	1	...
9	Koricha	Basket making	7	33	28	70	45	25	...	28	...
10	Kummari	Pottery	21	69	67	217	127	90	...	67	...
11	Kuruva	Weaving	1	222	1	1	1	...	...	1	...
		Woollen rugs weaving	6		172	822	431	391	14	158	...
12	Lingayath	Carpentry	1	7	1	3	3	...	...	1	...
		Spinning	1		1	3	2	1	...	1	...
13	Madiga	Carpentry	1	138	1	1	1	...	...	1	...
		Tanning & shoe making	6		43	90	66	24	...	43	...
14	Mala	Carpentry	1	4	1	1	1	...	...	1	...
		Spinning	1		3	5	3	2	...	3	...
15	Medara	Basket making	1	5	5	16	10	6	...	5	...
16	Muslim	Blacksmithy	2	60	3	8	8	...	...	3	...
		Carpentry	3		3	10	8	2	...	3	...
		Goldsmithy	1		4	7	7	...	...	4	...
		Tailoring	1		3	4	4	...	...	3	...
17	Nayakulu	Carpentry	1	1	1	1	1	...	...	1	...
18	Nese	Weaving	1	3	1	2	1	1	...	1	...

SUB-TABLE 8 TO VILLAGE & TOWN DIRECTORY—*contd.*DISTRIBUTION OF ARTISAN COMMUNITIES
(RURAL)

Sl. No.	Name of Caste or Community	Name of Craft	No. of Villages surveyed	Total No. of families in the Villages covered by the survey	No. of families working	Total No. of adult workers			No. of families working under co-operation	No. of families working in	
						Persons	Males	Females		Own Houses	Workshops set up by their employers
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)
3 RAYADRUG TALUK— <i>concl.</i>											
19	Pinjari	Spinning	1	1	1	4	1	3	...	1	...
20	Sale	Weaving	3	198	193	310	148	162	50	143	...
21	Vadde	Blacksmithy	1	29	1	1	1	...	...	1	...
22	Vadrangi	Carpentry	6	22	22	51	40	11	...	22	...
23	Valmiki	Carpentry	1	100	4	4	4	...	...	4	...
24	Yerukula	Basket making	1	1	1	2	1	1	...	1	...

4 URAVAKONDA INDEPENDENT SUB-TALUK

Number of Villages in the Taluk : 48
 Number of Villages for which questionnaire were received : 26

1	Adi Andhra	Tanning & shoe making	1	100	10	10	10	...	...	10	...
2	Badiga	Carpentry	1	2	2	13	6	7	...	2	...
3	Baliya	Carpentry	1	24	3	10	10	...	...	3	...
4	Kammara	Blacksmithy	5 }	20	14	23	23	...	...	14	...
		Carpentry	2 }		3	23	13	10	...	3	...
5	Kamsali	Blacksmithy	2 }		3	3	3	...	...	3	...
		Carpentry	1 }	10	2	2	2	...	...	2	...
		Goldsmithy	3 }		5	8	6	2	...	5	...
6	Koricha	Basket making	2	11	9	24	10	14	...	9	...
7	Kummari	Pottery	14	38	38	127	78	49	...	38	...
8	Kuruva	Woollen rugs weaving	1	52	20	50	20	30	...	20	...
9	Lingayath	Spinning	1	33	6	10	4	6	...	6	...
10	Madiga	Blacksmithy	1 }	133	1	3	3	...	...	1	...
		Tanning & shoe making	3 }		58	70	53	17	...	58	...
11	Muslim	Blacksmithy	2 }		5	12	9	3	...	5	...
		Carpentry	2 }	224	8	18	18	...	...	8	...
		Goldsmithy	1 }		1	3	3	...	...	1	...
		Spinning	1 }		20	40	...	40	...	20	...
12	Nese	Spinning	1 }	14	8	24	8	16	...	8	...
		Weaving	2 }		4	11	5	6	...	4	...

SUB-TABLE 8 TO VILLAGE & TOWN DIRECTORY-Contd.

DISTRIBUTION OF ARTISAN COMMUNITIES
(RURAL)

Sl. No.	Name of Caste or Community	Name of Craft	No. of Villages surveyed	Total No. of families in the Villages covered by the survey	No. of families working	Total No. of adult workers			No. of families working under co-operation	No. of families working in	
						Persons	Males	Females		Own Houses	Workshops set up by their employers
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)

4 URAVAKONDA INDEPENDENT SUB-TALUK-concl'd.

13	Sale	Weaving	3	37	35	74	44	30	...	35	...
14	Sugali	Mat weaving	1	17	1	2	1	1	...	1	...
15	Thogata	Weaving	2	38	30	65	35	30	20	10	...
16	Vadrangi	Carpentry	6	40	24	34	33	1	...	24	...
17	Yerukula	Basket making	7	77	73	175	94	81	...	73	...
18	Unclassified Castes	Tanning & shoe making	1	15	15	30	20	10	...	15	...

5 GOOTY TALUK

Number of Villages in the Taluk : 84
 Number of Villages for which questionnaire were received : 79

1	Adi Andhra	Tanning & shoe making	1	26	22	32	22	10	...	22	...
2	Baliya	Spinning	1	20	12	12	...	12	...	12	...
3	Boya	Mat weaving	1 }	37	4	4	4	...	...	4	...
		Tailoring	1 }		10	10	10	...	...	10	...
4	Chakali	Carpentry	1	1	1	2	1	1	...	1	...
5	Devanga	Weaving	1	6	3	3	3	...	...	3	...
6	Dombara	Wooden comb making	1	3	3	5	3	2	...	3	...
7	Dudekula	Carpentry	1 }	51	2	4	4	...	...	2	...
		Mat weaving	1 }		4	30	30	...	...	4	...
		Weaving	1 }		4	6	6	...	...	4	...
8	Ediga	Goldsmithy	1	15	1	2	2	...	...	1	...
9	Golla	Carpentry	1	50	50	101	58	43	...	50	...
10	Harijan	Tanning & shoe making	12	973	163	400	261	139	...	163	...
11	Kammara	Blacksmithy	20 }	70	57	135	91	44	...	57	...
		Carpentry	3 }		6	17	13	4	...	6	...
12	Kamsali	Carpentry	1 }	25	2	4	4	...	...	2	...
		Goldsmithy	9 }		14	25	19	6	...	14	...
13	Kapu	Tailoring		1	1	1	1	...	...	1	...

SUB-TABLE 8 TO VILLAGE & TOWN DIRECTORY-*contd.*

DISTRIBUTION OF ARTISAN COMMUNITIES

(RURAL)

Sl. No.	Name of Caste or Community	Name of Craft	No. of Villages surveyed	Total No. of families in the Villages covered by the survey	No. of families working	Total No. of adult workers			No. of families working under co-operation	No. of families working in	
						Persons	Males	Females		Own Houses	Workshops set up by their employers
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)
5 GOOTY TALUK- <i>concl.</i>											
14	Koricha	Basket making	2 }	110	10	45	28	17	...	10	...
		Mat weaving	1 }		100	156	104	52	...	100	...
15	Kummari	Pottery	30	255	158	603	330	273	...	158	...
16	Kuruva	Woollen rugs weaving	1	88	15	23	15	8	...	15	...
17	Madiga	Tanning & shoe making	13	1,066	255	424	289	135	...	255	...
18	Mala	Blacksmithy	1	4	1	2	2	...	...	1	...
19	Mangali	Weaving	1	9	1	3	2	1	...	1	...
20	Muslim	Blacksmithy	5 }	133	7	13	9	4	...	7	...
		Carpentry	2 }		3	8	3	5	...	3	...
		Tailoring	3 }		13	17	13	4	...	13	...
21	Nese	Weaving	10	1,677	1,163	1,520	1,004	516	...	1,163	...
22	Sale	Tailoring	1 }	133	1	1	1	...	...	1	...
		Weaving	8 }		76	175	99	76	...	76	...
23	Sugali	Carpentry	1 }	112	4	16	10	6	...	4	...
		Mat weaving	1 }		3	13	8	5	...	3	...
24	Thogata	Tailoring	1	3	1	2	1	1	...	1	...
25	Uppara	Carpentry	2	8	3	5	3	2	...	3	...
26	Vadrangi	Blacksmithy	3 }	152	5	10	5	5	...	5	...
		Carpentry	34 }		118	224	164	60	...	118	...
27	Valmiki	Carpentry	1	12	1	5	3	2	...	1	...
28	Yerukula	Basket making	16 }	138	61	188	106	82	...	61	...
		Mat weaving	1 }		20	77	48	29	...	20	...
29	Unclassified Castes	Weaving	1	1	1	6	2	4	...	1	...

6 TADPATRI TALUK

Number of Villages in the Taluk : 96
 Number of Villages for which questionnaire were received : 84

1	Adi Andhra	Tanning & shoe making	6	327	93	180	139	41	...	93	...
2	Baliya	Oil seeds crushing	1	2	2	5	3	2	...	2	...

SUB-TABLE 8 TO VILLAGE & TOWN DIRECTORY—*contd.*DISTRIBUTION OF ARTISAN COMMUNITIES
(RURAL)

Sl. No.	Name of Caste or Community	Name of Craft	No. of Villages surveyed	Total No. of families in the Villages covered by the survey		Total No. of adult workers			No. of families working under co-operation	No. of families working in	
				No. of families working		Persons	Males	Females		Own Houses	Workshops set up by their employers
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)
6 TADPATRI TALUK—contd.											
3	Boya	Blacksmithy	1 }	55	2	4	4	...	...	2	...
		Carpentry	2 }		12	111	61	50	...	12	...
		Spinning	2 }		11	11	...	11	...	11	...
4	Brahmin	Spinning	1	1	1	2	...	2	...	1	...
5	Charmakara	Tanning & shoe making	1	135	135	135	135	...	...	135	...
6	Darji	Tailoring	1	4	4	4	4	...	...	4	...
7	Devanga	Weaving	2	38	38	217	124	93	...	38	...
8	Dommara	Wooden comb making	1	1	1	3	2	1	...	1	...
9	Dudekula	Blacksmithy	1 }	78	1	3	3	...	...	1	...
		Carpentry	4 }		21	42	27	15	...	21	...
		Fire works	1 }		10	50	30	20	...	10	...
		Cotton ginning	1 }		5	10	5	5	...	5	...
		Goldsmithy	2 }		4	7	7	...	...	4	...
		Spinning	1 }		8	8	...	8	...	8	...
		Tailoring	2 }		2	6	6	...	...	2	...
		Weaving	2 }		13	25	13	12	...	13	...
10	Harijan	Carpentry	1 }		276	1	3	3	1
		Rope making	1 }	1		4	4	...	...	1	...
		Shoe making	9 }	119		446	285	161	...	119	...
11	Kammara	Blacksmithy	16 }	39	27	65	57	8	...	27	...
		Carpentry	6 }		12	22	17	5	...	12	...
12	Kamsali	Blacksmithy	7 }	47	11	29	28	1	...	11	...
		Carpentry	7 }		17	47	36	11	...	17	...
		Goldsmithy	14 }		19	33	29	4	...	19	...
13	Kapu	Oil seeds crushing	1 }	566	1	2	1	1	...	1	...
		Spinning	10 }		441	450	52	398	...	441	...
14	Kshatriya	Weaving	1	42	42	160	80	80	...	42	...
15	Kummari	Pottery	31	153	149	381	257	124	...	149	...
16	Kuruva	Spinning	2	4	2	4	...	4	...	2	...
17	Madiga	Tanning & shoe making	12	399	117	274	175	99	...	117	...
18	Mala	Weaving	3	15	12	25	14	11	...	12	...
19	Mangali	Spinning	1 }	60	15	15	...	15	...	15	...
		Weaving	4 }		22	34	20	14	...	20	2
20	Medara	Basket making	3	10	10	16	10	6	...	10	...

SUB-TABLE 8 TO VILLAGE & TOWN DIRECTORY—Contd.

DISTRIBUTION OF ARTISAN COMMUNITIES
(RURAL)

Sl. No.	Name of Caste or Community	Name of Craft	No. of Villages surveyed	Total No. of families in the Villages covered by the survey	No. of families working	Total No. of adult workers			No. of families working under co-operation	No. of families working in	
						Persons	Males	Females		Own Houses	Workshops set up by their employers
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)
6 TADPATRI TALUK—concd.											
21	Muslim	Beedi making	2		172	342	252	90	...	172	...
		Blacksmithy	5		9	22	18	4	...	9	...
		Carpentry	6		11	22	20	2	...	11	...
		Goldsmithy	4	653	14	19	19	...	...	14	...
		Spinning	2		11	19	13	6	...	11	...
		Tailoring	3		23	24	20	4	...	23	...
		Weaving	6		54	127	86	41	...	54	...
22	Nese	Weaving	2	6	6	14	9	5	...	6	...
23	Sale	Spinning	1		1	1	...	1	...	1	...
		Weaving	15	203	200	426	302	124	...	182	18
24	Sunkalamma (Boya)	Mat weaving	1	8	8	17	9	8	...	8	...
25	Thogata	Weaving	17	1,011	928	3,220	1,600	1,620	...	928	...
26	Vadde	Carpentry	1		1	1	1	...	...	1	...
		Mat weaving	1	23	4	120	70	50	...	4	...
		Spinning	2		2	3	...	3	...	2	...
27	Vadrangi	Blacksmithy	3		4	9	7	2	...	4	...
		Carpentry	16	49	45	87	69	18	...	45	...
28	Valmiki	Basket making	1		8	20	16	4	...	8	...
		Weaving	1	14	3	14	8	6	...	3	...
29	Yerukula	Basket making	11	117	64	142	89	53	...	64	...
30	Unclassified Castes	Carpentry	3		11	15	15	...	...	11	...
		Oil seeds crushing	1		4	4	4	...	...	4	...
		Spinning	2	400	356	632	346	286	...	356	...
		Tailoring	1		3	4	3	1	...	3	...
		Tanning & shoe making	1		10	10	10	...	...	10	...
		Weaving	1		2	3	2	1	...	2	...

7 DHARMAVARAM TALUK

Number of Villages in the Taluk : 62
 Number of Villages for which questionnaire were received : 25

1	Adi Andhra	Tanning & shoe making	4	98	72	80	72	8	...	72	...
2	Boya	Mat weaving	1	5	2	3	...	3	...	2	...
3	Devanga	Weaving	1	6	6	12	6	6	...	6	...
4	Harijan	Tanning & shoe making	1	17	2	3	2	1	...	2	...
5	Kammara	Blacksmithy	4	13	13	23	17	6	...	13	...

SUB-TABLE 8 TO VILLAGE & TOWN DIRECTORY-*Contd.*

DISTRIBUTION OF ARTISAN COMMUNITIES

(RURAL)

Sl. No.	Name of Caste or Community	Name of Craft	No. of Villages surveyed	Total No. of families in the Villages covered by the survey	No. of families working	Total No. of adult workers			No. of families working under co-operation	No. of families working in	
						Persons	Males	Females		Own Houses	Workshops set up by their employers
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)
7 DHARMAVARAM TALUK- <i>concl.</i>											
6	Kamsali	Blacksmithy	3 }	13	7	7	7	...	...	7	...
		Goldsmithy	4 }		4	6	5	1	...	4	...
7	Kummari	Pottery	11	49	35	93	65	28	...	35	...
8	Kuruva	Woollen rugs weaving	7	224	43	108	58	50	...	43	...
9	Madiga	Tanning & shoe making	3	59	58	83	58	25	...	58	...
10	Mangali	Weaving	4	43	15	42	28	14	...	15	...
11	Muslim	Carpentry	1	4	4	8	8	...	...	4	...
12	Nese	Silk weaving	3 }	41	4	36	22	14	...	4	...
		Weaving	3 }		27	83	49	34	...	27	...
13	Pinjari	Ginning	1	30	5	9	5	4	...	5	...
14	Sale	Weaving	5	43	42	84	47	37	...	42	...
15	Thogata	Weaving	3	28	25	67	34	33	...	25	...
16	Vadrangi	Blacksmithy	1 }	16	1	1	1	...	...	1	...
		Carpentry	7 }		15	30	28	2	...	15	...
17	Yerukula	Basket making	5 }	58	28	34	22	12	...	28	...
		Mat weaving	2 }		21	52	33	19	...	21	...
18	Unclassified Castes	Tailoring	1 }	9	4	4	4	...	...	4	...
		Weaving	1 }		5	8	6	2	...	5	...

8 KADIRI TALUK

Number of Villages in the Taluk : 144
 Number of Villages for which questionnaire were received : 91

1	Adi Andhra	Tanning & shoe making	11	175	168	219	184	35	...	168	...
2	Baliya	Carpentry	3 }	215	22	29	25	4	...	22	...
		Goldsmithy	1 }		3	8	5	3	...	3	...
		Tailoring	2 }		7	23	13	10	...	7	...
3	Bestha	Net weaving (for fishing)	1	8	4	11	8	3	...	4	...
4	Boya	Carpentry	4 }	143	9	19	16	3	...	9	...
		Cane products	2 }		3	3	3	...	...	3	...
		Mat weaving	2 }		23	48	30	18	...	23	...
		Tailoring	2 }		9	9	9	...	...	9	...
5	Dommaru	Wooden comb making	2	7	7	36	19	17	...	7	...

SUB-TABLE 8 TO VILLAGE & TOWN DIRECTORY—*contd.*DISTRIBUTION OF ARTISAN COMMUNITIES
(RURAL)

Sl. No.	Name of Caste or Community	Name of Craft	No. of Villages surveyed	Total No. of families in the Villages covered by the survey	No. of families working	Total No. of adult workers			No. of families working under co-operation	No. of families working in	
						Persons	Males	Females		Own Houses	Workshops set up by their employers
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)
8 KADIRI TALUK— <i>contd.</i>											
6	Dudekula	Carpentry	1	108	1	1	1	...	...	1	...
		Mat weaving	1		40	170	80	90	...	40	...
		Oil seeds crushing	4		13	25	13	12	...	13	...
		Tailoring	3		12	15	12	3	...	12	...
7	Ediga	Basket making	1	6	6	14	14	...	...	6	...
8	Gandla	Oil seeds crushing	5	56	30	168	91	77	...	30	...
9	Golla	Carpentry	1	23	1	5	3	2	...	1	...
10	Harijan	Tanning & shoe making	6	75	57	99	72	27	...	57	...
11	Kammara	Blacksmithy	4	9	9	22	17	5	...	9	...
12	Kamsali	Blacksmithy	12	108	17	31	25	6	...	17	...
		Cane works	1		2	2	2	...	...	2	...
		Carpentry	6		21	37	34	3	...	21	...
		Goldsmithy	16		34	60	53	7	...	34	...
13	Kapu	Carpentry	2	34	4	6	5	1	...	4	...
14	Koricha	Basket making	1	5	4	7	5	2	...	4	...
15	Kummari	Pottery	39	134	131	405	248	157	...	131	...
16	Madiga	Tanning & shoe making	18	453	272	490	362	128	...	272	...
17	Mala	Carpentry	2	78	4	7	7	...	...	4	...
		Mat weaving	1		1	2	1	1	...	1	...
		Weaving	1		3	6	3	3	...	3	...
18	Mangali	Cane works	1	15	2	2	2	...	...	2	...
		Tailoring	1		6	6	6	...	...	6	...
19	Medara	Basket making	4	8	8	22	12	10	...	8	...
20	Muslim	Blacksmithy	4	1,152	5	19	14	5	...	5	...
		Cane works	1		2	2	2	...	...	2	...
		Carpentry	8		17	43	39	4	...	17	...
		Mat weaving	6		142	310	142	168	...	142	...
		Tailoring	8		44	48	46	2	...	44	...
21	Nese	Weaving	4	86	32	68	41	27	...	32	...
22	Patra	Mat weaving	1	120	60	90	20	70	...	60	...
23	Sale	Carpentry	1	85	1	1	1	...	...	1	...
		Mat weaving	1		1	1	1	...	...	1	...
		Tailoring	1		1	1	1	...	...	1	...
		Weaving	5		46	67	51	16	...	46	...
24	Sugali	Mat weaving	5	234	78	149	92	57	...	78	...

SUB-TABLE 8 TO VILLAGE & TOWN DIRECTORY—*contd.*DISTRIBUTION OF ARTISAN COMMUNITIES
(RURAL)

Sl. No.	Name of Caste or Community	Name of Craft	No. of Villages surveyed	Total No. of families in the Villages covered by the survey	No. of families working	Total No. of adult workers			No. of families working under co-operation	No. of families working in	
						Persons	Males	Females		Own Houses	Workshops set up by their employers
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)
8 KADIRI TALUK—concl'd.											
25	Talari	Tailoring	1	45	1	1	1	...	...	1	...
26	Thogata	Mat weaving	1	142	1	2	1	1	...	1	...
		Weaving	4		59	103	58	45	...	59	...
27	Vadde	Basket making	1	128	5	5	5	...	...	5	...
		Cane works	1		2	2	2	...	...	2	...
		Carpentry	2		13	14	9	5	...	13	...
		Mat weaving	1		15	35	10	25	...	15	...
28	Vadrangi	Carpentry	9	28	28	59	46	13	...	28	...
29	Yerukula	Basket making	13	181	97	199	104	95	...	97	...
		Mat weaving	3		21	29	16	13	...	21	...
		Rope making	6		50	227	144	83	...	50	...
30	Unclassified Castes	Basket making	1	89	1	4	2	2	...	1	...
		Tailoring	1		8	93	46	47	...	8	...
9 PENUKONDA TALUK											
Number of Villages in the Taluk				104							
Number of Villages for which questionnaire were received :				78							
1	Adi Andhra	Tanning & shoe making	4	163	25	48	43	5	...	25	...
2	Badiga	Carpentry	2	12	12	18	14	4	...	12	...
3	Boya	Basket making	1	142	1	5	2	3	...	1	...
		Carpentry	7		17	25	22	3	...	17	...
		Mat weaving	1		2	2	...	2	...	2	...
4	Darji	Rope making	1	49	1	2	1	1	...	1	...
		Tailoring	6		48	63	48	15	...	48	...
5	Devanga	Silk weaving	1	141	12	34	18	16	...	12	...
		Weaving	8		93	246	147	99	...	83	10
6	Dudekula	Oil seeds crushing	1	31	2	4	2	2	...	2	...
		Weaving	3		15	36	18	18	2	13	...
7	Gandhudi	Vermillion making	1	20	20	35	20	15	...	20	...
8	Gandla	Carpentry	1	53	1	1	1	...	...	1	...
		Oil seeds crushing	3		5	7	6	1	...	5	...
9	Harijan	Blacksmithy	1	507	1	1	1	...	...	1	...
		Tanning & shoe making	16		216	397	310	87	...	216	...
		Goldsmithy	1		1	1	1	...	...	1	...
		Weaving	1		1	1	1	...	...	1	...
10	Kammara	Blacksmithy	18	58	53	74	64	10	...	53	...
		Carpentry	1		1	2	2	...	...	1	...

SUB-TABLE 8 TO VILLAGE & TOWN DIRECTORY-*contd.*DISTRIBUTION OF ARTISAN COMMUNITIES
(RURAL)

Sl. No.	Name of Caste or Community	Name of Craft	No. of Villages surveyed	Total No. of families in the Villages covered by the survey	No. of families working	Total No. of adult workers			No. of families working under co-operation	No. of families working in	
						Persons	Males	Females		Own Houses	Workshops set up by their employers
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)
9 PENUKONDA TALUK- <i>contd.</i>											
11	Kamsali	Blacksmithy	4	59	9	20	19	1	...	9	...
		Carpentry	1		3	6	4	2	...	3	...
		Goldsmithy	14		32	59	53	6	...	32	...
12	Kapu	Carpentry	1	106	2	2	2	...	...	2	...
		Spinning	1		34	34	...	34	...	34	...
13	Koricha	Basket making	1	7	7	33	18	15	...	7	...
14	Kummari	Pottery	38	131	115	297	170	127	...	115	...
15	Kuruva	Carpentry	1	867	1	2	1	1	...	1	...
		Weaving	2		5	7	5	2	...	5	...
		Woollen rugs weaving	13		234	684	409	275	57	177	...
16	Lambadi	Mat weaving	1	11	9	20	8	12	...	9	...
17	Madiga	Blacksmithy	1	375	1	3	2	1	...	1	...
		Carpentry	1		4	4	4	...	...	4	...
		Tanning & shoe making	13		161	259	193	66	...	161	...
18	Mala	Carpentry	1	100	3	6	6	...	...	3	...
		Mat weaving	4		50	101	37	64	...	50	...
		Weaving	9		19	50	29	21	...	19	...
19	Medara	Basket making	5	40	36	74	40	34	...	36	...
20	Muslim	Basket making	1	225	2	2	2	...	...	2	...
		Blacksmithy	3		13	19	19	...	...	13	...
		Carpentry	5		9	11	10	1	...	9	...
		Goldsmithy	1		1	1	1	1	...	1	...
21	Mutbrasi	Rope making	1	1	1	1	1	...	...	1	...
22	Nese	Weaving	5	43	42	74	37	37	...	42	...
23	Sale	Weaving	3	26	26	56	35	21	...	26	...
24	Sugali	Carpentry	2	432	3	26	16	10	...	3	...
		Mat weaving	7		212	456	279	177	...	212	...
25	Thogata	Weaving	2	31	29	80	43	37	...	29	...
26	Vadde	Basket making	1	13	12	12	12	...	...	12	...
		Carpentry	1		1	1	1	...	...	1	...
27	Vadrangi	Carpentry	11	46	38	47	45	2	...	38	...

SUB-TABLE 8 TO VILLAGE & TOWN DIRECTORY—*contd.*

DISTRIBUTION OF ARTISAN COMMUNITIES

(RURAL)

Sl. No.	Name of Caste or Community	Name of Craft	No. of Villages surveyed	Total No. of families in the Villages covered by the survey	No. of families working	Total No. of adult workers			No. of families working under co-operation	No. of families working in	
						Persons	Males	Females		Own Houses	Workshops set up by their employers
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)

9 PENUKONDA TALUK—*concl.*

28	Valmiki	Carpentry	2	50	3	6	4	2	...	3	...
29	Yerukula	Basket making	10	86	71	146	83	63	...	71	...
30	Unclassified Castes	Basket making	1	1	1	2	1	1	...	1	...

10 HINDUPUR TALUK

Number of Villages in the Taluk : 86
 Number of Villages for which questionnaire were received : 60

1	Adi Andhra	Tanning & shoe making	4	188	30	33	33	...	...	30	...
2	Badiga	Carpentry	2	4	4	4	4	...	...	4	...
3	Bestha	Carpentry	1	1	1	1	1	...	...	1	...
4	Boya	Carpentry	4 }	267	17	22	22	...	...	17	...
		Mat weaving	4 }		48	81	40	41	...	48	...
5	Brahmin	Carpentry	1 }	82	1	1	1	...	...	1	...
		Tailoring	1 }		5	6	5	1	...	5	...
6	Chakali	Carpentry	1	6	1	1	1	...	...	1	...
7	Devanga	Silk weaving	1 }	77	31	116	74	42	...	31	...
		Weaving	1 }		1	6	2	4	...	1	...
8	Dombara	Wooden comb making	3	41	21	29	23	6	...	21	...
9	Ediga	Musical Instruments making	1	20	2	2	2	...	...	2	...
10	Gandla	Oil seeds crushing	2	13	10	22	15	7	5	5	...
11	Golla	Blacksmithy	1	3	3	4	3	1	...	3	...
12	Harijan	Mat weaving	1 }	748	20	25	15	10	...	20	...
		Rope making	1 }		45	152	152	...	...	45	...
		Tanning & shoe making	5 }		86	86	86	...	...	86	...
		Weaving	1 }		4	8	4	4	...	4	...
13	Kammara	Blacksmithy	11 }	43	31	47	45	2	...	31	...
		Goldsmithy	1 }		1	4	2	2	...	1	...

SUB-TABLE 8 TO VILLAGE & TOWN DIRECTORY—*contd.*DISTRIBUTION OF ARTISAN COMMUNITIES
(RURAL)

Sl. No.	Name of Caste or Community	Name of Craft	No. of Villages surveyed	Total No. of families in the Villages covered by the survey	No. of families working	Total No. of adult workers			No. of families working under co-operation	No. of families working in	
						Persons	Males	Females		Own Houses	Workshops set up by their employers
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)
10 HINDUPUR TALUK— <i>concl.</i>											
14	Kamsali	Blacksmithy	3 }	62	8	11	11	...	...	8	...
		Goldsmithy	16 }		44	51	48	3	...	44	...
15	Kapu	Carpentry	1	300	60	75	75	...	...	60	...
16	Koravangi	Basket making	1	50	50	150	50	100	...	50	...
17	Koricha	Basket making	6 }	97	17	38	19	19	...	17	...
		Mat weaving	1 }		24	24	16	8	...	24	...
		Rope making	5 }		24	55	33	22	...	24	...
18	Kummari	Pottery	36	168	140	383	236	147	15	125	...
19	Kuruva	Woollen rugs weaving	20	882	316	700	378	322	30	286	...
20	Madiga	Basket making	1 }	118	15	26	26	...	...	15	...
		Mat weaving	1 }		12	28	8	20	...	12	...
		Tanning & shoe making	3 }		19	20	20	...	...	19	...
21	Mala	Mat weaving	3 }	132	31	42	21	21	...	31	...
		Weaving	9 }		74	141	94	47	...	74	...
22	Medara	Basket making	3	12	12	42	23	19	...	12	...
23	Muslim	Basket making	1 }	634	1	2	2	...	...	1	...
		Beedi making	2 }		5	5	5	...	...	5	...
		Blacksmithy	4 }		23	45	34	11	...	23	...
		Carpentry	6 }		25	32	25	7	...	25	...
		Goldsmithy	1 }		1	1	1	...	...	1	...
		Tailoring	1 }		4	4	4	...	...	4	...
24	Nese	Weaving	6	141	107	468	221	247	...	107	...
25	Sale	Weaving	4	19	15	71	31	40	...	15	...
26	Thogata	Silk weaving	1 }	494	1	5	4	1	...	1	...
		Weaving	3 }		485	558	454	104	...	485	...
27	Uppara	Mat weaving	1	32	8	8	8	...	...	8	...
28	Vadrangi	Carpentry	10	44	44	52	52	...	...	44	...
29	Vaisya	Tailoring	1	25	4	4	4	...	...	4	...
30	Yerukula	Basket making	2 }	255	7	29	21	8	...	7	...
		Mat weaving	2 }		35	55	31	24	...	35	...
31	Unclassified Castes	Oil seeds crushing	1 }	19	1	1	1	...	...	1	...
		Tailoring	2 }		18	20	18	2	...	18	...

SUB-TABLE 8 TO VILLAGE & TOWN DIRECTORY-*contd.*DISTRIBUTION OF ARTISAN COMMUNITIES
(RURAL)

Sl. No.	Name of Caste or Community	Name of Craft	No. of Villages surveyed	Total No. of families in the Villages covered by the survey		Total No. of adult workers			No. of families working under co-operation	No. of families working in	
				No. of families working		Persons	Males	Females		Own Houses	Workshops set up by their employers
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)
11 MADAKASIRA TALUK											
Number of Villages in the Taluk :						56					
Number of Villages for which questionnaire were received:						48					
1	Boya	Carpentry	7 }	797	71	88	80	8	...	71	...
		Oil seeds crushing	1 }		10	32	28	4	...	10	...
2	Charmakara	Tanning & shoe making	13	154	110	184	164	20	...	110	...
3	Darji	Tailoring	11	43	43	47	42	5	...	43	...
4	Devanga	Weaving	6	40	40	44	36	8	...	40	...
5	Gandla	Oil seeds crushing	1	4	4	7	4	3	...	4	...
6	Harijan	Carpentry	2 }	823	6	10	10	...	...	6	...
		Tanning & shoe making	4 }		179	355	216	139	...	179	...
		Weaving	1 }		12	20	15	5	...	12	...
7	Kammara	Blacksmithy	26	77	75	117	89	28	...	75	...
8	Kamsali	Blacksmithy	5 }	42	26	61	37	24	...	26	...
		Goldsmithy	3 }		10	19	15	4	...	10	...
9	Kapu	Basket making	1 }	350	5	16	10	6	...	5	...
		Oil seeds crushing	1 }		9	31	27	4	...	9	...
10	Kummari	Pottery	21	178	129	250	164	86	...	129	...
11	Kuruva	Woollen rugs weaving	22	682	549	1,285	801	484	30	519	...
12	Madiga	Tanning & shoe making	8	563	161	225	189	36	...	161	...
13	Mala	Weaving	9	161	61	113	74	39	...	61	...
14	Medara	Basket making	1	20	20	35	25	10	...	20	...
15	Muslim	Oil seeds crushing	1 }	33	3	7	4	3	...	3	...
		Tailoring	2 }		14	17	17	...	...	14	...
16	Sale	Weaving	3	33	33	36	24	12	...	33	...
17	Sugali	Rope making	1	6	6	12	6	6	...	6	...
18	Vadrangi	Carpentry	24	95	93	120	107	13	...	93	...
19	Yerukula	Basket making	3 }	15	11	15	11	4	...	11	...
		Mat weaving	1 }		4	9	4	5	...	4	...
20	Unclassified Castes	Oil seeds crushing	10 }	61	38	38	38	...	...	38	...
		Silk weaving	1 }		3	8	5	3	...	3	...
		Weaving	1 }		20	40	20	20	...	20	...

SUB-TABLE 8 TO VILLAGE & TOWN DIRECTORY—*contd.*DISTRIBUTION OF ARTISAN COMMUNITIES
(URBAN)

Sl. No.	Name of Caste or Community	Name of Craft	No. of Towns surveyed	Total No. of families in the Towns covered by the survey	No. of families working	Total No. of adult workers			No. of families working under co-operation	No. of families working in	
						Persons	Males	Females		Own Houses	Workshops set up by their employers
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)
ANANTAPUR DISTRICT											
Number of Towns in the District :						14					
Number of Towns for which questionnaire were received						6					
1	Adi Andhra	Tanning & shoe making	2	175	94	110	100	10	...	94	...
2	Baliya	Beedi making	1	12	12	45	20	25	...	12	...
3	Boya	Blacksmithy	1 }	752	2	5	5	...	...	2	...
		Carpentry	1 }		255	592	452	140	...	250	5
4	Darji	Tailoring	1	130	130	170	130	40	...	130	...
5	Devanga	Weaving	1	200	150	150	100	50	...	150	...
6	Gandla	Oil seeds crushing	1	25	25	25	10	15	...	25	...
7	Golla	Carpentry	1	85	1	2	2	...	...	1	...
8	Jeenigiri	Earthen toys making	1	51	20	27	15	12	...	20	...
9	Kammara	Blacksmithy	1	15	15	15	15	...	...	15	...
10	Kamsali	Goldsmithy	2	305	217	227	227	...	...	217	...
11	Koricha	Rope making	1	280	160	225	145	80	...	160	...
12	Kummari	Pottery	3	42	42	97	67	30	...	42	...
13	Kuruva	Carpentry	1	105	1	2	2	...	...	1	...
14	Madiga	Tanning & shoe making	1	500	50	290	200	90	...	50	...
15	Medara	Basket making	4	329	327	624	378	246	...	327	...
16	Muslim	Beedi making	2 }	1,775	240	520	370	150	...	240	...
		Blacksmithy	1 }		26	32	32	...	...	26	...
		Carpentry	2 }		34	68	62	6	...	34	...
		Mat weaving	1 }		5	6	6	...	...	5	...
		Tailoring	1 }		238	599	411	188	...	238	...
17	Nese	Weaving	2	200	97	137	92	45	...	97	...
18	Patkari	Tailoring	1	5	5	8	8	...	...	5	...
19	Sale	Dyeing and printing	1 }	486	30	31	16	15	...	30	...
		Silk weaving	1 }		267	535	289	246	...	267	...
		Weaving	3 }		157	192	103	89	...	157	...
20	Thogata	Weaving	2	168	164	426	245	181	...	164	...
21	Vadde	Bricks making	2	128	102	306	228	78	...	102	...

SUB-TABLE 8 TO VILLAGE & TOWN DIRECTORY—*contd.*DISTRIBUTION OF ARTISAN COMMUNITIES
(URBAN)

Sl. No.	Name of Caste or Community	Name of Craft	No. of Towns surveyed	Total No. of families in the Towns covered by the survey		Total No. of adult workers			No. of families working under co-operation	No. of families working in	
				No. of families working		Persons	Males	Females		Own Houses	Workshops set up by their employers
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)
ANANTAPUR DISTRICT—concl.											
22	Vadrangi	Carpentry	2	31	21	55	45	10	...	21	...
23	Valmiki	Beedi making	1 }	23	15	80	50	30	...	15	...
		Dyeing and printing	1 }		8	20	12	8	...	8	...
24	Unclassified Castes	Carpentry	1 }	233	40	52	52	...	...	40	...
		Tailoring	1 }		140	150	140	10	...	140	...
		Tanning & shoe making	1 }		13	53	50	3	...	13	...
GOOTY TALUK—GOOTY AND PAMIDI TOWNS											
1	Adi Andhra	Tanning & shoe making	1	14	14	30	20	10	...	14	...
2	Baliya	Beedi making	1	12	12	45	20	25	...	12	...
3	Kummari	Pottery	1	24	24	44	32	12	...	24	...
4	Medara	Basket making	1	5	5	18	12	6	...	5	...
5	Muslim	Beedi making	1 }	264	15	80	50	30	...	15	...
		Carpentry	1 }		11	31	25	6	...	11	...
		Tailoring	1 }		238	599	411	188	...	238	...
6	Sale	Weaving	1	30	5	20	5	15	...	5	...
7	Thogata	Weaving	1	6	2	7	2	5	...	2	...
8	Valmiki	Beedi making	1 }	23	15	80	50	30	...	15	...
		Dyeing and printing	1 }		8	20	12	8	...	8	...
9	Vadde	Bricks making	1	52	52	192	138	54	...	52	...
10	Vadrangi	Carpentry	1	11	11	31	25	6	...	11	...
DHARMAVARAM TALUK—DHARMAVARAM TOWN											
1	Boya	Blacksmithy	1	2	2	5	5	...	...	2	...
2	Gandla	Oil seeds crushing	1	25	25	25	10	15	...	25	...
3	Golla	Carpentry	1	85	1	2	2	...	...	1	...
4	Kummari	Pottery	1	6	6	19	13	6	...	6	...
5	Kuruva	Carpentry	1	105	1	2	2	...	...	1	...
6	Muslim	Blacksmithy	1 }	145	26	32	32	...	...	26	...
		Carpentry	1 }		23	37	37	...	...	23	...

SUB-TABLE 8 TO VILLAGE & TOWN DIRECTORY—*concl'd.*DISTRIBUTION OF ARTISAN COMMUNITIES
(URBAN)

Sl. No.	Name of Caste or Community	Name of Craft	No. of Towns surveyed	Total No. of families in the Towns covered by the survey	No. of families working	Total No. of adult workers			No. of families working under co-operation	No. of families working in	
						Persons	Males	Females		Own Houses	Workshops set up by their employers
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)
DHARMAVARAM TALUK—DHARMAVARAM TOWN— <i>concl'd.</i>											
7	Medara	Basket making	1	22	22	80	40	40	...	22	...
8	Patkari	Tailoring	1	5	5	8	8	...	...	5	...
9	Sale	Dyeing and printing	1	444	30	31	16	15	...	30	...
		Silk weaving	1		267	535	289	246	...	267	...
		Weaving	1		140	140	80	60	...	140	...
10	Thogata	Weaving	1	162	162	419	243	176	...	162	...
KADIRI TALUK—KADIRI TOWN											
1	Adi Andhra	Tanning and shoe making	1	161	80	80	80	...	...	80	...
2	Jeenigiri	Earthen toys making	1	51	20	27	15	12	...	20	...
3	Kamsali	Goldsmithy	1	75	42	42	42	...	...	42	...
4	Kummari	Pottery	1	12	12	34	22	12	...	12	...
5	Medara	Basket making	1	52	50	146	96	50	...	50	...
6	Muslim	Beedi making	1	1,365	225	440	320	120	...	225	...
		Mat weaving	1		5	6	6	...	...	5	...
7	Nese	Weaving	1	120	17	17	12	5	...	17	...
8	Vadde	Bricks making	1	76	50	114	90	24	...	50	...
9	Unclassified Castes	Carpentry	1	180	40	52	52	...	...	40	...
		Tailoring	1		140	150	140	10	...	140	...
HINDUPUR TALUK—HINDUPUR TOWN											
1	Boya	Carpentry	1	750	255	592	452	140	...	250	5
2	Darji	Tailoring	1	130	130	170	130	40	...	130	...
3	Devanga	Weaving	1	200	150	150	100	50	...	150	...
4	Kamsali	Goldsmithy	1	230	175	185	185	...	...	175	...
5	Koricha	Rope making	1	280	160	225	145	80	...	160	...
6	Madiga	Tanning & shoe making	1	500	50	290	200	90	...	50	...
7	Medara	Basket making	1	250	250	380	230	150	...	250	...
8	Nese	Weaving	1	80	80	120	80	40	...	80	...
MADAKASIRA TALUK—MADAKASIRA TOWN											
1	Kammara	Blacksmithy	1	15	15	15	15	...	...	15	...
2	Sale	Weaving	1	12	12	32	18	14	...	12	...
3	Vadrangi	Carpentry	1	20	10	24	20	4	...	10	...
4	Unclassified Castes	Tanning & shoe making	1	53	13	53	50	3	...	13	...

SUB-TABLE 9 TO VILLAGE & TOWN DIRECTORY
LIST OF VERY SKILLED CRAFTSMEN OF EACH COMMUNITY
(RURAL)

Location Code No.	Name of Village	Name of Craft	Name of Caste or Community	Name of skilled Craftsmen
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)
Number of Villages in the District :				953
Number of Villages for which questionnaire were received :				694
1 ANANTAPUR TALUK				
3	Kalagalla	Basket making Shoe making	Yerukula Harijan	Budda Ramanna Ballari Honnurappa
5	Penakacherla	Carpentry	Vadrangi	Narasappa Narayanappa
12	Muntimadugu	Basket making Weaving	Koricha Thogata	Venkaṭaswami Venkataramanna
38	Garladinne	Blacksmithy Carpentry Pottery Woollen rugs weaving	Vadrangi Vadrangi Kummari Kuruva	Venkatapati Subbarayudu Nallappa Pullappa
41	Kotanka	Weaving	Nese	Balam Anjaneyulu Cheera Chodappa Cheera Dasamma Cheera Venkataramudu Keta Pullanna Keta Venkataramudu Keta Ramanna Ulkisla Chinna Narayana Ulkisla Narayana
44	Korrakodu	Blacksmithy Carpentry Pottery	Kammara Vadrangi Kummari	Ramanna Veerachary Chinna Tippanna
88	Goridindla	Carpentry Goldsmithy Pottery	Mala Kamsali Kummari	Peddanna Devarayulu Vannurappa
2 KALYANDRUG TALUK				
6	Yerragudi	Carpentry Pottery Spinning Woollen rugs weaving	Vadrangi Kummari Unclassified Caste Kuruva	Eswarappa Siddappa K. Hanumakka K. Hanumanthappa
14	Thimmasamudram	Woollen rugs weaving	Kuruva	G. Nagappa Hanumanthappa Ramadasu Ruppam Yellappa Yemappa
19	Gangavaram	Woollen rugs weaving	Kuruva	Pedda Tippayya
36	Eradikera	Pottery	Kummari	Timmappa Sannappa
37	Palavenkatapuram (h. o. Santi Kondapuram)	Woollen rugs weaving	Kuruva	Naganna
45	Mulakaledu	Tanning & shoe making	Harijan	Desarayagari Duruguru Duragappa Timmappa
		Woollen rugs weaing	Kuruva	Lingappa Eswarappa

SUB TABLE 9 TO VILLAGE & TOWN DIRECTORY--*contd.*

LIST OF VERY SKILLED CRAFTSMEN OF EACH COMMUNITY

(RURAL)

Location Code No.	Name of Village	Name of Craft	Name of Caste or Community	Name of skilled Craftsmen
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)
2 KALYANDRUG TALUK-- <i>concl.</i>				
48	Jambugumpala	Weaving	Sale	Ballappa Kaderappa Machappa Vottappa
		Blacksmithy	Kammara	Mallajah Kamdadurappa
		Carpentry	Vadrangi	Mallajah Rangappa
		Goldsmithy	Kamsali	Bajjanna Satyanna
		Pottery	Kummari	Bairappa Boojappa Mopurusetti Nagasetty Pappusetty
50	Kumdurpi	Tanning & shoe making	Madiga	Bheemappa Hanumappa Kollarappa Sanjeevappa
		Woollen rugs weaving	Kuruva	A. Chinna Veerappa M. Lingadu Vasakota Mallaiiah Y. Yellappa
58	Lakshmampalle	Mat weaving	Sugali	Chennamma Latchi Tanda Hanumappa
66	Ramapuram	Pottery	Kummari	Mallappa
		Woollen rugs weaving	Kuruva	Laxmaiiah
69	Gulyam	Mat weaving	Maja	Dasappa Mutyalappa
3 RAYADRUG TALUK				
37	Yerragunta	Blacksmithy	Kammara	Chinna Thippaiah Mallappa Tippaiah
		Pottery	Kummari	Dasappa Nagappa Obulesu Sanjeevappa Vannorappa
39	Bidurukontham	Blacksmithy	Kamsali	Kubarappa
		Carpentry	Boya	B. Ponnaiah
		Carpentry	Kamsali	Mayachari
		Tanning & shoe making	Harijan	Lakkappa
56	Gopulapuram (h/o Hulikera)	Goldsmithy	Kamsali	Pakeerappa
		Pottery	Kummari	Hanumanthappa
		Spinning	Lingayath	Gangamma
		Tanning & shoe making	Harijan	Hanumanthappa
69	Rekatlakunta (h/o Junjurampalle)	Pottery	Kummari	Anjinaiah Lingappa Rudrappa Tippuswamy
81	Gummaghatta	Woollen rugs weaving	Kuruva	Lingappa Karappa
82	Thallekera	Pottery	Kummari	Bheemappa

SUB-TABLE 9 TO VILLAGE & TOWN DIRECTORY—*contd.*LIST OF VERY SKILLED CRAFTSMEN OF EACH COMMUNITY
(RURAL)

Location Code No.	Name of Village	Name of Craft	Name of Caste or Community	Name of skilled Craftsmen
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)
4 URAVAKONDA INDEPENDENT SUB-TALUK				
12	Vidupanakal	Carpentry Carpentry	Muslim Vadrangi	Shaik Saheb Bilva Basappa
22	Renimakulapalle	Basket making Pottery	Koricha Kummari	Naganna Lingappa
5 GOOTY TALUK				
10	Thimmapuram	Basket making Pottery	Yerukula Kummari	Vamurappa Honnurappa Narayana Kondanna
32	Dharmapuram	Carpentry	Vadrangi	Rangaiah
36	Thondapadu	Blacksmithy Tanning & shoe making	Muslim Madiga	D. Mohidin Saheb Boli Kondappa
37	Jakkalacheruvu	Basket making Blacksmithy Carpentry Pottery	Yerukula Muslim Dudekula Kummari	Naganna Mahhub Saheb Kullayappa Gurappa
42	Chintalacheruvu	Basket making Pottery	Yerukula Kummari	Sanganna Balaiah
47	Avulampalle	Basket making Weaving	Yerukula Nese	Arakatu Hanumanthu
48	Virupapuram	Weaving	Nese	Ganganna Ranganna Yellanna
		Carpentry	Kammara	Mallanna Pullanna
		Pottery	Kummari	Gollanna Nallanna Pitchanna
68	Kalapuram	Weaving	Sale	Chowdappa Pulla Naganna Sankara Narasimhudu Sankara Narayanappa
6 TADPATRI TALUK				
17	Peddapappuru	Weaving	Thogata Sale	C. Sarveswarlu Bandaru Narayana Chinta Obula Dasu Guddite Pullappa
21	Ammalladiane	Blacksmithy Weaving	Kammara Thogata	Keshappa Badiginchala Ampaiah Bondala Papanna P. Balarangappa
22	Arakata Vemula	Carpentry Tanning & shoe making Weaving	Dudekula Madiga Sale	Dastagir Saheb Kondappa Peddavenkatappa
38	Bukkapuram	Blacksmithy Carpentry Pottery	Kamsali Kamsali Kummari	Subbarayudu Nagabhushanam Masthanu

SUB-TABLE 9 TO VILLAGE & TOWN DIRECTORY--*contd.*

LIST OF VERY SKILLED CRAFTSMEN OF EACH COMMUNITY

(RURAL)

Location Code No.	Name of Village	Name of Craft	Name of Caste or Community	Name of skilled Craftsmen
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)
6 TADPATRI TALUK-- <i>concl'd.</i>				
47	Thippareddipalle (h/o Tadpatri)	Carpentry	Vadrangi	Obanna Mallanna Ramanna Subbanna Venkatanna
49	Chinnapolamada	Weaving	Thogata	Chinna Venkatesu Chinna Venkatappa Gunda Appaiah Pulicherla Venkataramana Pulicherla Pullamma
59	Konauppalapadu	Goldsmithy	Kamsali	Raghavachary
63	Padamatpalle (h/o Gudipadu)	Tanning & shoe making	Harijan	B. Naganna Chinna Obulesu G. Chinna Maremma N. Obulesu M. Chinna Merenna P. Pedda Obulesu R. Veeranna S. Obulesu S. Roddanna S. Veeranna
85	Thirumalapuram (h/o Senegalaguduru)	Carpentry Shoe making Tailoring	Harijan Harijan Muslim	Ramanna Mallanna Mahal-ul-Saheb
92	Kodumurthi	Blacksmithy Pottery Tanning & shoe making	Kamsali Kummari Madiga	Brahmaiah Peddanna Chinna Ganganna
7 DHARMAVARAM TALUK				
20	Demagipalle (h/o Chinnakothapalle)	Carpentry Weaving	Vadrangi Thogata	Chandrayudu Chinna Obulesu Mallappa Manchala Anjaneyulu Manchala Sanjeevappa Devvara Hanumanthu
46	Chinthajapalle (h/o Chigicherla)	Basket making Carpentry Weaving	Yerukula Vadrangi Devanga	Duragappa Adeppa Narasimhulu Govindappa Muniyya Subbarayudu
52	Atmakuru (h/o Maravapalle Agraharam)	Weaving	Mangali	Sanjeevu Erappa Chinna Erappa Subbarayudu Chinna Ramanna Pakkurappa Balanna Pullappa
		Woollen rugs weaving	Kuruva	Bille Pedda Narappa Bille Chinna Narappa Pottamari Narayanappa Kapadam Gangappa
54	Cheropalle (h/o Malyavantham)	Carpentry	Vadrangi	Yerra Ankamma
60	Chinnakotla	Weaving	Mangali	Nagappa Muneppa

SUB-TABLE 9 TO VILLAGE & TOWN DIRECTORY-*contd.*

LIST OF VERY SKILLED CRAFTSMEN OF EACH COMMUNITY

(RURAL)

Location Code No.	Name of Village	Name of Craft	Name of Caste or Community	Name of skilled Craftsmen
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)
8 KADIRI TALUK				
12	Gunjapalle	Basket making Net weaving	Yerukula Bestha	Ramanna Narayanawami Yangappa Venkatesu
		Tailoring Weaving	Boya Sale	Yangamuni Chinta Venkatappa Chinta Balavenkatappa
14	Thimmanayanipalyam	Carpentry Tanning & shoe making	Boya Harijan	B. Vengamuni Pullanna
34	Vepamanipeta	Tailoring Tanning & shoe making Weaving	Muslim Madiga Thogata	M. Mahabubkhan Malameedi Ramudu Gumpa Muneyya
35	Peddannavaripalle	Basket making Carpentry Pottery Tanning & shoe making	Yerukula Kamsali Kummari Madiga	Kovvuru Ganganna Sane Nagappa Talupala Gangaiah Sake Gangadu
44	Chamalagondi	Mat weaving	Mala	Maddela Narsappa Maddela Ganganna Obanna Nagappa
		Pottery	Kummari	Gangulappa Roshalappa
45	Kurumamidi	Goldsmithy	Kamsali	Venkataramanappa Sectanna Chandrayudu
		Pottery	Kummari	Nagappa Subbanna Nanjanna
51	Chalamkuntlapalle	Blacksmithy Carpentry Oil seeds crushing	Muslim Dudekula Dudekula	Shaik Hussain Saheb Fakiruddin Kalluri Alan Saheb Kalluri Hussanappa
		Tailoring	Muslim	Shaik Salar Saheb Syed Fakruddin
		Tanning & shoe making	Madiga	Pare Pedda Gangappa Pare Pedda Pakeerappa Uddagiri Pedda Gangappa Uddagiri Chinna Gangappa Tangedragunta Narasappa Tangedragunta Gangappa
54	Kadirikuntlapalle	Blacksmithy Carpentry	Kamsali	Maddagiri Ramanna Maddagiri Narasimhulu
		Oil seeds crushing	Dudekula	Patnam Nabi Saheb Masthan Saheb
		Tailoring	Dudekula	Fakuruddin P. Rasool
		Tanning & shoe making	Madiga	Bandaru Gangappa
90	Allugundu	Carpentry	Kamsali	S. Munuswami
97	Donnikota	Oil seeds crushing Pottery	Gandla Kummari	Kalasamudram Papanna Narayanappa

SUB-TABLE 9 TO VILLAGE & TOWN DIRECTORY-*contd.*LIST OF VERY SKILLED CRAFTSMEN OF EACH COMMUNITY
(RURAL)

Location Code No.	Name of Village	Name of Craft	Name of Caste or Community	Name of skilled Craftsmen
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)
8 KADIRI TALUK- <i>concl.</i>				
98	Muthyalacheruvu	Mat weaving	Sugali	Ramanna
100	Erradoddi	Carpentry	Mala	Papanna Naganna
112	Daburuvaripalle	Basket making	Medara	Venkataramudu
112	Kusumvaripalle (h/o Duburuvaripalle)	Basket making	Vadde	Venkataramudu
113	Allapalle	Pottery	Kummari	Pedda Subbanna Adenna China Subbanna
9 PENUKONDA TALUK				
3	Racheruvu (h/o Jakkalacheruvu)	Goldsmithy Pottery	Kamsali Kummari	Seshacharyulu Narayanappa
9	Dodaghatta	Woollen rugs weaving	Kuruva	Kanna Medappa K. B. Hanumanthappa
13	Chinnamanthur	Blacksmithy Pottery	Madiga Kummari	Hanumaiah Dendepalle Chinnappa Dendepalle Pedda Hanumanthu
		Tanning & shoe making	Madiga	Pedda Lingappa Thimmaiah
		Weaving	Mala	Gangappa
15	Cholemarri	Basket making	Koricha	K. Nagaiah K. Gangappa K. Bangarappa
		Carpentry	Valmiki	Sanjeevaiah Narasaiah
		Goldsmithy	Kamsali	K. Narayanachary K. Ramachary
		Pottery	Kummari	K. Narasaiah K. Narappa
		Tanning & shoe making	Madiga	Yerra Bhadrappa Ramaiah Tippanna
		Weaving	Mala	M. Kondappa M. Hanumappa
22	Turakalapattanam	Blacksmithy Carpentry Mat weaving Pottery Tanning & shoe making	Kammara Boya Mala Kummari Madiga	Babaiah Badiga Ammaiah Anjanamma Narasappa Anjinappa Bylappa
		Weaving	Devanga	Anjanappa
		Woollen rugs weaving	Kuruva	Padigappa
28	Addakulapalle	Blacksmithy Mat weaving	Kamsali Sugali	Veerachary Venk Nayak Rupli Bayi Kamamma Kamili Bai Somulu Bai Peere Nayak Tole Nayak
		Pottery	Kummari	Ramappa Venkataramanappa
		Tanning & shoe making	Harijan	Subbayan Yerrappa

SUB-TABLE 9 TO VILLAGE & TOWN DIRECTORY—*contd.*LIST OF VERY SKILLED CRAFTSMEN OF EACH COMMUNITY
(RURAL)

Location Code No.	Name of Village	Name of Craft	Name of Caste or Community	Name of skilled Craftsmen
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)
9 PENUKONDA TALUK— <i>contd.</i>				
40	Pandiparthi	Carpentry	Vadraugi	Lakshmaiah
43	Gudipalle	Carpentry	Sugali	Kachera Hanumanthu Chinta Narayanappa Chinta Rangaiiah
45	Gonipeta	Blacksmithy } Carpentry } Goldsmithy } Pottery	Kamsali Kummari	Eswaraiiah Venkatappa Ramappa Sannodu
48	Kurabavandlapalle (h/o Erramanchi)	Tanning & shoe making Woollen rugs weaving	Madiga Kuruva	K. Nagappa K. Veerajionappa K. Potanna K. Chinnaiah K. Anumappa K. Muddi Lingaiiah
55	Settipalle	Weaving	Devanga	Karna Lakshamma Bachukunta Subbarayudu M. Ramanna
63	Marakuntapalle	Tanning & shoe making Weaving Woollen rugs weaving	Adi Andhra Dudekula Kuruva	Benguluru Bavanna Hussenappa Peddanna
66	Kodapaganipalle	Pottery	Kummari	Anjanappa Vengamuni Buddanna Mopurappa
		Tanning & shoe making	Madiga	Ramappa Rangappa Ganganna
67	Thirumaladevarapalle	Basket making	Yerukula	A. Ramudu A. Anjappa Guni Nagappa Pedda Ramappa Chinna Ramappa Anjanappa Ramappa Nagappa Peddavenkatesu Narayanappa A. Chekurappa Busappa Gajjanna Pedda Gangappa Venkatramudu Yerravenkatappa Bavanna Ramadasu
		Blacksmithy	Kammara	Venkatramudu Konappa Subbanna Ramakrishnaappa Venkatesu
		Carpentry	Vadrangi	Venkatappa Laxmanna

SUB-TABLE 9 TO VILLAGE & TOWN DIRECTORY—*contd.*LIST OF VERY SKILLED CRAFTSMEN OF EACH COMMUNITY
(*Rural*)

Location Code No.	Name of Village	Name of Craft	Name of Caste or Community	Name of skilled Craftsmen
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)
9 PENUKONDA TALUK— <i>concl.</i>				
67	Thirumaladevarapalle— <i>concl.</i>	Pottery	Kummari	Obulappa Pullappa
		Tanning & shoe making	Madiga	Chinna Nagappa Nadipi Nagappa Pedda Nagappa Obulesu Narasappa Erappa Sanjeevappa Pedda Sanjeevappa
71	K. Locherla	Weaving	Nese	Venkatramudu
86	Kesapuram	Blacksmithy Carpentry Pottery Tanning & shoe making	Kammara Mala Kummari Adi Andhra	Ramakrishnappa Subbanna Chalapathi Peddanna Vetti Obalappa
90	Kotlapalle (h/o Siddarampuram)	Basket making Blacksmithy Pottery Weaving	Yerukula Kammara Kummari Dudekula	Rangappa Venkataswamy Movurappa Gosumpalli Babajah
98	Pamudurthi	Oil seeds crushing	Gandla	Bagaleti Kristappa
100	Agraharam	Blacksmithy Pottery	Kammara Kummari	Narayanappa Chinna Lingappa
10 HINDUPUR TALUK				
11	Sirekolam	Mat weaving Weaving	Mala Mala	Sanjeevaiah Hanumanthappa Pedda Kondappa
		Woollen rugs weaving	Kuruva	Chinna Hanumappa Thungoti Anjanappa Adivaiah Pedda Hanumappa Subbaiah Hanumaiah
24	Thumukunta	Woollen rugs weaving	Kuruva	Nadiminti Errappa Mallarappa Nanjundappa
36	Manepalle	Carpentry	Muslim	Abdul Hafeez Anwar
37	Sirivaram	Woollen rugs weaving	Kuruva	Byrappa
43	Vadigepalle	Weaving	Mala	Venkataramanappa Venkatesulu Chinna Venkatappa Gangappa Eddula Venkataramanappa
50	Kodur	Carpentry Goldsmithy	Vadrangi Kamsali	K. Anjanappa Nagaratnamachary
60	Mallapalle	Carpentry Goldsmithy	Vadrangi Kamsali	D. Peddaranganna K. Venkatachary
65	Gorantla	Oil seeds crushing	Gandla	Ramappa Subbaiah Narayanappa

SUB-TABLE 9 TO VILLAGE & TOWN DIRECTORY—*contd.*

LIST OF VERY SKILLED CRAFTSMEN OF EACH COMMUNITY

(Rural)

Location Code No. (1)	Name of Village (2)	Name of Craft (3)	Name of Caste or Community (4)	Name of skilled Craftsmen (5)
10 HINDUPUR TALUK— <i>concl.</i>				
67	Gangampalle	Goldsmithy Pottery	Kamsali Kummari	Laxmachary Dasappa Narappa Venkatesu
69	Jakkasamudram	Basket making Wooden comb making	Medara Dommara	Dasarisubbanna Narayanappa
74	Chagaleru	Mat weaving Pottery	Harijan Kummari	Subbanna C. K. Nanjudappa
78	Somaghatta	Blacksmithy	Kamsali	Narayanachari
83	Subbaraopeta	Blacksmithy	Muslim	Mahaboob Saheb Khaja Saheb
86	Kodikonda	Goldsmithy	Kamsali	V. N. Venkatacharya
11 MADAKASIRA TALUK				
3	Amarapuram	Tanning & shoe making	Harijan	D. Kadurappa
13	Morubagal	Tanning & shoe making	Harijan	Sanjeeva Hanumanth
14	Gunimorubagal	Carpentry	Harijan	Papanna
17	Mandalahalli	Blacksmithy Carpentry	Kammara Boya	Timmaiah Narasappa Narasimhappa Konumappa
		Pottery	Kummari	Komarappa
		Rope making	Sugali	Bheemulu Nayak
		Tanning & shoe making	Madiga	Bootappa Narasappa Bheemappa Hanumappa Kadirappa
		Weaving	Mala	Tosanna Yesudasu Dasanna
29	Kodihalli	Basket making	Medara	Gadde Nagappa Lingappa
		Carpentry	Vadrangi	Pennappa Doddinarasappa
		Pottery	Kummari	Cherodappa Buanna
		Weaving	Mala	Magga Ramganna
		Woollen rugs weaving	Kuruva	Beera Lingappa Kenchappa
		Weaving	Mala	Karre Chikkanna
30	Kaki	Blacksmithy Carpentry Pottery Tanning & shoe making	Kammara Boya Kummari Harijan	Yellayya Babanna Puttanna Hanumanthappa

SUB-TABLE 9 TO VILLAGE & TOWN DIRECTORY—*concl'd.*LIST OF VERY SKILLED CRAFTSMEN OF EACH COMMUNITY
(*Rural*)

Location Code No.	Name of Village	Name of Craft	Name of Caste or Community	Name of skilled Craftsmen
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)
11 MADAKASIRA TALUK— <i>concl'd.</i>				
32	Ratnagiri	Carpentry	Vadrangi	Siddappa Vecranna Siddaramaiah
33	Rolla	Blacksmithy Pottery	Kammara Kummari	Eranna Mallappa
34	Rayapuram	Blacksmithy Carpentry	Kammara Boya	Thimmaiah Narasimhappa Nagappa
35	Konkallu	Tanning & shoe making Weaving	Madiga Mala	Pujari Narasappa Dasanna
		Blacksmithy Carpentry	Kammara Boya	Timmaiah Narasimhappa Timmappa
		Oil seeds crushing	Muslim	Imamsaheb
		Pottery	Kummari	Dasappa
		Tanning & shoe making	Madiga	Kudurappa Narasappa Kanumappa
		Weaving	Mala	Ganganna

Note: Particulars of skilled craftsmen in urban areas of Anantapur District have not been received

SUB-TABLE 10 TO VILLAGE & TOWN DIRECTORY

INDUSTRIAL ESTABLISHMENTS

ANANTAPUR DISTRICT

Total : 200 (157), 202 (2), 205 (11), 207 (196), 209 (61), 212 (37), 214 (45), 216 (7), 218 (30), 220 (79), 222 (3), 226 (3), 230 (51), 231 (487), 232 (2), 233 (17), 235 (4,148), 236 (10), 237 (2), 238 (6), 239 (6), 244 (135), 255 (1,973), 260 (13), 264 (281), 265 (4), 273 (573), 280 (23), 281 (9), 282 (1), 284 (3), 288 (1,153), 289 (916), 302 (41), 303 (3), 310 (475), 311 (1,903), 313 (17), 320 (11), 336 (3), 337 (1), 341 (1), 342 (49), 350 (1,265), 365 (7), 366 (2), 367 (7), 368 (1), 369 (811), 375 (1), 378 (14), 379 (3), 380 (1), 384 (30), 388 (74), 392 (14), 393 (570), 394 (5), 395 (1), 399 (38)

Rural : 200 (49), 207 (137), 209 (1), 212 (37), 214 (4), 220 (25), 226 (2), 230 (28), 231 (474), 233 (1), 235 (3,586), 236 (10), 238 (6), 239 (6), 244 (135), 255 (1,972), 264 (266), 273 (384), 281 (4), 284 (3), 288 (1,117), 289 (855), 310 (469), 311 (1,874), 313 (17), 342 (49), 350 (1,201), 369 (716), 375 (1), 388 (5), 393 (380), 394 (2)

Urban : 200 (108), 202 (2), 205 (11), 207 (59), 209 (60), 214 (41), 216 (7), 218 (30), 220 (54), 222 (3), 226 (1), 230 (23), 231 (13), 232 (2), 233 (16), 235 (562), 237 (2), 255 (1), 260 (13), 264 (15), 265 (4), 273 (189), 280 (23), 281 (5), 282 (1), 288 (36), 289 (61), 302 (41), 303 (3), 310 (6), 311 (29), 320 (11), 336 (3), 337 (1), 341 (1), 350 (64), 365 (7), 366 (2), 367 (7), 368 (1), 369 (95), 378 (14), 379 (3), 380 (1), 384 (30), 388 (69), 392 (14), 393 (190), 394 (3), 395 (1), 399 (38)

1 ANANTAPUR TALUK

Total : 200 (27), 205 (2), 207 (12), 209 (8), 212 (6), 214 (6), 216 (2), 218 (5), 220 (3), 230 (17), 231 (3), 235 (850), 236 (10), 238 (6), 255 (131), 273 (77), 280 (4), 282 (1), 288 (92), 289 (109), 302 (9), 303 (2), 310 (132), 311 (362), 320 (2), 350 (198), 365 (5), 366 (2), 369 (118), 378 (4), 379 (2), 384 (9), 388 (12), 393 (67), 394 (2), 399 (8)

Rural : 200 (1), 207 (5), 212 (6), 220 (3), 230 (17), 231 (3), 235 (838), 236 (10), 238 (6), 255 (131), 273 (46), 288 (89), 289 (103), 310 (131), 311 (358), 350 (194), 369 (106), 393 (39)

Urban : 200 (26), 205 (2), 207 (7), 209 (8), 214 (6), 216 (2), 218 (5), 235 (12), 273 (31), 280 (4), 282 (1), 288 (3), 289 (6), 302 (9), 303 (2), 310 (1), 311 (4), 320 (2), 350 (4), 365 (5), 366 (2), 369 (12), 378 (4), 379 (2), 384 (9), 388 (12), 393 (28), 394 (2), 399 (8)

Rural :

Udiripikonda 289 (6), 350 (6), 369 (5); Marutla 288 (5), 311 (8), 350 (1); Kalagalla 288 (10), 311 (8); Yerraguntla 289 (3), 311 (4), 350 (1), 369 (3); Penakacherla 289 (2), 311 (23), 369 (2), 393 (2); Koppalakonda 288 (2), 289 (1), 350 (4), 369 (1), 393 (1); Kesavapuram 235 (16), 350 (2); Krishnapuram 235 (10), 289 (1), 350 (5), 369 (1), 393 (1); Sirivaram 235 (1), 311 (10), 350 (1); Ankampeta 289 (1), 369 (1); Muntimadugu 235 (5), 288 (4), 289 (1), 369 (1); Agraharam 207 (1), 369 (1); Kalluru 235 (4), 288 (1), 289 (4), 350 (4), 369 (2); Kanampalle 350 (1), 369 (2); Illuru 289 (2), 311 (3), 350 (3), 369 (2); Kallamadi 273 (2), 289 (2); Tarimela 235 (37), 273 (5), 288 (15), 350 (5); Anandaraopeta 273 (1), 289 (1), 369 (2); Salakamcheruvu 273 (10), 289 (1), 350 (8), 369 (1), 393 (5); Rachepalle 289 (4), 311 (20); Ullikalva 231 (3), 235 (19), 289 (2), 350 (5); Julakalva 235 (5), 350 (4), 369 (2); Sodanapalle 369 (1); Singanamala 220 (3), 235 (1); Narasapuram 207 (1); Akuledu 273 (2); Jambuladinne 288 (3), 369 (2); Garladinne 235 (1), 238 (2), 255 (25), 350 (2), 369 (2); Lojuru 350 (2); Marthadu 235 (29), 273 (10), 289 (6), 310 (25), 350 (2), 369 (4), 393 (2); Kotanka 235 (35), 236 (10), 289 (1), 369 (1), 393 (1); Kammuru 235 (20), 288 (2), 310 (15), 350 (2); Ipperu 289 (3), 310 (5), 350 (5), 369 (4); Korrakodu 289 (1), 350 (6), 369 (3); Cholasamudram 235 (250), 289 (2), 350 (3), 369 (2); Thimmapuram 310 (33), 350 (5), 369 (1); Padamati Yaleru 235 (13), 273 (4), 288 (10), 289 (2), 311 (11), 350 (1), 369 (4); Atmakur 235 (20), 255 (30), 288 (3), 289 (5), 311 (40), 350 (3), 369 (6), 393 (8); Madigubba 289 (6), 350 (5), 369 (1), 393 (2); Talupuru 207 (1); Gotukuru 350 (2); Kodimi 235 (20), 255 (1), 289 (5), 350 (8), 369 (2); Somanadoddi 235 (3), 350 (2), 369 (1); Govindapalle 235 (2); Janthaluru 230 (5), 369 (2); Chedulia 230 (2), 310 (5); Chakrayapeta 289 (1); Peravali 289 (1), 311 (3), 350 (3), 369 (4); Venkatampalle 212 (6), 235 (17), 289 (2), 310 (20), 350 (4), 369 (3), 393 (2); Chamaluru 235 (59), 289 (1), 311 (4), 369 (2); Narpala 235 (120), 288 (15), 311 (20), 350 (10); Chennampalle 289 (2), 350 (1); Korrapadu 311 (15), 350 (3), 369 (2); Bodiganidoddi 235 (3), 350 (10); Chennarayanaipalle 288 (9); Reddipalle 235 (50), 289 (3), 311 (16), 350 (2), 369 (3); Bukkarayasamudram 235 (8), 289 (9), 311 (10), 350 (8), 369 (3); Alamuru 369 (1); Kamarupalle 230 (10), 350 (3); Brahmana Yaleru 235 (2), 255 (10), 311 (4); Sanapa 207 (2), 255 (30), 289 (2), 311 (12), 350 (4), 369 (2); Goridindia 289 (1), 311 (20), 350 (1), 369 (3), 393 (1); Palacherla 289 (2), 310 (20), 350 (6), 393 (1); Gandaparathi 289 (1), 310 (8), 350 (2), 369 (1), 393 (1); Katiganikalva 273 (1); Rapthadu 235 (5), 255 (15), 288 (2), 311 (15), 350 (12); Bommeparthi 273 (2); Gondireddipalle 273 (5), 350 (3), 369 (1), 393 (2); Yerragunta 289 (3), 369 (1); Bandameedapalle 255 (5), 289 (2), 311 (18), 369 (3); Marur 350 (3), 369 (6); Kandukur 235 (2), 255 (10), 289 (1), 311 (30), 350 (1), 369 (4), 393 (2); Jangalapalle 289 (2); Itikalapalle 235 (2); Siddarampuram 235 (1), 288 (6), 289 (1), 350 (2), 369 (1); K. K. Agraharam 235 (50), 311 (10), 393 (2); Bondalavada 289 (1), 369 (1); Duggummarri 311 (4), 369 (1), 393 (1); Gugudu 235 (12), 273 (4), 350 (1), 393 (3); Havile Sodanapalle 311 (16), 350 (1); Pappuru 235 (13), 289 (1), 311 (14), 350 (11); Bandlapalle 235 (2), 289 (5), 311 (20), 369 (2), 393 (2); Siddarascherla 350 (4); Mannila 235 (1), 238 (4), 255 (5), 288 (2), 350 (1)

Urban :

Anantapur 200 (26), 205 (2), 207 (7), 209 (8), 214 (6), 216 (2), 218 (5), 235 (12), 273 (31), 280 (4), 282 (1), 288 (3), 289 (6), 302 (9), 303 (2), 310 (1), 311 (4), 320 (2), 350 (4), 365 (5), 366 (2), 369 (12), 378 (4), 379 (2), 384 (9), 388 (12), 393 (28), 394 (2), 399 (8)

2 KALYANDRUG TALUK

Total : 200 (2), 207 (6), 214 (2), 235 (71), 244 (31), 255 (907), 273 (10), 288 (60), 239 (51), 311 (195), 350 (78), 369 (96), 392 (1), 393 (32)

Rural : 207 (6), 235 (70), 244 (31), 255 (907), 273 (9), 288 (60), 289 (50), 311 (195), 350 (78), 369 (94), 393 (32)

Urban : 200 (2), 214 (2), 235 (1), 273 (1), 289 (1), 369 (2), 392 (1)

Rural :

Srirangapuram 289 (5), 369 (2); Narinjagundiapalle 273 (1); Narasapuram 289 (3), 311 (1), 369 (2); Beluguppa 207 (6), 255 (180), 288 (15), 311 (40), 350 (2); Avulenna 273 (1); Yerragudi 235 (18), 255 (13), 289 (3), 350 (7), 369 (2), 393 (1); Ankampalle 289 (3),

SUB-TABLE 10 TO VILLAGE & TOWN DIRECTORY—*contd.*

INDUSTRIAL ESTABLISHMENTS

2 KALYANDRUG TALUK—*concl'd.*

369 (2), 393 (1); Duddekunta 255 (6), 311 (20), 369 (2); Kalvapalle 235 (14); Manirevu 255 (4); Thimmasamudram 255 (25); Muddinayanapalle 288 (1), 289 (1), 350 (2), 369 (1); East Kodipalle 235 (15), 244 (6), 255 (8), 288 (3), 289 (8), 311 (4), 350 (5), 369 (8); Golla 273 (4), 350 (1), 369 (2); Gangavaram 255 (3), 288 (5); Seeripi 288 (12), 350 (3); Mudigal 289 (1), 369 (2); Chapiri 393 (1); Hulikal 255 (8), 289 (2), 311 (32), 369 (1), 393 (2); Pillalapalle 369 (13); Theetakal 289 (2), 311 (5), 350 (1); Kannepalle 244 (25), 311 (7), 350 (1); Bhyrasamudram 255 (90); Vepalaparthi 255 (100), 289 (3), 311 (4), 350 (4); Gundiganihalli 255 (35); Bhyravanithippa 255 (180); West Kodipalle 289 (1), 369 (3), 393 (1); Eradikera 350 (2); Santi Kondapuram 255 (10), 350 (1), 369 (3), 393 (1); Yatakal 288 (8), 289 (6), 311 (22), 350 (2), 369 (3); Ayyagarlapalle 350 (1), 369 (1); Chintarlapalle 235 (2), 255 (6), 393 (1); Mulakaledu 255 (20), 311 (10); Malayanur 289 (1), 350 (2), 369 (1), 393 (1); Nizavalle 289 (1); Jambugumpala 235 (10), 311 (4), 350 (3), 369 (9), 393 (2); Bestharapalle 235 (1), 350 (2), 369 (4), 393 (1); Kumdurpi 255 (100), 311 (20); Basapuram 255 (1), 350 (1), 369 (1), 393 (3); Aptilepalle 273 (1), 350 (3), 369 (2), 393 (1); Kariganipalle 255 (45), 350 (2), 369 (2), 393 (2); Thimmapuram 235 (10), 255 (44), 311 (12), 350 (2), 369 (2); Mulakanur 288 (4), 311 (8), 369 (1); Enumala Doddi 273 (2), 289 (1), 369 (3); Lakshmampalle 288 (10), 350 (2), 369 (3), 393 (1); Khyrevu 350 (4), 369 (2), 393 (3); Garudapuram 255 (7); Kurabarahalli 289 (2), 350 (1), 369 (1); Bedrahalli 235 (2), 393 (1); Palavoy 369 (2); Duradakunta 255 (4), 289 (2), 369 (1), 393 (1); Pallur 255 (2), 289 (1), 350 (1), 369 (3), 393 (1); Rampuram 255 (12), 289 (3), 350 (3); Nuthimadugu 350 (6), 369 (1), 393 (2); Karthanaparthi 350 (2), 369 (1); Gulyam 288 (2); Ralla Anantapuram 350 (2), 369 (2), 393 (2); Rallapalle 350 (1); Kambadur 350 (7), 369 (6), 393 (3); Chennampalle 255 (2), 289 (1), 311 (6); Kurakulapalle 350 (2)

Urban:

Kalyandrug 200 (2), 214 (2), 235 (1), 273 (1), 289 (1), 369 (2), 392 (1)

3 RAYADRUG TALUK

Total: 200 (16), 205 (1), 207 (6), 209 (4), 214 (3), 231 (8), 232 (1), 235 (360), 255 (63), 260 (9), 265 (2), 273 (28), 280 (2), 288 (37), 289 (51), 302 (2), 303 (1), 310 (10), 311 (117), 342 (10), 350 (80), 368 (1), 369 (31), 393 (39)

Rural: 200 (2), 207 (1), 231 (8), 235 (282), 255 (63), 273 (22), 288 (34), 289 (47), 310 (10), 311 (114), 342 (10), 350 (74), 369 (29), 393 (28)

Urban: 200 (14), 205 (1), 207 (5), 209 (4), 214 (3), 232 (1), 235 (78), 260 (9), 265 (2), 273 (6), 280 (2), 288 (3), 289 (4), 302 (2), 303 (1), 311 (3), 350 (6), 368 (1), 369 (2), 393 (11)

Rural:

Obulapuram 231 (1); Dandinahirehal 288 (12); Pulakurthi 288 (3), 289 (2), 311 (10); Unthakal 231 (1), 235 (90), 350 (4); Bommanahal 231 (1), 289 (3), 350 (1); Kuravalli 289 (1), 350 (2); Boilnaguddam 350 (2), 393 (1); Banduru 289 (1), 393 (1); Govindavada 289 (1), 350 (1), 369 (3), 393 (2); Honnur 288 (1), 311 (20); Bennikal 288 (1), 369 (1); Singanahalli 273 (1); Sridharaghatta 288 (2), 289 (3), 311 (1); Uddihal 369 (1); Somalapuram 200 (1); Kudlur 289 (2), 350 (6), 369 (2); Hulikal 288 (1), 289 (5), 350 (3); Muradi 369 (1); Genigera 350 (5); Yerragunta 350 (8), 369 (4); Bidurukontham 289 (1), 311 (1), 393 (2); Garudachedu 273 (2), 393 (1); Thumbiganur 288 (1), 350 (1); N. Hanumapuram 273 (1), 393 (1); Sollapuram 231 (1), 289 (2), 369 (1), 393 (5); Rekatta 207 (1), 273 (7), 350 (1), 369 (1); Myruramhalli 369 (1); Peddakowkunta 289 (2), 350 (2); Ramapuram 273 (7), 289 (1), 310 (6), 350 (3), 393 (4); Hanakanahal 255 (1); Kalekurthi 255 (12), 350 (2), 369 (1); Kanekal 235 (100), 288 (5), 289 (1), 311 (30), 350 (8), 369 (1); Hulikera 231 (1), 235 (1), 311 (4), 350 (3), 393 (1); Gramadatla 350 (1); Bondanakal 350 (1), 369 (1); Chadam 289 (2), 311 (10), 369 (2), 393 (1); Mechiri 235 (1), 289 (1), 350 (1); Darga Kondapuram 200 (1); Avuladatla 342 (10); Nagireddipalle 273 (1), 369 (1); Veparalla 273 (3), 289 (1), 310 (4), 369 (1), 393 (6); Junjurampalle 350 (5), 369 (1); Bhupasamudram 255 (15), 288 (8), 289 (8), 350 (3); Hosahalli 255 (7), 350 (3); Belodu 289 (3), 369 (2); Baginayakanahalli 255 (18), 350 (2); Gollapalle 350 (2); Galagala 255 (10), 311 (6); Rangasamudram 369 (1); Pulakunta 311 (12); Gummaghatta 235 (90), 289 (4), 311 (10), 350 (3); Thallakera 231 (3), 289 (3), 311 (10), 350 (1), 369 (3), 393 (3)

Urban:

Rayadrug 200 (14), 205 (1), 207 (5), 209 (4), 214 (3), 232 (1), 235 (78), 260 (9), 265 (2), 273 (6), 280 (2), 288 (3), 289 (4), 302 (2), 303 (1), 311 (3), 350 (6), 368 (1), 369 (2), 393 (11)

4 URAVAKONDA INDEPENDENT SUB-TALUK

Total: 200 (13), 207 (6), 209 (2), 214 (1), 218 (3), 230 (12), 231 (28), 235 (118), 237 (1), 255 (20), 265 (2), 273 (12), 280 (2), 288 (85), 289 (43), 302 (2), 310 (3), 311 (59), 336 (1), 342 (8), 350 (42), 365 (1), 369 (45), 388 (4), 392 (1), 393 (22), 399 (2)

Rural: 200 (7), 207 (4), 214 (1), 230 (8), 231 (28), 235 (75), 255 (20), 273 (6), 288 (83), 289 (40), 310 (2), 311 (57), 342 (8), 350 (39), 369 (39), 388 (1), 393 (8)

Urban: 200 (6), 207 (2), 209 (2), 218 (3), 230 (4), 235 (43), 237 (1), 265 (2), 273 (6), 280 (2), 288 (2), 289 (3), 302 (2), 310 (1), 311 (2), 336 (1), 350 (3), 365 (1), 369 (6), 388 (3), 392 (1), 393 (14), 399 (2)

Rural:

Donekal 393 (1); Kadarabenchil 288 (2), 289 (1), 350 (1); Gadekal 200 (1), 273 (3); Poliki 311 (20), 350 (3), 369 (2); Chahala 207 (1), 230 (1), 273 (1); Velpumadugu 230 (2), 235 (25), 289 (3), 369 (1); Malapuram 350 (3); Vidupanakal 200 (2), 289 (8); Karakamukkala 289 (4), 350 (2), 369 (4); Palthuru 273 (1), 369 (3); Cheekalagurki 289 (1), 369 (7), 393 (1); Budagavi 235 (6), 311 (15), 342 (8), 350 (1); Undabanda 288 (8); Nerimetla 235 (1), 255 (20); Renimakulapalle 288 (7), 350 (6); Mopidi 235 (4), 289 (2), 369 (2); Amidala 230 (1), 235 (19), 288 (30), 289 (9), 350 (6), 369 (5), 393 (3); Chinnamustur 200 (1); Lathavaram 289 (1); P. C. Pyapili 231 (28), 288 (24), 289 (2), 311 (10), 350 (2); Shaiksanipalle 288 (1), 350 (1); Katrimala 235 (3), 350 (3),

SUB-TABLE 10 TO VILLAGE & TOWN DIRECTORY—*contd.*

INDUSTRIAL ESTABLISHMENTS

4 URAVAKONDA INDEPENDENT SUB-TALUK—*concl'd.*

369 (2); Pandikunta 288 (2), 289 (4), 311 (3), 369 (2), 393 (1); Venkatampalle 369 (2); Kadamalakunta 350 (1); Ragulapadu 230 (1), 235 (12), 288 (6), 289 (1), 350 (4), 369 (1); Ganjikunta 288 (2), 350 (2); Vajrakarur 207 (2), 214 (1), 311 (1), 369 (1), 388 (1); Kamalapadu 230 (1), 289 (4), 369 (4), 393 (1); Gulapalyam 235 (5), 288 (1), 311 (8), 350 (4), 369 (2), 393 (1); Chayapuram 200 (3), 207 (1), 230 (2), 273 (1), 310 (2), 369 (1)

Urban :

Urvakonda 200 (6), 207 (2), 209 (2), 218 (3), 230 (4), 235 (43), 237 (1), 265 (2), 273 (6), 280 (2), 288 (2), 289 (3), 302 (2), 310 (1), 311 (2), 336 (1), 350 (3), 365 (1), 369 (6), 388 (3), 392 (1), 393 (14), 399 (2)

5 GOOTY TALUK

Total : 200 (18), 205 (2), 207 (17), 209 (6), 214 (10), 216 (2), 218 (7), 220 (1), 230 (14), 232 (1), 235 (155), 273 (46), 280 (7), 281 (2), 288 (75), 289 (96), 302 (13), 310 (3), 311 (106), 341 (1), 350 (79), 369 (67), 378 (4), 379 (1), 380 (1), 384 (4), 388 (14), 392 (5), 393 (38), 399 (4)

Rural : 207 (4), 235 (155), 273 (13), 288 (70), 289 (87), 311 (97), 350 (79), 369 (54), 393 (13)

Urban : 200 (18), 205 (2), 207 (13), 209 (6), 214 (10), 216 (2), 218 (7), 220 (1), 230 (14), 232 (1), 273 (33), 280 (7), 281 (2), 288 (5), 289 (9), 302 (13), 310 (3), 311 (9), 341 (1), 369 (13), 378 (4), 379 (1), 380 (1), 384 (4), 388 (14), 392 (5), 393 (25), 399 (4)

Rural :

Kasapuram 289 (4), 311 (10), 350 (2), 369 (4); Sangala 350 (2); Dosaludiki 288 (6), 289 (2), 311 (2), 369 (1), 393 (1); Gundala 288 (1); Pathakothacheruvu 289 (4), 350 (5); Nakkadoddi 288 (2), 289 (1), 311 (2), 369 (1); Thimmapuram 288 (1), 289 (1), 350 (3); Nelagonda 289 (3), 350 (1), 369 (3); Nagasamudram 288 (3), 289 (4), 350 (4), 393 (2); Erragudi 288 (11); Peddadoddi 289 (1); Dancherla 289 (1); Yerrathimmarajacheruvu 369 (1); Konganapalle 288 (1), 289 (3), 311 (2), 350 (3); Sankarabanda 289 (2), 311 (3), 369 (2); Obulapuram 273 (1), 288 (2), 289 (1); Basinepalle 273 (1), 369 (2); Khojjeppalle 288 (4), 289 (8), 311 (12), 369 (10); Chetnepalle 288 (7); Bethapalle 289 (10), 350 (8); Utakallu 273 (1), 289 (1); Ubicherla 273 (1), 289 (1), 350 (2), 369 (2); Karadikonda 235 (6), 289 (2), 369 (1); Dharmapuram 289 (1); Kothapeta 273 (2); Engilibanda 288 (3), 289 (3), 369 (3); Thondapadu 207 (1), 289 (1), 369 (1), 393 (1); Jakkalacheruvu 207 (1), 235 (3), 288 (16), 289 (2), 311 (7), 350 (4), 369 (2), 393 (3); Appecherla 273 (1); Kristipadu 235 (50); Konapuram 289 (1), 369 (1); Ravaludiki 289 (1), 311 (12), 369 (5); Chintalacheruvu 288 (3), 289 (3), 311 (3), 350 (4), 369 (1); Teliki 288 (2), 369 (1), 393 (2); Medimakulapalle 289 (2); Muppallaguthi 235 (6), 289 (2); Mallenipalle 235 (6), 273 (2), 289 (2), 311 (1), 350 (3), 369 (1); Avulampalle 235 (6), 288 (2), 369 (1); Virupapuram 235 (15), 289 (3), 350 (2); Gooty Anantapuram 289 (4), 350 (1), 369 (2); Thurakapalle 235 (10), 350 (10); Mamudur 235 (4), 350 (3); Ayyavaripalle 273 (1), 369 (1); Khadarpet 235 (15), 289 (4), 350 (1), 369 (1); Anumpalle 235 (1); Palyam 350 (1), 369 (1); Appajipeta 311 (6), 350 (5); Kandlapalle 235 (1), 350 (1), 369 (1); Eddulapalle 235 (6), 288 (4), 289 (3), 350 (2), 369 (2), 393 (1); Sorakayalapeta 288 (1); Kalapuram 235 (25); Edurur 289 (2), 369 (2); Peddavavaduguru 207 (1), 289 (1), 369 (1), 393 (1); Miduthuru 273 (2), 289 (1); Gajarampalle 273 (1), 289 (1), 311 (10), 393 (2); Konduru 288 (1), 311 (6); Dhimmagudi 235 (1), 289 (1), 311 (3), 350 (1); Chinnavaduguru 207 (1); Kandlaguduru 311 (18), 350 (6); Chittoor 350 (5)

Urban :

Gooty 200 (5), 207 (4), 209 (2), 218 (2), 220 (1), 273 (14), 288 (3), 369 (5), 388 (7), 392 (1), 393 (11), 399 (2); Pamidi 200 (2), 207 (1), 230 (3), 273 (2), 388 (2), 392 (1), 393 (2); Guntakal 200 (11), 205 (2), 207 (8), 209 (4), 214 (10), 216 (2), 218 (5), 230 (11), 232 (1), 273 (17), 280 (7), 281 (2), 288 (2), 289 (9), 302 (13), 310 (3), 311 (9), 341 (1), 369 (8), 378 (4), 379 (1), 380 (1), 384 (4), 388 (5), 392 (3), 393 (12), 399 (2)

6 TADPATRI TALUK

Total : 200 (10), 205 (3), 207 (15), 209 (9), 214 (3), 216 (2), 218 (4), 220 (48), 230 (8), 231 (436), 233 (16), 235 (1,472), 237 (1), 244 (1), 273 (59), 280 (3), 288 (81), 289 (117), 302 (2), 310 (85), 311 (256), 342 (15), 350 (202), 369 (85), 375 (1), 378 (3), 384 (8), 388 (13), 392 (1), 393 (71), 394 (1), 395 (1), 399 (18)

Rural : 200 (1), 207 (8), 209 (1), 220 (22), 230 (3), 231 (424), 235 (1,074), 244 (1), 273 (20), 288 (71), 289 (103), 310 (84), 311 (252), 342 (15), 350 (171), 369 (64), 375 (1), 393 (41)

Urban : 200 (9), 205 (3), 207 (7), 209 (8), 214 (3), 216 (2), 218 (4), 220 (26), 230 (5), 231 (12), 233 (16), 235 (398), 237 (1), 273 (39), 280 (3), 288 (10), 289 (14), 302 (2), 310 (1), 311 (4), 350 (31), 369 (21), 378 (3), 384 (8), 388 (13), 392 (1), 393 (30), 394 (1), 395 (1), 399 (18)

Rural :

Chandana 342 (15); Rayalacheruvu 209 (1), 273 (3), 289 (1), 350 (1), 375 (1), 393 (3); Thuttrallapalle 235 (1), 289 (2), 311 (6), 350 (8), 369 (1); Vemulapadu 273 (3), 289 (2), 311 (3); Nagaruru 273 (3), 289 (2); Chinnayakkaluru 289 (2), 311 (20), 369 (3); Peddayakkaluru 220 (22), 231 (35), 235 (82), 289 (2), 350 (11), 369 (2); Garladinne 235 (10), 369 (1); Pasalur 231 (1), 235 (11), 288 (2), 289 (2), 311 (5), 369 (2), 393 (2); Attiralladinne 231 (42); Pendekallu 235 (13), 311 (1); Kummetha 369 (1); Dharmapuram 231 (50), 235 (6), 289 (3); Peddapappuru 235 (400); Chagallu 231 (30), 235 (4), 311 (20), 350 (2), 393 (1); Tabjula 235 (23), 289 (2), 369 (1); Muchukota 231 (66), 288 (1), 310 (1), 311 (8), 350 (6), 369 (2), 393 (1); Ammalladinne 230 (1), 235 (30), 311 (10), 369 (3), 393 (1); Arakatavemula 235 (2), 288 (2), 289 (2), 310 (5); Surepalle 235 (6), 289 (3), 311 (8), 350 (2); Kadavakallu 231 (70), 235 (8), 289 (2), 350 (3), 369 (1); Dosaledu 231 (9), 235 (3), 289 (4), 311 (3), 369 (3); Cherlopalle 231 (1), 235 (4); Kumanamala 350 (6); Madugupalle 288 (8), 289 (2), 393 (2); Yellutla 350 (2), 369 (1), 393 (1); Kunukuntla 289 (4), 350 (7), 393 (2); Daditota 288 (1), 289 (2), 369 (2), 393 (2); Goddumari 235 (10), 288 (2), 289 (1), 350 (2), 393 (1); Singavaram 235 (4), 289 (1), 350 (4), 369 (1), 393 (5); Chintakayamanda 200 (1), 288 (10), 350 (4); Aravedu 235 (2), 289 (1), 310 (3); Bukkapuram 289 (2), 350 (1), 369 (1); Boppepalle 235 (4), 288 (1), 289 (2), 369 (1); Chilamakuru 350 (2), 393 (1); Chintalapalle 235 (13), 311 (1); Komatikuntla 235 (6), 289 (1);

SUB-TABLE 10 TO VILLAGE & TOWN DIRECTORY—*contd.*

INDUSTRIAL ESTABLISHMENTS

6 TADPATRI TALUK—*concl.*

Putluru 231 (68), 235 (30), 244 (1), 289 (2), 311 (20), 350 (20), 369 (2); Gandlapadu 235 (13), 350 (2); Diguvapalle 231 (22), 289 (4), 369 (2); Thippareddipalle 289 (4); Nandalapadu 310 (3), 311 (2); Chinnapolamada 207 (2), 235 (20); Kandikapula 311 (2); Chintakunta 235 (6); Peddapolamada 235 (49), 289 (8), 350 (2); Komali 273 (1), 350 (3); Juturu 207 (4), 235 (2), 288 (20), 289 (2), 350 (10), 369 (4), 393 (2); Narasapuram 235 (11), 273 (1), 289 (3), 311 (5), 350 (10), 369 (1); Konauppalapadu 235 (1), 289 (2), 310 (3), 393 (1); Kamalapadu 350 (3); Kundanikota 235 (2); Gudipadu 310 (10); Nitturu 235 (21), 289 (2), 310 (30), 350 (7), 369 (1), 393 (1); Venkatampalle 235 (3); Brahmanapalle 235 (7), 288 (1), 289 (1), 311 (5), 369 (2); Iguduru 235 (15), 350 (1); Gangadevipalle 231 (1), 235 (13), 273 (4), 311 (5), 350 (4), 393 (2); Puliprodaturu 231 (18); Chukkaluru 289 (2), 350 (1); Kaverisamudram 235 (6), 311 (25); Sajjaladinne 311 (1); Tataricheruvu 288 (17), 289 (1), 311 (22), 369 (1); Uruchintala 235 (7); Velamakura 235 (10), 289 (1), 310 (16), 311 (14), 350 (12), 369 (1); Alur 273 (1), 289 (1), 350 (9), 369 (1); Hussainpuram 235 (1); Challavaripalle 235 (2), 289 (1), 369 (2); Jambulapadu 235 (5); Veerapuram 235 (3), 289 (1), 311 (8), 369 (2); Bodaipalle 235 (1); Vanganuru 207 (1), 230 (2), 273 (4), 289 (1), 311 (4), 350 (4), 369 (1), 393 (2); Bondaladinne 231 (11), 369 (1); Senegalaguduru 235 (4), 311 (15), 350 (3), 369 (5); Vemulapalle 235 (17); Medikurthi 235 (30), 369 (1); Peddamallepalle 235 (29), 289 (13); Thirumalapuram 235 (2), 311 (2), 369 (1), 393 (1); Yellanuru 235 (19), 288 (5), 289 (2), 311 (35), 350 (12), 369 (4), 393 (6); Kodumurthi 311 (2), 350 (3), 369 (2); Mallagundla 310 (3); Kalluru 288 (1), 289 (2), 350 (4), 369 (2); Vennapusapalle 207 (1), 235 (3), 393 (1), Pathapalle 289 (2), 310 (10), 393 (3); Kacharlakunta 289 (2), 369 (2)

Urban :

Tadpatri 200 (6), 205 (3), 207 (4), 209 (6), 214 (2), 216 (2), 218 (4), 220 (26), 230 (5), 231 (12), 233 (16), 235 (337), 237 (1), 273 (31), 280 (3), 288 (10), 289 (10), 302 (2), 310 (1), 311 (3), 350 (27), 369 (17), 378 (3), 384 (8), 388 (10), 392 (1), 393 (26), 394 (1), 395 (1), 399 (18); Yadiki 200 (3), 207 (3), 209 (2), 214 (1), 235 (61), 273 (8), 289 (4), 311 (1), 350 (4), 369 (4), 388 (3), 393 (4)

7 DHARMAVARAM TALUK

Total : 200 (7), 207 (3), 209 (6), 214 (4), 218 (1), 220 (1), 231 (5), 233 (1), 235 (138), 255 (43), 260 (3), 264 (29), 273 (16), 280 (1), 281 (2), 288 (50), 289 (20), 302 (1), 310 (15), 311 (118), 350 (38), 369 (28), 388 (6), 393 (18)

Rural : 214 (1), 231 (5), 233 (1), 235 (130), 255 (43), 264 (19), 273 (11), 281 (2), 288 (48), 289 (16), 310 (15), 311 (117), 350 (35), 369 (25), 388 (2), 393 (13)

Urban : 200 (7), 207 (3), 209 (6), 214 (3), 218 (1), 220 (1), 235 (8), 260 (3), 264 (10), 273 (5), 280 (1), 288 (2), 289 (4), 302 (1), 311 (1), 350 (3), 369 (3), 388 (4), 393 (5)

Rural :

Togarakunta 235 (1); Maddulacheruvu 393 (1); Perur 273 (3), 311 (1), 388 (2); Motaruchintalapalle 369 (1), 393 (4); Nasanakota 273 (1); Kanaganipalle 235 (2), 264 (8), 273 (1), 350 (1), 369 (1), 393 (1); Ramagiri 393 (1); Mustikovila 235 (6), 255 (2), 311 (12); Polepalle 235 (8), 255 (15), 311 (20), 350 (1), 369 (4); Kuntimaddu 288 (20), 310 (15), 311 (10), 369 (6); Nyamaddala 214 (1), 233 (1), 235 (20), 273 (1), 369 (1), 393 (1); Chennakothapalle 235 (2), 369 (1); Poletipalle 235 (20), 255 (3), 311 (28); Nagasamudram 235 (5), 255 (1), 273 (4), 288 (1), 350 (8), 393 (1); Ganthimarri 350 (5), 369 (1); Kunuthuru 264 (5), 289 (1), 350 (2), 369 (1), 393 (1); Pyayadindi 235 (3); Kanumukkala 288 (1); Brahmanapalle 235 (7), 311 (15), 369 (2); Pothulanagepalle 235 (1); Dampetla 273 (1); Obulapuram 289 (1), 350 (1), 369 (2); Thummala 235 (1); Subbaraoapeta 350 (1); Chigicheria 235 (6), 288 (1), 289 (2), 369 (1); Raghavampalle 393 (1); Apparajucheruvu 235 (4), 264 (2), 281 (2), 350 (1), 369 (4); Maravapalle Agraharam 235 (9), 255 (4), 288 (2), 289 (2), 311 (18); Malyavantham 235 (15), 255 (16), 288 (2), 289 (4); Pinnadari 288 (20), 350 (3); Tadimarri 235 (5), 255 (2), 350 (10); Chinnachigullarevu 311 (1); Garisalapalle 393 (1); Chinnakotla 231 (5), 235 (1); Peddakotla 235 (14), 264 (4), 288 (1), 289 (6), 311 (12), 350 (2), 393 (1)

Urban :

Dharmavaram 200 (7), 207 (3), 209 (6), 214 (3), 218 (1), 220 (1), 235 (8), 260 (3), 264 (10), 273 (5), 280 (1), 288 (2), 289 (4), 302 (1), 311 (1), 350 (3), 369 (3), 388 (4), 393 (5).

8 KADIRI TALUK

Total : 200 (28), 207 (36), 209 (5), 212 (31), 214 (5), 218 (2), 220 (14), 222 (3), 235 (110), 239 (6), 244 (26), 255 (1), 273 (180), 288 (272), 289 (114), 302 (4), 310 (45), 311 (303), 313 (12), 320 (1), 337 (1), 350 (210), 367 (5), 369 (98), 384 (2), 388 (4), 392 (1), 393 (111)

Rural : 200 (18), 207 (31), 212 (31), 214 (2), 235 (110), 239 (6), 244 (26), 273 (154), 288 (269), 289 (108), 310 (45), 311 (301), 313 (12), 350 (197), 369 (93), 393 (86)

Urban : 200 (10), 207 (5), 209 (5), 214 (3), 218 (2), 220 (14), 222 (3), 255 (1), 273 (26), 288 (3), 289 (6), 302 (4), 311 (2), 320 (1), 337 (1), 350 (13), 367 (5), 369 (5), 384 (2), 388 (4), 392 (1), 393 (25)

Rural :

Budanampalle 273 (4), 288 (4), 350 (3), 369 (1), 393 (1); Kodavandlapalle 235 (25); Marthad 235 (4), 288 (1), 289 (1), 311 (10), 350 (7), 369 (1); Sankepalle Brahmanapalle 273 (2), 350 (1), 369 (1); Bandiapalle 235 (5), 239 (1), 289 (1), 311 (2), 313 (2), 393 (2); Gandlavandlapalle 273 (1), 369 (1); Sankepalle 311 (10); Mukthapuram 273 (1), 288 (1), 311 (1), 393 (1); Jonnalakothapalle 273 (1), 350 (3); Gunjapalle 200 (1), 207 (3), 235 (2), 239 (4), 273 (3), 288 (2); Dorigal 289 (2), 350 (3), 369 (4); Thimmanayanipalyam 288 (2), 289 (2), 310 (2); Mallepalle 289 (2), 350 (3), 369 (2); Thappetivaripalle 235 (1), 244 (5), 289 (2), 350 (1), 369 (1); Kondagattupalle 288 (2), 289 (4), 310 (1); Devaragudipalle 273 (1); Sanevaripalle 273 (1), 289 (2), 369 (2); Malakavemula 273 (2), 350 (1), 369 (1); Vellamaddi 311 (6), 350 (1); Patnam 200 (1), 288 (18); Lakkasamudram 350 (2), 369 (1); Odulapalle 369 (1); Kurli 288 (4), 289 (3), 311 (23), 350 (1); Udumalakurthi 273 (3), 350 (3), 393 (1); Talupula 200 (1), 212 (3), 288 (3), 289 (5), 350 (12),

SUB-TABLE 10 TO VILLAGE & TOWN DIRECTORY-*contd.*

INDUSTRIAL ESTABLISHMENTS

8 KADIRI TALUK-*concl.*

369 (2), 393 (2); Bandlapalle 235 (15), 289 (1), 311 (3), 393 (2); Nuthanakalva 311 (11), 350 (10), 393 (10); Obulareddipalle 235 (1), 239 (1), 288 (4), 289 (3), 310 (11), 350 (1), 369 (3); Puligundlapalle 289 (2), 310 (18), 350 (2); Vepamanipeta 235 (10), 273 (14), 288 (4), 289 (1), 310 (3), 311 (12), 350 (3), 369 (2); Peddannaivaripalle 288 (5), 289 (8), 311 (20), 350 (5); Gowkanapalle 311 (15), 350 (7); Velichalamala 289 (3), 311 (8), 350 (1), 393 (3); Vankamaddi 350 (3); Marrikommadinne 273 (1), 350 (2); Nambulipulikunta 273 (1), 289 (2), 350 (3), 369 (1), 393 (1); Pedaballikothapalle 273 (1), 350 (2); Pedaballi 273 (10), 350 (1), 369 (1), 393 (3); Dhaniyancheruvu 311 (20), 350 (5), 369 (2), 393 (2); Chamalagondi 288 (1), 311 (8), 350 (2); Kurumamidi 288 (5), 350 (2), 369 (3); 393 (3); Veparalla 273 (2); Jeenukunta 350 (1), 369 (2), 393 (1); Gandlapenta 288 (12), 289 (3); Godduvelagala 311 (1), 350 (1); 369 (1); Chalamakuntlapalle 207 (2), 273 (3), 289 (1), 311 (12), 369 (1); Pandulakunta 273 (1), 289 (1), 350 (1); Alampur 350 (1), Kadirikuntlapalle 207 (2), 273 (2), 311 (18), 369 (2); Kamatampalle 212 (3), 288 (1), 311 (1); Chamachenubylu 273 (1), 311 (2), Somayajulapalle 207 (1), 235 (4), 273 (3), 288 (23), 350 (2), 393 (2); Malameedapalle 273 (6), 288 (1), 311 (8), 350 (3), 369 (3), 393 (3); Mekalacheruvu 235 (1), 350 (1), 393 (1); Gutibylu 393 (1); Yedurudona 235 (1), 350 (1), 393 (1); Korthikota 288 (3); Kokkanti 207 (1), 214 (1), 235 (1), 273 (9), 350 (2), 369 (8), 393 (2); Tsadum 273 (2), 350 (2), 369 (1); Balasamudram 311 (10); Tanakal 200 (3), 207 (5), 214 (1), 273 (1), 288 (2), 289 (3), 311 (1), 369 (3), 393 (3); Ethodu 289 (2), 311 (20), 313 (10), 350 (3), 369 (2), 393 (5); Chinnaramannagaripalle 235 (13), 310 (6), 350 (2), 369 (2), 393 (3); Talamariavandlapalle 288 (44); Oruvoy 288 (20); Nallacheruvu 200 (2), 207 (1), 288 (15), 289 (6), 350 (1), 393 (3); Jogannappa 273 (6), 289 (1), 350 (5), 393 (3); Mulakalapalle 273 (1), 311 (1), 393 (1); Maddimadugu 311 (3), 393 (2); Kadiripulikunta 288 (9), 289 (2), 311 (3), 350 (1), 369 (1); Ubicheria 273 (8), 289 (3), 311 (3), 350 (1), 393 (2); Tavalamarri 235 (2), 273 (2), 311 (2), 350 (2), 369 (1); Kadiribrahmanapalle 273 (2), 288 (1), 311 (1), 350 (2); Panthulacheruvu 288 (5), 311 (2), 350 (6), 369 (1); Allugundu 288 (20), 289 (2); Mothukupalle 289 (3), 350 (5); Bathulapalle 311 (1); Pulagampalle 244 (7), 289 (2); Inagalur 273 (2), 311 (8), 350 (1); Donnikota 207 (4), 244 (12), 350 (5); Muthyala cheruvu 288 (1); Kondamanayanipalyam 288 (4), 289 (2), 311 (6); Kalasamudram 235 (1), 273 (4), 289 (4), 311 (10), 350 (2), 369 (2), 393 (2); Chippalamadugu 289 (2), 311 (1), 393 (1); Charupalle 273 (2), 289 (1), 311 (1), 350 (1), 369 (1), 393 (2); Reddipalle 273 (4), 288 (3), 289 (4), 350 (5), 369 (1), 393 (4); Vankarakunta 235 (5), 288 (10), 350 (6); Nallamada 200 (3), 212 (25), 288 (1), 289 (1), 350 (4), 369 (1), 393 (3); Gopipalle 235 (1), 288 (15), 289 (4), 310 (4), 311 (5); Chowikuntlapalle 273 (1), 289 (1); Kurumala 207 (1), 273 (1), 289 (4), 350 (3); Kondakamarla 200 (1), 244 (2), 288 (3), 289 (4), 350 (3); Daburuvipalle 288 (6), 289 (2), 369 (1); Allapalle 350 (4); Thangedukunta 207 (2), 350 (2); Sunnampalle 273 (5), 369 (1); Obuladevaracheruvu 350 (2); Jowkalakothapalle 288 (4), 350 (5); Thummalakuntlapalle 273 (1), 350 (2), 369 (3), 393 (1); Veerobanapalle 273 (1), 369 (1); Thummaia 273 (3), 311 (1), 350 (3), 369 (1), 393 (1); Mohammadabad 200 (2), 235 (12), 350 (1); Kassamudram 200 (1), 273 (1), 369 (1); Amadaguru 200 (1), 207 (1), 273 (18), 289 (2), 350 (5), 369 (3), 393 (3); Chinaganipalle 273 (4), 369 (3), 393 (1); Edigavaripalle 350 (1), 369 (1); Cheekirevulapalle 288 (4); Karimireddipalle 369 (2); Pulikuntlapalle 207 (2), 311 (4), 350 (1), 369 (3), 393 (1); Lokoipalle 273 (4); Kotapalle 207 (1), 273 (2), 350 (1), 369 (2), 393 (2); Danduvipalle 369 (1); Mallareddipalle 200 (1), 207 (1), 273 (1), 288 (2), 369 (2); Gurrambylu 288 (3); Tavalam 207 (1), 235 (6), 273 (4), 311 (9), 350 (2), 369 (3), 393 (1); Cheekatimanipalle 288 (1), 289 (2), 311 (15), 350 (2), 369 (2); Bonthalapalle 200 (1), 207 (3), 273 (1), 289 (2), 311 (3), 350 (3)

Urban:

Kadiri 200 (10), 207 (5), 209 (5), 214 (3), 218 (2), 220 (14), 222 (3), 255 (1), 273 (26), 288 (3), 289 (6), 302 (4), 311 (2), 320 (1), 337 (1), 350 (13), 367 (5), 369 (5), 384 (2), 388 (4), 392 (1), 393 (25)

9 PENUKONDA TALUK

Total: 200 (4), 207 (11), 209 (1), 220 (8), 231 (1), 235 (238), 244 (9), 255 (183), 264 (80), 273 (39), 281 (2), 288 (204), 289 (63), 302 (1), 310 (22), 311 (215), 313 (5), 350 (115), 365 (1), 369 (70), 384 (2), 388 (3), 392 (1), 393 (49), 399 (1)

Rural: 200 (1), 207 (9), 235 (235), 244 (9), 255 (183), 264 (80), 273 (31), 281 (2), 288 (202), 289 (60), 310 (22), 311 (215), 313 (5), 350 (115), 369 (68), 388 (1), 393 (44)

Urban: 200 (3), 207 (2), 209 (1), 220 (8), 231 (1), 235 (3), 273 (8), 288 (2), 289 (3), 302 (1), 365 (1), 369 (2), 384 (2), 388 (2), 392 (1), 393 (5), 399 (1)

Rural:

Mulakalacheruvu 255 (3), 273 (1), 350 (1), 369 (2), 393 (1); Naranagepalle 207 (2), 235 (2), 255 (3); Jakkalacheruvu 273 (1), 289 (1), 311 (10), 350 (3), 393 (3); Bucheria 350 (1); R. Locheria 393 (1); Roddam 235 (30), 273 (4), 311 (10), 313 (5), 369 (10); Reddipalle 393 (1); Dodaghatta, 235 (2), 255 (5), 288 (5), 311 (15); Cherukur 310 (10), 393 (2); Kalipi 289 (4), 311 (2); Peddamanthur 273 (3); Chinnamanthur 235 (2), 311 (2), 350 (2), 369 (1); Nallur 235 (1), 350 (2); Cholemarri 235 (3), 288 (7), 289 (2), 311 (8), 350 (1), 369 (1), 393 (2); Brahmasamudram 235 (4), 273 (1), 311 (7), 350 (2); Mandli 235 (2), 255 (4), 311 (2), 369 (3); Nagalur 273 (2), 393 (1); Mayavathur 235 (1), 393 (1); Sanipalle 235 (1), 255 (50), 288 (4), 350 (3); Turakalapattam 235 (5), 255 (12), 273 (4), 311 (2), 350 (4); Kogira 273 (1); Bokkasampalle 288 (3), 311 (1); Addakulapalle 288 (8), 311 (5), 350 (2), 369 (1); Challapalle 235 (2), 350 (1), 369 (1), 393 (4); Julukunta 235 (3), 289 (4), 369 (1), 393 (1); Nadimpalle 235 (12); Brahmanapalle 288 (4), 311 (4); Edulaballapuram 235 (1), 288 (1), 311 (3); Somandepalle 207 (2), 235 (5), 264 (64), 369 (2), 388 (1); Pandiparthi 393 (1); Gudipalle 289 (1); Gonipeta 235 (1), 288 (9), 310 (5), 311 (5), 350 (4), 393 (1); Erramanchi 255 (55), 311 (10); Duddebanda 235 (19), 369 (1), 393 (1); Guttur 200 (1), 235 (15), 255 (5), 273 (6), 350 (2), 369 (1), 393 (8); Munimadugu 255 (25), 350 (3), 369 (1); Cherlopalle 235 (4), 289 (3), 350 (2), 369 (1); Settippalle 235 (20), 288 (1), 311 (16), 350 (2); Nidimamidi 369 (3); Bandlapalle 289 (1), 350 (5), 369 (1); Marakuntapalle 235 (2), 255 (6), 310 (7); Talamaria 289 (1), 350 (5), 393 (1); Kodapaganipalle 311 (6), 350 (2); Thirumaladevarapalle 288 (5); K. Locheria 235 (2), 255 (2), 350 (2); Byrapuram 235 (8), 255 (3); 281 (2), 288 (6), 311 (9), 350 (2), 369 (4); Jagarajupalle 350 (3); Pedapalle 235 (20), 288 (63), 311 (20); Kappalabanda 288 (26), 350 (2); Beedupalle 235 (3), 289 (7), 311 (4), 350 (6); Yenumulapalle 235 (1), 289 (2), 311 (4), 350 (2); Puttaparthi 288 (6), 350 (2), 369 (2); Bukkapattam 235 (30), 288 (20), 289 (10), 311 (30), 350 (10), 369 (8), 393 (5); Kothacheruvu 273 (3), 350 (2), 393 (1); Lingareddipalle 207 (1), 289 (1), 311 (10), 350 (1); Kanisetippalle 235 (6), 288 (2), 289 (2), 311 (6), 393 (1); Narepalle 255 (6), 350 (3); Kesapuram 244 (2), 289 (3), 311 (6), 350 (1); Mylasamudram 235 (11), 255 (4), 264 (16); Kothapalle 244 (1), 288 (1); Siddarampuram 235 (5), 288 (7), 289 (3), 350 (6), 369 (12); Elakuntla 273 (3), 289 (2), 350 (5), 369 (2), 393 (2); Marala 235 (1), 393 (1); Pamudurthi 207 (3), 235 (1), 289 (3); Nakkalaguttapalle 244 (5); Agraharam 289 (1), 350 (6), 369 (1), 393 (1); Gunipalle 273 (2),

SUB-TABLE 10 TO VILLAGE & TOWN DIRECTORY—*contd.*

INDUSTRIAL ESTABLISHMENTS

9 PENUKONDA TALUK—*concl'd.*

289 (2), 350 (1), 369 (2), 393 (1); Kothakota 207 (1), 288 (8), 289 (2), 311 (16), 350 (1), 393 (3); Vengalammacheruvu 288 (16), 289 (4), 350 (12), 369 (6); Amagondapalem 244 (1), 289 (1), 311 (2), 350 (1); Satharlappalle 369 (1)

Urban :

Penukonda 200 (3), 207 (2), 209 (1), 220 (8), 231 (1), 235 (3), 273 (8), 288 (2), 289 (3), 302 (1), 365 (1), 369 (2), 384 (2), 388 (2), 392 (1), 393 (6), 399 (1)

10 HINDUPUR TALUK

Total : 200 (19), 202 (2), 205 (2), 207 (38), 209 (17), 214 (8), 216 (1), 218 (8), 220 (4), 226 (3), 235 (473), 244 (62), 255 (169), 260 (1), 264 (169), 273 (50), 280 (4), 281 (3), 288 (154), 289 (99), 302 (7), 310 (37), 311 (38), 320 (8), 336 (2), 342 (10), 350 (104), 367 (2), 369 (74), 378 (3), 384 (4), 388 (12), 392 (4), 393 (79), 394 (2), 399 (2)

Rural : 200 (8), 207 (25), 226 (2), 235 (467), 244 (62), 255 (169), 264 (164), 273 (25), 288 (151), 289 (93), 310 (37), 311 (34), 342 (10), 350 (100), 369 (52), 388 (1), 393 (43), 394 (2)

Urban : 200 (11), 202 (2), 205 (2), 207 (13), 209 (17), 214 (8), 216 (1), 218 (8), 220 (4), 226 (1), 235 (6), 260 (1), 264 (5), 273 (25), 280 (4), 281 (3), 288 (3), 289 (6), 302 (7), 311 (4), 320 (8), 336 (2), 350 (4), 367 (2), 369 (22), 378 (3), 384 (4), 388 (11), 392 (4), 393 (36), 399 (2)

Rural :

Beechiganipalle 255 (40); Utakur 235 (1), 255 (8), 288 (8), 310 (15); Yerragunta 350 (3); Vittapalle 235 (1), 273 (1); Sirekolam 235 (3), 255 (6), 288 (1); Parigi 273 (2), 369 (2), 388 (1), 393 (1); Moda 235 (4), 255 (22), 288 (1), 350 (3); Kodigenahalli 235 (7), 255 (20), 289 (5), 350 (1); Sasanakota 235 (13), 255 (10), 289 (3), 350 (4), 369 (1); Kotnur 235 (350), 264 (132); Santhebidanur 200 (2), 273 (1), 393 (1); Chowlur 200 (1), 393 (2); Thumukunta 235 (5); Gollapuram 393 (1); Kirikera 200 (1), 273 (4), 393 (1); Manesamudram 235 (3), 244 (10), 350 (3); Malugur 235 (20), 255 (10), 289 (11), 350 (3), 394 (2); Kallur 311 (8); Cholasamudram 289 (1); Kodihalli 235 (2), 255 (5), 289 (1), 350 (1); Manepalle 288 (5), 289 (4), 311 (8), 350 (4), 393 (4); Sirivaram 207 (14), 255 (18); Mydugolam 350 (15); Kanchisamudram 244 (45), 255 (5), 264 (31), 289 (12); Lepakshi 200 (1), 310 (10), 350 (5); Kondur 289 (2), 350 (5); Chalivendala 235 (7), 264 (1), 288 (31), 311 (3), 350 (5), 369 (5); Vadigepalle 235 (16); Demakethepalle 235 (24), 255 (12), 289 (6), 350 (10), 369 (5); Hussainpuram 226 (2), 350 (2); Veerapuram 289 (1), 369 (1), 393 (1); Chilamathur 200 (3), 255 (8), 288 (24), 289 (10), 310 (12), 350 (4), 369 (5), 393 (10); Kodur 207 (1), 244 (1), 289 (3), 350 (1), 369 (4), 393 (3); Settipalle 273 (2), 350 (1), 393 (2); Budili 235 (5), 255 (5), 288 (17), 350 (7), 393 (4); Devulachervu 288 (2), 289 (2), 311 (12), 350 (1), 393 (2); Palasamudram 235 (1), 244 (6), 289 (2), 350 (6), 369 (3), 393 (2); Naginayanichervu 342 (10), 369 (1); Mallapalle 289 (5), 369 (3), 393 (1); Mandalapalle 273 (1), 288 (1), Gorantla 207 (5), 235 (5), 288 (14), 289 (2), 350 (8), 369 (2); Kammavaripalle 289 (1), 393 (1); Gangampalle 350 (2), 393 (2); Vanavolu 207 (5), 288 (19), 350 (3), 369 (5); Jakkasamudram 288 (1), 289 (1), 369 (1); Gownivaripalle 273 (1); Chagaleru 288 (20), 350 (1); Somaghatta 288 (4), 289 (4), 350 (2), 369 (5), 393 (1); Muddireddipalle 311 (1), 393 (1); Morsalapalle 288 (2), 289 (1), 311 (2), 350 (1), 369 (2); Subbaraopeta 369 (2); Kodikonda 273 (13), 288 (1), 289 (15), 350 (2), 369 (5), 393 (3)

Urban :

Hindupur 200 (11), 202 (2), 205 (2), 207 (13), 209 (17), 214 (8), 216 (1), 218 (8), 220 (4), 226 (1), 235 (6), 260 (1), 264 (5), 273 (25), 280 (4), 281 (3), 288 (3), 289 (6), 302 (7), 311 (4), 320 (8), 336 (2), 350 (4), 367 (2), 369 (22), 378 (3), 384 (4), 388 (11), 392 (4), 399 (36), 399 (2)

11 MADAKASIRA TALUK

Total : 200 (13), 205 (1), 207 (46), 209 (3), 214 (3), 231 (6), 235 (163), 244 (6), 255 (456), 264 (3), 273 (56), 284 (3), 288 (43), 289 (153), 310 (123), 311 (134), 342 (6), 350 (119), 369 (99), 384 (1), 388 (6), 393 (44), 399 (3)

Rural : 200 (11), 207 (44), 231 (6), 235 (150), 244 (6), 255 (456), 264 (3), 273 (47), 284 (3), 288 (40), 289 (148), 310 (123), 311 (134), 342 (6), 350 (119), 369 (92), 393 (33)

Urban : 200 (2), 205 (1), 207 (2), 209 (3), 214 (3), 235 (13), 273 (9), 288 (3), 289 (5), 369 (7), 384 (1), 388 (6), 393 (11), 399 (3)

Rural :

Tamadehalli 369 (3), 393 (4); Amarapuram 200 (3), 255 (49), 310 (16), 350 (19), 393 (3); Halukur 255 (50); Nidragatta 235 (10), 255 (20), 310 (6); Hemavathi 207 (19), 231 (6), 288 (5), 310 (30), 350 (5); Sivaram 200 (1), 288 (4), 289 (2), 350 (2), 369 (4); Basavanahalli 207 (1), 235 (9), 289 (11), 310 (5), 350 (1), 369 (8); Karikera 207 (1), 273 (3), 289 (6), 311 (6), 350 (14), 369 (1); Kumbaranagenahalli 207 (2), 273 (5), 289 (6), 369 (4); Chigaturpi 207 (3), 235 (4), 273 (2), 288 (2), 289 (2), 310 (5), 369 (2); Morubagal 200 (2), 289 (7), 311 (11); Gunimorubagal 289 (2); Muthukur 255 (82), 289 (4), 350 (2), 369 (2); Gudibanda 200 (1), 207 (2), 235 (8), 255 (22), 289 (4), 350 (3), 369 (2); Mandalahalli 235 (31), 244 (6), 289 (8), 311 (7), 350 (1), 369 (3); Bommagondanahalli 235 (4), 255 (7), 273 (4), 289 (5), 311 (12), 350 (5), 369 (1); Ravudi 255 (40), 369 (1), 393 (5); Madhudi 200 (2), 255 (4), 289 (2), 311 (10), 350 (3), 369 (3); Byadigera 235 (12), 255 (31), 350 (1), 369 (4); Agali 200 (2), 273 (2), 393 (4); Kodihalli 235 (2), 255 (8), 288 (20), 289 (4), 350 (5); Kaki 235 (5), 289 (2), 311 (2), 350 (8), 369 (5); Dodderi 289 (4), 369 (2); Ratnagiri 284 (3), 289 (8), 369 (6), 393 (2); Roila 235 (4), 255 (2), 264 (3), 273 (10), 289 (5), 311 (3), 350 (15), 369 (7); Rayapuram 255 (1), 289 (9), 311 (23), 369 (1); Konkaliu 207 (3), 235 (1), 289 (15), 311 (38), 350 (2), 369 (2); Govindapuram 207 (5), 235 (5), 255 (10), 273 (6), 289 (7), 350 (7), 369 (2); Melavoy 235 (6), 288 (2), 289 (4), 311 (9), 350 (16), 393 (14); Kekathi 289 (1), 369 (1); Rallahalli 207 (2),

SUB-TABLE 10 TO VILLAGE & TOWN DIRECTORY—*contd.*

INDUSTRIAL ESTABLISHMENTS

11 MADAKASIRA TALUK—*concd.*

289 (6), 369 (2); Amidalagondi 207 (2), 255 (15), 289 (1), 311 (5), 350 (1), 369 (1); Chandakacherla 207 (2), 235 (20), 255 (30), 289 (1), 310 (24), 369 (1); Gowdanahalli 369 (1), 393 (1); Chatram 255 (20), 289 (2), 369 (1); Anantapuram 255 (10), 273 (3), 289 (4), 310 (10), 369 (4); Bullasamudram 207 (2), 273 (4), 289 (1), 311 (8), 369 (6); Haresamudram 255 (10), 288 (7), 289 (3), 310 (5), 350 (6), 369 (4); Yerrabommanahalli 235 (2), 255 (16), 289 (2), 310 (10), 369 (2); Upparahalli 235 (2), 255 (1); Manur 235 (8), 255 (22), 369 (2); Kallumarri 235 (12), 255 (4), 273 (8), 289 (4), 310 (4); Kodigenahalli 235 (5), 255 (2), 289 (6), 310 (8), 342 (6), 350 (3), 369 (4)

Urban :

Madakasira 200 (2), 205 (1), 207 (2), 209 (3), 214 (3), 235 (13), 273 (9), 288 (3), 289 (5), 369 (7), 384 (1), 388 (6), 393 (11), 399 (3)

Detailed description of Industrial Code (Minor Group) numbers under which the Industrial Establishments are arranged in the above Sub-Table

Minor Group No.	Description as per the Indian Standard Industrial Classification	Minor Group No.	Description as per the Indian Standard Industrial Classification
(1)	(2)	(1)	(2)
200	Production of rice, atta, flour, etc., by milling dehusking and processing of crops and foodgrains	255	Wool weaving in handloom
202	Production of indigenous sugar, gur from sugar cane or palm juice and production of candy	260	Spinning and weaving of silk textile in mill
205	Production of bread, biscuits, cake and other bakery products	264	Weaving of silk textile by handloom
207	Production of edible fats and oils (other than hydrogenated oil)	265	Printing of silk textile
209	Production of other food products such as sweetmeat and condiments, muri, murki, chira, khoi, cocoa, chocolate, toffee, lozenge	273	Making of textile garments including raincoats and headgear
212	Production of indigenous liquor such as toddy, liquor from mahua, palm juice	280	Sawing and planing of wood
214	Production of aerated and mineral water	281	Manufacture of wooden furniture and fixtures
216	Production of ice cream	282	Manufacture of structural wooden goods (including treated timber) such as beams, posts, doors, windows
218	Processing of coffee in curing works	284	Manufacture of other wooden products such as utensils, toys, artwares
220	Manufacture of beedi	288	Manufacture of materials from cork, bamboo, cane, leaves and other allied products
222	Manufacture of cigarette and cigarette tobacco	289	Manufacture of other wood and allied products not covered above
226	Manufacture of other tobacco products	302	All other types of printing including lithography, engraving etching, block making and other work connected with printing industry
230	Cotton ginning, cleaning, pressing and baling	303	All types of binding, stitching, sizing and other allied work connected with binding industry
231	Cotton spinning (other than in mills)	310	Currying, tanning and finishing of hides and skins and preparation of finished leather
232	Cotton spinning and weaving in mills	311	Manufacture of shoes and other leather foot-wear
233	Cotton dyeing, bleaching	313	Manufacture of leather products (except those covered by Code Nos. 311, 312) such as leather upholstery, suitcases, pocket books, cigarette and key cases, purses, saddlery, whip and other articles
235	Cotton weaving in handlooms	320	Manufacture of tyres and tubes
236	Manufacturing of khadi textile in handlooms	336	Manufacture of soap and other washing and cleaning compounds
237	Printing of cotton textile	337	Manufacture of turpentine, synthetic, resin and plastic products and materials (including synthetic rubber)
238	Manufacturing of cotton nets		
239	Manufacturing of cotton, cordage, rope and twine		
244	Manufacture of other products like rope, cordage from jute and similar fibre such as hemp, mesta		

SUB-TABLE 10 TO VILLAGE & TOWN DIRECTORY—*concl.*

INDUSTRIAL ESTABLISHMENTS

Minor Group No.	Description as per the Indian Standard Industrial Classification	Minor Group No.	Description as per the Indian Standard Industrial Classification
(1)	(2)	(1)	(2)
341	Manufacture of cement and cement products	378	Manufacture of electronic equipment such as radio, micro- phone
342	Manufacture of lime	379	Manufacture of electric machinery and apparatus, appliances not specified above
350	Manufacture of earthenware and earthen pottery	380	Manufacture, assembly and repairing of locomotives
365	Manufacture of brass and bell metal products	384	Repairing and servicing of motor vehicles
366	Manufacture of aluminium products	388	Repairing of bicycles and tricycles
367	Manufacture of metal products (other than of iron, brass, bell metal and aluminium) such as tin can	392	Assembling and repairing of watches and clocks
368	Enamelling, galvanising, plating (including electroplating) polishing and welding of metal products	393	Manufacture of jewellery, silverware and wares using gold and other precious metals
369	Manufacture of sundry hardware such as G. I. pipe, wire, net, bolt, screw, bucket, cutlery (This will also include the manufacture of sundry ferrous, engineering products done by jobbing engineering concerns which cannot be classified in major groups 36, 37, 38 and 39)	394	Manufacture and tuning of musical instruments
375	Manufacture of electric lamps and fans	395	Manufacture of stationary articles not covered elsewhere such as pencil, penholder, fountain pen
		399	Manufacture and repair work of goods not assignable to any other group

B - SERIES

(i) GENERAL ECONOMIC TABLES

ECONOMIC TABLES

The Economic Tables for the 1961 Census are based on the principal work of a person and the concept of dependency has been abandoned altogether for economic classification. The entire population has been divided into the following nine categories of Workers for broad economic classification based on the National Classification of Industries adopted by the Government and the Non-Workers being shown as a separate category.

- I Working as Cultivator
- II Working as Agricultural Labourer
- III Working in Mining, Quarrying, Livestock, Forestry, Fishing, Hunting and Plantations, Orchards and Allied activities
- IV Working at Household Industry
- V Working in Manufacturing other than Household Industry
- VI Working in Construction
- VII Working in Trade and Commerce
- VIII Working in Transport, Storage and Communications
- IX Working in Other Services
- X Non-Workers

The following seventeen Economic Tables, nine of which relate to the General Population and the remaining eight which relate to 20% sample of Households, have been prepared at the present Census.

- B-I Workers and Non-workers classified by sex and broad age-groups.
- B-II Workers and Non-Workers in cities, town-groups and towns arranged territorially classified by sex and broad age-groups.
- B-III *Part A* - Industrial Classification of Workers and Non-Workers by educational levels *in Urban Areas only*.
Part B - Industrial Classification of Workers and Non-Workers by educational levels *in Rural Areas only*.
- B-IV *Part A* - Industrial Classification by sex and class of Worker of persons at work at Household Industry.

Part B - Industrial Classification by sex and class of Worker of persons at work in Non-Household Industry, Trade, Business, Profession or Service.

Part C - Industrial Classification by sex and divisions, major groups and minor groups of persons at work other than Cultivation.

- B-V Occupational Classification by sex of persons at work other than Cultivation.
- B-VI Occupational Divisions of persons at work other than Cultivation classified by sex, broad age-groups and educational levels *in Urban Areas only*.
- B-VII *Part A* - Persons working principally (i) as Cultivators (ii) as Agricultural labourers or (iii) at Household Industry classified by sex and by secondary work (i) at Household Industry, (ii) as Cultivator or (iii) as Agricultural labourer.
Part B - Industrial Classification by sex of persons working in Non-Household Industry, Trade, Business, Profession or Service who are also engaged in Household Industry.
- B-VIII *Part A* - Persons unemployed aged 15 and above by sex, broad age-groups and educational levels *in Urban Areas only*.
Part B - Persons unemployed aged 15 and above by sex, and educational levels *in Rural Areas only*.
- B-IX Persons not at work classified by sex, broad age-groups and type of activity.
- B-X Sample Households (i) engaged neither in Cultivation nor in Household Industry, (ii) engaged either in Cultivation or Household Industry but not in both and (iii) engaged both in Cultivation and Household Industry.
- B-XI Sample Households engaged in Cultivation classified by interest in land and size of land cultivated.

- B-XII Sample Households engaged in Cultivation only classified by size of land cultivated, and number of family workers and hired workers.
- B-XIII Sample Households engaged both in Cultivation and in Household Industry, showing size of land cultivated classified by principal Household Industry.
- B-XIV *Part A*—Households classified by major groups of principal Household Industry and number of persons engaged.
- Part B*—Households classified by minor groups of principal Household Industry.
- B-XV Sample Households engaged both in Cultivation and Household Industry classified by size of land.

B-XVI Sample principal Household Industry classified by period of working and total number of workers engaged in Household Industry.

B-XVII Size of sample Households classified by participation in Household Cultivation or Industry.

All the above Tables pertaining to the district except Table B-II are reproduced in this Hand Book.

The Household Economic Tables are a special feature of this Census and are prepared on the basis of 20% sample of the returns in the Household Schedules filled up at the time of enumeration.

The working population in each of the nine categories of workers and the non-working population is divided by broad age-groups, viz., 0-14, 15-34, 35-59, 60+ and Age not stated in some of these Economic Tables.

TABLE B-I**WORKERS AND NON-WORKERS CLASSIFIED BY SEX AND BROAD AGE-GROUPS**

This Table is prepared separately for Total, Rural and Urban population and is a summary Economic Table for the entire district. It gives the distribution of the population by sex among the nine Industrial Categories of Workers and also Non-Workers by the four broad age-groups 0-14, 15-34, 35-59, and 60+ years. This is the basic Economic Table and the age-groups correspond to the different stages of life which have special significance with reference to capacity to work, viz., children, young persons, middle aged persons, and elderly persons. The classification of non-working population has been made in other succeeding Tables.

This Table is prepared on the basis of the principal work of a person irrespective of the fact that the person may not be self supporting from the income derived by that work. In the case of persons who are engaged in more than one work, which are also productive activities, the principal work is taken as that one which has been declared by the person himself as the work on which he spends the longest time and not necessarily the work from which he derives the largest income. Thus the stress is on the concept of work and not income or dependency. The following explanation makes it clear as to who is treated as a worker.

Workers

All persons who were engaged in some productive work during any of the 15 days preceding the day on which enumerated irrespective of the fact, whether they derive income or not, are treated as Workers. In respect of seasonal work like Cultivation, Livestock, Household Industry, etc., if the person had some regular work for more than one hour a day throughout the greater part of the working season, he is recorded as a worker. Persons temporarily incapacitated from work at the time of Census enumeration due to illness or other cause are also treated as Workers. An undertrial prisoner during the Census enumeration is also treated as worker if he did some productive work before he was apprehended. Convicts in a prison or long term inmates of hospitals or mental institutions, are not however treated as

Workers. Persons under training as apprentices with or without wages are recorded as Workers. Family Workers, i.e., who do not directly derive any income but attend to work along with other members of the family are treated as Workers. An adult woman who is engaged mainly in household duties and in no other economically productive work, i.e., a housewife, is not however treated as a Worker. Work includes not only actual work but also effective supervision. A public or social service Worker who is actually engaged in public service activity or political activity is taken as a Worker. Thus all workers in any branch of productive work are netted as Workers.

Non-Workers

All persons who are not Workers, i.e., those falling under the following categories are treated as Non-Workers.

- (i) Full time students or children attending school who do no other work.
- (ii) Persons engaged in unpaid home duties such as housewife.
- (iii) Any dependant including an infant or child not attending school or a person permanently disabled from work because of illness or old age.
- (iv) A retired person who is not employed again, a rentier or royalty receiver or any other person of independent means for securing which he does not have to work and who does no other work.
- (v) Beggars, vagrants or independent women without indication of source of income and others with unspecified source of existence.
- (vi) A convict in jail or an inmate of a penal, mental or charitable institution.
- (vii) Unemployed persons seeking employment for the first time.
- (viii) Person employed before but now out of employment.

TABLE B-1

WORKERS AND NON-WORKERS CLASSIFIED BY SEX AND BROAD AGE-GROUPS

District	Total Rural Urban	Age-group	WORKERS													
			I				II				III					
			Total Population		Total Workers (I-IX)		As Cultivator		As Agricultural Labourer		In Mining, Quarrying, Livestock, Forestry, Fishing, Hunting and Plantations, Orchards and Allied activities					
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)	(13)	(14)	Males	Females	
ANANTAPUR DISTRICT																
Total	Total	Total	1,767,464	908,254	859,210	545,075	355,653	270,724	172,317	103,539	133,240	21,345	3,061			
0-14			739,474	372,976	366,498	49,748	39,260	16,529	15,326	12,977	16,382	8,853	1,906			
15-34			547,487	275,993	271,494	258,032	182,109	126,954	91,758	51,835	68,236	7,346	476			
35-59			371,956	202,744	169,212	197,494	119,723	104,023	58,928	33,046	43,534	3,981	579			
60+			108,408	56,452	51,956	39,750	14,539	23,196	6,294	5,674	5,084	1,163	100			
Age not stated			139	89	50	51	22	22	11	7	4	2	...			
Rural	Total	Total	1,459,837	749,272	710,565	464,016	328,196	262,307	168,382	99,001	127,687	20,056	2,680			
0-14			609,594	306,418	303,176	46,026	36,902	16,243	15,111	12,583	15,915	8,574	1,826			
15-34			447,311	224,620	222,691	216,711	169,395	123,436	89,877	49,660	65,636	6,800	306			
35-59			311,932	170,214	141,718	166,723	109,144	100,535	57,341	31,474	41,362	3,613	457			
60+			90,894	47,950	42,944	34,519	12,736	22,072	6,042	5,278	4,771	1,068	91			
Age not stated			106	70	36	37	19	21	11	6	3	1	...			
Urban	Total	Total	307,627	158,982	148,645	81,059	27,457	8,417	3,935	4,538	5,553	1,289	381			
0-14			129,880	66,558	63,322	3,722	2,358	286	215	394	467	279	80			
15-34			100,176	51,373	48,803	41,321	12,714	3,518	1,881	2,175	2,600	546	170			
35-59			60,024	32,530	27,494	30,771	10,579	3,488	1,587	1,572	2,172	368	122			
60+			17,514	8,502	9,012	5,231	1,803	1,124	252	396	313	95	9			
Age not stated			33	19	14	14	3	1	...	1	1	1	...			

TABLE B-I-concl'd.
WORKERS AND NON-WORKERS CLASSIFIED BY SEX AND BROAD AGE-GROUPS

WORKERS— <i>concl'd.</i>																	
District	Age-group	IV				V		VI		VII		VIII		IX		X	
		At Household Industry		In Manufacturing other than Household Industry		In Construction		In Trade and Commerce		In Transport, Storage and Communications		In Other Services		Non-Workers			
		Males (15)	Females (16)	Males (17)	Females (18)	Males (19)	Females (20)	Males (21)	Females (22)	Males (23)	Females (24)	Males (25)	Females (26)	Males (27)	Females (28)		
ANANTAPUR DISTRICT																	
Total	Total	52,061	22,648	7,801	1,250	9,514	2,489	25,280	6,904	11,478	162	43,333	13,582	363,179	503,557		
	0-14	8,045	3,782	426	113	487	332	471	207	58	4	1,902	1,208	323,228	327,238		
	15-34	22,884	10,336	4,437	681	4,907	1,423	10,944	2,201	6,552	93	22,173	6,905	17,961	89,385		
	35-59	17,306	7,207	2,585	405	3,599	692	11,375	3,560	4,640	62	16,939	4,756	5,250	49,489		
	60+	3,824	1,320	351	51	521	42	2,487	936	226	3	2,308	709	16,702	37,417		
	Age not stated	2	3	2	...	...	...	3	...	2	...	11	4	38	28
Rural																	
Total	Total	38,876	14,620	1,070	192	6,459	1,850	11,760	4,761	1,732	27	22,755	7,997	285,256	382,369		
	0-14	6,819	2,720	25	28	323	270	179	137	8	2	1,272	893	260,392	266,274		
	15-34	16,343	6,548	553	99	3,290	1,087	4,696	1,564	902	19	11,031	4,259	7,964	53,296		
	35-59	12,808	4,534	424	64	2,499	470	5,580	2,410	768	6	9,022	2,500	3,491	32,574		
	60+	2,905	815	68	1	347	23	1,302	650	54	...	1,425	343	13,431	30,208		
	Age not stated	1	3	...	...	...	...	3	...	...	...	5	2	33	17
Urban																	
Total	Total	13,185	8,028	6,731	1,058	3,055	639	13,520	2,143	9,746	135	20,578	5,585	77,923	121,188		
	0-14	1,226	1,062	401	85	164	62	292	70	50	2	630	315	62,836	60,964		
	15-34	6,541	3,788	3,884	582	1,617	336	6,248	637	5,650	74	11,142	2,646	10,052	36,089		
	35-59	4,498	2,673	2,161	341	1,100	222	5,795	1,150	3,872	56	7,917	2,256	1,759	16,915		
	60+	919	505	283	50	174	19	1,185	286	172	3	883	366	3,271	7,209		
	Age not stated	1	...	2	...	...	...	...	...	2	...	6	2	5	11

TABLE B-III

**INDUSTRIAL CLASSIFICATION OF WORKERS AND NON-WORKERS
BY EDUCATIONAL LEVELS**

This Table is divided into two parts. Part A relates to Urban areas and Part B relates to Rural areas. In this Table each of the nine categories of Workers and also the Non-Workers is shown by educational levels.

In Part A which relates to Urban areas only, the data are given for all the Urban areas of the district put together by the following educational levels.

Illiterate
Literate (without educational level)
Primary or Junior Basic
Matriculation or Higher Secondary
Technical diploma not equal to degree
Non-Technical diploma not equal to degree
University degree or post-graduate degree other than Technical degree
Technical degree or diploma equal to degree or post-graduate degree
Engineering
Medicine
Agriculture

Veterinary and Dairying
Technology
Teaching
Others

In Part B the data which relate to Rural areas only are given for the district, followed by taluks by the following educational levels.

Illiterate
Literate (without educational level)
Primary or Junior Basic
Matriculation and above

"Literate" is a person who can, with understanding both read and write. He should be able to read any matter in print or manuscript and also be able to write a simple letter. A person who can neither read nor write or can merely read and cannot write is considered an illiterate. All children aged 4 years and below are treated as illiterates. The test for education is that the person should have passed a recognised written examination or examinations as proof of the educational level attained. The highest examination passed is taken as the level of education.

TABLE B.III Part B
INDUSTRIAL CLASSIFICATION OF WORKERS AND NON-WORKERS BY EDUCATIONAL LEVELS IN RURAL AREAS ONLY

Educational levels	WORKERS											
	I			II		III				IV		
	Total Population of Workers and Non-Workers			As Cultivator		As Agricultural Labourer		In Mining, Quarrying, Livestock, Forestry, Fishing, Hunting and Plantations, Orchards and Allied activities		At Household Industry		
	Persons (2)	Males (3)	Females (4)	Males (5)	Females (6)	Males (7)	Females (8)	Males (9)	Females (10)	Males (11)	Females (12)	
ANANTAPUR DISTRICT												
1 ANANTAPUR TALUK												
Total	1,459,837	749,272	710,565	262,307	168,382	99,001	127,687	20,056	2,680	38,876	14,620	
Illiterate	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
Literate (without educational level)	1,219,908	548,018	671,890	174,461	163,620	88,205	126,643	17,970	2,649	24,661	13,958	
Primary or Junior Basic	180,578	149,540	31,038	71,492	4,043	9,557	885	1,712	26	11,357	516	
Matriculation and above	50,873	43,499	7,374	14,428	712	1,226	159	343	5	2,783	145	
	8,478	8,215	263	1,926	7	13	...	31	...	75	1	
2 KALYANDRUG TALUK												
Total	168,426	86,997	81,429	25,939	14,746	13,048	17,032	1,909	209	4,958	1,705	
Illiterate	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
Literate (without educational level)	140,055	63,584	76,471	18,053	14,287	11,721	16,861	1,740	202	3,379	1,642	
Primary or Junior Basic	20,979	16,880	4,099	6,195	380	1,079	148	133	7	1,301	51	
Matriculation and above	5,587	4,777	810	1,511	77	247	23	34	...	270	12	
	1,805	1,756	49	180	2	1	...	2	...	8	...	
3 RAYADRUG TALUK												
Total	131,138	67,965	63,173	24,542	14,590	9,064	11,457	982	101	4,595	1,890	
Illiterate	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
Literate (without educational level)	107,538	48,560	58,978	16,733	14,169	8,045	11,334	889	101	3,424	1,820	
Primary or Junior Basic	15,381	11,775	3,606	6,287	362	906	110	79	...	952	48	
Matriculation and above	7,677	7,104	573	1,380	59	113	13	13	...	211	22	
	542	526	16	142	...	...	...	1	...	8	...
4 URAYAKONDA INDEPENDENT SUB-TALUK												
Total	119,188	60,547	58,641	23,493	17,292	8,497	9,897	674	55	2,443	932	
Illiterate	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
Literate (without educational level)	100,422	44,715	55,707	15,831	16,891	7,603	9,855	621	55	1,539	888	
Primary or Junior Basic	13,872	11,541	2,331	5,829	333	778	37	41	...	639	30	
Matriculation and above	4,350	3,767	583	1,699	67	116	5	10	...	261	14	
	544	524	20	134	1	...	...	2	...	4	...
5 URAYAKONDA INDEPENDENT SUB-TALUK												
Total	80,729	40,921	39,808	11,980	5,271	7,528	8,510	274	81	1,565	461	
Illiterate	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
Literate (without educational level)	64,638	27,801	36,837	6,002	4,919	6,492	8,420	253	81	894	412	
Primary or Junior Basic	11,912	9,614	2,298	4,685	303	869	72	15	...	538	42	
Matriculation and above	3,602	2,952	650	1,114	49	164	18	6	...	128	7	
	577	554	23	179	...	3	...	...	...	5	...

(1) (2) (3) (4) (5) (6) (7) (8) (9) (10) (11) (12)

5 GOOTY TALUK

Total	83,850	42,715	41,135	13,941	7,536	6,235	7,099	532	53	1,811	519
Illiterate	71,754	32,346	39,408	9,669	7,355	5,688	7,055	490	53	1,183	503
Literate (without educational level)	9,114	7,732	1,382	3,465	150	467	34	30	...	525	12
Primary or Junior Basic	2,625	2,288	337	719	31	79	10	12	...	102	4
Matriculation and above	357	349	8	88	...	1	...	...	...	1	...

6 TADPATRI TALUK

Total	121,803	62,292	59,511	18,332	7,569	10,104	11,481	958	281	4,842	2,872
Illiterate	96,842	41,135	55,707	8,998	7,085	8,609	11,345	831	276	2,712	2,714
Literate (without educational level)	19,943	16,769	3,174	7,780	403	1,347	120	104	5	1,811	117
Primary or Junior Basic	4,265	3,661	604	1,333	81	144	16	16	...	309	41
Matriculation and above	753	727	26	221	...	4	...	7	...	10	...

7 DHARMAVARAM TALUK

Total	118,124	60,343	57,781	21,891	15,641	6,187	9,845	2,380	335	3,727	1,252
Illiterate	100,874	45,873	55,001	15,581	15,255	5,646	9,785	2,177	333	2,412	1,206
Literate (without educational level)	13,235	10,935	2,300	5,036	323	466	60	203	2	1,049	39
Primary or Junior Basic	3,528	3,062	466	1,140	63	75	...	...	...	260	7
Matriculation and above	487	473	14	134	...	...	...	...	...	6	...

8 KADIRI TALUK

Total	226,669	117,024	109,645	43,797	32,931	15,820	19,752	3,474	396	5,024	637
Illiterate	194,121	88,854	105,267	29,546	32,174	14,252	19,645	3,133	394	3,393	590
Literate (without educational level)	28,337	24,391	3,946	13,101	722	1,491	102	320	2	1,506	46
Primary or Junior Basic	3,325	2,927	398	932	34	77	5	19	...	119	1
Matriculation and above	886	852	34	218	1	...	...	2	...	6	...

9 PENUKONDA TALUK

Total	133,470	68,441	65,029	22,605	15,159	8,601	13,881	2,449	196	4,378	1,508
Illiterate	111,979	50,450	61,529	15,304	14,732	7,661	13,771	2,185	192	2,891	1,469
Literate (without educational level)	16,689	14,167	2,522	6,446	332	891	78	187	4	1,045	29
Primary or Junior Basic	3,956	3,005	951	588	93	46	32	70	...	434	10
Matriculation and above	846	819	27	267	2	3	...	7	...	8	...

10 HINDUPUR TALUK

Total	150,489	77,568	72,921	29,128	18,126	8,936	11,207	2,922	483	2,930	1,493
Illiterate	125,865	57,218	68,647	20,111	17,689	8,075	11,119	2,621	477	1,362	1,417
Literate (without educational level)	17,874	14,658	3,216	7,009	378	738	69	262	4	1,247	66
Primary or Junior Basic	5,702	4,676	1,026	1,795	58	123	19	37	2	311	10
Matriculation and above	1,048	1,016	32	213	1	...	...	2	...	10	...

11 MADAKASIRA TALUK

Total	125,951	64,459	61,492	26,659	19,521	4,981	7,526	3,502	490	2,603	1,351
Illiterate	105,820	47,482	58,338	18,633	19,064	4,413	7,433	3,030	485	1,472	1,297
Literate (without educational level)	13,242	11,078	2,164	5,659	357	525	55	338	2	744	36
Primary or Junior Basic	6,256	5,280	976	2,217	100	42	18	126	3	378	17
Matriculation and above	633	619	14	150	...	1	...	8	...	9	1

TABLE B-III Part B—*concl'd.*
INDUSTRIAL CLASSIFICATION OF WORKERS AND NON-WORKERS BY EDUCATIONAL LEVELS IN RURAL AREAS ONLY

Educational levels	WORKERS— <i>concl'd.</i>											
	V		VI		VII		VIII		IX		X	
	In Manufacturing other than Household Industry		In Construction		In Trade and Commerce		In Transport, Storage and Communications		In Other Services		Non-Workers	
(1)	Males (13)	Females (14)	Males (15)	Females (16)	Males (17)	Females (18)	Males (19)	Females (20)	Males (21)	Females (22)	Males (23)	Females (24)
ANANTAPUR DISTRICT												
Total	1,070	192	6,459	1,850	11,760	4,761	1,732	27	22,755	7,997	285,256	382,369
Illiterate	586	184	4,562	1,842	2,681	4,202	443	15	10,986	7,463	223,463	351,314
Literate (without educational level)	301	6	1,215	8	6,379	490	701	11	5,828	203	41,298	24,850
Primary or Junior Basic	113	2	384	...	2,368	68	390	1	3,373	278	18,091	6,004
Matriculation and above	70	...	298	...	332	1	198	...	2,868	53	2,404	201
1 ANANTAPUR TALUK												
Total	224	44	2,278	978	1,339	651	164	2	3,163	1,014	33,975	45,048
Illiterate	102	43	1,430	971	282	557	33	...	1,513	903	25,331	41,003
Literate (without educational level)	36	1	470	7	766	90	49	2	722	39	6,129	3,374
Primary or Junior Basic	38	...	198	...	253	4	24	...	437	62	1,735	632
Matriculation and above	48	...	180	...	38	...	28	...	491	8	780	39
2 KALYANDRUG TALUK												
Total	20	8	496	171	1,215	379	77	9	1,867	573	25,107	33,995
Illiterate	9	7	416	171	202	335	11	3	845	538	17,986	30,500
Literate (without educational level)	7	1	63	...	721	36	44	6	482	10	2,234	3,033
Primary or Junior Basic	4	...	12	...	269	8	16	...	304	22	4,782	449
Matriculation and above	...	...	5	...	23	...	6	...	236	3	105	13
3 RAYADRUG TALUK												
Total	105	36	540	134	795	352	107	...	1,543	527	22,350	29,416
Illiterate	74	35	336	134	138	310	33	...	707	504	17,833	27,035
Literate (without educational level)	23	1	79	...	412	36	44	...	327	12	3,369	1,882
Primary or Junior Basic	7	...	49	...	212	6	25	...	331	11	1,057	480
Matriculation and above	1	...	76	...	33	...	5	...	178	...	91	19
4 URUVAKONDA INDEPENDENT SUB-TALUK												
Total	132	2	357	128	667	279	132	...	1,367	500	16,919	24,576
Illiterate	59	2	279	128	144	249	32	...	728	468	12,918	22,158
Literate (without educational level)	57	...	47	...	385	28	31	...	317	7	2,650	1,846
Primary or Junior Basic	13	...	22	...	120	2	35	...	165	20	1,185	534
Matriculation and above	3	...	9	...	18	...	14	...	157	5	166	18

(1)

5 GOOTY TALUK

	(13)	(14)	(15)	(16)	(17)	(18)	(19)	(20)	(21)	(22)	(23)	(24)
Total												
Illiterate	99	...	250	46	641	339	228	1	1,316	513	17,662	25,029
Literate (without educational level)	33	...	206	46	225	310	99	1	756	501	13,997	23,584
Primary or Junior Basic	18	...	36	...	326	29	65	...	302	2	2,470	1,153
Matriculation and above	2	...	6	...	76	...	40	...	136	10	1,100	282
			2	...	14	...	24	...	122	...	95	8

6 TADPATRI TALUK

Total	123	58	585	24	890	424	115	...	2,194	752	24,149	36,050
Illiterate	77	56	449	24	271	385	19	...	1,131	710	18,038	33,112
Literate (without educational level)	39	2	113	...	494	35	45	...	565	18	4,471	2,474
Primary or Junior Basic	5	...	17	...	113	3	26	...	312	23	1,386	440
Matriculation and above	2	...	6	...	12	1	25	...	186	1	254	24

7 DHARMAVARAM TALUK

Total	60	20	378	137	886	388	289	2	1,851	593	22,694	29,568
Illiterate	50	20	303	136	180	335	87	...	961	558	18,476	27,373
Literate (without educational level)	9	...	53	1	499	44	143	1	423	13	3,054	1,817
Primary or Junior Basic	1	...	15	...	181	9	37	1	282	16	1,071	370
Matriculation and above	...	...	7	...	26	...	22	...	185	6	93	8

8 KADIRI TALUK

Total	95	3	588	136	1,737	627	222	12	3,237	1,225	43,030	53,926
Illiterate	44	2	435	136	401	574	34	10	1,582	1,149	36,034	50,593
Literate (without educational level)	48	1	134	...	1,165	50	128	2	971	35	5,527	2,986
Primary or Junior Basic	1	...	17	...	136	3	39	...	258	31	1,329	324
Matriculation and above	2	...	2	...	35	...	21	...	426	10	140	23

9 PENUKONDA TALUK

Total	102	5	493	40	1,277	461	189	1	2,077	891	26,270	32,887
Illiterate	65	5	376	40	299	397	62	1	1,026	835	20,581	30,087
Literate (without educational level)	16	...	103	...	594	47	67	...	426	16	4,392	2,016
Primary or Junior Basic	16	...	11	...	343	17	43	...	364	34	1,090	765
Matriculation and above	5	...	3	...	41	...	17	...	261	6	207	19

10 HINDUPUR TALUK

Total	66	11	331	23	1,227	386	121	...	2,480	935	29,427	40,257
Illiterate	41	11	221	23	306	336	20	...	1,166	856	23,295	36,719
Literate (without educational level)	18	...	80	...	586	44	45	...	569	40	4,104	2,615
Primary or Junior Basic	1	...	25	...	293	6	33	...	392	27	1,666	904
Matriculation and above	6	...	5	...	42	...	23	...	353	12	362	19

11 MADAKASIRA TALUK

Total	44	5	163	33	1,086	475	88	...	1,660	474	23,673	31,617
Illiterate	32	3	111	33	233	414	13	...	571	439	18,974	29,150
Literate (without educational level)	2	...	37	...	431	51	20	...	424	11	2,898	1,652
Primary or Junior Basic	9	2	12	...	372	10	42	...	392	22	1,690	804
Matriculation and above	1	...	3	...	50	...	13	...	273	2	111	11

TABLE B-IV

INDUSTRIAL CLASSIFICATION BY SEX AND CLASS OF WORKER OF PERSONS AT WORK OTHER THAN CULTIVATION

This Table is divided into three parts.

Part-A shows Industrial Classification by sex and class of worker of persons at work at Household Industry for Total, Rural and Urban Population. The data are shown first for the Division followed by Major Groups in the order laid down in the Indian Standard Industrial Classification under that Division.

Part-B shows the Industrial Classification by sex and class of worker of persons at work in Non-Household Industry, Trade, Business, Profession or Service for the Total and Urban population. In this part also the data are presented first for the Division followed by the Major Groups in the order laid down in the Indian Standard Industrial Classification.

Part-C shows the Industrial Classification by sex and Divisions, Major Groups and Minor Groups of persons at work other than cultivation for Total and Urban population. The data are presented first for the Divisions followed by Major Groups in the order laid down in the Indian Standard Industrial Classification. Under each Major Group the corresponding Minor Groups are shown. The taluk-wise particulars are, however, exhibited Division-wise and for Rural population only. Minor Groups having less than 1% of workers of the respective Division (0.5% in the case of Division 2 & 3) are not shown in this Table.

Household Industry is an industry conducted by the head of the household himself and/or mainly by members of the household at home or within the village in the Rural areas and only at home in Urban areas. The industry should not be run on the scale of a registered factory and should relate to production, processing, servicing, repairing or making and selling of goods.

An *Employer* is a person who has to employ other persons in order to perform the work. Such a person is not only responsible for his own personal work but also for giving work to others. But a person who employs domestic servants for household duties or has subordinates under him in an office where he is employed by others, is not an employer, even if he has the

power to employ another person in his office on behalf of his own employer or employers.

An *Employee* is a person who usually works under some other person for salary or wages in cash or kind. Persons who are employed as managers, superintendents, agents, etc., and in that capacity employ or control other workers on behalf of their own employers are not regarded as employers.

A *Single Worker* is a person who works by himself but not as head of household in a Household Industry. He is not employed by any one else and in his turn does not employ anybody else, not even members of his household except casually. Single worker also includes a person who works in joint partnership with one or several persons hiring no employees, and also a member of a producers' co-operative. Each one of the partners or members of such producers' co-operatives is recorded as a "Single Worker".

A *Family Worker* is a member who works, without receiving wages in cash or kind, in an Industry, Business or Trade conducted mainly by members of the family and ordinarily does at least one hour of work everyday during the working season. Such an Industry, whether run at home or away from home in town or village and even away from village in the Rural area should ordinarily be in the nature of a recognised partnership, joint stock company or registered factory. Members of a family include those drawn from beyond the limits of the household by ties of blood or marriage. The family worker is not entitled to a share of the profits in the work of the business carried on either by the person or head of the household or other relative. Members of the household who help solely in household duties are not treated as family workers.

Note:- In respect of Household Industry, by the very nature of the participation of the workers in a Household Industry all the four categories of workers are not recognised. Only the "employees" if any in a Household Industry are categorised as such. The rest are clubbed together as "others".

TABLE B-IV Part A
INDUSTRIAL CLASSIFICATION BY SEX AND CLASS OF WORKER OF PERSONS AT WORK
AT HOUSEHOLD INDUSTRY

Branch of Industry Division and Major Group of Indian Standard Industrial Classification	Total Rural Urban	Total		Employee		Others		
		Males	Females	Males	Females	Males	Females	
		(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	
ANANTAPUR DISTRICT								
ALL DIVISIONS		T	52,061	22,648	4,409	921	47,652	21,727
		R	38,876	14,620	2,783	362	36,093	14,258
		U	13,185	8,028	1,626	559	11,559	7,469
DIVISION 0—AGRICULTURE, LIVESTOCK, FORESTRY, FISHING AND HUNTING		T	10,903	1,757	1,599	60	9,304	1,697
		R	10,378	1,656	1,541	56	8,837	1,600
		U	525	101	58	4	467	97
Major Group 00—Field Produce and Plantation Crops		T	780	28	205	4	575	24
		R	780	26	205	4	575	22
		U	...	2	...	...	...	2
Major Group 04—Livestock and Hunting		T	10,123	1,729	1,394	56	8,729	1,673
		R	9,598	1,630	1,336	52	8,262	1,578
		U	525	99	58	4	467	95
DIVISION 2 & 3—MANUFACTURING		T	41,158	20,891	2,810	861	38,348	20,030
		R	28,498	12,964	1,242	306	27,256	12,658
		U	12,660	7,927	1,568	555	11,092	7,372
Major Group 20—Foodstuffs		T	1,314	1,839	150	31	1,164	1,808
		R	563	981	72	7	491	974
		U	751	858	78	24	673	834
Major Group 21—Beverages		T	256	19	17	2	239	17
		R	71	7	1	...	70	7
		U	185	12	16	2	169	10
Major Group 22—Tobacco products		T	956	437	246	57	710	380
		R	218	30	8	3	210	27
		U	738	407	238	54	500	353
Major Group 23—Textile-cotton		T	10,835	11,032	1,026	502	9,809	10,530
		R	5,901	5,906	415	160	5,486	5,746
		U	4,934	5,126	611	342	4,323	4,784
Major Group 24—Textile-jute		T	242	130	...	4	242	126
		R	211	102	...	1	211	101
		U	31	28	...	3	31	25
Major Group 25—Textile-wool		T	2,144	1,958	31	23	2,113	1,935
		R	2,099	1,905	31	23	2,068	1,882
		U	45	53	...	...	45	53
Major Group 26—Textile-silk		T	1,775	1,074	373	148	1,402	926
		R	826	437	271	71	555	366
		U	949	637	102	77	847	560

(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)
Major Group 27—Textile-miscellaneous	T R U	5,449 3,936 1,513	350 249 101	399 147 252	17 10 7	5,050 3,789 1,261	333 239 94
Major Group 28—Manufacture of wood and wooden products	T R U	5,357 4,046 1,311	2,351 1,860 491	227 127 100	31 2 29	5,130 3,919 1,211	2,320 1,458 462
Major Group 29—Paper and paper products	T R U	31 2 29	13 2 11	1 ... 1	...	30 2 28	13 2 11
Major Group 30—Printing and publishing	T R U	2 ... 2	1 ... 1	...	...	2 ... 2	1 ... 1
Major Group 31—Leather and leather products	T R U	4,407 4,202 205	64 62 2	49 45 4	4 4 ...	4,338 4,157 201	60 58 2
Major Group 32—Rubber, Petroleum and Coal products	T R U	1 ... 1	...	...	...	1 ... 1	.........
Major Group 33—Chemicals and chemical products	T R U	76 40 36	37 13 24	1 ... 1	3 ... 3	75 40 35	34 13 21
Major Group 34—35—Non-Metallic Mineral products other than Petroleum and Coal	T R U	3,301 2,997 304	1,379 1,278 101	66 58 8	37 23 14	3,235 2,939 296	1,342 1,255 87
Major Group 36—Basic Metals and their products except machinery and transport equipment	T R U	2,099 1,573 526	52 49 3	93 38 55	...	2,006 1,535 471	52 49 3
Major Group 37—Machinery (all kinds other than Transport) and Electrical equipment	T R U	9 1 8	...	...	...	9 1 8	.........
Major Group 38—Transport equipment	T R U	198 51 147	...	26 3 23	...	172 48 124	.........
Major Group 39—Miscellaneous Manufacturing Industries	T R U	2,706 1,761 945	155 83 72	105 26 79	2 2 ...	2,601 1,735 866	153 81 72
1 ANANTAPUR TALUK (Rural)							
ALL DIVISIONS	R	4,958	1,705	235	37	4,723	1,668
DIVISION 0—AGRICULTURE, LIVESTOCK, FORESTRY, FISHING AND HUNTING	R	1,676	312	187	12	1,489	300
DIVISION 2 & 3—MANUFACTURING	R	3,282	1,393	48	25	3,234	1,368

TABLE B-IV Part A-concl'd.

INDUSTRIAL CLASSIFICATION BY SEX AND CLASS OF WORKER OF PERSONS AT WORK AT HOUSEHOLD INDUSTRY

(1) Branch of Industry Division and Major Group of Indian Standard Industrial Classification	(2) Total Rural Urban	Total		Employee		Others	
		(3)		(5)		(7)	
		Males	Females	Males	Females	Males	Females
		(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)
2 KALYANDRUG TALUK (Rural)							
ALL DIVISIONS	R	4,595	1,890	295	24	4,300	1,866
DIVISION 0—AGRICULTURE, LIVESTOCK, FORESTRY, FISHING AND HUNTING	R	1,847	266	248	5	1,599	261
DIVISION 2 & 3—MANUFACTURING	R	2,748	1,624	47	19	2,701	1,605
3 RAYADRUG TALUK (Rural)							
ALL DIVISIONS	R	2,443	932	197	44	2,246	888
DIVISION 0—AGRICULTURE, LIVESTOCK, FORESTRY, FISHING AND HUNTING	R	837	155	104	5	733	150
DIVISION 2 & 3—MANUFACTURING	R	1,606	777	93	39	1,513	738
4 URAVAKONDA INDEPENDENT SUB-TALUK (Rural)							
ALL DIVISIONS	R	1,565	461	111	29	1,454	432
DIVISION 0—AGRICULTURE, LIVESTOCK, FORESTRY, FISHING AND HUNTING	R	303	...	35	...	268	...
DIVISION 2 & 3—MANUFACTURING	R	1,262	461	76	29	1,186	432
5 GOOTY TALUK (Rural)							
ALL DIVISIONS	R	1,811	519	154	8	1,657	511
DIVISION 0—AGRICULTURE, LIVESTOCK, FORESTRY, FISHING AND HUNTING	R	540	73	128	7	412	66
DIVISION 2 & 3—MANUFACTURING	R	1,271	446	26	1	1,245	445
6 TADPATRI TALUK (Rural)							
ALL DIVISIONS	R	4,842	2,872	288	33	4,554	2,839
DIVISION 0—AGRICULTURE, LIVESTOCK, FORESTRY, FISHING AND HUNTING	R	818	10	163	...	655	10
DIVISION 2 & 3—MANUFACTURING	R	4,024	2,862	125	33	3,899	2,829

(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)
			7 DHARMAVARAM TALUK (<i>Rural</i>)				
ALL DIVISIONS	R	3,727	1,252	228	28	3,499	1,224
DIVISION 0—AGRICULTURE, LIVESTOCK, FORESTRY, FISHING AND HUNTING	R	745	1	101	...	644	1
DIVISION 2 & 3—MANUFACTURING	R	2,982	1,251	127	28	2,855	1,223
			8 KADIRI TALUK (<i>Rural</i>)				
ALL DIVISIONS	R	5,024	637	419	22	4,605	615
DIVISION 9—AGRICULTURE, LIVESTOCK, FORESTRY, FISHING AND HUNTING	R	1,727	24	276	3	1,451	21
DIVISION 2 & 3—MANUFACTURING	R	3,297	613	143	19	3,154	594
			9 PENUKONDA TALUK (<i>Rural</i>)				
ALL DIVISIONS	R	4,378	1,508	304	31	4,074	1,477
DIVISION 0—AGRICULTURE, LIVESTOCK, FORESTRY, FISHING AND HUNTING	R	1,358	362	186	15	1,172	347
DIVISION 2 & 3—MANUFACTURING	R	3,020	1,146	118	16	2,902	1,130
			10 HINDUPUR TALUK (<i>Rural</i>)				
ALL DIVISIONS	R	2,930	1,493	454	94	2,476	1,399
DIVISION 0—AGRICULTURE, LIVESTOCK, FORESTRY, FISHING AND HUNTING	R	241	229	75	6	166	223
DIVISION 2 & 3—MANUFACTURING	R	2,689	1,264	379	88	2,310	1,176
			11 MADAKASIRA TALUK (<i>Rural</i>)				
ALL DIVISIONS	R	2,603	1,351	98	12	2,505	1,339
DIVISION 0—AGRICULTURE, LIVESTOCK, FORESTRY, FISHING AND HUNTING	R	286	224	38	3	248	221
DIVISION 2 & 3—MANUFACTURING	R	2,317	1,127	60	9	2,257	1,118

TABLE B-IV Part B
INDUSTRIAL CLASSIFICATION BY SEX AND CLASS OF WORKER OF PERSONS AT WORK IN NON-HOUSEHOLD
INDUSTRY, TRADE, BUSINESS, PROFESSION OR SERVICE

Branch of Industry Division and Major Group of Indian Standard Industrial Classification (1)	Total Urban (2)	Total		Employer		Employee		Single Worker		Family Worker		
		Males (3)	Females (4)	Males (5)	Females (6)	Males (7)	Females (8)	Males (9)	Females (10)	Males (11)	Females (12)	
ANANTAPUR DISTRICT												
ALL DIVISIONS	T U	118,751 54,919	27,448 (9,941	5,169 2,893	418 119	48,111 29,141	5,219 2,783	40,504 15,251	10,836 5,500	24,967 7,634	10,975 1,539	
DIVISION 0—AGRICULTURE, LIVESTOCK, FORESTRY, FISHING AND HUNTING	T U	20,107 241	2,793 141	583 8	57 2	3,606 19	222 11	11,050 183	1,568 97	4,868 31	946 31	
Major Group 00—Field produce and Plantation Crops	T U	772 241	103 40	106 8	5 2	221 19	9 5	312 183	29 26	133 31	60 7	
Major Group 01—Plantation Crops	T U	167 ...	8 ...	5 ...	...	87 ...	1 ...	24 ...	...	51 ...	7 ...
Major Group 02—Forestry and Logging	T U	153 ...	54 10	5 ...	...	48 ...	...	80 ...	33 10	20 ...	21 ...
Major Group 03—Fishing	T U	90 ...	20 3	...	...	1 ...	...	51 ...	5 2	38 ...	15 1
Major Group 04—Livestock and Hunting	T U	18,925 ...	2,608 88	467 ...	52 ...	3,249 ...	212 6	10,583 ...	1,501 59	4,626 ...	843 23	
DIVISION 1—MINING AND QUARRYING	T U	1,238 1,048	268 240	103 98	...	354 250	186 169	679 621	77 71	102 79	5 ...	
Major Group 10—Mining and Quarrying	T U	1,238 1,048	268 240	103 98	...	354 250	186 169	679 621	77 71	102 79	5 ...	
DIVISION 2 & 3—MANUFACTURING	T U	7,801 6,731	1,250 1,058	385 353	12 11	3,600 3,115	754 639	2,830 2,425	294 241	986 838	190 167	
Major Group 20—Foodstuffs	T U	1,477 1,177	344 269	114 98	5 5	905 666	185 119	283 267	131 122	175 146	23 23	
Major Group 21—Beverages	T U	107 86	2 2	13 13	...	48 40	1 1	26 19	...	20 14	1 1	
Major Group 22—Tobacco products	T U	241 200	50 41	8 8	1 1	173 153	40 31	36 24	6 6	24 15	3 3	
Major Group 23—Textile-cotton	T U	1,138 1,065	480 473	14 11	1 ...	943 878	330 324	64 61	47 47	117 115	102 102	
Major Group 24—Textile-jute	T U	36 8	9 2	...	...	10 6	2 2	14 1	3 ...	12 1	4 ...

(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)
Major Group 25—Textile-wool	T	7	...	...	...	3	...	4	...	...	...
	U	6	...	...	...	2	...	4	...	...	...
Major Group 26—Textile-silk	T	156	93	3	...	131	89	4	...	18	4
	U	152	93	3	...	127	89	4	...	18	4
Major Group 27—Textile-miscellaneous	T	1,124	40	51	2	158	9	774	18	141	11
	U	1,118	37	51	2	158	9	769	17	140	9
Major Group 28—Manufacture of wood and wooden products	T	748	13	26	...	182	1	460	7	80	5
	U	726	12	26	...	178	1	452	7	70	4
Major Group 29—Paper and paper products	T	2	...	...	...	1	...	1	...	...	...
	U	2	...	...	...	1	...	1	...	...	...
Major Group 30—Printing and publishing	T	209	2	34	1	134	...	9	...	32	1
	U	199	2	25	1	133	...	9	...	32	1
Major Group 31—Leather and leather products	T	95	7	4	...	56	7	31	...	4	...
	U	86	2	2	...	51	2	29	...	4	...
Major Group 32—Rubber, Petroleum and coal products	T	57	...	7	...	22	...	17	...	11	...
	U	54	...	7	...	22	...	14	...	11	...
Major Group 33—Chemicals and chemical products	T	49	8	2	...	36	...	9	6	2	2
	U	25	...	2	...	13	...	8	...	2	...
Major Group 34-35—Non-Metallic Mineral Products other than petroleum and coal	T	640	132	8	1	160	57	368	57	104	17
	U	176	80	6	1	69	49	69	26	32	4
Major Group 36—Basic Metals and their products except machinery and transport equipment	T	492	8	19	1	111	...	276	2	86	5
	U	467	7	19	1	103	...	264	1	81	5
Major Group 37—Machinery (all kinds other than Transport) and Electrical equipment	T	53	2	1	...	22	...	22	1	8	1
	U	51	...	1	...	21	...	21	...	8	...
Major Group 38—Transport equipment	T	405	2	31	...	216	...	129	1	29	1
	U	380	2	31	...	208	...	112	1	29	1
Major Group 39—Miscellaneous manufacturing Industries	T	765	58	50	...	289	33	303	15	123	10
	U	753	36	50	...	286	12	297	14	120	10
DIVISION 4—CONSTRUCTION	T	9,514	2,489	378	6	3,555	1,296	4,346	944	1,235	243
	U	3,055	639	153	...	576	121	2,143	501	183	17
Major Group 40—Construction	T	9,514	2,489	378	6	3,555	1,296	4,346	944	1,235	243
	U	3,055	639	153	...	576	121	2,143	501	183	17
DIVISION 5—ELECTRICITY, GAS, WATER AND SANITARY SERVICES	T	1,208	2	34	...	1,057	2	117	...	...	...
	U	1,021	2	34	...	870	2	117	...	...	...
Major Group 50—Electricity and gas	T	1,148	2	34	...	997	2	117	...	...	...
	U	977	2	34	...	826	2	117	...	...	...
Major Group 51—Water supply and Sanitary Services	T	60	...	...	...	60	...	...	...	...	...
	U	44	...	...	...	44	...	...	...	...	...

TABLE B-IV Part B—*contd.*

**INDUSTRIAL CLASSIFICATION BY SEX AND CLASS OF WORKER OF PERSONS AT WORK IN NON-HOUSEHOLD
INDUSTRY, TRADE, BUSINESS, PROFESSION OR SERVICE**

(1) Branch of Industry Division and Major Group of Indian Standard Industrial Classification	(2) Total Urban	(3) Total		(5) Employer		(7) Employee		(9) Single Worker		(11) Family Worker	
		Males	Females	Males	Females	Males	Females	Males	Females	Males	Females
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)
ANANTAPUR DISTRICT— <i>concl'd.</i>											
<i>DIVISION 6—TRADE AND COMMERCE</i>											
	T	25,280	6,904	2,655	257	5,185	57	8,648	3,801	8,792	2,789
	U	13,520	2,143	1,603	83	4,849	29	2,679	1,486	4,389	545
Major Group 60-63—Wholesale trade											
	T	1,007	17	122	2	200	7	232	3	453	5
	U	811	12	73	1	189	7	143	1	406	3
Major Group 64-68—Retail trade											
	T	23,416	6,863	2,363	254	4,574	49	8,248	3,777	8,231	2,783
	U	11,980	2,116	1,368	82	4,286	21	2,434	1,471	3,892	542
Major Group 69—Trade and Commerce, miscellaneous											
	T	857	24	170	1	411	1	168	21	108	1
	U	729	15	162	...	374	1	102	14	91	...
<i>DIVISION 7—TRANSPORT, STORAGE AND COMMUNICATIONS</i>											
	T	11,478	162	163	1	9,659	131	1,492	21	164	9
	U	9,746	135	155	1	8,012	124	1,436	10	143	...
Major Group 70-71—Transport											
	T	10,268	155	163	1	8,449	124	1,492	21	164	9
	U	9,200	131	155	1	7,466	120	1,436	10	143	...
Major Group 72—Storage and Ware Housing											
	T	5	...	...	...	5	...	...	...	...	...
	U	5	...	...	...	5	...	...	...	...	...
Major Group 73—Communications											
	T	1,205	7	...	...	1,205	7	...	...	...	...
	U	541	4	...	...	541	4	...	...	...	...
<i>DIVISION 8—SERVICES</i>											
	T	37,618	10,876	863	85	20,894	2,571	7,400	1,547	8,461	6,673
	U	15,908	3,313	484	22	11,249	1,688	2,319	824	1,856	779
Major Group 80—Public Services											
	T	11,090	405	...	...	10,898	391	192	14	...	...
	U	6,318	336	...	...	6,214	332	104	4	...	...
Major Group 81—Educational and Scientific Services											
	T	5,197	925	8	...	5,143	925	42	...	4	...
	U	2,019	672	8	...	1,965	672	42	...	4	...
Major Group 82—Medical and Health Services											
	T	1,505	401	40	3	727	361	702	33	36	4
	U	806	220	40	3	412	202	327	11	27	4
Major Group 83—Religious and Welfare Services											
	T	1,055	85	10	...	287	58	676	21	82	6
	U	356	43	10	...	167	40	162	3	17	...
Major Group 84—Legal Services											
	T	297	...	5	...	109	...	182	...	1	...
	U	292	...	5	...	106	...	180	...	1	...
Major Group 85—Business Services											
	T	90	...	2	...	60	...	27	...	1	...
	U	86	...	2	...	58	...	25	...	1	...

(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)
Major Group 86—Community Services and Trade and Labour Associations	T U	305 300	16 16	2 2	... ...	271 267	15 15	32 31	1 1	......	......
Major Group 87—Recreation Services	T U	680 372	182 29	28 22	1 1	312 259	36 14	212 76	45 14	128 15	100 ...
Major Group 88—Personal Services	T U	16,857 4,931	8,736 1,905	760 389	80 18	2,992 1,747	778 413	4,931 1,024	1,335 708	8,174 1,771	6,543 766
Major Group 89—Services (not elsewhere classified)	T U	542 428	126 92	8 6	1 ...	95 54	7 ...	404 348	98 83	35 20	20 9
DIVISION 9—ACTIVITIES NOT ADEQUATELY DESCRIBED	T U	4,507 3,649	2,704 2,270	5 5	... ...	201 201	... ...	3,942 3,328	2,584 2,270	359 115	120 ...
Major Group 90—Activities unspecified and not adequately described	T U	4,507 3,649	2,704 2,270	5 5	... ...	201 201	... ...	3,942 3,328	2,584 2,270	359 115	120 ...
1 ANANTAPUR TALUK (Rural)											
ALL DIVISIONS	R	9,077	2,898	312	21	3,902	1,022	2,904	729	1,959	1,126
DIVISION 0—AGRICULTURE, LIVESTOCK, FORESTRY, FISHING AND HUNTING	R	1,873	209	67	...	471	50	915	62	420	97
DIVISION 1—MINING AND QUARRYING	R	36	...	3	...	3	...	25	...	5	...
DIVISION 2 & 3—MANUFACTURING	R	224	44	15	...	96	44	87	...	26	...
DIVISION 4—CONSTRUCTION	R	2,278	978	117	...	1,628	768	294	198	239	12
DIVISION 6—TRADE AND COMMERCE	R	1,339	651	94	17	52	...	686	335	507	299
DIVISION 7—TRANSPORT, STORAGE AND COMMUNICATIONS	R	164	2	...	...	153	...	7	...	4	2
DIVISION 8—SERVICES	R	2,994	967	16	4	1,499	160	831	96	648	707
DIVISION 9—ACTIVITIES NOT ADEQUATELY DESCRIBED	R	169	47	...	...	...	...	59	38	110	9
2 KALYANDRUG TALUK (Rural)											
ALL DIVISIONS	R	4,657	1,241	232	22	1,369	133	1,556	345	1,500	741
DIVISION 0—AGRICULTURE, LIVESTOCK, FORESTRY, FISHING AND HUNTING	R	961	97	70	3	225	5	376	60	290	29
DIVISION 1—MINING AND QUARRYING	R	21	4	...	...	3	3	13	...	5	1
DIVISION 2 & 3—MANUFACTURING	R	20	8	1	...	11	5	8	3	...	...
DIVISION 4—CONSTRUCTION	R	496	171	22	3	124	43	165	45	185	80
DIVISION 6—TRADE AND COMMERCE	R	1,215	379	120	16	45	2	571	156	479	205
DIVISION 7—TRANSPORT, STORAGE AND COMMUNICATIONS	R	77	9	1	...	70	...	3	9	3	...

TABLE B-IV Part B—contd.

**INDUSTRIAL CLASSIFICATION BY SEX AND CLASS OF WORKER OF PERSONS AT WORK IN NON-HOUSEHOLD
INDUSTRY, TRADE, BUSINESS, PROFESSION OR SERVICE**

(1)	Branch of Industry Division and Major Group of Indian Standard Industrial Classification	Total Urban	Total		Employer		Employee		Single Worker		Family Worker	
			Males	Females	Males	Females	Males	Females	Males	Females	Males	Females
(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)		
2 KALYANDRUG TALUK (Rural)—concl'd.												
DIVISION 8—SERVICES	.	R	1,789	537	18	...	891	75	370	44	510	418
DIVISION 9—ACTIVITIES NOT ADEQUATELY DESCRIBED	.	R	78	36	...	...	...	...	50	28	28	8
3 RAYADRUG TALUK (Rural)												
ALL DIVISIONS		R	3,764	1,104	107	17	1,331	133	1,145	298	1,181	656
DIVISION 0—AGRICULTURE, LIVESTOCK, FORESTRY, FISHING AND HUNTING	.	R	651	50	45	...	125	9	336	32	145	9
DIVISION 1—MINING AND QUARRYING	.	R	23	5	...	...	...	2	14	...	12	3
DIVISION 2 & 3—MANUFACTURING	.	R	105	36	4	1	39	19	43	6	19	10
DIVISION 4—CONSTRUCTION	.	R	540	134	9	...	296	58	153	43	82	33
DIVISION 5—ELECTRICITY, GAS, WATER AND SANITARY SERVICES	.	R	37	...	...	...	37	...	...	...	...	...
DIVISION 6—TRADE AND COMMERCE	.	R	795	352	37	4	30	...	364	151	364	197
DIVISION 7—TRANSPORT, STORAGE AND COMMUNICATIONS	.	R	107	...	1	...	106	...	...	...	...	...
DIVISION 8—SERVICES	.	R	1,461	519	11	12	698	45	195	61	557	401
DIVISION 9—ACTIVITIES NOT ADEQUATELY DESCRIBED	.	R	45	8	...	...	...	...	43	5	2	3
4 URAVAKONDA INDEPENDENT SUB-TALUK (Rural)												
ALL DIVISIONS		R	2,929	990	201	59	1,204	237	744	181	780	513
DIVISION 0—AGRICULTURE, LIVESTOCK, FORESTRY, FISHING AND HUNTING	.	R	263	75	13	2	73	6	121	64	56	3
DIVISION 1—MINING AND QUARRYING	.	R	11	6	...	...	11	3	...	2	...	1
DIVISION 2 & 3—MANUFACTURING	.	R	132	2	2	...	51	...	53	2	26	...
DIVISION 4—CONSTRUCTION	.	R	357	128	9	...	255	128	62	...	31	...

(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)
DIVISION 5—ELECTRICITY, GAS, WATER AND SANITARY SERVICES . . .	R	15	...	...	...	15	...	...	...	...	...
DIVISION 6—TRADE AND COMMERCE . . .	R	667	279	166	41	19	7	256	112	226	119
DIVISION 7—TRANSPORT, STORAGE AND COMMUNICATIONS . . .	R	132	...	1	...	122	...	9	...	...	...
DIVISION 8—SERVICES . . .	R	1,332	500	10	16	658	93	223	1	441	390
DIVISION 9—ACTIVITIES NOT ADEQUATELY DESCRIBED . . .	R	20	...	...	...	...	...	20	...	...	...
5 GOOTY TALUK (Rural)											
ALL DIVISIONS	R	3,066	952	250	33	934	46	1,026	265	856	608
DIVISION 0—AGRICULTURE, LIVESTOCK, FORESTRY, FISHING AND HUNTING . . .	R	512	51	48	1	179	8	202	30	83	12
DIVISION 1—MINING AND QUARRYING . . .	R	20	2	...	...	20	...	...	2	...	...
DIVISION 2 & 3—MANUFACTURING . . .	R	99	...	2	...	40	...	25	...	32	...
DIVISION 4—CONSTRUCTION . . .	R	250	46	8	...	19	...	133	46	90	...
DIVISION 6—TRADE AND COMMERCE . . .	R	641	339	182	28	25	1	247	132	187	178
DIVISION 7—TRANSPORT, STORAGE AND COMMUNICATIONS . . .	R	228	1	...	...	218	...	10	1	...	...
DIVISION 8—SERVICES . . .	R	1,151	441	10	4	433	37	301	43	407	357
DIVISION 9—ACTIVITIES NOT ADEQUATELY DESCRIBED . . .	R	165	72	...	...	...	...	108	11	57	61
6 TADPATRI TALUK (Rural)											
ALL DIVISIONS	R	4,865	1,539	237	45	1,390	139	1,988	505	1,250	850
DIVISION 0—AGRICULTURE, LIVESTOCK, FORESTRY, FISHING AND HUNTING . . .	R	886	270	102	25	115	30	464	35	205	180
DIVISION 1—MINING AND QUARRYING . . .	R	72	11	2	...	67	9	3	2	...	...
DIVISION 2 & 3—MANUFACTURING . . .	R	123	58	...	...	88	41	17	15	18	2
DIVISION 4—CONSTRUCTION . . .	R	585	24	9	...	146	...	335	12	95	12
DIVISION 5—ELECTRICITY, GAS, WATER AND SANITARY SERVICES . . .	R	18	...	...	...	18	...	...	...	...	...
DIVISION 6—TRADE AND COMMERCE . . .	R	890	424	90	18	25	1	532	245	243	160
DIVISION 7—TRANSPORT, STORAGE, AND COMMUNICATIONS . . .	R	115	...	1	...	111	...	3	...	...	...
DIVISION 8—SERVICES . . .	R	2,156	743	33	2	820	58	624	187	679	496
DIVISION 9—ACTIVITIES NOT ADEQUATELY DESCRIBED . . .	R	20	9	...	...	...	...	10	9	10	...

TABLE B-IV Part B—contd.

**INDUSTRIAL CLASSIFICATION BY SEX AND CLASS OF WORKER OF PERSONS AT WORK IN NON-HOUSEHOLD
INDUSTRY, TRADE, BUSINESS, PROFESSION OR SERVICE**

Branch of Industry Division and Major Group of Indian Standard Industrial Classification (1)	Total Urban (2)	Total		Employer		Employee		Single Worker		Family Worker	
		Males (3)	Females (4)	Males (5)	Females (6)	Males (7)	Females (8)	Males (9)	Females (10)	Males (11)	Females (12)
7 DHARMAVARAM TALUK (Rural)											
ALL DIVISIONS	R	5,844	1,475	155	22	1,665	105	2,486	466	1,538	882
DIVISION 0—AGRICULTURE, LIVESTOCK, FORESTRY, FISHING AND HUNTING	R	2,380	335	49	...	435	24	1,340	150	556	161
DIVISION 2 & 3—MANUFACTURING	R	60	20	2	...	46	...	11	13	1	7
DIVISION 4—CONSTRUCTION	R	378	137	13	...	78	20	197	70	90	47
DIVISION 5—ELECTRICITY, GAS, WATER AND SANI- TARY SERVICES	R	27	...	...	...	27	...	...	...	...	...
DIVISION 6—TRADE AND COMMERCE	R	886	388	46	10	41	4	428	191	371	183
DIVISION 7—TRANSPORT, STORAGE AND COMMUNI- CATIONS	R	289	2	...	...	286	2	3	...	...	...
DIVISION 8—SERVICES	R	1,802	578	45	12	752	55	495	29	510	482
DIVISION 9—ACTIVITIES NOT ADEQUATELY DES- CRIBED	R	22	15	...	...	...	...	12	13	10	2
8 KADIRI TALUK (Rural)											
ALL DIVISIONS	R	9,353	2,399	295	32	2,378	247	4,023	620	2,657	1,500
DIVISION 0—AGRICULTURE, LIVESTOCK, FORESTRY, FISHING AND HUNTING	R	3,474	396	92	17	566	26	2,029	253	787	100
DIVISION 2 & 3—MANUFACTURING	R	95	3	4	...	57	3	17	...	17	...
DIVISION 4—CONSTRUCTION	R	588	136	11	3	266	107	263	10	48	16
DIVISION 5—ELECTRICITY, GAS, WATER AND SANI- TARY SERVICES	R	16	...	...	...	16	...	...	...	...	...
DIVISION 6—TRADE AND COMMERCE	R	1,737	627	95	11	27	3	948	317	667	296
DIVISION 7—TRANSPORT, STORAGE AND COMMUNI- CATIONS	R	222	12	...	...	209	5	1	...	12	7
DIVISION 8—SERVICES	R	3,189	1,210	93	1	1,237	103	738	25	1,121	1,081
DIVISION 9—ACTIVITIES NOT ADEQUATELY DES- CRIBED	R	32	15	...	...	...	...	27	15	5	...

(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)
		9	PENUKONDA TALUK (<i>Rural</i>)								
ALL DIVISIONS	R	6,587	1,594	251	28	1,521	114	3,190	465	1,625	987
DIVISION 0—AGRICULTURE, LIVESTOCK, FORESTRY, FISHING AND HUNTING	R	2,449	196	54	1	400	18	1,552	130	443	47
DIVISION 2 & 3—MANUFACTURING	R	102	5	...	...	16	3	85	2	1	...
DIVISION 4—CONSTRUCTION	R	493	40	8	...	33	4	342	10	110	26
DIVISION 5—ELECTRICITY, GAS, WATER AND SANI- TARY SERVICES	R	20	...	...	...	20	...	...	...	...	...
DIVISION 6—TRADE AND COMMERCE	R	1,277	461	106	18	34	3	740	234	397	206
DIVISION 7—TRANSPORT, STORAGE AND COMMUNI- CATIONS	R	189	1	4	...	178	...	5	1	2	...
DIVISION 8—SERVICES	R	2,027	883	79	9	840	86	436	83	672	705
DIVISION 9—ACTIVITIES NOT ADEQUATELY DES- CRIBED	R	30	8	...	...	...	...	30	5	...	3
		10	HINDUPUR TALUK (<i>Rural</i>)								
ALL DIVISIONS	R	7,147	1,838	161	13	1,898	152	2,911	691	2,177	982
DIVISION 0—AGRICULTURE, LIVESTOCK, FORESTRY, FISHING AND HUNTING	R	2,919	483	6	3	537	23	1,437	292	939	165
DIVISION 1—MINING AND QUARRYING	R	3	...	...	...	...	...	3	...	...	...
DIVISION 2 & 3—MANUFACTURING	R	66	11	...	...	31	...	34	8	1	3
DIVISION 4—CONSTRUCTION	R	331	23	10	...	84	22	171	1	66	...
DIVISION 5—ELECTRICITY, GAS, WATER AND SANI- TARY SERVICES	R	53	...	...	...	53	...	...	...	...	...
DIVISION 6—TRADE AND COMMERCE	R	1,227	386	96	8	23	6	618	174	490	198
DIVISION 7—TRANSPORT, STORAGE AND COMMUNI- CATIONS	R	121	...	...	...	115	...	6	...	...	...
DIVISION 8—SERVICES	R	2,245	777	49	2	1,055	101	470	81	671	593
DIVISION 9—ACTIVITIES NOT ADEQUATELY DES- CRIBED	R	182	158	...	...	...	...	172	135	10	23
		11	MADAKASIRA TALUK (<i>Rural</i>)								
ALL DIVISIONS	R	6,543	1,477	75	7	1,378	108	3,280	771	1,810	591
DIVISION 0—AGRICULTURE, LIVESTOCK, FORESTRY, FISHING AND HUNTING	R	3,498	490	29	3	461	12	2,095	363	913	112
DIVISION 1—MINING AND QUARRYING	R	4	...	...	...	...	...	3	...	1	...
DIVISION 2 & 3—MANUFACTURING	R	44	5	2	...	10	...	25	4	7	1

TABLE B-IV Part B *concl'd.*

**INDUSTRIAL CLASSIFICATION BY SEX AND CLASS OF WORKER OF PERSONS AT WORK IN NON-HOUSEHOLD
INDUSTRY, TRADE, BUSINESS, PROFESSION OR SERVICE**

Branch of Industry Division and Major Group of Indian Standard Industrial Classification (1)	Total Urban (2)	Total		Employer		Employee		Single Worker		Family Worker	
		Males	Females	Males	Females	Males	Females	Males	Females	Males	Females
		(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)
11 MADAKASIRA TALUK (<i>Rural</i>)- <i>concl'd.</i>											
DIVISION 4—CONSTRUCTION	R	163	33	9	...	50	25	88	8	16	...
DIVISION 5—ELECTRICITY, GAS, WATER AND SANI- TARY SERVICES	R	1	...	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	...
DIVISION 6—TRADE AND COMMERCE	R	1,086	475	20	3	15	1	579	268	472	203
DIVISION 7—TRANSPORT, STORAGE AND COMMUNI- CATIONS	R	88	...	...	...	79	...	9	...	...	...
DIVISION 8—SERVICES	R	1,564	408	15	1	762	70	398	73	389	264
DIVISION 9—ACTIVITIES NOT ADEQUATELY DES- CRIBED	R	95	66	...	...	...	...	83	55	12	11

TABLE B-IV

INDUSTRIAL CLASSIFICATION BY SEX AND OF PERSONS AT WORK

[Note : Minor Groups having less than 1 0/10 of workers of the respective Division (Less than 0.5 0/10 in case of Minor Groups of Division 2 & 3)]

Branch of Industry Division, Major Group and Minor Group of Indian Standard Industrial Classification (1)	Total		
	Total		
	Persons (2)	Males (3)	Females (4)
ANANTAPUR			
ALL DIVISIONS	220,908	170,812	50,096
* DIVISION 0—AGRICULTURE, LIVESTOCK, FORESTRY, FISHING AND HUNTING	35,560	31,010	4,550
Major Group 00—Field produce and Plantation crops	1,683	1,552	131
Minor Group 006—Production of fruits and nuts in plantation, vines and orchards	356	322	34
Minor Group 008—Production of juice by tapping palms	892	865	27
Major Group 01—Plantation Crops	175	167	8
Major Group 02—Forestry and Logging	207	153	54
Major Group 03—Fishing	110	90	20
Major Group 04—Livestock and Hunting	33,385	29,048	4,337
Minor Group 040—Production and rearing of livestock (large heads only) mainly for milk and animal power such as cow, buffalo, goat	19,744	16,034	3,710
Minor Group 041—Rearing of sheep and production of wool	12,637	12,285	352
Minor Group 042—Rearing and production of other animals (mainly for slaughter) such as pig	899	682	217
* DIVISION 1—MINING AND QUARRYING	1,506	1,238	268
Major Group 10—Mining and Quarrying	1,506	1,238	268
Minor Group 100—Mining of coal	96	96	...
Minor Group 101—Mining of iron ores	266	105	161
Minor Group 102—Mining of gold and silver ores	250	250	...
Minor Group 103—Mining of Manganese	397	397	...
Minor Group 105—Mining of other non-ferrous metallic ores	46	46	...
Minor Group 106—Mining of crude petroleum and natural gas	53	53	...
Minor Group 107—Quarrying of stone (including slate), clay, sand, gravel, limestone	297	190	107
Minor Group 108—Mining of chemical earth such as soda ash	51	51	...
Minor Group 109—Mining and quarrying of non-metallic products not classified above such as precious and semi-precious stones, asbestos, gypsum, sulphur, asphalt	50	50	...
* DIVISION 2 & 3—MANUFACTURING	71,100	48,959	22,141
Major Group 20—Foodstuffs	4,974	2,791	2,183
Minor Group 200—Production of rice, atta, flour etc., by milling dehussing and processing of crops and food grains	675	530	145
Minor Group 206—Production of butter, ghee, cheese and other dairy products	2,035	425	1,610
Minor Group 207—Production of edible fats and oils (other than hydrogenated oil)	1,348	1,107	241
Minor Group 209—Production of other food products such as sweetmeat and condiments, muri, Murki, chira, khoi, cocoa, chocolate, toffee, lozenge	701	536	165
Major Group 21—Beverages	384	363	21
Major Group 22—Tobacco products	1,684	1,197	487
Minor Group 220—Manufacture of bidi	1,629	1,161	468
Major Group 23—Textile-cotton	23,485	11,973	11,512
Minor Group 231—Cotton spinning (other than in mills)	5,388	1,548	3,840
Minor Group 235—Cotton weaving in handlooms	17,597	10,030	7,567
Major Group 24—Textile-jute	417	278	139
Minor Group 244—Manufacture of other products like rope, cordage from jute and similar fibre such as hemp, mesta	404	275	129
Major Group 25—Textile-wool	4,109	2,151	1,958
Minor Group 253—Wool spinning (other than in mills)	1,366	321	1,045
Minor Group 255—Wool weaving in handlooms	2,407	1,716	691
Major Group 26—Textile-silk	3,098	1,931	1,167

Part C

DIVISIONS, MAJOR GROUPS AND MINOR GROUPS
OTHER THAN CULTIVATION

have not been shown in this Table but have been shown in the Appendix to this Table. Divisions thus affected are marked with an asterisk (*).

Workers			Workers at Household Industry				Workers in Non-Household Industry etc.,				Branch of Industry Division, Major Group and Minor Group of Indian Standard Industrial Classification (1)
Urban			Total		Urban		Total		Urban		
Persons (5)	Males (6)	Females (7)	Males (8)	Females (9)	Males (10)	Females (11)	Males (12)	Females (13)	Males (14)	Females (15)	
DISTRICT											
86,073	68,104	17,969	52,061	22,648	13,185	8,028	118,751	27,448	54,919	9,941	ALL DIVISIONS
1,008	766	242	10,903	1,757	525	101	20,107	2,793	241	141	DIVISION 0 *
283	241	42	780	28	...	2	772	103	241	40	Major Group 00
48	41	7	1	...	...	...	321	34	41	7	Minor Group 006
1	...	1	769	26	...	...	96	1	...	1	Minor Group 008
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	167	8	...	...	Major Group 01
10	...	10	...	...	...	...	153	54	...	10	Major Group 02
3	...	3	...	...	...	...	90	20	...	3	Major Group 03
712	525	187	10,123	1,729	525	99	18,925	2,608	...	88	Major Group 04
554	381	173	6,799	1,513	381	93	9,235	2,197	...	80	Minor Group 040
121	119	2	3,069	101	119	2	9,216	251	...	...	Minor Group 041
34	25	9	240	67	25	3	442	150	...	6	Minor Group 042
1,288	1,048	240	...	...	...	...	1,238	268	1,048	240	DIVISION 1 *
1,288	1,048	240	...	...	...	...	1,238	268	1,048	240	Major Group 10
96	96	...	...	...	...	...	96	...	96	...	Minor Group 100
266	105	161	...	...	...	...	105	161	105	161	Minor Group 101
250	250	...	...	...	...	...	250	...	250	...	Minor Group 102
397	397	...	...	...	...	...	397	...	397	...	Minor Group 103
46	46	...	...	...	...	...	46	...	46	...	Minor Group 105
53	53	...	...	...	...	...	53	...	53	...	Minor Group 106
79	...	79	...	...	...	...	190	107	...	79	Minor Group 107
51	51	...	...	...	...	...	51	...	51	...	Minor Group 108
50	50	...	...	...	...	...	50	...	50	...	Minor Group 109
28,376	19,391	8,985	41,158	20,891	12,660	7,927	7,801	1,250	6,731	1,058	DIVISION 2 & 3 *
3,055	1,928	1,127	1,314	1,839	751	858	1,477	344	1,177	269	Major Group 20
452	386	66	105	72	12	...	425	73	374	66	Minor Group 200
1,037	292	745	411	1,606	278	741	14	4	14	4	Minor Group 206
759	612	147	355	48	99	22	752	193	513	125	Minor Group 207
636	486	150	312	97	262	82	224	68	224	68	Minor Group 209
285	271	14	256	19	185	12	107	2	86	2	Major Group 21
1,386	938	448	956	437	738	407	241	50	200	41	Major Group 22
1,352	923	429	955	426	738	396	206	42	185	33	Minor Group 220
11,598	5,999	5,599	10,835	11,032	4,934	5,126	1,138	480	1,065	473	Major Group 23
2,065	894	1,171	793	3,519	139	850	755	321	755	321	Minor Group 231
9,390	4,991	4,399	9,828	7,439	4,791	4,271	202	128	200	128	Minor Group 235
69	39	30	242	130	31	28	36	9	8	2	Major Group 24
66	36	30	242	121	31	28	33	8	5	2	Minor Group 244
104	51	53	2,144	1,958	45	53	7	...	6	...	Major Group 25
...	...	...	321	1,045	...	...	...	...	...	...	Minor Group 253
98	45	53	1,715	691	45	53	1	...	...	...	Minor Group 255
1,831	1,101	730	1,775	1,074	949	637	156	93	152	93	Major Group 26

TABLE B-IV

INDUSTRIAL CLASSIFICATION BY SEX AND OF PERSONS AT WORK

[Note : Minor Groups having less than 1 % of workers of the respective Division (Less than 0.5 % in case of Minor Groups of Division 2 & 3)]

Branch of Industry Division, Major Group and Minor group of Indian Standard Industrial Classification (1)	Total		
	Total		
	Persons (2)	Males (3)	Females (4)

ANANTAPUR			
Minor Group 264—Weaving of silk textile by handlooms	2,572	1,799	773
Major Group 27—Textile - miscellaneous	6,963	6,573	390
Minor Group 273—Making of textile garments including raincoats and headgear	6,798	6,439	359
Major Group 28—Manufacture of wood and wooden products	8,469	6,105	2,364
Minor Group 281—Manufacture of wooden furniture and fixtures	457	457	...
Minor Group 288—Manufacture of materials from cork, bamboo, cane, leaves and other allied products	4,553	2,248	2,305
Minor Group 289—Manufacture of other wood and allied products not covered above	3,025	2,984	41
Major Group 29—Paper and paper products	46	33	13
Major Group 30—Printing and publishing	214	211	3
Major Group 31—Leather and leather products	4,573	4,502	71
Minor Group 311—Manufacture of shoes and other leather footwear	3,840	3,786	54
Major Group 32—Rubber, Petroleum and coal products	58	58	...
Major Group 33—Chemicals and chemical products	170	125	45
Major Group 34-35—Non-Metallic Mineral Products other than Petroleum and Coal	5,452	3,941	1,511
Minor Group 340—Manufacture of structural clay products such as bricks, tiles	446	314	132
Minor Group 342—Manufacture of lime	1,662	1,005	657
Minor Group 343—Manufacture of structural stone goods, stone dressing and stone crushing	510	453	57
Minor Group 350—Manufacture of earthenware and earthen pottery	2,805	2,144	661
Major Group 36—Basic Metals and their products except machinery and transport equipment	2,651	2,591	60
Minor Group 369—Manufacture of sundry hardwares such as G. I. pipe, wire net, bolt, screw, bucket, cutlery (This will also include the manufacture of sundry ferrous engineering products done by jobbing engineering concerns which cannot be classified in major groups 36, 37, 38 and 39)	2,185	2,132	53
Major Group 37—Machinery (All kinds other than Transport) and Electrical equipment	64	62	2
Major Group 38—Transport equipment	605	603	2
Major Group 39—Miscellaneous Manufacturing Industries	3,684	3,471	213
Minor Group 393—Manufacture of jewellery, silverware and wares using gold and other precious metals	2,975	2,910	65
Minor Group 399—Manufacture and repair work of goods not assignable to any other group	603	460	143
* DIVISION 4—CONSTRUCTION	12,003	9,514	2,489
Major Group 40—Construction	12,003	9,514	2,489
Minor Group 400—Construction and maintenance of buildings including erection, flooring, decorative constructions, electrical and sanitary installations	8,980	7,520	1,460
Minor Group 401—Construction and maintenance of roads, railways, bridges, tunnels	722	574	148
Minor Group 403—Construction and maintenance of water ways and water reservoirs such as bund, embankments, dam, canal, tank, tubewells, wells	2,252	1,409	843
* DIVISION 5—ELECTRICITY, GAS, WATER AND SANITARY SERVICES	1,210	1,208	2
Major Group 50—Electricity and Gas	1,150	1,148	2
Minor Group 500—Generation and transmission of electric energy	37	37	...
Minor Group 501—Distribution of electric energy	1,112	1,110	2
Major Group 51—Water supply and sanitary services	60	60	...
Minor Group 510—Collection, purification and distribution of water to domestic and industrial consumers	21	21	...
Minor Group 511—Garbage and sewage disposal, operation of drainage system and all other types of work connected with public health and sanitation	39	39	...
* DIVISION 6—TRADE AND COMMERCE	32,184	25,280	6,904
Major Group 60-63—Wholesale trade	1,024	1,007	17

Part C—contd.

DIVISIONS, MAJOR GROUPS AND MINOR GROUPS
OTHER THAN CULTIVATION

have not been shown in this Table but have been shown in the Appendix to this Table. Divisions thus affected are marked with an asterisk (*)]

Workers			Workers at Household Industry				Workers in Non-Household Industry etc.,				Branch of Industry Division, Major Group and Minor Group of Indian Standard Industrial Classification (1)
Urban			Total		Urban		Total		Urban		
Persons (5)	Males (6)	Females (7)	Males (8)	Females (9)	Males (10)	Females (11)	Males (12)	Females (13)	Males (14)	Females (15)	
DISTRICT—contd.											
1,518	981	537	1,763	753	949	517	36	20	32	20	Minor Group 264
2,769	2,631	138	5,449	350	1,513	101	1,124	40	1,118	37	Major Group 27
2,708	2,576	132	5,350	320	1,491	96	1,089	39	1,085	36	Minor Group 273
2,540	2,037	503	5,357	2,351	1,311	491	748	13	726	12	Major Group 28
438	438	...	315	...	296	...	142	...	142	...	Minor Group 281
952	473	479	2,229	2,294	454	468	19	11	19	11	Minor Group 288
818	811	7	2,664	41	493	7	320	...	318	...	Minor Group 289
42	31	11	31	13	29	11	2	...	2	...	Major Group 29
204	201	3	2	1	2	1	209	2	199	2	Major Group 30
295	291	4	4,407	64	205	2	95	7	86	2	Major Group 31
206	204	2	3,751	54	171	2	35	...	33	...	Minor Group 311
55	55	...	1	...	1	...	57	...	54	...	Major Group 32
85	61	24	76	37	36	24	49	8	25	...	Major Group 33
661	480	181	3,301	1,379	304	101	640	132	176	80	Major Group 34-35
237	158	79	212	72	57	19	102	60	101	60	Minor Group 340
160	106	54	925	642	72	44	80	15	34	10	Minor Group 342
44	36	8	9	2	8	...	444	55	28	8	Minor Group 343
197	161	36	2,144	661	161	36	...	...	...	...	Minor Group 350
1,003	993	10	2,099	52	526	3	492	8	467	7	Major Group 36
682	678	4	1,869	50	417	2	263	3	261	2	Minor Group 369
59	59	...	9	...	8	...	53	2	51	...	Major Group 37
529	527	2	198	...	147	...	405	2	380	2	Major Group 38
1,806	1,698	108	2,706	155	945	72	765	58	753	36	Major Group 39
1,208	1,198	10	2,601	62	889	7	309	3	309	3	Minor Group 393
506	408	98	82	88	40	65	378	55	368	33	Minor Group 399
3,694	3,055	639	...	...	...	...	9,514	2,489	3,055	639	DIVISION 4*
3,694	3,055	639	...	...	...	...	9,514	2,489	3,055	639	Major Group 40
3,623	3,055	568	...	...	...	...	7,520	1,460	3,055	568	Minor Group 400
52	...	52	...	...	...	...	574	148	...	52	Minor Group 401
19	...	19	...	...	...	...	1,409	843	...	19	Minor Group 403
1,023	1,021	2	...	...	...	...	1,208	2	1,021	2	DIVISION 5*
979	977	2	...	...	...	...	1,148	2	977	2	Major Group 50
37	37	...	...	...	...	...	37	...	37	...	Minor Group 500
941	939	2	...	...	...	...	1,110	2	939	2	Minor Group 501
44	44	...	...	...	...	...	60	...	44	...	Major Group 51
5	5	...	...	...	...	...	21	...	5	...	Minor Group 510
39	39	...	...	...	...	...	39	...	39	...	Minor Group 511
15,663	13,520	2,143	...	...	...	...	25,280	6,904	13,520	2,143	DIVISION 6*
823	811	12	...	...	...	...	1,007	17	811	12	Major Group 60-63

TABLE B-IV

INDUSTRIAL CLASSIFICATION BY SEX AND OF PERSONS AT WORK

[Note : Minor Groups having less than 1⁰/₁₀ of workers of the respective Division (Less than 0.5⁰/₁₀ in case of Minor Groups of Division 2 & 3)

Branch of Industry Division, Major Group and Minor Group of Indian Standard Industrial Classification (1)	Total		
	Total		
	Persons (2)	Males (3)	Females (4)
ANANTAPUR			
Major Group 64—Retail trade	30,279	23,416	6,863
Minor Group 640—Retail trading in cereals, pulses, vegetables, fruits, sugar, spices, oil, fish, dairy products, eggs, poultry	13,352	10,092	3,260
Minor Group 641—Retail trading in beverages such as tea (leaf) coffee (seed and powder) aerated water	825	724	101
Minor Group 642—Retail trading in intoxicants such as wines, liquors	347	294	53
Minor Group 644—Retail trading in tobacco, bidi, cigarettes and other tobacco products	762	599	163
Minor Group 645—Retail trading in fuel such as coke, coal, firewood and kerosene	1,069	551	518
Minor Group 646—Retail trading in foodstuffs like sweetmeat, condiments, cakes, biscuits, etc.	1,232	777	455
Minor Group 650—Retail trading in fibres, yarns, dhoti, saree, ready made garments of cotton wool, silk and other textiles and hosiery products ; (this includes retail trading in piecegoods of cotton, wool, silk and other textiles)	2,430	2,400	30
Minor Group 689—Retail trading in goods unspecified	7,926	6,024	1,902
Major Group 69—Trade and Commerce, miscellaneous	881	857	24
Minor Group 695—Banking and similar type of financial operation	369	368	1
* DIVISION 7—TRANSPORT, STORAGE AND COMMUNICATIONS	11,640	11,478	162
Major Group 70—Transport	10,423	10,268	155
Minor Group 700—Transporting by railways	6,569	6,448	121
Minor Group 701—Transporting by tramway and bus services	1,079	1,075	4
Minor Group 702—Transporting by motor vehicles (other than omnibus)	1,188	1,185	3
Minor Group 703—Transporting by road through other means of transport such as hackney carriage bullock cart, ekka	1,181	1,157	24
Minor Group 705—Transporting by man such as carrying of luggage, hand-cart driving, rickshaw pulling, cycle rickshaw driving	347	344	3
Major Group 72—Storage and Ware Housing	5	5	...
Major Group 73—Communications	1,212	1,205	7
Minor Group 730—Postal, telegraphic, wireless and signal communications	1,153	1,146	7
* DIVISION 8—SERVICES	48,494	37,618	10,876
Major Group 80—Public Services (This does not include Government, Quasi-Government or local body activities, other than administrative, in such fields as transport, communications, information and broadcasting, education and scientific services, health, industries, production, construction, marketing and operation of financial institution each of which is classified in the appropriate industrial groups)	11,495	11,090	405
Minor Group 803—Public services in Police	1,828	1,816	12
Minor Group 805—Public services in administrative departments and offices of Quasi-Government organisations, municipalities, local boards, etc.	2,410	2,078	332
Minor Group 809—Public services in administrative departments and offices of State Governments	6,984	6,925	59
Major Group 81—Educational and Scientific Services	6,122	5,197	925
Minor Group 811—Educational services such as those rendered by colleges, schools and similar other institutions of non-technical type	5,809	4,893	916
Major Group 82—Medical and Health Services	1,906	1,505	401
Minor Group 820—Public Health and medical services rendered by organisations and individuals such as by hospitals, sanatoria, nursing homes, maternity and child welfare clinics as also by hakim, unani, ayurvedic, allopathic and homeopathic practitioners	1,768	1,367	401
Major Group 83—Religious and Welfare Services	1,140	1,055	85
Minor Group 831—Religious and allied services rendered by pandit, priest, preceptor, fakir, monk	1,107	1,051	56
Major Group 84—Legal Services	297	297	...
Major Group 85—Business Services	90	90	...
Major Group 86—Community Services and Trade and Labour Associations	321	305	16

Part C—*contd.*DIVISIONS, MAJOR GROUPS AND MINOR GROUPS
OTHER THAN CULTIVATION

have not been shown in this Table but have been shown in the Appendix to this Table. Divisions thus affected are marked with an asterisk (*)]

Workers			Workers at Household Industry				Workers in Non-Household Industry etc.,				Branch of Industry Division, Major Group and Minor Group of Indian Standard Industrial Classification	
Urban			Total		Urban		Total		Urban		(1)	
Persons (5)	Males (6)	Females (7)	Males (8)	Females (9)	Males (10)	Females (11)	Males (12)	Females (13)	Males (14)	Females (15)		
DISTRICT—contd.												
14,096	11,980	2,116	...	...	...	...	23,416	6,863	11,980	2,116	Major Group 64-68
6,128	5,107	1,021	...	...	...	...	10,092	3,260	5,107	1,021	Minor Group 640
193	190	3	...	...	...	...	724	101	190	3	Minor Group 641
109	103	6	...	...	...	...	294	53	103	6	Minor Group 642
544	452	92	...	...	...	...	599	163	452	92	Minor Group 644
732	442	290	...	...	...	...	551	518	442	290	Minor Group 645
705	474	231	...	...	...	...	777	455	474	231	Minor Group 646
1,669	1,648	21	...	...	...	...	2,400	30	1,648	21	Minor Group 650
2,344	2,074	270	...	...	...	...	6,024	1,902	2,074	270	Minor Group 689
744	729	15	...	...	...	...	857	24	729	15	Major Group 69
351	350	1	...	...	...	...	368	1	350	1	Minor Group 695
9,881	9,746	135	...	...	...	...	11,478	162	9,746	135	DIVISION 7 *
9,331	9,200	131	...	...	...	...	10,268	155	9,200	131	Major Group 70-71
5,790	5,671	119	...	...	...	...	6,448	121	5,671	119	Minor Group 700
953	950	3	...	...	...	...	1,075	4	950	3	Minor Group 701
1,110	1,107	3	...	...	...	...	1,185	3	1,107	3	Minor Group 702
1,089	1,086	3	...	...	...	...	1,157	24	1,086	3	Minor Group 703
344	341	3	...	...	...	...	344	3	341	3	Minor Group 705
5	5	...	...	...	...	...	5	...	5	...	Major Group 72
545	541	4	...	...	...	...	1,205	7	541	4	Major Group 73
487	483	4	...	...	...	...	1,146	7	483	4	Minor Group 730
19,221	15,908	3,313	...	...	...	...	37,618	10,876	15,908	3,313	DIVISION 8 *
6,654	6,318	336	...	...	...	...	11,090	405	6,318	336	Major Group 80
1,420	1,408	12	...	...	...	...	1,816	12	1,408	12	Minor Group 803
1,580	1,293	287	...	...	...	...	2,078	332	1,293	287	Minor Group 805
3,456	3,421	35	...	...	...	...	6,925	59	3,421	35	Minor Group 809
2,691	2,019	672	...	...	...	...	5,197	925	2,019	672	Major Group 81
2,517	1,847	670	...	...	...	...	4,893	916	1,847	670	Minor Group 811
1,026	806	220	...	...	...	...	1,505	401	806	220	Major Group 82
951	731	220	...	...	...	...	1,367	401	731	220	Minor Group 820
399	356	43	...	...	...	...	1,055	85	356	43	Major Group 83
366	352	14	...	...	...	...	1,051	56	352	14	Minor Group 831
292	292	...	...	...	...	...	297	...	292	...	Major Group 84
86	86	...	...	...	...	...	90	...	86	...	Major Group 85
316	300	16	...	...	...	...	305	16	300	16	Major Group 86

TABLE B-IV

INDUSTRIAL CLASSIFICATION BY SEX AND OF PERSONS AT WORK

[Note: Minor Groups having less than 1⁰/₀ of workers of the respective Division (Less than 5⁰/₀ in case of Minor Groups of Division 2 & 3)]

Branch of Industry Division, Major Group and Minor Group of Indian Standard Industrial Classification (1)	Total		
	Total		
	Persons (2)	Males (3)	Females (4)
ANANTAPUR			
Major Group 87—Recreation Services	862	680	182
Minor Group 872—Recreation services rendered by organisations and individuals such as those of theatres, opera companies, ballet and dancing parties, musicians, exhibitions, circus, carnivals	536	370	166
Major Group 88—Personal Services	25,593	16,857	8,736
Minor Group 880—Services rendered to households such as those by domestic servants, cooks	2,393	1,328	1,065
Minor Group 882—Services rendered by hotels, boarding houses, eating houses, cafes, restaurants and similar other organisations to provide lodging and boarding facilities	3,090	2,862	228
Minor Group 883—Laundry services rendered by organisations and individuals, this includes all types of cleaning, dyeing, bleaching, dry cleaning, services	15,683	8,404	7,279
Minor Group 884—Hair dressing, other services rendered by organisations and individuals such as those by barber, hairdressing saloon and beauty shops	3,942	3,942	...
Major Group 89—Services (not elsewhere classified)	668	542	126
Minor Group 890—Services rendered by organisations or individuals not elsewhere classified	668	542	126
DIVISION 9—ACTIVITIES NOT ADEQUATELY DESCRIBED	7,211	4,507	2,704
Major Group 90—Activities unspecified and not adequately described	7,211	4,507	2,704
Minor Group 900—Activities unspecified and not adequately described including activities of such individuals who fail to provide sufficient information about their Industrial affiliation to enable them to be classified	7,211	4,507	2,704

Part C—concl'd.**DIVISIONS, MAJOR GROUPS AND MINOR GROUPS
OTHER THAN CULTIVATION**

have not been shown in this Table but have been shown in the Appendix to this table. Divisions thus affected are marked with an asterisk (*)]

Workers			Workers at Household Industry				Workers in Non-Household Industry etc.,				Branch of Industry Division, Major Group and Minor Group of Indian Standard Industrial Classification	
Urban			Total		Urban		Total		Urban			
Persons (5)	Males (6)	Females (7)	Males (8)	Females (9)	Males (10)	Females (11)	Males (12)	Females (13)	Males (14)	Females (15)	(1)	
DISTRICT—concl'd.												
401	372	29	...	...	...	...	680	182	372	29	Major Group 87	
119	95	24	...	...	...	...	370	166	95	24	Minor Group 872	
6,836	4,931	1,905	...	...	...	...	16,857	8,736	4,931	1,905	Major Group 88	
1,288	491	797	...	...	...	...	1,328	1,065	491	797	Minor Group 880	
2,244	2,142	102	...	...	...	...	2,862	228	2,142	102	Minor Group 882	
2,203	1,217	986	...	...	...	...	8,404	7,279	1,217	986	Minor Group 883	
906	906	...	...	...	...	...	3,942	...	906	...	Minor Group 884	
520	428	92	...	...	...	...	542	126	428	92	Major Group 89	
520	428	92	...	...	...	...	542	126	428	92	Minor Group 890	
5,919	3,649	2,270	...	...	...	...	4,507	2,704	3,649	2,270	DIVISION 9	
5,919	3,649	2,270	...	...	...	...	4,507	2,704	3,649	2,270	Major Group 90	
5,919	3,649	2,270	...	...	...	...	4,507	2,704	3,649	2,270	Minor Group 900	

APPENDIX TO TABLE B.IV Part C

Statement showing particulars of Workers under Minor Groups accounting for less than 1% of the Workers in the concerned Divisions, (less than 0.5% in the case of the Minor Groups under Division 2 & 3) who have not been included in the main Table

(1)	Minor Group of Indian Standard Industrial Classification	Workers at Household Industry				Workers in Non-Household Industry, etc.			
		Total		Urban		Total		Urban	
		Males	Females	Males	Females	Males	Females	Males	Females
		(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)
005	Production of other crops (including vegetables) not covered above	9	...	...	...	284	36	200	24
007	Production of wood, bamboo, cane reeds, thatching grass, etc.	...	...	...	...	...	4	...	4
009	Production of other agricultural produce (including fruits and nuts not covered by code number 006 and flowers) not covered above	1	2	...	2	71	28	...	4
013	Production of tobacco in plantation	...	...	...	...	6	...	...	...
015	Production of other plantation crops not covered above	...	...	...	...	161	8	...	...
020	Planting, replanting and conservation of forests	...	...	...	...	39	...	...	...
021	Felling and cutting of trees and transportation of logs	...	...	...	...	74	12	...	1
023	Production of fuel including charcoal by exploitation of forests	...	...	...	...	4	22	...	2
024	Production of fodder by exploitation of forests	...	...	...	...	...	4	...	4
025	Production of gums, resins, lac, barks, herbs, wild fruits and leaves by the exploitation of forests	...	...	...	...	33	15	...	2
026	Production and gathering of other forest products not covered above	...	...	...	...	3	1	...	1
031	Production of fish by fishing in inland waters including the operation of fish farms and fish hatcheries	...	...	...	...	90	20	...	3
043	Production of ducks, hens and other small birds, eggs by rearing and poultry farming	10	12	...	...	10	6	...	...
045	Rearing of silk worms and production of cocoons and raw silk	3	1	...	...	3	2	...	...
046	Rearing of other small animals and insects	2	23	...	...	...	...	...	...
047	Trapping of animals or games propagation	...	...	...	...	18	...	...	...
048	Production of other animal husbandry products such as skin, bone, ivory and teeth	...	12	...	1	1	2	...	2
201	Production of sugar and syrup from sugarcane in mills	...	...	...	...	9	...	9	...
202	Production of indigenous sugar, gur from sugar cane or palm juice and production of candy	16	...	...	...	5	...	2	...
203	Production of fruit products such as jam, jelly, sauce and canning and preservation of fruits	...	...	...	...	2	...	1	...
204	Slaughtering, preservation of meat and fish and canning of fish	5	...	2	...	27	4	22	4
205	Production of bread, biscuits, cake and other bakery products	110	16	98	13	16	2	16	2
208	Production of hydrogenated oils (Vanaspati)	...	...	...	...	3	...	2	...
210	Production of distilled spirits, wines, liquor from alcoholic malt, fruits and malts in distillery and brewery	1	...	1	...	1	...	1	...
211	Production of country liquor	...	...	...	...	1	...	...	...
212	Production of indigenous liquor such as toddy, liquor from mahua, palm juice	2	...	2	...	25	...	7	...
213	Production of other liquors not covered above	...	...	...	...	2	...	2	...
214	Production of aerated and mineral water	247	19	176	12	42	1	40	1
215	Production of ice	...	...	...	...	1	...	1	...
216	Production of ice cream	2	...	2	...	4	...	4	...
217	Processing of tea in factories	...	...	...	...	4	...	4	...
218	Processing of coffee in curing works	4	...	4	...	27	1	27	1
221	Manufacture of cigars and cheroots	...	2	...	2	12	...	12	...
224	Manufacture of snuff	...	1	...	1	18	7	2	7
225	Manufacture of jerda and other chewing tobacco	...	...	...	...	...	1	...	1
226	Manufacture of other tobacco products	1	8	...	8	5	...	1	...
230	Cotton ginning, cleaning, pressing and baling	19	7	...	...	63	25	44	19
232	Cotton spinning and weaving in mills	...	...	...	...	46	1	...	...
233	Cotton dyeing and bleaching	161	61	...	...	42	3	41	3
234	Cotton weaving in powerlooms	...	3	...	3	10	...	10	...
236	Manufacturing of khadi textile in handlooms	21	...	...	...	18	2	13	2
237	Printing of cotton textile	...	3	...	2	...	...	...	...
239	Manufacturing of cotton, cordage, rope and twine	13	...	4	...	2	...	2	...
240	Jute pressing and baling	...	4	...	...	2	...	2	...
241	Jute spinning and weaving	...	5	...	...	...	1	...	...
242	Dyeing and bleaching of jute	...	...	...	...	1	...	1	...
250	Wool baling and pressing	7	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
251	Wool cleaning and processing (scouring)	1	222	...	...	3	...	3	...
252	Wool spinning and weaving in mill	...	...	...	...	3	...	3	...
254	Wool weaving in powerloom	100	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
260	Spinning and weaving of silk textile in mill	...	...	...	...	107	72	107	72
261	Dyeing and bleaching of silk	2	1	...	...	...	...	...	...
262	Spinning of silk other than in mills	10	320	...	120	5	...	5	...
263	Weaving of silk textile by powerloom	5	1	5	1

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Minor Group of Indian Standard Industrial Classification		Workers at Household Industry				Workers in Non-Household Industry, etc.			
		Total		Urban		Total		Urban	
		Males	Females	Males	Females	Males	Females	Males	Females
(0)	(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)
266	Manufacture of silk cordage, rope and twine	...	...	...	...	3	...	3	...
270	Manufacture of carpet and all other similar type of textile products	44	...	2	...	...	...	...	188
271	Manufacture of hosiery and other knitted fabrics and garments	...	6	...	...	...	...	1	...
272	Embroidery and making of crepe lace and fringes	...	9	...	2	3	...	3	288
274	Manufacture of made up textile goods except wearing apparel such as curtains, pillow cases, bedding materials, mattress, textile bags	54	15	19	3	19	...	17	...
275	Manufacture of waterproof textile products such as oil cloth, tarpaulin	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
276	Manufacture and recovery of all types of fibres for purposes of padding, wadding and upholstery filling	...	...	...	...	3	...	3	...
278	Manufacture of umbrellas	...	...	...	...	5	...	5	...
279	Processing and manufacture of textile products not covered above	1	...	1	...	...	...	4	...
280	Sawing and planing of wood	23	...	10	...	173	...	155	...
282	Manufacture of structural wooden goods (including treated timber) such as beams, posts, doors, windows	100	...	42	...	78	...	78	...
283	Manufacture of wooden industrial goods other than transport equipment such as bobbin and similar equipment and fixtures	5	...	...	...	3	...	3	...
284	Manufacture of other wooden products such as utensils, toys, artwares	18	16	15	16	8	...	8	...
285	Manufacture of veneer and plywood	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
287	Manufacture of boxes and packing cases other than plywood	3	...	1	...	2	...	2	...
291	Manufacture of pulp from wood, rags, wastepaper and other fibres and the conversion of such pulp into any kind of paper and paper board	...	1	...	1	1	...	1	...
292	Manufacture of products, such as paper bags, boxes, cards, envelopes and moulded pulp goods from paper, paper board and pulp	31	12	29	10	1	...	1	...
300	Printing and publishing of newspapers and periodicals	...	...	...	...	16	...	16	...
301	Printing and publishing of books	...	...	...	...	65	...	63	...
302	All other types of printing including lithography, engraving, etching, block making and other work connected with printing industry	...	...	...	...	95	...	88	...
303	All types of binding, stitching, sizing and other allied work connected with binding industry	2	1	2	1	3	...	32	...
310	Currying, tanning and finishing of hides and skins and preparation of finished leather	231	7	31	...	47	...	42	...
312	Manufacture of clothing and wearing apparel (except footwear) made of leather and fur	3	...	1	...	2	...	...	...
313	Manufacture of leather products (except those covered by code Nos. 311, 312), such as leather upholstery, suitcases, pocket books, cigarette and key cases, purses, saddlery, whip and other articles	249	...	...	...	...	...	3	...
314	Repair of shoes and other leather footwear	74	...	2	...	8	...	8	...
315	Repair of all other leather products except footwear	99	3	...	...	...	...	...	...
320	Manufacture of tyres and tubes	1	...	1	...	16	...	18	...
322	Manufacture of rubber goods used for industrial purpose	...	...	...	...	...	...	3	...
323	Manufacture of all kinds of other rubber products from natural or synthetic rubber including rubber raincoat	...	...	...	...	24	...	21	...
324	Production of petroleum, kerosene and other petroleum products in petroleum refineries	...	...	...	...	12	...	12	...
331	Manufacture of dyes, paints, colours and varnishes	...	...	...	...	2	...	2	...
332	Manufacture of fertilizers	...	...	...	...	24	...	2	...
333	Manufacture of ammunition, explosives and fire works	15	2	1	...	...	...	...	...
334	Manufacture of matches	...	...	...	...	2	...	2	...
335	Manufacture of medicines, pharmaceutical preparations, perfumes, cosmetics and other toilet preparations except soap	57	34	32	23	16	...	15	...
336	Manufacture of soap and other washing and cleaning compounds	3	1	3	1	...	...	3	...
338	Manufacture of common salt	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
339	Manufacture of other chemicals and chemical products not covered above (including inedible oils and fats)	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	...
341	Manufacture of cement and cement products	5	1	4	1	2	...	7	...
344	Manufacture of stonewares, other than images	...	...	...	...	...	...	3	...
345	Manufacture of stone images	3	...	...	...	...	...	1	...
353	Manufacture of glass bangles and beads	1	...	...	...	...	...	2	...
356	Manufacture of earthen toys and artwares except those covered by Code No. 355	2	1	2	...	...	...	...	...
360	Manufacture of iron and steel including smelting, refining, rolling, conversion into basic forms such as billets, blooms, tubes, rods	...	...	...	...	...	...	5	...

APPENDIX TO TABLE B-IV Part C—contd.

Statement showing particulars of Workers under Minor Groups accounting for less than 1% of the Workers in the concerned Divisions, (less than 0.5% in the case of the Minor Groups under Division 2 & 3) who have not been included in the main Table

	Minor Group of Indian Standard Industrial Classification (1)	Workers at Household Industry				Workers in Non-Household Industry, etc.			
		Total		Urban		Total		Urban	
		Males	Females	Males	Females	Males	Females	Males	Females
		(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)
361	Manufacture including smelting, refining of non-ferrous metals and alloys in basic forms	...	...	...	...	12	...	7	...
362	Manufacture of armaments	...	1	...	1	1	...	...	...
363	Manufacture of structural steel products such as joist, rail, sheet, plate	...	...	...	...	1	...	1	...
364	Manufacture of iron and steel furniture	7	...	3	...	7	...	7	...
365	Manufacture of brass and bell metal products	21	...	21	...	3	...	3	...
366	Manufacture of aluminium products	1	...	1	...	...	...	...	...
367	Manufacture of metal products (other than of iron, brass, bell metal and aluminium) such as tin can	44	...	23	...	47	...	45	...
368	Enamelling, galvanising, plating (including electroplating) polishing and welding of metal products	157	1	61	...	151	4	138	4
370	Manufacture and assembling of machinery (other than electrical), except textile machinery	1	...	...	...	10	...	8	...
371	Manufacture and assembling of prime mover and boilers, other than electrical equipment, such as diesel engines, road rollers, tractors	...	...	...	...	3	...	3	...
372	Manufacture of machine tools	1	...	1	...	1	2	1	...
373	Manufacture of textile machinery and accessories	7	...	7	...	9	...	9	...
374	Manufacture of heavy electrical machinery and equipment such as motors, generators, transformers	...	...	...	...	9	...	9	...
375	Manufacture of electric lamps and fans	...	...	...	...	2	...	2	...
377	Manufacture of all kinds of battery	...	...	...	...	5	...	5	...
378	Manufacture of electronic equipment such as radio, microphone	...	...	...	...	7	...	7	...
379	Manufacture of electric machinery and apparatus, appliances not specified above	...	...	...	...	7	...	7	...
380	Manufacture, assembly and repairing of locomotives	...	...	...	...	1	...	1	...
381	Manufacture of wagons, coaches, tramways and other rail road equipment other than that covered by Code No. 363	...	...	...	...	1	...	1	...
382	Manufacture and assembling of motor vehicles of all types (excepting motor engines)	...	...	...	...	3	...	2	...
383	Manufacture of motor vehicles engines parts and accessories	...	...	...	...	4	...	4	...
384	Repairing and servicing of motor vehicles	9	...	9	...	219	1	208	1
385	Manufacture of bicycles and tricycles and accessories such as saddle, seat frame, gear	...	...	...	...	2	...	2	...
386	Building and repairing of water transport equipment such as ships, boats and manufacture of marine engines	...	...	...	...	2	...	2	...
387	Manufacture and repair of air transport equipment including aeroplanes, aeroengines	...	...	...	...	1	...	1	...
388	Repairing of bicycles and tricycles	189	...	138	...	150	...	137	...
389	Manufacture of other transport equipment not covered above such as animal drawn and hand drawn vehicles	...	...	...	...	22	1	22	1
390	Manufacture of optical instruments and lenses, ophthalmic goods and photographic equipment and supplies	...	...	...	...	2	...	2	...
392	Assembling and repairing of watches and clocks	19	...	14	...	60	...	58	...
394	Manufacture and tuning of musical instruments	4	...	2	...	8	...	8	...
395	Manufacture of stationery articles not covered elsewhere such as pencil, pen-holder, fountain pen	...	5	...	...	1	...	1	...
396	Manufacture of sports goods	...	...	...	...	7	...	7	...
402	Construction and maintenance of telegraph and telephone lines	...	...	...	...	11	38	...	...
502	Manufacture of gas in gas works and distribution to domestic and industrial consumers	...	...	...	...	1	...	1	...
600	Wholesale trading in cereals and pulses	...	...	...	...	188	2	110	1
601	Wholesale trading in vegetables, fruits, sugar, spices, oil, fish, dairy products, eggs, poultry and other food stuff (not covered elsewhere)	...	...	...	...	285	5	241	2
602	Wholesale trading in all kinds of fabrics, and textiles products such as garments, hessian, gunny bag, silk and woollen yarn, shirtings, suitings, hosiery products	...	...	...	...	160	1	157	1
603	Wholesale trading in beverages, such as tea (leaf), coffee (seed and powder), aerated water	...	...	...	...	7	...	7	...
606	Wholesale trading in tobacco, bidi, cigarettes and other tobacco products.	...	...	...	...	22	1	19	1
607	Wholesale trading in animals	...	...	...	...	9	...	4	...
611	Wholesale trading in fuel and lighting products such as coke, coal, kerosene, candle	...	...	...	...	11	7	11	7

APPENDIX TO TABLE B-IV Part C-contd.

Statement showing particulars of Workers under Minor Groups accounting for less than 1% of the Workers in the concerned Divisions, (less than 0.5% in the case of the Minor Groups under Division 2 & 3) who have not been included in the main Table

Minor Group of Indian Standard Industrial Classification (1)	Workers at Household Industry				Workers in Non-Household Industry, etc.			
	Total		Urban		Total		Urban	
	Males	Females	Males	Females	Males	Females	Males	Females
	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)
612 Wholesale trading in toilets, perfumery and cosmetics	2	...	2	...
614 Wholesale trading in wooden, steel and other metallic furniture and fittings	1	...	1	...
615 Wholesale trading in footwear	3	...	3	...
616 Wholesale trading in tyres, tubes and allied rubber products	3	...	3	...
617 Wholesale trading in petrol, mobil oil and allied products	15	...	14	...
620 Wholesale trading in bricks, tiles and other building materials	2	...	2	...
621 Wholesale trading in wood, bamboo, cane, thatches and similar products	12	...	11	...
630 Wholesale trading in paper and other stationery goods	3	...	3	...
631 Wholesale trading in agricultural and industrial machinery equipment and tools and appliances other than electrical	8	...	8	...
632 Wholesale trading in electrical machinery and equipment like motor, battery electric fan, bulb	1	...	1	...
633 Wholesale trading in all kinds of transport and storage equipment	23	...	23	...
634 Wholesale trading in skins, leather and fur	11	...	5	...
635 Wholesale trading in clocks, eye glasses, frames	1	...	1	...
636 Wholesale trading in hardware and sanitary equipment	3	...	3	...
639 Wholesale trading in all goods not covered above	237	1	182	...
643 Retail trading in other intoxicants such as opium, ganja, etc.	2	...	2	...
647 Retail trading in animals	229	2	67	1
648 Retail trading in straw and fodder	60	259	55	132
651 Retail trading in toilet goods, perfumes and cosmetics	107	37	64	7
652 Retail trading in medicines and chemicals	84	9	79	4
653 Retail trading in footwear, headgear such as hat, umbrella, shoes and chappals	37	...	37	...
654 Retail trading in tyres, tubes and allied rubber products	7	...	5	...
655 Retail trading in petrol, mobil oil and allied products	84	2	84	2
660 Retail trading in wooden, steel and other metallic furniture and fittings	31	...	30	...
661 Retail trading in stationery goods and paper	134	8	103	1
662 Retail trading in metal, porcelain and glass utensils	130	8	101	6
663 Retail trading in earthenware and earthen toys	8	22	6	2
664 Retail trading in other household equipment not covered above	17	2	14	...
670 Retail trading in bricks, tiles and other building materials	16	4	15	3
671 Retail trading in hardware and sanitary equipment	123	...	123	...
672 Retail trading in wood, bamboo, cane, bark and thatches	176	...	146	...
673 Retail trading in other building materials	10	...	10	...
680 Retail trading in agricultural and industrial machinery equipment, tools and appliances	16	1	14	...
681 Retail trading in transport and storage equipments	38	5	37	5
682 Retail trading in electrical goods like electric fan, bulb, etc.	33	...	32	...
683 Retail trading in skins, leather and furs and their products excluding footwear and headgear	288	7	163	4
684 Retail trading in clock and watch, eye glass, frame	18	...	18	...
685 Retail trading in scientific, medical and surgical instruments	1	...	...	...
686 Retail trading in precious stones and jewellery	230	15	232	15
687 Retail trading in musical instruments, gramophone record, pictures and paintings including curio dealing	15	...	15	...
688 Book-selling	41	...	38	...
690 Importing and exporting of goods and commodities	44	...	44	...
693 Providents and insurances	72	1	62	1
694 Money lending (indigenous)	216	22	127	13
696 Auctioneering	10	...	3	...
697 Distribution of motion pictures	56	...	56	...
699 All other activities connected with trade and commerce not covered above, including hiring out of durable goods such as electric fan, microphone, rickshaw, etc.	91	...	87	...
704 Transporting by animals such as horse, elephant, mule, camel	59	...	45	...
720 Operation of storage such as ware-houses	5	...	5	...
731 Telephone communication	51	...	50	...
732 Information and Broadcasting	8	...	8	...
804 Public services in administrative departments and offices of Central Government	271	2	196	2
810 Educational services such as those rendered by technical colleges, technical schools and similar technical and vocational institutions	301	9	169	2

APPENDIX TO TABLE B-IV Part C-concl'd.

Statement showing particulars of Workers under Minor Groups accounting for less than 1% of the Workers in the concerned Divisions, (less than 0.5% in the case of the Minor Groups under Division 2 & 3) who have not been included in the main Table

Minor Group of Indian Standard Industrial Classification		Workers at Household Industry				Workers in Non-Household Industry, etc.			
		Total		Urban		Total		Urban	
		Males	Females	Males	Females	Males	Females	Males	Females
		(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)
(1)									
812	Scientific services and research institutions not capable of classification under any individual group	...	...	...	...	3	...	3	...
821	Veterinary services rendered by organisations and individuals	...	...	...	...	138	...	75	...
830	Religious services rendered by religious organisations and their establishments maintained for worship or promotion of religious activities, this includes missions, ashrams and other allied organisations	...	...	...	...	...	28	...	28
832	Welfare services rendered by organisations operating on a non-profit basis for the promotion of welfare of the community such as relief societies, Red-Cross organisation for the collection and allocation of contributions for charity	...	...	...	...	4	1	4	1
840	Legal services rendered by barrister, advocate, solicitor, mukteer, pleader, mukurie, munshi	...	...	...	...	293	...	288	...
841	Matrimonial services rendered by organisations and individuals	...	...	...	...	4	...	4	...
850	Engineering services rendered by professional organisations or individuals	...	...	...	...	8	...	6	...
851	Business services rendered by organisations of accountants, auditors, book-keepers or like individuals	...	...	...	...	18	...	18	...
852	Business services rendered by professional organisations or individuals such as those of advertising and publicity agencies	...	...	...	...	4	...	3	...
853	Business services rendered by professional organisations or individuals such as of those rendered by news agency, newspaper correspondent, columnists, journalists, editors, authors	...	...	...	...	60	...	59	...
860	Services rendered by trade associations, chambers of commerce, trade unions and similar other organisations	...	...	...	...	233	14	233	14
861	Services rendered by civic, social, cultural, political and fraternal organisations such as rate payers association, club, library	...	...	...	...	55	2	54	2
862	Community Services such as those rendered by public libraries, museums, botanical and zoological gardens, etc.	...	...	...	...	17	...	13	...
870	Production of motion picture and allied services such as processing editing, etc.	...	...	...	...	15	...	15	...
871	Recreation services rendered by cinema houses by exhibition of motion pictures	...	...	...	...	293	16	260	5
873	Recreation services rendered by indoor and outdoor sports by organisations and individuals including horse, motor, etc., racing	...	...	...	...	2	...	2	...
881	Services rendered to households such as those by governess, tutor, private secretary	...	...	...	...	317	164	173	20
885	Services rendered by portrait and commercial photographic studios	...	...	...	...	4	...	2	...

TABLE B-V

OCCUPATIONAL CLASSIFICATION BY SEX OF PERSONS AT WORK OTHER THAN CULTIVATION

This Table shows, for the Total and Urban Population, the Occupational Classification of persons working in non-Agricultural occupations. The data is presented first for the Division followed by the Occupational Groups in the order of the National Classification of Occupations. Under each Group the detailed Occupational Families are shown. Occupational Fami-

lies, accounting for less than 1% of the Workers of the respective Division (less than 0.5% in case of Families under Division 7-8) are not given in this Table but given separately in the Appendix to this Table. The particulars for the district are given down to Occupational Family, while the taluk-wise particulars are given upto Division only.

TABLE B.V

OCCUPATIONAL CLASSIFICATION BY SEX OF PERSONS AT WORK OTHER THAN CULTIVATION

[Note: Occupational Families accounting for less than 10% of the Workers of the respective Division (less than 0.5% of the Families under Division 7-8) have not been shown in this Table but shown in the Appendix to this Table. Divisions thus affected are marked with an asterisk (*)]

Occupational Division, Group & Families / Industrial Category	Total Workers						
	Total			Total			
	Persons (1)	Males (2)	Females (3)	Persons (4)	Males (5)	Females (6)	Persons (7)
ANANTAPUR DISTRICT							
Family 001—Civil Engineers (including Overseers)							
Total	172	1	172	129	1	129	...
V	1	1	...	1	1	...	...
VI	69	69	...	26	26	...	...
VIII	7	7	...	7	7	...	...
IX	95	95	...	95	95	...	...
Group 01—Chemists, Physicists, Geologists and other Physical Scientists							
Total	69	58	11	31	31	...	...
IV	56	45	11	20	20	...	...
V	6	6	...	4	4	...	...
IX	7	7	...	7	7	...	...
ANANTAPUR DISTRICT—contd.							
Family 049—Medical and Health Technicians, not elsewhere classified (excluding Laboratory Assistants—see 091)							
Total	130	115	15	103	92	11	...
V	1	...	1	1	...	1	...
VIII	30	30	...	30	30	...	...
IX	99	85	14	72	62	10	...
Group 05—Teachers							
Total	5,548	4,696	852	2,180	1,558	622	...
VIII	6	4	2	6	4	2	...
IX	5,542	4,692	850	2,174	1,554	620	...
Family 050—Teachers, University							
Total	123	117	6	122	116	6	...
IX	123	117	6	122	116	6	...
Family 051—Teachers, Secondary Schools							
Total	882	790	92	581	491	90	...
IX	882	790	92	581	491	90	...
Family 052—Teachers, Middle and Primary Schools							
Total	3,025	2,527	498	779	463	316	...
IX	3,025	2,527	498	779	463	316	...
Family 059—Teachers, not elsewhere classified							
Total	1,465	1,212	253	694	486	208	...
VIII	6	4	2	6	4	2	...
IX	1,459	1,208	251	688	482	206	...
Group 06—Jurists							
Total	261	261	...	256	256	...	...
V	2	2	...	2	2	...	...
IX	259	259	...	254	254	...	...

TABLE B.V—contd.

OCCUPATIONAL CLASSIFICATION BY SEX OF PERSONS AT WORK OTHER THAN CULTIVATION

[Note : Occupational Families accounting for less than 1% of the Workers of the respective Division (less than 0.5 % in case of Families under Division 7-8) have not been shown in this Table but shown in the Appendix to this Table. Divisions thus affected are marked with an asterisk (*)]

Occupational Division, Group & Families / Industrial Category (1)	Total Workers					
	Total			Urban		
	Persons (2)	Males (3)	Females (4)	Persons (5)	Males (6)	Females (7)

ANANTAPUR DISTRICT—contd.

Family 0X0—Ordained Religious Workers

Total	124	108	16	124	108	16
IX	124	108	16	124	108	16

Family 0X1—Non-Ordained Religious Workers

Total	896	839	57	171	155	16
IX	896	839	57	171	155	16

* DIVISION 1—ADMINISTRATIVE, EXECUTIVE AND MANAGERIAL WORKERS

Total	6,834	6,644	190	2,320	2,267	53
III	19	17	2	19	17	2
V	214	207	7	202	196	6
VI	495	491	4	234	234	...
VII	90	90	...	89	89	...
VIII	264	262	2	254	252	2
IX	5,752	5,577	175	1,522	1,479	43

Group 10—Administrators and Executive Officials, Government

Total	4,500	4,445	55	763	750	13
VI	4	4	...	4	4	...
VIII	27	27	...	27	27	...
IX	4,469	4,414	55	732	719	13

Family 100—Administrators and Executive Officials, Central Government

Total	105	105	...	71	71	...
VIII	25	25	...	25	25	...
IX	80	80	...	46	46	...

Family 101—Administrators and Executive Officials, State Government

Total	553	544	9	441	434	7
VI	4	4	...	4	4	...
VIII	2	2	...	2	2	...
IX	547	538	9	435	428	7

ANANTAPUR DISTRICT—contd.

* DIVISION 2—CLERICAL AND RELATED WORKERS

Total	7,957	7,837	120	7,161	7,060	101
III	28	28	...	28	28	...
V	356	355	1	356	355	1
VI	105	105	...	32	32	...
VII	1,265	1,263	2	1,265	1,263	2
VIII	1,260	1,252	8	1,253	1,245	8
IX	4,943	4,834	109	4,227	4,137	90

Group 20—Book-keepers and Cashiers

Total	838	853	5	848	843	5
V	109	108	1	109	108	1
VI	1	1	...	1	1	...
VII	428	426	2	428	426	2
VIII	68	68	...	68	68	...
IX	252	250	2	242	240	2

Family 200—Book-keepers, Book-keeping and Accounts Clerks

Total	692	689	3	684	681	3
V	103	102	1	103	102	1
VI	1	1	...	1	1	...
VII	354	352	2	354	352	2
VIII	47	47	...	47	47	...
IX	187	187	...	179	179	...

Family 201—Cashiers

Total	121	119	2	119	117	2
V	4	4	...	4	4	...
VII	74	74	...	74	74	...
VIII	5	5	...	5	5	...
IX	38	36	2	36	34	2

Group 21—Stenographers and Typists

Total	208	204	4	197	193	4
V	4	4	...	4	4	...
VI	2	2	...	1	1	...

(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)
Family 102—Administrators and Executive Officials, Local Bodies						
Total	300	284	16	85	81	4
IX	300	284	16	85	81	4
Family 104—Village Officials						
Total	3,488	3,458	30	163	161	2
IX	3,488	3,458	30	163	161	2
Group 11—Directors and Managers, Wholesale and Retail Trade						
Total	43	43	...	42	42	...
VII	43	43	...	42	42	...
Group 12—Directors, Managers and Working Proprietors, Financial Institutions						
Total	50	50	...	50	50	...
VII	47	47	...	47	47	...
IX	3	3	...	3	3	...
Group 13—Directors, Managers and Working Proprietors, Other						
Total	2,241	2,106	135	1,465	1,425	40
III	19	17	2	19	17	2
V	214	207	7	202	196	6
VI	491	487	4	230	230	...
VIII	237	235	2	227	225	2
IX	1,280	1,160	120	787	757	30
Family 131—Directors, Managers and Working Proprietors, Construction						
Total	491	487	4	230	230	...
VI	491	487	4	230	230	...
Family 133—Directors, Managers and Working Proprietors, Manufacturing						
Total	214	207	7	202	196	6
V	214	207	7	202	196	6
Family 134—Directors, Managers and Working Proprietors, Transport and Communication						
Total	237	235	2	227	225	2
VIII	237	235	2	227	225	2
Family 135—Directors, Managers and Working Proprietors, Recreation, Entertainment and Catering Services						
Total	1,175	1,055	120	683	653	30
IX	1,175	1,055	120	683	653	30
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)
Family 211—Typists						
Total	175	172	3	165	162	3
V	4	4	...	4	4	...
VI	2	2	...	1	1	...
VII	2	2	...	2	2	...
VIII	18	17	1	18	17	1
IX	149	147	2	140	138	2
Group 22—Office Machine Operators						
Total	17	17	...	2	2	...
VIII	2	2	...	2	2	...
IX	15	15	...	...	...	...
Group 28—Clerical Workers, Miscellaneous						
Total	4,071	4,048	23	3,823	3,800	23
III	25	25	...	25	25	...
V	205	205	...	205	205	...
VI	37	37	...	14	14	...
VII	699	699	...	699	699	...
VIII	874	871	3	870	867	3
IX	2,231	2,211	20	2,010	1,990	20
Family 280—General and other Ministerial Assistants and Clerks						
Total	3,302	3,481	21	3,314	3,293	21
III	18	18	...	18	18	...
V	170	170	...	170	170	...
VI	23	23	...	6	6	...
VII	597	597	...	597	597	...
VIII	816	813	3	813	810	3
IX	1,878	1,860	18	1,710	1,692	18
Family 289—Miscellaneous Office Workers including Record keepers, Muharrers, Despatchers, Packers and Binders of office papers						
Total	569	567	2	509	507	2
III	7	7	...	7	7	...
V	35	35	...	35	35	...
VI	14	14	...	8	8	...
VII	102	102	...	102	102	...
VIII	58	58	...	57	57	...
IX	353	351	2	300	298	2
Group 29—Unskilled Office Workers						
Total	2,803	2,715	88	2,291	2,222	69
III	3	3	...	3	3	...
V	38	38	...	38	38	...
VI	65	65	...	16	16	...
VII	132	132	...	132	132	...
VIII	233	230	3	280	277	3
IX	2,282	2,197	85	1,822	1,756	66

TABLE B.V—contd.

OCCUPATIONAL CLASSIFICATION BY SEX OF PERSONS AT WORK OTHER THAN CULTIVATION

[Note : Occupational Families accounting for less than 1% of the Workers of the respective Division (less than 0.5% in case of Families under Division 7-8) have not been shown in this Table but shown in the Appendix to this Table. Divisions thus affected are marked with an asterisk (*)]

Occupational Division, Group & Families / Industrial Category (1)	Total Workers					
	Total			Urban		
	Persons (2)	Males (3)	Females (4)	Persons (5)	Males (6)	Females (7)
ANANTAPUR DISTRICT—contd.						
Family 290—Office attendants including Peons, Messengers, Ushers, Hall porters, Durbans etc., not elsewhere classified						
Total	2,803	2,715	88	2,291	2,222	69
III	3	3	...	3	3	...
V	38	38	...	38	38	...
VI	65	65	...	16	16	...
VII	132	132	...	132	132	...
VIII	283	280	3	280	277	3
IX	2,282	2,197	85	1,822	1,756	66
* DIVISION 3—SALES WORKERS						
Total	30,596	23,740	6,856	14,076	11,981	2,095
V	101	101	...	101	101	...
VII	30,416	23,561	6,855	13,896	11,802	2,094
IX	79	78	1	79	78	1
Group 30—Working Proprietors, Wholesale and Retail Trade						
Total	27,883	21,400	6,483	12,653	10,654	1,999
VII	27,883	21,400	6,483	12,653	10,654	1,999
Family 300—Working Proprietors, Wholesale Trade						
Total	886	872	14	697	688	9
VII	886	872	14	697	688	9
Family 301—Working Proprietors, Retail Trade						
Total	26,997	20,528	6,469	11,956	9,966	1,990
VII	26,997	20,528	6,469	11,956	9,966	1,990
Group 31—Insurance and Real Estate Salesmen, Salesmen of Securities and Services, and Auctioneers						
Total	159	158	1	143	142	1
VII	142	141	1	126	125	1
IX	17	17	...	17	17	...

Occupational Division, Group & Families / Industrial Category (1)	Total Workers					
	Total			Urban		
	Persons (2)	Males (3)	Females (4)	Persons (5)	Males (6)	Females (7)
ANANTAPUR DISTRICT—contd.						
Group 41—Farm Workers						
Total	6,569	6,196	373	537	467	70
III	4,198	3,943	255	370	329	41
IV	2,275	2,175	100	71	60	11
V	13	13	...	13	13	...
IX	83	65	18	83	65	18
Family 411—Farm Workers, Animals, Birds, and Insects Rearing						
Total	5,069	4,789	280	226	204	22
III	3,605	3,388	217	150	139	11
IV	1,457	1,394	63	69	58	11
IX	7	7	...	7	7	...
Family 413—Tappers (Palm, Rubber Trees etc.)						
Total	898	870	28	7	5	2
III	98	96	2	2	...	2
IV	797	771	26	2	2	...
V	3	3	...	3	3	...
Group 42—Hunters and Related Workers						
Total	21	21	...	3	3	...
III	21	21	...	3	3	...
Group 43—Fishermen and Related Workers						
Total	152	133	19	45	43	2
III	152	133	19	45	43	2
Group 44—Loggers and Other Forestry Workers						
Total	546	439	107	349	286	63
III	212	165	47	15	12	3
V	4	4	...	4	4	...
IX	330	270	60	330	270	60

(1) (2) (3) (4) (5) (6) (7)

Group 32—Commercial Travellers and Manufacturers' Agents

Total : 138 138 ... 136 136 ...
 V : 77 77 ... 77 77 ...
 VII : 61 61 ... 59 59 ...

Group 33—Salesmen, Shop Assistants and Related Workers

Total : 2,216 1,866 350 1,045 963 82
 V : 24 24 ... 24 24 ...
 VII : 2,130 1,781 349 959 878 81
 IX : 62 61 1 62 61 1

Family 330—Salesmen and Shop Assistants, Wholesale and Retail Trade

Total : 968 940 28 641 641 ...
 VII : 968 940 28 641 641 ...

Family 331—Hawkers, Pedlars and Street Vendors

Total : 1,246 924 322 402 320 82
 V : 24 24 ... 24 24 ...
 VII : 1,162 841 321 318 237 81
 IX : 60 59 1 60 59 1

Group 34—Money Lenders and Pawn-Brokers

Total : 200 178 22 99 86 13
 VII : 200 178 22 99 86 13

* DIVISION 4—FARMERS, FISHERMEN, HUNTERS, LOGGERS AND RELATED WORKERS

Total : 36,592 31,975 4,617 2,040 1,731 309
 III : 23,469 20,683 2,786 951 817 134
 IV : 12,658 10,905 1,753 624 527 97
 V : 19 19 ... 19 19 ...
 IX : 446 368 78 446 368 78

Group 40—Farmers and Farm Managers

Total : 29,304 25,186 4,118 1,106 932 174
 III : 18,886 16,421 2,465 518 430 88
 IV : 10,383 8,730 1,653 553 467 86
 V : 2 2 ... 2 2 ...
 IX : 33 33 ... 33 33 ...

Family 404—Farmers and Farm Managers, Animals, Birds and Insects Rearing

Total : 28,805 24,765 4,040 1,005 846 139
 III : 18,422 16,034 2,388 451 377 74
 IV : 10,381 8,729 1,652 552 467 85
 IX : 2 2 ... 2 2 ...

Family 442—Log Fellers and Wood Cutters

Total : 398 324 74 313 250 63
 III : 100 86 14 15 12 3
 V : 4 4 ... 4 4 ...
 IX : 294 234 60 294 234 60

* DIVISION 5—MINERS, QUARRYMEN AND RELATED WORKERS

Total : 219 191 28 ...
 III : 218 190 28 ...
 VI : 1 1 ...

Group 50—Miners and Quarrymen

Total : 218 190 28 ...
 III : 218 190 28 ...

Family 501—Quarrymen

Total : 218 190 28 ...
 III : 218 190 28 ...

Group 51—Well Drillers and Related Workers

Total : 1 1 ...
 VI : 1 1 ...

* DIVISION 6—WORKERS IN TRANSPORT AND COMMUNICATION OCCUPATIONS

Total : 6,310 6,280 30 4,536 4,530 6
 V : 13 13 ... 13 13 ...
 VI : 166 166 ... 2 2 ...
 VII : 11 11 ... 11 11 ...
 VIII : 5,955 5,925 30 4,345 4,339 6
 IX : 165 165 ... 165 165 ...

Group 63—Drivers and Firemen, Railway Engine

Total : 794 794 ... 751 751 ...
 V : 1 1 ... 1 1 ...
 VIII : 792 792 ... 749 749 ...
 IX : 1 1 ... 1 1 ...

Family 630—Drivers

Total : 275 275 ... 259 259 ...
 VIII : 275 275 ... 259 259 ...

Family 631—Firemen

Total : 519 519 ... 492 492 ...
 V : 1 1 ... 1 1 ...
 VIII : 517 517 ... 490 490 ...
 IX : 1 1 ... 1 1 ...

(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)
Family 660—Inspectors, Supervisors, Station Masters and Permanent Way Inspectors						
Total	193	193	...	142	142	...
VIII	193	193	...	142	142	...
Family 662—Signalmen and Pointmen						
Total	297	297	...	240	240	...
VIII	297	297	...	240	240	...
Group 67—Telephone, Telegraph and Related Telecommunication Operators						
Total	97	97	...	74	74	...
VIII	97	97	...	74	74	...
Group 68—Postmen and Messengers						
Total	636	636	...	172	172	...
VIII	636	636	...	172	172	...
Family 680—Postmen						
Total	589	589	...	133	133	...
VIII	589	589	...	133	133	...
Group 69—Workers in Transport and Communication Occupations, not elsewhere classified						
Total	1,561	1,556	5	800	798	2
VIII	1,561	1,556	5	800	798	2
Family 690—Ticket sellers, Ticket Inspectors, including Ushers and Ticket Collectors on moving Transport						
Total	138	136	2	108	106	2
VIII	138	136	2	108	106	2
Family 691—Conductors, Road Transport						
Total	399	399	...	343	343	...
VIII	399	399	...	343	343	...
Family 692—Workers in Transport occupations, not elsewhere classified						
Total	747	747	...	250	250	...
VIII	747	747	...	250	250	...
Family 693—Inspectors, Traffic Controllers and Despatchers, Communication						
Total	241	238	3	67	67	...
VIII	241	238	3	67	67	...
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)
Group 72—Leather Cutters, Lasters and Sewers (Except Gloves and Garments) and Related Workers						
Total	4,280	4,223	57	220	218	2
IV	4,232	4,175	57	176	174	2
V	45	45	...	41	41	...
IX	3	3	...	3	3	...
Family 720—Shoe Makers and Shoe Repairers						
Total	3,924	3,870	54	218	216	2
IV	3,879	3,825	54	175	173	2
V	42	42	...	40	40	...
IX	3	3	...	3	3	...
Group 73—Furnacemen, Rollers, Drawers, Moulders and Related Metal Making and Treating Workers						
Total	2,213	2,160	53	709	705	4
IV	1,920	1,870	50	420	418	2
V	245	242	3	241	239	2
VI	2	2	...	2	2	...
VIII	38	38	...	38	38	...
IX	8	8	...	8	8	...
Family 733—Blacksmiths, Hammersmiths and Forgemmen						
Total	2,202	2,149	53	698	694	4
IV	1,919	1,869	50	419	417	2
V	236	233	3	232	230	2
VI	2	2	...	2	2	...
VIII	38	38	...	38	38	...
IX	7	7	...	7	7	...
Group 74—Precision Instrument Makers, Watch Makers, Jewellers and Related Workers						
Total	3,051	2,984	67	1,277	1,265	12
IV	2,682	2,620	62	910	903	7
V	369	364	5	367	362	5
Family 741—Jewellers, Goldsmiths and Silversmiths						
Total	2,981	2,914	67	1,214	1,202	12
IV	2,663	2,601	62	896	889	7
V	318	313	5	318	313	5
Group 75—Tool Makers, Machinists, Plumbers, Welders, Platers and Related Workers						
Total	2,108	2,092	16	1,806	1,793	13
IV	448	446	2	273	272	1
V	928	916	12	877	867	10
VI	78	78	...	5	5	...
VIII	546	544	2	543	541	2
IX	108	108	...	108	108	...

TABLE B-V-*contd.*

OCCUPATIONAL CLASSIFICATION BY SEX OF PERSONS AT WORK OTHER THAN CULTIVATION

[Note : Occupational Families accounting for less than 1% of the Workers of the respective Division (less than 0.5 % in case of Families under Division 7-8) have not been shown in this Table but shown in the Appendix to this Table. Divisions thus affected are marked with an asterisk (*)]

Occupational Division, Group & Families / Industrial Category (1)	Total Workers					
	Total			Total		
	Persons (2)	Males (3)	Females (4)	Persons (2)	Males (3)	Females (4)
ANANTAPUR DISTRICT- <i>contd.</i>						
<i>Family 753—Mechanics Repairmen (Except Electrical and Precision Instrument Repairmen)</i>						
Total	916	916	...	818	818	...
IV	216	216	...	163	163	...
V	538	538	...	508	508	...
VI	15	15	...	...	...	...
VIII	115	115	...	115	115	...
IX	32	32	...	32	32	...
<i>Group 76—Electricians and Related Electrical and Electronics Workers</i>						
Total	765	765	...	559	559	...
V	30	30	...	30	30	...
VI	53	53	...	29	29	...
VIII	70	70	...	68	68	...
IX	612	612	...	432	432	...
<i>Group 77—Carpenters, Joiners, Cabinet Makers, Coopers and Related Workers</i>						
Total	3,988	3,929	59	1,637	1,633	24
IV	3,187	3,130	57	880	857	23
V	701	699	2	677	676	1
VI	1	1	...	1	1	...
VII	46	46	...	46	46	...
VIII	35	35	...	35	35	...
IX	18	18	...	18	18	...
<i>Family 770—Carpenters, Joiners, Pattern Makers (Wood)</i>						
Total	3,026	3,013	13	1,425	1,418	7
IV	2,453	2,440	13	854	847	7
V	525	525	...	523	523	...
VI	1	1	...	1	1	...
VIII	35	35	...	35	35	...
IX	12	12	...	12	12	...
<i>Family 774—Cart Builders and Wheel Wrights</i>						
Total	495	495	...	8	8	...
IV	487	487	...	...	...	...
V	8	8	...	8	8	...
<i>Group 78—Painters and Paper Hangers</i>						
Total	165	165	...	163	163	...
IV	16	16	...	16	16	...
V	19	19	...	19	19	...
ANANTAPUR DISTRICT- <i>contd.</i>						
<i>Family 811—Potters and Related Clay Formers</i>						
Total	3,223	2,432	791	406	293	113
IV	3,091	2,358	733	275	220	55
V	132	74	58	131	73	58
<i>Group 82—Millers, Bakers, Brewmasters and Related Food and Beverage Workers</i>						
Total	4,532	2,502	2,030	2,568	1,552	1,016
IV	3,431	1,569	1,862	1,808	934	874
V	1,095	927	168	754	612	142
IX	6	6	...	6	6	...
<i>Family 821—Crushers and Pressers, Oil Seeds</i>						
Total	791	686	105	252	192	60
IV	410	355	55	128	99	29
V	381	331	50	124	93	31
<i>Family 822—Dairy Workers (Non-Farm)</i>						
Total	2,034	423	1,611	1,036	290	746
IV	2,018	411	1,607	1,020	278	742
V	16	12	4	16	12	4
<i>Family 829—Millers, Bakers, Brewmasters and Related Food and Beverage Workers, not elsewhere classified</i>						
Total	470	427	43	404	376	28
IV	332	315	17	266	264	2
V	137	111	26	137	111	26
IX	1	1	...	1	1	...
<i>Group 83—Chemical and Related Process Workers</i>						
Total	51	39	12	9	7	2
IV	20	16	4	7	5	2
V	31	23	8	2	2	...

(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)
Group 84—Tobacco Preparers and Products Makers						
Total	1					
VI	43	43	...	1	1	...
VIII	86	86	...	43	43	...
IX			...	84	84	...
Group 79—Bricklayers, Plasterers and Construction Workers, not elsewhere classified						
Total	10,300	8,090	2,210	2,531	2,216	315
III	263	185	78	263	185	78
IV	3	1	2	...	...	...
V	497	446	51	34	30	4
VI	9,536	7,457	2,079	2,233	2,000	233
IX	1	1	...	1	1	...
Family 790—Stone Cutters, Stone Carvers and Stone Dressers						
Total	2,343	1,202	1,141	337	239	98
III	263	185	78	263	185	78
IV	3	1	2	...	...	...
V	494	443	51	31	27	4
VI	1,583	573	1,010	43	27	16
Family 791—Bricklayers, Plasterers, Masons						
Total	5,479	4,931	548	2,028	1,890	138
VI	5,479	4,931	548	2,028	1,890	138
Family 795—Well Diggers						
Total	569	407	162	47	41	6
VI	568	406	162	46	40	6
IX	1	1	...	1	1	...
Family 799—Bricklayers, Plasterers and Construction Workers, not elsewhere classified						
Total	1,892	1,533	359	112	39	73
V	2	...	...	2	2	...
VI	1,890	1,531	359	110	37	73
Group 80—Compositors, Printers, Engravers, Book Binders and Related Workers						
Total	181	176	5	171	166	5
IV	9	6	3	9	6	3
V	171	169	2	161	159	2
IX	1	1	...	1	1	...
Group 81—Potters, Kilnmen, Glass and Clay Formers and Related Workers						
Total	4,865	3,422	1,443	543	381	162
IV	4,667	3,289	1,378	398	296	102
V	194	129	65	141	81	60
IX	4	4	...	4	4	...
Family 810—Furnacemen, Kilnmen and Ovenmen						
Total	1,626	977	649	124	78	46
IV	1,567	925	642	116	72	44
V	59	52	7	8	6	2
Group 85—Craftsmen and Production Process Workers, not elsewhere classified						
Total	5,172	2,690	2,482	1,243	651	592
IV	4,982	2,561	2,421	1,098	540	558
V	190	129	61	145	111	34
Family 842—Cheroot, Cigar and Bidi Makers						
Total	1,587	1,117	470	1,309	878	431
IV	1,384	956	428	1,136	738	398
V	203	161	42	173	140	33
Group 86—Testers, Packers, Sorters and Related Workers						
Total	167	166	1	165	164	1
IV	7	7	...	7	7	...
V	33	32	1	33	32	1
VII	47	47	...	47	47	...
VIII	47	47	...	46	46	...
IX	33	33	...	32	32	...
Group 87—Stationary Engine and Excavating and Lifting Equipment Operators and Related Workers						
Total	547	546	1	355	354	1
V	65	65	...	64	64	...
VI	181	181	...	2	2	...
VIII	259	258	1	253	252	1
IX	42	42	...	36	36	...
Group 89—Labourers, not elsewhere classified						
Total	12,379	8,763	3,616	10,828	7,724	3,104
III	399	232	167	399	232	167
IV	1	...	1	1	...	1
V	759	510	249	710	510	200
VI	1,119	713	406	1,119	713	406
VII	244	202	42	244	202	42
VIII	2,382	2,342	40	2,288	2,248	40
IX	7,475	4,764	2,711	6,067	3,819	2,248
Family 890—Loaders and Unloaders						
Total	2,274	1,766	508	2,193	1,700	493
III	256	123	133	256	123	133
V	199	136	63	184	136	48
VI	221	97	124	221	97	124
VII	82	81	1	82	81	1
VIII	835	822	13	769	756	13
IX	681	507	174	681	507	174

TABLE B.V—contd.

OCCUPATIONAL CLASSIFICATION BY SEX OF PERSONS AT WORK OTHER THAN CULTIVATION

[Note : Occupational Families accounting for less than 1¹/₁₀ of the Workers of the respective Division (less than 0.5% in case of Families under Division 7-8) have not been shown in this Table but shown in the Appendix to this Table. Divisions thus affected are marked with an asterisk (*)]

Occupational Division, Group & Families / Industrial Category (1)	Total Workers					
	Total			Total Workers		
	Persons (2)	Males (3)	Females (4)	Persons (2)	Males (3)	Females (4)
Urban						
Persons Males Females (5) (6) (7)						

ANANTAPUR DISTRICT—contd.

Family 899—Labourers, not elsewhere classified

Total	10,105	6,997	3,108	8,635	6,024	2,611
III	143	109	34	143	109	34
IV	1	...	1	1	...	1
V	560	374	186	526	374	152
VI	898	616	282	898	616	282
VII	162	121	41	162	121	41
VIII	1,547	1,520	27	1,519	1,492	27
IX	6,794	4,257	2,537	5,386	3,312	2,074

ANANTAPUR DISTRICT—contd.

Group 93—Building Care-takers, Cleaners and Related Workers

Total	1,974	1,402	572	1,679	1,165	514
V	27	19	8	27	19	8
VI	57	57	...	...	...	...
VII	6	2	4	6	2	4
VIII	303	243	60	288	231	57
IX	1,581	1,081	500	1,358	913	445

* DIVISION 9—SERVICE, SPORT AND RECREATION WORKERS

Total	28,582	19,404	9,178	9,404	7,080	2,324
III	10	10	...	10	10	...
V	115	104	11	115	104	11
VI	100	100	...	5	5	...
VII	65	60	5	65	60	5
VIII	588	526	62	562	503	59
IX	27,704	18,604	9,100	8,647	6,398	2,249

Group 90—Fire Fighters, Policemen, Guards and Related Workers

Total	2,674	2,659	15	2,135	2,121	14
III	10	10	...	10	10	...
V	86	84	2	86	84	2
VI	43	43	...	5	5	...
VII	57	56	1	57	56	1
VIII	253	253	...	242	242	...
IX	2,225	2,213	12	1,735	1,724	11

Family 901—Police Constables, Investigators and Related Workers

Total	1,758	1,756	2	1,398	1,396	2
VIII	129	129	...	129	129	...
IX	1,629	1,627	2	1,269	1,267	2

(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)
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Family 903—Watchmen and Chowkidars

Total	811	798	13	652	640	12
III	10	10	...	10	10	...
V	85	83	2	85	83	2
VI	43	43	...	5	5	...
VII	57	56	1	57	56	1
VIII	124	124	...	113	113	...
IX	492	482	10	382	373	9

Group 91—House-Keepers, Cooks, Maids and Related Workers

Total	2,730	1,663	1,067	1,500	721	779
V	2	1	1	2	1	1
VII	2	2	...	2	2	...
VIII	16	15	1	16	15	1
IX	2,710	1,645	1,065	1,480	703	777

Family 911—Cooks, Cook-Bearers (Domestic and Institutional)

Total	831	666	165	619	493	126
V	1	1	...	1	1	...
VII	2	2	...	2	2	...
VIII	16	15	1	16	15	1
IX	812	648	164	600	475	125

Family 912—Butlers, Bearers, Waiters, Maids and other servants (Domestic)

Total	1,852	991	861	846	225	621
IX	1,852	991	861	846	225	621

Group 92—Waiters, Bartenders and Related Workers

Total	1,070	1,043	27	847	830	17
VIII	16	15	1	16	15	1
IX	1,054	1,028	26	831	815	16

Family 920—Waiters, Bartenders and Related Workers (Institutional)

Total	1,070	1,043	27	847	830	17
VIII	16	15	1	16	15	1
IX	1,054	1,028	26	831	815	16

Family 950—Laundrymen, Washermen and Dhobies

Total	15,843	8,418	7,425	2,219	1,231	988
IX	15,843	8,418	7,425	2,219	1,231	988

Group 96—Athletes, Sportsmen and Related Workers

Total	27	27	...	27	27	...
IX	27	27	...	27	27	...

Group 97—Photographers and Related Camera Operators

Total	70	70	...	68	68	...
IX	70	70	...	68	68	...

Group 99—Service, Sport and Recreation Workers, not elsewhere classified

Total	307	235	72	78	66	12
IX	307	235	72	78	66	12

Family 999—Service, Sport and Recreation Workers, not elsewhere classified

Total	301	231	70	72	62	10
IX	301	231	70	72	62	10

DIVISION X—WORKERS NOT CLASSIFIABLE BY OCCUPATIONS

Total	52	52	...	51	51	...
IX	52	52	...	51	51	...

Group X8—Workers reporting occupations unidentifiable or unclassifiable

Total	27	27	...	26	26	...
IX	27	27	...	26	26	...

Family X80—Workers reporting occupations unidentifiable or unclassifiable

Total	27	27	...	26	26	...
IX	27	27	...	26	26	...

Group X9—Workers not reporting occupations

Total	25	25	...	25	25	...
IX	25	25	...	25	25	...

Family X90—Workers not reporting occupations

Total	25	25	...	25	25	...
IX	25	25	...	25	25	...

TABLE B-V-contd.

OCCUPATIONAL CLASSIFICATION BY SEX OF PERSONS AT WORK OTHER THAN CULTIVATION

Occupational Division/Industrial Category	TALUKS (RURAL ONLY)											
	Anantapur Taluk			Kalyandrug Taluk			Rayadurg Taluk			Uravakonda Independent Sub-Taluk		
	Persons (2)	Males (3)	Females (4)	Persons (5)	Males (6)	Females (7)	Persons (8)	Males (9)	Females (10)	Persons (11)	Males (12)	Females (13)
ALL DIVISIONS												
Total	18,638	14,035	4,603	12,383	9,252	3,131	8,243	6,207	2,036	5,945	4,494	1,451
III	2,118	1,909	209	1,083	982	101	729	674	55	355	274	81
IV	6,663	4,958	1,705	6,485	4,595	1,890	3,375	2,443	932	2,026	1,565	461
V	268	224	44	28	20	8	141	105	36	134	132	2
VI	3,256	2,278	978	667	496	171	674	540	134	485	357	128
VII	1,990	1,339	651	1,215	77	379	1,147	795	352	946	667	279
VIII	166	164	2	86	77	9	107	107	...	132	132	...
IX	4,177	3,163	1,014	2,440	1,867	573	2,070	1,543	527	1,867	1,367	500
DIVISION 0—PROFESSIONAL, TECHNICAL AND RELATED WORKERS												
Total	845	728	117	469	436	33	363	335	28	293	260	33
IV	17	17	...	...	...	...	7	5	2	4	4	...
V	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
VI	69	69	...	22	22	...	26	26	...	...	...	...
IX	759	642	117	447	414	33	330	304	26	289	256	33
DIVISION 1—ADMINISTRATIVE, EXECUTIVE AND MANAGERIAL WORKERS												
Total	776	760	16	350	339	11	436	418	18	250	244	6
V	1	1	...	3	3	...	1	...	1	...	...	...
VI	117	117	...	3	...	3	95	95	...	9	...	...
VII	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
VIII	...	...	...	1	1	...	...	...	...	1	1	...
IX	658	642	16	343	335	8	340	323	17	240	234	6
DIVISION 2—CLERICAL AND RELATED WORKERS												
Total	116	115	1	59	59	...	99	96	3	37	37	...
VI	12	12	...	...	...	...	53	53	...	...	...	...
VIII	1	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
IX	103	102	1	59	59	...	46	43	3	37	37	...
DIVISION 3—SALES WORKERS												
Total	1,990	1,339	651	1,594	1,215	379	1,147	795	352	946	667	279
VII	1,990	1,339	651	1,594	1,215	379	1,147	795	352	946	667	279

TABLE B-V-*contd.*

OCCUPATIONAL CLASSIFICATION BY SEX OF PERSONS AT WORK OTHER THAN CULTIVATION

Occupational Division/Industrial Category (1)	TALUKS (RURAL ONLY)- <i>Contd.</i>											
	Gooty Taluk			Tadpatri Taluk			Dharmavaram Taluk			Kadiri Taluk		
	Persons (14)	Males (15)	Females (16)	Persons (17)	Males (18)	Females (19)	Persons (20)	Males (21)	Females (22)	Persons (23)	Males (24)	Females (25)
ALL DIVISIONS												
Total	6,348	4,877	1,471	14,118	9,707	4,411	12,298	9,571	2,727	17,413	14,377	3,036
III	585	532	53	1,239	958	281	2,715	2,380	335	3,870	3,474	396
IV	2,330	1,811	519	7,714	4,842	2,872	4,979	3,727	1,252	5,661	5,024	637
V	99	99	...	181	123	58	80	60	20	98	95	3
VI	296	250	46	609	585	24	515	378	137	724	588	136
VII	980	641	339	1,314	890	424	1,274	886	388	2,364	1,737	627
VIII	229	228	1	115	115	...	291	289	2	234	222	12
IX	1,829	1,316	513	2,946	2,194	752	2,444	1,851	593	4,462	3,237	1,225
DIVISION 0—PROFESSIONAL, TECHNICAL AND RELATED WORKERS												
Total	236	219	17	441	400	41	400	371	29	715	623	92
IV	2	2	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
V	...	...	...	1	1	...	1	1	...	...	...	...
VI	...	...	...	...	...	...	9	9	...	...	...	...
VII	...	...	...	...	...	...	390	361	29	715	623	92
IX	234	217	17	440	399	41	...	...	...	...	...	...
DIVISION 1—ADMINISTRATIVE, EXECUTIVE AND MANAGERIAL WORKERS												
Total	253	251	2	392	384	8	376	360	16	686	663	23
V	...	...	...	...	...	...	2	2	...	3	3	...
VI	8	8	...	9	9	...	...	...	...	1	...	1
VII	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
VIII	...	...	...	1	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
VIII	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	2	2	...
IX	245	243	2	382	374	8	374	358	16	680	658	22
DIVISION 2—CLERICAL AND RELATED WORKERS												
Total	6	6	...	74	74	...	63	60	3	75	74	1
VI	...	...	...	...	...	...	8	8	...	...	...	...
VIII	3	3	...	2	2	...	1	1	...	...	...	...
IX	3	3	...	72	72	...	54	51	3	75	74	1
DIVISION 3—SALES WORKERS												
Total	980	641	339	1,314	890	424	1,274	886	388	2,364	1,737	627
VII	980	641	339	1,314	890	424	1,274	886	388	2,364	1,737	627

[illegible]

VISION 5—MINERS, QUARRYMEN AND RELATED WORKERS										
Total	.	.	.	22	20	2	83	72	11	...
III	.	.	.	22	20	2	83	72	11	...
VI	.	.	.	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
VI	.	.	.	...	...	...	...	...	...	...

DIVISION 6—WORKERS IN TRANSPORT AND COMMUNICATION OCCUPATIONS										
	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10
Total	191	190	1	220	220	...	278	276	2	220
VI	...	...	...	122	122	...	...	...	...	...
VII	190	190	1	98	98	...	278	276	2	220
VIII	191	191	...	98	98	...	...	...	...	...

DIVISION 7-8—CRAFTSMEN, PRODUCTION PROCESS WORKERS AND LABOURERS, NOT ELSEWHERE CLASSIFIED															
	.	.	.	2,361	1,797	564	7,598	4,645	2,953	4,879	3,456	1,423	4,790	4,024	70
Total	1,797	446	6,886	4,024	2,862	4,233	2,982	1,251	3,910	3,297	61
IV	.	.	.	1,715	1,269	...	180	122	58	77	57	20	95	92	13
V	.	.	.	99	99	...	476	452	24	488	351	137	723	588	1
VI	.	.	.	288	242	46	476	452	24	488	351	137	723	588	1
VII	.	.	.	14	14	...	11	...	...	11	11	...	9	9	1
VIII	.	.	.	22	22	...	42	33	9	70	55	15	53	38	1
IX	.	.	.	237	165	72	42	33	9	70	55	15	53	38	1

DIVISION 9—SERVICE, SPORT AND RECREATION WORKERS															
Total	.	.	.	1,123	701	422	2,012	1,318	694	1,567	1,037	530	2,942	1,844	1,0
VI	.	.	.	...	...	...	2	2	...	10	10	...	...	...	...
VIII	.	.	.	13	13	...	...	...	...	1	1	...	3	...	...
IX	.	.	.	1,110	688	422	2,010	1,316	694	1,556	1,026	530	2,939	1,844	1,0

DIVISION X—WORKERS NOT CLASSIFIABLE BY OCCUPATION

TABLE B-V—*concl'd.*

OCCUPATIONAL CLASSIFICATION BY SEX OF PERSONS AT WORK OTHER THAN CULTIVATION

Occupational Division/Industrial Category	TALUKS (RURAL ONLY)— <i>concl'd.</i>									
	(1)	Penukonda Taluk			Hindupur Taluk			Madakasira Taluk		
		Persons (26)	Males (27)	Females (28)	Persons (29)	Males (30)	Females (31)	Persons (32)	Males (33)	Females (34)
ALL DIVISIONS										
Total	.	14,067	10,965	3,102	13,408	10,077	3,331	11,974	9,146	2,828
III	.	2,645	2,449	196	3,405	2,922	483	3,992	3,502	490
IV	.	5,886	4,378	1,508	4,423	2,930	1,493	3,954	2,603	1,351
V	.	107	102	5	77	66	11	44	5	5
VI	.	533	493	40	354	331	23	196	163	33
VII	.	1,738	1,277	461	1,613	1,227	386	1,561	1,086	475
VIII	.	190	189	1	121	121	..	88	88	..
IX	.	2,968	2,077	891	3,415	2,480	935	2,134	1,660	474
DIVISION 0—PROFESSIONAL, TECHNICAL AND RELATED WORKERS										
Total	.	518	465	53	602	535	67	446	413	33
IV	.	7	..	7	1	..	1	1	..	1
V
VI	.	9	9	..	1	1	..	..	..	..
IX	.	502	456	46	600	534	66	445	413	32
DIVISION 1—ADMINISTRATIVE, EXECUTIVE AND MANAGERIAL WORKERS										
Total	.	258	242	16	408	391	17	329	325	4
V	2	2	..
VI	10	10	..	9	9	..
VII	1	1	..	..	..	..
VIII	.	4	4	..	1	1	..	..	..	..
IX	.	254	238	16	396	379	17	318	314	4
DIVISION 2—CLERICAL AND RELATED WORKERS										
Total	.	85	81	4	106	101	5	76	74	2
VI
VIII
IX	.	85	81	4	106	101	5	76	74	2
DIVISION 3—SALES WORKERS										
Total	.	1,738	1,277	461	1,612	1,226	386	1,561	1,086	475
VII	.	1,738	1,277	461	1,612	1,226	386	1,561	1,086	475

(1) (26) (27) (28) (29) (30) (31) (32) (33) (34)

DIVISION 4—FARMERS, FISHERMEN, HUNTERS, LOGGERS AND RELATED WORKERS

Total	.	.	.	4,365	3,807	558	3,872	3,160	712	4,498	3,784	714
III	.	.	.	2,645	2,449	196	3,402	2,919	483	3,988	3,498	490
IV	.	.	.	1,720	1,358	362	470	241	229	510	286	224

DIVISION 5—MINERS, QUARRYMEN AND RELATED WORKERS

Total	.	.	.	...	...	...	3	3	...	4	4	...
III	.	.	.	...	...	...	3	3	...	4	4	...
VI	.	.	.	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...

DIVISION 6—WORKERS IN TRANSPORT AND COMMUNICATION OCCUPATIONS

Total	.	.	.	171	170	1	116	116	...	82	82	...
VI	.	.	.	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
VIII	.	.	.	171	170	1	116	116	...	82	82	...

DIVISION 7-8—CRAFTSMEN, PRODUCTION PROCESS WORKERS, AND LABOURERS,
NOT ELSEWHERE CLASSIFIED

Total	.	.	.	4,866	3,674	1,192	4,801	3,346	1,455	3,871	2,641	1,230
IV	.	.	.	4,159	3,020	1,139	3,952	2,689	1,263	3,443	2,317	1,126
V	.	.	.	107	102	5	77	66	11	47	42	5
VI	.	.	.	523	483	40	343	320	23	186	153	33
VIII	.	.	.	15	15	...	3	3	...	6	6	...
IX	.	.	.	62	54	8	426	268	158	189	123	66

DIVISION 9—SERVICE, SPORT AND RECREATION WORKERS

Total	.	.	.	2,066	1,249	817	1,888	1,199	689	1,106	736	370
VI	.	.	.	1	1	...	...	...	...	1	1	...
VIII	.	.	.	...	...	...	1	1	...	...	...	...
IX	.	.	.	2,065	1,248	817	1,887	1,198	689	1,105	735	370

DIVISION X—WORKERS NOT CLASSIFIABLE BY OCCUPATION

Total	.	.	.	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	1	...
IX	.	.	.	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	1	...

APPENDIX TO TABLE B-V

Statement showing the particulars of Workers under Occupational Families accounting for less than 1% of Workers of the respective Divisions (0.5% in the case of the Families under Division 7-8) who have not been included in the main Table

Occupational Family/Industrial Category	Total Workers				
	Total		Urban		
	Males (2)	Females (3)	Males (4)	Females (5)	
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	
ANANTAPUR DISTRICT					
002 Mechanical Engineers					
Total	9	...	6	...	
VI	3	...	...	...
VIII	1	...	1	...	
IX	5	...	5	...	
003 Electrical Engineers					
Total	54	...	54	...	
V	2	...	2	...	
VIII	1	...	1	...	
IX	51	...	51	...	
004 Chemical Engineers					
Total	1	...	1	...	
IX	1	...	1	...	
007 Surveyors					
Total	84	...	69	...	
VI	2	...	...	...
IX	82	...	69	...	
009 Architects, Engineers and Surveyors, not elsewhere classified					
Total	71	...	25	...	
V	1	...	1	...	
VI	44	...	...	...
VIII	12	...	12	...	
IX	14	...	12	...	
010 Chemists except Pharmaceutical Chemists					
Total	4	...	4	...	
IX	4	...	4	...	
011 Pharmaceutical Chemists					
Total	53	11	26	...	
ANANTAPUR DISTRICT-contd.					
040 Nurses					
Total	17	76	15	74	
VIII	...	10	...	10	
IX	17	66	15	64	
044 Vaccinators					
Total	16	2	12	2	
IX	16	2	12	2	
053 Teachers, Nursery and Kindergarten Schools					
Total	50	3	2	2	
IX	50	3	2	2	
060 Judges and Magistrates					
Total	21	...	21	...	
IX	21	...	21	...	
071 Accountants and Auditors					
Total	61	...	59	...	
V	4	...	4	...	
VIII	10	...	10	...	
IX	47	...	45	...	
076 Labour and Social Welfare Workers					
Total	17	5	13	5	
IX	17	5	13	5	
078 Historians, Archaeologists, Political Scientists and Related Workers					
Total	6	...	6	...	
IX	6	...	6	...	
079 Social Scientists and Related Workers, not elsewhere classified					
Total	3	...	3	...	
IX	3	...	3	...	

	(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)
080 Authors										
IV		45	11	20	...					
V		6	...	4	...					
IX		2	...	2	...				1	...
Total									1	...
IX									1	...
081 Editors, Journalists and Related Workers										
Total		1	...	1	...				3	...
IX		1	...	1	...				3	...
082 Translators, Interpreters and Language Specialists										
Total		1	1	1	1				2	...
IX		1	1	1	1				2	...
083 Painters, Decorators and Commercial Artists										
Total		77	...	23	...				2	...
IX		77	...	23	...				2	...
084 Sculptors and Modellers										
Total		29	...	29	...				...	...
IX		29	...	29	...				...	...
087 Dancers and Related Workers										
Total		12	...	7	...				...	...
IX		12	...	7	...				...	...
089 Artists, Writers and Related workers, not elsewhere classified										
Total		78	14	57	13				5	...
VIII		9	...	9	...				5	...
IX		69	14	48	13				...	...
091 Laboratory Assistants										
Total		63	7	63	6				14	...
VIII	1	...	1				2	...
IX		63	6	63	5				12	...
099 Science and Engineering Technicians, not elsewhere classified										
Total				25	...
V				1	...
VIII				7	...
IX				17	...
0X2 Astrologers, Palmists and Related Workers										
Total		9	...	9	...				31	13
IX		9	...	9	...				31	13
0X3 Librarians, Archivists and Related Workers										
Total		86	...	14	...				25	...
IX		86	...	14	...				25	...

APPENDIX TO TABLE B-V-contd.

Statement showing the particulars of Workers under Occupational Families accounting for less than 1% of Workers of the respective Divisions (0.5% in the case of the Families under Division 7-8) who have not been included in the main Table

Occupational Family/Industrial Category (1)	Total Workers				
	Total			Urban	
	Males (2)	Females (3)	Males (4)	Females (5)	
ANANTAPUR DISTRICT-contd.					
OX9 Other Professional, Technical and Related Workers, not elsewhere classified					
Total	3	...	3	...	
IX	3	...	3	...	
103 Administrators and Executive Officials, Quasi-Government					
Total	54	...	3	...	
IX	54	...	3	...	
110 Directors and Managers, Wholesale trade					
Total	18	...	18	...	
VII	18	...	18	...	
111 Directors and Managers, Retail trade					
Total	25	...	24	...	
VII	25	...	24	...	
120 Directors, Managers and Working Proprietors, Banks					
Total	39	...	39	...	
VII	39	...	39	...	
121 Directors, Managers and Working Proprietors, Insurance					
Total	8	...	8	...	
VII	8	...	8	...	
129 Directors, Managers and Working Proprietors, Financial Institutions, not elsewhere classified					
Total	3	...	3	...	
IX	3	...	3	...	
130 Directors, Managers and Working proprietors, Mining, Quarrying and Well Drilling					
Total	17	2	17	2	
III	17	2	17	2	

Occupational Family/Industrial Category (1)	Total Workers				
	Total			Urban	
	Males (2)	Females (3)	Males (4)	Females (5)	
ANANTAPUR DISTRICT-contd.					
320 Commercial Travellers					
Total	67	...	67	...	
V	8	...	8	...	
VII	59	...	59	...	
321 Manufacturers' Agents					
Total	67	...	65	...	
V	65	...	65	...	
VII	2	...	...	...
329 Commercial Travellers and Manufacturers' Agents, not elsewhere classified					
Total	4	...	4	...	
V	4	...	4	...	
339 Salesmen, Shop Assistants and Related Workers, not elsewhere classified					
Total	2	...	2	...	
IX	2	...	2	...	
340 Money Lenders (including indigenous Bankers)					
Total	178	22	178	22	
VII	178	22	178	22	
402 Farm Managers, Inspectors and Overseers					
Total	74	1	74	1	
III	43	...	...	...
IV	...	...	...	...
IX	31	...	31	...	
403 Planters and Plantation Managers					
Total	106	21	106	21	
III	106	21	106	21	

	(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)
132 Directors, Managers and Working Proprietors, Electricity, Gas, Water and Sanitary Services					
Total	28	...	27	...	...
IX	28	...	27	...	...
136 Directors, Managers and Working Proprietors, Other services					
Total	36	...	36	...	...
IX	36	...	36	...	...
139 Directors, Managers and Working Proprietors, not elsewhere classified					
Total	41	...	41	...	...
IX	41	...	41	...	...
202 Ticket Sellers, Ticket Inspectors including Ushers and Ticket Collectors (excluding those on moving Transport)					
Total	45	...	45	...	...
V	2	...	2	...	...
VIII	16	...	16	...	...
IX	27	...	27	...	...
210 Stenographers					
Total	32	1	31	1	...
VII	4	...	4	...	...
VIII	14	1	14	1	...
IX	14	...	13	...	...
220 Computing Clerks and Calculating Machine Operators					
Total	15	...	...	...	...
IX	15	...	...	...	...
221 Punch Card Machine Operators					
Total	2	...	2	...	...
VIII	2	...	2	...	...
310 Agents and Salesmen, Insurance					
Total	42	1	33	1	...
VII	42	1	33	1	...
313 Auctioneers					
Total	7	...	...	...	...
VII	7	...	...	...	...
319 Insurance and Real Estate Salesmen, Salesmen of Securities and Services, and Auctioneers, not elsewhere classified					
Total	109	...	109	...	...
VII	92	...	92	...	...
IX	17	...	17	...	...
409 Farmers and Farm Managers, not elsewhere classified					
Total	241	56	6	1	...
III	238	56	4	1	...
IV	1	...	...	...	...
V	2	...	2	...	...
410 Farm Machinery Operators					
Total	13	...	13	...	...
IX	13	...	13	...	...
412 Gardeners (Malis)					
Total	251	12	197	11	...
III	209	4	155	3	...
V	10	...	10	...	...
IX	32	8	32	8	...
415 Plantation Labourers					
Total	113	17	26	16	...
III	106	17	19	16	...
IX	7	...	7	...	...
419 Farm Workers, not elsewhere classified					
Total	160	36	22	19	...
III	144	15	16	9	...
IV	10	11	...	...	...
IX	6	10	6	10	...
420 Hunters					
Total	6	...	3	...	...
III	6	...	3	...	...
421 Trappers					
Total	8	...	...	...	...
III	8	...	...	...	...
429 Hunters and Related Workers, not elsewhere classified					
Total	7	...	...	...	...
III	7	...	...	...	...
431 Fishermen, Inland and Coastal Waters					
Total	133	19	43	2	...
III	133	19	43	2	...
440 Forest Rangers and Related Workers					
Total	75	...	36	...	...
III	39	...	...	...	...
IX	36	...	36	...	...

APPENDIX TO TABLE B-V-contd.

Statement showing the particulars of Workers under Occupational Families accounting for less than 1% of Workers of the respective Divisions (0.5%) in the case of the Families under Division 7-8) who have not been included in the main Table

	Occupational Family/Industrial Category	Total Workers				
		Total		Urban		
		Males	Females	Males	Females	
	(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	
ANANTAPUR DISTRICT-contd.						
441 Harvesters and Gatherers of Forest products including lac (except logs)						
Total		36	13	...	...
III		36	13	...	...
443 Charcoal Burners and Forest Product Processors						
Total		4	20	...	...
III		4	20	...	...
511 Well Drillers, other than Petroleum and Gas						
Total		1	...	...	...
VI		1	...	...	...
642 Cycle Rickshaw Drivers and Rickshaw Pullers						
Total		14	...	11	...	
VIII		14	...	11	...	
649 Drivers, Road Transport, not elsewhere classified (including Falki and Doli Bearers)						
Total		37	...	37	...	
VIII		30	...	30	...	
IX		7	...	7	...	
650 Conductors						
Total		63	...	53	...	
VIII		63	...	53	...	
661 Traffic Controllers						
Total		18	...	18	...	
VIII		18	...	18	...	
670 Telephone Operators						
Total		38	...	36	...	
VIII		38	...	36	...	
671 Telegraphists and Signallers						
Total		23	...	9	...	
VIII		23	...	9	...	
ANANTAPUR DISTRICT-contd.						
708 Carpet Makers and Finishers						
Total		89	...	47	...	
IV		89	...	47	...	
709 Spinners, Weavers, Knitters, Dyers and Related Workers, not elsewhere classified						
Total		298	145	53	46	
IV		255	133	35	40	
V		43	12	18	6	
711 Hat and Head-Gear Makers						
Total		1	...	1	...	
IV		1	...	1	...	
715 Sewers, Embroiders and Darners, Textile and Fur Products						
Total		4	20	...	3	
IV		2	19	...	2	
V		2	1	...	1	
719 Tailors, Cutters, Furriers and Related Workers, not elsewhere classified						
Total		83	3	49	1	
IV		53	2	19	...	
V		25	1	25	...	
IX		5	...	5	...	
721 Cutters, Lasters, Sewers, Footwear and Related Workers						
Total		45	...	...	...
IV		45	...	...	...
722 Harness and Saddle Makers						
Total		227	...	1	...	
IV		225	...	1	...	
V		2	...	...	...

	(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)
672 Radio Communication and Wireless Operators					
Total	11	...	...	11	...
VIII	11	...	...	11	...
679 Telephone, Telegraph and Related Telecommunication Operators, not elsewhere classified					
Total	25	...	...	18	...
VIII	25	...	...	18	...
681 Messengers (including Dak Peons)					
Total	47	...	...	39	...
VIII	47	...	...	39	...
694 Workers in Communication Occupations, not elsewhere classified					
Total	36	...	...	32	...
VIII	36	...	...	32	...
700 Fibre Preparers, Ginners, Cleaners, Scourers, etc.					
Total	54	240	10	9	...
IV	27	225	...	...	...
V	27	15	10	9	...
701 Blow-room workers and Carders					
Total	2	1	2	1	...
V	2	1	2	1	...
703 Warpers and Sizers					
Total	24	3	13	3	...
IV	11	...	...	...	...
V	13	3	13	3	...
705 Pattern Card Preparers					
Total	1	1	1	1	...
V	1	1	1	1	...
706 Bleachers, Dyers and Finishers (excluding Printers)					
Total	302	100	140	37	...
IV	263	98	102	35	...
V	39	2	38	2	...
707 Knitters and Lace Makers*					
Total	1	6	1	...	...
IV . . . . .	...	6	...	...	...
V	1	...	1	...	...
729 Leather Cutters, Lasters and Sewers (except Gloves and Garments) and Related Workers, not elsewhere classified					
Total	81	3	1	...	...
IV	80	3	...	...	...
V	1	...	1	...	...
730 Furnacemen, Metal					
Total	1	...	1	...	...
IX	1	...	1	...	...
734 Moulders and Coremakers					
Total	7	...	7	...	...
IV	1	...	1	...	...
V	6	...	6	...	...
735 Metal Drawers and Extruders					
Total	1	...	1	...	...
V	1	...	1	...	...
739 Furnacemen, Rollers, Drawers, Moulders and Related Metal Making and Treating Workers, not elsewhere classified					
Total	2	...	2	...	...
V	2	...	2	...	...
740 Precision Instrument Makers, Watch and Clock Makers and Repairmen					
Total	70	...	63	...	...
IV	19	...	14	...	...
V	51	...	49	...	...
750 Fitter-Machinists, Tool-makers and Machine Tool Setters					
Total	77	2	52	...	...
V	32	2	31	...	...
VI	24	...	...	...	...
VIII	9	...	9	...	...
IX	12	...	12	...	...
751 Machine Tool Operators					
Total	61	...	58	...	...
V	28	...	28	...	...
VI	3	...	...	...	...
VIII	16	...	16	...	...
IX	14	...	14	...	...
752 Fitter-Assemblers and Machine Erectors (except Electrical and Precision Instrument Fitter-Assemblers)					
Total	435	1	419	1	...
V	68	...	68	...	...
VI	15	...	2	...	...
VIII	325	1	322	1	...
IX	27	...	27	...	...

APPENDIX TO TABLE B-V-contd.

Statement showing the particulars of Workers under Occupational Families accounting for less than 1% of Workers of the respective Divisions (0.5% in the case of the Families under Division 7-8) who have not been included in the main Table

Occupational Family/Industrial Category	Total Workers				
	Total		Urban		
	(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)
ANANTAPUR DISTRICT-contd.					
754 Sheet Metal Workers					
Total	173	7	146	7	
IV	70	1	45	1	
V	92	6	90	6	
VI	3	1	1	1	
VIII	10	...	10	...	
755 Plumbers and Pipe Fitters					
Total	22	...	19	...	
V	2	...	2	...	
VI	4	...	1	...	
VIII	4	...	4	...	
IX	12	...	12	...	
756 Welders and Flame Cutters					
Total	244	1	133	1	
IV	96	...	...	...
V	125	1	115	1	
VI	5	...	...	...
VIII	7	...	7	...	
IX	11	...	11	...	
757 Metal Plate and Structural Metal Workers					
Total	63	1	63	1	
IV	3	...	3	...	
V	7	...	7	...	
VIII	53	1	51	1	
758 Electro-Platers, Dip Platers and Related Workers					
Total	74	3	74	3	
IV	61	...	61	...	
V	13	3	13	3	
759 Tool-Makers, Machinists, Plumbers, Welders, Platers and Related Workers, not elsewhere classified (including Metal Engravers other than printing)					
Total	27	1	11	...	
IV	...	1	...	...
ANANTAPUR DISTRICT-contd.					
773 Conch and Body Builders					
Total	123	...	...	9	...
IV	113	...	...	...	...
V	10	...	...	9	...
775 Cabinet Makers					
Total	2	...	2	2	...
V	2	...	...	2	...
779 Carpenters, Joiners, Cabinet Makers, Coopers and Related Workers, not elsewhere classified					
Total	130	45	63	17	...
IV	67	44	...	16	...
V	17	1	17	1	...
VII	46	...	46	...	...
780 Painters and Paper Hangers					
Total	165	...	163	...	...
IV	16	...	16	...	...
V	19	...	19	...	...
VI	1	...	1	...	...
VIII	43	...	43	...	...
IX	86	...	86	...	...
793 Cement Finishers and Terrazzo and Mosaic Workers					
Total	11	...	1	...	...
VI	11	...	1	...	...
794 Hut Builders and Thatchers					
Total	6	...	...	6	...
V	1	...	1	...	...
VI	5	...	...	5	...

	(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)
800 Type-setting Machine Operators					
Total		3	...	3	...
V		3	...	3	...
801 Compositors					
Total		52	...	52	...
V		52	...	52	...
802 Proof-Readers and Copy Holders					
Total		1	...	1	...
V		1	...	1	...
803 Printers (Paper)					
Total		62	1	60	1
V		61	1	59	1
IX		1	...	1	...
804 Printers (Textile)					
Total		7	2	7	2
IV	2	...	2
V		7	...	7	...
806 Engravers, Etchers and Block Makers (Printing)					
Total		10	...	3	...
V		10	...	3	...
808 Book Binders					
Total		31	2	30	2
IV		6	1	6	1
V		25	1	24	1
809 Compositors, Printers, Engravers, Book Binders and Related Workers, not elsewhere classified					
Total		10	...	10	...
V		10	...	10	...
812 Blowers and Benders, Glass					
Total		2	...	...	...
IV		1	...	...	...
V		1	...	...	...
814 Grinders, Cutters, Decorators and Finishers					
Total		4	...	4	...
IX		4	...	4	...
760 Electricians, Electrical Repairmen and Related Electrical Workers					
Total		125	...	91	...
V		11	...	11	...
VI		8	...	...	...
VIII		9	...	9	...
IX		97	...	71	...
761 Electrical and Electronics Fitters					
Total		37	...	21	...
V		1	...	1	...
VI		5	...	1	...
VIII		6	...	6	...
IX		25	...	13	...
762 Mechanics, Repairmen, Radio and Television					
Total		11	...	11	...
V		10	...	10	...
IX		1	...	1	...
763 Installers and Repairmen, Telephone and Telegraph					
Total		11	...	...	...
VI		11	...	...	...
764 Linemen and Cable Joiners					
Total		265	...	213	...
VI		20	...	20	...
VIII		27	...	25	...
IX		218	...	168	...
769 Electricians and Related Electrical and Electronics Workers, not elsewhere classified					
Total		316	...	223	...
V		8	...	8	...
VI		9	...	8	...
VIII		28	...	28	...
IX		271	...	179	...
772 Sawyers and Wood Working Machinists					
Total		166	1	133	...
IV		23	...	10	...
V		137	1	117	...
IX		6	...	6	...

APPENDIX TO TABLE B-V—contd.

Statement showing the particulars of Workers under Occupational Families accounting for less than 1% of Workers of the respective Divisions (0.5% in the case of the Families under Division 7-8) who have not been included in the main Table

	Occupational Family/Industrial Category (1)	Total Workers				
		Total			Urban	
		Males (2)	Females (3)	Total	Males (4)	Females (5)

ANANTAPUR DISTRICT—contd.						
815	Pulverisors and Mixers, Cement, Clay and Other Ceramics					
Total	.	5	1	4		1
IV	.	5	1	4		1
819	Potters, Kilnmen, Glass and Clay Formers and Related Workers, not elsewhere classified					
Total	.	2	2	2	2	2
IV	.	...	2	...	...	2
V	.	2	...	2	2	...
820	Millers, Pounders, Huskers and Parchers, Grains and Related Food Workers					
Total	.	371	48	230	29	29
IV	.	105	12	12	12	...
V	.	266	36	218	218	29
823	Khandsari, Sugar and Gur Makers					
Total	.	24	60	5	5	...
IV	.	16	60	...	...	...
V	.	8	...	5	5	...
824	Bakers, Confectioners, Candy and Sweetmeat Makers					
Total	.	225	139	214	136	136
IV	.	109	91	98	88	88
V	.	111	48	111	48	48
IX	.	5	...	5	...	...
825	Makers of Aerated Water and Brewers					
Total	.	285	20	204	13	13
IV	.	248	19	177	12	12
V	.	37	1	27	1	1
826	Food Canners, Preservers and Related Workers					
Total	.	2	...	1	...	...
IV	.	1	...	...	...	...
V	.	1	...	1	...	...

ANANTAPUR DISTRICT—contd.						
853	Tanners, Fellmongers, Pelt Dressers and Related Workers					
Total	.	276	13	71	71	1
IV	.	231	7	31	31	...
V	.	45	6	40	40	1
855	Makers of Musical Instruments and Related Workers					
Total	.	9	...	7	7	...
IV	.	4	...	2	2	...
V	.	5	...	5	5	...
856	Paper Products Makers					
Total	.	23	2	21	21	...
IV	.	23	2	21	21	...
859	Craftsmen and Production Process Workers, not elsewhere classified					
Total	.	119	167	67	117	117
IV	.	74	120	32	92	92
V	.	45	47	35	25	25
860	Checkers, Testers, Sorters, Weighers and Counters					
Total	.	123	...	122	...	...
V	.	18	...	18	...	...
VII	.	47	...	47	...	...
VIII	.	33	...	33	...	...
IX	.	25	...	24	...	...
861	Packers, Labellers and Related Workers					
Total	.	43	1	42	1	1
IV	.	7	...	7	...	...
V	.	14	1	14	1	1
VIII	.	14	...	13	...	...
IX	.	8	...	8	...	...

	(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)
827 Butchers					
Total	31	23	3	3	3
IV	5	2	...	...	...
V	26	21	3	3	3
828 Coffee and Tea Blenders and Related Workers					
Total	28	17	1	1	1
IV	4	4	1	1	1
V	24	13	...	...	...
830 Batch and Continuous Still Operators					
Total	1	...	...	...	...
V	1	...	...	...	...
831 Cookers, Roasters and Other Heat Treaters, Chemical and Related Processes					
Total	4	4	...	...	...
IV	3	3	...	...	...
V	1	1	...	...	...
833 Paper Pulp Preparers					
Total	1	1	2	1	2
IV . . . . .	...	...	2	...	2
V	1	1	...	1	...
839 Chemical and Related Process Workers, not elsewhere classified					
Total	33	10	2	2	...
IV	13	2	2	2	...
V	20	8	...	...	...
840 Curers, Graders and Blenders, Tobacco					
Total	6	2	...	2	...
V	6	2	...	2	...
843 Snuff and Zarda Makers					
Total	21	18	5	18	...
IV . . . . .	...	9	...	9	...
V	21	9	5	9	...
849 Tobacco Preparers and Product Makers, not elsewhere classified					
Total	4	4	...	4	...
V	4	...	...	...	...
851 Tyre Builders, Vulcanisers and Related Rubber Products Makers					
Total	15	...	...	15	...
V	15	...	...	15	...
870 Operators, Stationary Engines and Related Equipment					
Total	102	63	...	63	...
V	33	33	...	33	...
VI	33	...	...	...	...
VIII	19	19	...	19	...
IX	17	11	...	11	...
871 Boilermen and Firemen					
Total	50	49	1	49	1
V	6	5	...	5	...
VIII	40	40	1	40	1
IX	4	4	...	4	...
872 Crane and Hoist Operators					
Total	9	9	...	9	...
V	1	1	...	1	...
VIII	6	6	...	6	...
IX	2	2	...	2	...
873 Riggers and Cable Splicers					
Total	24	1	...	1	...
V	1	1	...	1	...
VI	23	...	...	...	...
874 Operators of Earth-moving and other Construction Machinery, not elsewhere classified					
Total	78	9	...	9	...
VI	69	...	...	...	...
IX	9	9	...	9	...
875 Materials-handling Equipment Operators					
Total	46	...	...	...	...
VI	46	...	...	...	...
876 Oilers and Greasers, Stationary Engines, Motor Vehicles and Related Equipment					
Total	230	216	...	216	...
V	18	18	...	18	...
VI	10	2	...	2	...
VIII	193	187	...	187	...
IX	9	9	...	9	...
879 Stationary Engine and Excavating and Lifting Equipment Operators and Related Workers, not elsewhere classified					
Total	7	7	...	7	...
V	6	6	...	6	...
IX	1	1	...	1	...

APPENDIX TO TABLE B-V—concl'd.

Statement showing the particulars of Workers under Occupational Families accounting for less than 1% of Workers of the respective Divisions (0.5% in the case of the Families under Division 7-8) who have not been included in the main Table

Occupational Family/Industrial Category	Total Workers				
	Total		Urban		
	Males (2)	Females (3)	Males (4)	Females (5)	
(1)					
ANANTAPUR DISTRICT—contd.					
900 Fire Fighters and Related Workers					
Total	45	...	45	...	
V	1	...	1	...	
IX	44	...	44	...	
902 Customs Examiners, Patrollers and Related Workers					
Total	58	...	38	...	
IX	58	...	38	...	
909 Fire Fighters, Policemen, Guards and Related Workers, not elsewhere classified					
Total	2	...	2	...	
IX	2	...	2	...	
910 House-Keepers, Matrons, Stewards (Domestic and Institutional)					
Total	5	8	2	7	
IX	5	8	2	7	
ANANTAPUR DISTRICT—concl'd.					
913 Ayahs, Nursemaids					
Total	1	33	1	25	
V . . . . .	...	1	...	1	
IX	1	32	1	24	
960 Athletes, Sportsmen and Related Workers					
Total	27	...	27	...	
IX	27	...	27	...	
979 Other Photographers					
Total	70	...	68	...	
IX	70	...	68	...	
990 Embalmers and Undertakers					
Total	4	2	4	2	
IX	4	2	4	2	

TABLE B-VI

**OCCUPATIONAL DIVISIONS OF PERSONS AT WORK OTHER THAN CULTIVATION
CLASSIFIED BY SEX, BROAD AGE-GROUPS AND EDUCATIONAL LEVELS**

IN URBAN AREAS ONLY

This Table shows only for the Urban areas in the district the Occupational Divisions of persons at work other than cultivation. The data are presented only upto the Division of the National Classification of Occupations under the four Age-groups 0-14, 15-34, 35-59, 60+, and Age

not stated and further classified according to the educational level. These data are, however, not given for the Rural parts of the district and also not given separately for each of the Urban units in the district.

TABLE B.VI

**OCCUPATIONAL DIVISIONS OF PERSONS AT WORK OTHER THAN CULTIVATION CLASSIFIED
BY SEX, BROAD AGE-GROUPS AND EDUCATIONAL LEVELS IN URBAN AREAS ONLY**

Occupational Division	Age-group	EDUCATIONAL LEVELS														
		Total Workers			Total Literate Workers			Literate (without educational level)			Primary or Junior Basic			Matriculation or Higher Secondary		
		Persons	Males	Females	Males	Females	Males	Females	Males	Females	Males	Females	Males	Females	Males	Females
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)	(13)	(14)	(15)	(16)	(17)
ALL DIVISIONS																
Total		86,073	68,104	17,969	45,733	2,231	19,768	925	15,692	897	7,877	312	158	5	669	23
0-14		4,718	3,042	1,676	1,070	143	730	102	338	41	2	...	...	...	...	...
15-34		43,861	35,628	8,233	25,189	1,423	9,322	517	8,959	572	5,313	255	118	4	459	13
35-59		32,531	25,711	6,820	17,554	629	8,383	280	5,947	274	2,478	57	39	1	206	10
60+		4,949	3,711	1,238	1,913	36	1,332	26	446	10	81	...	1	...	4	...
Age not stated		14	12	2	7	...	1	...	2	...	3	...	...	...	...	...
ANANTAPUR DISTRICT																
Total		4,444	3,547	897	3,470	840	371	57	826	432	1,357	267	91	3	38	18
0-14	
15-34	
35-59	
60+	
Age not stated	
DIVISION 0—PROFESSIONAL, TECHNICAL AND RELATED WORKERS																
Total		2,320	2,267	53	2,145	27	534	7	624	9	646	5	13	...	38	3
0-14	
15-34	
35-59	
60+	
Age not stated	
DIVISION 1—ADMINISTRATIVE, EXECUTIVE AND MANAGERIAL WORKERS																
Total		7,161	7,060	101	6,652	51	1,243	10	2,053	10	2,755	27	22	...	236	1
0-14	
15-34	
35-59	
60+	
Age not stated	
DIVISION 2—CLERICAL AND RELATED WORKERS																
Total		14,076	11,981	2,095	9,385	188	4,271	124	3,668	62	1,221	1	2	1	168	...
0-14	
15-34	
35-59	
60+	
Age not stated	
DIVISION 3—SALES WORKERS																
Total	
0-14	
15-34	
35-59	
60+	
Age not stated	

(1) (2) (3) (4) (5) (6) (7) (8) (9) (10) (11) (12) (13) (14) (15) (16) (17)

35-59
60+
Age not
stated

DIVISION 4—FARMERS, FISHERMEN, HUNTERS, LOGGERS AND RELATED WORKERS

Total	2,040	1,731	309	368	11	218	8	92	3	53	1	...	...	...	...	...
0-14	...	...	...	63	4	54	3	9	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
15-34	...	...	...	158	5	82	4	47	1	26	1	...	...	...	...	...
35-59	...	...	...	134	2	72	1	33	1	27	...	...	...	...	...	...
60+	...	...	...	13	...	10	...	3	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Age not stated	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...

DIVISION 6—WORKERS IN TRANSPORT AND COMMUNICATION OCCUPATIONS

Total	4,536	4,530	6	3,341	...	1,069	...	1,331	...	718	17	...	...	...	...	...
0-14	...	...	...	10	...	10	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
15-34	...	...	...	1,780	...	494	...	713	...	...	12	...	...	...	...	...
35-59	...	...	...	1,521	...	544	...	609	...	293	5	...	...	...	...	...
60+	...	...	...	29	...	21	...	8	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Age not stated	...	...	...	1	...	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...

DIVISION 7—CRAFTSMEN, PRODUCTION PROCESS WORKERS AND LABOURERS, NOT ELSEWHERE CLASSIFIED

Total	42,041	29,857	12,184	16,166	997	10,581	652	4,805	335	735	13	9	...	1	21	...
0-14	...	...	...	710	125	513	92	196	33	1	...	...	...	...	...	...
15-34	...	...	...	9,594	651	5,727	392	3,216	250	618	12	8	...	1	14	...
35-59	...	...	...	5,296	209	3,849	157	1,323	51	112	1	1	...	...	7	...
60+	...	...	...	565	12	491	11	70	1	4	...	...	...	...	...	...
Age not stated	...	...	...	1	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...

DIVISION 9—SERVICE, SPORT AND RECREATION WORKERS

Total	9,404	7,080	2,324	4,192	117	1,479	67	2,285	46	388	...	3	...	...	4	1
0-14	...	...	...	117	8	69	3	48	5	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
15-34	...	...	...	2,350	70	744	39	1,331	30	252	...	1	...	...	4	...
35-59	...	...	...	1,625	37	596	23	881	11	131	...	2	...	...	...	...
60+	...	...	...	99	2	70	2	25	...	4	...	...	...	...	...	...
Age not stated	...	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...

DIVISION X—WORKERS NOT CLASSIFIED BY OCCUPATION

Total	51	51	...	14	...	2	...	8	...	4	...	...	...	...	...	...
0-14	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
15-34	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
35-59	...	...	...	7	...	2	...	2	...	3	...	...	...	...	...	...
60+	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Age not stated	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...

Note:—There are no workers under Division 5 Miners, Quarrymen and related workers and hence not shown in the above Table

OCCUPATIONAL DIVISIONS OF PERSONS AT WORK OTHER THAN CULTIVATION CLASSIFIED BY SEX, BROAD AGE - GROUPS AND EDUCATIONAL LEVELS IN URBAN AREAS ONLY

[illegible]

TABLE B-VII

Part A—PERSONS WORKING PRINCIPALLY (i) AS CULTIVATORS (ii) AS AGRICULTURAL LABOURERS OR (iii) AT HOUSEHOLD INDUSTRY CLASSIFIED BY SEX AND BY SECONDARY WORK (i) AT HOUSEHOLD INDUSTRY (ii) AS CULTIVATOR OR (iii) AS AGRICULTURAL LABOURER

Part B—INDUSTRIAL CLASSIFICATION BY SEX OF PERSONS WORKING IN NON-HOUSEHOLD INDUSTRY, TRADE, BUSINESS, PROFESSION OR SERVICE WHO ARE ALSO ENGAGED IN HOUSEHOLD INDUSTRY

This Table is divided into two parts:

Part A shows the persons working principally as Cultivator or as Agricultural Labourer or at Household Industry and who have secondary work in the other two alternatives at Household Industry or as Cultivator or as Agricultural Labourer. The data for the district are given for Total, Rural and Urban population by Divisions and Major groups. For the taluks, however, it is given for Rural population and by Divisions only.

Part B shows the persons working principally in Non-Household Industry, Trade, Business, Profession or Service and also engaged at Household Industry as secondary work by Divisions and Major groups. The data are presented for the district for the Total, Rural and Urban population by Divisions followed by the Major groups of each of the Divisions. The talukwise data are presented for Rural population by Industrial Divisions only.

TABLE B-VII Part A

PERSONS WORKING PRINCIPALLY (i) AS CULTIVATORS (ii) AS AGRICULTURAL LABOURERS OR (iii) AT HOUSEHOLD INDUSTRY CLASSIFIED BY SEX AND BY SECONDARY WORK (i) AT HOUSEHOLD INDUSTRY (ii) AS CULTIVATOR OR (iii) AS AGRICULTURAL LABOURER

Principal work Cultivator, Agricultural Labourer, or Household Industry (Division and Major Group) (1)	Total Rural Urban (2)	Secondary Work					
		At Household Industry		As Cultivator		As Agricultural Labourer	
		Males (3)	Females (4)	Males (5)	Females (6)	Males (7)	Females (8)
ANANTAPUR DISTRICT							
CULTIVATOR	T	11,113	2,584	...	...	55,642	48,856
	R	10,742	2,385	...	...	54,816	48,110
	U	371	199	...	...	826	746
AGRICULTURAL LABOURER	T	1,455	687	19,375	27,738	...	...
	R	1,445	661	18,995	27,451	...	...
	U	10	26	380	287	...	...
HOUSEHOLD INDUSTRY	T	...	...	6,621	2,053	2,036	1,610
	R	...	...	6,262	1,941	1,969	1,514
	U	...	...	359	112	67	96
Household Industry classified by Divisions and Major Groups							
DIVISION 0—AGRICULTURE, LIVESTOCK, FORESTRY, FISHING AND HUNTING	T	...	...	740	202	227	188
	R	...	...	714	198	212	185
	U	...	...	26	4	15	3
Major Group 00—Field Produce and Plantation Crops	T	...	...	150	...	13	...
	R	...	...	150	...	13	...
	U	...	...	...	...	...	...
Major Group 04—Livestock and Hunting	T	...	...	590	202	214	188
	R	...	...	564	198	199	185
	U	...	...	26	4	15	3
DIVISION 2 & 3—MANUFACTURING	T	...	...	5,881	1,851	1,809	1,422
	R	...	...	5,548	1,743	1,757	1,329
	U	...	...	333	108	52	93
Major Group 20—Foodstuffs	T	...	...	179	262	33	149
	R	...	...	123	181	23	111
	U	...	...	56	81	10	38
Major Group 21—Beverages	T	...	...	15	...	3	...
	R	...	...	9	...	3	...
	U	...	...	6	...	...	...
Major Group 22—Tobacco Products	T	...	...	23	2	9	2
	R	...	...	17	2	9	1
	U	...	...	6	...	...	1
Major Group 23—Textile-cotton	T	...	...	827	836	281	610
	R	...	...	769	827	277	596
	U	...	...	58	9	4	14
Major Group 24—Textile-jute	T	...	...	42	9	62	46
	R	...	...	42	9	55	37
	U	...	...	...	...	7	9
Major Group 25—Textile-wool	T	...	...	645	208	71	155
	R	...	...	614	203	71	137
	U	...	...	31	5	...	18
Major Group 26—Textile-silk	T	...	...	107	27	1	10
	R	...	...	90	23	1	3
	U	...	...	17	4	...	7
Major Group 27—Textile-miscellaneous	T	...	...	592	8	98	19
	R	...	...	571	8	98	18
	U	...	...	21	...	...	1

TABLE B-VII Part A—concl'd.

**PERSONS WORKING PRINCIPALLY (i) AS CULTIVATORS (ii) AS AGRICULTURAL
LABOURERS OR (iii) AT HOUSEHOLD INDUSTRY CLASSIFIED BY SEX AND BY
SECONDARY WORK (i) AT HOUSEHOLD INDUSTRY (ii) AS CULTIVATOR
OR (iii) AS AGRICULTURAL LABOURER**

Principal work Cultivator, Agricultural Labourer, or Household Industry (Division and Major Group) (1)	Total Rural Urban (2)	Secondary Work					
		At Household Industry		As Cultivator		As Agricultural Labourer	
		Males (3)	Females (4)	Males (5)	Females (6)	Males (7)	Females (8)

ANANTAPUR DISTRICT—concl'd.

Major Group 28—Manufacture of wood and wooden products .	T	...	...	692	249	241	233
	R	...	...	647	243	239	232
	U	...	...	45	6	2	1
Major Group 31—Leather and leather products	T	...	...	1,022	13	737	16
	R	...	...	1,009	13	721	16
	U	...	...	13	...	16	...
Major Group 33—Chemicals and chemical products	T	...	...	5	2	5	...
	R	...	...	3	...	5	...
	U	...	...	2	2	...	...
Major Group 34-35—Non-Metallic Mineral Products other than petroleum and coal	T	...	...	975	218	184	176
	R	...	...	957	217	174	172
	U	...	...	18	1	10	4
Major Group 36—Basic Metals and their products except machinery and transport equipment	T	...	...	372	12	40	3
	R	...	...	347	12	38	3
	U	...	...	25	...	2	...
Major Group 38—Transport equipment	T	...	...	29	...	2	...
	R	...	...	25	...	2	...
	U	...	...	4	...	...	...
Major Group 39—Miscellaneous Manufacturing Industries	T	...	...	356	5	42	3
	R	...	...	325	5	41	3
	U	...	...	31	...	1	...

1 ANANTAPUR TALUK (Rural)

CULTIVATOR	R	710	166	...	...	4,973	4,640
AGRICULTURAL LABOURER	R	72	63	2,416	3,217	...	...
HOUSEHOLD INDUSTRY	R	...	...	451	144	343	437

Household Industry classified by Divisions

DIVISION 0—AGRICULTURE, LIVESTOCK, FORESTRY, FISHING AND HUNTING	R	...	...	96	48	70	103
DIVISION 2 & 3—MANUFACTURING	R	...	...	355	96	273	334

2 KALYANDRUG TALUK (Rural)

CULTIVATOR	R	3,339	351	...	...	9,027	3,404
AGRICULTURAL LABOURER	R	134	113	1,570	1,177	...	...
HOUSEHOLD INDUSTRY	R	...	...	787	213	260	227

Household Industry classified by Divisions

DIVISION 0—AGRICULTURE, LIVESTOCK, FORESTRY, FISHING AND HUNTING	R	...	...	80	117	34	39
DIVISION 2 & 3—MANUFACTURING	R	...	...	707	96	226	188

TABLE B-VII Part A-contd.

**PERSONS WORKING PRINCIPALLY (i) AS CULTIVATORS (ii) AS AGRICULTURAL
LABOURERS OR (iii) AT HOUSEHOLD INDUSTRY CLASSIFIED BY SEX AND BY
SECONDARY WORK (i) AT HOUSEHOLD INDUSTRY (ii) AS CULTIVATOR
OR (iii) AS AGRICULTURAL LABOURER**

Principal work Cultivator, Agricultural Labourer, or Household Industry (Division and Major Group) (1)	Total Rural Urban (2)	Secondary Work					
		At Household Industry		As Cultivator		As Agricultural Labourer	
		Males (3)	Females (4)	Males (5)	Females (6)	Males (7)	Females (8)
3 RAYADRUG TALUK (Rural)							
CULTIVATOR	R	835	130	...	...	6,227	7,861
AGRICULTURAL LABOURER	R	67	...	1,728	1,491	...	...
HOUSEHOLD INDUSTRY	R	...	...	309	52	107	56
Household Industry classified by Divisions							
DIVISION 0—AGRICULTURE, LIVESTOCK, FORESTRY, FISHING AND HUNTING	R	...	...	50	3	10	8
DIVISION 2 & 3—MANUFACTURING	R	...	...	259	49	97	48
4 URAVAKONDA INDEPENDENT SUB-TALUK (Rural)							
CULTIVATOR	R	73	29	...	...	1,587	919
AGRICULTURAL LABOURER	R	22	...	706	385	...	...
HOUSEHOLD INDUSTRY	R	...	...	189	548	79	19
Household Industry classified by Divisions							
DIVISION 0—AGRICULTURE, LIVESTOCK, FORESTRY, FISHING AND HUNTING	R	...	...	20	...	4	...
DIVISION 2 & 3—MANUFACTURING	R	...	...	169	548	75	19
5 GOOTY TALUK (Rural)							
CULTIVATOR	R	163	33	...	...	2,403	1,514
AGRICULTURAL LABOURER	R	42	30	820	756	...	...
HOUSEHOLD INDUSTRY	R	...	...	302	27	148	63
Household Industry classified by Divisions							
DIVISION 0—AGRICULTURE, LIVESTOCK, FORESTRY, FISHING AND HUNTING	R	...	...	55	...	18	3
DIVISION 2 & 3—MANUFACTURING	R	...	...	247	27	130	60
6 TADPATRI TALUK (Rural)							
CULTIVATOR	R	420	281	...	...	2,035	1,124
AGRICULTURAL LABOURER	R	134	124	1,160	520	...	...
HOUSEHOLD INDUSTRY	R	...	...	610	130	296	119
Household Industry classified by Divisions							
DIVISION 0—AGRICULTURE, LIVESTOCK, FORESTRY, FISHING AND HUNTING	R	...	...	112	...	42	1
DIVISION 2 & 3—MANUFACTURING	R	...	...	498	130	254	118

TABLE B-VII Part A—*contd.*

**PERSONS WORKING PRINCIPALLY (i) AS CULTIVATORS (ii) AS AGRICULTURAL
LABOURERS OR (iii) AT HOUSEHOLD INDUSTRY CLASSIFIED BY SEX AND BY
SECONDARY WORK (i) AT HOUSEHOLD INDUSTRY (ii) AS CULTIVATOR
OR (iii) AS AGRICULTURAL LABOURER**

Principal work Cultivator, Agricultural Labourer, or Household Industry (Division and Major Group) (1)	Total Rural Urban (2)	Secondary Work					
		At Household Industry		As Cultivator		As Agricultural Labourer	
		Males (3)	Females (4)	Males (5)	Females (6)	Males (7)	Females (8)
7 DHARMAVARAM TALUK (<i>Rural</i>)							
CULTIVATOR	R	1,863	233	...	...	3,892	4,805
AGRICULTURAL LABOURER	R	69	24	1,033	948	...	...
HOUSEHOLD INDUSTRY	R	...	...	928	144	173	187
Household Industry classified by Divisions							
DIVISION 0—AGRICULTURE, LIVESTOCK, FORESTRY, FISHING AND HUNTING	R	...	...	41	...	3	...
DIVISION 2 & 3—MANUFACTURING	R	...	...	887	144	170	187
8 KADIRI TALUK (<i>Rural</i>)							
CULTIVATOR	R	1,025	101	...	...	7,599	8,044
AGRICULTURAL LABOURER	R	163	64	3,740	9,046	...	...
HOUSEHOLD INDUSTRY	R	...	...	128	92	20	5
Household Industry classified by Divisions							
DIVISION 0—AGRICULTURE, LIVESTOCK, FORESTRY, FISHING AND HUNTING	R	...	...	86	...	1	...
DIVISION 2 & 3—MANUFACTURING	R	...	...	42	92	19	5
9 PENUKONDA TALUK (<i>Rural</i>)							
CULTIVATOR	R	686	235	...	...	4,242	4,459
AGRICULTURAL LABOURER	R	146	99	1,990	2,252	...	...
HOUSEHOLD INDUSTRY	R	...	...	1,050	171	223	170
Household Industry classified by Divisions							
DIVISION 0—AGRICULTURE, LIVESTOCK, FORESTRY, FISHING AND HUNTING	R	...	...	90	6	21	10
DIVISION 2 & 3—MANUFACTURING	R	...	...	960	165	202	160
10 HINDUPUR TALUK (<i>Rural</i>)							
CULTIVATOR	R	777	318	...	...	6,141	4,895
AGRICULTURAL LABOURER	R	109	69	2,676	2,517	...	...
HOUSEHOLD INDUSTRY	R	...	...	733	196	191	149
Household Industry classified by Divisions							
DIVISION 0—AGRICULTURE, LIVESTOCK, FORESTRY, FISHING AND HUNTING	R	...	...	41	6	5	11
DIVISION 2 & 3—MANUFACTURING	R	...	...	692	190	186	138

TABLE B-VII Part A—concl'd.

**PERSONS WORKING PRINCIPALLY (i) AS CULTIVATORS (ii) AS AGRICULTURAL
LABOURERS OR (iii) AT HOUSEHOLD INDUSTRY CLASSIFIED BY SEX AND BY
SECONDARY WORK (i) AT HOUSEHOLD INDUSTRY (ii) AS CULTIVATOR
OR (iii) AS AGRICULTURAL LABOURER**

Principal work Cultivator, Agricultural Labourer, or Household Industry (Division and Major Group) (1)	Total Rural Urban (2)	Secondary Work					
		At Household Industry		As Cultivator		As Agricultural Labourer	
		Males	Females	Males	Females	Males	Females
		(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)
11 MADAKASIRA TALUK (Rural)							
CULTIVATOR	R	851	508	...	...	6,690	6,445
AGRICULTURAL LABOURER	R	487	75	1,056	5,142	...	...
HOUSEHOLD INDUSTRY	R	...	...	775	224	129	82
Household Industry classified by Divisions							
DIVISION 0—AGRICULTURE, LIVESTOCK, FORESTRY, FISHING AND HUNTING R							
DIVISION 2 & 3—MANUFACTURING R							
DIVISION 0—AGRICULTURE, LIVESTOCK, FORESTRY, FISHING AND HUNTING R							
DIVISION 2 & 3—MANUFACTURING R							

TABLE B-VII Part B

INDUSTRIAL CLASSIFICATION BY SEX OF PERSONS WORKING IN NON-HOUSEHOLD INDUSTRY, TRADE, BUSINESS, PROFESSION OR SERVICE WHO ARE ALSO ENGAGED IN HOUSEHOLD INDUSTRY

Principal Work (P. W.)		Males (2)	Females (3)
Additional Work at Household Industry (Division and Major Group)			
(1)			
ANANTAPUR DISTRICT			
TOTAL			
P. W. DIVISION 0—AGRICULTURE, LIVESTOCK, FORESTRY, FISHING AND HUNTING	.	20,107	2,793
Additional Work			
DIVISION 0—AGRICULTURE, LIVESTOCK, FORESTRY, FISHING AND HUNTING	.	3	...
Major Group 04—Livestock and Hunting	.	3	...
DIVISION 2 & 3—MANUFACTURING	.	22	4
Major Group 20—Foodstuffs	.	1	2
Major Group 23—Textile—cotton	.	1	1
Major Group 24—Textile—jute	.	1	1
Major Group 27—Textile—miscellaneous	.	1	...
Major Group 28—Manufacture of wood and wooden products	.	13	...
Major Group 31—Leather and leather products	.	1	...
Major Group 34—35—Non-Metallic Mineral Products other than petroleum and coal	.	2	...
Major Group 36—Basic Metals and their products except machinery and transport equipment	.	1	...
Major Group 39—Miscellaneous Manufacturing Industries	.	1	...
P. W. Major Group 00—Field Produce and Plantation Crops	.	772	103
Additional Work			
DIVISION 0—AGRICULTURE, LIVESTOCK, FORESTRY, FISHING AND HUNTING	.	1	...
Major Group 04—Livestock and Hunting	.	1	...
DIVISION 2 & 3—MANUFACTURING	.	1	...
Major Group 39—Miscellaneous Manufacturing Industries	.	1	...
P. W. Major Group 03—Fishing	.	90	20
Additional Work			
DIVISION 0—AGRICULTURE, LIVESTOCK, FORESTRY, FISHING AND HUNTING	.	1	...
Major Group 04—Livestock and Hunting	.	1	...
DIVISION 2 & 3—MANUFACTURING	.	2	...
Major Group 23—Textile—cotton	.	1	...
Major Group 34—35—Non-Metallic Mineral Products other than petroleum and coal	.	1	...
P. W. Major Group 04—Livestock and Hunting	.	18,925	2,608
Additional Work			
DIVISION 0—AGRICULTURE, LIVESTOCK, FORESTRY, FISHING, AND HUNTING	.	1	...
Major Group 04—Livestock and Hunting	.	1	...
DIVISION 2 & 3—MANUFACTURING	.	19	4
Major Group 20—Foodstuffs	.	1	2
Major Group 23—Textile—cotton	.	...	1
Major Group 24—Textile—jute	.	1	1
Major Group 27—Textile—miscellaneous	.	1	...
Major Group 28—Manufacture of wood and wooden products	.	13	...
Major Group 31—Leather and leather products	.	1	...
Major Group 34—35—Non-Metallic Mineral Products other than petroleum and coal	.	1	...
Major Group 36—Basic Metals and their products except machinery and transport equipment	.	1	...

TABLE B-VII Part B—*contd.*

**INDUSTRIAL CLASSIFICATION BY SEX OF PERSONS WORKING IN NON-HOUSEHOLD
INDUSTRY, TRADE, BUSINESS, PROFESSION OR SERVICE WHO ARE ALSO ENGAGED
IN HOUSEHOLD INDUSTRY**

Principal Work (P. W.)		Males (2)	Females (3)
Additional Work at Household Industry (Division and Major Group)			
(1)			
ANANTAPUR DISTRICT—contd.			
RURAL			
P. W. DIVISION 0—AGRICULTURE, LIVESTOCK, FORESTRY, FISHING AND HUNTING		19,866	2,652
Additional Work			
DIVISION 0—AGRICULTURE, LIVESTOCK, FORESTRY, FISHING AND HUNTING		3	...
Major Group 04—Livestock and Hunting		3	...
DIVISION 2 & 3—MANUFACTURING		22	2
Major Group 20—Foodstuffs		1	1
Major Group 23—Textile—cotton		1	...
Major Group 24—Textile—jute		1	1
Major Group 27—Textile—miscellaneous		1	...
Major Group 28—Manufacture of wood and wooden products		13	...
Major Group 31—Leather and leather products		1	...
Major Group 34-35—Non-Metallic Mineral Products other than petroleum and coal		2	...
Major Group 36—Basic Metals and their products except machinery and transport equipment		1	...
Major Group 39—Miscellaneous Manufacturing Industries		1	...
P. W. Major Group 00—Field Produce and Plantation Crops		531	63
Additional Work			
DIVISION 0—AGRICULTURE, LIVESTOCK, FORESTRY, FISHING AND HUNTING		1	...
Major Group 04—Livestock and Hunting		1	...
DIVISION 2 & 3—MANUFACTURING		1	...
Major Group 39—Miscellaneous Manufacturing Industries		1	...
P. W. Major Group 03—Fishing		90	17
Additional Work			
DIVISION 0—AGRICULTURE, LIVESTOCK, FORESTRY, FISHING AND HUNTING		1	...
Major Group 04—Livestock and Hunting		1	...
DIVISION 2 & 3—MANUFACTURING		2	...
Major Group 23—Textile—cotton		1	...
Major Group 34-35—Non-Metallic Mineral Products other than petroleum and coal		1	...
P. W. Major Group 04—Livestock and Hunting		18,925	2,520
Additional Work			
DIVISION 0—AGRICULTURE, LIVESTOCK, FORESTRY, FISHING AND HUNTING		1	...
Major Group 04—Livestock and Hunting		1	...
DIVISION 2 & 3—MANUFACTURING		19	2
Major Group 20—Foodstuffs		1	1
Major Group 24—Textile—jute		1	1
Major Group 27—Textile—miscellaneous		1	...
Major Group 28—Manufacture of wood and wooden products		13	...
Major Group 31—Leather and leather products		1	...
Major Group 34-35—Non-Metallic Mineral Products other than petroleum and coal		1	...
Major Group 36—Basic Metals and their products except machinery and transport equipment		1	...

TABLE B-VII Part B —*contd.*

**INDUSTRIAL CLASSIFICATION BY SEX OF PERSONS WORKING IN NON-HOUSEHOLD
INDUSTRY, TRADE, BUSINESS, PROFESSION OR SERVICE WHO ARE ALSO ENGAGED
IN HOUSEHOLD INDUSTRY**

Principal Work (P. W.)					Males (2)	Females (3)
Additional Work at Household Industry (Division and Major Group)						
(1)						
ANANTAPUR DISTRICT— <i>contd.</i>						
URBAN						
P. W. DIVISION 0—AGRICULTURE, LIVESTOCK, FORESTRY, FISHING AND HUNTING					241	141
Additional Work						
DIVISION 2 & 3—MANUFACTURING					...	2
Major Group 20—Foodstuffs					...	1
Major Group 23—Textile-cotton					...	1
P. W. Major Group 04—Livestock and Hunting					...	88
Additional Work						
DIVISION 2 & 3—MANUFACTURING					...	2
Major Group 20—Foodstuffs					...	1
Major Group 23—Textile-cotton					...	1
TOTAL						
P. W. DIVISION 2 & 3—MANUFACTURING					7,801	1,250
Additional Work						
DIVISION 0—AGRICULTURE, LIVESTOCK, FORESTRY, FISHING AND HUNTING					2	1
Major Group 00—Field Produce and Plantation Crops					1	...
Major Group 04—Livestock and Hunting					1	1
DIVISION 2 & 3—MANUFACTURING					16	...
Major Group 21—Beverages					3	...
Major Group 22—Tobacco products					1	...
Major Group 23—Textile-cotton					3	...
Major Group 24—Textile-jute					1	...
Major Group 27—Textile-miscellaneous					3	...
Major Group 28—Manufacture of wood and wooden products					2	...
Major Group 34-35—Non-Metallic Mineral Products other than petroleum and coal					1	...
Major Group 36—Basic Metals and their products except machinery and transport equipment					1	...
Major Group 39—Miscellaneous Manufacturing Industries					1	...
P. W. Major Group 21—Beverages					107	2
Additional Work						
DIVISION 2 & 3—MANUFACTURING					3	...
Major Group 21—Beverages					3	...
P. W. Major Group 22—Tobacco Products					241	50
Additional Work						
DIVISION 2 & 3—MANUFACTURING					1	...
Major Group 22—Tobacco products					1	...

TABLE B-VII Part B —*contd.*

**INDUSTRIAL CLASSIFICATION BY SEX OF PERSONS WORKING IN NON-HOUSEHOLD
INDUSTRY, TRADE, BUSINESS, PROFESSION OR SERVICE WHO ARE ALSO ENGAGED
IN HOUSEHOLD INDUSTRY**

Principal Work (P. W.)		Males (2)	Females (3)
Additional Work at Household Industry (Division and Major Group)			
(1)			
ANANTAPUR DISTRICT— <i>contd.</i>			
P. W. Major Group 23—Textile-cotton	.	1,138	480
<i>Additional Work</i>			
DIVISION 0—AGRICULTURE, LIVESTOCK, FORESTRY, FISHING AND HUNTING	.	1	1
Major Group 04—Livestock and Hunting	.	1	1
DIVISION 2 & 3—MANUFACTURING	.	3	...
Major Group 23—Textile-cotton	.	1	...
Major Group 24—Textile-jute	.	1	...
Major Group 27—Textile-miscellaneous	.	1	...
P. W. Major Group 27—Textile—miscellaneous	.	1,124	40
<i>Additional Work</i>			
DIVISION 2 & 3—MANUFACTURING	.	2	...
Major Group 27—Textile-miscellaneous	.	2	...
P. W. Major Group 28—Manufacture of wood and wooden products	.	748	13
<i>Additional Work</i>			
DIVISION 2 & 3—MANUFACTURING	.	2	...
Major Group 28—Manufacture of wood and wooden products	.	2	...
P. W. Major Group 36—Basic Metals and their products except machinery and transport equipment	.	492	8
<i>Additional Work</i>			
DIVISION 2 & 3—MANUFACTURING	.	1	...
Major Group 23—Textile-cotton	.	1	...
P. W. Major Group 37—Machinery (all kinds other than Transport) and Electrical equipment	.	53	2
<i>Additional Work</i>			
DIVISION 2 & 3—MANUFACTURING	.	1	...
Major Group 36—Basic Metals and their products except machinery and transport equipment	.	1	...
P. W. Major Group 38—Transport equipment	.	405	2
<i>Additional Work</i>			
DIVISION 2 & 3—MANUFACTURING	.	1	...
Major Group 23—Textile-cotton	.	1	...
P. W. Major Group 39—Miscellaneous Manufacturing Industries	.	765	58
<i>Additional Work</i>			
DIVISION 0—AGRICULTURE, LIVESTOCK, FORESTRY, FISHING AND HUNTING	.	1	...
Major Group 00—Field Produce and Plantation Crops	.	1	...
DIVISION 2 & 3—MANUFACTURING	.	2	...
Major Group 34-35—Non-Metallic Mineral Products other than petroleum and coal	.	1	...
Major Group 39—Miscellaneous Manufacturing Industries	.	1	...

TABLE B-VII Part B—*contd.*

**INDUSTRIAL CLASSIFICATION BY SEX OF PERSONS WORKING IN NON-HOUSEHOLD
INDUSTRY, TRADE, BUSINESS, PROFESSION OR SERVICE WHO ARE ALSO ENGAGED
IN HOUSEHOLD INDUSTRY**

Principal Work (P. W.)		Males (2)	Females (3)
Additional Work at Household Industry (Division and Major Group)			
(1)			
ANANTAPUR DISTRICT— <i>contd.</i>			
RURAL			
P. W. DIVISION 2 & 3—MANUFACTURING		1,070	192
<i>Additional Work</i>			
DIVISION 0—AGRICULTURE, LIVESTOCK, FORESTRY, FISHING AND HUNTING		1	1
Major Group 04—Livestock and Hunting		1	1
DIVISION 2 & 3—MANUFACTURING		2	...
Major Group 24—Textile-jute		1	...
Major Group 27—Textile-miscellaneous		1	...
P. W. Major Group 23—Textile-cotton		73	7
<i>Additional Work</i>			
DIVISION 0—AGRICULTURE, LIVESTOCK, FORESTRY, FISHING AND HUNTING		1	1
Major Group 04—Livestock and Hunting		1	1
DIVISION 2 & 3—MANUFACTURING		2	...
Major Group 24—Textile-jute		1	...
Major Group 27—Textile-miscellaneous		1	...
URBAN			
P. W. DIVISION 2 & 3—MANUFACTURING		6,731	1,058
<i>Additional Work</i>			
DIVISION 0—AGRICULTURE, LIVESTOCK, FORESTRY, FISHING AND HUNTING		1	...
Major Group 00—Field Produce and Plantation Crops		1	...
DIVISION 2 & 3—MANUFACTURING		14	...
Major Group 21—Beverages		3	...
Major Group 22—Tobacco products		1	...
Major Group 23—Textile-cotton		3	...
Major Group 27—Textile-miscellaneous		2	...
Major Group 28—Manufacture of wood and wooden products		2	...
Major Group 34-35—Non-Metallic Mineral Products other than petroleum and coal		1	...
Major Group 36—Basic Metals and their Products except machinery and transport equipment		1	...
Major Group 39—Miscellaneous Manufacturing Industries		1	...
P. W. Major Group 21—Beverages		86	2
<i>Additional Work</i>			
DIVISION 2 & 3—MANUFACTURING		3	...
Major Group 21—Beverages		3	...
P. W. Major Group 22—Tobacco Products		200	41
<i>Additional Work</i>			
DIVISION 2 & 3—MANUFACTURING		1	...
Major Group 22—Tobacco products		1	...

TABLE B-VII Part B—*contd.*

**INDUSTRIAL CLASSIFICATION BY SEX OF PERSONS WORKING IN NON-HOUSEHOLD
INDUSTRY, TRADE, BUSINESS, PROFESSION OR SERVICE WHO ARE ALSO ENGAGED
IN HOUSEHOLD INDUSTRY**

Principal Work (P. W.)					Males (2)	Females (3)
Additional Work at Household Industry (Division and Major Group)						
(1)						
ANANTAPUR DISTRICT— <i>contd.</i>						
P. W. Major Group 23—Textile-cotton	.	.	.	.	1,065	473
<i>Additional Work</i>						
DIVISION 2 & 3—MANUFACTURING	.	.	.	.	1	...
Major Group 23—Textile-cotton	.	.	.	.	1	...
P. W. Major Group 27—Textile-miscellaneous	.	.	.	.	1,118	37
<i>Additional Work</i>						
DIVISION 2 & 3—MANUFACTURING	.	.	.	.	2	...
Major Group 27—Textile-miscellaneous	.	.	.	.	2	...
P. W. Major Group 28—Manufacture of wood and wooden products	.	.	.	.	726	12
<i>Additional Work</i>						
DIVISION 2 & 3—MANUFACTURING	.	.	.	.	2	...
Major Group 28—Manufacture of wood and wooden products	.	.	.	.	2	...
P. W. Major Group 36—Basic Metals and their products except machinery and transport equipment	.	.	.	.	467	7
<i>Additional Work</i>						
DIVISION 2 & 3—MANUFACTURING	.	.	.	.	1	...
Major Group 36—Basic Metals and their products except machinery and transport equipment	.	.	.	.	1	...
P. W. Major Group 37—Machinery (all kinds other than Transport) and Electrical equipment	.	.	.	.	51	...
<i>Additional Work</i>						
DIVISION 2 & 3—MANUFACTURING	.	.	.	.	1	...
Major Group 36—Basic Metals and their products except machinery and transport equipment	.	.	.	.	1	...
P. W. Major Group 38—Transport equipment	.	.	.	.	380	2
<i>Additional Work</i>						
DIVISION 2 & 3—MANUFACTURING	.	.	.	.	1	...
Major Group 23—Textile-cotton	.	.	.	.	1	...
P. W. Major Group 39—Miscellaneous Manufacturing Industries	.	.	.	.	753	36
<i>Additional Work</i>						
DIVISION 0—AGRICULTURE, LIVESTOCK, FORESTRY, FISHING AND HUNTING	.	.	.	.	1	...
Major Group 00—Field Produce and Plantation Crops	.	.	.	.	1	...
DIVISION 2 & 3—MANUFACTURING	.	.	.	.	2	...
Major Group 34-35—Non-Metallic Mineral Products other than petroleum and coal	.	.	.	.	1	...
Major Group 39—Miscellaneous Manufacturing Industries	.	.	.	.	1	...

TABLE B-VII Part B --*contd.*

**INDUSTRIAL CLASSIFICATION BY SEX OF PERSONS WORKING IN NON-HOUSEHOLD
INDUSTRY, TRADE, BUSINESS, PROFESSION OR SERVICE WHO ARE ALSO ENGAGED
IN HOUSEHOLD INDUSTRY**

Principal Work (P. W.)				Males (2)	Females (3)
Additional Work at Household Industry (Division and Major Group)					
(1)					
ANANTAPUR DISTRICT-- <i>contd.</i>					
TOTAL					
P. W. DIVISION 4--CONSTRUCTION	.	.	.	9,514	2,489
<i>Additional Work</i>					
DIVISION 2 & 3--MANUFACTURING	.	.	.	18	2
Major Group 20--Foodstuffs	.	.	.	2	1
Major Group 23--Textile-cotton	.	.	.	1	...
Major Group 27--Textile-miscellaneous	.	.	.	2	...
Major Group 31--Leather and leather products	.	.	.	1	...
Major Group 34-35--Non-Metallic Mineral Products other than petroleum and coal	.	.	.	11	1
Major Group 39--Miscellaneous Manufacturing Industries	.	.	.	1	...
P. W. Major Group 40--Construction	.	.	.	9,514	2,489
<i>Additional Work</i>					
DIVISION 2 & 3--MANUFACTURING	.	.	.	18	2
Major Group 20--Foodstuffs	.	.	.	2	1
Major Group 23--Textile-cotton	.	.	.	1	...
Major Group 27--Textile-miscellaneous	.	.	.	2	...
Major Group 31--Leather and leather products	.	.	.	1	...
Major Group 34-35--Non-Metallic Mineral Products other than petroleum and coal	.	.	.	11	1
Major Group 39--Miscellaneous Manufacturing Industries	.	.	.	1	...
RURAL					
P. W. DIVISION 4--CONSTRUCTION	.	.	.	6,459	1,850
<i>Additional Work</i>					
DIVISION 2 & 3--MANUFACTURING	.	.	.	15	...
Major Group 27--Textile-miscellaneous	.	.	.	2	...
Major Group 31--Leather and leather products	.	.	.	1	...
Major Group 34-35--Non-Metallic Mineral Products other than petroleum and coal	.	.	.	11	...
Major Group 39--Miscellaneous Manufacturing Industries	.	.	.	1	...
P. W. Major Group 40--Construction	.	.	.	6,459	1,850
<i>Additional Work</i>					
DIVISION 2 & 3--MANUFACTURING	.	.	.	15	...
Major Group 27--Textile-miscellaneous	.	.	.	2	...
Major Group 31--Leather and leather products	.	.	.	1	...
Major Group 34-35--Non-Metallic Mineral Products other than petroleum and coal	.	.	.	11	...
Major Group 39--Miscellaneous Manufacturing Industries	.	.	.	1	...
URBAN					
P. W. DIVISION 4--CONSTRUCTION	.	.	.	3,055	639
<i>Additional Work</i>					
DIVISION 2 & 3--MANUFACTURING	.	.	.	3	2
Major Group 20--Foodstuffs	.	.	.	2	1
Major Group 23--Textile-cotton	.	.	.	1	...
Major Group 34-35--Non-Metallic Mineral Products other than petroleum and coal	.	.	.	...	1

TABLE B-VII Part B —*contd.*

**INDUSTRIAL CLASSIFICATION BY SEX OF PERSONS WORKING IN NON-HOUSEHOLD
INDUSTRY, TRADE, BUSINESS, PROFESSION OR SERVICE WHO ARE ALSO ENGAGED
IN HOUSEHOLD INDUSTRY**

Principal Work (P. W.)			
Additional Work at Household Industry (Division and Major Group)		Males	Females
(1)		(2)	(3)
ANANTAPUR DISTRICT— <i>contd.</i>			
P. W. Major Group 40—Construction	.	3,055	639
<i>Additional Work</i>			
DIVISION 2 & 3—MANUFACTURING	.	3	2
Major Group 20—Foodstuffs	.	2	1
Major Group 23—Textile-cotton	.	1	...
Major Group 34-35—Non-Metallic Mineral Products other than petroleum and coal	.	...	1
TOTAL			
P. W. DIVISION 5—ELECTRICITY, GAS, WATER AND SANITARY SERVICES	.	1,208	2
<i>Additional Work</i>			
DIVISION 2 & 3—MANUFACTURING	.	1	...
Major Group 23—Textile-cotton	.	1	...
P. W. Major Group 50—Electricity and Gas	.	1,148	2
<i>Additional Work</i>			
DIVISION 2 & 3—MANUFACTURING	.	1	...
Major Group 23—Textile-cotton	.	1	...
URBAN			
P. W. DIVISION 5—ELECTRICITY, GAS, WATER AND SANITARY SERVICES	.	1,021	2
<i>Additional Work</i>			
DIVISION 2 & 3—MANUFACTURING	.	1	...
Major Group 23—Textile-cotton	.	1	...
P. W. Major Group 50—Electricity and Gas	.	977	2
<i>Additional Work</i>			
DIVISION 2 & 3—MANUFACTURING	.	1	...
Major Group 23—Textile-cotton	.	1	...
TOTAL			
P. W. DIVISION 6—TRADE AND COMMERCE	.	25,280	6,904
<i>Additional Work</i>			
DIVISION 0—AGRICULTURE, LIVESTOCK, FORESTRY, FISHING AND HUNTING	.	2	1
Major Group 00—Field Produce and Plantation Crops	.	1	1
Major Group 04—Livestock and Hunting	.	1	...
DIVISION 2 & 3—MANUFACTURING	.	164	33
Major Group 20—Foodstuffs	.	13	10
Major Group 21—Beverages	.	16	...
Major Group 22—Tobacco products	.	4	...
Major Group 23—Textile-cotton	.	40	9

TABLE B-VII Part B—*contd.*

**INDUSTRIAL CLASSIFICATION BY SEX OF PERSONS WORKING IN NON-HOUSEHOLD
INDUSTRY, TRADE, BUSINESS, PROFESSION OR SERVICE WHO ARE ALSO ENGAGED
IN HOUSEHOLD INDUSTRY**

Principal Work (P. W.)				Males (2)	Females (3)
Additional Work at Household Industry (Division and Major Group)					
(1)					
ANANTAPUR DISTRICT— <i>contd.</i>					
Major Group 25—Textile—wool	.	.	.	1	...
Major Group 26—Textile—silk	.	.	.	5	...
Major Group 27—Textile—miscellaneous	.	.	.	56	2
Major Group 28—Manufacture of wood and wooden products	.	.	.	12	10
Major Group 31—Leather and leather products	.	.	.	1	...
Major Group 33—Chemicals and chemical products	.	.	.	2	...
Major Group 34-35—Non-Metallic Mineral Products other than petroleum and coal	.	.	.	3	1
Major Group 36—Basic Metals and their products except machinery and transport equipment	.	.	.	1	...
Major Group 38—Transport equipment	.	.	.	3	...
Major Group 39—Miscellaneous Manufacturing Industries	.	.	.	7	1
P. W. Major Group 60-63—Wholesale Trade	.	.	.	1,007	17
<i>Additional Work</i>					
DIVISION 0—AGRICULTURE, LIVESTOCK, FORESTRY, FISHING AND HUNTING				1	...
Major Group 04—Livestock and Hunting	.	.	.	1	...
DIVISION 2 & 3—MANUFACTURING				2	...
Major Group 20—Foodstuffs	.	.	.	1	...
Major Group 23—Textile—cotton	.	.	.	1	...
P. W. Major Group 64-68—Retail Trade	.	.	.	23,416	6,863
<i>Additional Work</i>					
DIVISION 0—AGRICULTURE, LIVESTOCK, FORESTRY, FISHING AND HUNTING				1	1
Major Group 00—Field Produce and Plantation Crops	.	.	.	1	1
DIVISION 2 & 3—MANUFACTURING				162	33
Major Group 20—Foodstuffs	.	.	.	12	10
Major Group 21—Beverages	.	.	.	16	...
Major Group 22—Tobacco products	.	.	.	4	...
Major Group 23—Textile—cotton	.	.	.	39	9
Major Group 25—Textile—wool	.	.	.	1	...
Major Group 26—Textile—silk	.	.	.	5	...
Major Group 27—Textile—miscellaneous	.	.	.	56	2
Major Group 28—Manufacture of wood and wooden products	.	.	.	12	10
Major Group 31—Leather and leather products	.	.	.	1	...
Major Group 33—Chemicals and chemical products	.	.	.	2	...
Major Group 34-35—Non-Metallic Mineral Products other than petroleum and coal	.	.	.	3	1
Major Group 36—Basic Metals and their products except machinery and transport equipment	.	.	.	1	...
Major Group 38—Transport equipment	.	.	.	3	...
Major Group 39—Miscellaneous Manufacturing Industries	.	.	.	7	1
RURAL					
P. W. DIVISION 6—TRADE AND COMMERCE	.	.	.	11,760	4,761
<i>Additional Work</i>					
DIVISION 0—AGRICULTURE, LIVESTOCK, FORESTRY, FISHING AND HUNTING				1	...
Major Group 04—Livestock and Hunting	.	.	.	1	...
DIVISION 2 & 3—MANUFACTURING				113	23
Major Group 20—Foodstuffs	.	.	.	3	4
Major Group 21—Beverages	.	.	.	10	...

TABLE B-VII Part B — *contd.*

**INDUSTRIAL CLASSIFICATION BY SEX OF PERSONS WORKING IN NON-HOUSEHOLD
INDUSTRY, TRADE, BUSINESS, PROFESSION OR SERVICE WHO ARE ALSO ENGAGED
IN HOUSEHOLD INDUSTRY**

Principal Work (P. W.)		Males (2)	Females (3)
Additional Work at Household Industry (Division and Major Group)			
(1)			
ANANTAPUR DISTRICT— <i>contd.</i>			
Major Group 23—Textile—cotton	.	23	6
Major Group 25—Textile—wool	.	1	...
Major Group 26—Textile—silk	.	3	...
Major Group 27—Textile—miscellaneous	.	53	2
Major Group 28—Manufacture of wood and wooden products	.	9	10
Major Group 33—Chemicals and chemical products	.	1	...
Major Group 34-35—Non-Metallic Mineral Products other than petroleum and coal	.	3	1
Major Group 36—Basic Metals and their products except machinery and transport equipment	.	1	...
Major Group 38—Transport equipment	.	1	...
Major Group 39—Miscellaneous Manufacturing Industries	.	5	...
P. W. Major Group 60.63—Wholesale Trade	.	196	5
<i>Additional Work</i>			
DIVISION 0—AGRICULTURE, LIVESTOCK, FORESTRY, FISHING AND HUNTING	.	1	...
Major Group 04—Livestock and Hunting	.	1	...
DIVISION 2 & 3—MANUFACTURING	.	2	...
Major Group 20—Foodstuffs	.	1	...
Major Group 23—Textile—cotton	.	1	...
P. W. Major Group 64.68—Retail Trade	.	11,436	4,747
<i>Additional Work</i>			
DIVISION 2 & 3—MANUFACTURING	.	111	23
Major Group 20—Foodstuffs	.	2	4
Major Group 21—Beverages	.	10	...
Major Group 23—Textile—cotton	.	22	6
Major Group 25—Textile—wool	.	1	...
Major Group 26—Textile—silk	.	3	...
Major Group 27—Textile—miscellaneous	.	53	2
Major Group 28—Manufacture of wood and wooden products	.	9	10
Major Group 33—Chemicals and chemical products	.	1	...
Major Group 34-35—Non-Metallic Mineral Products other than petroleum and coal	.	3	1
Major Group 36—Basic Metals and their products except machinery and transport equipment	.	1	...
Major Group 38—Transport equipment	.	1	...
Major Group 39—Miscellaneous Manufacturing Industries	.	5	...
URBAN			
P. W. DIVISION 6—TRADE AND COMMERCE	.	13,520	2,143
<i>Additional Work</i>			
DIVISION 0—AGRICULTURE, LIVESTOCK, FORESTRY, FISHING AND HUNTING	.	1	1
Major Group 00—Field Produce and Plantation Crops	.	1	1
DIVISION 2 & 3—MANUFACTURING	.	51	10
Major Group 20—Foodstuffs	.	10	6
Major Group 21—Beverages	.	6	...
Major Group 22—Tobacco products	.	4	...
Major Group 23—Textile—cotton	.	17	3
Major Group 26—Textile—silk	.	2	...
Major Group 27—Textile—miscellaneous	.	3	...
Major Group 28—Manufacture of wood and wooden products	.	3	...
Major Group 31—Leather and leather products	.	1	...
Major Group 33—Chemicals and chemical products	.	1	...
Major Group 38—Transport equipment	.	2	...
Major Group 39—Miscellaneous Manufacturing Industries	.	2	1

TABLE B-VII Part B—*contd.*

**INDUSTRIAL CLASSIFICATION BY SEX OF PERSONS WORKING IN NON-HOUSEHOLD
INDUSTRY, TRADE, BUSINESS, PROFESSION OR SERVICE WHO ARE ALSO ENGAGED
IN HOUSEHOLD INDUSTRY**

Principal Work (P. W.)		Males (2)	Females (3)
Additional Work at Household Industry (Division and Major Group)			
(1)			
ANANTAPUR DISTRICT—contd.			
P. W. Major Group 64-68—Retail Trade		11,980	2,116
Additional Work			
DIVISION 0—AGRICULTURE, LIVESTOCK, FORESTRY, FISHING AND HUNTING		1	1
Major Group 00—Field Produce and Plantation Crops		1	1
DIVISION 2 & 3—MANUFACTURING		51	10
Major Group 20—Foodstuffs		10	6
Major Group 21—Beverages		6	...
Major Group 22—Tobacco products		4	...
Major Group 23—Textile-cotton		17	3
Major Group 26—Textile-silk		2	...
Major Group 27—Textile-miscellaneous		3	...
Major Group 28—Manufacture of wood and wooden products		3	...
Major Group 31—Leather and leather products		1	...
Major Group 33—Chemicals and chemical products		1	...
Major Group 38—Transport equipment		2	...
Major Group 39—Miscellaneous Manufacturing Industries		2	1
TOTAL			
P. W. DIVISION 7—TRANSPORT, STORAGE, AND COMMUNICATIONS		11,478	162
Additional Work			
DIVISION 2 & 3—MANUFACTURING		16	...
Major Group 20—Foodstuffs		6	...
Major Group 21—Beverages		1	...
Major Group 23—Textile-cotton		4	...
Major Group 27—Textile-miscellaneous		4	...
Major Group 28—Manufacture of wood and wooden products		1	...
P. W. Major Group 70-71—Transport		10,268	155
Additional Work			
DIVISION 2 & 3—MANUFACTURING		9	...
Major Group 20—Foodstuffs		6	...
Major Group 23—Textile-cotton		1	...
Major Group 27—Textile-miscellaneous		1	...
Major Group 28—Manufacture of wood and wooden products		1	...
P. W. Major Group 73—Communications		1,205	7
Additional Work			
DIVISION 2 & 3—MANUFACTURING		7	...
Major Group 21—Beverages		1	...
Major Group 23—Textile-cotton		3	...
Major Group 27—Textile-miscellaneous		3	...
RURAL			
P. W. DIVISION 7—TRANSPORT, STORAGE AND COMMUNICATIONS		1,732	27
Additional Work			
DIVISION 2 & 3—MANUFACTURING		8	...
Major Group 21—Beverages		1	...
Major Group 23—Textile-cotton		4	...
Major Group 27—Textile-miscellaneous		3	...

TABLE B-VII Part B—*contd.*

**INDUSTRIAL CLASSIFICATION BY SEX OF PERSONS WORKING IN NON-HOUSEHOLD
INDUSTRY, TRADE, BUSINESS, PROFESSION OR SERVICE WHO ARE ALSO ENGAGED
IN HOUSEHOLD INDUSTRY**

Principal Work (P. W.)		Males (2)	Females (3)
Additional Work at Household Industry (Division and Major Group)			
(1)			
ANANTAPUR DISTRICT— <i>contd.</i>			
P. W. Major Group 70-71—Transport	.	1,068	24
<i>Additional Work</i>			
DIVISION 2 & 3—MANUFACTURING	.	1	...
Major Group 23—Textile-cotton	.	1	...
P. W. Major Group 73—Communications	.	664	3
<i>Additional Work</i>			
DIVISION 2 & 3—MANUFACTURING	.	7	...
Major Group 21—Beverages	.	1	...
Major Group 23—Textile-cotton	.	3	...
Major Group 27—Textile-miscellaneous	.	3	...
URBAN			
P. W. DIVISION 7—TRANSPORT, STORAGE AND COMMUNICATIONS	.	9,746	135
<i>Additional Work</i>			
DIVISION 2 & 3—MANUFACTURING	.	8	...
Major Group 20—Foodstuffs	.	6	...
Major Group 27—Textile - miscellaneous	.	1	...
Major Group 28—Manufacture of wood and wooden products	.	1	...
P. W. Major Group 70-71—Transport	.	9,200	131
<i>Additional Work</i>			
DIVISION 2 & 3—MANUFACTURING	.	8	...
Major Group 20—Foodstuffs	.	6	...
Major Group 27—Textile-miscellaneous	.	1	...
Major Group 28—Manufacture of wood and wooden products	.	1	...
TOTAL			
P. W. DIVISION 8—SERVICES	.	37,618	10,876
<i>Additional Work</i>			
DIVISION 0—AGRICUTURE, LIVESTOCK, FORESTRY, FISHING AND HUNTING	.	7	1
Major Group 02—Forestry and Logging	.	1	...
Major Group 04—Livestock and Hunting	.	6	1
DIVISION 2 & 3—MANUFACTURING	.	67	14
Major Group 20—Foodstuffs	.	5	3
Major Group 21—Beverages	.	2	...
Major Group 22—Tobacco products	.	...	1
Major Group 23—Textile-cotton	.	36	4
Major Group 25—Textile-wool	.	1	...
Major Group 26—Textile-silk	.	1	...
Major Group 27—Textile-miscellaneous	.	5	1
Major Group 28—Manufacture of wood and wooden products	.	4	2
Major Group 31—Leather and leather products	.	5	...
Major Group 33—Chemicals and chemical products	.	2	1
Major Group 34-35—Non-Metallic Mineral Products other than petroleum and coal	.	2	2
Major Group 36—Basic Metals and their products except machinery and transport equipment	.	2	...
Major Group 38—Transport equipment	.	1	...
Major Group 39—Miscellaneous Manufacturing Industries	.	1	...

TABLE B-VII Part B —*contd.*

**INDUSTRIAL CLASSIFICATION BY SEX OF PERSONS WORKING IN NON-HOUSEHOLD
INDUSTRY, TRADE, BUSINESS, PROFESSION OR SERVICE WHO ARE ALSO ENGAGED
IN HOUSEHOLD INDUSTRY**

Principal Work (P. W.)		Males (2)	Females (3)
Additional Work at Household Industry (Division and Major Group)			
(1)			
ANANTAPUR DISTRICT— <i>contd.</i>			
P. W. Major Group 80—Public Services		11,090	405
<i>Additional Work</i>			
DIVISION 2 & 3—MANUFACTURING		13	3
Major Group 20—Foodstuffs		1	...
Major Group 21—Beverages		1	...
Major Group 22—Tobacco products . . . . .		...	1
Major Group 23—Textile-cotton		1	2
Major Group 27—Textile-miscellaneous		1	...
Major Group 28—Manufacture of wood and wooden products		2	...
Major Group 31—Leather and leather products		5	...
Major Group 34-35—Non-Metallic Mineral Products other than petroleum and coal		1	...
Major Group 39—Miscellaneous Manufacturing Industries		1	...
P. W. Major Group 81—Educational and Scientific Services		5,197	925
<i>Additional Work</i>			
DIVISION 0—AGRICULTURE, LIVESTOCK, FORESTRY, FISHING AND HUNTING		1	...
Major Group 02—Forestry and Logging		1	...
DIVISION 2 & 3—MANUFACTURING		6	2
Major Group 20—Foodstuffs		2	1
Major Group 23—Textile-cotton		2	...
Major Group 27—Textile-miscellaneous . . . . .		...	1
Major Group 28—Manufacture of wood and wooden products		1	...
Major Group 33—Chemicals and chemical products		1	...
P. W. Major Group 82—Medical and Health Services		1,505	401
<i>Additional Work</i>			
DIVISION 2 & 3—MANUFACTURING		6	...
Major Group 23—Textile-cotton		2	...
Major Group 26—Textile-silk		1	...
Major Group 27—Textile-miscellaneous		1	...
Major Group 33—Chemicals and chemical products		1	...
Major Group 38—Transport equipment		1	...
P. W. Major Group 83—Religious and Welfare Services		1,055	85
<i>Additional Work</i>			
DIVISION 0—AGRICULTURE, LIVESTOCK, FORESTRY, FISHING AND HUNTING		1	...
Major Group 04—Livestock and Hunting		1	...
DIVISION 2 & 3—MANUFACTURING		8	...
Major Group 23—Textile-cotton		5	...
Major Group 25—Textile-wool		1	...
Major Group 27—Textile-miscellaneous		1	...
Major Group 38—Transport equipment		1	...
P. W. Major Group 85—Business Services		90	...
<i>Additional Work</i>			
DIVISION 2 & 3—MANUFACTURING		2	...
Major Group 23—Textile-cotton		1	...
Major Group 27—Textile-miscellaneous		1	...

TABLE B-VII Part B—*contd.*

**INDUSTRIAL CLASSIFICATION BY SEX OF PERSONS WORKING IN NON-HOUSEHOLD
INDUSTRY, TRADE, BUSINESS, PROFESSION OR SERVICE WHO ARE ALSO ENGAGED
IN HOUSEHOLD INDUSTRY**

Principal Work (P. W.)		Males (2)	Females (3)
Additional Work at Household Industry (Division and Major Group)			
(1)			
ANANTAPUR DISTRICT— <i>contd.</i>			
P. W. Major Group 86—Community Services and Trade and Labour Associations	.	305	16
<i>Additional Work</i>			
DIVISION 2 & 3—MANUFACTURING	.	6	1
Major Group 20—Foodstuffs	.	1	...
Major Group 23—Textile-cotton	.	5	1
P. W. Major Group 87—Recreation Services	.	680	182
<i>Additional Work</i>			
DIVISION 2 & 3—MANUFACTURING	.	7	3
Major Group 20—Foodstuffs	.	...	1
Major Group 23—Textile-cotton	.	6	...
Major Group 28—Manufacture of wood and wooden products	.	1	2
P. W. Major Group 88—Personal Services	.	16,857	8,736
<i>Additional Work</i>			
DIVISION 0—AGRICULTURE, LIVESTOCK, FORESTRY, FISHING AND HUNTING	.	5	1
Major Group 04—Livestock and Hunting	.	5	1
DIVISION 2 & 3—MANUFACTURING	.	16	5
Major Group 20—Foodstuffs	.	1	1
Major Group 21—Beverages	.	1	...
Major Group 23—Textile-cotton	.	13	1
Major Group 33—Chemicals and chemical products	.	...	1
Major Group 34-35—Non-Metallic Mineral Products other than petroleum and coal	.	...	2
Major Group 36—Basic Metals and their products except machinery and transport equipment	.	1	...
P. W. Major Group 89—Services (not elsewhere classified)	.	542	126
<i>Additional Work</i>			
DIVISION 2 & 3—MANUFACTURING	.	3	...
Major Group 23—Textile-cotton	.	1	...
Major Group 27—Textile-miscellaneous	.	1	...
Major Group 34-35—Non-Metallic Mineral Products other than petroleum and coal	.	1	...
RURAL			
P. W. DIVISION 8—SERVICES	.	21,710	7,563
<i>Additional Work</i>			
DIVISION 0—AGRICULTURE, LIVESTOCK, FORESTRY, FISHING AND HUNTING	.	7	...
Major Group 02—Forestry and Logging	.	1	...
Major Group 04—Livestock and Hunting	.	6	...
DIVISION 2 & 3—MANUFACTURING	.	39	7
Major Group 20—Foodstuffs	.	1	1
Major Group 23—Textile-cotton	.	25	1
Major Group 25—Textile-wool	.	1	...
Major Group 27—Textile-miscellaneous	.	3	...
Major Group 28—Manufacture of wood and wooden products	.	1	2
Major Group 31—Leather and leather products	.	5	...
Major Group 33—Chemicals and chemical products	.	...	1
Major Group 34-35—Non-Metallic Mineral Products other than petroleum and coal	.	...	2
Major Group 36—Basic Metals and their products except machinery and transport equipment	.	2	...
Major Group 38—Transport equipment	.	1	...

TABLE B-VII Part B—*contd.*

**INDUSTRIAL CLASSIFICATION BY SEX OF PERSONS WORKING IN NON-HOUSEHOLD
INDUSTRY, TRADE, BUSINESS, PROFESSION OR SERVICE WHO ARE ALSO ENGAGED
IN HOUSEHOLD INDUSTRY**

Principal Work (P. W.)		Males (2)	Females (3)
Additional Work at Household Industry (Division and Major Group)			
(1)			
ANANTAPUR DISTRICT— <i>contd.</i>			
P. W. Major Group 80—Public Services	.	4,772	69
<i>Additional Work</i>			
DIVISION 2 & 3—MANUFACTURING	.	6	...
Major Group 27—Textile-miscellaneous	.	1	...
Major Group 31—Leather and leather products	.	5	...
P. W. Major Group 81—Educational and Scientific Services	.	3,178	253
<i>Additional Work</i>			
DIVISION 0—AGRICULTURE, LIVESTOCK, FORESTRY, FISHING AND HUNTING	.	1	...
Major Group 02—Forestry and Logging	.	1	...
DIVISION 2 & 3—MANUFACTURING	.	2	...
Major Group 20—Foodstuffs	.	1	...
Major Group 23—Textile-cotton	.	1	...
P. W. Major Group 82—Medical and Health Services	.	699	181
<i>Additional Work</i>			
DIVISION 2 & 3—MANUFACTURING	.	1	...
Major Group 36—Basic Metals and their products except machinery and transport equipment	.	1	...
P. W. Major Group 83—Religious and Welfare Services	.	699	42
<i>Additional Work</i>			
DIVISION 0—AGRICULTURE, LIVESTOCK, FORESTRY, FISHING AND HUNTING	.	1	...
Major Group 04—Livestock and Hunting	.	1	...
DIVISION 2 & 3—MANUFACTURING	.	5	...
Major Group 23—Textile-cotton	.	2	...
Major Group 25—Textile-wool	.	1	...
Major Group 27—Textile-miscellaneous	.	1	...
Major Group 38—Transport equipment	.	1	...
P. W. Major Group 86—Community Services and Trade and Labour Associations	.	5	...
<i>Additional Work</i>			
DIVISION 2 & 3—MANUFACTURING	.	5	...
Major Group 23—Textile-cotton	.	5	...
P. W. Major Group 87—Recreation Services	.	308	153
<i>Additional Work</i>			
DIVISION 2 & 3—MANUFACTURING	.	7	2
Major Group 23—Textile-cotton	.	6	...
Major Group 28—Manufacture of wood and wooden products	.	1	2
P. W. Major Group 88—Personal Services	.	11,926	6,831
<i>Additional Work</i>			
DIVISION 0—AGRICULTURE, LIVESTOCK, FORESTRY, FISHING AND HUNTING	.	5	...
Major Group 04—Livestock and Hunting	.	5	...

TABLE B. VII Part B—*contd.*

**INDUSTRIAL CLASSIFICATION BY SEX OF PERSONS WORKING IN NON-HOUSEHOLD
INDUSTRY, TRADE, BUSINESS, PROFESSION OR SERVICE WHO ARE ALSO ENGAGED
IN HOUSEHOLD INDUSTRY**

Principal Work (P. W.)					Males (2)	Females (3)
Additional Work at Household Industry (Division and Major Group)						
(1)						
ANANTAPUR DISTRICT— <i>contd.</i>						
DIVISION 2 & 3—MANUFACTURING					12	5
Major Group 20—Foodstuffs					...	1
Major Group 23—Textile-cotton					11	1
Major Group 33—Chemicals and chemical products					...	1
Major Group 34-35—Non-Metallic Mineral Products other than petroleum and coal					...	2
Major Group 36—Basic Metals and their products except machinery and transport equipment					1	...
P. W. Major Group 89—Services not elsewhere classified					114	34
Additional Work						
DIVISION 2 & 3—MANUFACTURING					1	...
Major Group 27—Textile-miscellaneous					1	...
URBAN						
P. W. DIVISION 8—SERVICES					15,908	3,313
Additional Work						
DIVISION 0—AGRICULTURE, LIVESTOCK, FORESTRY, FISHING AND HUNTING					...	1
Major Group 04—Livestock and Hunting					...	1
DIVISION 2 & 3—MANUFACTURING					28	7
Major Group 20—Foodstuffs					4	2
Major Group 21—Beverages					2	...
Major Group 22—Tobacco products					...	1
Major Group 23—Textile-cotton					11	3
Major Group 26—Textile-silk					1	...
Major Group 27—Textile-miscellaneous					2	1
Major Group 28—Manufacture of wood and wooden products					3	...
Major Group 33—Chemicals and chemical products					2	...
Major Group 34-35—Non-Metallic Mineral Products other than petroleum and coal					2	...
Major Group 39—Miscellaneous Manufacturing Industries					1	...
P. W. Major Group 80—Public Services					6,318	336
Additional Work						
DIVISION 2 & 3—MANUFACTURING					7	3
Major Group 20—Foodstuffs					1	...
Major Group 21—Beverages					1	...
Major Group 22—Tobacco products					...	1
Major Group 23—Textile-cotton					1	2
Major Group 28—Manufacture of wood and wooden products					2	...
Major Group 34-35—Non-Metallic Mineral Products other than petroleum and coal					1	...
Major Group 39—Miscellaneous Manufacturing Industries					1	...
P. W. Major Group 81—Educational and Scientific Services					2,019	672
Additional Work						
DIVISION 2 & 3—MANUFACTURING					4	2
Major Group 20—Foodstuffs					1	1
Major Group 23—Textile-cotton					1	...
Major Group 27—Textile-miscellaneous					...	1
Major Group 28—Manufacture of wood and wooden products					1	...
Major Group 33—Chemicals and chemical products					1	...

TABLE B-VII Part B—*contd.*

**INDUSTRIAL CLASSIFICATION BY SEX OF PERSONS WORKING IN NON-HOUSEHOLD
INDUSTRY, TRADE, BUSINESS, PROFESSION OR SERVICE WHO ARE ALSO ENGAGED
IN HOUSEHOLD INDUSTRY**

Principal Work (P. W.)				Males (2)	Females (3)
Additional Work at Household Industry (Division and Major Group)					
(1)					
ANANTAPUR DISTRICT— <i>contd.</i>					
P. W. Major Group 82—Medical and Health Services	.	.	.	806	220
<i>Additional Work</i>					
DIVISION 2 & 3—MANUFACTURING	.	.	.	5	...
Major Group 23—Textile-cotton	.	.	.	2	...
Major Group 26—Textile-silk	.	.	.	1	...
Major Group 27—Textile-miscellaneous	.	.	.	1	...
Major Group 33—Chemicals and chemical products	.	.	.	1	...
P. W. Major Group 83—Religious and Welfare Services	.	.	.	356	43
<i>Additional Work</i>					
DIVISION 2 & 3—MANUFACTURING	.	.	.	3	...
Major Group 23—Textile-cotton	.	.	.	3	...
P. W. Major Group 85—Business Services	.	.	.	86	...
<i>Additional Work</i>					
DIVISION 2 & 3—MANUFACTURING	.	.	.	2	...
Major Group 23—Textile-cotton	.	.	.	1	...
Major Group 27—Textile-miscellaneous	.	.	.	1	...
P. W. Major Group 86—Community Services and Trade and Labour Associations	.	.	.	300	16
<i>Additional Work</i>					
DIVISION 2 & 3—MANUFACTURING	.	.	.	1	1
Major Group 20—Foodstuffs	.	.	.	1	...
Major Group 23—Textile-cotton	.	.	.	...	1
P. W. Major Group 87—Recreation Services	.	.	.	372	29
<i>Additional Work</i>					
DIVISION 2 & 3—MANUFACTURING	.	.	.	...	1
Major Group 20—Foodstuffs	.	.	.	...	1
P. W. Major Group 88—Personal Services	.	.	.	4,931	1,905
<i>Additional Work</i>					
DIVISION 0—AGRICULTURE, LIVESTOCK, FORESTRY, FISHING AND HUNTING	.	.	.	...	1
Major Group 04—Livestock and Hunting	.	.	.	...	1
DIVISION 2 & 3—MANUFACTURING	.	.	.	4	...
Major Group 20—Foodstuffs	.	.	.	1	...
Major Group 21—Beverages	.	.	.	1	...
Major Group 23—Textile-cotton	.	.	.	2	...
P. W. Major Group 89—Services (not elsewhere classified)	.	.	.	428	92
<i>Additional Work</i>					
DIVISION 2 & 3—MANUFACTURING	.	.	.	2	...
Major Group 23—Textile-cotton	.	.	.	1	...
Major Group 34-35—Non-Metallic Mineral Products other than petroleum and coal	.	.	.	1	...

TABLE B-VII Part B—*contd.*

**INDUSTRIAL CLASSIFICATION BY SEX OF PERSONS WORKING IN NON-HOUSEHOLD
INDUSTRY, TRADE, BUSINESS, PROFESSION OR SERVICE WHO ARE ALSO ENGAGED
IN HOUSEHOLD INDUSTRY**

Principal Work (P. W.)		Males (2)	Females (3)
Additional Work at Household Industry (Division and Major Group)			
(1)			
ANANTAPUR DISTRICT— <i>contd.</i>			
TOTAL			
P. W. DIVISION 9—ACTIVITIES NOT ADEQUATELY DESCRIBED	.	4,507	2,704
<i>Additional Work</i>			
DIVISION 0—AGRICULTURE, LIVESTOCK, FORESTRY, FISHING AND HUNTING	.	..	2
Major Group 02—Forestry and Logging	.	...	2
DIVISION 2 & 3—MANUFACTURING	.	1	4
Major Group 22—Tobacco products	.	...	1
Major Group 27—Textile-miscellaneous	.	1	...
Major Group 39—Miscellaneous Manufacturing Industries	.	...	3
P. W. Major Group 90—Activities unspecified and not adequately described	.	4,507	2,704
<i>Additional Work</i>			
DIVISION 0—AGRICULTURE, LIVESTOCK, FORESTRY, FISHING AND HUNTING	.	...	2
Major Group 02—Forestry and Logging	.	...	2
DIVISION 2 & 3—MANUFACTURING	.	1	4
Major Group 22—Tobacco products	.	...	1
Major Group 27—Textile-miscellaneous	.	1	...
Major Group 39—Miscellaneous Manufacturing Industries	.	...	3
RURAL			
P. W. DIVISION 9—ACTIVITIES NOT ADEQUATELY DESCRIBED	.	858	434
<i>Additional Work</i>			
DIVISION 2 & 3—MANUFACTURING	.	1	...
Major Group 27—Textile-miscellaneous	.	1	...
P. W. Major Group 90—Activities unspecified and not adequately described	.	858	434
<i>Additional Work</i>			
DIVISION 2 & 3—MANUFACTURING	.	1	...
Major Group 27—Textile-miscellaneous	.	1	...
URBAN			
P. W. DIVISION 9—ACTIVITIES NOT ADEQUATELY DESCRIBED	.	3,649	2,270
<i>Additional Work</i>			
DIVISION 0—AGRICULTURE, LIVESTOCK, FORESTRY, FISHING AND HUNTING	.	...	2
Major Group 02—Forestry and Logging	.	...	2
DIVISION 2 & 3—MANUFACTURING	.	...	4
Major Group 22—Tobacco products	.	...	1
Major Group 39—Miscellaneous Manufacturing Industries	.	...	3

TABLE B-VII Part B —*contd.*

**INDUSTRIAL CLASSIFICATION BY SEX OF PERSONS WORKING IN NON-HOUSEHOLD
INDUSTRY, TRADE, BUSINESS, PROFESSION OR SERVICE WHO ARE ALSO ENGAGED
IN HOUSEHOLD INDUSTRY**

Principal Work (P. W.)		Males (2)	Females (3)
Additional Work at Household Industry (Division and Major Group)			
(1)			
ANANTAPUR DISTRICT—concl.			
P. W. Major Group 90—Activities unspecified and not adequately described		3,649	2,270
Additional Work			
DIVISION 0—AGRICULTURE, LIVESTOCK, FORESTRY, FISHING AND HUNTING		...	2
Major Group 02—Forestry and Logging		...	2
DIVISION 2 & 3—MANUFACTURING		...	4
Major Group 22—Tobacco Products		...	1
Major Group 39—Miscellaneous Manufacturing Industries		...	3
1 ANANTAPUR TALUK (Rural)			
P. W. DIVISION 0—AGRICULTURE, LIVESTOCK, FORESTRY, FISHING AND HUNTING		1,873	209
Additional Work			
DIVISION 2 & 3—MANUFACTURING		2	...
Major Group 34-35—Non-Metallic Mineral Products other than petroleum and coal		1	...
Major Group 39—Miscellaneous Manufacturing Industries		1	...
P. W. DIVISION 4—CONSTRUCTION		2,278	978
Additional Work			
DIVISION 2 & 3—MANUFACTURING		2	...
Major Group 34-35—Non-Metallic Mineral Products other than petroleum and coal		2	...
P. W. DIVISION 6—TRADE AND COMMERCE		1,339	651
Additional Work			
DIVISION 2 & 3—MANUFACTURING		19	...
Major Group 21—Beverages		1	...
Major Group 23—Textile-cotton		4	...
Major Group 27—Textile-miscellaneous		9	...
Major Group 33—Chemicals and chemical products		1	...
Major Group 34-35—Non-Metallic Mineral Products other than petroleum and coal		3	...
Major Group 38—Transport equipment		1	...
P. W. DIVISION 8—SERVICES		2,994	967
Additional Work			
DIVISION 0—AGRICULTURE, LIVESTOCK, FORESTRY, FISHING AND HUNTING		1	...
Major Group 04—Livestock and Hunting		1	...
DIVISION 2 & 3—MANUFACTURING		8	1
Major Group 23—Textile-cotton		4	...
Major Group 27—Textile-miscellaneous		2	...
Major Group 28—Manufacture of wood and wooden products		1	...
Major Group 33—Chemicals and chemical products		...	1
Major Group 36—Basic Metals and their products except machinery and transport equipment		1	...

TABLE B-VII Part B—*contd.*

**INDUSTRIAL CLASSIFICATION BY SEX OF PERSONS WORKING IN NON-HOUSEHOLD
INDUSTRY, TRADE, BUSINESS, PROFESSION OR SERVICE WHO ARE ALSO ENGAGED
IN HOUSEHOLD INDUSTRY**

Principal Work (P. W.)		Males (2)	Females (3)
Additional Work at Household Industry (Division and Major Group)			
(1)			
1 ANANTAPUR TALUK (Rural)—concl.			
P. W. DIVISION 9—ACTIVITIES NOT ADEQUATELY DESCRIBED	.	169	47
Additional Work			
DIVISION 2 & 3—MANUFACTURING	.	1	...
Major Group 27—Textile-miscellaneous	.	1	...
2 KALYANDRUG TALUK (Rural)			
P. W. DIVISION 6—TRADE AND COMMERCE	.	1,215	379
Additional Work			
DIVISION 2 & 3—MANUFACTURING	.	7	...
Major Group 20—Foodstuffs	.	1	...
Major Group 23—Textile-cotton	.	1	...
Major Group 27—Textile-miscellaneous	.	4	...
Major Group 39—Miscellaneous Manufacturing Industries	.	1	...
P. W. DIVISION 8—SERVICES	.	1,789	537
Additional Work			
DIVISION 0—AGRICULTURE, LIVESTOCK, FORESTRY, FISHING AND HUNTING	.	1	...
Major Group 04—Livestock and Hunting	.	1	...
DIVISION 2 & 3—MANUFACTURING	.	1	2
Major Group 20—Foodstuffs	.	...	1
Major Group 23—Textile-cotton	.	...	1
Major Group 25—Textile-wool	.	1	...
3 RAYADRUG TALUK (Rural)			
P. W. DIVISION 0—AGRICULTURE, LIVESTOCK, FORESTRY, FISHING AND HUNTING	.	651	50
Additional Work			
DIVISION 2 & 3—MANUFACTURING	.	1	...
Major Group 34-35—Non-Metallic Mineral Products other than petroleum and coal	.	1	...
P. W. DIVISION 2 & 3—MANUFACTURING	.	105	36
Additional Work			
DIVISION 2 & 3—MANUFACTURING	.	2	...
Major Group 24—Textile-jute	.	1	...
Major Group 27—Textile-miscellaneous	.	1	...
P. W. DIVISION 4—CONSTRUCTION	.	540	134
Additional Work			
DIVISION 2 & 3—MANUFACTURING	.	1	...
Major Group 31—Leather and leather products	.	1	...

TABLE B-VII Part B —*contd.*

**INDUSTRIAL CLASSIFICATION BY SEX OF PERSONS WORKING IN NON-HOUSEHOLD
INDUSTRY, TRADE, BUSINESS, PROFESSION OR SERVICE WHO ARE ALSO ENGAGED
IN HOUSEHOLD INDUSTRY**

Principal Work (P. W.)					Males (2)	Females (3)
Additional Work at Household Industry (Division and Major Group)						
(1)						
3 RAYADRUG TALUK (Rural)—concl'd.						
P. W. DIVISION 6—TRADE AND COMMERCE	.	.	.	.	795	352
Additional Work						
DIVISION 2 & 3—MANUFACTURING	.	.	.	.	10	2
Major Group 20—Foodstuffs	.	.	.	.	...	1
Major Group 21—Beverages	.	.	.	.	1	...
Major Group 23—Textile-cotton	.	.	.	.	6	1
Major Group 27—Textile-miscellaneous	.	.	.	.	2	...
Major Group 39—Miscellaneous Manufacturing Industries	.	.	.	.	1	...
P. W. DIVISION 8—SERVICES	.	.	.	.	1,461	519
Additional Work						
DIVISION 2 & 3—MANUFACTURING	.	.	.	.	3	4
Major Group 23—Textile-cotton	.	.	.	.	2	...
Major Group 28—Manufacture of wood and wooden products	.	.	.	.	...	2
Major Group 34-35—Non-Metallic Mineral Products other than petroleum and coal	.	.	.	.	...	2
Major Group 36—Basic Metals and their products except machinery and transport equipment	.	.	.	.	1	...
4 URAVAKONDA INDEPENDENT SUB-TALUK (Rural)						
P. W. DIVISION 4—CONSTRUCTION	.	.	.	.	357	128
Additional Work						
DIVISION 2 & 3—MANUFACTURING	.	.	.	.	1	...
Major Group 27—Textile-miscellaneous	.	.	.	.	1	...
P. W. DIVISION 6—TRADE AND COMMERCE	.	.	.	.	667	279
Additional Work						
DIVISION 2 & 3—MANUFACTURING	.	.	.	.	4	...
Major Group 27—Textile-miscellaneous	.	.	.	.	3	...
Major Group 28—Manufacture of wood and wooden products	.	.	.	.	1	...
5 GOOTY TALUK (Rural)						
P. W. DIVISION 0—AGRICULTURE, LIVESTOCK, FORESTRY, FISHING AND HUNTING	.	.	.	.	512	51
Additional Work						
DIVISION 2 & 3—MANUFACTURING	.	.	.	.	1	...
Major Group 23—Textile-cotton	.	.	.	.	1	...
P. W. DIVISION 6—TRADE AND COMMERCE	.	.	.	.	641	339
Additional Work						
DIVISION 2 & 3—MANUFACTURING	.	.	.	.	1	1
Major Group 23—Textile-cotton	.	.	.	.	1	1

TABLE B-VII Part B—*contd.*

**INDUSTRIAL CLASSIFICATION BY SEX OF PERSONS WORKING IN NON-HOUSEHOLD
INDUSTRY, TRADE, BUSINESS, PROFESSION OR SERVICE WHO ARE ALSO ENGAGED
IN HOUSEHOLD INDUSTRY**

Principal Work (P. W.)					Males (2)	Females (3)
Additional Work at Household Industry (Division and Major Group)						
(1)						
5 GOOTY TALUK (<i>Rural</i>)— <i>concl'd.</i>						
P. W. DIVISION 7—TRANSPORT, STORAGE AND COMMUNICATIONS					228	1
<i>Additional Work</i>						
DIVISION 2 & 3—MANUFACTURING					1	...
Major Group 23—Textile-cotton					1	...
P. W. DIVISION 8—SERVICES					1,151	441
<i>Additional Work</i>						
DIVISION 2 & 3—MANUFACTURING					1	...
Major Group 23—Textile-cotton					1	...
6 TADPATRI TALUK (<i>Rural</i>)						
P. W. DIVISION 4—CONSTRUCTION					585	24
<i>Additional Work</i>						
DIVISION 2 & 3—MANUFACTURING					2	...
Major Group 34-35—Non-Metallic Mineral Products other than petroleum and coal					2	...
P. W. DIVISION 6—TRADE AND COMMERCE					890	424
<i>Additional Work</i>						
DIVISION 2 & 3—MANUFACTURING					11	3
Major Group 21—Beverages					2	...
Major Group 23—Textile-cotton					4	3
Major Group 27—Textile-miscellaneous					4	...
Major Group 36—Basic Metals and their products except machinery and transport equipment					1	...
P. W. DIVISION 7—TRANSPORT, STORAGE AND COMMUNICATIONS					115	...
<i>Additional Work</i>						
DIVISION 2 & 3—MANUFACTURING					4	...
Major Group 23—Textile-cotton					3	...
Major Group 27—Textile-miscellaneous					1	...
7 DHARMAVARAM TALUK (<i>Rural</i>)						
P. W. DIVISION 6—TRADE AND COMMERCE					886	388
<i>Additional Work</i>						
DIVISION 0—AGRICULTURE, LIVESTOCK, FORESTRY, FISHING AND HUNTING					1	...
Major Group 04—Livestock and Hunting					1	...
DIVISION 2 & 3—MANUFACTURING					8	2
Major Group 20—Foodstuffs					1	1
Major Group 21—Beverages					3	...
Major Group 23—Textile-cotton					1	1
Major Group 26—Textile-silk					1	...
Major Group 27—Textile-miscellaneous					1	...
Major Group 36—Basic Metals and their products except machinery and transport equipment					1	...

TABLE B-VII Part B—*contd.*

**INDUSTRIAL CLASSIFICATION BY SEX OF PERSONS WORKING IN NON-HOUSEHOLD
INDUSTRY, TRADE, BUSINESS, PROFESSION OR SERVICE WHO ARE ALSO ENGAGED
IN HOUSEHOLD INDUSTRY**

Principal Work (P. W.)				Males (2)	Females (3)
Additional Work at Household Industry (Division and Major Group)					
		(1)			
7 DHARMAVARAM TALUK (<i>Rural</i>)— <i>concl.</i>					
P. W. DIVISION 8—SERVICES	.	.	.	1,802	578
<i>Additional Work</i>					
DIVISION 0—AGRICULTURE, LIVESTOCK, FORESTRY, FISHING AND HUNTING	.	.	.	1	...
Major Group 02—Forestry and Logging	.	.	.	1	...
DIVISION 2 & 3—MANUFACTURING	.	.	.	9	...
Major Group 23—Textile-cotton	.	.	.	9	...
8 KADIRI TALUK (<i>Rural</i>)					
P. W. DIVISION 0—AGRICULTURE, LIVESTOCK, FORESTRY, FISHING AND HUNTING	.	.	.	3,474	396
<i>Additional Work</i>					
DIVISION 2 & 3—MANUFACTURING	.	.	.	9	1
Major Group 20—Foodstuffs	.	.	.	1	1
Major Group 28—Manufacture of wood and wooden products	.	.	.	7	...
Major Group 31—Leather and leather products	.	.	.	1	...
9 PENUKONDA TALUK (<i>Rural</i>)					
P. W. DIVISION 4—CONSTRUCTION	.	.	.	493	40
<i>Additional Work</i>					
DIVISION 2 & 3—MANUFACTURING	.	.	.	4	...
Major Group 34-35—Non-Metallic Mineral Products other than petroleum and coal	.	.	.	4	...
P. W. DIVISION 6—TRADE AND COMMERCE	.	.	.	1,277	461
<i>Additional Work</i>					
DIVISION 2 & 3—MANUFACTURING	.	.	.	25	8
Major Group 20—Foodstuffs	1
Major Group 21—Beverages	.	.	.	3	...
Major Group 23—Textile-cotton	.	.	.	3	...
Major Group 26—Textile-silk	.	.	.	2	...
Major Group 27—Textile-miscellaneous	.	.	.	11	2
Major Group 28—Manufacture of wood and wooden products	.	.	.	6	5
10 HINDUPUR TALUK (<i>Rural</i>)					
P. W. DIVISION 0—AGRICULTURE, LIVESTOCK, FORESTRY, FISHING AND HUNTING	.	.	.	2,919	483
<i>Additional Work</i>					
DIVISION 2 & 3—MANUFACTURING	1
Major Group 24—Textile-Jute	1
P. W. DIVISION 4—CONSTRUCTION	.	.	.	331	23
<i>Additional Work</i>					
DIVISION 2 & 3—MANUFACTURING	.	.	.	1	...
Major Group 27—Textile-miscellaneous	.	.	.	1	...

TABLE B-VII Part B—contd.

**INDUSTRIAL CLASSIFICATION BY SEX OF PERSONS WORKING IN NON-HOUSEHOLD
INDUSTRY, TRADE, BUSINESS, PROFESSION OR SERVICE WHO ARE ALSO ENGAGED
IN HOUSEHOLD INDUSTRY**

Principal Work (P. W.)					Males (2)	Females (3)
Additional Work at Household Industry (Division and Major Group)						
(1)						
10 HINDUPUR TALUK (<i>Rural</i>)-concl'd.						
P. W. DIVISION 6—TRADE AND COMMERCE	.	.	.	.	1,227	386
<i>Additional Work</i>						
DIVISION 2 & 3—MANUFACTURING	.	.	.	.	11	...
Major Group 25—Textile—wool	.	.	.	.	1	...
Major Group 27—Textile—miscellaneous	.	.	.	.	8	...
Major Group 28—Manufacture of wood and wooden products	.	.	.	.	1	...
Major Group 39—Miscellaneous Manufacturing Industries	.	.	.	.	1	...
P. W. DIVISION 7—TRANSPORT, STORAGE AND COMMUNICATIONS	.	.	.	.	121	...
<i>Additional Work</i>						
DIVISION 2 & 3—MANUFACTURING	.	.	.	.	2	...
Major Group 21—Beverages	.	.	.	.	1	...
Major Group 27—Textile—miscellaneous	.	.	.	.	1	...
P. W. DIVISION 8—SERVICES	.	.	.	.	2,245	777
<i>Additional Work</i>						
DIVISION 2 & 3—MANUFACTURING	.	.	.	.	7	...
Major Group 27—Textile—miscellaneous	.	.	.	.	1	...
Major Group 31—Leather and leather products	.	.	.	.	5	...
Major Group 39—Miscellaneous Manufacturing Industries	.	.	.	.	1	...
11 MADAKASIRA TALUK (<i>Rural</i>)						
P. W. DIVISION 0—AGRICULTURE, LIVESTOCK, FORESTRY, FISHING AND HUNTING	.	.	.	.	3,498	490
<i>Additional Work</i>						
DIVISION 0—AGRICULTURE, LIVESTOCK, FORESTRY, FISHING AND HUNTING	.	.	.	.	3	...
Major Group 04—Livestock and Hunting	.	.	.	.	3	...
DIVISION 2 & 3—MANUFACTURING	.	.	.	.	9	...
Major Group 24—Textile—jute	.	.	.	.	1	...
Major Group 27—Textile—miscellaneous	.	.	.	.	1	...
Major Group 28—Manufacture of wood and wooden products	.	.	.	.	6	...
Major Group 36—Basic Metals and their products except machinery and transport equipment	.	.	.	.	1	...
P. W. DIVISION 2 & 3—MANUFACTURING	.	.	.	.	44	5
<i>Additional Work</i>						
DIVISION 0—AGRICULTURE, LIVESTOCK, FORESTRY, FISHING AND HUNTING	.	.	.	.	1	1
Major Group 04—Livestock and Hunting	.	.	.	.	1	1
P. W. DIVISION 4—CONSTRUCTION	.	.	.	.	163	33
<i>Additional Work</i>						
DIVISION 2 & 3—MANUFACTURING	.	.	.	.	4	...
Major Group 34-35—Non-Metallic Mineral Products other than petroleum and coal	.	.	.	.	3	...
Major Group 39—Miscellaneous Manufacturing Industries	.	.	.	.	1	...

TABLE B-VII Part B—concl'd.

**INDUSTRIAL CLASSIFICATION BY SEX OF PERSONS WORKING IN NON-HOUSEHOLD
INDUSTRY, TRADE, BUSINESS, PROFESSION OR SERVICE WHO ARE ALSO ENGAGED
IN HOUSEHOLD INDUSTRY**

Principal Work (P. W.)					Males (2)	Females (3)
Additional Work at Household Industry (Division and Major Group) (1)						
11 MADAKASIRA TALUK (<i>Rural</i>)—concl'd.						
P. W. DIVISION 6—TRADE AND COMMERCE					1,086	475
<i>Additional Work</i>						
DIVISION 2 & 3—MANUFACTURING					17	7
Major Group 20—Foodstuffs					1	1
Major Group 23—Textile-cotton					3	...
Major Group 27—Textile-miscellaneous					11	...
Major Group 28—Manufacture of wood and wooden products					1	5
Major Group 34-35—Non-Metallic Mineral Products other than petroleum and coal					...	1
Major Group 39—Miscellaneous Manufacturing Industries					1	...
P. W. DIVISION 7—TRANSPORT, STORAGE AND COMMUNICATIONS					88	...
<i>Additional Work</i>						
DIVISION 2 & 3—MANUFACTURING					1	...
Major Group 27—Textile-miscellaneous					1	...
P. W. DIVISION 8—SERVICES					1,564	408
<i>Additional Work</i>						
DIVISION 0—AGRICULTURE, LIVESTOCK, FORESTRY, FISHING AND HUNTING					4	...
Major Group 04—Livestock and Hunting					4	...

TABLE B-VIII

PERSONS UNEMPLOYED AGED 15 AND ABOVE BY SEX AND EDUCATIONAL LEVELS

This Table shows the persons unemployed aged 15 and above by sex and educational levels for Urban and Rural areas separately in two parts.

In Part-A, which relates to the Urban areas, the unemployed have been sub-divided into two classes, viz., (i) Persons seeking employment for the first time, (ii) Persons employed before but now out of employment and seeking employ-

ment, and the data have been given by broad Age-groups and by educational levels.

In the first case the Age-groups will be 15-19, 20-24, 25-29, 30-34, 35+ and Age not stated and in the second case 15-19, 20-24, 25-34, 35-44, 45-59, 60+ and Age not stated.

Part-B relates to Rural areas. The data in this part are given taluk-wise by educational levels. The data in this Table are not however given by Age-groups.

TABLE B-VIII Part B
PERSONS UNEMPLOYED AGED 15 AND ABOVE BY SEX AND EDUCATIONAL LEVELS
IN RURAL AREAS ONLY

District/Taluk (1)	Total unemployed			Persons unemployed by educational levels											
				Illiterate			Literate (without educational level)			Primary or Junior Basic			Matriculation and above		
	Persons (2)	Males (3)	Females (4)	Persons (5)	Males (6)	Females (7)	Persons (8)	Males (9)	Females (10)	Persons (11)	Males (12)	Females (13)	Persons (14)	Males (15)	Females (16)
ANANTAPUR DISTRICT	408	398	10	19	14	5	40	40	...	93	90	3	256	254	2
1 Anantapur Taluk	37	37	...	...	...	...	3	3	...	10	10	...	24	24	...
2 Kalyandrug Taluk	20	20	...	...	...	...	2	2	...	2	2	...	16	16	...
6 Rayadrug Taluk	27	27	...	...	...	...	2	2	...	2	2	...	23	23	...
4 Uravakonda Independent Sub-Taluk	28	28	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	8	8	...	20	20	...
5 Gooty Taluk	25	24	1	...	...	...	1	1	...	5	5	...	19	18	1
3 Tadpatri Taluk	29	29	...	...	...	...	3	3	...	6	6	...	20	20	...
7 Dharmavaram Taluk	33	33	...	6	6	...	4	4	...	4	4	...	19	19	...
8 Kadiri Taluk	80	72	8	12	7	5	15	15	...	22	20	2	31	30	1
9 Penukonda Taluk	56	56	...	1	1	...	4	4	...	14	14	...	37	37	...
10 Hindupur Taluk	46	45	1	...	...	...	6	6	...	12	11	1	28	28	...
11 Madakasira Taluk	27	27	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	8	8	...	19	19	...

TABLE B-IX

PERSONS NOT AT WORK CLASSIFIED BY SEX, BROAD AGE-GROUPS AND TYPE OF ACTIVITY

This Table shows for the Total, Rural and Urban populations, the persons not at work classified by sex, broad Age-groups and type of activity. The Non-Workers are divided into eight categories according to their activities, viz., (i) Fulltime students; (ii) those attending only to Household duties; (iii) Dependants, infants and disabled; (iv) Retired, Rentier, or persons of independent means; (v) Beggars, vagrants, etc.; (vi) Inmates of institutions; (vii) Persons seeking employment for the first time; and (viii) Persons employed before but now out of employment and seeking work. These eight categories are based on the recommendations of the United Nations. This Table provides informa-

tion about those who have an income without working, about house-wives, about school going children, besides other types of non-working population. The data for the district are presented for Total, Rural and Urban populations. The taluk-wise data are however, presented for the Rural population only.

A total number of 19 males have been returned as fulltime students in the Age-group 35-59 in this district. These elderly persons might be pursuing advanced studies in religion such as Christian missionary trainees, or in Vedas, Music or other Fine Arts, etc., and hence classified as fulltime students.

B - SERIES

(ii) **HOUSEHOLD ECONOMIC TABLES**

TABLE B-X

SAMPLE HOUSEHOLDS, (i) ENGAGED NEITHER IN CULTIVATION NOR IN HOUSEHOLD INDUSTRY, (ii) ENGAGED EITHER IN CULTIVATION OR HOUSEHOLD INDUSTRY BUT NOT IN BOTH AND (iii) ENGAGED BOTH IN CULTIVATION AND HOUSEHOLD INDUSTRY

This Table is prepared on 20% Sample of Households based on the returns in the Household schedules. In presenting the data all Households are divided into three important sections of economic activity, viz., (i) Households engaged neither in Cultivation nor in Household Industry, (ii) Households engaged either in Household Industry or in Cultivation, (iii) Households engaged both in Cultivation and in Household Industry. The data are given taluk-wise and also for Rural and Urban Households in the district separately.

Cultivation includes ownership, tenancy, and cultivation.

Household Industry is an industry conducted by the head of the Household himself and/or mainly members of the Household at home or within the village in Rural areas and only at home in Urban areas and not on the scale of a registered factory.

This is the first census in which the data on Household basis are collected, tabulated and presented.

TABLE B-X

SAMPLE HOUSEHOLDS (i) ENGAGED NEITHER IN CULTIVATION NOR IN HOUSEHOLD INDUSTRY (ii) ENGAGED EITHER IN CULTIVATION OR IN HOUSEHOLD INDUSTRY BUT NOT IN BOTH, AND (iii) ENGAGED BOTH IN CULTIVATION AND HOUSEHOLD INDUSTRY

(Based on 20% Sample)

District/Taluk	Total Rural Urban	Total number of Households	Households engaged neither in Cultivation nor in Household Industry	Households engaged in Cultivation / only	Households engaged in Household Industry only	Households engaged in both Cultivation and Household Industry
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)
ANANTAPUR DISTRICT . . .	T	67,418	23,675	34,717	4,384	4,642
	R	55,694	15,221	33,339	2,718	4,416
	U	11,724	8,454	1,378	1,666	226
1 Anantapur Taluk . . .	R	6,310	1,980	3,551	300	479
2 Kalyandrug Taluk . . .	R	4,706	1,345	2,506	299	556
3 Rayadrug Taluk . . .	R	4,397	1,244	2,637	187	329
4 Uravakonda Independent Sub-Taluk	R	2,934	1,038	1,700	103	93
5 Gooty Taluk . . .	R	3,213	942	2,033	129	109
6 Tadpatri Taluk . . .	R	4,687	1,279	2,595	426	387
7 Dharmavaram Taluk . . .	R	4,534	1,188	2,725	223	398
8 Kadiri Taluk . . .	R	9,269	2,407	5,967	334	561
9 Penukonda Taluk . . .	R	5,197	1,462	2,916	273	546
10 Hindupur Taluk . . .	R	5,742	1,376	3,653	235	478
11 Madakasira Taluk . . .	R	4,705	960	3,056	209	480

TABLE B-XI

**SAMPLE HOUSEHOLDS ENGAGED IN CULTIVATION CLASSIFIED BY INTEREST IN
LAND AND SIZE OF LAND CULTIVATED**

This Table prepared on 20% sample of Households based on the returns in the Household Schedules shows separately for Total, Rural and Urban areas, the Households engaged in Cultivation classified by interest in land and size of land cultivated. The Rural figures are presented taluk-wise whereas the Urban figures are for the district as a whole.

A more detailed analysis of the cultivating Households is made in this Table by classifying them according to the size of land Cultivated

and according to the interest in land. The holding sizes adopted are less than 1, 1.0-2.4, 2.5-4.9, 5.0-7.4, 7.5-9.9, 10.0-12.4, 12.5-14.9, 15.0-29.9, 30.0-49.9, 50.0+ acres. The above holding sizes will therefore give an indication of the number of holdings likely to be (i) deficit, (ii) self sufficient and (iii) surplus for self consumption. It has, however, not been possible to give the sizes of the holding according to the type of land, i.e., wet or dry. Only the extent of the land was ascertained at the Census enumeration.

TABLE B-XI
SAMPLE HOUSEHOLDS ENGAGED IN CULTIVATION CLASSIFIED BY INTEREST IN LAND AND SIZE OF LAND CULTIVATED
(Based on 20% Sample)

Interest in land cultivated (1)	No. of cultivating Households (2)	Households engaged in Cultivation by size of land in acres										
		Less than 1	1.0-2.4	2.5-4.9	5.0-7.4	7.5-9.9	10.0-12.4	12.5-14.9	15.0-29.9	30.0-49.9	50+	Unspecified
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)	(13)
ANANTAPUR DISTRICT												
TOTAL												
Total	39,359	1,535	5,432	6,877	7,323	2,958	4,046	1,212	5,882	2,439	1,640	15
Owned or held from Government	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
Held from private persons or institutions for payment in money, kind or share	32,551	1,347	4,491	5,616	6,111	2,333	3,434	952	4,826	2,000	1,428	13
Partly held from Government and partly from private persons for payment in money, kind or share	1,699	151	593	347	212	54	136	24	129	35	16	2
persons for payment in money, kind or share	5,109	37	348	914	1,000	571	476	236	927	404	196	...
RURAL												
Total	37,755	1,431	5,096	6,589	7,072	2,856	3,894	1,175	5,683	2,367	1,578	14
Owned or held from Government	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
Held from private persons or institutions for payment in money, kind or share	31,259	1,264	4,217	5,382	5,912	2,256	3,302	926	4,668	1,947	1,373	12
Partly held from Government and partly from private persons for payment in money, kind or share	1,561	130	543	322	198	49	125	24	120	33	15	2
persons for payment in money, kind or share	4,935	37	336	885	962	551	467	225	895	387	190	...
URBAN												
Total	1,604	104	336	288	251	102	152	37	199	72	62	1
Owned or held from Government	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
Held from private persons or institutions for payment in money, kind or share	1,292	83	274	234	199	77	132	26	158	53	55	1
Partly held from Government and partly from private persons for payment in money, kind or share	138	21	50	25	14	5	11	...	9	2	1	...
persons for payment in money, kind or share	174	...	12	29	38	20	9	11	32	17	6	...
1 ANANTAPUR TALUK (Rural)												
Total	4,030	185	379	417	701	265	466	148	796	412	260	1
Owned or held from Government	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
Held from private persons or institutions for payment in money, kind or share	3,579	180	310	348	641	228	422	133	709	363	244	1
Partly held from Government and partly from private persons for payment in money, kind or share	116	4	49	23	12	8	8	1	9	2	...	...
persons for payment in money, kind or share	335	1	20	46	48	29	36	14	78	47	16	...

(1)												
	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)	(13)
2 KALYANDRUG TALUK (Rural)												
Total	3,062	29	124	163	638	174	489	93	737	345	270	...
Owned or held from Government												
Held from private persons or institutions for payment in money, kind or share	2,573	25	95	140	584	145	422	70	581	275	236	...
Partly held from Government and partly from private persons for payment in money, kind or share	147	3	23	13	21	7	33	...	33	7	7	...
	342	1	6	10	33	22	34	23	123	63	27	...
3 RAYADRUG TALUK (Rural)												
Total	2,966	35	281	355	462	202	347	78	625	324	257	...
Owned or held from Government												
Held from private persons or institutions for payment in money, kind or share	2,198	26	180	260	367	163	279	49	448	234	192	...
Partly held from Government and partly from private persons for payment in money, kind or share	277	9	85	56	29	8	28	3	42	10	7	...
	491	...	16	39	66	31	40	26	135	80	58	...
4 URAVAKONDA INDEPENDENT SUB-TALUK (Rural)												
Total	1,793	11	146	245	269	107	172	65	346	226	204	2
Owned or held from Government												
Held from private persons or institutions for payment in money, kind or share	1,478	10	139	239	231	98	151	50	241	138	159	2
Partly held from Government and partly from private persons for payment in money, kind or share	62	1	6	6	8	2	13	3	12	11	...	...
	253	...	1	...	10	7	8	12	93	77	45	...
5 GOOTY TALUK (Rural)												
Total	2,142	36	155	265	306	178	284	95	541	193	88	1
Owned or held from Government												
Held from private persons or institutions for payment in money, kind or share	1,872	35	141	248	268	150	242	78	453	174	82	1
Partly held from Government and partly from private persons for payment in money, kind or share	64	1	12	11	16	3	9	2	9	...	1	...
	206	...	2	6	22	25	33	15	79	19	5	...
6 TADPATRI TALUK (Rural)												
Total	2,982	203	418	400	373	205	303	111	579	255	131	4
Owned or held from Government												
Held from private persons or institutions for payment in money, kind or share	2,706	183	371	379	353	187	276	99	515	218	121	4
Partly held from Government and partly from private persons for payment in money, kind or share	64	13	21	2	3	3	6	10	6	...	...	...
	212	7	26	19	17	15	21	2	58	37	10	...
7. DHARMAVARAM TALUK (Rural)												
Total	3,123	155	314	405	713	214	338	111	500	215	157	1
Owned or held from Government												
Held from private persons or institutions for payment in money, kind or share	2,611	122	244	357	613	168	288	93	404	180	141	1
Partly held from Government and partly from private persons for payment in money, kind or share	113	30	45	8	16	2	5	2	3	2	...	...
	399	3	25	40	84	44	45	16	93	33	16	...

TABLE B-XI—concl'd.

**SAMPLE HOUSEHOLDS ENGAGED IN CULTIVATION CLASSIFIED BY INTEREST IN LAND AND
SIZE OF LAND CULTIVATED**
(Based on 20% Sample)

Interest in land cultivated (1)	No. of cultivating Households (2)	Households engaged in Cultivation by size of land in acres										
		Less than 1 1.0-2.4 2.5-4.9 5.0-7.4 7.5-9.9 10.4-12.4 12.5-14.9 15.0-29.9 30.0-49.9 50+ Unspecified										
		(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)	(13)
8 KADIRI TALUK (Rural)												
Total	6,528	140	1,095	1,525	1,349	590	684	191	684	172	97	1
Owned or held from Government												
Held from private persons or institutions for payment in money, kind or share	5,462	124	957	1,269	1,083	448	578	151	600	159	93	...
Partly held from Government and partly from private persons for payment in money, kind or share	258	10	95	94	35	8	11	1	3	...	...	1
Partly held from Government and partly from private persons for payment in money, kind or share	808	6	43	162	231	134	95	39	81	13	4	...
9 PENUKONDA TALUK (Rural)												
Total	3,462	243	711	725	619	266	281	109	332	112	64	...
Owned or held from Government												
Held from private persons or institutions for payment in money, kind or share	2,798	209	560	579	503	197	230	72	284	105	59	...
Partly held from Government and partly from private persons for payment in money, kind or share	168	28	85	24	17	3	9	1	1	...	...	...
Partly held from Government and partly from private persons for payment in money, kind or share	496	6	66	122	99	66	42	36	47	7	5	...
10 HINDUPUR TALUK (Rural)												
Total	4,131	299	913	1,173	783	317	208	86	252	66	32	2
Owned or held from Government												
Held from private persons or institutions for payment in money, kind or share	2,984	258	720	778	532	205	151	61	188	61	28	2
Partly held from Government and partly from private persons for payment in money, kind or share	217	29	85	72	23	1	3	1	2	1	...	...
Partly held from Government and partly from private persons for payment in money, kind or share	930	12	108	323	228	111	54	24	62	4	4	...
11 MADAKASIRA TALUK (Rural)												
Total	3,536	95	560	916	859	338	322	88	291	47	18	2
Owned or held from Government												
Held from private persons or institutions for payment in money, kind or share	2,998	92	500	785	717	267	263	70	245	40	18	1
Partly held from Government and partly from private persons for payment in money, kind or share	75	2	37	13	18	4	...	...	...	...	...	1
Partly held from Government and partly from private persons for payment in money, kind or share	463	1	23	118	124	67	59	18	46	7	...	...

TABLE B-XII

**SAMPLE HOUSEHOLDS ENGAGED IN CULTIVATION ONLY CLASSIFIED BY
SIZE OF LAND CULTIVATED AND NUMBER OF FAMILY
WORKERS AND HIRED WORKERS**

This Table prepared on 20% sample of Households based on the returns in the Household Schedules shows a further analysis of the Households engaged in Cultivation only and furnishes information on the extent of under-employment in Agriculture and also on the size and scale of

Agricultural enterprise. The data are presented both according to the number of persons in the Household and according to the size of land cultivated by the Household besides giving separately the number of family workers and hired workers in Cultivation in each such household.

TABLE B-XII
SAMPLE HOUSEHOLDS ENGAGED IN CULTIVATION ONLY CLASSIFIED BY SIZE OF LAND CULTIVATED
AND NUMBER OF FAMILY WORKERS AND HIRED WORKERS
(Based on 20% Sample)

Size of land (class range in acres)		Cultivating Households according to number of persons engaged in Cultivation											
		Total of cultivating Households					1 Person					2 Persons	
		House- holds (2)	Family workers		Hired workers (5)	House- holds (6)	Family workers		House- holds (9)	Family workers		Hired workers (12)	
			Males (3)	Females (4)			Males (7)	Females (8)		Males (10)	Females (11)		
ANANTAPUR DISTRICT													
TOTAL													
All sizes	.	34,717	55,021	36,799	2,680	7,775	6,525	1,250	11,315	13,060	9,337	233	
Less than 1	.	1,288	1,404	915	3	630	506	124	430	454	405	1	
1.0-2.4	.	4,700	5,654	3,702	35	1,774	1,462	312	1,800	1,953	1,638	9	
2.5-4.9	.	6,023	8,175	5,802	68	1,578	1,296	282	2,326	2,586	2,054	12	
5.0-7.4	.	6,410	9,342	6,538	122	1,456	1,220	236	2,338	2,654	2,004	18	
7.5-9.9	.	2,599	4,212	3,023	91	439	377	62	867	1,012	704	18	
10.0-12.4	.	3,567	5,797	3,972	184	647	551	96	1,148	1,337	933	26	
12.5-14.9	.	1,083	1,939	1,329	78	164	142	22	312	370	247	7	
15.0-29.9	.	5,294	10,111	6,522	560	703	628	75	1,395	1,763	966	61	
30.0-49.9	.	2,226	4,726	2,931	542	244	220	24	464	606	277	45	
50+	.	1,515	3,642	2,053	997	136	119	17	232	321	107	36	
Unspecified	.	12	19	12	...	4	4	...	3	4	2	...	
RURAL													
All sizes	.	33,339	53,110	35,948	2,536	7,185	5,985	1,200	10,904	12,540	9,046	222	
Less than 1	.	1,204	1,315	870	3	583	465	118	403	424	381	1	
1.0-2.4	.	4,405	5,321	3,561	29	1,602	1,307	295	1,716	1,851	1,575	6	
2.5-4.9	.	5,781	7,884	5,650	65	1,470	1,196	274	2,241	2,489	1,982	11	
5.0-7.4	.	6,187	9,016	6,377	113	1,376	1,144	232	2,271	2,575	1,951	16	
7.5-9.9	.	2,519	4,082	2,979	82	417	358	59	836	968	687	17	
10.0-12.4	.	3,437	5,613	3,885	166	595	504	91	1,110	1,289	906	25	
12.5-14.9	.	1,054	1,898	1,308	75	152	132	20	304	358	243	7	
15.0-29.9	.	5,123	9,824	6,405	538	644	572	72	1,350	1,694	945	61	
30.0-49.9	.	2,157	4,595	2,874	528	224	201	23	447	580	271	43	
50+	.	1,460	3,543	2,027	937	118	102	16	223	308	103	35	
Unspecified	.	12	19	12	...	4	4	...	3	4	2	...	
URBAN													
All sizes	.	1,378	1,911	851	144	590	540	50	411	520	291	11	
Less than 1	.	84	89	45	...	47	41	6	27	30	24	...	
1.0-2.4	.	295	333	141	...	172	155	17	85	102	63	...	
2.5-4.9	.	242	291	152	3	108	100	8	67	79	72	1	
5.0-7.4	.	223	326	161	9	80	76	4	31	44	53	2	
7.5-9.9	.	80	130	44	9	22	19	3	19	27	17	1	
10.0-12.4	.	130	184	87	18	52	47	5	38	48	27	1	
12.5-14.9	.	29	41	21	3	12	10	2	8	12	4	...	
15.0-29.9	.	171	287	117	22	59	56	3	45	69	21	...	
30.0-49.9	.	69	131	19	14	20	16	1	17	26	6	...	
50+	.	55	99	26	60	18	17	1	9	13	4	...	
Unspecified	.	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...

(Based on 20% Sample)

Cultivating Households according to number of persons engaged in Cultivation												
Size of land (class range in acres)	Total of cultivating Households					1 Person			2 Persons			
	House- holds (2)	Family workers		Hired workers (5)	House- holds (6)	House- holds (9)	Family workers		House- holds (9)	Family workers		Hired workers (12)
		Males (3)	Females (4)				Males (7)	Females (8)		Males (10)	Females (11)	
1 ANANTAPUR TALUK (Rural)												
All sizes	3,551	5,681	3,594	272	882	769	113	1,100	1,298	873	29	
Less than 1	150	159	112	1	78	58	20	39	37	40	1	
1.0-2.4	327	380	212	...	156	127	29	114	128	100	...	
2.5-4.9	357	491	270	3	135	119	16	122	148	94	2	
5.0-7.4	611	790	494	2	214	189	25	233	262	203	1	
7.5-9.9	...	335	221	5	51	49	2	78	94	59	3	
10.0-12.4	419	606	401	12	105	99	6	151	173	127	2	
12.5-14.9	135	214	147	1	25	23	2	47	56	38	...	
15.0-29.9	717	1,344	878	51	75	65	10	201	242	150	10	
30.0-49.9	369	801	510	64	31	30	1	72	94	43	7	
50+	241	561	349	133	12	10	2	43	64	19	3	
Unspecified	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
2 KALYANDRUG TALUK (Rural)												
All sizes	2,506	4,272	2,647	204	489	432	57	819	962	662	14	
Less than 1	24	30	16	...	10	10	...	8	9	7	...	
1.0-2.4	90	118	56	...	40	40	...	29	33	25	...	
2.5-4.9	131	180	117	3	43	36	7	48	54	42	...	
5.0-7.4	526	712	451	7	146	127	19	218	251	185	...	
7.5-9.9	140	205	147	...	30	30	2	53	58	48	...	
10.0-12.4	398	633	410	7	66	56	10	152	174	129	1	
12.5-14.9	75	118	85	5	11	11	...	28	32	24	...	
15.0-29.9	605	1,100	698	26	94	81	13	177	220	133	1	
30.0-49.9	297	636	381	43	33	29	4	67	81	50	3	
50+	220	540	286	113	16	14	2	39	50	19	9	
Unspecified	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
3 RAYADRUG TALUK (Rural)												
All sizes	2,637	4,500	3,379	185	420	340	80	775	864	677	9	
Less than 1	30	38	31	...	5	5	...	16	16	16	...	
1.0-2.4	249	332	219	...	77	63	14	88	98	78	...	
2.5-4.9	306	430	323	6	71	57	14	115	118	111	1	
5.0-7.4	410	623	489	1	86	70	16	135	148	122	...	
7.5-9.9	180	293	220	2	20	13	7	67	75	59	...	
10.0-12.4	301	467	369	6	50	37	13	100	100	84	...	
12.5-14.9	69	125	105	...	7	6	1	20	23	17	...	
15.0-29.9	557	1,036	795	15	57	48	9	151	175	127	...	
30.0-49.9	289	604	434	30	23	23	...	57	67	43	4	
50+	246	552	394	125	24	18	6	34	44	20	4	
Unspecified	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...

TABLE B-XII—*contd.*

Cultivating Households according to number of persons engaged in Cultivation— <i>contd.</i>																
Size of land (class range in acres)	3-5 Persons			6-10 Persons			More than 10 Persons			Unspecified						
	Family workers			Family workers			Family workers			Family workers						
	House- holds (13)	Males (14)	Females (15)	Hired workers (16)	House- holds (17)	Males (18)	Females (19)	Hired workers (20)	House- holds (21)	Males (22)	Females (23)	Hired workers (24)	House- holds (25)	Males (26)	Females (27)	Hired workers (28)
1 ANANTAPUR TALUK (<i>Rural</i>)																
All sizes	1,341	2,802	1,957	152	225	795	642	82	3	17	9	9	...	...	...	...
Less than 1	32	61	49	...	1	3	3	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
1.0-2.4	54	112	76	...	3	13	7	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
2.5-4.9	94	199	144	1	6	25	16	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
5.0-7.4	152	296	235	1	12	43	31	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
7.5-9.9	92	181	144	...	4	11	16	2	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
10.0-12.4	154	303	241	10	9	31	27	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
12.5-14.9	58	118	91	1	5	17	16	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
15.0-29.9	381	817	546	38	59	211	169	3	1	9	3	...	...	...	...	...
30.0-49.9	203	450	275	42	63	227	191	15	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
50+	121	265	156	59	63	214	166	62	2	8	6	9	...	...	...	...
Unspecified	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
2 KALYANDRUG TALUK (<i>Rural</i>)																
All sizes	1,025	2,205	1,447	123	169	648	464	52	4	25	17	15	...	...	...	...
Less than 1	6	11	9	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
1.0-2.4	20	39	30	...	1	6	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
2.5-4.9	38	79	62	3	2	11	6	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
5.0-7.4	152	301	218	5	10	33	29	2	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
7.5-9.9	55	112	90	...	2	7	7	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
10.0-12.4	167	357	231	4	13	46	40	2	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
12.5-14.9	33	65	52	5	3	10	9	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
15.0-29.9	288	626	417	22	46	173	135	3	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
30.0-49.9	151	346	202	29	46	180	125	11	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
50+	115	269	136	55	46	182	112	34	4	25	17	15	...	...	...	...
Unspecified	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
3 RAYADRUG TALUK (<i>Rural</i>)																
All sizes	1,212	2,465	1,929	99	221	781	654	56	9	50	39	21	...	...	...	...
Less than 1	8	14	12	...	1	3	3	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
1.0-2.4	82	163	120	...	2	8	7	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
2.5-4.9	111	224	170	5	9	31	28	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
5.0-7.4	169	328	287	1	19	68	59	...	1	9	5	...	...	...	...	...
7.5-9.9	82	163	122	2	11	42	32	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
10.0-12.4	147	287	244	5	12	43	28	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
12.5-14.9	35	72	64	...	7	24	23	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
15.0-29.9	288	589	470	13	60	217	184	2	1	7	5	...	...	...	...	...
30.0-49.9	163	342	256	22	45	165	130	4	1	7	5	...	...	...	...	...
50+	127	283	184	51	55	180	160	49	6	27	24	21	...	...	...	...
Unspecified	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...

TABLE B-XII—contd.
SAMPLE HOUSEHOLDS ENGAGED IN CULTIVATION ONLY CLASSIFIED BY SIZE OF LAND CULTIVATED
AND NUMBER OF FAMILY WORKERS AND HIRED WORKERS
(Based on 20% Sample)

Size of land (class range in acres)		Cultivating Households according to number of persons engaged in Cultivation														
		Total of cultivating Households					1 Person					2 Persons				
		House- holds (2)	Family workers		Hired workers (5)	House- holds (6)	Family workers		House- holds (9)	Family workers		Hired workers (12)				
Males (3)	Females (4)		Males (7)	Females (8)			Males (10)	Females (11)								
4 URAVAKONDA INDEPENDENT SUB-TALUK (Rural)																
All sizes		1,700	2,641	1,249	193	572	484	88	508	656	341	19				
Less than 1		11	12	5	...	7	6	1	3	3	3	...				
1.0-2.4		138	144	77	2	85	71	14	34	36	32	...				
2.5-4.9		226	253	149	...	114	86	28	66	83	49	...				
5.0-7.4		255	314	173	3	111	95	16	83	97	67	2				
7.5-9.9		96	124	55	...	43	38	5	32	44	20	...				
10.0-12.4		158	223	120	5	52	42	10	55	65	44	1				
12.5-14.9		63	97	38	3	20	17	3	24	34	14	...				
15.0-29.9		334	576	253	18	82	74	8	112	156	64	4				
30.0-49.9		214	393	186	19	37	34	3	66	90	37	5				
50+		203	500	190	143	20	20	...	33	48	11	7				
Unspecified		2	5	3	...	1	1	...	...	...	...	...
5 GOOTY TALUK (Rural)																
All sizes		2,033	3,111	1,905	201	527	444	83	678	825	494	37				
Less than 1		35	41	30	...	13	11	2	14	14	14	...				
1.0-2.4		140	144	104	...	67	56	11	48	48	48	...				
2.5-4.9		240	308	198	2	95	73	22	75	85	65	...				
5.0-7.4		290	367	246	9	84	68	16	124	147	99	2				
7.5-9.9		168	240	155	2	50	43	7	60	70	48	2				
10.0-12.4		275	380	245	8	79	65	14	102	123	77	3				
12.5-14.9		93	134	93	5	25	22	3	32	36	25	3				
15.0-29.9		516	898	529	45	86	80	6	167	225	98	11				
30.0-49.9		190	382	208	52	25	24	1	47	63	17	14				
50+		86	217	97	78	3	2	1	9	14	3	1				
Unspecified					
6 TADPATRI TALUK (Rural)																
All sizes		2,595	3,915	2,073	157	903	756	147	778	985	546	25				
Less than 1		167	188	104	...	98	80	18	40	49	31	...				
1.0-2.4		335	411	249	...	178	147	31	104	119	89	...				
2.5-4.9		341	394	239	...	162	129	33	108	120	96	...				
5.0-7.4		326	441	238	2	131	108	23	100	123	76	1				
7.5-9.9		176	248	162	1	54	44	10	64	83	45	...				
10.0-12.4		261	397	215	5	75	64	11	96	125	65	2				
12.5-14.9		91	141	84	3	24	18	6	32	39	24	1				
15.0-29.9		526	951	445	32	126	117	9	152	207	88	9				
30.0-49.9		225	450	200	60	38	35	3	58	85	23	8				
50+		123	287	132	53	16	13	3	24	35	9	4				
Unspecified		4	7	5	...	1	1	...	...	...	...	...

TABLE B-XII—*contd.*

SAMPLE HOUSEHOLDS ENGAGED IN CULTIVATION ONLY CLASSIFIED BY SIZE OF LAND CULTIVATED AND NUMBER OF FAMILY WORKERS AND HIRED WORKERS

(Based on 20% Sample)

Cultivating Households according to number of persons engaged in Cultivation—concl'd.															
Size of land (class range in acres)	3-5 Persons			6-10 Persons			More than 10 Persons			Unspecified					
	House- holds (13)	Family workers		Hired workers (16)	House- holds (17)	Family workers		Hired workers (20)	House- holds (21)	Family workers		Hired workers (24)	House- holds (25)	Family workers	
		Males (14)	Females (15)			Males (18)	Females (19)			Males (22)	Females (23)			Males (26)	Females (27)
(1)															
4 URAVAKONDA INDEPENDENT SUB-TALUK (Rural)															
All sizes	552	1,231	675	97	65	256	138	46	3	14	7	31	...	...	...
Less than 1	1	3	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
1.0-2.4	18	35	27	1	1	2	4	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
2.5-4.9	46	84	72	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
5.0-7.4	58	112	82	1	3	10	8	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
7.5-9.9	21	42	30	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
10.0-12.4	50	111	65	4	1	5	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
12.5-14.9	18	43	18	3	1	3	3	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
15.0-29.9	130	307	161	11	10	39	20	3	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
30.0-49.9	102	233	126	12	9	36	20	2	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
50+	108	261	93	65	39	157	79	40	3	14	7	31	...	...	...
Unspecified	...	...	...	...	1	4	3	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
5 GOOTY TALUK (Rural)															
All sizes	717	1,444	1,021	103	107	378	284	55	4	20	23	6	...	...	...
Less than 1	7	13	11	...	1	3	3	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
1.0-2.4	24	38	41	...	1	2	4	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
2.5-4.9	66	138	98	2	4	12	13	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
5.0-7.4	78	143	119	3	4	9	12	4	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
7.5-9.9	52	99	84	...	6	28	16	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
10.0-12.4	88	170	138	4	6	22	16	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
12.5-14.9	29	51	46	2	7	25	19	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
15.0-29.9	228	468	323	29	35	125	102	5	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
30.0-49.9	93	197	119	30	24	91	65	8	1	7	6	...	...	...	...
50+	52	127	42	33	19	61	34	38	3	13	17	6	...	...	...
Unspecified	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
6 TADPATRI TALUK (Rural)															
All sizes	795	1,735	1,046	72	115	419	318	43	4	20	16	17	...	...	...
Less than 1	24	44	39	...	5	15	16	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
1.0-2.4	67	125	110	1	6	20	19	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
2.5-4.9	69	137	102	...	2	8	8	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
5.0-7.4	87	177	116	1	8	33	23	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
7.5-9.9	53	102	92	1	5	19	15	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
10.0-12.4	80	173	111	1	10	35	28	2	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
12.5-14.9	31	68	42	2	4	16	12	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
15.0-29.9	217	504	259	18	29	110	79	5	2	13	10	...	...	...	...
30.0-49.9	107	231	121	22	21	77	51	18	1	2	2	12	...	...	...
50+	57	148	49	26	25	86	67	18	1	5	4	5	...	...	...
Unspecified	3	6	5	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...

(Based on 20% Sample)

Cultivating Households according to number of persons engaged in Cultivation												
Size of land (class range in acres)	Total of cultivating Households					1 Person			2 Persons			
	House- holds (2)	Family workers		Hired workers (5)	House- holds (6)	House- holds (7)	Family workers		House- holds (9)	Family workers		Hired workers (12)
		Males (3)	Females (4)				Males (7)	Females (8)		Males (10)	Females (11)	
7 DHARMAVARAM TALUK (Rural)												
All sizes	2,725	4,368	3,199	230	559	449	110	870	974	750	16	
Less than 1.	133	136	85	...	71	55	16	46	50	42	...	
1.0-2.4	261	335	229	1	98	79	19	87	90	84	...	
2.5-4.9	344	476	342	4	98	77	21	126	145	105	...	
5.0-7.4	595	788	593	6	150	115	35	230	256	204	...	
7.5-9.9	190	272	229	10	35	30	5	66	70	60	...	
10.0-12.4	293	478	371	12	39	34	5	90	97	81	...	
12.5-14.9	101	172	134	4	7	5	2	38	42	34	...	
15.0-29.9	458	889	659	45	33	29	4	138	160	111	...	
30.0-49.9	197	443	311	45	15	14	1	29	38	20	...	
50+	152	378	246	103	12	10	2	20	26	9	...	
Unspecified	1	1	...	...	1	1	...	...	...	...	...
8 KADIRI TALUK (Rural)												
All sizes	5,967	9,286	7,125	473	931	732	199	2,180	2,358	1,974	28	
Less than 1.	117	133	92	2	49	38	11	45	50	40	...	
1.0-2.4	973	1,127	873	5	297	226	71	430	448	409	...	
2.5-4.9	1,389	1,829	1,468	8	270	215	55	609	634	584	...	
5.0-7.4	1,235	1,858	1,421	19	161	125	36	501	549	449	...	
7.5-9.9	544	894	722	18	50	44	6	194	210	175	...	
10.0-12.4	631	1,103	831	50	48	39	9	197	224	164	...	
12.5-14.9	185	370	277	26	7	6	1	51	59	41	...	
15.0-29.9	634	1,338	973	146	33	27	6	113	136	81	...	
30.0-49.9	168	379	292	95	8	4	4	31	35	26	...	
50+	90	254	174	104	8	8	...	9	13	5	...	
Unspecified	1	1	2	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
9 PENUKONDA TALUK (Rural)												
All sizes	2,916	4,483	3,293	162	617	511	106	952	1,072	823	9	
Less than 1.	199	215	134	...	103	83	20	61	66	56	...	
1.0-2.4	595	755	509	4	190	155	35	235	257	213	...	
2.5-4.9	609	851	651	3	110	92	18	264	297	229	...	
5.0-7.4	507	743	569	13	101	87	14	171	195	146	...	
7.5-9.9	224	373	298	11	26	22	4	70	82	56	...	
10.0-12.4	237	408	284	17	39	34	5	63	75	51	...	
12.5-14.9	94	195	151	11	9	8	1	12	12	12	...	
15.0-29.9	295	576	414	39	27	23	4	60	70	47	...	
30.0-49.9	102	218	183	37	10	5	5	12	13	10	...	
50+	54	149	100	27	2	2	...	4	5	3	...	
Unspecified	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...

TABLE B-XII—*contd.*

**SAMPLE HOUSEHOLDS ENGAGED IN CULTIVATION ONLY CLASSIFIED BY SIZE OF LAND CULTIVATED
AND NUMBER OF FAMILY WORKERS AND HIRED WORKERS**

(Based on 20% Sample)

[illegible]

TABLE B-XII—contd.
SAMPLE HOUSEHOLDS ENGAGED IN CULTIVATION ONLY CLASSIFIED BY SIZE OF LAND CULTIVATED
AND NUMBER OF FAMILY WORKERS AND HIRED WORKERS
(Based on 20% Sample)

Cultivating Households according to number of persons engaged in Cultivation											
Size of land (class range in acres)	Total of cultivating Households					1 Person		2 Persons			
	House- holds (2)	Family workers		Hired workers (5)	House- holds (6)	Family workers		House- holds (9)	Family workers		Hired workers (12)
		Males (3)	Females (4)			Males (7)	Females (8)		Males (10)	Females (11)	
(1)											
10 HINDUPUR TALUK (Rural)											
All sizes	3,653	5,926	3,792	319	793	681	112	1,203	1,388	995	23
Less than 1	257	267	186	...	125	102	23	94	91	97	...
1.0-2.4	797	995	597	11	277	240	37	325	359	288	3
2.5-4.9	1,043	1,559	1,017	28	216	184	32	395	459	327	4
5.0-7.4	694	1,195	795	29	93	81	12	224	271	175	2
7.5-9.9	283	558	362	20	28	24	4	72	87	54	3
10.0-12.4	188	381	256	34	32	18	3	37	45	25	4
12.5-14.9	78	168	89	12	12	12	...	13	16	9	1
15.0-29.9	219	551	344	77	15	15	...	34	46	17	5
30.0-49.9	62	177	103	63	2	1	...	4	7	1	...
50+	30	72	42	45	4	4	...	3	4	1	1
Unspecified	2	3	1	...	...	...	...	2	3	1	...
11 MADAKASIRA TALUK (Rural)											
All sizes	3,056	4,927	3,692	140	492	387	105	1,041	1,158	911	13
Less than 1	81	96	75	...	24	17	7	37	39	35	...
1.0-2.4	480	580	436	5	137	103	34	222	235	209	...
2.5-4.9	795	1,113	876	8	156	128	28	313	346	280	...
5.0-7.4	738	1,185	908	22	99	79	20	252	276	225	3
7.5-9.9	293	540	408	13	30	23	7	80	95	63	2
10.0-12.4	276	537	383	10	21	16	5	75	88	59	3
12.5-14.9	70	164	105	5	5	4	1	7	9	5	...
15.0-29.9	262	565	417	44	16	13	3	45	57	29	4
30.0-49.9	44	112	66	20	2	2	...	4	7	1	...
50+	15	33	17	13	1	1	...	5	5	4	1
Unspecified	2	2	1	...	1	1	...	1	1	1	...

TABLE B-XIII

**SAMPLE HOUSEHOLDS ENGAGED BOTH IN CULTIVATION AND HOUSEHOLD
INDUSTRY SHOWING SIZE OF LAND CULTIVATED CLASSIFIED
BY PRINCIPAL HOUSEHOLD INDUSTRY**

This Table prepared on 20% sample of Households based on the returns in the Household schedules shows the number of Households engaged both in Household Industry and in Cultivation. It indicates the nature of Industry in which cultivating Households with a particular size of holding are engaged and thus throws light on the Household Industries which

are carried on as ancillary to Cultivation. A correlation between size and scale of Cultivation and size and scale of Household Industry is attempted to be established in this Table. The Household Industries are presented by Divisions and by Major Groups of the Indian Standard Industrial Classification.

TABLE B-XIII

**SAMPLE HOUSEHOLDS ENGAGED BOTH IN CULTIVATION AND HOUSEHOLD INDUSTRY SHOWING SIZE
OF LAND CULTIVATED CLASSIFIED BY PRINCIPAL HOUSEHOLD INDUSTRY**

(Based on 20% Sample)

(1) Household Industry (Division and Major Group only of Indian Standard Industrial Classification)	(2) Total No. of House- holds	Number of households by size in acres of land cultivated										
		Less than 1	1.0-2.4	2.5-4.9	5.0-7.4	7.5-9.9	10.0-12.4	12.5-14.9	15.0-29.9	30.0-49.9	50+	Unspecified
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)	(13)
ANANTAPUR DISTRICT												
<i>RURAL</i>												
ALL DIVISIONS	4,416	227	691	808	885	337	457	121	560	210	118	2
<i>DIVISION 0—AGRICULTURE, LIVESTOCK, FORESTRY, FISHING AND HUNTING</i>	1,452	37	144	228	241	131	168	54	265	102	82	...
Major Group 00—Field Produce and Plantation Crops	9	...	...	1	...	3	1	...	3	...	1	...
Major Group 03—Fishing	2	...	...	...	1	...	...	...	1	...	...	...
Major Group 04—Livestock and Hunting	1,441	37	144	227	240	128	167	54	261	102	81	...
<i>DIVISION 1—MINING AND QUARRYING</i>	6	1	1	2	1	...	1	...	...	...	...	...
Major Group 10—Mining and Quarrying	6	1	1	2	1	...	1	...	...	...	...	...
<i>DIVISION 2 & 3—MANUFACTURING</i>	2,958	189	546	578	643	206	288	67	295	108	36	2
Major Group 20—Foodstuffs	254	13	37	48	38	25	23	7	29	21	13	...
Major Group 21—Beverages	9	1	1	2	3	...	1	...	...	1	...	...
Major Group 22—Tobacco products	7	...	...	1	4	1	1	...	...	...	...	...
Major Group 23—Textile-cotton	461	47	88	67	80	31	41	16	58	25	8	...
Major Group 24—Textile-jute	23	...	4	6	2	...	2	1	7	1	...	...
Major Group 25—Textile-wool	127	8	18	18	33	8	16	2	16	6	2	...
Major Group 26—Textile-silk	5	1	2	2	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Major Group 27—Textile-miscellaneous	337	16	55	70	73	30	27	7	41	13	3	2
Major Group 28—Manufacture of wood and wooden products	447	19	80	93	106	38	52	8	36	11	4	...
Major Group 29—Paper and paper products	1	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Major Group 31—Leather and leather products	753	54	154	155	196	31	76	11	60	15	1	...
Major Group 33—Chemicals and chemical pro- ducts	12	...	2	4	1	1	1	...	3	...	...	...
Major Group 34-35—Non-Metallic Mineral Pro- ducts other than petro- leum and coal	314	19	61	73	70	15	31	9	25	8	3	...
Major Group 36—Basic Metals and their pro- ducts except machinery and transport equipment	99	6	18	15	19	16	8	4	9	3	1	...
Major Group 39—Miscellaneous Manufacturing Industries	109	5	25	24	18	10	9	2	11	4	1	...

(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)	(13)
ALL DIVISIONS	226	20	41	46	28	22	22	8	28	3	7	1
DIVISION 0—AGRICULTURE, LIVESTOCK, FORESTRY, FISHING AND HUNTING	43	2	5	10	6	7	4	1	7	1	...	...
Major Group 00—Field Produce and Plantation Crops	7	...	1	3	1	...	2	...	...	...	...	...
Major Group 02—Forestry and Logging	1	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Major Group 04—Livestock and Hunting	35	2	4	6	5	7	2	1	7	1	...	...
DIVISION 2 & 3—MANUFACTURING	183	18	36	36	22	15	18	7	21	2	7	1
Major Group 20—Foodstuffs	77	8	7	13	9	7	10	3	13	2	5	...
Major Group 21—Beverages	1	...	...	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...
Major Group 22—Tobacco products	9	...	5	2	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Major Group 23—Textile-cotton	22	2	6	5	3	1	1	2	...	...	...	...
Major Group 25—Textile-wool	6	...	2	1	1	2	...	...	...	...	2	...
Major Group 26—Textile-silk	3	1	1	...	...	...	...	...	1	...	...	...
Major Group 27—Textile-miscellaneous	10	...	...	4	2	...	2	...	2	...	...	...
Major Group 28—Manufacture of wood and wooden products	22	1	5	4	3	2	3	1	3	...	...	...
Major Group 31—Leather and leather products	8	1	2	2	2	1	...	...	...	...	...	...
Major Group 33—Chemicals and chemical pro- ducts	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1
Major Group 34—35—Non-Metallic Mineral Products other than petroleum and coal	10	3	2	3	1	...	1	...	...	...	...	...
Major Group 36—Basic Metals and their pro- ducts except machinery and transport equipment	5	2	1	1	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	...
Major Group 38—Transport equipment	2	...	1	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Major Group 39—Miscellaneous Manufacturing Industries	7	...	4	1	...	1	...	1	...	...	...	...

URBAN

TABLE B-XIV

SAMPLE HOUSEHOLDS ENGAGED ONLY IN HOUSEHOLD INDUSTRY CLASSIFIED BY PRINCIPAL HOUSEHOLD INDUSTRY

This Table prepared on 20% sample of Households based on the returns in the Household Schedules is divided into two parts.

Part A relates to Households classified by Major Groups of principal Household Industry and number of persons engaged in each Major Group *i. e.*, one person, two persons, 3-5 persons, 6-10 persons, and more than 10 persons. The data are given for the Total, Rural and Urban Households separately by Divisions and by

Major Groups only.

In Part B the number of Households engaged in Household Industry under each Minor Group is given separately for Total, Rural and Urban areas.

This Table therefore indicates the extent of underemployment by a comparison of the nature of the Industry and the number of persons employed and also gives a measure of the scale of Household Industry.

TABLE B-XIV

**SAMPLE HOUSEHOLDS ENGAGED ONLY IN HOUSEHOLD INDUSTRY CLASSIFIED
BY PRINCIPAL HOUSEHOLD INDUSTRY**

(Based on 20% Sample)

**Part A—Households classified by Major Groups of Principal Household Industry and number
of persons engaged**

Household Industry (Division and Major Group only of Indian Standard Industrial Classification)	Total Rural Urban	Total number of Households	Households engaged in Household Industry according to the number of persons engaged				
			1 person	2 persons	3-5 persons	6-10 persons	More than 10 persons
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)
ANANTAPUR DISTRICT							
ALL DIVISIONS	T	4,384	2,217	1,204	864	93	6
	R	2,718	1,485	739	451	42	1
	U	1,666	732	465	413	51	5
DIVISION 0—AGRICULTURE, LIVESTOCK, FORESTRY, FISHING AND HUNTING	T	288	183	77	28	...	...
	R	252	161	66	25	...	...
	U	36	22	11	3	...	...
Major Group 01—Plantation Crops	T	1	1	...	...	...	...
	R	...	...	...	...	...	...
	U	1	1	...	...	...	...
Major Group 02—Forestry and Logging	T	1	...	1	...	...	...
	R	1	...	1	...	...	...
	U	...	...	...	...	...	...
Major Group 03—Fishing	T	2	2	...	...	...	...
	R	...	...	...	...	...	...
	U	2	2	...	...	...	...
Major Group 04—Livestock and Hunting	T	284	180	76	28	...	...
	R	251	161	65	25	...	...
	U	33	19	11	3	...	...
DIVISION 1—MINING AND QUARRYING	T	3	...	1	2	...	...
	R	3	...	1	2	...	...
	U	...	...	...	...	...	...
Major Group 10—Mining and Quarrying	T	3	...	1	2	...	...
	R	3	...	1	2	...	...
	U	...	...	...	...	...	...
DIVISION 2 & 3—MANUFACTURING	T	4,093	2,034	1,126	834	93	6
	R	2,463	1,324	672	424	42	1
	U	1,630	710	454	410	51	5
Major Group 20—Foodstuffs	T	192	116	53	23	...	...
	R	61	33	20	8	...	...
	U	131	83	33	15	...	...
Major Group 21—Beverages	T	30	20	10	...	...	...
	R	15	9	6	...	...	...
	U	15	11	4	...	...	...
Major Group 22—Tobacco products	T	135	70	43	21	1	...
	R	21	12	8	1	...	...
	U	114	58	35	20	1	...
Major Group 23—Textile-cotton	T	1,307	338	438	458	69	4
	R	621	191	217	184	29	...
	U	686	147	221	274	40	4
Major Group 24—Textile-jute	T	31	12	14	5	...	...
	R	26	10	12	4	...	...
	U	5	2	2	1	...	...
Major Group 25—Textile-wool	T	122	33	44	39	5	1
	R	119	32	43	38	5	1
	U	3	1	1	1	...	...

TABLE B-XIV—*contd.*

**SAMPLE HOUSEHOLDS ENGAGED ONLY IN HOUSEHOLD INDUSTRY CLASSIFIED
BY PRINCIPAL HOUSEHOLD INDUSTRY**

(Based on 20% Sample)

**Part A—Households classified by Major Groups of Principal Household Industry and number
of persons engaged—*concl.***

Household Industry (Division and Major Group only of Indian Standard Industrial Classification)	Total Rural Urban	Total number of Households	Households engaged in Household Industry according to the number of persons engaged				
			1 person	2 persons	3-5 persons	6-10 persons	More than 10 persons
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)
ANANTAPUR DISTRICT—<i>concl.</i>							
Major Group 26—Textile-silk	T	90	17	33	33	6	1
	R	47	15	16	15	1	...
	U	43	2	17	18	5	1
Major Group 27—Textile—miscellaneous	T	578	419	105	52	2	...
	R	369	260	71	37	1	...
	U	209	159	34	15	1	...
Major Group 28—Manufacture of wood and wooden products	T	488	236	154	92	6	...
	R	341	165	114	58	4	...
	U	147	71	40	34	2	...
Major Group 29—Paper and paper products	T	3	...	2	1	...	...
	R	...	...	...	...	...	...
	U	3	...	2	1	...	...
Major Group 31—Leather and leather products	T	397	343	38	16	...	...
	R	367	319	34	14	...	...
	U	30	24	4	2	...	...
Major Group 33—Chemicals and chemical products	T	27	16	8	3	...	...
	R	14	9	4	1	...	...
	U	13	7	4	2	...	...
Major Group 34-35—Non-Metallic Mineral Products other than petroleum and coal	T	210	85	78	45	2	...
	R	174	70	63	39	2	...
	U	36	15	15	6	...	...
Major Group 36—Basic Metals and their products except machinery and transport equipment	T	166	115	35	14	2	...
	R	118	86	25	7	...	...
	U	48	29	10	7	2	...
Major Group 37—Machinery (all kinds other than Trans- port) and Electrical equipment	T	1	1	...	...	...	...
	R	...	...	...	...	...	...
	U	1	1	...	...	...	...
Major Group 38—Transport equipment	T	21	16	2	3	...	...
	R	5	4	...	1	...	...
	U	16	12	2	2	...	...
Major Group 39—Miscellaneous Manufacturing Industries	T	295	197	69	29	...	...
	R	165	109	39	17	...	...
	U	130	88	30	12	...	...

TABLE B-XIV—contd.

**SAMPLE HOUSEHOLDS ENGAGED ONLY IN HOUSEHOLD INDUSTRY CLASSIFIED
BY PRINCIPAL HOUSEHOLD INDUSTRY**

(Based on 20% Sample)

Part B—Households classified by Minor Groups of Principal Household Industry

Household Industry (Minor Group of Indian Standard Industrial Classification)		Number of Households		
(1)		T (2)	R (3)	U (4)
ANANTAPUR DISTRICT				
ALL DIVISIONS		4,384	2,718	1,666
015.2	Plantation Crops except tea, coffee, rubber, tobacco, ganja, cinchona, opium and pan	1	...	1
025.4	Production of resins, barks, herbs, wild fruits, berries and leaves etc. not elsewhere classified	1	1	...
031	Production of fish by fishing in inland waters and ponds including fish farms and fish hatcheries	2	...	2
040.1	Rearing of goat for milk and animal power	36	34	2
040.2	Rearing of buffalo for milk and animal power	3	2	1
040.3	Rearing of cows for milk and animal power	3	3	...
040.5	Production and rearing of livestock mainly for milk and animal power not elsewhere classified	130	112	18
041.1	Sheep breeding and rearing	82	74	8
041.2	Production of wool	6	6	...
042.1	Rearing and production of pigs and goats (mainly for slaughter)	22	18	4
043.1	Poultry keeping and production of eggs	1	1	...
043.2	Rearing and production of ducks, hens etc., and other small birds e.g., pigeons, parrots, peacock, maina etc.	1	1	...
107.3	Stone and slate quarrying	3	3	...
200.1	Production of flour by village chakkies or flour mill by grinding wheat, maize, gram etc.	2	2	...
200.2	Hand pounding of rice by Dhekbi or Ukhal	1	1	...
200.5	Production of pulses	2	1	1
205	Production of bread, biscuit, cake, and other bakery products	12	1	11
206	Production of butter, cream, ghee, cheese, chana, khawa and other dairy products	104	34	70
207	Oil pressing ghani, kolhu or by small machines	35	18	17
209.2	Making of sweet-meats, laddu, peda, barphi, batasa etc.	3	...	3
209.3	Sattu, bhunja, papar, barri, danauri, tilari, sewai, apalam etc.	5	...	5
209.7	Making of other food products for residuary snacks	28	4	24
212.1	Production of indigenous liquor such as liquor, toddy, neera from mahua and palm trees	3	1	2
214.2	Production of aerated water such as soda water, lemonade etc.	26	14	12
215	Production of ice	1	...	1
220	Manufacture of bidi	135	21	114
230	Cotton ginning, cleaning, carding, pressing and baling	3	2	1
231	Cotton spinning (by charka and takali)	129	96	33
233.1	Dyeing of cloth (cotton) and yarn	19	10	9
233.3	Tie and dye (bandhani) of cloth and yarn	32	15	17
235	Cotton cloth weaving in handlooms	1,124	498	626
241	Jute spinning and weaving of mats, asanis etc.	2	1	1
244.1	Making of rope and cordage out of hemp	26	22	4
244.4	Making of rope by date palm fibre	2	2	...
244.5	Making of fibre, sunn-hemp fibre	1	1	...
253	Spinning of wool by charkha or takali	18	17	1
255	Weaving of woollen cloth in handloom such as blankets, rugs, pashmina, thulma, gudma etc.	104	102	2
261	Dyeing and bleaching of silk	1	...	1
262.3	Spinning of silk, other than in mills not elsewhere classified	1	...	1
264.2	Weaving of silk, and artificial silk in handloom not elsewhere classified	88	47	41
270.1	Making of durries	39	39	...
270.2	Making of carpets and druggets	2	1	1
272.2	Making of jari thread, zardoshi	1	...	1
273.1	Making of cap, hat and other headgear	1	...	1
273.2	Traditional garments	526	321	205
274.3	Manufacture of other made-up textile goods like mattress, quilt, rezai etc. not elsewhere classified	5	4	1
277.2	Making of brush, broom etc., from coconut fibre	1	1	...
278	Manufacture and repair of umbrellas	3	3	...
280	Sawing, planing and milling of wood	1	...	1
281	Manufacture of wooden furniture and fixtures	3	2	1
282	Manufacture of structural wooden goods (including treated timber) such as beams, posts, doors, windows	1	...	1
283.1	Carpentry works concerned with repairs of agricultural implements (wood)	195	116	79
283.2	Manufacture of wooden industrial goods other than transport equipment such as bobbin and similar equipments and fixtures	1	1	...
284.3	Manufacture of wooden toys	6	1	5
284.9	Manufacture of other wooden products not elsewhere classified	2	2	...

TABLE B-XIV—concl'd.

**SAMPLE HOUSEHOLDS ENGAGED ONLY IN HOUSEHOLD INDUSTRY CLASSIFIED
BY PRINCIPAL HOUSEHOLD INDUSTRY**

(Based on 20% Sample)

Part B—Households classified by Minor Groups of Principal Household Industry—concl'd.

Household Industry (Minor Group of Indian Standard Industrial Classification)		Number of Households		
(1)		T (2)	R (3)	U (4)
ANANTAPUR DISTRICT—concl'd.				
288.3	Making of mats, handfans and umbrellas from palm leaves	63	61	2
288.5	Making of baskets and broomsticks	114	96	18
288.6	Making of donas (drone) and pattals (patravali) from leaves	19	12	7
288.9	Manufacture of other articles from leaf, cane, bamboo, cork and other allied products not elsewhere classified	70	42	28
289.3	Making of artwheels	13	8	5
292.6	Making of paper toys	1	...	1
292.7	Making of paper flowers etc.	2	...	2
310.2	Currying, tanning and finishing of hides and skins and preparation of finished leather	27	26	1
311.1	Making of leather boots, shoes or chappals (slippers, sandals).	342	313	29
313	Manufacture of leather products such as leather upholstery, suitcases, pocket-books, cigarette and key cases, purses, saddlery, whip, acquaducts (Kos), charsa and other articles	16	16	...
314	Repair of shoes, chappals and other leather footwear	12	12	...
331.1	Manufacture of dyes, paints, colours, abir, sindoor, varnish etc.	1	...	1
335.2	Manufacture of Agarbatti	4	...	4
335.5	Manufacture of kumkum and hinglo	1	1	...
335.7	Manufacture of medicines (Ayurvedic, Unani etc.) and pharmaceutical preparations	8	3	5
335.8	Manufacture of perfumes, cosmetics and other toilet preparations not elsewhere classified	11	10	1
336.1	Manufacture of soap and washing soda	1	...	1
339.3	Making of tooth powder	1	...	1
340.1	Making of bricks	24	15	9
341.4	Making of cement products not elsewhere classified	1	...	1
342.2	Manufacture of lime	70	64	6
343.1	Stone carving	1	...	1
350	Making of earthenware such as pottery etc.	114	95	19
362	Manufacture of arms and weapons and their repair service	1	...	1
365.1	Making of utensils of brass and bell metal	8	7	1
367.1	Making of tin utensils	4	2	2
367.2	Making of articles from tin sheets	2	...	2
367.5	Manufacture of other metal products (excluding iron, brass, bell metal, aluminium) not elsewhere classified	1	...	1
368.2	Nickel plating and electroplating	1	...	1
368.3	Engraving, embossing, polishing and welding of metal products	1	...	1
368.5	Plating and electroplating of metal not elsewhere classified including silver plating, gold plating E. P. N. S. etc.	5	2	3
369.1	Manufacture of agricultural implements such as ploughshare, khurpi, kudal etc.	133	102	31
369.2	Manufacture of light engineering goods including bolts and screws	1	...	1
369.3	Making of iron utensils (e. g. buckets etc.) and articles from iron sheets	1	1	...
369.4	Making and repairing of locks and trunks	7	3	4
369.7	Manufacture of scales, weights and measures	1	1	...
378	Repairing and servicing of radios	1	...	1
384	Repairing and servicing of automobiles	1	...	1
388	Repair of cycle and rickshaw	20	5	15
392	Repairing and servicing of watches and clocks	1	...	1
393.2	Goldsmithy	283	162	121
399.1	Making of tikka and cowdung cakes	7	2	5
399.6	Making of gangavan (making of wig from human hair)	3	...	3
399.7	Making of garlands from flowers, camphor, sandalwood shavings, seeds and other materials like beads etc.	1	1	...

TABLE B-XV

**SAMPLE HOUSEHOLDS ENGAGED BOTH IN CULTIVATION AND HOUSEHOLD
INDUSTRY CLASSIFIED BY SIZE OF LAND**

This Table prepared on 20% sample of Households based on the returns in the Household Schedules shows the number of Households engaged both in Cultivation and Household Industry. While in Table B-XIII the number of Households engaged both in Cultivation and in Household Industry is given by size of land cultivated classified by principal Household Industry, in this Table an analysis is made of persons working in these Households with reference to

the size of holdings. In the case of Households employing more than one person, the number of family workers and hired workers are given separately. This Table establishes a correlation between the scale of Household Industry and the scale of Cultivation.

The data are given separately for Total, Rural and Urban areas of the district and for the Rural areas of each of the taluks in the district.

TABLE B-XV
SAMPLE HOUSEHOLDS ENGAGED BOTH IN CULTIVATION AND HOUSEHOLD INDUSTRY CLASSIFIED
BY SIZE OF LAND
(Based on 20% Sample)

Size of land (class range in acres)	Total of cultivating Households which are engaged in Household Industry					Cultivating Households engaged in Household Industry						
	House- holds (2)	Family workers		Hired workers (5)	Hired workers (12)	House- holds (9)	1 Person		2 Persons		Hired workers (12)	
		Males (3)	Females (4)				Males (7)	Females (8)	Males (10)	Females (11)		
ANANTAPUR DISTRICT												
TOTAL												
All sizes	4,642	9,812	6,132	323	465	438	27	1,149	1,490	798	10	
Less than 1	247	390	238	2	56	54	2	87	114	60	...	
1.0-2.4	742	1,247	742	12	130	122	8	244	306	180	...	
2.5-4.9	854	1,599	960	13	97	91	6	259	335	180	3	
5.0-7.4	913	1,781	1,153	28	99	96	3	247	306	187	1	
7.5-9.9	359	811	499	13	28	24	4	74	107	40	1	
10.0-12.4	479	1,082	673	24	23	21	2	108	142	73	1	
12.5-14.9	129	325	221	9	7	7	...	20	23	17	...	
15.0-29.9	588	1,569	972	61	20	19	1	85	122	47	1	
30.0-49.9	213	600	394	57	2	1	1	17	22	11	1	
50+	125	403	278	104	2	2	...	7	11	3	...	
Unspecified	3	5	2	...	1	1	...	1	2	...	...
RURAL												
All sizes	4,416	9,381	5,864	306	434	414	20	1,075	1,394	748	8	
Less than 1	227	365	221	1	49	49	...	80	106	54	...	
1.0-2.4	691	1,178	698	5	122	116	6	225	279	169	2	
2.5-4.9	808	1,513	909	11	93	87	6	243	316	168	2	
5.0-7.4	885	1,728	1,115	27	96	94	2	238	293	182	1	
7.5-9.9	337	765	480	12	26	22	4	66	96	36	...	
10.0-12.4	457	1,040	644	23	20	19	1	102	135	68	1	
12.5-14.9	121	307	207	9	6	6	...	19	22	16	...	
15.0-29.9	560	1,504	929	61	17	17	...	79	115	42	1	
30.0-49.9	210	592	390	56	2	1	1	17	22	11	1	
50+	118	386	271	101	2	2	...	5	8	2	...	
Unspecified	2	3	...	...	1	1	...	1	2	...	...
URBAN												
All sizes	226	431	268	17	31	24	7	74	96	50	2	
Less than 1	20	25	17	1	7	5	2	7	8	6	...	
1.0-2.4	41	69	44	7	8	6	2	19	27	11	...	
2.5-4.9	46	86	51	2	4	4	...	16	19	12	1	
5.0-7.4	28	53	38	1	3	2	1	9	13	5	...	
7.5-9.9	22	46	19	1	2	2	...	8	11	4	1	
10.0-12.4	22	42	29	1	3	2	1	6	7	5	...	
12.5-14.9	8	18	14	...	1	1	...	1	1	1	...	
15.0-29.9	28	65	43	...	3	2	1	6	7	5	...	
30.0-49.9	3	8	4	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
50+	7	17	2	3	...	...	...	2	3	1	...
Unspecified	1	2	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...

TABLE B-XV—*contd.*
SAMPLE HOUSEHOLDS ENGAGED BOTH IN CULTIVATION AND HOUSEHOLD INDUSTRY CLASSIFIED
BY SIZE OF LAND
(Based on 20% Sample)

Cultivating Households engaged in Household Industry— <i>concl'd.</i>																		
Size of land (class range in acres)		3-5 Persons				6-10 Persons				More than 10 Persons				Unspecified				
		Family workers		Hired workers	Family workers		Hired workers	Family workers		Hired workers	Family workers		Hired workers					
		House-holds	Males		Females	House-holds		Males	Females		House-holds	Males		Females	House-holds	Males			Females
(1)	(2)	(13)	(14)	(15)	(16)	(17)	(18)	(19)	(20)	(21)	(22)	(23)	(24)	(25)	(26)	(27)	(28)	
1 ANANTAPUR TALUK (<i>Rural</i>)																		
All sizes		248	576	326	19	53	205	156	11	1	8	4						
Less than 1		12	26	19	...	4	15	13	...	...	...	...		
1.0-2.4		22	51	27	...	2	8	5	...	...	...	...		
2.5-4.9		29	69	35	...	1	4	2	...	1	8	4						
5.0-7.4		47	96	72	...	4	19	7	...	...	...	...		
7.5-9.9		21	47	23	...	4	14	11	...	...	...	...		
10.0-12.4		27	63	32	3	3	11	14	...	...	...	...		
12.5-14.9		10	22	14	...	2	9	9	...	...	...	...		
15.0-29.9		45	115	62	2	11	41	35	1	...	...	...			
30.0-49.9		24	58	31	8	15	59	40	5	...	...	...			
50+		11	29	11	6	7	25	20	5	...	...	...			
Unspecified							
2 KALYANDRUG TALUK (<i>Rural</i>)																		
All sizes		300	717	419	23	99	385	281	46	11	59	61	15					
Less than 1		1	2	2	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
1.0-2.4		19	48	24	...	1	3	3	...	...	...	...	...
2.5-4.9		15	35	19	1	4	15	11	...	...	...	...	...
5.0-7.4		52	116	75	2	6	20	15	3	...	...	...	...	
7.5-9.9		23	52	36	...	3	11	8	...	...	...	...	...
10.0-12.4		58	131	77	1	9	38	22	...	...	...	...	...
12.5-14.9		9	27	11	...	5	26	12	...	...	...	...	...
15.0-29.9		84	202	119	8	25	100	79	1	2	13	9	...					
30.0-49.9		23	61	32	6	20	77	57	8	2	12	11	...					
50+		16	43	24	5	26	95	74	34	7	34	41	15					
Unspecified						
3 RAYADRUG TALUK (<i>Rural</i>)																		
All sizes		183	423	278	10	49	200	144	3	4	28	17						
Less than 1		5	11	7	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
1.0-2.4		14	28	20	1	3	14	8	...	1	11	1	...					
2.5-4.9		30	70	43	...	4	14	13	...	...	...	...	...
5.0-7.4		28	65	41	...	4	18	12	...	...	...	...	...
7.5-9.9		15	38	22	...	...	...	...	...	1	6	5	...					
10.0-12.4		25	62	42	...	8	29	22	1	...	...	...	...	
12.5-14.9		3	6	7	...	1	4	2	...	...	...	...	...
15.0-29.9		40	97	53	...	15	63	47	...	1	5	6	...					
30.0-49.9		18	37	33	7	11	46	30	...	...	...	...	...
50+		5	9	10	2	3	12	10	2	1	6	5	...					
Unspecified						

TABLE B-XV —*contd.*

**SAMPLE HOUSEHOLDS ENGAGED BOTH IN CULTIVATION AND HOUSEHOLD INDUSTRY CLASSIFIED
BY SIZE OF LAND**

(Based on 20% Sample)

Cultivating Households engaged in Household Industry— <i>concl'd.</i>																											
Size of land (class range in acres)		3-5 Persons				6-10 Persons				More than 10 Persons				Unspecified													
		House- holds		Family workers		Hired workers	House- holds	Family workers		Hired workers	House- holds	Family workers		Hired workers	House- holds	Family workers		Hired workers									
		Males	Females	Males	Females			Males	Females			Males	Females			Males	Females										
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)	(13)	(14)	(15)	(16)	(17)	(18)	(19)	(20)	(21)	(22)	(23)	(24)	(25)	(26)	(27)	(28)
4 URAVAKONDA INDEPENDENT SUB-TALUK (<i>Rural</i>)																											
All sizes	.	39	92	55	2	5	19	11	3																		
Less than 1	.	2	4	2																							
1.0-2.4	.	4	8	6	1	3	3																				
2.5-4.9	.	6	19	7																							
5.0-7.4	.	4	10	5																							
7.5-9.9	.	6	14	6																							
10.0-12.4	.	1	2	1																							
12.5-14.9	.	6	15	12		2	8	4																			
15.0-29.9	.	9	18	18		2	8	4	3																		
30.0-49.9	.	1	2																								
50+	.																										
Unspecified	.																										
5 GOOTY TALUK (<i>Rural</i>)																											
All sizes	.	54	116	78	3	7	27	20																			
Less than 1	.																										
1.0-2.4	.	5	12	7																							
2.5-4.9	.	7	14	8		1	2	4																			
5.0-7.4	.	8	12	14	1	1	5	1																			
7.5-9.9	.	5	11	6	1																						
10.0-12.4	.	7	16	11																							
12.5-14.9	.	1	3																								
15.0-29.9	.	18	41	28	1	3	14	8																			
30.0-49.9	.	2	4	4		1	2	4																			
50+	.	1	3			1	4	3																			
Unspecified	.																										
6 TADPATRI TALUK (<i>Rural</i>)																											
All sizes	.	180	385	266	12	31	121	92	1	3	15	18															
Less than 1	.	15	29	26		4	14	11																			
1.0-2.4	.	24	49	38		1	4	3		1	5	6															
2.5-4.9	.	24	52	29		3	11	8																			
5.0-7.4	.	19	44	25		3	12	8																			
7.5-9.9	.	10	19	15		3	2	6	9																		
10.0-12.4	.	21	44	33	3	3																					
12.5-14.9	.	9	21	16		2	6	7																			
15.0-29.9	.	31	68	46	1	8	35	26																			
30.0-49.9	.	21	47	27	5	7	29	18	1																		
50+	.	6	12	11		1	4	2																			
Unspecified	.																										

TABLE B-XV—*concl'd.*

**SAMPLE HOUSEHOLDS ENGAGED BOTH IN CULTIVATION AND HOUSEHOLD INDUSTRY CLASSIFIED
•
BY SIZE OF LAND**

(Based on 20% Sample)

[illegible]

TABLE B-XVI

**SAMPLE PRINCIPAL HOUSEHOLD INDUSTRY CLASSIFIED BY PERIOD OF WORKING
AND TOTAL NUMBER OF WORKERS ENGAGED IN HOUSEHOLD INDUSTRY**

This Table prepared on a 20% sample of Households based on the returns in the Household Schedules is confined only to Principal Household Industry. The data in respect of Households engaged in Household Industry only or both in Household Industry and Cultivation are given separately. Household Industry in this Table is classified according to the period of working of the Industry, viz., 1-3 months, 4-6

months, 7-9 months, and 10 months to 1 year, and under each category the number of Households, number of family workers and number of hired workers are given. This Table thus gives the seasonality of the various Household Industries together with seasonality of Cultivation and throws some light on relative employment. The data are presented for the Total, Rural and Urban areas of the district.

TABLE B-XVI
SAMPLE PRINCIPAL HOUSEHOLD INDUSTRY CLASSIFIED BY PERIOD OF WORKING AND TOTAL NUMBER
OF WORKERS ENGAGED IN HOUSEHOLD INDUSTRY
(Based on 20% Sample)

Household Industry (Division and Major Group only)	Total Rural Urban	Total										1 to 3 Months				4 to 6 Months			
		House- holds	Family workers		Hired workers	House- holds	Family workers		Hired workers	House- holds	Family workers	Males	Females	Hired workers	House- holds	Males	Females	Hired workers	House- holds
			Males	Females			Males	Females											
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)	(13)	(14)	(15)	(16)	(17)	(18)	(19)	(20)
ANANTAPUR DISTRICT																			
ALL DIVISIONS	T	9,026	15,345	8,923	414	239	379	278	3	1,055	1,677	1,135	22						
	(a)	4,642	9,812	6,132	323	198	344	264	3	766	1,410	974	22						
	(b)	4,384	5,533	2,791	91	41	35	14	...	289	267	161	...						
	R	7,134	12,720	7,332	327	227	358	260	3	994	1,607	1,080	15						
	(a)	4,416	9,381	5,864	306	189	326	247	3	745	1,367	953	15						
	(b)	2,718	3,339	1,468	21	38	32	13	...	249	240	127	...						
	U	1,892	2,625	1,591	87	12	21	18	...	61	70	55	7						
	(a)	226	431	268	17	9	18	17	...	21	43	21	7						
	(b)	1,666	2,194	1,323	70	3	3	1	...	40	27	34	...						
DIVISION 0—AGRICULTURE, LIVESTOCK, FORESTRY, FISHING AND HUNTING	T	1,783	4,215	2,345	242	12	22	19	...	59	130	91	3						
	(a)	1,495	3,884	2,253	235	12	22	19	...	52	126	86	3						
	(b)	288	331	92	7	...	...	...	...	7	4	5	...						
	R	1,704	4,067	2,268	237	5	9	7	...	54	128	87	3						
	(a)	1,452	3,773	2,189	234	5	9	7	...	52	126	86	3						
	(b)	252	294	79	3	...	...	...	...	2	2	1	...						
	U	79	148	77	5	...	...	...	...	5	2	4	...						
	(a)	43	111	64	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
	(b)	36	37	13	4	...	...	...	...	5	2	4	...						
Major Group 00—Field Produce and Plantation Crops	T	16	32	25	...	8	16	13	...	6	15	11	...						
	(a)	16	32	25	...	8	16	13	...	6	15	11	...						
	(b)	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
	R	9	19	13	...	1	3	1	...	6	15	11	...						
	(a)	9	19	13	...	1	3	1	...	6	15	11	...						
	(b)	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
	U	7	13	12	...	7	13	12	...	...	...	...	...	
	(a)	7	13	12	...	7	13	12	...	...	...	...	...	
	(b)	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Major Group 01—Plantation Crops	T	1	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
	(a)	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
	(b)	1	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
	R	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
	(a)	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
	(b)	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
	U	1	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
	(a)	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
	(b)	1	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...

(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)	(13)	(14)
Major Group 02—Forestry and Logging	T	2	2	2	...	...	...	...	...	1	1	1	...
	(a)	1	1	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
	(b)	1	1	1	...	...	...	...	...	1	1	1	...
	R	1	1	1	...	...	...	...	...	1	1	1	...
	(a)	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	1	1	...
	(b)	1	1	1	...	...	...	...	...	1	1	1	...
	U	1	1	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
	(a)	1	1	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
	(b)	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...

Major Group 03—Fishing	T	4	5	2	...	2	3	2	...	...	...	...	...
	(a)	2	3	2	...	2	3	2	...	...	...	...	...
	(b)	2	2	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
	R	2	3	2	...	2	3	2	...	...	...	...	...
	(a)	2	3	2	...	2	3	2	...	...	...	...	...
	(b)	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
	U	2	2	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
	(a)	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
	(b)	...	2	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
	...	...	2	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Major Group 04—Livestock and Hunting	T	1,760	4,175	2,316	242	2	3	4	...	52	114	79	3
	(a)	1,476	3,848	2,225	235	2	3	4	...	46	111	75	3
	(b)	284	327	91	7	...	...	...	...	6	3	4	...
	R	1,692	4,044	2,252	237	2	3	4	...	47	112	75	3
	(a)	1,441	3,751	2,174	234	2	3	4	...	46	111	75	3
	(b)	251	293	78	3	...	...	...	...	1	1	...	...
	U	68	131	64	5	...	...	...	...	5	2	4	...
	(a)	35	97	51	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
	(b)	33	34	13	4	...	...	...	...	5	2	4	...

DIVISION 1—MINING AND QUARRYING	T	9	13	5	...	...	...	...	...	4	4	1	...
	(a)	6	8	2	...	...	...	...	...	4	4	1	...
	(b)	3	5	3	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
	R	9	13	5	...	...	...	...	...	4	4	1	...
	(a)	6	8	2	...	...	...	...	...	4	4	1	...
	(b)	3	5	3	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
	U	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
	(a)	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
	(b)	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...

Major Group 10—Mining and Quarrying	T	9	13	5	...	...	...	...	...	4	4	1	...
	(a)	6	8	2	...	...	...	...	...	4	4	1	...
	(b)	3	5	3	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
	R	9	13	5	...	...	...	...	...	4	4	1	...
	(a)	6	8	2	...	...	...	...	...	4	4	1	...
	(b)	3	5	3	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
	U	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
	(a)	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
	(b)	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...

(a) : With Cultivation (b) : Without Cultivation

TABLE B-XVI--contd.

**SAMPLE PRINCIPAL HOUSEHOLD INDUSTRY CLASSIFIED BY PERIOD OF WORKING AND TOTAL NUMBER
OF WORKERS ENGAGED IN HOUSEHOLD INDUSTRY**
(Based on 20% Sample)

(1)	Household Industry (Division and Major Group only)	Total Rural Urban	7 to 9 Months			10 Months to 1 year			Months not stated			
			House- holds	Family workers		House- holds	Family workers		House- holds	Family workers		Hired workers
				Males	Females		Males	Females		Males	Females	
(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)	(13)	(14)
ANANTAPUR DISTRICT												
ALL DIVISIONS	T		496	793	489	11	6,098	11,556	6,522	366	538	12
	(a)		322	577	390	8	3,070	6,840	4,156	281	286	9
	(b)		174	216	99	3	3,028	4,716	2,366	85	252	3
R			457	741	439	11	5,032	9,225	5,156	289	424	9
	(a)		309	554	367	8	2,899	6,520	3,960	271	274	9
	(b)		148	187	72	3	2,133	2,705	1,196	18	150	...
U			39	52	50	...	1,666	2,331	1,366	77	114	3
	(a)		13	23	23	...	171	320	196	10	27	...
	(b)		26	29	27	...	1,495	2,011	1,170	67	102	3
DIVISION 0—AGRICULTURE, LIVESTOCK, FORESTRY, FISHING AND HUNTING												
T			34	68	32	...	1,525	3,614	2,017	230	153	9
	(a)		29	60	32	...	1,273	3,327	1,933	223	129	9
	(b)		5	8	...	...	252	287	84	7	24	...
R			33	65	31	...	1,467	3,507	1,964	225	145	9
	(a)		28	57	31	...	1,244	3,251	1,888	222	123	9
	(b)		5	8	...	...	223	256	76	3	22	...
U			1	3	1	...	58	107	53	5	8	7
	(a)		1	3	1	...	29	76	45	1	6	...
	(b)		...	...	...	...	29	31	8	4	2	...
Major Group 00—Field Produce and Plantation Crops												
T			...	...	...	...	2	1	1	...	...	...
	(a)		...	...	...	...	2	1	1	...	...	...
	(b)		...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
R			...	...	...	...	2	1	1	...	...	...
	(a)		...	...	...	...	2	1	1	...	...	...
	(b)		...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
U			...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
	(a)		...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
	(b)		...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Major Group 01—Plantation Crops												
T			...	...	...	...	1	1	...	...	...	...
	(a)		...	...	...	...	1	1	...	...	...	...
	(b)		...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
R			...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
	(a)		...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
	(b)		...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
U			...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
	(a)		...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
	(b)		...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...

TABLE B-XVI—contd.

**SAMPLE PRINCIPAL HOUSEHOLD INDUSTRY CLASSIFIED BY PERIOD OF WORKING AND TOTAL NUMBER
OF WORKERS ENGAGED IN HOUSEHOLD INDUSTRY**

(Based on 20% Sample)

Household Industry (Division and Major Group only)	Total Rural Urban	Total					1 to 3 Months				4 to 6 Months			
		House- holds	Family workers		Hired workers	House- holds	Family workers		Hired workers	House- holds	Family workers		Hired workers	
			Males	Females			Males	Females			Males	Females		
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)	(13)	(14)	
ANANTAPUR DISTRICT														
DIVISION 2 & 3—MANUFACTURING														
	(a)	7,234	11,117	6,573	172	227	357	259	3	992	1,543	1,043	19	
	(b)	3,141	5,920	3,877	88	186	322	245	3	710	1,280	887	19	
	R	4,093	5,197	2,696	84	41	35	14	...	282	263	156	...	
	(a)	5,421	8,640	5,059	90	222	349	253	3	936	1,475	992	12	
	(b)	2,958	5,600	3,673	72	184	317	240	3	689	1,237	866	12	
	U	2,463	3,040	1,386	18	38	32	13	...	247	238	126	...	
	(a)	1,813	2,477	1,514	82	5	8	6	...	56	68	51	7	
	(b)	183	320	204	16	2	5	5	...	21	43	21	7	
	(a)	1,630	2,157	1,310	66	3	3	1	...	35	25	30	...	
	(b)													
Major Group 20—Foodstuffs	T	523	767	610	44	11	25	14	...	83	140	116	7	
	(a)	331	617	469	34	11	25	14	...	67	134	100	7	
	(b)	192	150	141	10	...	...	...	...	16	6	16	...
	R	315	547	416	32	10	23	10	...	68	123	98	6	
	(a)	254	496	370	29	10	23	10	...	59	119	91	6	
	(b)	61	51	46	3	...	...	...	...	9	4	7	...
	U	208	220	194	12	1	2	4	...	15	17	8	1	
	(a)	77	121	99	5	1	2	4	...	8	15	9	1	
	(b)	131	99	95	7	...	...	...	...	7	2	9	...
Major Group 21—Beverages	T	40	51	7	1	1	1	...	...	10	16	1	...
	(a)	10	16	3	...	...	...	...	...	5	9	1	...
	(b)	30	35	4	1	1	1	...	...	5	7	...	...
	R	24	30	7	...	1	1	...	...	7	10	1	...
	(a)	9	13	3	...	...	...	...	...	4	6	1	...
	(b)	15	17	4	...	1	1	...	...	3	4	...	...
	U	16	21	...	1	...	...	...	...	3	6	...	...
	(a)	1	3	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	3	...	...
	(b)	15	18	...	1	...	...	...	...	2	3	...	...
Major Group 22—Tobacco products	T	151	192	74	2	...	...	...	...	3	3	2	...
	(a)	16	31	6	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
	(b)	135	161	68	2	...	...	...	...	3	3	2	...
	R	28	42	9	1	...	...	...	...	2	2	1	...
	(a)	7	18	3	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
	(b)	21	24	6	1	...	...	...	...	2	...	1	...
	U	123	150	65	1	...	...	...	...	1	1	1	...
	(a)	9	13	3	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
	(b)	114	137	62	1	...	...	...	...	1	1	1	...

(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)	(13)	(14)
Major Group 23—Textile-cotton	T	1,790	2,739	2,347	48	15	17	19	...	178	244	255	6
	(a)	483	908	774	13	9	16	13	...	114	206	191	6
	(b)	1,307	1,831	1,573	35	6	1	6	...	64	38	64	...
	R	1,082	1,700	1,373	15	14	16	18	...	165	229	235	1
	(a)	461	868	735	5	9	16	13	...	113	201	186	1
	(b)	621	832	638	10	5	...	5	...	52	28	49	...
	U	708	1,039	974	33	1	1	1	...	13	15	20	5
	(a)	22	40	39	8	...	...	...	...	1	5	5	5
	(b)	686	999	935	25	1	1	1	...	12	10	15	...
	T	54	78	52	...	3	4	1	...	19	33	23	...
Major Group 24—Textile-jute	(a)	23	43	30	...	2	3	1	...	15	29	21	...
	(b)	31	35	22	...	1	1	...	...	4	4	2	...
	R	49	72	48	...	3	4	1	...	18	33	22	...
	(a)	23	43	30	...	2	3	1	...	15	29	21	...
	(b)	26	29	18	...	1	1	...	...	3	4	1	...
	U	5	6	4	...	...	...	...	...	1	...	1	...
	(a)	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
	(b)	5	6	4	...	...	...	...	...	1	...	1	...
	T	255	428	327	5	4	6	5	...	40	74	52	...
	(a)	133	259	189	5	4	6	5	...	31	57	40	...
Major Group 25—Textile-wool	(b)	122	169	138	...	...	...	...	...	9	17	12	...
	R	246	417	318	5	4	6	5	...	38	71	51	...
	(a)	127	251	183	5	4	6	5	...	29	54	39	...
	(b)	119	166	135	...	...	...	...	...	9	17	12	...
	U	9	11	9	...	...	...	...	...	2	3	1	...
	(a)	6	8	6	...	...	...	...	...	2	3	1	...
	(b)	3	3	3	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
	T	98	174	119	8	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
	(a)	8	23	17	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
	(b)	90	151	102	8	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Major Group 26—Textile-silk	R	52	79	45	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
	(a)	5	9	7	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
	(b)	47	70	38	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
	U	46	95	74	7	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
	(a)	3	14	10	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
	(b)	43	81	64	7	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
	T	925	1,426	497	19	9	16	8	1	62	108	48	1
	(a)	347	733	377	9	7	14	8	1	46	92	46	1
	(b)	576	693	120	10	2	2	...	...	16	16	2	...
	R	706	1,153	463	10	8	13	7	1	61	108	47	1
Major Group 27—Textile-miscellaneous	(a)	337	706	369	9	6	11	7	1	46	92	46	1
	(b)	369	447	94	1	2	2	...	...	15	16	1	...
	U	219	273	34	9	1	3	1	...	1	...	1	...
	(a)	10	27	8	...	1	3	1	...	...	...	...	...
	(b)	209	246	26	9	...	...	...	...	1	...	1	...
	T	925	1,426	497	19	9	16	8	1	62	108	48	1
	(a)	347	733	377	9	7	14	8	1	46	92	46	1
	(b)	576	693	120	10	2	2	...	...	16	16	2	...
	R	706	1,153	463	10	8	13	7	1	61	108	47	1
	(a)	337	706	369	9	6	11	7	1	46	92	46	1

TABLE B-XVI—*contd.*

SAMPLE PRINCIPAL HOUSEHOLD INDUSTRY CLASSIFIED BY PERIOD OF WORKING AND TOTAL NUMBER OF WORKERS ENGAGED IN HOUSEHOLD INDUSTRY

(Based on 20% Sample)

Household Industry (Division and Major Group only)	Total Rural Urban	7 to 9 Months				10 Months to 1 year				Months not stated			
		Family workers		Hired workers	House- holds	Family workers		Hired workers	House- holds	Family workers		Hired workers	House- holds
		Males (16)	Females (17)			Males (20)	Females (21)			Males (24)	Females (25)		
(1)	(2)	(15)	(18)	(19)	(22)	(23)	(26)	(27)	(30)	(31)	(32)	(33)	(34)
ANANTAPUR DISTRICT													
DIVISION 2 & 3—MANUFACTURING													
Major Group 20—Foodstuffs	T	462	457	11	5,168	7,933	4,501	136	385	559	313	3	...
	(a)	293	358	8	1,795	3,509	2,222	58	157	292	165	...	...
	(b)	169	99	3	3,373	4,424	2,279	78	228	267	148	3	...
	R	424	408	11	3,560	5,709	3,188	64	279	431	218	...	...
Major Group 21—Beverages	(a)	281	336	8	1,653	3,265	2,071	49	151	284	160	...	...
	(b)	143	72	3	1,907	2,444	1,117	15	128	147	58	...	...
	U	38	49	...	1,608	2,224	1,313	72	106	128	95	3	...
	(a)	12	22	...	142	244	151	9	6	8	5	...	...
Major Group 22—Tobacco products	(b)	26	27	...	1,466	1,980	1,162	63	100	120	90	3	...
	T	44	58	3	367	522	404	34	18	15	18	...	...
	(a)	34	51	3	210	389	292	24	9	10	12	...	...
	(b)	10	7	...	157	133	112	10	9	5	6	...	...
Major Group 23—Textiles	R	32	47	3	192	337	246	23	13	12	15	...	...
	(a)	29	44	3	147	292	213	20	9	10	12	...	...
	(b)	3	3	...	45	45	33	3	4	2	3	...	...
	U	12	11	...	175	185	158	11	5	3	3	...	...
Major Group 24—Miscellaneous	(a)	5	7	...	63	97	79	4	...	...	...	...	...
	(b)	7	4	...	112	88	79	7	5	3	3	...	...
	T	4	1	...	23	28	5	1	2	2	...	...	...
	(a)	...	...	...	5	7	2	...	...	...	...	...	...
Major Group 25—Other	(b)	4	1	...	18	21	3	1	2	2	...	...	...
	R	3	1	...	12	15	5	...	1	1	...	...	...
	(a)	...	...	...	5	7	2	...	...	...	...	...	...
	(b)	3	1	...	7	8	3	...	1	1	...	...	...
Major Group 26—Other	U	1	...	...	11	13	...	1	1	1	...	...	...
	(a)	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
	(b)	1	...	...	11	13	...	1	1	1	...	...	...
	T	2	...	...	141	182	70	2	5	3	2	...	...
Major Group 27—Other	(a)	...	...	...	16	31	6	...	...	...	...	...	...
	(b)	2	...	...	125	151	64	...	...	...	...	...	...
	R	2	...	...	23	35	8	1	1	1	...	...	...
	(a)	...	...	...	7	18	3	...	...	...	...	...	...
Major Group 28—Other	(b)	2	...	...	16	17	5	...	...	...	...	...	...
	U	...	...	...	118	147	62	1	4	2	2	...	...
	(a)	...	...	...	9	13	3	...	...	...	...	...	...
	(b)	...	...	...	109	134	59	...	...	...	...	...	...

(1)	(2)	(15)	(16)	(17)	(18)	(19)	(20)	(21)	(22)	(23)	(24)	(25)	(26)
Major Group 23—Textile-cotton	T	79	119	98	3	1,427	2,235	1,859	39	91	124	116	...
	(a)	41	70	62	...	297	576	481	7	22	40	27	...
	(b)	38	49	36	3	1,130	1,659	1,378	32	69	84	89	...
	R	69	104	78	3	790	1,289	997	11	44	62	45	...
	(a)	40	69	58	...	277	542	451	4	22	40	27	...
Major Group 24—Textile-jute	(b)	29	35	20	3	513	747	546	7	22	22	18	...
	U	10	15	20	...	637	946	862	28	47	62	71	...
	(a)	1	1	4	...	20	34	30	3	...	...	...	...
	(b)	9	14	16	...	617	912	832	25	47	62	71	...
	T	3	3	4	...	29	38	24	...	...	...	...	...
Major Group 25—Textile-wool	(a)	2	2	3	...	4	9	5	...	...	...	...	...
	(b)	1	1	1	...	25	29	19	...	...	...	...	...
	R	3	3	4	...	25	32	21	...	...	...	...	...
	(a)	2	2	3	...	4	9	5	...	...	...	...	...
	(b)	1	1	1	...	21	23	16	...	...	...	...	...
Major Group 26—Textile-silk	U	...	...	...	...	4	6	3	...	...	...	...	...
	(a)	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
	(b)	...	...	...	...	4	6	3	...	...	...	...	...
	T	27	48	37	2	171	282	221	3	13	18	12	...
	(a)	19	30	28	2	74	159	110	3	5	7	6	...
Major Group 27—Textile-miscellaneous	(b)	8	18	9	...	97	123	111	...	8	11	6	...
	R	23	43	32	2	168	279	218	3	13	18	12	...
	(a)	15	25	23	2	74	159	110	3	5	7	6	...
	(b)	8	18	9	...	94	120	108	...	8	11	6	...
	U	4	5	5	...	3	3	3	...	...	...	...	...
Major Group 28—Textile-cotton	(a)	4	5	5	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
	(b)	...	...	...	...	3	3	3	...	...	...	...	...
	T	1	1	1	...	96	172	117	8	1	1	1	...
	(a)	1	1	1	...	7	22	16	...	...	...	...	...
	(b)	...	...	...	...	89	150	101	8	1	1	1	...
Major Group 29—Textile-cotton	R	1	1	1	...	51	78	44	1	...	...	...	...
	(a)	1	1	1	...	4	8	6	...	...	...	...	...
	(b)	...	...	...	...	47	70	38	1	...	...	...	...
	U	...	...	...	...	45	94	73	7	1	1	1	...
	(a)	...	...	...	...	3	14	10	...	...	...	...	...
Major Group 30—Textile-cotton	(b)	...	...	...	...	42	80	63	7	1	1	1	...
	T	40	64	37	...	758	1,156	385	14	56	82	19	3
	(a)	27	48	31	...	247	541	281	7	20	38	11	...
	(b)	13	16	6	...	511	615	104	7	36	44	8	3
	R	37	56	33	...	560	915	358	8	40	61	18	...
Major Group 31—Textile-cotton	(a)	26	42	27	...	239	523	278	7	20	38	11	...
	(b)	11	14	6	...	321	392	80	1	20	23	7	...
	U	3	8	4	...	198	241	27	6	16	21	1	3
	(a)	1	6	4	...	8	18	3	...	...	...	...	...
	(b)	2	2	...	...	190	223	24	6	16	21	1	3

(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)	(13)	(14)
Major Group 34—Non-Metallic Mineral Products other than petroleum and coal	T	534	889	469	7	24	34	23	1	98	167	99	2
	(a)	324	609	347	7	20	30	22	1	69	137	81	2
	(b)	210	280	122	...	4	4	1	...	29	30	18	...
	R	488	825	449	7	24	34	23	1	92	162	95	2
Major Group 35—Basic Metals and their products except machinery and transport equipment	(a)	314	598	339	7	20	30	22	1	67	135	79	2
	(b)	174	227	110	...	4	4	1	...	25	27	16	...
	U	46	64	20	...	...	...	...	...	6	5	4	...
	(a)	10	11	8	...	...	...	...	...	2	2	2	...
	(b)	36	53	12	...	...	...	...	...	4	3	2	...
Major Group 36—Basic Metals and their products except machinery and transport equipment	T	270	426	81	9	4	7	2	...	23	42	8	...
	(a)	104	200	71	3	2	5	2	...	11	23	8	...
	(b)	166	226	10	6	2	2	...	...	12	19	...	...
	R	217	341	76	3	4	7	2	...	21	40	8	...
Major Group 37—Machinery (all kinds other than transport and electrical equipment)	(a)	99	191	69	3	2	5	2	...	11	23	8	...
	(b)	118	150	7	...	2	2	...	...	10	17	...	...
	U	53	85	5	6	...	...	...	...	2	2	...	...
	(a)	5	9	2	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
	(b)	48	76	3	6	...	...	...	...	2	2	...	...
Major Group 38—Transport equipment	T	1	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
	(a)	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
	(b)	1	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
	R	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Major Group 39—Miscellaneous Manufacturing Industries	(a)	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
	(b)	1	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
	U	23	29	2	4	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
	(a)	2	3	1	2	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
	(b)	21	26	1	2	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Major Group 40—Transport equipment	T	5	6	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
	(a)	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
	(b)	5	6	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
	R	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Major Group 41—Miscellaneous Manufacturing Industries	(a)	18	23	1	4	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
	(b)	2	3	1	2	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
	U	16	20	...	2	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
	(a)	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
	(b)	5	6	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Major Group 42—Miscellaneous Manufacturing Industries	T	411	597	99	4	13	18	6	1	28	38	11	...
	(a)	116	208	64	2	8	12	5	1	17	26	10	...
	(b)	295	389	35	2	5	6	1	...	11	12	1	...
	R	274	412	81	4	11	16	6	1	26	36	11	...
Major Group 43—Miscellaneous Manufacturing Industries	(a)	109	193	60	2	8	12	5	1	17	26	10	...
	(b)	165	219	21	2	3	4	1	...	9	10	1	...
	U	137	185	18	...	2	2	...	...	2	2	...	...
	(a)	7	15	4	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
	(b)	130	170	14	...	2	2	...	...	2	2	...	...

(1)	(2)	(15)	(16)	(17)	(18)	(19)	(20)	(21)	(22)	(23)	(24)	(25)	(26)
Major Group 34-35—Non-Metallic Mineral Products other than petroleum and coal	T	78	140	70	1	304	503	249	3	30	45	28	...
	(a)	56	104	60	1	164	310	165	3	15	28	19	...
	(b)	22	36	10	...	140	193	84	...	15	17	9	...
	R	78	140	70	1	272	454	239	3	22	35	22	...
Major Group 36—Basic Metals and their products except machinery and transport equipment	(a)	56	104	60	1	160	306	162	3	11	23	16	...
	(b)	22	36	10	...	112	148	77	...	11	12	6	...
	U	...	...	...	...	32	49	10	...	8	10	6	...
	(a)	...	...	...	...	4	4	3	...	4	5	3	...
Major Group 37—Machinery (all kinds other than Transport) and Electrical equipment	(b)	...	...	...	...	28	45	7	...	4	5	3	...
	T	21	36	13	...	203	310	57	9	19	31	1	...
	(a)	12	21	13	...	71	135	47	3	8	16	1	...
	(b)	9	15	...	...	132	175	10	6	11	15	...	...
Major Group 38—Transport equipment	R	20	35	13	...	154	229	52	3	18	30	1	...
	(a)	12	21	13	...	66	126	45	3	8	16	1	...
	(b)	8	14	...	...	88	103	7	...	10	14	...	...
	U	1	1	...	...	49	81	5	6	1	1	...	...
Major Group 39—Miscellaneous Manufacturing Industries	(a)	...	...	...	...	5	9	2	...	...	...	...	...
	(b)	1	1	...	...	44	72	3	6	1	1	...	...
	T	1	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
	(a)	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Major Group 39—Miscellaneous Manufacturing Industries	(b)	1	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
	R	16	25	10	...	327	478	64	3	27	38	8	...
	(a)	9	16	8	...	71	135	35	1	11	19	6	...
	(b)	7	9	2	...	256	343	29	2	16	19	2	...
Major Group 39—Miscellaneous Manufacturing Industries	R	15	24	8	...	203	307	49	3	19	29	7	...
	(a)	8	15	6	...	65	121	33	1	11	19	6	...
	(b)	7	9	2	...	138	186	16	2	8	10	1	...
	U	1	1	2	...	124	171	15	...	8	9	1	...
Major Group 39—Miscellaneous Manufacturing Industries	(a)	1	1	2	...	6	14	2	...	...	...	...	...
	(b)	...	...	...	...	118	157	13	...	8	9	1	...
	T	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
	(a)	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...

(a) : With Cultivation (b) : Without Cultivation

TABLE B-XVII

SAMPLE HOUSEHOLDS CLASSIFIED BY (i) NUMBER OF MALE AND FEMALE MEMBERS BY SIZE OF HOUSEHOLDS AND (ii) ENGAGEMENT (a) NEITHER IN CULTIVATION NOR IN HOUSEHOLD INDUSTRY (b) IN HOUSEHOLD INDUSTRY ONLY AND (c) IN CULTIVATION SUB-CLASSIFIED BY SIZE OF LAND CULTIVATED

This Table is prepared on a 20% sample basis from the Household Schedules filled in at the time of enumeration. It gives information about the size of sample Households classified by participation in Household Cultivation or Industry. The data in this Table are presented separately for Total, Rural and Urban Households of the district. This Table is intended to give family sizes distributed according to the number of members in the Household, i.e., single member Households, Households containing 2-3 members, 4-6 members, 7-9 members and 10 members and above. The particulars of

the Households engaged (i) neither in Cultivation nor in Household Industry, (ii) in Household Industry only, and (iii) in Cultivation are given separately. The Households engaged in Cultivation are shown according to the size of their land holdings. Though the Census Household is not exactly the same as the 'Family' to the extent that the former includes persons who are not members of the family, yet this Table will give a general idea of family sizes as in the majority of families outsiders are not likely to be present.

TABLE B-XVII

SAMPLE HOUSEHOLDS CLASSIFIED BY (i) NUMBER OF MALE AND FEMALE MEMBERS BY SIZE OF HOUSEHOLDS AND (ii) ENGAGEMENT (a) NEITHER IN CULTIVATION NOR IN HOUSEHOLD INDUSTRY (b) IN HOUSEHOLD INDUSTRY ONLY AND (c) IN CULTIVATION SUB-CLASSIFIED BY SIZE OF LAND CULTIVATED

(Based on 20% Sample)

Total Rural Urban (1)	Total No. of Households (2)	Total Household population			Total Sample Households (6)	Total Sample Household population			Sizes of sample Households			
		Persons (3)	Males (4)	Females (5)		Persons (7)	Males (8)	Females (9)	Households (10)	Males (11)	Females (12)	
ANANTAPUR DISTRICT												
Total	.	338,597	1,767,464	908,254	859,210	67,418	348,519	177,783	170,736	4,987	2,364	2,623
Rural	.	279,564	1,459,837	749,272	710,565	55,694	287,833	146,819	141,014	4,188	1,953	2,235
(i) Households engaged neither in Cultivation nor in Household Industry	15,221	57,869	28,178	29,691	2,873	1,141	1,732
(ii) Households engaged in Household Industry only	2,718	13,255	6,752	6,503	164	97	67
(iii) Households engaged in Cultivation	37,755	216,709	111,889	104,820	1,151	715	436
Size of holding group												
Less than 1 acre	1,431	6,474	3,191	3,283	117	64	53
1.0—2.4 acres	5,096	23,849	12,032	11,817	303	186	117
2.5—4.9 acres	6,589	33,051	16,882	16,169	260	165	95
5.0—7.4 acres	7,072	37,470	19,056	18,414	206	135	71
7.5—9.9 acres	2,856	16,628	8,646	7,982	56	30	26
10.0—12.4 acres	3,894	22,520	11,737	10,783	88	51	37
12.5—14.9 acres	1,175	7,276	3,734	3,542	16	14	2
15.0—29.9 acres	5,683	37,693	19,857	17,836	77	49	28
30.0—49.9 acres	2,367	17,762	9,390	8,372	16	13	3
50+	1,578	13,917	7,336	6,581	10	6	4
Unspecified	14	69	28	41	2	2	...
Urban	.	59,033	307,627	158,982	148,645	11,724	60,686	30,964	29,722	799	411	388

TABLE B-XVII—*concl'd.*

SAMPLE HOUSEHOLDS CLASSIFIED BY (i) NUMBER OF MALE AND FEMALE MEMBERS BY SIZE OF HOUSEHOLDS AND (ii) ENGAGEMENT (a) NEITHER IN CULTIVATION NOR IN HOUSEHOLD INDUSTRY (b) IN HOUSEHOLD INDUSTRY ONLY AND (c) IN CULTIVATION SUB-CLASSIFIED BY SIZE OF LAND CULTIVATED

(Based on 20% Sample)

Total Rural Urban (1)	Sizes of sample Households— <i>concl'd.</i>											
	2-3 Members			4-6 Members			7-9 Members			10 Members and over		
	House- holds (13)	Males (14)	Females (15)	House- holds (16)	Males (17)	Females (18)	House- holds (19)	Males (20)	Females (21)	House- holds (22)	Males (23)	Females (24)
ANANTAPUR DISTRICT— <i>concl'd.</i>												
Total												
Rural	15,478	19,963	19,519	28,416	71,417	69,422	13,739	54,578	51,578	4,798	29,461	27,594
Urban	12,531	16,136	15,820	23,641	59,485	57,698	11,397	45,281	42,772	3,937	23,964	22,489
(i) Households engaged neither in Cultivation nor in Household Industry	4,786	5,663	6,239	5,545	13,216	13,668	1,747	6,703	6,580	270	1,455	1,472
(ii) Households engaged in Household Industry only	653	866	771	1,292	3,209	3,192	502	1,961	1,869	107	619	604
(iii) Households engaged in Cultivation	7,092	9,607	8,810	16,804	43,060	40,838	9,148	36,617	34,323	3,560	21,890	20,413
Size of holding group												
Less than 1 acre	370	455	480	692	1,668	1,691	212	789	844	40	215	215
1.0—2.4 acres	1,343	1,753	1,686	2,427	6,031	5,882	876	3,313	3,335	147	749	797
2.5—4.9 acres	1,609	2,186	1,990	3,148	7,851	7,751	1,324	5,234	4,957	248	1,446	1,376
5.0—7.4 acres	1,459	1,962	1,835	3,471	8,755	8,471	1,554	6,034	5,929	382	2,170	2,108
7.5—9.9 acres	500	698	605	1,294	3,289	3,174	729	2,979	2,675	277	1,650	1,502
10.0—12.4 acres	666	932	812	1,804	4,747	4,366	1,018	4,109	3,796	318	1,898	1,772
12.5—14.9 acres	176	235	220	478	1,276	1,144	363	1,446	1,375	142	763	801
15.0—29.9 acres	689	984	843	2,303	6,170	5,517	1,757	7,175	6,528	857	5,479	4,920
30.0—49.9 acres	185	267	225	832	2,296	1,993	808	3,357	3,032	526	3,457	3,119
50+	91	130	110	351	970	837	504	2,172	1,837	622	4,058	3,793
Unspecified	4	5	4	4	7	12	3	9	15	1	5	10
Urban	2,947	3,827	3,699	4,775	11,932	11,724	2,342	9,297	8,806	861	5,497	5,105

C - SERIES

SOCIAL AND CULTURAL TABLES

SOCIAL AND CULTURAL TABLES

Social and Cultural Tables prepared at the 1961 Census give information relating to composition of sample Households, Age, Sex, Marital Status, Education, Mother-Tongue, Bilingualism, and Religion of general population and also about Scheduled Castes and Scheduled Tribes classified by literacy and Industrial Category of Workers. The data are presented in eight Tables as indicated below:

- C-I Composition of Sample Households
 by relationship to head of family
- C-II Age and Marital Status
- C-III Age, Sex and Education
 - Part A—All areas
 - Part B—Urban areas
 - Part C—Rural areas
- C-IV Single Year Age Returns

C-V Mother-Tongue (in alphabetical
 order)

C-VI Bilingualism

C-VII Religion

C-VIII Scheduled Castes and Scheduled
 Tribes classified by literacy and
 Industrial Category of Workers

Part A—Classification by literacy
 and Industrial Category of
 Workers and Non-Workers
 among Scheduled Castes

Part B—Classification by literacy
 and Industrial Category of
 Workers and Non-Workers
 among Scheduled Tribes

All the above Tables pertaining to Anantapur district except Tables C-IV Single Year Age Returns and C-VI Bilingualism are reproduced in this book.

TABLE C-1
COMPOSITION OF SAMPLE HOUSEHOLDS BY RELATIONSHIP TO
HEAD OF FAMILY

This Table, prepared on a 20% sample basis from the Household Schedules filled in at the time of enumeration, gives the composition of Households separately for Total, Rural and Urban areas in the district. The composition of the Households is given in terms of the heads

of Households, spouses of heads of Households, married sons and other married relations, other relations and unrelated persons. This Table will thus indicate the strength of the joint family system and will, therefore, be of sociological interest.

TABLE C-I
COMPOSITION OF SAMPLE HOUSEHOLDS BY RELATIONSHIP TO HEAD OF FAMILY
(Based on 20% Sample)

Composition of Households																
Total Rural Urban	Total No. of Sample House- holds	Total sample Household population			Heads of Households		Spouses of heads of Households		Married relations			Never married, widowed, and divorced or separated relations		Unrelated persons		
		Persons	Males	Females	Males	Females	Males	Females	Sons	Other Males	Other Females	Males	Females	Males	Females	
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)	(13)	(14)	(15)	(16)	
ANANTAPUR DISTRICT																
Total																
Rural	67,418	348,519	177,783	170,736	57,463	9,955	224	48,407	11,488	7,254	21,585	98,408	90,429	2,946	360	
	55,694	287,833	146,819	141,014	47,384	8,310	192	39,654	9,597	6,256	18,164	80,911	74,600	2,479	286	
(i) Households engaged neither in Cultivation nor in House- hold Industry	15,221	57,869	28,178	29,691	11,012	4,209	70	8,461	1,164	702	2,517	15,001	14,411	229	93	
(ii) Households engaged in House- hold Industry only	2,718	13,255	6,752	6,503	2,411	307	3	2,048	362	193	657	3,749	3,473	34	18	
(iii) Households engaged in Cul- tivation	37,755	216,709	111,889	104,820	33,961	3,794	119	29,145	8,071	5,361	14,990	62,161	56,716	2,216	175	
Size of holding group																
Less than 1 acre	1,431	6,474	3,191	3,283	1,220	211	4	1,023	171	74	311	1,719	1,736	3	2	
1.0—2.4 acres	5,096	23,849	12,032	11,817	4,427	669	23	3,748	535	320	1,147	6,692	6,240	35	13	
2.5—4.9 acres	6,589	33,051	16,882	16,169	5,859	730	27	4,980	1,123	569	1,845	9,217	8,582	87	32	
5.0—7.4 acres	7,072	37,470	19,056	18,414	6,351	721	22	5,458	1,263	706	2,247	10,586	9,971	128	17	
7.5—9.9 acres	2,856	16,628	8,646	7,982	2,582	274	8	2,247	629	419	1,203	4,919	4,245	89	13	
10.0—12.4 acres	3,894	22,520	11,737	10,783	3,523	371	8	3,023	889	559	1,597	6,564	5,775	194	17	
12.5—14.9 acres	1,175	7,276	3,734	3,542	1,078	97	1	940	249	210	607	2,115	1,894	81	4	
15.0—29.9 acres	5,683	37,693	19,857	17,836	5,226	457	14	4,503	1,636	1,147	2,955	11,248	9,890	586	31	
30.0—49.9 acres	2,367	17,762	9,390	8,372	2,204	163	5	1,926	862	647	1,626	5,150	4,636	522	21	
50+	1,578	13,917	7,336	6,581	1,477	101	7	1,286	714	708	1,448	3,939	3,721	491	25	
Unspecified	14	69	28	41	14	...	...	11	...	2	4	12	26	...	...
Urban	11,724	60,686	30,964	29,722	10,079	1,645	32	8,753	1,891	998	3,421	17,497	15,829	467	74	

TABLE C-II

AGE AND MARITAL STATUS

This Table prepared on full count gives the distribution of population both by Age-groups and Marital Status separately for Total, Rural and Urban population in the district, and for the Rural population in each of the taluks. This is a very important demographic Table. A comparison of the data in this Table with corresponding data pertaining to the last Census will give an indication of mortality in different Marital Status and also in different Age-groups. The Age-groups, viz., 0-9, 10-14, 15-19, 20-24, 25-29, 30-34, 35-39, 40-44, 45-49, 50-54, 55-59,

60-64, 65-69, 70+ and Age not stated adopted in this Table conform to international requirements. Age-groups 0-9 is automatically treated as 'never married' for the purpose of this Table. The proportion of increase or decrease in the various Marital Status since the last Census and the trends in the age of marriage can be studied from this Table. From the data on married females by Age-groups given under column 9 of this Table the future birth rates can also be forecast.

TABLE C-II
AGE AND MARITAL STATUS

Age-group (1)	Total Rural Urban (2)	Total population			Marital Status									
		Persons (3)	Males (4)	Females (5)	Never Married		Married		Widowed		Divorced or Separated		Unspecified status	
					Males (6)	Females (7)	Males (8)	Females (9)	Males (10)	Females (11)	Males (12)	Females (13)	Males (14)	Females (15)

ANANTAPUR DISTRICT														
All ages	Total	1,767,464	908,254	859,210	515,583	384,328	353,540	360,134	35,570	108,885	3,560	5,861	1	2
	Rural	1,459,837	749,272	710,565	422,181	315,594	292,442	298,575	31,351	91,298	3,297	5,097	1	1
	Urban	307,627	158,982	148,645	93,402	68,734	61,098	61,559	4,219	17,587	263	764	...	1
0-9	Total	532,191	265,083	267,108	265,083	267,108	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
	Rural	440,354	218,967	221,387	218,967	221,387	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
	Urban	91,837	46,116	45,721	46,116	45,721	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
10-14	Total	207,283	107,893	99,390	106,957	92,425	927	6,911	2	38	7	16	...	...
	Rural	169,240	87,451	81,789	86,549	75,496	893	6,243	2	35	7	15	...	...
	Urban	38,043	20,442	17,601	20,408	16,929	34	668	...	3	...	1	...	...
15-19	Total	137,860	73,380	64,480	68,435	20,238	4,890	43,526	38	350	17	366	...	...
	Rural	111,451	59,413	52,138	54,747	15,385	4,617	36,125	34	308	15	320	...	...
	Urban	26,309	13,967	12,342	13,688	4,853	273	7,401	4	42	2	46	...	...
20-24	Total	147,886	71,986	75,900	45,340	2,028	26,143	71,608	309	1,381	194	883	...	...
	Rural	120,556	58,208	62,348	36,545	1,269	21,215	59,129	268	1,183	180	767	...	...
	Urban	27,330	13,778	13,552	8,795	759	4,928	12,479	41	198	14	116	...	...
25-29	Total	140,886	69,183	71,703	16,875	516	51,062	66,996	879	3,105	367	1,086	...	...
	Rural	115,659	56,845	58,814	13,976	320	41,787	54,850	750	2,711	332	933	...	...
	Urban	25,227	12,338	12,889	2,899	196	9,275	12,146	129	394	35	153	...	...
30-34	Total	120,855	61,444	59,411	5,079	273	54,447	52,567	1,389	5,533	529	1,038	...	...
	Rural	99,545	50,154	49,391	4,426	186	44,020	43,551	1,219	4,756	489	898	...	...
	Urban	21,310	11,290	10,020	653	87	10,427	9,016	170	777	40	140	...	...
35-39	Total	98,904	52,967	45,937	2,047	708	48,691	37,867	1,804	6,618	425	744	...	...
	Rural	81,952	43,641	38,311	1,768	661	39,874	31,261	1,605	5,738	394	651	...	...
	Urban	16,952	9,326	7,626	279	47	8,817	6,606	199	880	31	93	...	...

(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)	(13)	(14)	(15)
40-44	Total	94,322	51,144	43,178	1,637	628	46,001	30,769	2,987	11,083	519	698	...	...
	Rural	78,997	42,639	36,358	1,447	576	38,046	25,791	2,659	9,389	487	602	...	...
	Urban	15,325	8,505	6,820	190	52	7,955	4,978	328	1,694	32	96	...	...
45-49	Total	69,772	38,847	30,925	1,051	79	34,130	19,849	3,220	10,591	446	406	...	...
	Rural	59,086	33,097	25,989	958	57	28,849	16,627	2,882	8,940	408	365	...	...
	Urban	10,686	5,750	4,936	93	22	5,281	3,222	338	1,651	38	41	...	...
50-54	Total	71,768	38,558	33,210	1,087	95	31,789	15,564	5,265	17,226	417	325	...	...
	Rural	60,171	32,602	27,569	964	73	26,611	12,843	4,642	14,370	385	283	...	...
	Urban	11,597	5,956	5,641	123	22	5,178	2,721	623	2,856	32	42	...	...
55-59	Total	37,190	21,228	15,962	563	31	16,850	6,131	3,640	9,684	175	116	...	...
	Rural	31,726	18,235	13,491	514	21	14,312	5,169	3,246	8,197	163	104	...	...
	Urban	5,464	2,993	2,471	49	10	2,538	962	394	1,487	12	12	...	...
60-64	Total	51,557	26,931	24,626	728	94	19,753	5,367	6,230	19,056	220	109	...	...
	Rural	42,991	22,902	20,089	676	78	16,504	4,501	5,516	15,416	206	94	...	...
	Urban	8,566	4,029	4,537	52	16	3,249	866	714	3,640	14	15	...	...
65-69	Total	19,258	10,279	8,979	259	36	7,129	1,588	2,792	7,319	99	36	...	...
	Rural	16,528	8,820	7,708	241	29	6,016	1,344	2,467	6,302	96	33	...	...
	Urban	2,730	1,459	1,271	18	7	1,113	244	325	1,017	3	3	...	...
70+	Total	37,593	19,242	18,351	400	46	11,692	1,376	7,007	16,891	143	38	...	...
	Rural	31,375	16,228	15,147	366	38	9,675	1,131	6,054	13,946	133	32	...	...
	Urban	6,218	3,014	3,204	34	8	2,017	245	953	2,945	10	6	...	...
Age not stated	Total	139	89	50	42	23	36	15	8	10	2	...	1	2
	Rural	106	70	36	37	18	23	10	7	7	2	...	1	1
	Urban	33	19	14	5	5	13	5	1	3	...	...	...	1

TABLE C-II—*contd.*
AGE AND MARITAL STATUS

Age-group	Total Rural Urban	Total population			Marital Status										Unspecified status	
		Persons (3)	Males (4)	Females (5)	Never Married		Married		Widowed		Divorced or Separated		Males (14)	Females (15)		
					Males (6)	Females (7)	Males (8)	Females (9)	Males (10)	Females (11)	Males (12)	Females (13)				
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)	(13)	(14)	(15)		
1 ANANTAPUR TALUK																
All ages	Rural	168,426	86,997	81,429	49,002	37,004	34,489	35,118	3,172	8,898	334	409	...	...
0-9	Rural	51,375	25,799	25,576	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
10-14	Rural	19,532	9,946	9,586	9,833	9,046	113	540	...	...	...	...	...	...
15-19	Rural	13,281	7,352	5,929	6,814	1,989	528	3,902	6	19	4	19	...	...
20-24	Rural	14,206	7,006	7,200	4,182	281	2,782	6,787	30	81	12	51	...	...
25-29	Rural	13,831	6,537	7,294	1,273	52	5,157	6,924	75	241	32	77	...	...
30-34	Rural	11,890	5,818	6,072	387	24	5,267	5,525	124	454	40	69	...	...
35-39	Rural	8,665	4,661	4,004	155	8	4,307	3,492	167	457	32	47	...	...
40-44	Rural	8,941	4,634	3,907	147	4	4,573	3,129	270	732	44	42	...	...
45-49	Rural	6,055	3,433	2,622	89	5	3,077	1,912	227	663	40	42	...	...
50-54	Rural	6,565	3,767	2,798	109	9	3,168	1,515	449	1,249	41	25	...	...
55-59	Rural	3,281	1,938	1,343	61	3	1,555	565	304	754	18	21	...	...
60-64	Rural	5,035	2,775	2,260	84	2	2,089	493	576	1,757	26	8	...	...
65-69	Rural	1,929	1,006	923	21	2	703	207	268	711	14	3	...	...
70+	Rural	3,835	1,920	1,915	48	3	1,165	127	676	1,780	31	5	...	...
Age not stated	Rural	5	5	...	...	...	5	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
2 KALYANDRUG TALUK																
All ages	Rural	131,138	67,965	63,173	39,086	28,362	25,752	26,327	2,868	7,969	259	515	...	...
0-9	Rural	38,960	19,245	19,715	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
10-14	Rural	15,433	7,980	7,453	7,966	7,029	13	419	1	4	...	...	...	...
15-19	Rural	9,973	5,468	4,505	5,290	1,358	175	3,091	3	33	...	23	...	...
20-24	Rural	10,844	5,311	5,533	3,783	144	1,509	5,187	16	119	3	83	...	...
25-29	Rural	10,262	5,109	5,153	1,498	43	3,544	4,789	47	221	20	100	...	...
30-34	Rural	8,690	4,375	4,315	487	28	3,750	3,831	97	377	41	79	...	...
35-39	Rural	7,551	4,026	3,525	202	5	3,634	2,940	160	508	30	72	...	...
40-44	Rural	7,064	3,872	3,192	142	14	3,441	2,299	249	817	40	62	...	...
45-49	Rural	5,569	3,198	2,371	87	8	2,773	1,552	298	786	40	25	...	...
50-54	Rural	5,304	2,957	2,347	97	7	2,380	1,158	451	1,148	29	34	...	...
55-59	Rural	3,072	1,819	1,253	47	2	1,454	483	303	755	15	13	...	...
60-64	Rural	3,804	2,083	1,721	127	5	1,478	383	451	1,323	27	10	...	...
65-69	Rural	1,598	928	670	46	1	650	103	226	558	6	8	...	...
70+	Rural	3,012	1,592	1,420	69	3	949	92	566	1,320	8	5	...	...
Age not stated	Rural	2	2	...	...	...	2	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
3 RAYADRUG TALUK																
All ages	Rural	119,188	60,547	58,641	32,744	26,090	24,983	24,897	2,581	7,166	239	488	...	...
0-9	Rural	35,826	17,730	18,096	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
10-14	Rural	13,752	7,022	6,730	7,018	6,325	4	404	...	...	...	...	...	...
15-19	Rural	9,262	4,791	4,471	3,517	1,473	1,272	2,937	1	27	1	34	...	...
20-24	Rural	9,700	4,644	5,056	2,828	102	1,792	4,781	16	103	8	70	...	...
25-29	Rural	9,274	4,585	4,689	1,045	26	3,451	4,378	59	215	30	70	...	...
30-34	Rural	8,004	3,990	4,014	243	24	3,604	3,529	103	373	40	88	...	...
35-39	Rural	6,733	3,530	3,203	85	10	3,266	2,614	140	511	39	68	...	...

(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)	(13)	(14)	(15)
40-44	Rural	6,459	3,417	3,042	87	11	3,049	2,343	251	618	30	70	...	...
45-49	Rural	4,848	2,628	2,220	50	7	2,370	1,596	177	587	31	30	...	...
50-54	Rural	4,969	2,629	2,340	48	7	2,177	1,119	378	1,188	26	26	...	...
55-59	Rural	2,758	1,504	1,254	30	2	1,254	495	242	745	7	12	...	...
60-64	Rural	3,524	1,872	1,652	30	5	1,387	510	443	1,128	12	9	...	...
65-69	Rural	1,437	811	626	17	1	543	110	243	508	8	7	...	...
70+	Rural	2,642	1,394	1,248	16	1	843	81	528	1,163	7	3	...	...
Age not stated	Rural	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...

4 URUVAKONDA INDEPENDENT SUB-TALUK

All ages	Rural	80,729	40,921	39,808	23,159	17,772	15,955	16,509	1,635	5,151	172	376	...	...
0-9	Rural	24,749	12,487	12,262	4,987	4,436	16	211	...	...	...	...	...	...
10-14	Rural	9,653	5,004	4,649	3,113	934	132	1,985	1	8	1	19	...	...
15-19	Rural	6,198	3,252	2,946	1,757	84	1,260	3,021	13	50	12	53	...	...
20-24	Rural	6,250	3,042	3,208	470	12	2,421	2,966	35	121	18	57	...	...
25-29	Rural	6,100	2,944	3,156	129	12	2,490	2,425	67	236	29	72	...	...
30-34	Rural	5,460	2,715	2,745	57	13	2,091	1,804	74	313	16	37	...	...
35-39	Rural	4,405	2,238	2,167	41	8	1,971	1,461	117	541	25	61	...	...
40-44	Rural	4,225	2,154	2,071	31	6	1,554	994	145	520	24	35	...	...
45-49	Rural	3,309	1,754	1,555	27	3	1,421	796	215	861	19	24	...	...
50-54	Rural	3,366	1,682	1,684	18	...	738	359	144	415	7	4	...	...
55-59	Rural	1,685	907	778	27	2	924	290	290	938	14	8	...	...
60-64	Rural	2,493	1,255	1,238	6	...	357	92	116	348	3	3	...	...
65-69	Rural	925	482	443	8	...	575	105	417	798	4	3	...	...
70+	Rural	1,910	1,004	906	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Age not stated	Rural	1	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...

5 GOOTY TALUK

All ages	Rural	83,850	42,715	41,135	24,216	17,832	16,510	17,946	1,836	5,083	153	274	...	...
0-9	Rural	26,651	13,413	13,238	13,413	13,238	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
10-14	Rural	9,713	5,093	4,620	5,069	2,893	24	1,724	...	...	...	3	...	...
15-19	Rural	6,011	3,181	2,830	3,032	563	142	2,235	3	12	4	20	...	...
20-24	Rural	7,059	3,168	3,891	1,704	60	1,429	3,705	27	82	8	44	...	...
25-29	Rural	6,901	3,354	3,547	469	22	2,820	3,306	50	161	15	58	...	...
30-34	Rural	5,738	2,984	2,754	193	8	2,702	2,331	68	337	21	58	...	...
35-39	Rural	4,673	2,517	2,156	81	562	2,312	1,294	98	272	26	28	...	...
40-44	Rural	4,212	2,263	1,949	81	416	2,005	1,079	153	439	24	15	...	...
45-49	Rural	3,284	1,780	1,504	59	5	1,501	853	196	610	24	16	...	...
50-54	Rural	3,204	1,682	1,522	46	4	1,335	625	289	877	12	16	...	...
55-59	Rural	1,686	913	773	18	2	699	257	189	509	7	5	...	...
60-64	Rural	2,245	1,157	1,088	26	41	828	322	296	718	7	7	...	...
65-69	Rural	881	462	419	11	15	298	93	151	311	2	...	...	...
70+	Rural	1,591	748	843	14	3	415	101	316	735	3	4	...	...
Age not stated	Rural	1	...	1	...	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...

6 TADPATRI TALUK

All ages	Rural	121,803	62,292	59,511	34,808	26,083	24,304	24,596	2,952	8,554	228	278	...	...
0-9	Rural	35,485	17,672	17,813	17,672	17,813	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
10-14	Rural	14,418	7,412	7,006	7,395	6,687	17	316	...	3	...	...	...	...
15-19	Rural	9,486	5,077	4,409	4,956	1,402	119	2,963	2	23	...	21	...	...
20-24	Rural	10,662	5,112	5,550	2,979	113	2,088	5,283	31	118	14	36	...	...
25-29	Rural	9,478	4,728	4,750	854	26	3,781	4,444	68	231	25	49	...	...
30-34	Rural	8,263	4,316	3,947	293	16	3,886	3,432	114	450	23	49	...	...
35-39	Rural	6,546	3,566	2,980	166	9	3,224	2,462	141	471	35	38	...	...

TABLE C-II—*concl.*
AGE AND MARITAL STATUS

Age-group	Total Rural Urban	Total population			Marital Status											
		Persons	Males Females		Never Married		Married		Widowed		Divorced or Separated		Unspecified status			
			(3)	(4)	(5)	Males (6)	Females (7)	Males (8)	Females (9)	Males (10)	Females (11)	Males (12)	Females (13)	Males (14)	Females (15)	
6 TADPATRI TALUK—concl.																
40-44	Rural	6,606	3,425	3,181	148	4	2,972	2,215	268	925	37	37	...	...	...
45-49	Rural	4,898	2,719	2,179	85	3	2,301	1,333	301	825	32	18	...	...	...
50-54	Rural	5,316	2,753	2,563	89	7	2,186	1,102	455	1,439	23	15	...	...	...
55-59	Rural	2,659	1,466	1,193	50	1	1,104	438	301	730	11	4	...	...	...
60-64	Rural	3,945	2,015	1,930	70	1	1,376	411	554	1,512	15	6	...	...	...
65-69	Rural	1,363	696	667	24	...	461	106	204	559	7	2	...	...	...
70+	Rural	2,673	1,331	1,342	26	...	786	91	513	1,248	6	3	...	...	...
Age not stated	Rural	5	4	1	1	1	3	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
7 DHARMAVARAM TALUK																
All ages	Rural	118,124	60,343	57,781	34,068	26,516	23,662	23,791	2,472	7,354	140	120	1	...	...
0-9	Rural	36,018	17,702	18,316	17,702	18,316	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
10-14	Rural	13,810	6,964	6,846	6,331	6,536	633	298	...	12	...	...	...	...	...
15-19	Rural	8,820	4,727	4,093	3,401	1,407	1,326	2,648	...	23	...	...	...	...	...
20-24	Rural	9,531	4,702	4,829	3,210	1,09	1,457	4,620	22	72	13	28	...	...	...
25-29	Rural	8,948	4,497	4,451	1,994	20	2,439	4,217	56	200	8	14	...	...	...
30-34	Rural	7,696	3,905	3,791	694	12	3,094	3,403	95	363	22	13	...	...	...
35-39	Rural	6,611	3,466	3,145	171	4	3,181	2,708	103	423	11	10	...	...	...
40-44	Rural	6,441	3,413	3,028	121	76	3,080	2,139	200	800	12	13	...	...	...
45-49	Rural	4,941	2,748	2,193	120	5	2,384	1,415	223	754	21	19	...	...	...
50-54	Rural	4,950	2,697	2,253	118	5	2,293	1,195	271	1,050	15	3	...	...	...
55-59	Rural	2,592	1,465	1,127	54	...	1,165	492	236	632	10	3	...	...	...
60-64	Rural	3,625	1,911	1,714	68	9	1,322	434	509	1,270	12	1	...	...	...
65-69	Rural	1,409	734	675	37	4	476	98	217	572	4	1	...	...	...
70+	Rural	2,710	1,397	1,313	36	10	811	122	538	1,181	12	...	...	...	...
Age not stated	Rural	22	15	7	11	3	1	2	2	2	...	...	1	...	...
8 KADIRI TALUK																
All ages	Rural	226,669	117,024	109,645	64,792	47,655	45,359	46,346	5,030	14,567	843	1,077	...	...	...
0-9	Rural	67,958	33,674	34,284	33,674	34,284	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
10-14	Rural	25,433	13,528	11,905	13,493	10,887	28	1,005	...	5	7	8	...	...	...
15-19	Rural	17,141	9,023	8,118	8,617	2,250	397	5,733	...	54	4	81	...	...	...
20-24	Rural	19,549	9,426	10,123	5,391	118	3,938	9,639	45	178	52	188	...	...	...
25-29	Rural	18,618	9,221	9,397	1,867	44	7,121	8,684	134	467	99	202	...	...	...
30-34	Rural	16,486	8,323	8,163	660	28	7,313	7,123	193	818	157	194	...	...	...
35-39	Rural	12,974	6,964	6,010	318	13	6,290	4,838	256	1,019	100	140	...	...	...
40-44	Rural	12,885	7,075	5,810	256	11	6,240	3,909	439	1,784	140	106	...	...	...
45-49	Rural	9,204	5,275	3,929	139	2	4,541	2,305	513	1,554	82	68	...	...	...
50-54	Rural	9,496	5,213	4,283	158	11	4,149	1,783	806	2,436	100	53	...	...	...
55-59	Rural	4,574	2,722	1,852	67	2	2,055	607	560	1,228	40	15	...	...	...
60-64	Rural	6,327	3,429	2,898	97	2	2,351	473	949	2,406	32	17	...	...	...
65-69	Rural	2,160	1,125	1,035	16	...	755	140	339	891	15	4	...	...	...
70+	Rural	3,853	2,022	1,831	37	2	1,180	103	790	1,725	15	1	...	...	...
Age not stated	Rural	11	4	7	2	1	1	4	1	2	...	...	...	...	...

(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)	(13)	(14)	(15)
9 PENUKONDA TALUK														
All ages	Rural	133,470	68,441	65,029	39,231	29,188	26,019	26,400	2,902	8,957	289	484	...	...
0-9	Rural	40,776	20,254	20,522	20,254	20,522	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
10-14	Rural	15,275	7,882	7,393	7,855	6,989	27	400	...	4	...	...	...	...
15-19	Rural	9,971	5,311	4,660	5,127	1,509	181	3,087	3	35	...	29	...	...
20-24	Rural	10,493	4,926	5,567	3,196	89	1,685	5,307	26	106	19	65	...	...
25-29	Rural	10,406	5,159	5,247	1,579	25	3,493	4,863	66	254	21	105	...	...
30-34	Rural	8,744	4,355	4,389	408	7	3,804	3,857	110	453	33	72	...	...
35-39	Rural	7,550	4,045	3,505	168	13	3,691	2,843	149	585	37	64	...	...
40-44	Rural	7,396	3,960	3,436	173	10	3,512	2,429	235	926	40	71	...	...
45-49	Rural	5,466	3,093	2,373	123	5	2,664	1,422	264	905	42	41	...	...
50-54	Rural	5,773	3,177	2,596	115	3	2,555	1,137	471	1,432	36	22	...	...
55-59	Rural	3,112	1,824	1,288	76	3	1,390	469	347	810	11	6	...	...
60-64	Rural	3,992	2,110	1,882	62	4	1,562	382	470	1,490	16	6	...	...
65-69	Rural	1,544	813	731	34	2	556	109	209	618	14	2	...	...
70+	Rural	2,957	1,519	1,438	55	5	896	93	549	1,339	19	1	...	...
Age not stated	Rural	15	13	2	6	...	3	2	3	...	1	...	...	...
10 HINDUPUR TALUK														
All ages	Rural	150,489	77,568	71,921	43,859	32,154	30,043	30,871	3,290	9,321	376	575	...	...
0-9	Rural	45,503	22,556	22,949	22,556	22,949	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
10-14	Rural	17,303	9,047	8,256	9,047	7,720	5	533	...	2	...	1	...	...
15-19	Rural	12,032	6,308	5,724	6,067	1,314	233	4,333	7	37	...	40	...	...
20-24	Rural	12,540	6,134	6,406	3,886	72	2,196	6,106	24	149	28	79	...	...
25-29	Rural	12,198	6,072	6,126	1,233	26	4,682	5,672	88	318	49	110	...	...
30-34	Rural	10,014	5,129	4,885	390	13	4,566	4,295	128	478	45	99	...	...
35-39	Rural	8,456	4,514	3,942	174	14	4,130	3,260	170	593	40	75	...	...
40-44	Rural	7,897	4,363	3,534	143	9	3,884	2,509	285	949	51	67	...	...
45-49	Rural	6,050	3,390	2,660	90	6	2,964	1,730	298	885	38	39	...	...
50-54	Rural	5,947	3,217	2,730	95	8	2,585	1,250	491	1,436	46	36	...	...
55-59	Rural	3,332	1,914	1,418	47	3	1,496	527	346	881	25	7	...	...
60-64	Rural	4,336	2,314	2,022	50	4	1,676	426	564	1,577	24	15	...	...
65-69	Rural	1,723	911	812	16	1	602	142	278	668	15	1	...	...
70+	Rural	3,124	1,680	1,444	36	3	1,020	88	611	1,347	13	6	...	...
Age not stated	Rural	32	19	13	14	12	4	...	...	1	...	...	...	...
11 MADAKASIRA TALUK														
All ages	Rural	125,951	64,459	61,492	37,216	26,938	24,366	25,774	2,613	8,278	264	501	...	1
0-9	Rural	37,051	18,435	18,616	18,435	18,616	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
10-14	Rural	14,918	7,573	7,345	7,560	6,948	13	393	...	3	...	1	...	...
15-19	Rural	9,376	4,923	4,453	4,813	1,186	107	3,211	3	37	...	19	...	...
20-24	Rural	9,722	4,737	4,985	3,629	97	1,079	4,693	18	125	11	70	...	...
25-29	Rural	9,643	4,639	5,004	1,674	24	2,878	4,607	72	282	15	91	...	...
30-34	Rural	8,560	4,244	4,316	542	14	3,544	3,780	170	417	38	105	...	...
35-39	Rural	7,788	4,114	3,674	191	10	3,748	3,006	147	586	28	72	...	...
40-44	Rural	6,871	3,663	3,208	108	13	3,319	2,279	192	858	44	58	...	...
45-49	Rural	5,462	3,079	2,383	85	5	2,720	1,515	240	831	34	32	...	...
50-54	Rural	5,281	2,828	2,453	62	7	2,362	1,163	366	1,254	38	29	...	...
55-59	Rural	2,975	1,763	1,212	46	3	1,431	477	274	718	12	14	...	...
60-64	Rural	3,665	1,981	1,684	35	3	1,511	377	414	1,297	21	7	...	...
65-69	Rural	1,559	852	707	13	3	615	144	216	558	8	2	...	...
70+	Rural	3,068	1,621	1,447	21	8	1,035	128	550	1,310	15	1	...	...
Age not stated	Rural	12	7	5	2	1	4	1	1	2	...	...	...	...

TABLE C-III

AGE, SEX AND EDUCATION

This Table gives the distribution of Total population by broad Educational levels, Sex and by broad Age-groups. The Table is divided into three parts.

Part A relates to all areas while Part B and Part C relate only to Urban and Rural areas respectively. The educational levels given for all areas and Rural areas in Part A and Part C

are the same while in respect of Urban areas in Part B more detailed educational levels have been adopted. These educational levels are the same as those adopted in Table B-III for the Industrial Classification of Workers and Non-Workers by educational levels. This Table is useful in ascertaining the growth of literacy in the total population as well as in the different Age-groups since the last Census.

TABLE C-III PART A
AGE, SEX AND EDUCATION IN ALL AREAS

Age-group (1)	Total population				Illiterate		Literate (without educational level)		Educational levels			
	Persons (2)	Males (3)	Females (4)	Males (5)	Females (6)	Males (7)	Females (8)	Primary or Junior Basic		Matriculation and above		
								Males (9)	Females (10)	Males (11)	Females (12)	
ANANTAPUR DISTRICT												
All ages	1,767,464	908,254	859,210	620,578	782,630	190,547	51,461	73,448	23,016	23,681	2,103	
0-4	260,410	129,813	130,597	129,813	130,597	...	...	...	...	...	...
5-9	271,781	135,270	136,511	100,891	119,849	30,390	15,965	3,989	697	...	...
10-14	207,283	107,893	99,390	56,996	81,338	30,700	10,323	20,134	7,653	63	76	
15-19	137,860	73,380	64,480	41,463	54,149	15,186	5,298	12,227	4,312	4,504	721	
20-24	147,886	71,986	75,900	39,907	66,783	16,971	5,172	8,413	3,301	6,695	644	
25-29	140,886	69,183	71,703	40,343	64,587	18,086	4,261	6,459	2,532	4,295	323	
30-34	120,855	61,444	59,411	36,701	54,473	16,386	3,115	5,633	1,663	2,724	160	
35-44	193,226	104,111	89,115	64,831	83,197	27,900	4,034	8,595	1,761	2,785	123	
45-59	178,730	98,633	80,097	67,180	76,799	23,490	2,403	5,980	847	1,983	48	
60+	108,408	56,452	51,956	42,398	50,812	11,415	888	2,013	248	626	8	
Age not stated	139	89	50	55	46	23	2	5	2	6	...	

TABLE C-III PART B
AGE, SEX AND EDUCATION IN URBAN AREAS ONLY

Age-group (1)	Total population				Illiterate		Literate (without edu- cational level)		Primary or Junior Basic		Educational levels			
	Persons (2)	Males (3)	Females (4)	Males (5)	Females (6)	Males (7)	Females (8)	Males (9)	Females (10)	Males (11)	Females (12)	Males (13)	Females (14)	
ANANTAPUR DISTRICT														
All ages	307,627	158,982	148,645	72,560	110,740	41,007	20,423	29,949	15,642	12,211	1,611	288	6	
0-4	43,444	21,855	21,589	21,855	21,589	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
5-9	48,393	24,261	24,132	14,218	16,907	9,979	6,723	8,060	5,034	31	66	...	...
10-14	38,043	20,442	17,601	5,035	8,826	7,316	3,675	5,442	2,923	2,680	584	43	...	
15-19	26,309	13,967	12,342	3,435	7,036	2,183	1,762	3,556	2,212	3,090	487	105	...	
20-24	27,330	13,778	13,552	3,773	8,863	2,473	1,914	2,671	1,770	1,965	225	71	2	
25-29	25,227	12,338	12,889	3,887	9,132	3,179	1,709	2,604	1,166	1,412	119	29	2	
30-34	21,310	11,290	10,020	3,601	7,382	3,154	1,324	2,604	1,166	1,412	119	29	2	
35-44	32,277	17,831	14,446	6,131	11,340	5,520	1,750	4,077	1,242	1,624	90	16	1	
45-59	27,747	14,699	13,048	6,120	11,290	4,475	1,107	2,651	606	1,093	35	23	1	
60+	17,514	8,502	9,012	4,496	8,364	2,724	458	822	185	313	5	1	...	
Age not stated	33	19	14	9	11	4	1	2	2	...	...	...	...

Age-group	Educational levels—concl'd.																					
	Non-technical diploma not equal to degree				University degree or post-graduate				Technical degree or diploma equal to degree or post-graduate degree													
	Males		Females		Males		Females		Engineering		Medicine		Agriculture		Veterinary & Dairying		Technology		Teaching		Others	
	(15)	(16)	(17)	(18)	(19)	(20)	(21)	(22)	(23)	(24)	(25)	(26)	(27)	(28)	(29)	(30)	(31)	(32)				
(1)																						
All ages	845	49	1,647	117	134	...	72	13	6	...	7	...	5	...	250	44	1	...	...	...	...	...
0-4	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
5-9	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
10-14	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
15-19	89	3	83	32	10	...	1	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	2	...	...	...	...	...	...
20-24	142	12	521	43	40	...	22	3	...	...	...	...	1	...	55	18	...	...	...	...	...	...
25-29	201	14	303	22	18	...	6	2	...	...	4	...	...	...	33	13	...	...	...	...	...	...
30-34	132	4	237	13	31	...	18	4	...	...	3	...	2	...	67	6	...	...	...	...	...	...
35-44	136	11	254	5	27	...	15	3	4	...	...	...	1	...	26	4	...	...	...	...	...	...
45-59	104	5	169	2	5	...	10	1	1	...	...	...	1	...	47	1	...	...	...	...	...	...
60+	41	...	79	...	3	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	22	...	1	...	...	...	...	...
Age not stated	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...

ANANTAPUR DISTRICT—concl'd.

TABLE C-III PART C
AGE, SEX AND EDUCATION IN RURAL AREAS ONLY

Age-group (1)	Total population				Illiterate		Literate (without educational level)		Educational levels			
	Persons (2)	Males		Females (4)	Males (5)	Females (6)	Males (7)	Females (8)	Primary or Junior Basic		Matriculation and above	
		(3)	(3)						Males (9)	Females (10)	Males (11)	Females (12)
ANANTAPUR DISTRICT												
All ages	• 1,459,837	749,272	710,565	548,018	671,890	149,540	31,038	43,499	7,374	8,215	263	
0-4	• 216,966	107,958	109,008	107,958	109,008	...	...	...	...	...	...
5-9	• 223,388	111,009	112,379	86,573	102,942	20,411	9,242	3,925	195	...	...
10-14	• 169,240	87,451	81,789	51,961	72,512	23,384	6,648	12,074	2,619	32	10	
15-19	• 111,551	59,413	52,138	38,028	47,113	13,003	3,536	6,785	1,389	1,597	100	
20-24	• 120,556	58,208	62,348	36,134	57,920	14,498	3,258	4,857	1,089	2,719	81	
25-29	• 115,659	56,845	58,814	36,456	55,455	14,907	2,552	3,788	762	1,694	45	
30-34	• 99,545	50,154	49,391	33,100	47,091	13,232	1,791	3,029	497	793	12	
35-44	• 160,949	86,280	74,669	58,700	71,857	22,380	2,284	4,518	519	682	9	
45-59	• 150,983	83,934	67,049	61,060	65,509	19,015	1,296	3,329	241	530	3	
60+	• 90,894	47,950	42,944	37,902	42,448	8,691	430	1,191	63	166	3	
Age not stated	• 106	70	36	46	35	19	1	3	...	2	...	

TABLE C-V

MOTHER-TONGUE

This Table exhibits separately for the Total, Rural and Urban population of the district and only for the Rural population of each taluk the number of persons, males and females speaking a particular language as Mother-Tongue. The languages returned at this Census are given in this Table in an alphabetical order.

'Mother-Tongue' is the language spoken in childhood by the person's mother to the person or mainly spoken in the Household. If the

mother died in infancy then the language mostly spoken in the Household is the Mother-Tongue. In the case of infants and deaf mutes the Mother-Tongue is the language usually spoken by the mother.

This Table is very important in view of the large number of languages and dialects spoken in the country and will be of great assistance for ensuring the implementation of the various safeguards granted to the linguistic minorities under the Constitution.

TABLE C-V
MOTHER-TONGUE

Sl. No.	Mother-Tongue	Anantapur district						Taluk (Rural only)											
		Total			Rural			Urban			1 Anantapur Taluk			2 Kalyandrug Taluk			3 Rayadrug Taluk		
		Persons (3)	Males (4)	Females (5)	Persons (6)	Males (7)	Females (8)	Persons (9)	Males (10)	Females (11)	Males (12)	Females (13)	Males (14)	Females (15)	Males (16)	Females (17)			
(1)	(2)																		
ANANTAPUR DISTRICT																			
All Languages		1,767,464	908,254	859,210	1,459,837	749,272	710,565	307,627	158,982	148,645	86,997	81,429	67,965	63,173	60,547	58,641			
1 Arabic		1	1	...	1	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
2 Are		5	2	3	5	2	3	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
3 Behushar		2	...	...	...	...	...	2	2	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
4 Bala Bindi		3	3	...	3	3	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
5 Balvan		2	...	2	...	...	...	2	...	2	...	...	...	...	...	...
6 Bandubal		3	1	2	3	1	2	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
7 Bariki		1	...	1	...	...	...	1	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...
8 Bengali		100	51	49	1	1	...	99	50	49	...	...	...	...	...	...
9 Budabukkala		28	10	18	28	10	18	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
10 Burmese		2	...	2	...	...	...	2	...	2	...	...	...	...	...	...
11 Chenchu		5	...	...	5	...	5	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
12 Domnari		25	17	8	25	17	8	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
13 English		540	279	261	1	1	...	539	278	261	...	...	...	...	...	...
14 Goanese		3	2	1	...	...	...	3	2	1	...	...	...	...	...	...
15 Gorkali		2	2	...	...	...	...	2	2	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
16 Gujarathi		118	75	43	21	13	8	97	62	35	...	...	...	...	...	...
17 Hindi		1,579	881	698	145	83	62	1,434	798	636	18	16	1	...	7	...			
18 Jagannadha																			
Basha		113	58	55	113	58	55	...	...	...	...	...	3	...	1	...		
19 Kaumara		64	29	35	64	29	35	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
20 Kannada		169,921	86,182	83,739	152,977	77,769	75,208	16,944	8,413	8,531	178	236	8,152	7,947	20,037	19,185			
21 Killikyati		18	11	7	18	11	7	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
22 Konkani		37	13	24	1	1	...	36	12	24	...	...	...	...	...	...
23 Koricha		14	5	9	...	...	...	14	5	9	...	...	...	...	...	...
24 Koya		8	6	2	8	6	2	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
25 Kuravanji		99	81	18	99	81	18	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
26 Lambadi		32,907	16,557	16,350	32,610	16,412	16,198	297	145	152	1,145	1,089	1,301	1,178	602	609			
27 Malayalam		1,369	1,083	286	182	142	40	1,187	941	246	80	13	3	7	8	3			
28 Marathi		9,164	4,590	4,574	2,734	1,424	1,310	6,430	3,166	3,264	133	94	86	68	165	127			
29 Marwari		88	51	37	...	...	...	88	51	37	...	...	...	...	...	...
30 Mondilli		2	2	...	2	2	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
31 Mundari		6	2	4	6	2	4	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
32 Nepali		11	8	3	1	1	...	10	7	3	...	...	...	...	...	...
33 Oriya		7	2	5	...	...	...	7	2	5	...	...	...	...	...	...
34 Pashto		2	2	...	...	...	...	2	2	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
35 Patkari		2	1	1	2	1	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
36 Punjabi		19	10	9	...	...	...	19	10	9	...	...	...	...	...	...
37 Shikari		73	27	46	...	...	...	73	27	46	...	...	...	...	...	...
38 Sindhi		9	3	6	3	3	...	6	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
39 Sinhalese		1	1	...	1	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
40 Tamil		9,492	5,002	4,490	2,754	1,483	1,271	6,738	3,519	3,219	723	606	60	55	74	81			
41 Tanda		1	1	...	...	...	...	1	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
42 Telugu		1,367,478	703,718	663,760	1,174,283	604,299	569,984	193,195	99,419	93,776	80,802	75,165	55,641	51,410	36,196	35,123			
43 Tulu		26	7	19	...	...	...	26	7	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
44 Tuluva		13	5	8	13	5	8	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
45 Urdu		166,811	85,999	80,812	87,099	44,290	42,809	79,712	41,709	38,003	3,507	3,631	2,302	2,139	3,258	3,276			
46 Valmiki		2	2	...	2	2	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
47 Yerukula		7,288	3,472	3,816	6,627	3,120	3,507	661	352	309	411	579	416	369	198	237			

TABLE C-VII

RELIGION

This Table gives separately the distribution of Total, Rural and Urban population of the district and Rural population only of taluks according to Religion. In Censuses earlier to

1941 the practice was to show the distribution of population Religion-wise down to the village level. Since the 1951 Census this practice has been discontinued.

TABLE C-VII

RELIGION

District/Taluk	Total Rural Urban	Names of Religions																								Religion not stated
		Total		Hindus		Muslims		Christians		Jains		Sikhs		Buddhists		Other Religions and persuasions										
		Persons	Males	Females	Males	Fe- males	Males	Fe- males	Males	Fe- males	Males	Fe- males	Males	Fe- males	Males	Fe- males	Males	Fe- males	Males	Fe- males						
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)	(13)	(14)	(15)	(16)	(17)	(18)	(19)	(20)	(21)						
ANANTAPUR DISTRICT	T	1,767,464	908,254	859,210	804,553	764,958	96,391	87,164	7,024	6,259	272	782	9	37	5	6	...	4	...	...				
	R	1,459,837	749,272	710,565	692,595	657,982	53,984	50,051	2,597	2,443	93	86	2	3	1	...	...	...	...	...	
	U	307,627	158,982	148,645	111,958	106,976	42,407	37,113	4,427	3,816	179	696	7	34	4	6	...	4	...	...				
Anantapur Taluk	R	168,426	86,997	81,429	82,017	76,934	4,674	4,291	304	201	...	...	2	3	...	...	...	...	...	...
Kalyandrug Taluk	R	131,138	67,965	63,173	65,036	60,390	2,823	2,674	106	109	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Rayadrug Taluk	R	119,188	60,547	58,641	56,836	55,194	3,675	3,385	35	61	1	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Uravakonda Independent Sub-Taluk	R	80,729	40,921	39,808	37,215	36,380	3,202	2,929	504	499	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Gooty Taluk	R	83,850	42,715	41,135	38,996	37,623	3,649	3,455	70	57	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Tadpatri Taluk	R	121,803	62,292	59,511	56,075	53,405	5,334	5,239	883	867	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Dharmavaram Taluk	R	118,124	60,343	57,781	57,856	55,519	2,325	2,171	162	91	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Kadiri Taluk	R	226,669	117,024	109,645	102,090	95,471	14,549	13,790	385	384	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Penukonda Taluk	R	133,470	68,441	65,029	63,653	60,904	4,710	4,016	78	109	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Hindupur Taluk	R	150,489	77,568	72,921	70,518	66,566	7,007	6,318	39	30	4	7	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Madakasira Taluk	R	125,951	64,459	61,492	62,303	59,596	2,036	1,783	31	35	88	78	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	

Note :—(1) The persons classified under other religions returned the following religions, Bhasha Chakra F-1, Cendusu F-2, Panchalahari F-1
(2) 989 persons (M 497, F 492) returned their religion as Veera Shaiva (Lingayat) were added on to Hindus.

TABLE C-VIII

SCHEDULED CASTES AND SCHEDULED TRIBES

**Part A—Classification by Literacy and Industrial Category of Workers and Non-Workers
among Scheduled Castes**

**Part B—Classification by Literacy and Industrial Category of Workers and Non-Workers
among Scheduled Tribes**

This is a general Table prepared for Scheduled Castes and Scheduled Tribes only and gives separately, the total population of Scheduled Castes and Scheduled Tribes and their distribution by literacy and by classification of Workers into different Industrial Categories and the total number of Non-Workers. This Table is divided into two parts. Part A relates to Scheduled Castes and Part B relates to Scheduled Tribes.

This is the first time that the number of literates amongst the Scheduled Castes and Scheduled Tribes are given separately. In addition to this Table some more Special Tables for Scheduled Castes and Scheduled Tribes pertaining to Anantapur district have also been prepared and incorporated in this book under the series "SCT Tables".

TABLE C-VIII
SCHEDULED CASTES AND SCHEDULED TRIBES
Part A—Classification by Literacy and Industrial Category of Workers and Non-Workers among Scheduled Castes

District/Taluk	Total Rural Urban	WORKERS															II As Agricultural Labourer	
		I																
		(1)	(2)	Total		Illiterate		Literate and Educated persons		Total Workers		As Cultivator		As Agricultural Labourer		(14)	(15)	
(3)	(4)			(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)	(13)	(14)	(15)				
ANANTAPUR DISTRICT																		
	T	236,285	121,038	115,247	106,366	113,027	14,672	2,220	75,487	59,957	26,607	16,183	33,821	40,511				
	R	213,833	109,532	104,301	98,816	102,944	10,716	1,357	69,585	56,062	26,055	15,939	32,371	38,608				
	U	22,452	11,506	10,946	7,550	10,083	3,956	863	5,902	3,895	552	244	1,450	1,903				
1 Anantapur Taluk	R	27,122	14,306	12,816	12,831	12,488	1,475	328	8,809	6,726	2,472	1,118	4,880	5,330				
2 Kalyandrug Taluk	R	22,648	11,803	10,845	10,350	10,658	1,453	187	7,519	5,724	3,576	1,941	2,868	3,665				
3 Rayadurg Taluk	R	17,873	9,097	8,776	8,353	8,693	744	83	6,000	4,926	2,993	2,186	2,372	2,668				
4 Uravakonda Ind. Sub-Taluk	R	10,651	5,389	5,262	4,687	5,176	702	86	3,223	2,736	641	276	2,166	2,408				
5 Gooty Taluk	R	12,167	6,214	5,953	5,882	5,891	332	62	3,910	2,949	1,188	596	2,292	2,283				
6 Tadpatri Taluk	R	17,303	8,741	8,562	7,852	8,482	889	80	5,596	4,647	1,868	390	4,071	4,136				
7 Dharmavaram Taluk	R	18,259	9,135	9,124	8,245	9,077	890	47	5,515	4,877	1,908	1,653	2,119	3,090				
8 Kadiri Taluk	R	21,845	11,008	10,837	10,141	10,584	867	253	7,142	5,929	2,370	1,635	3,239	4,244				
9 Penukonda Taluk	R	18,476	9,369	9,107	8,498	9,057	871	50	5,974	5,037	1,901	1,075	2,848	3,825				
10 Hindupur Taluk	R	21,891	11,231	10,660	10,147	10,578	1,084	82	7,287	5,645	3,082	1,714	3,112	3,656				
11 Madakasira Taluk	R	25,598	13,239	12,359	11,830	12,260	1,409	99	8,610	6,866	5,056	3,355	2,404	3,303				
WORKERS—contd.																		
District/Taluk	Total Rural Urban	WORKERS—contd.															Non-Workers	
		I																
		(1)	(2)	III		IV		V		VI		VII		VIII		IX		(30)	(31)
(16)	(17)			(18)	(19)	(20)	(21)	(22)	(23)	(24)	(25)	(26)	(27)	(28)	(29)	(30)	(31)	
ANANTAPUR DISTRICT																		
	T	2,691	441	6,734	728	379	138	549	317	346	333	1,190	74	3,170	1,232	45,551	55,290	
	R	2,531	342	6,410	679	72	44	349	183	135	101	214	2	1,448	164	39,947	48,239	
	U	160	99	324	49	307	94	200	134	211	232	976	72	1,722	1,068	5,604	7,051	
1 Anantapur Taluk	R	203	22	863	65	11	5	160	146	14	25	...	...	206	15	5,497	6,090
2 Kalyandrug Taluk	R	125	8	789	108	...	...	10	...	5	1	3	...	143	1	4,284	5,121
3 Rayadurg Taluk	R	71	4	403	30	28	22	17	...	1	...	12	...	103	16	3,097	3,850	
4 Uravakonda Ind. Sub-Taluk	R	39	11	188	18	...	...	20	16	7	3	44	...	118	4	2,166	2,526
5 Gooty Taluk	R	66	14	207	12	2	...	2	14	3	...	50	...	100	30	2,304	3,004	
6 Tadpatri Taluk	R	72	45	371	30	12	11	71	...	21	35	14	...	96	...	3,145	3,915	
7 Dharmavaram Taluk	R	262	47	1,026	64	2	2	8	...	27	13	53	1	110	7	3,620	4,247	
8 Kadiri Taluk	R	305	34	1,033	9	7	...	16	2	9	4	13	1	150	...	3,866	4,908	
9 Penukonda Taluk	R	294	21	785	111	3	...	7	...	16	...	12	...	108	5	3,395	4,070	
10 Hindupur Taluk	R	504	69	334	113	4	4	30	...	18	14	8	...	195	75	3,944	5,015	
11 Madakasira Taluk	R	590	67	411	119	3	...	8	5	14	6	5	...	119	11	4,629	5,493	

WORKERS—concl'd.

District/Taluk	Total Rural Urban	WORKERS—concl'd.										Non-Workers					
		IX															
		III		IV		V		VI		VII		VIII		IX		X	
(1)	(2)	In Mining, Quarry- ing, Livestock Forestry, Fishing Hunting and Planta- tions, Orchards and Allied activities		At Household Industry		In Manufactur- ing other than Household Industry		In Construction		In Trade and Commerce		In Transport, Storage and Communications		In Other Services		Males	Females
		Males	Females	(18)	(19)	(20)	(21)	(22)	(23)	(24)	(25)	(26)	(27)	(28)	(29)	(30)	(31)
ANANTAPUR DISTRICT																	
1. Anantapur Taluk	R	2,691	441	6,734	728	379	138	549	317	346	333	1,190	74	3,170	1,232	45,551	55,290
2. Kalyandrug Taluk	R	2,531	342	6,410	679	72	44	349	183	135	101	214	2	1,448	164	39,947	48,239
3. Rayadrug Taluk	R	160	99	324	49	307	94	200	134	211	232	976	72	1,722	1,068	5,604	7,051
4. Uravakonda Ind. Sub-Taluk	R	203	22	863	65	11	5	160	146	14	25	...	...	206	15	5,497	6,090
5. Gooty Taluk	R	125	8	789	108	...	...	10	...	5	1	3	...	143	1	4,284	5,121
6. Tadpatri Taluk	R	71	4	403	30	28	22	17	...	1	...	12	...	103	16	3,097	3,850
7. Dharmavaram Taluk	R	39	11	188	18	...	...	20	16	7	3	44	...	118	4	2,166	2,526
8. Kadiri Taluk	R	66	14	207	12	2	...	2	14	3	...	50	...	100	30	2,304	3,004
9. Penukonda Taluk	R	72	45	371	30	12	11	71	...	21	35	14	...	96	...	3,145	3,915
10. Hindupur Taluk	R	262	47	1,026	64	2	2	8	...	27	13	53	1	110	7	3,620	4,247
11. Madakasira Taluk	R	305	34	1,033	9	7	...	16	2	9	4	13	1	150	...	3,866	4,908
	R	294	21	785	111	3	...	7	...	16	...	12	...	108	5	3,395	4,070
	R	504	69	334	113	4	4	30	...	18	14	8	...	195	75	3,944	5,015
	R	590	67	411	119	3	...	8	5	14	6	5	...	119	11	4,629	5,493

TABLE C-VIII—concl.
SCHEDULED CASTES AND SCHEDULED TRIBES
Part B—Classification by Literacy and Industrial Category of Workers and Non-Workers among Scheduled Tribes

District/Taluk	Total Rural Urban	WORKERS															X		
		I										II							
		Total		Illiterate		Literate and Educated persons		Total Workers		As Cultivator		As Agricultural Labourer							
(1)	(2)	Persons (3)	Males (4)	Females (5)	Males (6)	Females (7)	Males (8)	Females (9)	Males (10)	Females (11)	Males (12)	Females (13)	Males (14)	Females (15)					
ANANTAPUR DISTRICT																			
	T	48,500	24,775	23,725	22,709	23,317	2,066	408	14,946	11,523	7,822	5,380	3,296	3,901					
	R	46,933	23,955	22,978	22,098	22,604	1,857	374	14,516	11,213	7,771	5,347	3,271	3,866					
	U	1,567	820	747	611	713	209	34	430	310	51	33	25	35					
1 Anantapur Taluk	R	4,664	2,434	2,230	2,267	2,202	167	28	1,497	1,079	581	326	379	430					
2 Kalyandrug Taluk	R	3,690	1,899	1,791	1,608	1,759	291	32	1,136	847	737	499	178	210					
3 Rayadrug Taluk	R	1,606	755	851	681	843	74	8	518	444	278	254	93	76					
4 Uravakonda Ind. Sub-Taluk	R	2,755	1,405	1,350	1,324	1,347	81	3	796	395	422	102	188	203					
5 Gooty Taluk	R	3,064	1,564	1,500	1,498	1,496	66	4	917	641	426	291	242	183					
6 Tadipatri Taluk	R	726	381	345	358	333	23	12	228	174	49	34	38	35					
7 Dharmavaram Taluk	R	4,230	2,073	2,157	1,938	2,127	135	30	1,214	1,050	604	461	267	350					
8 Kadiri Taluk	R	13,918	7,154	6,764	6,748	6,557	406	207	4,396	3,575	2,487	2,014	1,159	1,323					
9 Penukonda Taluk	R	6,391	3,243	3,148	2,909	3,106	334	42	1,963	1,651	1,088	708	443	682					
10 Hindupur Taluk	R	4,041	2,097	1,944	1,902	1,936	195	8	1,279	900	815	472	230	265					
11 Madakasira Taluk	R	1,848	950	898	865	898	85	...	572	457	284	186	54	109					
WORKERS—concl.																			
District/Taluk	Total Rural Urban	WORKERS															X		
		III										VIII							
		In Mining, Quarrying, Livestock Forestry, Fishing Hunting and Plantations, Orchards and Allied activities		At Household Industry		In Manufacture- ing other than Household Industry		In Construction		In Trade and Commerce		In Transport, Storage and Communications		In Other Services		Non-Workers			
(1)	(2)	Males (16)	Females (17)	Males (18)	Females (19)	Males (20)	Females (21)	Males (22)	Females (23)	Males (24)	Females (25)	Males (26)	Females (27)	Males (28)	Females (29)	Males (30)	Females (31)		
ANANTAPUR DISTRICT																			
	T	1,014	231	2,406	1,720	16	5	61	30	138	203	29	...	164	53	9,829	12,202		
	R	992	230	2,171	1,523	11	4	60	30	96	181	16	...	128	32	9,439	11,765		
	U	22	1	235	197	5	1	1	...	42	22	13	...	36	21	390	437		
1 Anantapur Taluk	R	109	30	371	259	8	...	32	20	9	8	...	...	8	6	937	1,151	
2 Kalyandrug Taluk	R	15	3	197	133	...	...	...	...	2	2	1	...	6	...	763	944	
3 Rayadrug Taluk	R	2	1	139	109	...	4	...	...	...	...	...	...	6	...	237	407	
4 Uravakonda Ind. Sub-Taluk	R	10	4	113	76	...	...	13	10	1	...	6	...	43	...	609	955	
5 Gooty Taluk	R	46	3	176	130	...	...	...	...	17	15	...	...	10	19	647	859	
6 Tadipatri Taluk	R	10	...	130	102	...	...	...	...	...	2	...	...	1	1	153	171	
7 Dharmavaram Taluk	R	96	19	235	212	...	...	...	...	4	6	3	...	5	2	859	1,107	
8 Kadiri Taluk	R	340	66	365	119	...	...	6	...	26	53	2	...	11	...	2,758	3,189	
9 Penukonda Taluk	R	166	30	223	217	3	...	7	...	9	13	4	...	20	1	1,280	1,497		
10 Hindupur Taluk	R	128	50	86	99	...	...	1	...	4	12	...	...	15	2	818	1,044	
11 Madakasira Taluk	R	70	24	136	67	...	...	1	...	24	70	...	...	3	1	378	441	

WORKERS—concl.

District/Taluk		X																	
		III				V				VI		VII		VIII		IX			
		In Mining, Quarry- ing, Livestock Forestry, Fishing Hunting and Planta- tions, Orchards and Allied activities		At Household Industry		In Manufactur- ing other than Household Industry		In Construction		In Trade and Commerce		In Transport, Storage and Communications		In Other Services					
(1)	(2)	Males	Females	(16)	(17)	(18)	(19)	(20)	(21)	(22)	(23)	(24)	(25)	(26)	(27)	(28)	(29)	Males	Females
ANANTAPUR DISTRICT																			
T	T	1,014	231	2,406	1,720	16	5	61	30	138	203	29	..	164	53	9,829	12,202		
R	R	992	230	2,171	1,523	11	4	60	30	96	181	16	..	128	32	9,439	11,765		
U	U	22	1	235	197	5	1	1	..	42	22	13	..	36	21	390	437		
1	Anantapur Taluk	R	109	30	371	259	8	..	32	20	9	8	..	8	6	937	1,151		
2	Kalyandrug Taluk	R	15	3	197	133	..	..	..	..	2	2	..	6	..	763	944
3	Rayadrug Taluk	R	2	1	139	109	..	4	..	..	..	..	..	6	..	237	407
4	Uravakonda Ind. Sub-Taluk	R	10	4	113	76	13	10	1	..	6	..	43	..	609	955	
5	Gooty Taluk	R	46	3	176	130	17	15	10	19	647	859	
6	Tadipatri Taluk	R	10	..	130	102	..	..	..	..	..	2	..	1	1	153	171
7	Dharmavaram Taluk	R	96	19	235	212	4	6	3	..	5	2	859	1,107	
8	Kadiri Taluk	R	340	66	365	119	6	..	26	53	2	..	11	..	2,758	3,189	
9	Penukonda Taluk	R	166	30	223	217	3	..	7	..	9	13	4	..	20	1	1,280	1,497	
10	Hindupur Taluk	R	128	50	86	99	1	..	4	12	15	2	818	1,044	
11	Madakasira Taluk	R	70	24	136	67	1	..	24	70	3	1	378	441	

D - SERIES

MIGRATION TABLES

MIGRATION TABLES

The Tables in this series show the migration trends analysed on the basis of the results of the 1961 Census. The data are presented in the following seven Tables, which are reproduced upto district level and for all Cities and Town-Groups in the publication "Census of India 1961-Volume II-Andhra Pradesh-Part II-C Cultural and Migration Tables", and these may be referred to for details.

D-I Non-Indian Nationals

D-II Place of Birth

D-III Migrants classified by place of birth and duration of residence in the place of enumeration

D-III A Migrants from other States and outside India (less than 5 years duration) classified by Age-groups

D-IV Migrants to Cities classified by Sex, broad Age-groups, educational levels and in case of Workers also by Occupational Divisions and Groups

D-V Cities showing population born locally, migrants from Rural areas and migrants from other Towns and Cities

D-VI Distribution of Industrial categories of Workers and Non-Workers by place of birth

In this book only Tables D-I and D-II showing the Non-Indian Nationals, and other migrants in Anantapur district are reproduced.

TABLE D-I

NON-INDIAN NATIONALS

This Table shows the number of Non-Indian Nationals sex-wise in the district. The Non-Indian Nationals for the purpose of presentation of the data have been broadly classified into five groups, viz.,

- (i) Nationals of Countries in Asia beyond India (including U.S.S.R.)
- (ii) Nationals of Countries in Europe (excluding U.S.S.R.)

- (iii) Nationals of Countries in Africa
- (iv) Nationals of Countries in two Americas
- (v) Nationals of Countries in Oceania

The name of the country of which the person is a National is given separately under each group. The persons who have not recorded any Nationality have been shown separately. Nationals of Goa, Diu, Daman and Pondicherry have been treated as 'born in India'.

TABLE D-1
NON-INDIAN NATIONALS

District	Nationals of Countries in Asia beyond India (including U. S. S. R.)																
	Total Non-Indian Nationals		Total		Afghanistan		Burma		Ceylon		China		Nepal				
	Persons	Males	Persons	Males	Males	Females	Males	Females	Males	Females	Males	Females	Males	Females			
	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)	(13)	(14)	(15)	(16)	(17)	
ANANTAPUR DISTRICT	149	100	49	137	94	43	...	...	9	9	2	1	...	...	22	...

District	Nationals of Countries in Europe (excluding U. S. S. R.)																
	Total		U. S. S. R.		Elsewhere		Total		U. K. (including North Ireland)		Irish Republic		Elsewhere				
	Persons	Males	Persons	Males	Males	Females	Persons	Males	Females	Males	Females	Males	Females	Males	Females		
	(18)	(19)	(20)	(21)	(22)	(23)	(24)	(25)	(26)	(27)	(28)	(29)	(30)	(31)	(32)	(33)	(34)
ANANTAPUR DISTRICT	56	28	1	...	...	...	4†	5†	3	2	1	1	1	...	...	1*	...

District	Nationals of Countries in Africa																
	Total		Kenya		Mauritius		Mozambique		South Africa		Elsewhere		Total				
	Persons	Males	Persons	Males	Males	Females	Persons	Males	Females	Males	Females	Persons	Males	Females			
	(35)	(36)	(37)	(38)	(39)	(40)	(41)	(42)	(43)	(44)	(45)	(46)	(47)	(48)	(49)	(50)	
ANANTAPUR DISTRICT	1	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	3	...	3

District	Nationals of Countries in Oceania																
	Total		U. S. A.		Elsewhere		Total		Australia		New Zealand		Elsewhere		Nationality not stated		
	Persons	Males	Persons	Males	Males	Females	Persons	Males	Females	Males	Females	Persons	Males	Females	Males	Females	
	(51)	(52)	(53)	(54)	(55)	(56)	(57)	(58)	(59)	(60)	(61)	(62)	(63)	(64)	(65)	(66)	(67)
ANANTAPUR DISTRICT	...	1	...	2	...	...	5	3	2	1	1	2	1	...	...	...	...

† Includes 2 Nationals (2 Males) of Arabia and 7 Nationals (2 Males, 5 Females) of Iran

* Includes one Dutch National (1 Male)

TABLE D-II

PLACE OF BIRTH

This Table prepared as in all previous Censuses gives the distribution of population by birth place. The data are presented both by the place of enumeration and by the place of birth classified separately into Rural and Urban areas. An important change in the presentation of the data at the present Census is that the place of

birth has been classified separately as Rural and Urban. This two fold representation of the data enables one to study the migration trends not only within the district and from outside the district but also from Rural to Urban areas and vice-versa. The particulars are given in this Table upto taluk level for Rural areas and upto district level for Urban areas.

(1)	(2)	(18)	(19)	(20)	(21)	(22)	(23)	(24)	(25)	(26)	(27)	(28)	(29)	(30)	(31)	(32)	(33)
Mysore	R	360	1,206	117	227	18	57	303	888	447	1,149	736	1,929	2,489	6,860	3,307	10,995
	U	150	265	32	98	25	30	57	89	52	97	110	227	324	585	125	231
	UC	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	...	...	...	2	11	2	1
Orissa	R	...	...	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
	U	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	...	...	...
Punjab	R	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	...	1	...	...	...
	U	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Rajasthan	R	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
	U	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Uttar Pradesh	R	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
	U	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
	UC	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
West Bengal	R	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
	U	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	...
Delhi	U	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Goa	U	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
B Countries in Asia beyond India (including U.S.S.R.)																	
Arabia	...	1	...	...	1	...	...	1	...	...	...	3	2	2	...	1	...
Burma	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	...
Ceylon	...	...	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	...
Malaya	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Nepal	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Pakistan	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	1	...	...	...	1	...	1	...	...	...
Singapore	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	2	...	...	...	...
C Countries in Europe (excluding U.S.S.R.)																	
United Kingdom	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
D Countries in Africa																	
South Africa	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
E Countries in two Americas																	
Canada	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
South America	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
F Countries in Oceania																	
Australia	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
New Zealand	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
G Born at sea	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
H Unclassifiable	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...

UC: Unclassifiable

E - SERIES

HOUSING TABLES

HOUSING TABLES

The Tables in this series give information on Housing. At the present Census when House numbering was done a few months before the general Census enume-

ration, the various particulars relating to each Census House were collected on a standardised All India Schedule called the 'House List' which is reproduced below:

CENSUS OF INDIA 1961

HOUSE LIST

Name of District.....(Code No.....)

Name of Island/Taluk/Tehsil/Thana/Anchal/Town.....(Code No.....)

Name of Village/Ward/Mohalla/(Enumerator's Block)..... (Code No.....)

Line No.	Building number (Municipal or local authority or Census Number, if any)	Building number (Col. 2) with sub-numbers for each Census house	Purpose for which Census House used, e.g., dwelling, shop, shop-cum-dwelling, business, factory, workshop, school or other institution, jail, hostel, hotel etc.,	If the Census House is used as an establishment, workshop, or factory					Kind of fuel or power if machinery is used
				Name of establishment or proprietor	Name of product (s), repair or servicing undertaken	Average No. of persons employed daily last week (including proprietor, or household members, if working)	No. of persons employed daily last week		
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8		9

Description of Census House		Sub-number of each Census Household with Census House number (Column 3)	Name of head of Household	No. of rooms in Census Household	Does the Household live in own or rented house? (a) Own (O), (b) Rented (R)	No. of persons residing in Census Household on day of visit			Remarks
Material of wall	Material of roof					Males	Females	Total	
9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18

The data have been collected uniformly for the first time at the present Census in the above form and is presented in the following five Tables.

E-I Census Houses and the uses to which they are put

E-II Tenure Status of Sample Census Households living in Census Houses used wholly or partly as dwellings.

E-III Census Houses used as factories and workshops classified by Industry, power and no power used and size of employment

E-IV Distribution of sample Households living in Census Houses used wholly and partly as dwellings by predominant material of wall and predominant material of roof

E-V Sample Households classified by number of members and by number of rooms occupied

All the above Tables give information upto taluk level, except Table E-III which contains figures upto the district level only, and also in respect of towns having a population of 50,000 and more and are reproduced in the publication "Census of India, Vol. II-Andhra Pradesh, Part IV-Housing and Establishment Tables" and it may be referred to for full details. In this book only "Table E-I Census Houses and the uses to which they are put" pertaining to the Anantapur district is reproduced.

TABLE E-I

CENSUS HOUSES AND THE USES TO WHICH THEY ARE PUT

This Table shows the number of Census Houses and the different uses to which they are put. The data are given down to taluk level and also for towns having a population of 50,000 and more; the data are presented separately for Total, Rural and Urban areas.

"Census House" is defined in the present Census as a structure, or a part of a structure inhabited or vacant, or a dwelling, or a shop-cum-dwelling, or a place of business, workshop, school, etc., with a separate entrance. If a build-

ing has a number of flats or blocks which have separate entrances of their own and are independent of each other giving on the road or a common stair case, or a common courtyard, leading to a main gate they are considered as separate Census Houses. If within an enclosed or open compound there are separate buildings then each such building is treated as a separate Census House. If all the structures within an enclosed compound are together treated as one building then each structure with separate entrance is treated as a separate Census House.

TABLE E-I
CENSUS HOUSES AND THE USES TO WHICH THEY ARE PUT

Occupied Census Houses used as																
Districts/Taluk/ Town with popula- tion of 50,000 or more	Total Rural Urban	Total No. of Census Houses	Census Houses vacant at the time of House- listing	Occupied Census Houses used as											Public Health and Medical insti- tutions, Hospitals, Health Centres, Doctor's Clinics, Dispen- saries etc.	(16)
				(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)			(12)	(13)	(14)	(15)
ANANTAPUR DISTRICT																
	T	412,938	39,262	315,155	3,035	4,364	782	4,126	1,136	2,196	1,604	534	7,591	258	32,895	
	R	343,147	32,586	263,244	2,034	3,595	550	1,891	534	989	1,263	234	6,845	122	29,260	
	U	69,791	6,676	51,911	1,001	769	232	2,235	602	1,207	341	300	746	136	3,635	
1 Anantapur Taluk	T	49,290	4,134	38,324	418	178	150	418	180	308	195	99	838	45	4,003	
	R	38,512	3,408	29,564	251	138	83	169	56	129	148	53	778	15	3,720	
	U	10,778	726	8,760	167	40	67	249	124	179	47	46	60	30	283	
Anantapur Town	U	10,778	726	8,760	167	40	67	249	124	179	47	46	60	30	283	
2 Kalyandrug Taluk	T	32,280	3,199	24,410	210	327	52	253	78	95	124	28	895	11	2,598	
	R	29,805	2,566	22,765	209	327	45	193	52	85	110	20	857	7	2,569	
	U	2,475	633	1,645	1	...	7	60	26	10	14	8	38	4	29	
3 Rayadrug Taluk	T	31,173	2,955	24,706	279	225	18	297	84	171	103	31	936	20	1,348	
	R	26,615	2,413	21,356	186	158	10	195	63	80	86	21	833	11	1,203	
	U	4,558	542	3,350	93	67	8	102	21	91	17	10	103	9	145	
4 Urvakonda Inde- pendent Sub-Taluk	T	22,318	2,646	17,575	182	18	34	153	59	160	80	23	509	21	858	
	R	18,433	2,238	14,595	149	14	28	84	33	52	69	7	447	13	704	
	U	3,885	408	2,980	33	4	6	69	26	108	11	16	62	8	154	
5 Gooty Taluk	T	37,273	3,349	28,823	367	167	65	641	193	227	150	73	505	35	2,678	
	R	19,309	1,805	15,208	115	122	19	90	22	45	56	4	347	6	1,470	
	U	17,964	1,544	13,615	252	45	46	551	171	182	94	69	158	29	1,208	
6 Tadipatri Taluk	T	35,787	3,970	26,208	254	1,481	140	349	98	352	140	62	696	25	2,012	
	R	28,050	3,424	20,997	115	974	128	108	42	165	106	15	608	14	1,354	
	U	7,737	546	5,211	139	507	12	241	56	187	34	47	88	11	658	
7 Dharmavaram Taluk	T	34,267	3,318	25,502	211	21	92	261	58	125	111	41	661	18	3,848	
	R	29,313	2,807	21,778	138	13	62	120	31	62	93	28	606	12	3,563	
	U	4,954	511	3,724	73	8	30	141	27	63	18	13	55	6	285	
8 Kadiri Taluk	T	63,341	6,469	46,704	308	1,219	122	471	130	175	193	62	604	20	6,864	
	R	57,247	5,857	42,102	231	1,178	90	258	88	75	165	30	573	12	6,588	
	U	6,094	612	4,602	77	41	32	213	42	100	28	32	31	8	276	
9 Penukonda Taluk	T	33,845	3,580	25,758	302	405	50	242	71	127	114	27	434	15	2,720	
	R	31,978	3,262	24,478	299	402	46	178	43	84	105	17	386	12	2,666	
	U	1,867	318	1,280	3	3	4	64	28	43	9	10	48	3	54	
10 Hindupur Taluk	T	43,108	3,012	32,456	316	267	45	738	117	345	228	69	738	41	4,736	
	R	36,217	2,470	27,517	168	222	31	287	73	161	193	23	687	14	4,371	
	U	6,891	542	4,939	148	45	14	451	44	184	35	46	51	27	365	
11 Madakasira Taluk	T	30,256	2,630	24,689	188	56	14	303	68	111	166	19	775	7	1,230	
	R	27,668	2,336	22,884	173	47	8	209	31	51	132	16	723	6	1,052	
	U	2,588	294	1,805	15	9	6	94	37	60	34	3	52	1	178	

SCT - SERIES

**SPECIAL TABLES FOR
SCHEDULED CASTES AND SCHEDULED TRIBES**

SPECIAL TABLES FOR SCHEDULED CASTES AND SCHEDULED TRIBES

This series of special Tables for Scheduled Castes and Scheduled Tribes gives the population of each Scheduled Caste and Scheduled Tribe classified by Religion, Age, Marital Status, Education and distributed by Industrial Categories adopted in Table B-I. After the 1931 Census, the population figures of individual Scheduled Castes and Scheduled Tribes are being given only at the present Census. The data are presented in the following five Tables:

- SCT-I Industrial classification of persons at work and Non-Workers by sex for Scheduled Castes and Scheduled Tribes
- SCT-II Age and Marital status for Scheduled Castes and Scheduled Tribes
- SCT-III Education in Urban and Rural areas for Scheduled Castes and Scheduled Tribes
- SCT-IV Religion for Scheduled Castes and Scheduled Tribes
- SCT-V Sample Households engaged in Cultivation classified by interest in land and size of land cultivated in Rural areas only for Scheduled Castes and Scheduled Tribes

All the above Tables are reproduced upto district level in this book.

Besides the above five Tables, the following three Special Tables, relating to either Scheduled Castes or Scheduled Tribes exclusively are reproduced.

- SC-I Persons not at work classified by sex, type of activity and educational levels *for Scheduled Castes only*
- ST-I Mother-Tongue and Bilingualism *for Scheduled Tribes*
- ST-II Persons not at work classified by sex and type of activity *for Scheduled Tribes*

These three Special Tables are also reproduced upto district level. The figures for the taluks

are also given in this book in respect of Scheduled Castes or Scheduled Tribes where they are larger in proportion than the State average.

In view of the safeguards provided in the Constitution for these communities, the Tables in this series will be of much use and guidance, especially when the Government are taking measures for the improvement of the condition of these communities by suitable welfare schemes under the Five Year Plans. The total Scheduled Castes and Scheduled Tribes population is given talukwise separately for Total, Rural and Urban areas and for each Town under the State Primary Census Abstract. The village-wise particulars are given under Village Directory.

The Scheduled Castes in Andhra Pradesh are those listed in Part I under "Andhra Pradesh" to Schedule I of the Scheduled Castes and Scheduled Tribes lists (Modification Order, 1956) published in the Notification of the Ministry of Home Affairs, New Delhi, dated 29th October, 1956. The list of Scheduled Castes in Andhra Pradesh is given below:

Note: Scheduled Castes are recognised only amongst Hindus and Sikhs. Converts to other religions as Christianity or Islam or Buddhism cease to belong to these castes.

• (1) Throughout the State:

- 1 Chalavadi
- 2 Chamar, Mochi or Muchi
- 3 Madiga
- 4 Mala

(2) Throughout the State except Hyderabad, Mahbubnagar, Adilabad, Nizamabad, Medak, Karimnagar, Warangal, Khammam and Nalgonda districts:

- 1 Adi Andhra
- 2 Adi Dravida
- 3 Arundhatiya
- 4 Bariki
- 5 Bavuri
- 6 Chachati
- 7 Chandala
- 8 Dandasi
- 9 Dom, Dombara, Paidi or Pano
- 10 Ghasi, Haddi or Relli Chachandi
- 11 Godagali
- 12 Godari
- 13 Gosangi
- 14 Jaggali
- 15 Jambuvulu
- 16 Madasi Kuruva or Madari Kuruva
- 17 Mala Dasu
- 18 Madiga Dasu and Mashteen
- 19 Matangi
- 20 Mundala

- 21 Paky or Moti
- 22 Pambada or pambanda
- 23 Pamidi
- 24 Panchama or Pariah
- 25 Relli
- 26 Samban
- 27 Sapru
- 28 Thoti

(3) In the districts of Hyderabad, Mahbubnagar, Adilabad, Nizamabad, Medak, Karimnagar, Warangal, Khammam and Nalgonda:

- 1 Anamuk
- 2 Aray (Mala)
- 3 Arwa Mala
- 4 Beda (Budga) Jangam
- 5 Bindla
- 6 Byagara
- 7 Chambhar
- 8 Dakkal (Dokkalwar)
- 9 Dhor
- 10 Ellamalwar (Yellamalawandlu)
- 11 Holeya
- 12 Holeya Dasari
- 13 Kolupulvandlu
- 14 Mahar
- 15 Mala Dasari
- 16 Mala Hannai
- 17 Malajangam
- 18 Mala Masti
- 19 Mala Sale (Netkani)
- 20 Mala Sanyasi
- 21 Mang
- 22 Mang Garodi
- 23 Manne
- 24 Mashti
- 25 Mehtar
- 26 Mitha Ayyalvar
- 27 Samagara
- 28 Sindholu (Chindolu)

The Scheduled Tribes in Andhra Pradesh are those listed in Part I under "Andhra Pradesh" to Schedule III of the Scheduled Castes and Scheduled Tribes lists (Modification Order, 1956) published in the same Notification of the Ministry of Home Affairs, New Delhi, dated 29th October, 1956. The list of Scheduled Tribes in Andhra Pradesh is given below:

Note: Members of Scheduled Tribes may belong to any Religion.

(1) Throughout the State

- 1 Chenchu or Chenchwar

- 2 Koya or Goud with its sub-sects Rajah or Rasha Koyas, Lingadhari Koyas (Ordinary), Kottu Koyas, Bhine-Koya and Rajkoya.

(2) Throughout the State except Hyderabad, Mahbubnagar, Adilabad, Nizamabad, Medak, Karimnagar, Warangal, Khammam and Nalgonda districts:

- 1 Bagata
- 2 Gadabas
- 3 Jatapus
- 4 Kammara
- 5 Katunayakan
- 6 Konda Dhoras
- 7 Konda Kapus
- 8 Kondareddis
- 9 Kondhs (Kodi and Kodhu), Desaya Kondhs, Dongria-Kondhs, Kuttiya Kondhs, Tikiria Kondhs and Yenity Kondhs
- 10 Kotia-Bentho Oriya, Bartika, Dhulia or Dulia, Holva, Paiko, Putiya Sanrona and Sidhopaiko
- 11 Kulja
- 12 Malis
- 13 Manna Dhora
- 14 Mukha Dhora or Nooka Dhora
- 15 Porja (Parangiperja)
- 16 Reddi Dhoras
- 17 Rona, Rena
- 18 Savaras—Kapu Savaras, Maliya Savaras or Khutto-Savaras
- 19 Sugalis (Lambadis)
- 20 Yenadis
- 21 Yerukulas

(3) In the districts of Hyderabad, Mahbubnagar, Adilabad, Nizamabad, Medak, Karimnagar, Warangal, Khammam and Nalgonda:

- 1 Andh
- 2 Bhil
- 3 Gond (including Naikpod and Rajgond)
- 4 Hill Reddis
- 5 Kolam (including Mannervaru)
- 6 Pardhan
- 7 Thoti

(4) In the Agency tracts:

- 1 Gowdu (Goud)
- 2 Nayaks
- 3 Valmiki

As would be clear from the Tables, not all the above Castes and Tribes, will be found in all the taluks of the district.

An abstract of the total Scheduled Castes and Scheduled Tribes population in Anantapur district and its percentage to the total general population is given talukwise in the statement below:

District/Taluk	Total Rural Urban	General population	Scheduled Castes population together with percentage to general population	Scheduled Tribes population together with percentage to general population
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)
ANANTAPUR DISTRICT	T	1,767,464	236,285 (13.37)	48,500 (2.74)
	R	1,459,837	213,833 (14.65)	46,933 (3.21)
	U	307,627	22,452 (7.30)	1,567 (0.51)
Anantapur Taluk	T	220,706	28,948 (13.12)	4,914 (2.23)
	R	168,426	27,122 (16.10)	4,664 (2.77)
	U	52,280	1,826 (3.49)	250 (0.48)

District/Taluk	Total Rural Urban	General population	Scheduled Castes population together with percentage to general population	Scheduled Tribes population together with percentage to general population
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)
Kalyandrug Taluk	T	141,394	23,044 (16.30)	3,777 (2.67)
	R	131,133	22,648 (17.27)	3,690 (2.81)
	U	10,256	396 (3.86)	87 (0.85)
Rayadurg Taluk	T	142,967	19,180 (13.42)	1,767 (1.24)
	R	119,188	17,873 (15.00)	1,606 (1.35)
	U	23,779	1,307 (5.50)	161 (0.68)
Uravakonda Independent Sub-Taluk	T	98,655	12,084 (12.25)	2,849 (2.89)
	R	80,729	10,651 (13.19)	2,755 (3.41)
	U	17,926	1,433 (7.99)	94 (0.52)
Gooty Taluk	T	159,706	20,680 (12.95)	3,451 (2.16)
	R	83,850	12,167 (14.51)	3,064 (3.65)
	U	75,856	8,513 (11.22)	387 (0.51)
Tadpatri Taluk	T	154,208	19,943 (12.93)	873 (0.57)
	R	121,303	17,303 (14.21)	726 (0.60)
	U	32,405	2,640 (8.15)	147 (0.45)
Dharmavaram Taluk	T	138,529	19,419 (14.02)	4,294 (3.10)
	R	118,124	18,259 (15.46)	4,230 (3.58)
	U	20,405	1,160 (5.68)	64 (0.31)
Kadiri Taluk	T	250,976	22,818 (9.09)	14,123 (5.63)
	R	226,669	21,845 (9.64)	13,918 (6.14)
	U	24,307	973 (4.00)	205 (0.84)
Penukonda Taluk	T	141,463	18,774 (13.27)	6,495 (4.59)
	R	133,470	18,476 (13.84)	6,391 (4.79)
	U	7,993	298 (3.73)	104 (1.30)
Hindupur Taluk	T	182,934	24,369 (13.32)	4,075 (2.23)
	R	150,489	21,891 (14.55)	4,041 (2.69)
	U	32,445	2,478 (7.64)	34 (0.10)
Madakasira Taluk	T	135,926	27,026 (19.88)	1,882 (1.38)
	R	125,951	25,598 (20.32)	1,848 (1.47)
	U	9,975	1,428 (14.32)	34 (0.34)

TABLE SCT-I

**INDUSTRIAL CLASSIFICATION OF PERSONS AT WORK AND NON-WORKERS BY SEX
FOR SCHEDULED CASTES AND SCHEDULED TRIBES**

This Table shows for the Rural and Urban areas of the district, the population of each Scheduled Caste and Scheduled Tribe classified by Industrial Category of persons at work and Non-Workers by sex. The Table is divided into two parts. Part A relates to Scheduled Castes while Part B relates to Scheduled

Tribes. This Table is important as it gives the strength of each of the Scheduled Castes and Scheduled Tribes, the working population among them and the sector of Industry in which the working population is engaged. The data are presented for the Rural and Urban areas separately.

TABLE SCT-I Part A

Name of Scheduled Caste	WORKERS													
	I													
	II				III				IV					
	Total		Total Workers		As Cultivator		As Agricultural Labourer		In Mining, Quarrying, Livestock, Forestry, Fishing, Hunting and Plantations, Orchards and Allied activities		At Household Industry			
(1)	Persons (2)	Males (3)	Females (4)	Males (5)	Females (6)	Males (7)	Females (8)	Males (9)	Females (10)	Males (11)	Females (12)	Males (13)	Females (14)	
ANANTAPUR DISTRICT														
RURAL														
All Scheduled Castes	213,833	109,532	104,301	69,585	56,062	26,055	15,939	32,371	38,608	2,531	342	6,410	679	
Adi Andhra	23,184	10,587	12,597	6,559	6,543	2,129	1,653	3,060	4,781	236	32	926	43	
Adi Dravida	47	10	37	5	13	3	9	2	2	...	...	...	...
Bariki	532	280	252	169	118	88	59	52	51	2	1	16	6	
Chalavadi	734	384	370	249	200	126	70	67	112	18	1	35	17	
Chamar, Mochi or Muchi	17	6	11	3	4	2	3	...	...	...	...	1	1
Dom, Dombara, Paidi or Pano	192	82	110	51	40	...	...	14	35	30	4	7	...
Jaggali	10	6	4	3	3	2	1	...	...	1	2	...	...
Jambuvulu	70	34	36	15	20	11	9	2	11	2	...	...	...
Madasi Kuruva or Madari Kuruva	3	...	3	...	3	...	...	...	3	...	...	...	...
Madiga	156,093	84,062	72,031	53,882	39,013	19,897	11,719	25,800	26,385	1,914	254	4,711	266	
Madiga Dasu and Mashteen	171	72	99	39	32	14	2	23	30	...	...	...	...
Maia	31,625	13,420	18,205	8,245	9,735	3,657	2,299	3,217	6,991	319	47	647	344	
Maia Dasu	1,004	499	505	309	300	126	109	114	176	1	1	39	...	
Matangi	104	72	32	46	32	...	5	14	27	7	...	25	...	
Thoti	23	14	9	10	6	...	1	6	4	1	...	3	...	
Scheduled Castes not specified	4	4	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
URBAN														
All Scheduled Castes	22,452	11,506	10,946	5,902	3,895	552	244	1,450	1,903	160	99	324	49	
Adi Andhra	3,408	1,748	1,660	800	522	55	30	206	299	13	8	33	2	
Adi Dravida	125	56	69	39	7	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Arundhatiya	3	...	3	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Bariki	37	15	22	13	3	...	...	1	...	...	...	4	1
Chalavadi	46	27	19	16	1	5	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Chamar, Mochi or Muchi	359	183	176	62	18	1	...	1	1	...	...	18	9
Dom, Dombara, Paidi or Pano	16	8	8	4	5	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Jambuvulu	45	25	20	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Madasi Kuruva or Madari Kuruva	27	14	13	9	...	1	...	1	...	128	82	223	11	
Madiga	13,601	6,954	6,647	3,706	2,671	358	157	988	1,252	...	...	...	...
Madiga Dasu and Mashteen	7	1	6	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Maia	4,318	2,217	2,101	1,138	639	130	57	242	342	16	8	38	24	
Maia Dasu	220	121	99	54	18	...	...	4	9	3	1	...	...
Mundala	12	7	5	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Thoti	3	3	...	2	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Scheduled Castes not specified	225	127	98	59	11	2	...	7	...	...	...	8	2

TABLE SCT-I Part A — *concl'd.*
INDUSTRIAL CLASSIFICATION OF PERSONS AT WORK AND NON-WORKERS BY SEX FOR SCHEDULED CASTES

Name of Scheduled Caste	WORKERS—concl'd.										Workers in Special Occupations					
	V		VI		VII		VIII		IX		X					
	In Manufacturing other than Household Industry		In Construction		In Trade and Commerce		In Transport Storage and Communications		In Other Services		Non-Workers		Tanning and Carrying of hides and skins		Scavenging	
	Males (15)	Females (16)	Males (17)	Females (18)	Males (19)	Females (20)	Males (21)	Females (22)	Males (23)	Females (24)	Males (25)	Females (26)	Males (27)	Females (28)	Males (29)	Females (30)
(1)																
ANANTAPUR DISTRICT—concl'd.																
RURAL																
All Scheduled Castes	72	44	349	183	135	101	214	2	1,448	164	39,947	48,239	2,107	22	56	4
Adi Andhra	5	5	14	...	18	25	14	1	157	3	4,028	6,054	263	4	3	...
Adi Dravida	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Bariki	...	...	...	...	3	1	2	...	6	...	111	134	...	...	...	...
Chalavadi	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	...	2	...	135	170	...	...	...	...
Chamar, Mochi or Muchi	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	3	7	...	...	...	...
Dom, Dombara, Paidi or Pano	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	31	70	...	...	...	...
Jaggali	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	3	1	...	...	...	...
Jambuvulu	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	19	16	...	...	...	...
Madasi Kuruva or Madari Kuruva	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Madiga	56	37	191	131	87	68	94	...	1,132	153	30,180	33,018	1,802	18	53	4
Madiga Dasu and Mashteen	...	...	...	...	...	...	2	...	...	...	33	67	...	...	...	...
Mala	3	1	129	39	27	7	98	...	148	7	5,175	8,470	17	...	...	...
Mala Dasu	8	1	15	13	...	...	3	...	3	...	190	205	...	...	...	...
Matangi	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	26	...	25	...	...	...
Thoti	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	...	...	4	3	...	...	...	...
Scheduled Castes not specified	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	4	...	...	...	...	...
URBAN																
All Scheduled Castes	307	94	200	134	211	232	976	72	1,722	1,068	5,604	7,051	24	2	89	297
Adi Andhra	36	11	15	5	13	4	174	18	255	145	948	1,138	7	...	17	45
Adi Dravida	11	...	...	...	...	...	28	2	...	5	17	62	...	...	...	...
Arundhatiya	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	3	...	...	...	...
Bariki	...	...	...	...	...	...	3	...	5	2	2	19	...	...	...	...
Chalavadi	...	...	...	...	...	...	4	...	7	1	11	18	...	...	...	...
Chamar, Mochi or Muchi	6	...	3	...	19	5	2	...	12	3	121	158	4	...	2	...
Dom, Dombara, Paidi or Pano	...	...	1	...	...	...	1	...	2	5	4	3	...	...	...	...
Jambuvulu	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	25	20	...	...	...	...
Madasi Kuruva or Madari Kuruva	...	...	3	...	2	...	...	...	2	...	5	13	...	...	...	...
Madiga	151	64	123	106	145	204	386	31	1,204	764	3,248	3,976	13	1	58	150
Madiga Dasu and Mashteen	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	6	...	...	...	...
Mala	99	19	53	21	30	19	306	17	224	132	1,079	1,462	...	1	8	4
Mala Dasu	3	...	2	2	1	...	33	4	8	2	67	81	...	...	3	...
Mundala	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	7	5	...	...	...	...
Thoti	...	...	...	...	...	...	2	...	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	...
Scheduled Castes not specified	1	...	...	...	1	...	37	...	3	9	68	87	...	...	1	8

TABLE SCT-I Part B
INDUSTRIAL CLASSIFICATION OF PERSONS AT WORK AND NON-WORKERS BY SEX FOR SCHEDULED TRIBES

Name of Scheduled Tribe	WORKERS											
	I				II				III			
	Population				Total Workers		As Cultivator		As Agricultural Labourer		In Mining, Quarrying, Livestock, Forestry, Fishing, Hunting and Plantations, Orchards and Allied activities	
	Persons (2)	Males (3)	Females (4)		Males (5)	Females (6)	Males (7)	Females (8)	Males (9)	Females (10)	Males (11)	Females (12)
ANANTAPUR DISTRICT												
RURAL												
All Scheduled Tribes	46,933	23,955	22,978		14,516	11,213	7,771	5,347	3,271	3,866	992	230
Chenchu	8	3	5		...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Koya	18	9	9		1	2	1	...	...	2	...	...
Sugalis (Lambadis)	33,625	17,192	16,433		10,449	8,017	6,380	4,403	2,316	2,662	675	172
Yenadis	359	168	191		109	99	18	14	66	83	17	2
Yerukulas	12,923	6,583	6,340		3,957	3,095	1,372	930	889	1,119	300	56
URBAN												
All Scheduled Tribes	1,567	820	747		430	310	51	33	25	35	22	1
Reddi Dhoras	2	2	...		...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Sugalis (Lambadis)	382	222	160		110	73	35	20	12	24	2	1
Yenadis	1	1	...		1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Yerukulas	1,144	572	572		308	235	14	13	10	11	20	...
Scheduled Tribes not specified	38	23	15		11	2	2	...	3	...	...	...

TABLE SCT-I Part B —concl'd.
INDUSTRIAL CLASSIFICATION OF PERSONS AT WORK AND NON-WORKERS BY SEX FOR SCHEDULED TRIBES

Name of Scheduled Tribe	WORKERS—concl'd.														Non-Workers	
	IV		V		VI		VII		VIII		IX		X			
	At Household Industry		In Manufacturing other than Household Industry		In Construction		In Trade and Commerce		In Transport, Storage and Communications		In Other Services					
	Males (13)	Females (14)	Males (15)	Females (16)	Males (17)	Females (18)	Males (19)	Females (20)	Males (21)	Females (22)	Males (23)	Females (24)					Males (25)	Females (26)
(1)																
ANANTAPUR DISTRICT																
RURAL																
All Scheduled Tribes	2,171	1,523	11	4	60	30	96	181	16	...	128	32	9,439	11,765		
Chenchu	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	3	5		
Koya	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	8	7		
Sugalis (Lambadis)	833	578	10	...	54	29	78	164	7	...	96	9	6,743	8,416		
Yenadis	8	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	59	92		
Yerukulas	1,330	945	1	4	6	1	18	17	9	...	32	23	2,626	3,245		
URBAN																
All Scheduled Tribes	235	197	5	1	1	...	42	22	13	...	36	21	390	437		
Reddi Dhoras	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	2	...		
Sugalis (Lambadis)	11	7	...	...	1	...	28	19	4	...	17	2	112	87		
Yenadis	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	...	...	...
Yerukulas	221	189	5	1	...	...	14	3	8	...	16	18	264	337		
Scheduled Tribes not specified	3	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	...	2	1	12	13		

TABLE SCT-II

AGE AND MARITAL STATUS FOR SCHEDULED CASTES AND SCHEDULED TRIBES

This Table shows for each Scheduled Caste and Scheduled Tribe the total population by Age and Marital Status. This Table is divided into two parts. Part A relates to Scheduled Castes and Part B relates to Scheduled Tribes. This Table corresponds to Table C-II for the total population; however the Age-groups are restricted to 0-14, 15-44, 45+ and the Age not stated only in both the parts of this Table. This Table enables us to know the percentage of

each of the Scheduled Castes and Scheduled Tribes to the total population in the corresponding Age-group. Such Community-wise data by Age and Marital Status for Scheduled Castes and Scheduled Tribes are being given for the first time at the present Census. The Age distribution and Marital Status data will give an indication as to whether the population of a Caste/Tribe is growing or declining.

TABLE SCT-II Part B
AGE AND MARITAL STATUS FOR SCHEDULED TRIBES

Name of Scheduled Tribe (1)	TOTAL POPULATION														Age 15-44					
	Total		Never Married		Married		Widowed		Divorced or Separated		Unspecified status		Total		Never Married					
	Persons (2)	Males (3)	Females (4)	Males (5)	Females (6)	Males (7)	Females (8)	Males (9)	Females (10)	Males (11)	Females (12)	Males (13)	Females (14)	Males (27)	Females (28)	Males (29)	Females (30)			
ANANTAPUR DISTRICT																				
All Scheduled Tribes	48,500	24,775	23,725	14,218	11,138	9,820	10,230	648	2,193	88	164	1	...	...	...	...	...	...
Chenchu	8	3	5	2	3	1	1	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Koya	18	9	9	7	3	2	4	...	2	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Reddi Dhoras	2	2	...	2	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Sugalis (Lambadis)	34,007	17,414	16,593	10,143	7,847	6,854	7,182	375	1,472	42	92	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Yenadis	360	169	191	91	74	70	91	6	21	2	5	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Yerukulas	14,067	7,155	6,912	3,958	3,204	2,886	2,948	266	693	44	67	1	...	...	...	...	...	...
Scheduled Tribes not specified	38	23	15	15	7	7	4	1	4	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
ANANTAPUR DISTRICT																				
Name of Scheduled Tribe (1)	Total		Never Married		Married		Widowed		Divorced or Separated		Unspecified status		Total		Never Married					
	Males (15)	Females (16)	Males (17)	Females (18)	Males (19)	Females (20)	Males (21)	Females (22)	Males (23)	Females (24)	Males (25)	Females (26)	Males (27)	Females (28)	Males (29)	Females (30)				
All Scheduled Tribes	11,331	10,770	11,314	10,536	17	234	...	...	...	...	...	...	9,597	9,681	2,852	483		
Chenchu	1	3	1	3	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	2	1	1	...		
Koya	7	3	7	3	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	2	4	...	...		
Reddi Dhoras	2	...	2	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Sugalis (Lambadis)	8,103	7,582	8,093	7,445	10	137	...	...	...	...	...	...	6,750	6,835	2,013	377		
Yenadis	71	69	70	66	1	3	...	...	...	...	...	...	67	90	19	8		
Yerukulas	3,136	3,106	3,130	3,012	6	94	...	...	...	...	...	...	2,768	2,748	815	98		
Scheduled Tribes not specified	11	7	11	7	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	8	3	4	...		

TABLE SCT-III
EDUCATION IN RURAL AND URBAN AREAS ONLY FOR
SCHEDULED CASTES AND SCHEDULED TRIBES

This Table shows the literacy and educational levels for each Scheduled Caste and Scheduled Tribe separately for Rural and Urban areas. This Table is divided into Part A (i) and Part A (ii) relating to the Scheduled Castes and Scheduled Tribes respectively in Urban areas and Part B (i) and Part B (ii) relating to the Scheduled Castes and Scheduled Tribes respectively in Rural areas. In the case of Urban

areas the educational levels adopted for giving the data are the same as those adopted in Table B-III Part A and in the case of Rural areas the data are given as in Table B-III Part B. This Table, therefore, enables us to know the proportion of each of the Scheduled Castes and Scheduled Tribes among the total population in different literacy and educational levels.

TABLE SCT-III Part A (i)
EDUCATION IN URBAN AREAS ONLY FOR SCHEDULED CASTES

Name of Scheduled Caste	Total		Illiterate		Literate (with- out educational level)		Primary or Junior Basic		Matriculation or Higher Secondary		Technical diploma not equal to degree		Non-Technical diploma not equal to degree		University degree or post-graduate degree other than Technical degree		Technical degree or diploma equal to degree or post- graduate degree	
	Males	Fe- males	Males	Fe- males	Males	Fe- males	Males	Fe- males	Males	Fe- males	Males	Fe- males	Males	Fe- males	Males	Fe- males	Males	Fe- males
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)	(13)	(14)	(15)	(16)	(17)	(18)	(19)
ANANTAPUR DISTRICT																		
All Scheduled Castes	11,506	10,946	7,550	10,083	2,248	587	1,400	252	281	24	...	...	13	...	12	...	2	...
Adi Andhra	1,748	1,660	1,060	1,495	400	107	222	52	57	6	...	...	6	...	2	...	1	...
Adi Dravida	56	69	34	60	6	4	7	3	7	2	...	...	1	...	1	...	...	...
Arundhatiya	...	3	...	3	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Bariki	15	22	8	22	2	...	5	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Chalavadi	27	19	20	17	1	...	4	2	1	...	...	...	...	...	1	...	...	...
Chamar, Mochi or Muchi	183	176	79	117	48	40	43	18	12	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	...
Dom, Dombara, Paidi or Pano	8	8	1	6	2	...	4	2	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Jambuvulu	25	20	25	20	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Madasi Kuruva or Madari Kuruva	14	13	8	12	4	...	2	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Madiga	6,954	6,647	4,908	6,237	1,193	282	712	116	134	12	...	...	2	...	5	...	...	...
Madiga Dasu and Mashteen	1	6	1	3	...	3	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Mala	2,217	2,101	1,244	1,913	540	129	364	56	64	3	...	...	3	...	2	...	...	...
Mala Dasu	121	99	72	89	27	9	17	1	4	...	...	...	...	...	1	...	...	...
Mundala	7	5	7	5	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Thoti	3	...	3	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Scheduled Castes not specified	127	98	80	84	25	13	20	1	1	...	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	...

TABLE SCT-III Part A (ii)
EDUCATION IN URBAN AREAS ONLY FOR SCHEDULED TRIBES

Name of Scheduled Tribe	Educational levels																	
	Total			Illiterate			Literate (with- out educational level)			Primary or Junior Basic			Matriculation or Higher Secondary			Technical diploma not equal to degree		
	Males (2)	Fe- males (3)		Males (4)	Fe- males (5)		Males (6)	Fe- males (7)		Males (8)	Fe- males (9)		Males (10)	Fe- males (11)		Males (12)	Fe- males (13)	

ANANTAPUR DISTRICT

All Scheduled Tribes	820	747	611	713	94	19	99	15	14	...	...	...	...	...	2	...	...	...
Reddi Dhoras	2	...	...	...	...	...	2	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Sugalis (Lambadis)	222	160	155	147	11	7	50	6	5	...	...	...	...	...	1	...	...	...
Yenadis	1	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Yerukulas	572	572	443	536	80	9	41	7	7	...	...	...	...	...	1	...	...	...
Scheduled Tribes not specified	23	15	12	10	3	3	6	2	2	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...

TABLE SCT-III Part B (i)
EDUCATION IN RURAL AREAS ONLY *FOR SCHEDULED CASTES*

Name of Scheduled Caste	Educational levels									
	Total		Illiterate		Literate (without educational level)		Primary or Junior Basic		Matriculation and above	
	Males	Females	Males	Females	Males	Females	Males	Females	Males	Females
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)
ANANTAPUR DISTRICT										
All Scheduled Castes . . .	109,532	104,301	98,816	102,944	8,371	1,100	2,155	233	190	24
Adi Andhra . . .	10,587	12,597	9,546	12,424	857	141	169	31	15	1
Adi Dravida . . .	10	37	8	37	1	...	1	...	...	...
Bariki . . .	280	252	211	248	55	2	13	2	1	...
Chalavadi . . .	384	370	306	367	63	3	15	...	...	...
Chamar, Mochi or Muchi . . .	6	11	3	9	2	1	1	1	...	...
Dom, Dombara, Paidi or Pano . . .	82	110	79	108	2	2	1	...	...	...
Jaggali . . .	6	4	3	4	3	...	...	...	...	...
Jambuvulu . . .	34	36	28	36	4	...	2	...	...	...
Madasi Kuruva or Madari Kuruva . . .	...	3	...	3	...	...	...	...	...	...
Madiga . . .	84,062	72,031	77,178	71,106	5,457	748	1,312	155	115	22
Madiga Dasu and Mashteen . . .	72	99	51	98	17	1	4	...	...	...
Mala . . .	13,420	18,205	10,931	17,963	1,821	197	610	44	58	1
Mala Dasu . . .	499	505	385	500	87	5	26	...	1	...
Matangi . . .	72	32	71	32	1	...	...	...	...	...
Thoti . . .	14	9	12	9	1	...	1	...	...	...
Scheduled Castes not specified . . .	4	...	4	...	...	...	...	...	...	...

TABLE SCT-III Part B (ii)
EDUCATION IN RURAL AREAS ONLY FOR SCHEDULED TRIBES

[illegible]

TABLE SCT-IV
RELIGION FOR SCHEDULED CASTES AND SCHEDULED TRIBES

This Table is divided into two parts. Part A relates to Scheduled Castes and Part B relates to Scheduled Tribes. In both the parts the data are given for Rural and Urban areas. Both the parts of this Table are intended to show the Religion

of each Scheduled Caste and Scheduled Tribe. Members of Scheduled Castes can belong only either to the Hindu or the Sikh Religion. Though Scheduled Tribes may belong to any Religion, in this district all of them profess the Hindu faith.

TABLE SCT-IV Part A
RELIGION FOR SCHEDULED CASTES

Name of Scheduled Caste	Rural Urban	Names of Religions						
		Total			Hindus		Sikhs	
		Persons	Males	Females	Males	Females	Males	Females
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)
ANANTAPUR DISTRICT								
All Scheduled Castes	R	213,833	109,532	104,301	109,532	104,301	...	...
	U	22,452	11,506	10,946	11,506	10,946	...	...
Adi Andhra	R	23,184	10,587	12,597	10,587	12,597	...	...
	U	3,408	1,748	1,660	1,748	1,660	...	...
Adi Dravida	R	47	10	37	10	37	...	...
	U	125	56	69	56	69	...	...
Arundhatiya	R	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
	U	3	...	3	...	3	...	...
Bariki	R	532	280	252	280	252	...	...
	U	37	15	22	15	22	...	...
Chalavadi	R	754	384	370	384	370	...	...
	U	46	27	19	27	19	...	...
Chamar, Mochi or Muchi	R	17	6	11	6	11	...	...
	U	359	183	176	183	176	...	...
Dom, Dombara, Paidi or Pano	R	192	82	110	82	110	...	...
	U	16	8	8	8	8	...	...
Jaggali	R	10	6	4	6	4	...	...
	U	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Jambuvulu	R	70	34	36	34	36	...	...
	U	45	25	20	25	20	...	...
Madasi Kuruva or Madari Kuruva	R	3	...	3	...	3	...	...
	U	27	14	13	14	13	...	...
Madiga	R	156,093	84,062	72,031	84,062	72,031	...	...
	U	13,601	6,954	6,647	6,954	6,647	...	...
Madiga Dasu and Mashteen	R	171	72	99	72	99	...	...
	U	7	1	6	1	6	...	...
Mala	R	31,625	13,420	18,205	13,420	18,205	...	...
	U	4,318	2,217	2,101	2,217	2,101	...	...
Mala Dasu	R	1,004	499	505	499	505	...	...
	U	220	121	99	121	99	...	...
Matangi	R	104	72	32	72	32	...	...
	U	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Mundala	R	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
	U	12	7	5	7	5	...	...
Thoti	R	23	14	9	14	9	...	...
	U	3	3	...	3	...	...	...
Scheduled Castes not specified	R	4	4	...	4	...	...	...
	U	225	127	98	127	98	...	...

TABLE SCT-IV Part B
RELIGION FOR SCHEDULED TRIBES

Name of Scheduled Tribe	Rural Urban	Names of Religions								
		Total			Hindus		Other Religions and persuasions		Religion not stated	
		Persons	Males	Females	Males	Females	Males	Females	Males	Females
		(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)
ANANTAPUR DISTRICT										
All Scheduled Tribes	R	46,933	23,955	22,978	23,955	22,978	...	...	...	...
	U	1,567	820	747	820	747	...	...	...	...
Chenchu	R	8	3	5	3	5	...	...	...	...
	U	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Koya	R	18	9	9	9	9	...	...	...	...
	U	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Reddi Dhoras	R	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
	U	2	2	...	2	...	...	...	...	...
Sugalis (Lambadis)	R	33,625	17,192	16,433	17,192	16,433	...	...	...	...
	U	382	222	160	222	160	...	...	...	...
Yenadis	R	359	168	191	168	191	...	...	...	...
	U	1	1	...	1	...	...	...	...	...
Yerukulas	R	12,923	6,583	6,340	6,583	6,340	...	...	...	...
	U	1,144	572	572	572	572	...	...	...	...
Scheduled Tribes not specified	R	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
	U	38	23	15	23	15	...	...	...	...

TABLE SCT-V
SAMPLE HOUSEHOLDS OF SCHEDULED CASTES AND SCHEDULED
TRIBES ENGAGED IN CULTIVATION CLASSIFIED BY INTEREST
IN LAND AND SIZE OF LAND CULTIVATED IN
RURAL AREAS ONLY

This Table shows the sample Households engaged in Cultivation classified by interest in land and size of land cultivated in Rural areas only, separately for Scheduled Castes and Scheduled Tribes. The Table is divided into two parts.

Part A relates to Scheduled Castes and Part B relates to Scheduled Tribes. The sizes of land-holdings and types of interest in land cultivated adopted in this Table are the same as those adopted in Table B-XI.

TABLE SCT-V Part A
SAMPLE HOUSEHOLDS ENGAGED IN CULTIVATION CLASSIFIED BY INTEREST IN
LAND AND SIZE OF LAND CULTIVATED IN RURAL AREAS ONLY
FOR MEMBERS OF SCHEDULED CASTES

(Households of members of Scheduled Castes in a 20% sample of all Households)

Interest in land cultivated	No. of cultivating Households	Households engaged in cultivation by size of land in acres										
		Less than 1	1.0- 2.4	2.5- 4.9	5.0- 7.4	7.5- 9.9	10.0- 12.4	12.5- 14.9	15.0- 29.9	30.0- 49.9	50+ (12)	Un- specified (13)
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)	(13)
ANANTAPUR DISTRICT												
Total	4,718	390	1,086	1,067	1,144	237	359	73	296	53	12	1
Owned or held from Government	3,865	362	922	853	961	171	288	47	214	39	7	1
Held from private persons or institutions for payment in money, kind or share	208	21	96	35	26	3	14	...	8	3	2	...
Partly held from Government and partly from private persons for payment in money, kind or share	645	7	68	179	157	63	57	26	74	11	3	...

TABLE SCT-V Part B
SAMPLE HOUSEHOLDS ENGAGED IN CULTIVATION CLASSIFIED BY INTEREST IN
LAND AND SIZE OF LAND CULTIVATED IN RURAL AREAS ONLY
FOR MEMBERS OF SCHEDULED TRIBES

(Households of members of Scheduled Tribes in a 20% sample of all Households)

Interest in land cultivated	No. of cultivating Households	Households engaged in cultivation by size of land in acres										
		Less than 1	1.0- 2.4	2.5- 4.9	5.0- 7.4	7.5- 9.9	10.0- 12.4	12.5- 14.9	15.0- 29.9	30.0- 49.9	50+ 1	Un- specified
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)	(13)
ANANTAPUR DISTRICT												
Total	1,249	16	186	255	333	120	137	38	113	34	16	1
Owned or held from Government	1,006	12	172	204	275	83	111	26	85	23	14	1
Held from private persons or institutions for payment in money, kind or share	63	3	8	23	9	2	8	...	7	2	1	...
Partly held from Government and partly from private persons for payment in money, kind or share	180	1	6	28	49	35	18	12	21	9	1	...

TABLE SC-I
PERSONS NOT AT WORK CLASSIFIED BY SEX, TYPE OF ACTIVITY
AND EDUCATIONAL LEVELS *FOR SCHEDULED CASTES*

This Table shows persons belonging to the Scheduled Castes not at work classified by sex, type of activity, viz., fulltime students, persons seeking employment for the first time, unemployed but seeking work, and others, by educational levels. The educational levels adopted are broadly illiterate, literate (without educational level), Primary or Junior Basic, Matriculation or Higher Secondary, and above Matriculation or Higher Secondary. This Table is prepared for total Scheduled Castes as a whole and not separately for each individual caste and the figures are exhibited for Total, Rural and Urban popu-

lation. This table will be very useful as it clearly illustrates the extent to which the Scheduled Caste children have taken to education and it also helps to plan employment for the unemployed members of the Scheduled Castes.

This Table has also been prepared for Rural areas of Anantapur, Kalyandrug, Rayadrug, Dharmavaram and Madakasira taluks in the district as the percentage of Scheduled Castes population in the Rural areas of the above five taluks exceeds the State's average proportion of 14.88%.

TABLE SC-1
PERSONS NOT AT WORK CLASSIFIED BY SEX, TYPE OF ACTIVITY AND EDUCATIONAL LEVELS
FOR SCHEDULED CASTES

Educational Levels (1)	Total Non-Working population				Fulltime Students		Persons seeking employ- ment for the first time		Persons employed before but now out of employment and seeking work		Others	
	Persons (2)	Males (3)	Females (4)	Persons (5)	Males (6)	Females (7)	Males (8)	Females (9)	Males (10)	Females (11)	Males (12)	Females (13)
ANANTAPUR DISTRICT												
TOTAL												
Total	100,841	45,551	55,290	6,321	1,986	59	6	12	2	39,159	53,296	
Illiterate	93,098	39,573	53,525	1,560	749	2	...	4	1	38,007	52,775	
Literate (without Educational level)	5,444	4,123	1,321	3,259	967	5	...	3	...	856	354	
Primary or Junior Basic	2,041	1,637	404	1,343	245	18	5	4	...	272	154	
Matriculation or Higher Secondary	251	214	37	156	23	33	1	1	1	24	12	
Above Matriculation or Higher Secondary	7	4	3	3	2	1	...	...	...	...	1	
RURAL												
Total	88,186	39,947	48,239	4,653	1,462	27	1	7	...	35,260	46,776	
Illiterate	83,076	35,870	47,206	1,469	725	1	...	2	...	34,398	46,481	
Literate (without Educational level)	3,878	3,053	825	2,374	628	...	...	1	...	678	197	
Primary or Junior Basic	1,123	936	187	748	95	9	1	3	...	176	91	
Matriculation or Higher Secondary	102	84	18	59	12	16	...	1	...	8	6	
Above Matriculation or Higher Secondary	7	4	3	3	2	1	...	...	...	...	1	
URBAN												
Total	12,655	5,604	7,051	1,668	524	32	5	5	2	3,899	6,520	
Illiterate	10,022	3,703	6,319	91	24	1	...	2	1	3,609	6,294	
Literate (without Educational level)	1,566	1,070	496	885	339	5	...	2	...	178	157	
Primary or Junior Basic	918	701	217	595	150	9	4	1	...	96	63	
Matriculation or Higher Secondary	149	130	19	97	11	17	1	...	1	16	6	
Above Matriculation or Higher Secondary	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
ANANTAPUR TALUK (Rural)												
Total	11,587	5,497	6,090	697	186	6	...	...	...	4,794	5,904	
Illiterate	10,616	4,757	5,859	32	16	...	...	...	...	4,725	5,843	
Literate (without Educational level)	800	598	202	539	148	...	...	...	...	59	54	
Primary or Junior Basic	144	117	27	105	20	2	...	...	...	10	7	
Matriculation or Higher Secondary	27	25	2	21	2	4	...	...	...	...	...
Above Matriculation or Higher Secondary	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
KALYANDRUG TALUK (Rural)												
Total	9,405	4,284	5,121	687	151	1	...	...	...	3,596	4,970	
Illiterate	8,541	3,583	4,958	9	4	...	...	...	...	3,574	4,954	
Literate (without Educational level)	597	467	130	450	121	...	...	...	...	17	9	
Primary or Junior Basic	249	229	20	224	19	...	...	...	...	5	1	
Matriculation or Higher Secondary	15	4	11	4	5	...	...	...	...	...	6	
Above Matriculation or Higher Secondary	3	1	2	...	2	1	...	...	...	...	...

TABLE ST-I
MOTHER-TONGUE AND BILINGUALISM
FOR SCHEDULED TRIBES

This Table shows exclusively the Scheduled Tribes classified by Mother-Tongue and subsidiary languages spoken by them. The data are given for the Total, Rural and Urban areas in the district and for the Rural areas of Kadiri and Penukonda taluks as the percentage of the Scheduled Tribes population to Total population in the Rural areas of these taluks exceed the State average of 4.27%. The Scheduled Tribes have their own peculiar languages and dialects and this

Table gives the language or dialect of each Tribe. In respect of the members of the Scheduled Tribes who have moved out of their homes and as a result of contact with the local population speak some other languages also, those subsidiary languages are also shown in this Table. The number of male and female speakers of the subsidiary language is indicated in brackets after the subsidiary language under column 6 of the Table.

TABLE ST-I
MOTHER-TONGUE AND BILINGUALISM FOR SCHEDULED TRIBES

Name of Scheduled Tribe	Mother-Tongue	Total Speakers		Total No. of persons returned as speaking a language subsidiary to the Mother-Tongue		Subsidiary Languages
		Males	Females	Males	Females	
		(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	
(1)	(2)					(7)
ANANTAPUR DISTRICT						
TOTAL						
CHENCHU	Chenchu	...	5	...	5	Telugu (F.5)
	Tamil	3	...	2	...	Telugu (M.2)
KOYA	Koya	6	2	2	2	Telugu (M.2, F.2)
	Telugu	3	7	...	...
REDDI DHORAS	Telugu	2	...	...	...
SUGALIS (LAMBADIS)	Arabic	1	...	1	...	Kannada (M.1)
	Lambadi	16,557	16,350	11,805	10,703	English (M.29); Hindi (M.4.); Kannada (M.292, F.257); Marathi (M.42); Telugu (M.11,167, F.10,214); Urdu (M.271, F.232)
	Marathi	10	...	10	...	Kannada (M.1); Telugu (M.9)
	Tamil	...	2	...	...
	Telugu	846	241	59	12	English (M.3); Hindi (M.1, F.1); Kannada (M.16, F.6); Urdu (M.39, F.5)
YENADIS	Kannada	...	5	...	2	Telugu (F.2)
	Tamil	20	9	19	4	Telugu (M.6, F.3); Urdu (M.13, F.1)
	Telugu	149	177	1	...	English (M.1)
YERUKULAS	Kannada	10	13	3	8	Telugu (M.3, F.8)
	Koricha	...	5	...	3	Telugu (F.3)
	Marathi	4	...	...	...
	Tamil	8	12	7	6	Telugu (M.7, F.6)
	Telugu	3,661	3,066	73	16	English (M.22, F.1); Hindi (M.1, F.1); Kannada (M.9, F.11); Marathi (M.1); Tamil (F.3), Urdu (M.40)
	Yerukula	3,472	3,816	2,287	2,341	English (M.19; F.1); Hindi (M.1); Kannada (M.42; F.38); Malayalam (M.2); Telugu (M.2,221, F.2,301); Urdu (M.2, F.1)
SCHEDULED TRIBES NOT SPECIFIED	Telugu	23	15	...	...

TABLE ST-I—*contd.*

MOTHER-TONGUE AND BILINGUALISM FOR SCHEDULED TRIBES

Name of Scheduled Tribe	Mother-Tongue	Total Speakers		Total No. of persons returned as speaking a language subsidiary to the Mother-Tongue		Subsidiary Languages
		Males	Females	Males	Females	
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)
ANANTAPUR DISTRICT— <i>contd.</i>						
RURAL						
CHENCHU	Chenchu	...	5	...	5	Telugu (F.5)
	Tamil	3	...	2	...	Telugu (M.2)
KOYA	Koya	6	2	2	2	Telugu (M.2, F.2)
	Telugu	3	7	...	...
SUGALIS (LAMBADIS)	Lambadi	16,412	16,198	11,705	10,640	English (M.13); Hindi (M.3); Kannada (M.291, F.257); (Marathi M.42); Telugu (M.11,085, F.10,151); Urdu (M.271, F.232)
	Arabic	1	...	1	...	Kannada (M.1)
	Marathi	10	...	10	...	Kannada (M.1); Telugu (M.9)
	Telugu	769	235	43	12	English (M.1); Hindi (M.1, F.1); Kannada (M.2, F.6); Urdu (M.39, F.5)
YENADIS	Kannada	...	5	...	2	Telugu (F.2)
	Tamil	19	9	19	4	Telugu (M.6, F.3); Urdu (M.13, F.1)
	Telugu	149	177	1	...	English (M.1)
YERUKULAS	Kannada	10	12	3	8	Telugu (M.3, F.8)
	Marathi	4	...	...	...
	Tamil	5	5	4	1	Telugu (M.4, F.1)
	Telugu	3,444	2,816	54	7	English (M.8, F.1); Hindi (M.1, F.1); Kannada (M.4, F.2); Marathi (M.1); Tamil (F.3); Urdu (M.40)
	Yerukula	3,120	3,507	2,195	2,151	English (M.9); Kannada (M.41, F.31); Malayalam (M.2); Telugu (M.2,141, F.2, 119); Urdu (M.2, F.1)

TABLE ST-I—concl'd.
MOTHER-TONGUE AND BILINGUALISM FOR SCHEDULED TRIBES

Name of Scheduled Tribe	Mother-Tongue	Total Speakers		Total No. of persons returned as speaking a language subsidiary to the Mother-Tongue		Subsidiary Languages
		Males	Females	Males	Females	
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)
ANANTAPUR DISTRICT—concl'd.						
URBAN						
REDDI DHORAS	Telugu	2	...	...	...
SUGALIS (LAMBADIS)	Lambadi	145	152	100	63	English (M.16); Hindi (M.1); Kannada (M.1); Telugu (M.82, F.63)
	Tamil	...	2	...	...
	Telugu	77	6	16	...	English (M.2); Kannada (M.14)
YENADIS	Tamil	1	...	...	...
YERUKULAS	Kannada	...	1	...	...
	Koricha	...	5	...	3	Telugu (F.3)
	Tamil	3	7	3	5	Telugu (M.3, F.5)
	Telugu	217	250	19	9	English (M.14); Kannada (M.5, F.9)
	Yerukula	352	309	92	190	English (M.10, F.1); Hindi (M.1); Kannada (M.1, F.7); Telugu (M.80; F.182)
SCHEDULED TRIBES NOT SPECIFIED	Telugu	23	15	...	...
KADIRI TALUK (Rural)						
KONDA DHORAS	Telugu	3	2	...	...
SUGALIS (LAMBADIS)	Lambadi	5,476	5,406	3,780	3,437	English (M.3); Kannada (M.2); Marathi (M.29); Telugu (M.3,699, F.3,428); Urdu (M.47, F.9)
	Telugu	335	...	33	...	Urdu (M.33)
YENADIS	Telugu	128	134	13	1	Urdu (M.13, F.1)
YERUKULAS	Telugu	738	297	36	...	Urdu (M.36)
	Yerukula	474	925	367	614	Telugu (M.366, F.614); Urdu (M.1)
PENUKONDA TALUK (Rural)						
KOYA	Telugu	3	4	...	...
SUGALIS (LAMBADIS)	Lambadi	2,224	2,476	1,389	1,624	English (M.1); Telugu (M.1,372, F.1,607); Urdu (M.16, F.17)
	Telugu	300	15	8	...	Urdu (M.8)
YENADIS	Telugu	28	30	...	...
YERUKULAS	Kannada	...	1	...	...
	Tamil	1	...	1	...	Telugu (M.1)
	Telugu	412	465	1	...	English (M.1)
	Yerukula	275	157	166	126	Kannada (M.1); Telugu (M.165, F.126)

TABLE ST-II

PERSONS NOT AT WORK CLASSIFIED BY SEX AND TYPE OF ACTIVITY FOR SCHEDULED TRIBES

This Table shows for the district the persons not at work classified by sex and type of activity for each individual Scheduled Tribe. The types of activity under which the persons not at work are classified are the same as those adopted in Table SC-I, viz., full-time students, persons seeking employment for the first time, persons unemployed but seeking work and others. In this Table the particulars are given according to the individual Tribe while in Table SC-I similar particulars in respect of Scheduled Castes are given for Total Scheduled

Castes as a whole, by educational levels. The present Table, however, shows the number of unemployed persons in each individual Tribe without reference to the literacy levels. The data in this Table are presented for the Total, Rural and Urban areas of the district and also for the Rural areas of Kadiri and Penukonda taluks as the percentage of the Scheduled Tribes population to Total population in Rural portions of these taluks exceeds the State average of 4.27%.

TABLE ST-II
PERSONS NOT AT WORK CLASSIFIED BY SEX AND TYPE OF ACTIVITY FOR SCHEDULED TRIBES

Name of Scheduled Tribe (1)	Total Rural Urban (2)	Total Non-Working population			Fulltime students		Persons seeking employment for the first time		Persons employed before, but now out of employment and seeking work		Others		
		Persons (3)	Males (4)	Females (5)	Males (6)	Females (7)	Males (8)	Females (9)	Males (10)	Females (11)	Males (12)	Females (13)	
ANANTAPUR DISTRICT													
All Scheduled Tribes	T	22,031	9,829	12,202	1,111	443	2	...	3	...	8,713	11,759	
	R	21,204	9,439	11,765	985	426	2	...	3	...	8,449	11,339	
	U	827	390	437	126	17	...	...	...	...	264	420
Chenchu	T	8	3	5	1	...	...	...	...	...	2	5
	R	8	3	5	1	...	...	...	...	...	2	5
	U	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Koya	T	15	8	7	...	...	...	...	...	...	8	7
	R	15	8	7	...	...	...	...	...	...	8	7
	U	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Reddi Dhoras	T	2	2	...	2	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
	R	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
	U	2	2	...	2	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Sugalis (Lambadis)	T	15,358	6,855	8,503	767	329	2	...	2	...	6,084	8,174	
	R	15,159	6,743	8,416	715	322	2	...	2	...	6,024	8,094	
	U	199	112	87	52	7	...	...	...	...	60	80
Yenadis	T	151	59	92	20	1	...	...	...	...	39	91
	R	151	59	92	20	1	...	...	...	...	39	91
	U	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Yerukulas	T	6,472	2,890	3,582	316	110	...	...	1	...	2,573	3,472
	R	5,871	2,626	3,245	249	103	...	...	1	...	2,376	3,142
	U	601	264	337	67	7	...	...	...	...	197	330
Scheduled Tribes not specified	T	25	12	13	5	3	...	...	...	...	7	10
	R	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
	U	25	12	13	5	3	...	...	...	...	7	10
KADIRI TALUK (Rural)													
Total	R	5,947	2,758	3,189	329	223	...	...	3	...	2,426	2,966
Koya	R	2	2	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	2	...
Sugalis (Lambadis)	R	4,724	2,261	2,463	266	169	...	...	2	...	1,993	2,294
Yenadis	R	106	46	60	17	1	...	...	...	...	29	59
Yerukulas	R	1,115	449	666	46	53	...	...	1	...	402	613
PENUKONDA TALUK (Rural)													
Total	R	2,777	1,280	1,497	192	48	1	...	...	...	1,087	1,449
Koya	R	7	3	4	...	...	...	...	...	...	3	4
Sugalis (Lambadis)	R	2,190	967	1,223	148	47	1	...	...	...	818	1,176
Yenadis	R	21	10	11	2	...	...	...	...	...	8	11
Yerukulas	R	559	300	259	42	1	...	...	...	...	258	258

FAIRS AND FESTIVALS

FAIRS AND

L. C. No.	Name of Village/Town	Distance from nearest Railway Station/City or Town	Name of fair or festival	Period when the fair or festival is held and duration	Significance and occasion for the fair or festival—local, religious or special significance
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)
1 ANANTAPUR					
5	Penakacherla	To the South of the River Pennar and 10 miles West of Garladinne Railway Station on Guntakal-Bangalore Metre Gauge section of the Southern Railway	Chithambaraswamy car festival.	Magha Bahula Triodasi to Amavasya (February-March) 3 days	Widely known, religious
12 (a)	M. Kottapalle h/o Muntimadugu	2 miles from Kalluru Railway Station and 20 miles from Anantapur Railway Station on Guntakal-Bangalore Metre Gauge section of the Southern Railway	Ramaswamy festival	Magha Suddha Padyami (February-March) About a month	Local, in memory of Ramaswamy
14	Kalluru	On the southern bank of River Pinakini and 18 miles from Anantapur town.	Anjaneyaswamy festival	Chaitra Suddha Navami (March-April) 3 days	Local, religious
15	Kanampalle	6 miles from Garladinne Railway Station; 7 miles from Pamidi; and 16 miles from Anantapur	Nallamma Jatara	Chaitra Suddha Padyami (March-April) 2 days	Local, religious
20	Anandaraopeta	2 miles from Salakancheruvu and 10 miles from Kalluru Railway Station	Gampamahalaiah festival	All Saturdays in Sravanam (July-August) 4 days	Local, in memory of Gampamahalaiah.
26	Jalakalva	20 miles by bus from Anantapur town	Anjaneyaswamy festival	Kartika Suddha Padyami to Amavasya (October-November) 30 days	Local, religious
27	Cheelapalle	Between Salakancheruvu and Jalalapuram villages; 2 miles from Anantapur-Tadpatri route; and 17 miles from Anantapur Railway Station	(1) Obulesudu festival (Parnama)	Chaitra Suddha Vidiya (March-April) 1 day	Local, religious
			(2) Anjaneyaswamy festival	Kartika Suddha Padyami to Amavasya (October-November) 30 days	Local, religious
28	Sodanapalle	15 miles from Anantapur	Verri Nagappa worship	All through the year, devotees worship the Samadhi of the Saint	Local, in memory of of Verri Nagappa
29	Matlagondi	Beside Garladinne-Tadpatri bus route and 13 miles from Garladinne Railway Station	(1) Chidambaraiahswamy festival	Magha Bahula Triodasi (February-March) 1 day	Local, in memory of Chidambaraiahswamy
			(2) Anjaneyaswamy festival	Kartika Suddha Padyami to Amavasya (October-November) 30 days	Local, religious
30	Singanamala	2 miles from Anantapur-Tadpatri Road and 12 miles North-East of Anantapur	Syed Salar Masood Saheb Urs	Magham (January-February) 3 days	Local in memory of Syed Salar Masood Saheb of Ajmeer
40	Marthadu	2 1/2 miles from Garladinne Railway Station and 4 miles from Kudair	Tataiah car festival	Phalguna Suddha Panchami (February-March) 3 days	Local, religious
44	Korrakodu	3 miles from Jallipalle on Anantapur-Tadpatri bus route and 10 miles from Anantapur Railway Station	(1) Sri Rama Navami	Chaitra Suddha Navami (March-April) 1 day	Local, religious

FESTIVALS

Name and description of the deity connected with the fair or festival (7)	Estimated congregation- Local or otherwise- Do all communities participate? (8)	Any handicrafts or artistic works, brought to the fair or festival for sale deserving a mention (9)	Facilities for visitors, if any, and other special features (10)	L. C. No. (1)
TALUK				
Chithambaraswamy, golden image in human form	6,000; local and from other places in Anantapur, Kurnool and Bellary districts; all communities	Eatables, utensils, lanterns, torch lights, pictures and photos	Free feeding is arranged	5
Ramaswamy, small round stones are worshipped	Local congregation; all communities	...	...	12 (a)
Anjaneyaswamy	200; local and from the neighbouring villages; Hindus	...	Eswara Aradhana is celebrated in the third week of Magham; fuller details are not available	14
Nallamma, a village deity	Local and from the neighbouring villages; Hindus	...	...	15
Gampamahalaiah, a sage, foot prints of Lord Venkateswara in a cave	Local and from the neighbouring villages; all communities	...	It attracts large crowd on the third Saturday in Sravanam	20
Anjaneyaswamy, image 4 feet in height	Local and from the surrounding villages; Hindus	...	...	26
Obulesudu, 3 images with 3 namams (Vaishnavite marks in U form) with a vertical line in the middle	Local and from the neighbouring villages; all communities	...	...	27
Anjaneyaswamy, image of Anjaneyaswamy carved on (7 feet high) stone slab	Local and from the neighbouring villages; all communities	...	...
Verri Nagappa, a tomb	A few from the surrounding villages perform puja every day; Hindus	...	Verri Nagappa belongs to the 18th century. He showed some miracles and is being worshipped as a Saint	28
Chidambaraiahswamy, a tomb and a statue of Chidambaraiahswamy made of Panchalohas (five metals)	Local and from the neighbouring villages; Hindus	...	...	29
Anjaneyaswamy, stone image 3 feet high	Local and from the neighbouring villages; Hindus	...	...
Syed Salar Masood Saheb of Ajmeer, a tomb	5,000; from all over the district; all communities	...	...	30
Tataiah	300; local and from the neighbouring villages; all communities	...	...	40
Sri Rama, marble stone images of Sri Rama Lakshmana Sita and Anjaneya	Local congregation; Hindus	...	Another festival of Kuntamma, details are given in the monograph	44

FAIRS AND

L. C. No.	Name of Village/Town	Distance from nearest Railway Station/City or Town	Name of fair or festival	Period when the fair or festival is held and duration	Significance and occasion for the fair or festival—local, religious or special significance
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)
1 ANANTAPUR					
44	Korrakodu—Contd.		(2) Eswara Pujas	Kartikam (October–November) One month	Local, religious
47	Marinamardanahalli	3 miles from Anantapur–Rayadrug bus route; 25 miles from Anantapur Town and Railway Station	Akkammagarla Jatara (Parusha)	Fullmoon day in Phalgunam (February–March) 3 days	Local, religious
48 (a)	Karutlapalle h/o Thimmapuram	1 1/2 miles from Bellary–Anantapur Road and 15 miles from Anantapur Railway Station	Akkammagarla Jatara (Parusha)	Phalgunam (February–March) 3 days	Local, religious
49	Kudair	14 miles from Anantapur Railway Station on Anantapur–Bellary Road	Sangameswaraswamy car festival	Fullmoon day in Chaitram (March–April) 3 days	Local, religious
51	Atmakur	On Anantapur–Kalyandrug Road; 15 miles from Anantapur Railway Station and Town	Akkammagarla Jatara (Parusha)	Once in 5 or 6 years on Monday succeeding fullmoon day in Vaisakham (April–May) 3 days	Local, religious
51 (b)	Pampanur h/o Atmakur	On Anantapur–Kalyandrug Road and 15 miles from Anantapur Town and Railway Station	Mala Obuleswamy car festival	Phalguna Purnima (February–March) 3 days	Local, religious
52	Madigubba	2 1/2 miles from Voddipalle on Anantapur–Kalyandrug bus route and 11 miles from Anantapur Railway Station	Anjaneyaswamy festival	Chaitra Suddha Padyami (March–April) 9 days	Local, religious
62	Somanadoddi	2 furlongs from Anantapur–Kurnool Road and 3 miles from Anantapur Railway Station	Aswartha Narayana Vruksha Tirunala	Magha Bahula Panchami (February–March) 1 day	Local, religious
65 (a)	Nilampalle h/o Jantbaluru	3 miles from Anantapur–Tadpatri bus route, and 8 miles from Anantapur Town	Nagalingaswamy alias Erriswamy festival	Phalguna Suddha Tadiya (February–March) 4 days	Local, in memory of Nagalingaswamy
70	Nadimiddoddi	Beside Anantapur–Tadpatri bus route, 21 miles from Anantapur Town	Nallamma Jatara (Parusha)	Once in 3 or 5 years in Pushyam (December–January) 3 days	Local, religious
72	Narpala	15 miles from Anantapur Town	Tikkaswamy festival (Parusha)	Chaitra Suddha Panchami (March–April) 3 days	Local, religious
79	Bukkarayasamudram	On Anantapur–Tadpatri Road at a distance of 3 miles from Anantapur Railway Station	Kondameedarayaswamy (Venkataramana swamy) car festival	Magha Suddha Navami to Bahula Vidiya (January–February) 9 days	Local, religious
I	Anantapur	District Headquarters and a Railway Station on Guntakal–Bangalore Metre Gauge section of the Southern Railway	(1) Chennakesava-swamy Rathotsavam	Chaitra Suddha Navami to Purnima (March–April) 7 days	Local, religious
			(2) Kasivisweswara car festival	Chaitra Suddha Dasami (March–April) 1 day	Local, religious
			(3) Satyanarayana-swamy Teppothsavam	Magha Purnima (January–February) 1 day	Local, religious

FESTIVALS

Name and description of the deity connected with the fair or festival (7)	Estimated congregation—Local or otherwise—Do all communities participate? (8)	Any handicrafts or artistic works, brought to the fair or festival for sale deserving a mention (9)	Facilities for visitors, if any and other special features (10)	L. C. No. (1)
TALUK—contd.				
Eswara	Local congregation; Hindus	...	...	44
Seven Akkamma sisters, seven earthen images are worshipped (girigelu)	Local congregation; Hindus	Cattle, sheep, fowls, etc.	...	47
Seven Akkamma sisters, seven earthen images are worshipped (girigelu)	Local congregation; Hindus	...	...	48 (a)
Sangameswaraswamy	1,500; local and from surrounding villages; all communities	...	There are two choultries	49
Seven Akkamma sisters, seven earthen images (girigelu) are worshipped	Local congregation; all communities	Utensils, lanterns, torch-lights, mirrors, combs, pictures and photos	Free feeding is arranged for visitors by the villagers in their houses; Hotels are also available	51
Mala Obulesuswamy, brother of Tirupathi Venkateswara, foot prints on stone	2,000; local and from the neighbouring villages; all communities	...	...	51 (b)
Anjaneyaswamy, in the form of Hanuman	Local congregation; Hindus	...	...	52
Trunks of Ravi and Margosa trees	Local congregation; all communities	...	...	62
Nagalingaswamy, jeeva samadhi	Local congregation; all communities	Utensils, lanterns, torch-lights, pictures and photos	There are four choultries	65 (a)
Nallamma, in human form	Local congregation; all communities	...	...	70
Tikkaswamy, metal image in the form of head on which is the hood of a serpent	Local congregation; all communities	...	...	72
Venkataramanaswamy, image of the Lord Urth, his consorts Laxmi and Padmavathi	Local and from neighbouring villages; Hindus	...	...	79
Chennakesavaswamy, image of Vishnu	2,000; local and from the neighbouring villages; Hindus	...	Festivals are also celebrated during the entire month of Pushyam (December-January) and on Vaikunta Ekadasi i. e., in Margasiram (November-December)	1
Eswara, a Sivalingam	2,000; local and from the neighbouring villages; Hindus	...	Festivals are also celebrated during Mahasivarathri i. e., Magha Bahula Chaturdasi (February-March)	
Satyanarayanaswamy	5,000 to 6,000; local and from the neighbouring villages; Hindus	...	Car festival is held on Margasira Purnima (November-December)	

FAIRS AND

L. C. No.	Name of Village/Town	Distance from nearest Railway Station/City or Town	Name of fair or festival	Period when the fair or festival is held and duration	Significance and occasion for the fair or festival—local, religious or special significance (6)
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)
1 ANANTAPUR					
86	BrahmanaYaleru	4 miles from Anantapur-Kalyandrug bus route and 7 1/2 miles from Anantapur Town and Railway Station	Eswara Rathothsavam	On a Monday in Kartikam (October-November) 1 day	Local, religious
87	Sanapa	5 miles from Kalyandrug-Anantapur bus route and 12 miles from Anantapur Railway Station	(1) Madhavaswamy Rathothsavam (2) Kodanda Ramaswamy Rathothsavam	Phalguna Suddha Tadiya to Saptami (February-March) 5 days Chaitra Suddha Panchami (March-April) 6 days	Local, religious Local, religious
87(a)	Rangampet h/o Sanapa	6 miles from Anantapur-Kalyandrug bus route and 10 miles from Anantapur Railway Station	Pothularaju festival	Chaitra Suddha Vidiya (March-April) 1 day	Local, religious
90	Gandlaparthi	3 miles from Dharmavaram-Kalyandrug bus route and 18 miles to the South of Anantapur	Tirumaladevaraswamy festival	Chaitra Suddha Padyami to Dasami (March-April) 10 days	Local, religious
93	Katiganikalva	5 miles from Anantapur	Brahmananda Eswaraswamy festival	Phalguna Suddha Saptami (February-March) 3 days	Local, religious
94	Rapthadu	4 miles from Anantapur on Anantapur-Bangalore road	Pandameedra Raidu festival	Occasionally 3 days	Local, religious
104	Itikalapalle	2 1/2 miles from Jangalapalle Railway Station and 6 miles from Anantapur-Kadiri Road	Itikala Pallayya festival	Occasionally 2 days	Local, religious
111	Gugudu	Among the Muchukota hills 5 miles from Narpala and 18 miles to East of Anantapur	Moharam festival	Moharam (June-July) 11 days	Local, religious
2 KALYANDRUG					
1	Srirangapuram	3 miles from Kalyandrug-Bellary and Rayadrug-Kodur bus routes; 5 miles from Beluguppa; and 18 miles from Rayadrug Railway Station	Ranganathaswamy Kalyanothsavam	On the full moon day of Magham (January-February) 3 days	Local, religious
4	Beluguppa	18 miles from Kalyandrug on Anantapur-Bellary Road and 20 miles from Rayadrug Railway Station on Bellary-Rayadrug Metre Gauge section of Southern Railway. There are communication facilities to Bellary, Rayadrug, Kalyandrug and Anantapur by bus	Yerriswamy festival	Jaistha Bahula Chaviti and Panchami (June-July) 2 days	Local, in memory of Yerriswamy
8 (a)	Ramasagaram h/o Budigumma	Equidistant from Anantapur and Rayadrug Railway Station being 25 miles on Anantapur-Rayadrug Road via Kudair	Anjaneyaswamy car festival	Third Saturday and Sunday in Magham (February-March) 2 days	Local, religious

FESTIVALS

Name and description of the deity connected with the fair or festival (7)	Estimated congregation—Local or otherwise—Do all communities participate? (8)	Any handicrafts or artistic works, brought to the fair or festival for sale deserving a mention (9)	Facilities for visitors, if any, and other special features (10)	L. C. No. (1)
TALUK—concl'd.				
Eswara, stone Sivalingam	Local congregation; all communities	...	A festival is also celebrated on Bhadrapada Purnima (August-September); details are not available	86
Madhavaswamy, in human form	Local congregation; all communities	...	...	87
Kodanda Ramaswamy	Local congregation; all communities	...	...
Pothularaju, a Lingam	Local congregation; all communities	...	...	87 (a)
Tirumaladevaraswamy, Stone image in human form	Local congregation; all communities	...	Choultries are available	90
Brahmananda Eswaraswamy, stone Sivalingam on a tomb	Local congregation; all communities	...	...	93
Pandameedra Raidu	Local congregation; all communities	...	...	94
Itikala Pallayya	Local congregation; all communities	...	...	104
Peers	10,000; local and from the neighbouring villages; all communities	Anantapur Panchayat Samithi exhibits local handicrafts	Hindus annex the festival and celebrate it with more fervour than any of their festivals	111
TALUK				
Ranganathaswamy	Local and from the neighbouring villages; all communities	...	Free feeding is arranged. Sri Anjaneyaswamy Rathotsavam is celebrated on Chaitra Suddha Navami (March-April); fuller details are, however, not available	1
Yerri Tata or Yerriswamy, a tomb.	Local congregation; Hindus	...	Poor feeding is arranged. Maremma Jatara is also celebrated in this village. Fuller details of the festival are, however, not available	4
Anjaneyaswamy	1000; local and from the neighbouring villages; all communities	Sweetmeats, torch-lights, mirrors, combs, cattle etc.	Free feeding is arranged for one day. Srirama Navami on Chaitra Suddha Navami and Yellamma Jatara in Asviyujam are also celebrated in this village. Fuller details of the festivals are, however, not available	8 (a)

FAIRS AND

L. C. No.	Name of Village/Town	Distance from nearest Railway Station/City or Town	Name of fair or festival	Period when the fair or festival held and duration	Significance and occasion for the fair or festival—local, religious or special significance
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)
2 KALYANDRUG					
17	East Kodipalle	1 1/2 miles from Bhattuvanipalle bus stop on Dharmavaram-Kalyandrug bus route; 5 miles from Golla; 7 miles from Kalyandrug; and 27 miles from Rayadrug Railway Station	(1) Chowdeswaridevi Jyothi Mahotsavam	Pushya Bahula Shasti and Saptami (January - February) 2 days	Widely known
			(2) Venugopalswamy Govula Pabbam	On a day between Margasira Suddha Padyami and Panchami (November-December) 1 day	Local, religious
19	Gangavaram	3 miles to the North of Golla on Anantapur-Kalyandrug bus route and 9 miles from Kalyandrug town	Maremma Jatara (Parusha)	On Pushya Suddha Chaturdasi (December-January) 1 day	Local, religious
20 (d)	Venkatadripalle h/o Seeripi	3 miles from Beluguppa; 9 miles from Kalyandrug; and 25 miles from Rayadrug Railway Station	Tatacharyula festival	Magha Bahula Triodasi (February-March) 2 days	Local, in memory of Tatacharyulu
21	Mudigal	4 miles from Kalyandrug by cart track	Ramalingeswaraswamy festival	Magha Bahula Triodasi (February-March) 1 day	Local, religious
1	Kalyandrug	20 miles from Rayadrug Railway Station; 34 miles from Anantapur Railway Station and Town; and 45 miles from Bellary. There are communication facilities to Anantapur, Bellary, Hindupur, Madakasira, Penukonda and Dharmavaram	Pattabhiramaswamy car festival	Magha Purnima to Bahula Saptami (February-March) 8 days	Local, religious
24 (a)	Villampalle h/o Hulikal	2 1/2 miles from the 48th mile Stone on Kalyandrug-Kannepalle road	Dona Timmappa (Venkateswara) festival	On all Saturdays in Sravanam (mostly on the last Saturday) (July-August) On all Saturdays	Local, religious
25 (c)	Gonchireddipalle h/o Pillalapalle	4 miles from Rayadrug-Kalyandrug bus route and 20 miles from Rayadrug Railway Station	Kuvvadamma Rathotsavam	Chaitra Bahula Panchami to Dasami (April-May) 5 days	Local, religious
30	Brahmasamudram	7 miles from Kannepalle; 18 miles from Rayadrug Railway Station; 18 miles from Kalyandrug; and 63 miles from Dharmavaram	Savaramma Aradhana	From Chaitra Suddha Padyami (March-April) 3 days	Local, religious
32	Vepalaparthi	On Rayadrug-Bellary road; 9 miles from Rayadrug Railway Station; and 30 miles from Kalyandrug	Ranganathaswamy car festival	Chaitram (March-April) 8 days	Local, religious
36	Eradikera	6 miles from Bellary-Bhyravani-thippa bus route; 15 miles from Rayadrug Railway Station; 16 miles from Kalyandrug; and 50 miles from Dharmavaram	Thippaswamy car festival	Chaitra Purnima (March-April) 1 day	Local, religious, in memory of the Saint

FESTIVALS

Name and description of the deity connected with the fair or festival (7)	Estimated congregation—Local or otherwise—Do all communities participate? (8)	Any handicrafts or artistic works, brought to the fair or festival for sale deserving a mention (9)	Facilities for visitors, if any and other special features (10)	L. C. No. (1)
TALUK— <i>contd.</i>				
Chowdeswaridevi, stone image in padmasana (sitting posture) with four hands, holding sword, trisulam and damarukam	6,000; local and from Chittoor District and Mysore State; Hindus especially Thogatas (Weavers)	Fruits, sweetmeats, pictures, earthen and wooden toys, glassware, bangles and aluminium utensils	Mostly confined to Thogatas, Devangas and Padma-sales	17
Venugopalaswamy, image in human form with flute in hand, making the cows feel pleasant	Local congregation; all communities	...	Malleswaraswamy Jyothi mahotsavam is also celebrated in this village on Pushya Bahula Ashtami (January–February); fuller details of the festival are, however, not available	
Maremma	Local congregation; all communities	...	The following festivals are also celebrated in this village. Fuller details of the festivals are, however, not available; Srirama Navami on Chaitra Suddha Navami (March–April), Eswara festival on Magha Bahula Triodasi (February–March), and Chowdamma festival on Magha Suddha Chaturdasi (January–February)	19
Tatacharyulu, image in human form	Local congregation; all communities	...	Dandu Maremma Parusha is celebrated on the next day of Ugadi festival i. e. on Chaitra Suddha Vidiya and in this connection a fair is held selling bangles and etables	20(d)
Ramalingeswaraswamy, stone Sivalingam	Local and from the neighbouring villages; all communities	...	The following festivals are also held in this village. Fuller details are, however, not available. Sri Anjaneyaswamy festival is celebrated on the third Saturday in Kartikam (November–December); Avula Pabbamu is celebrated on the fourth Monday in Kartikam (November–December) and Kamadahanothsavam on Phalguna Purnima (February–March)	21
Pattabhiramaswamy stone image in human form	10,000; local and from the neighbouring villages; all communities	A fair is held with few shops	Free feeding is arranged Akkammagari Parusha is celebrated on Chaitra Suddha Vidiya (March–April). Fuller details are not available.	1
Dona Timmappa, a stone image	Local congregation; Hindus	...	...	24 (a)
Kuvvadamma, an earthen image coloured	Local and from the neighbouring villages; Hindus	...	...	25 (c)
Savaramma, wooden image in human form	Local and from the nearby villages; all communities	...	...	30
Ranganathaswamy, stone image	Local and from the neighbouring villages; all communities	...	Free feeding is arranged only to Brahmins. A cattle fair is held	32
Thippaswamy, a Saint	Local and from the neighbouring villages; Hindus	A small fair with few shops	...	36

FAIRS AND

L. C. No.	Name of Village/Town	Distance from nearest Railway Station/City or Town	Name of fair or festival	Period when the fair or festival is held and duration	Significance and occasion for the fair or festival—local, religious or special significance
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)
2 KALYANDRUG					
37	Santi Kondapuram	8 miles from Kalyandrug and 43 miles from Dharmavaram	Chanamalleswaraswamy festival	Kartikam (October–November) 3 days	Local, religious
38 (a)	Chennampalle h/o Yatakal	24 miles from Kalyandrug and 26 miles from Nagasamudram Railway Station on Guntakal–Bangalore Metre Gauge section of the Southern Railway	Akkamamba festival (Parusha)	Vaisakham (April – May) 2 days	Local, religious
41	Settur	6 miles from Kalyandrug–Kum-durpi bus route; 11 miles from Kalyandrug; 20 miles from Rayad-rug; and 45 miles from Dharmavaram	Maremma Jatara	On the third Tuesday in Sravanam (July – August) 1 day	Local, religious
45 (f)	Anepalle h/o Mulakaledu	21 miles from Kalyandrug and 47 miles from Rayadrug Railway Station on Bellary–Rayadrug Metre Gauge section of the Southern Railway	Poleramma Jatara	Once in 10 years on Phal-guna Suddha Chavithi (February–March) 7 days	Local, religious
45 (g)	Kanukur h/o Mulakaledu	21 miles from Kalyandrug and 47 miles from Rayadrug Railway Station	Chowdeswari festival	Once in 5 or 7 years in the dark fortnight of Magham (February–March) 5 days	Local, religious
46	Malayanur	2 miles from Chitaldrug Pava-gada bus route; 5 miles from Kumdurpi; 26 miles from Kalyan-drug and 34 miles from Rayad-rug Railway Station	Gudibanda Anjaneya-swamy festival	From the first Saturday in Phalgunam (February–March) 3 days	Local, religious
48	Jarubugumpala	3 miles from Kumdurpi; 25 miles from Kalyandrug; and 50 miles from Rayadrug Railway Station	Matchandramayya festival	On Margasira Bahula Padyami, Vidiya and Tadiya (December–January) 3 days	Local, religious
49	Bestharapalle	5 miles from Kumdurpi and Hosakota; 22 miles from Kalyan-drug; and 37 miles from Rayad-rug Railway Station	Bommadevara and Avuladevara festivals	From Asviyuja Bahula Dasami to Amavasya (October–November) 6 days	Local, religious
50	Kumdurpi	20 miles from Kalyandrug; 40 miles from Rayadrug Railway Station; and 55 miles from Dharmavaram	(1) Venkata Ramana-swamy car festival (2) Kumdurpemma Jatara	From Magha Purnima to Bahula Shasti (February–March) 7 days Generally after Ugadi i.e. Chaitra Suddha Padyami (March–April) 3 days	Local, religious Local, religious
52	Apilepalle	By the side of Kalyandrug–Kum-durpi bus route and 38 miles from Rayadrug Railway Station	Anjaneyaswamy car festival	Magham (January–February) 5 days	Local, religious
53 (a)	Tenanagallu h/o Kariganipalle	15 miles from Kalyandrug; 35 miles from Rayadrug Railway Station; and 36 miles from Anantapur Railway Station	Mylareswaraswamy Aradhana	From Magha Bahula Panchami to Dwadasi (February–March) 8 days	Widely known
56 (c)	Marimakulapalle h/o Mulakanur	3 miles from Bellary–Tumkur Road; 10 miles to the South of Kalyandrug; and 32 miles from Rayadrug Railway Station	Kollapuramma festival	Asviyujam (September–October) 3 days	Local, religious

FESTIVALS

Name and description of the deity connected with the fair or festival (7)	Estimated congregation—Local or otherwise—Do all communities participate? (8)	Any handicrafts or artistic works, brought to the fair or festival for sale deserving a mention (9)	Facilities for visitors, if any, and other special features (10)	L. C. No. (1)
TALUK— <i>contd.</i>				
Chanamalleswaraswamy	Local congregation; all communities	...	...	37
Akkamamba, earthen pots (Mattigarigelu)	5,000; local and from the neighbouring villages; all communities	Sweets, utensils, lanterns, mill cloth, wooden and plastic toys etc.	There is a choultry; Free feeding is arranged for 2 days	38 (a)
Maremma, stone image in female form	Local congregation; all communities	...	...	41
Poleramma, image	10,000; local and from the neighbouring villages; Hindus	Sweetmeats, mats, fans, baskets, wooden toys, utensils, lanterns, pictures, photos and mill cloth	There are two choultries. Free feeding is arranged for 1 day. Dramas, bhajans, harikathas and kolatams afford entertainment to the visitors	45 (f)
Chowdeswari, stone image in the form of Sakthi	Local congregation; all communities	...	Free feeding is arranged for 5 days	45 (g)
Anjaneyaswamy, stone image in the form of Hanuman	1,000-1,500; local and from neighbouring districts; Hindus	A fair is held with a few shops	...	46
Matchandramayya, image in human form	1,000; local congregation; confined to Valmiki	A few shops selling sweetmeats, etc.	The festival is celebrated in Kolimipalyam h/o Jambagumpala where the temple is situated	48
Bommadevara, viz, Erannaswamy; Yellamma wearing jewels	Local congregation; Hindus	...	...	49
Venkataramanaswamy, image as in Tirupati	Local and from the neighbouring villages; Hindus	...	...	50
Kumdurpamma, stone image in female form	Local and from the neighbouring villages; all communities	...	...	...
Anjaneyaswamy	5,000; local and from the neighbouring villages; Hindus	...	...	52
Mylareswaraswamy, stone image with a covering made of silver and brass	10,000; local and from other places in Anantapur district and Mysore State; all communities	Utensils, lanterns, pictures of God and national leaders, agricultural implements, etc.	Free feeding is arranged, Sanimahatmuni Aradhana, 53(a) Beerappa Aradhana and Kollapuramma Aradhana are also celebrated in the village. Fuller details are, however, not available	53(a)
Kollapuramma, wooden image with 4 hands in awe-inspiring posture	Local congregation; Hindus	...	...	56(e)

FAIRS AND

L. C. No.	Name of Village/Town	Distance from nearest Railway Station/City or Town	Name of fair or festival	Period when the fair or festival is held and duration	Significance and occasion for the fair or festival—local, religious or special significance
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)
2 KALYANDRUG					
60 (d)	Kothur h/o Garudupuram	3 miles from Kalyandrug and 23 miles from Rayadrug Railway Station	Junjappa festival	Kartikam (October - November) 3 days	Local, religious
65	Pallur	4 miles from Kalyandrug-Dharmavaram bus route; 14 miles from Kalyandrug; and 36 miles from Dharmavaram Railway Station	Anjaneyaswamy festival	Magha Suddha Panchami to Saptami (January-February) 3 days	Local, religious
65 (d)	Gollapalle h/o Pallur	4 miles from Hindupur-Kalyandrug road	Chittayya and Bommayya Devaras festival	On Kartika Bahula Chaturdasi (November-December) 1 day	Local, religious
65 (e)	Ayparasapalle h/o Pallur	6 miles from Hindupur-Kalyandrug road	Pathappa festival	On Vaisakha Suddha Shashti (April-May) 1 day	Local, religious
67	Nuthimadugu	On the bank of river Pinakini, 16 miles to the East of Kalyandrug and 32 miles from Dharmavaram Railway Station	Sri Rama festival locally called as Kartikamasapu Panduga	Kartika Suddha Padyami to Bahula Amavasya (October-November) 30 days	Local, religious
69	Gulyam	3 miles from Kalyandrug-Nuthimadugu road; 15 miles from Kalyandrug; 30 miles from Anantapur Railway Station; and 35 miles from Dharmavaram	Subrahmanyaswamy festival	From Pushya Suddha Shashti to Ashtami (December-January) 3 days	Local, religious
72	Kambadur	One furlong from the 77th mile stone on Bellary-Tumkur Highway; 18 miles from Kalyandrug; 30 miles from Nagasamudram Railway Station on Guntakal-Bangalore Metre Gauge section of the Southern Railway; 40 miles from Rayadrug Railway Station on Bellary-Rayadrug Metre Gauge section of the Southern Railway; and 42 miles from Dharmavaram	Malleswaraswamy Rathotsavam	From Chaitra Purnima (March-April) 3 days	Local, religious
3 RAYADRUG					
2	Hirehal Siddapuram	3 miles from Dandina Hirehal; 14 miles from Bellary; 20 miles from Rayadrug and Somalapuram Railway Stations, both of them being situated on the Bellary-Rayadrug Metre Gauge section of the Southern Railway	(1) Worship of Gavi Siddheswara	Mondays and Tuesdays	Local, religious
			(2) Male Mallikarjunaswamy car festival	Chaitra Sudha Padyami (March-April) 1 day	Local, religious
5	Dandina Hirehal	On Bellary-Bangalore road at a distance of 2 miles from Oblapuram Railway Station on Bellary-Rayadrug Metre Gauge section of the Southern Railway; 12 miles South-West of Bellary; and 22 miles from Rayadrug	(1) Neelakantheswara car festival	Fullmoon day in Margasiram (November - December) 1 day	Local, religious
			(2) Sri Rama car festival	Fullmoon day in Chaitram (March-April) 1 day	Local, religious

FESTIVALS

Name and description of the deity connected with the fair or festival	Estimated congregation- Local or otherwise- Do all communities participate?	Any handicrafts or artistic works, brought to the fair or festival for sale deserving a mention	Facilities for visitors, if any and other special features	L. C. No.
(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(1)
TALUK—concl'd.				
Junjappa	3,000; local and from the neighbouring villages; Hindus	...	...	60 (d)
Anjaneyaswamy, image in the form of Hanuman	600; local and from the neighbouring villages; all communities	Utensils, lanterns, mats, pictures of Gods, bells for bulls, rubber toys, ribbons etc.	Free feeding is arranged. Dramas and Purana kalakshepams afford entertainment to the visitors	65
Chittayya, image in human form	Local congregation; confined to Yadavas	...	Avula Parusha is celebrated on Asviyuja Bahula Chathurdasi (October–November)	65 (d)
Pathappa, a lingam	Local congregation; Hindus	...	...	65 (e)
A picture of Sri Rama, and Anjaneya, an image made of bronze in Hanuman form	Local congregation; all communities	A fair is held in Thippellic area, a hamlet of Nuthimadugu for one day. The congregation will be about 5,000	Maremma Jatara on Chaitra Suddha Padyami (March–April) and Srirama Navami on Chaitra Suddha Navami are also celebrated	67
Subrahmanyaswamy, stone image; procession image is in the form of hood of serpent made of silver	Local congregation; all communities	...	...	69
Malleswaraswamy, in the form of a Sivalingam	4,000; local and from the neighbouring villages; all communities	Utensils, toys, sweetmeats, lanterns, and pictures	...	72
TALUK				
Gavi Siddheswara, a stone	Scores of people from neighbouring villages; Hindus	...	The temple is 3 miles from the village amidst thick forest on a hillock	2
Mallikarjunaswamy, Sivalingam	2,000; from nearby villages; Hindus	...		
Neelakantheswara, Siva lingam	Local congregation; Hindus	...	Sivalingarudhaswamy death anniversary is celebrated for seven days from Kartika Bahula Padyami (October–November); Moharram is celebrated by all communities	5
Sri Rama, stone image	Local congregation; Hindus	...		

FAIRS AND

L. C. No.	Name of Village/Town	Distance from nearest Railway Station/City or Town	Name of fair or festival	Period when the fair or festival is held and duration	Significance and occasion for the fair or festival—local, religious or special significance
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)
3 RAYADRUG					
17	Bolianaguddam	6 miles from Kalyandrug-Bellary road	Thimmappaswamy festival	3rd Saturday in Sravanam (July-August) 3 days	Local, religious
17 (a)	Kalluhola h/o Bolianaguddam	6 miles from Kalyandrug-Bellary road	Shabadivanu Urs	Vaisakha Bahula Tadiya (May-June) 3 days	Local, religious
22	Honnuru	On the Eastern side of the Hagari about six miles South-East of its junction with the Chinna Hagari; 6 miles from Bellary-Kanekal road; 20 miles from Bellary Railway Station and 22 miles from Rayadrug	Honnurswamy Urs	Kartika Bahula Vidiya (November-December) 4 days	Local, religious
24	Singanahalle	Half a mile to the West of Hagari River; 4 miles and 5 furlongs from 17/3 miles on Bellary-Kalyandrug road; 15 miles from Somalapuram; and 26 miles from Rayadrug	Sangameswaraswamy car festival	Fullmoon day in Chaitram (March-April) 3 days	Local, religious
26	Uddihal	7 miles from Pulakurthi Railway Station; 15 miles from Bellary; and 27 miles from Rayadrug	Narasimhaswamy propitiation	First Saturday in Phalgunam (February-March) 1 day	Local, religious
31 (a)	Godisalapalle h/o Kudlur	5 miles from Rayadrug-Bellary bus route; 7 miles from Badanahalu Railway Station; 18 miles from Rayadrug; and 80 miles from Dharmavaram	Kodandaramaswamy festival	Chaitra Suddha Navami (March-April) 3 days	Local, religious
32	Kadalur	Kadalur is on the bank of Chinna Hagari 4 furlongs from Bellary-Rayadrug road; 1 1/2 miles from Badanahalu Railway Station; and 10 miles from Rayadrug	Maremma Jatara	1st Tuesday in Bhadrabadam (August-September) 1 day	Local, religious
33 (a)	Kalyam h/o Hulikal	2 1/2 miles from Badanahalu Railway Station; 7 miles from Rayadrug; and 80 miles from Dharmavaram	Maremma Jatara	Bhadrabadam (August-September) 1 day	Local, religious
34(a)	Muradi Hanumapuram h/o Muradi	4 1/2 miles from Bellary-Rayadrug bus route; 6 miles from Badanahalu Railway Station; 13 miles from Rayadrug; and 82 miles from Dharmavaram	Honnurswamy Urs	From Chaitra Purnima (April-May) 4 days	Local, religious
35	Dodaghatta	2 1/2 miles from Bellary-Rayadrug bus route; 3 miles from Badanahalu Railway Station; and 13 miles from Rayadrug	Chikkannayya Aradhana	Phalguna Suddha Triodasi (February-March) 3 days	Local, religious
36	Ganigera	1 mile from Bellary-Kanekal road and 24 miles from Rayadrug	Panduranga festival	Magha Suddha Ekadasi (January-February) 2 days	Local, religious
36(a)	Jakkalavadiki h/o Ganigera	1 mile from Yerragunta on Bellary-Kanekal road and 24 miles from Rayadrug	Honnurswamy Urs	Magha Suddha Dasami (January-February) 3 days	Local, religious

FESTIVALS

Name and description of the deity connected with the fair or festival	Estimated congregation—Local or otherwise—Do all communities participate?	Any handicrafts or artistic works, brought to the fair or festival for sale deserving a mention	Facilities for visitors, if any, and other special features	L. C. No.
(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(1)
TALUK— <i>contd.</i>				
Thimmappaswamy, image in human form	Local congregation; all communities	...	...	17
Shabadivanu, a tomb in a darga	Local congregation; all communities	...	The fakirs are fed free	17 (a)
Honnurswamy, tomb	Local congregation; all communities	...	...	22
Sangameswaraswamy, a stone Sivalingam	Local and from the neighbouring villages; all communities	...	...	24
Narasimhaswamy	Local and from 4 or 5 neighbouring villages; Hindus	...	The temple is situated 2 miles from this village in Upparabai, a hamlet of Sridharaghatta. The Lord is propitiated at the Hagari River (Vedavati) near Uddihal	26
Kodanda Ramaswamy, image in human form	Local congregation; Hindus	...	...	31(a)
Maremma	Local congregation; all communities	...	Peerla Panduga is also celebrated. Fuller details are not available	32
Maremma, image in female form with a crown and 4 hands holding trident in one of her hands and lion as her vahanam	Local congregation; all communities	...	Peerla Panduga is also celebrated in this village in addition to Sivarathri on Magha Bahula Chaturdasi (February–March). Fuller details are not available	33(a)
Honnurswamy, a tomb like construction	Local congregation; all communities	...	...	34(a)
Chikkanna, a stone statue	Local congregation; all communities	...	...	35
Pandurangadu, image in human form	Local congregation; all communities	...	Peerla Panduga and Eswara festival are also celebrated. Fuller details are not available	36
Honnurswamy, a tomb	Local religious; all communities	...	...	36(a)

FAIRS AND

L. C. No.	Name of Village/Town	Distance from nearest Railway Station/City or Town	Name of fair or festival	Period when the fair or festival is held and duration	Significance and occasion for the fair or festival—local, religious or special significance
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)
3 RAYADRUG					
37	Yerragunta	1 mile from Bellary-Kalyandrug road; 8 miles from Kanekal on Kanekal-Bellary road; and 23 miles from Rayadrug	Yannle Rangappa festival	From Sri Rama Navami i.e., Chaitra Suddha Navami (March-April) 3 days	Local, religious
43	Udegolam	On Rayadrug-Kalyandrug road and 1 1/2 miles from Rayadrug Railway Station	Maddanaswamy car festival	New moon day in Magham (February-March) 8 days	Widely known, religious
47	Rakatla	On Bellary-Kalyandrug road, 30 miles from Guntakal; 36 miles from Rayadrug; and 60 miles from Dharmavaram	Sunkulamba Rathotsavam	Chaitra Purnima (March-April) 1 day	Local, religious
50	Ramapuram	On Bellary-Uravakonda - Kalyandrug road; 35 miles from Guntakal Railway Station; and 36 miles from Rayadrug Railway Station	Yeriswamy Rathotsavam	Phalguna Bahula Tadiya (March-April) 3 days	Local, religious
54	Kanekal	Beside the Hagari; 18 miles from Rayadrug Town and Railway Station; and 78 miles from Dharmavaram	Chikkanneswara festival	Chaitra Purnima (April-May) 8 days	Widely known, religious
57	Gramadatla	2 miles from Rayadrug-Kanekal bus route; 8 miles from Badanahalu Railway Station; and 10 miles from Rayadrug	Maremma Jatara	First Tuesday in the bright fortnight of Bhadrpadam (August-September) 1 day	Local, religious
58	Bondanakal	On Rayadrug - Kanekal road and 6 miles from Rayadrug Railway Station	Maremma Jatara	First Tuesday in the bright fortnight of Bhadrpadam (August-September) 1 day	Local, religious
59	Chadam	1 mile from Rayadrug - Bellary bus route and 5 miles from Badanahalu Railway Station	Gattu Mallayya Aradhana	Magha Bahula Triodasi (February-March) 2 days	Local, religious
61	Mechiri	3 1/2 miles from Bellary-Rayadrug road; 7 miles from Badanahalu Railway Station; and 8 miles from Rayadrug	(1) Sivarathri (2) Dasara	Magha Bahula Chathurdasi (February-March) 7 days Asviyuja Suddha Padyami to Dasami (September-October) 10 days	Local, religious Local, religious
I	Rayadrug	Taluk headquarters, and the last Railway Station on the Bellary-Rayadrug Metre Gauge section of the Southern Railway. It is 21 miles from Kalyandrug; 34 miles from Bellary; and 50 miles from Hospet all the places being connected by bus	(1) Siddheswara Rathotsavam (2) Venkataramanaswamy Rathotsavam (3) Jambukeswara Rathotsavam (4) Srirama Navami	Chaitra Suddha Tadiya (March-April) 3 days Vaisakha Bahula Panchami (May-June) 8 days Chaitra Suddha Padyami (March-April) 1 day Chaitra Suddha Navami (March-April) 1 day	Local, religious Local, religious Local, religious

FESTIVALS

Name and description of the deity connected with the fair or festival (7)	Estimated congregation—Local or otherwise—Do all communities participate? (8)	Any handicrafts or artistic works, brought to the fair or festival for sale deserving a mention (9)	Facilities for visitors, if any, and other special features (10)	L. C. No. (1)
TALUK—contd.				
Yannle Rangappa, a tomb of the sage	Local congregation; all communities	...	Peerla Panduga is also celebrated. Fuller details are not available	37
Maddanaswamy, Samadhi (a tomb and also an image)	Local and from distant places; Hindus	Metalware, earthenware and eatables	...	43
Sunkulamba	Local congregation; all communities	...	...	47
Yeriswamy, an image on the tomb	Local and from the neighbouring villages; Hindus	..	Rooms near the temple provided with water facilities are available. Siddharudhaswamy festival is also celebrated on Kartika Bahuja Tadiya (November–December). Fuller details are not available	50
Chikkanneswara, stone Sivalingam	Local and from the other places of the taluk; all communities	Utensils, lanterns, mirrors, ayurvedic drugs, pictures, clothes earthen pots, toys etc.	Magic, circus, dramas, gambling, swings and whirling wheels afford entertainment	54
Maremma, stone image	Local congregation; all communities	...	Peerla Panduga; Karupurnama on fullmoon day in Jaistham (May–June) etc. are the other festivals held at the place. Fuller details are not available	57
Maremma, silver image in female form	Local congregation; all communities	...	...	58
Gattu Mallayya, Sivalingam	Local and from the neighbouring villages; Hindus	...	...	59
Eswara, a stone Sivalingam	Local and from the neighbouring villages; all communities	...	...	61
Sriramulu, tomb of a Saint	Local and from the neighbouring villages; all communities	...		
Siddheswara, a Sivalingam	Local congregation; Hindus	...	There is the Balappa Choultry. Hotels are available. Cinemas, dramas and merry-go-rounds afford entertainment	I
Venkatramanaswamy, black stone image	4,000 to 5,000; local and from surrounding villages; Hindus	...		
Jambukeswara Sykatha Swayambhu Sivalingam	Local congregation; Hindus	...		
Pattabhiramaswamy, images of Rama, Lakshmana, Bharatha, Sathrugna and Sita	Local congregation; Hindus	...		

FAIRS AND

L. C. No.	Name of Village/Town	Distance from nearest Railway Station/City or Town	Name of fair or festival	Period when the fair or festival is held and duration	Significance and occasion for the fair or festival—local, religious or special significance
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)
3 RAYADRUG					
I	Rayadrug—concl'd.		(5) Pattanada Ellamma Jatara	Bhadrpadam (August–September) 1 day	Local, religious
68 (a)	Kasipurum h/o Veparalla	6 furlongs from Rayadrug–Anantapur bus route and 14 miles from Rayadrug Railway Station	Maremma Jatara	Chaitra Suddha Chavithi (March–April) 3 days	Local, religious
68 (b)	Kenchanapalle h/o Veparalla	2 miles from Rayadrug–Anantapur bus route and 14 miles from Rayadrug Railway Station	Veerabhadraswamy festival	Phalguna Suddha Dasami (February–March) 6 days	Local, religious
79	Pulakunta	6 miles from Rayadrug on Rayadrug–Bhyravanithippa Project road and 67 miles from Dharmavaram	(1) Anjaneyaswamy Rathothsavam	Margasira Suddha Panchami (November–December) 2 days	Local, religious
			(2) Kolhapuramma Jatara	Asviyuja Suddha Dasami (September–October) 1 day	Local, religious
			(3) Durgamma Jatara	Asviyuja Suddha Dasami (September–October) 1 day	Local, religious
81 (a)	Gonabhavi h/o Gummaghatta	7 1/2 miles from Rayadrug on Rayadrug–Bhyravanithippa Project road	Anjaneyaswamy festival	Margasira Suddha Panchami (November–December) 3 days	Local, religious
82	Tallakera	3 miles from Bhyravanithippa Project; 10 miles from Rayadrug (5 miles by cart track and 5 miles by road); and 70 miles from Dharmavaram	Veerabhadraswamy car festival	Margasira Purnima (November–December) 3 days	Local, religious
4 URAVAKONDA					
3	Gadekal	On Bellary Guntakal road; 4 miles from Baijvanhal and Bantanahal Railway Stations on Hubli–Vijayawada Metre Gauge section of the Southern Railway; and 15 miles from Uravakonda	Vemulawada Bheemalingeswaraswamy Rathothsavam	From Ashada Purnima to Bahula Panchami (July–August) 6 days	Local, religious
5	Poliki	3 1/2 miles from 210/4 mile stone at Hanchanahal on Guntakal–Bellary bus route; 6 miles from Bantanahal Railway Station; and 10 miles from Uravakonda	Sitaramaswamy Rathothsavam	From Chaitra Suddha Navami (March–April) 3 days	Local, religious
10	Velpumadugu	One mile from Vidupanakal on Uravakonda–Bellary road and 8 miles from Virapuram Railway Station on Hubli–Vijayawada Metre Gauge section of the Southern Railway	(1) Narayana Reddy Aradhana	From Chaitra Amavasya (April–May) 3 days	Local, in memory of Narayana Reddy
			(2) Srirama Navami	On Chaitra Suddha Navami (March–April) 1 day	Local, religious

FESTIVALS

Name and description of the deity connected with the fair or festival	Estimated congregation—Local or otherwise—Do all communities participate?	Any handicrafts or artistic works, brought to the fair or festival for sale deserving a mention	Facilities for visitors, if any, and other special features	L. C. No.
(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(1)
TALUK—concl'd.				
Ellamma	Local congregation; Hindus	...	...	I
Maremma, image in the form of Sakthi	Local congregation; Hindus	...	...	68 (a)
Veerabhadraswamy, a picture of the sage	Local and from neighbouring places; Hindus	...	...	68 (b)
Anjaneyaswamy, Hanuman	Local and from neighbouring villages; Hindus	...	...	79
Kolhapuramma, image in human form 4 feet high made of wood	Local and from neighbouring villages; Hindus	...		
Durga Devi, image in human form 4 feet high made of wood	Local and from the neighbouring villages; Harijans	...		
Anjaneyaswamy, Hanuman	Local and from neighbouring villages; all communities	Eatables, utensils, lanterns, pictures, photos, clothes, and toys	Free feeding is arranged for one day. Magic, lotteries and dramas afford entertainment	81 (a)
Veerabhadraswamy, image in human form	Local and from the neighbouring villages; all communities	...	...	82
INDEPENDENT SUB-TALUK				
Vemulawada Bhimakavi or Bheemalingeswara swamy, a tomb of the sage in a mutt	5,000; local and from neighbouring villages; all communities	...	There is a choultry	3
Sitaramaswamy, stone images of Sita, Rama, and Lakshmana in human form	Local congregation; Hindus	...	...	5
Narayana Reddy, a tomb in the Ashramam	Local and nearby villages; all communities	...	There are choultries. Free feeding is arranged for 3 days	10
Sri Rama, with images of Sita, Lakshmana and Anjaneya	Local congregation; all communities	...		

FAIRS AND

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(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)
4 URAVAKONDA					
12	Vidupanakal	By the side of Bangalore-Bellary road; 6 miles from Virapuram Railway Station; 10 miles from Uravakonda; and 35 miles from Gooty	Gowri Devi festival	From Kartika Purnima to Bahula Tadiya (November-December) 4 days	Local, religious
13	Havaligi	On Uravakonda-Bellary bus route; 12 miles from Uravakonda; 12 miles from Virapuram Railway Station; and 22 miles from Bellary	Jambulingeswara Rathothsavam	From Chaitra Purnima (April-May) 7 days	Local, religious
14	Karakamukkala	Beside Anantapur-Bellary bus route; 12 miles from Virapuram Railway Station on Hubli-Vijayawada Metre Gauge section of the Southern Railway	Venkateswaraswamy Rathothsavam	From Chaitra Suddha Navami to Ekadasi (March-April) 3 days	Local, religious
15	Palthur	Beside Uravakonda-Bellary famine road; 18 miles from Virapuram Railway Station; 32 miles from Bellary; and 40 miles from Anantapur	Veerabhadraswamy car festival	On Sravana Suddha Shasti and Saptami (July-August) 2 days	Local, religious
17	Veligonda	1 mile from Anantapur-Bellary bus route; 3 miles from Uravakonda; 4 miles from Dharmapuri; 5 miles from Gade Chinna Hothur; and 20 miles from Guntakal Railway Station	Siddhappa festival	From Magha Bahula Padyami to Tadiya (February-March) 3 days	Local, in memory of Siddhappa, a great Saint
18	Budagavi	At the foot of a hillock, 4 furlongs from the Bombay-Madras trunk road; 3 miles from Uravakonda and 22 miles from Guntakal Railway Station	Hanumantharayuni festival (Srirama-Navami)	From Chaitra Suddha Navami to Ekadasi (March-April) 3 days	Local, religious
19	Undabanda	Beside Palthur Guntakal bus route; 4 miles from Uravakonda; and 24 miles from Guntakal Railway Station	(1) Veerabhadra swamy festival (2) Hazarath Dada Saheb Urs	Sravana Suddha Shasti (July-August) 2 or 3 days January 3 days	Local, religious Local, in memory of the Saint
21	Rayampalle	5 miles from Uravakonda and 26 miles from Guntakal Railway Station	Parvatbappaswamy festival	From fullmoon day in Chaitram (March-April) 3 days	Local, religious
23	Nimbagallu	5 miles from Uravakonda and 27 miles from Guntakal Railway Station	Siddappaswamy Aradhana	From Phalguna Suddha Panchami (February-March) 3 days	Local, in memory of Siddappa
26	Amidala	On Bellary Kalyandrug bus route; 8 miles from Uravakonda; 22 miles from Gulapalyam Railway Station; and 30 miles from Guntakal Railway Station	Lakshminarasimhaswamy festival (Uila Parusha)	Sravana Bahula Panchami (August-September) 3 days	Local, religious
27	Pennahobilam	4 furlongs from Anantapur-Bellary bus route between Uravakonda and Anantapur; and distant about two miles from the left bank of the Pennar; 8 miles from Uravakonda; and 22 miles from Gulapalyam Railway Station	Narasimhaswamy Rathothsavam	Vaisakha Suddha Triodasi (April-May) 10 days	Widely known, religious

FESTIVALS

Name and description of the deity connected with the fair or festival	Estimated congregation—Local or otherwise—Do all communities participate?	Any handicrafts or artistic works, brought to the fair or festival for sale deserving a mention	Facilities for visitors, if any, and other special features	L. C. No.
(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)
INDEPENDENT SUB-TALUK— <i>contd.</i>				
Gowridevi, the head of the deity is prepared with the flour of Bengalgram	6,000 to 7,000; local and from neighbouring places; all communities	Sweetmeats, bangles, utensils, lanterns, torch-lights, pictures, photos of Gods and National leaders, toys made of mud, rubber, plastic etc.	Free feeding is arranged for one day. Magic, kolatams, whirling-wheel, gambling, lotteries, and music concerts, dramas afford entertainment	12
Jambulingeswaraswamy, in the form of Sivalingam	5,000; local and from the neighbouring villages; all communities	Utensils, lanterns, bangles, mirrors, combs, torchlights, pictures and photos	There are two choultries and free feeding is arranged. Games, harikathas and dramas afford entertainment to the visitors	13
Venkateswaraswamy, stone image in human form	Local congregation; all communities	...	Sarpayagam is celebrated on Sravana Suddha Panchami	14
Veerabhadraswamy, image in human form	Local and from neighbouring villages; Hindus	...	...	15
Siddhappa image 6' high and 3' broad made of five metals, decorated with a turban and ochre coloured cloth	Local and nearly 400 from the neighbouring villages; all communities	A few shops selling bangles etc.	Poor feeding is arranged in the choultry for one day. Visitors are entertained by a drama on the second day of the festival	17
Sri Rama, brass images of Sri Rama with Lakshmana, Sita and Hanuman in Hanuman temple	Local and from the two or three neighbouring villages; all communities	...	...	18
Veerabhadraswamy, stone image in human form	Local and from the neighbouring villages; all communities	...	...	19
Hazarath Dada Saheb	1,000; local and from the neighbouring villages; all communities	Sweetmeats, utensils, glass ware, mirrors and combs	Fakirs are fed free	
Parvathappaswamy, black stone, Sivalingam	2,000; local and from the neighbouring villages; Hindus	...	...	21
Siddappaswamy, a photo of the Saint in the mutt	Local and from the neighbouring villages; all communities	...	Free feeding is arranged	23
Lakshminarasimhaswamy	Local congregation; all communities	...	Free feeding is arranged	26
Narasimhaswamy, no image but his foot prints are worshipped	20,000; local and from very distant places; all communities	Utensils, lanterns, glassware, pictures, photos, readymade clothes, agricultural implements, earthen and wooden toys	Free feeding for 3 days by the temple authorities is arranged. A few devotees also feed the poor	27

FAIRS AND

L. C. No.	Name of Village/Town	Distance from nearest Railway Station/City or Town	Name of fair or festival	Period when the fair or festival is held and duration	Significance and occasion for the fair or festival—local, religious or special significance
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)
4 URAVAKONDA					
32	Lathavaram	2 miles from Uravakonda and 22 miles from Guntakal Railway Station	Jagadguru Shankara Jayanti	From Vaisakha Suddha Panchami to Dasami (April-May) 6 days	Local, religious
I	Uravakonda	14 miles from Gulapalyam Railway Station; 15 miles from Gooty; and 18 miles from Guntakal Railway Station. There are communication facilities to Bellary, Anantapur, Kalyandrug and other towns all round	Karibasavaswamy car festival	From Phalguna Suddha Panchami to Dwadasi (February-March) 8 days	Widely known, religious
36	Rampuram	3 1/2 miles from Uravakonda-Anantapur bus route; 13 miles from Uravakonda; and 15 miles from Pamidi Railway Station	Ramalingaswamy car festival	From Magha Bahula Triodasi to Amavasya (February-March) 3 days	Local, religious
45	Vajrakarur	5 miles from Gulapalyam Railway Station; 6 miles from Venkatampalle Railway Station; 10 miles from Uravakonda and Guntakal; and 28 miles from Gooty	Venkateswaraswamy car festival	From Chaitra Bahula Padyami to Panchami (April-May) 5 days	Local, religious
46	Kamalapadu	2 miles from Gulapalyam Railway Station on Bangalore-Guntakal Metre Gauge section of the Southern Railway	(1) Beerappa festival	On Chaitra Suddha Padyami (March-April) 1 day	Widely known, religious
			(2) Sai Baba festival	On Asviniyuja Sudda Dasami (September-October) 1 day	Local, in memory of Sai Baba
47	Gulapalyam	4 furlongs from Uravakonda-Guntakal road; 1 1/2 miles from Gulapalyam Railway Station; 5 miles from Guntakal; and 15 miles from Uravakonda	Dharmapuram Anjaneyaswamy car festival	From Chaitra Suddha Navami to Ekadasi (March-April) 3 days	Local, religious
48	Konakondla	2 1/2 miles from Gulapalyam Railway Station; 5 miles from Guntakal; 18 miles from Uravakonda; and 42 miles from Anantapur	(1) Beerappa festival	Chaitra Suddha Padyami (March-April) 1 day	Local, religious
			(2) Hazareth Khader Vali Urs	Margasiram or Pushyam (November-January) 3 days	Local, religious
			(3) Dharmappa Rathotsavam	Chaitra Suddha Saptami to Navami (March-April) 3 days	Local, in memory of Dharmappa
			(4) Sri Krishna Jayanthi locally called Utla-theru	From Sravana Bahula Ash-tami (August-September) 2 days	Local, religious
5 GOOTY					
III	Guntakal	2 miles from Guntakal Railway Station and 18 miles from Gooty Town; Guntakal Railway Station is a junction where trains from Madras, Bombay, Hubli, Vijayawada, Bangalore and Secunderabad meet	Shah Masthan Vali Urs	Ashadha Bahula Navami to Ekadasi (July-August) 3 days	Local, in memory of Shah Masthan Vali

FESTIVALS

Name and description of the deity connected with the fair or festival (7)	Estimated congregation—Local or otherwise—Do all communities participate? (8)	Any handicrafts or artistic works, brought to the fair or festival for sale deserving a mention (9)	Facilities for visitors, if any, and other special features (10)	L. C. No. (1)
INDEPENDENT SUB-TALUK— <i>concl'd.</i>				
Jagadguru Sankaracharya, picture	Local congregation; Hindus	...	Free feeding is arranged to the devotees	32
Karibasavaswamy, a tomb in Gavi Mutt	40 to 50 thousands; local and from the neighbouring districts and also from Mysore and Maharashtra States; Hindus except Brahmins	Sweetmeats, metalware, glass ware, pictures, books, toys, agricultural implements etc.	Pendals are erected. Free feeding is arranged in the mutt. Merry-go-rounds, lotteries, gambling, dramas and musical concerts afford entertainment to the visitors	I
Ramalingaswamy, stone Sivalingam	2,000; local and from the surrounding villages; all communities	...	...	36
Venkateswaraswamy, 4 feet high black stone image in human form	10,000; local and from the neighbouring villages; all communities	Eatables, utensils, glass ware, lanterns, torchlights, bangles, pictures of Gods and National leaders, cotton ropes, toys etc.	Free feeding on the 5th day. Pendals are erected in addition to choultries. Sports, merry-go-rounds gambling and dramas afford entertainment to the visitors	45
Beerappa	Local and from all places of the district; Hindus, particularly Kuruvus	...	...	46
Sri Sai Baba	Local congregation; Hindus	...		
Anjaneyaswamy, stone image in the form of Hanuman	2,000; local and from the neighbouring villages; all communities	Sweetmeats, utensils, cocoanuts, earthen and wooden toys etc.	...	47
Beerappa, wooden image decorated with ornaments in awe-inspiring form	Local and from the neighbouring villages of the district; Hindus, particularly Kuruvus	...	Fire works, dramas, Harikathas, bhajanas, Kolatams afford entertainment to the visitors during the festival days	48
Hazarath Khader Vali, a tomb of the Vali	3,000; local congregation; all communities	...		
Anjaneyaswamy, stone image in Hanuman form	5,000; local and from the neighbouring villages; all communities	Sweetmeats, utensils, books, glassware, photos, clothes, agricultural implements and toys etc.		
Chennakesavaswamy	Local congregation; Hindus	...	Rasasiddhula Jatara and Bagavathamma Jatara are also celebrated in Sravanam and Pushyam respectively. Fuller details are, however, not available	
TALUK				
Shah Masthan Vali, a tomb	15,000; local and from the neighbouring districts; all communities	Toys of different kinds and baskets, utensils, lanterns, torchlights, drugs, pictures, photos, mill cloth, handloom cloth and sweetmeats	...	III

FAIRS AND

L. C. No.	Name of Village/Town	Distance from nearest Railway Station/City or Town	Name of fair or festival	Period when the fair or festival is held and duration	Significance and occasion for the fair or festival—local, religious or special significance
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)
5 GOOTY					
3	Kasapuram	By the side of Guntakal-Kurnool road; 2 1/2 miles to the South of Guntakal Railway Station; and 23 miles from Gooty Town	Nettekanti Anjaneyaswamy Aradhana	Chaitra Suddha Padyami to Tadiya (March-April) 3 days	Widely known, religious
8	Pathakothacheruvu	It is a Railway Station on Madras-Raichur Broad Gauge section of the Southern Railway and 3 miles from Gooty	Mohammad Mushabar Shah Vali Urs	Chaitram or Vaisakham (March-May) 3 days	Local, in memory of Mohammad Mushabar Shah Vali
21	Yerra Thimmaraju Cheruvu	1 1/2 miles from Gooty-Guntakal road, 3 miles from Pathakothacheruvu Railway Station and 6 miles to the North-West of Gooty Town	(1) Venkateswaraswamy festival	On Chaitra Suddha Padyami (March-April) 1 day	Local, religious
			(2) Shah Mohammad Shah Vali Urs	Fullmoon day in Vaisakham (April-May) 2 days	Local, in memory of Shah Mohammad Shah Vali
36	Thondapadu	3 miles from Jakkala Cheruvu Railway Station and 5 miles from Gooty on Gooty-Tadpatri bus route	Bolikonda Rangaswamy festival	Magha Purnima (January-February) 3 days	Local, religious
37 (a)	Esurlapalle h/o Jakkalacheruvu	1 mile from Jakkalacheruvu Railway Station and 8 miles from Gooty	Raghavendraswamy Aradhana	Sravana Bahula Vidiya (August-September) 1 day	Local, in memory of Raghavendraswamy
I	Gooty	2 miles South of the Railway Station of the same name on Madras-Raichur Broad Gauge section of the Southern Railway and 18 miles from Guntakal; connected by bus to several important towns like Kurnool, Anantapur Bellary, Cuddapah etc.	(1) Kalvagadda Anjaneyaswamy Rathothsavam	Chaitra Suddha Padyami to Navami (March-April) 9 days	Local, religious
			(2) Devi Navaratrulu	Asviniyuga Suddha Padyami to Dasami (September-October) 10 days	Local, religious
			(3) Ganapati Uthsavamulu	Bhadrapada Suddha Chavithi (August-September) 1 day	Local, religious
			(4) Srirama Navami	Chaitra Suddha Navami (March-April) 9 days	Local, religious
			(5) Venugopalaswamy Rathothsavam	Sravana Bahula Ashtami (August-September) 1 day	Local, religious
			(6) Sivaratri	Magha Bahula Chathurdasi (February-March) 1 day	Local, religious
			(7) Hazrat Syed Basha Vali Urs	8th day after Milad-un-Nabi 2 days	Local, in memory of Hazrat Syed Basha Vali

FESTIVALS

Name and description of the deity connected with the fair or festival	Estimated congregation—Local or otherwise—Do all communities participate?	Any handicrafts or artistic works, brought to the fair or festival for sale deserving a mention	Facilities for visitors, if any, and other special features	L. C. No.
(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(1)
TALUK— <i>contd.</i>				
Sri Anjaneyaswamy, image in the form of Hanuman chiselled in a stone slab	10,000; local and from very distant places in Andhra, Madras, Mysore, and Maharashtra; all communities	Utensils of all usual metals, earthenware, glassware, fancy goods, books, pictures, domestic bamboo articles and toys	There are choultries and rooms affording shelter for a few pilgrims. There were several shady trees which were giving shelter to the pilgrims. They have been thoughtlessly felled and visitors now suffer in burning Sun. Several patients, mental and hysterical get relief after continuous worship. Visitors experience supernatural happenings	3
Mohammad Mushabar Shah Vali, a tomb of the Saint	3,000; local and from the surrounding villages; all communities	A few shops selling toys and bamboo baskets	...	8
Venkateswaraswamy, stone image	Local congregation; all communities	...	Festivals are also celebrated on Asviyuja Suddha Dasami (September-October) and during Sankranti (13th to 15th January). Teppotsavam is celebrated in Kartikam (October-November)	21
Shah Mohammad Shah Vali, a tomb	Local congregation; all communities	...		
Bolikonda Rangaswamy, stone image in human form in sleeping posture	10,000; local and from the neighbouring villages; all communities	Sweetmeats, utensils, lanterns, torch lights, pictures, clothshops, toys etc.	There are choultries. Free feeding is arranged in the temple. Huge trees afford shade and shelter to the visitors. Merry-go-rounds, lotteries, gambling and dramas afford entertainment to the visitors	36
Raghavendraswamy Brindavan (Jeeva Samadhi)	Local congregation; all communities	...	The Ashramites of Anandashram will look to the facilities of the pilgrims	37 (a)
Kalvagadda Anjaneyaswamy	20,000; local and from the surrounding villages; all communities	Nearly 100 shops are opened. Eatables, toys, mirrors, combs, pictures and photos of Gods etc.	...	1
Kanyakaparameswari, image in female form	Local congregation; Vaisyas	...		
Vinayaka	Local congregation; Hindus	...		
Srirama	Local congregation; Hindus	...		
Venugopalaswamy	Local congregation; Hindus	...		
Sivalingams in Nageswara temple and in Gowthama Ashramam	Local congregation; Hindus	...		
Hazrath Syed Basha Vali, a tomb of the Saint in the darga	20,000; local and from neighbouring villages; all communities	Eatables, toys, mirrors, combs, pictures, and photos of Gods etc.		

FAIRS AND

L. C. No.	Name of Village/Town	Distance from nearest Railway Station/City or Town	Name of fair or festival	Period when the fair or festival is held and duration	Significance and occasion for the fair or festival—local, religious or special significance
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)
5 GOOTY					
41	Ravaludiki	5 miles from Rayalcheruvu Railway Station on Madras-Raichur Broad Gauge section of the Southern Railway	Chennamma Jatara	Chaitram (March-April) 1 day	Local, religious
11	Pamidi	On the bank of the Pennar; 2 miles from Pamidi Railway Station; 12 miles from Gooty on Gooty-Anantapur bus route; and 20 miles from Guntakal	(1) Lakshminarayana festival or Uthamanu Parusha (2) Kanyakaparameswari festival	Ashadha Suddha Ekadasi to Purnima (June-July) 5 days Asvinyujam (September-October) 1 day	Local, religious Local, religious
86	Chitrachedu	Situated in the South-East corner of the taluk at a distance of 9 miles from Pamidi	Hanuman puja	Saturdays	Local, religious
87 (a)	Goparajupalle h/o Molakatta	15 miles from Pamidi Railway Station on Guntakal-Bangalore Metre Gauge section of the Southern Railway	Kotakonda Anjaneya-swamy festival	Chaitra Suddha Padyami (March-April) 1 day	Local, religious
6 TADPATRI					
1	Chandana	1 1/2 miles from Rayalcheruvu Railway Station and 16 miles from Tadpatri Town	(1) Rameswara-swamy festival (2) Srirama Navami	Magha Bahula Triodasi to Phalguna Suddha Padyami (February-March) 4 days Chaitra Suddha Navami and Ekadasi (March-April) 2 days	Local, religious Local, religious
2	Rayalcheruvu	A furlong from Rayalcheruvu Railway Station on Raichur-Madras Broad Gauge section of the Southern Railway. Bellary-Nellore road passes just by the side of the village	Lakshmi Chennakesava-swamy car festival	Chaitra Suddha Vidiya (March-April) 1 day	Local, religious
16 (b)	Chinnappappuru h/o Dharmapuram	4 miles from Juturu Railway Station on Madras-Raichur Broad Gauge section of the Southern Railway	Aswatha Narayana-swamy festival	Magham (January-February) 3 days	Local, religious
17	Peddapappuru	On the bank of the river Pennar; 3 furlongs from Tadpatri-Peddapappuru bus route; and 5 miles from Juturu Railway Station	(1) Srirama or Ramakoti festival (2) Chidambara swamy festival	Magha Suddha Navami (January-February) 1 day Magha Bahula Triodasi and Chaturdasi (February-March) 2 days	Local, religious Local, in memory of Chidambara swamy
18	Chagallu	On the bank of the river Pennar; 7 miles from Juturu Railway Station; and 14 miles from Tadpatri	(1) Mastan Vali Urs	Bhadrapadam (August-September) 1 day	Local, in memory of Mastan Vali

FESTIVALS

Name and description of the deity connected with the fair or festival	Estimated congregation—Local or otherwise—Do all communities participate?	Any handicrafts or artistic works, brought to the fair or festival for sale deserving a mention	Facilities for visitors, if any, and other special features	L. C. No.
(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)
TALUK—contd.				
Chennamma	500; local congregation; all communities	...	...	41
Lakshminarayana	400; local congregation; Hindus, mainly Rangarajus	...	...	11
Kanyakaparameswari, image in female form	500; local congregation; Hindus, mainly Vaisyas	...	...
Hanuman	Local congregation; Hindus	...	...	86
Kotakonda Anjaneyaswamy	500; local congregation; all communities	...	...	87 (a)
TALUK				
Rameswaraswamy, stone Sivalingam	Local congregation; Hindus	...	...	1
Rama, stone image in human form	Local and from the neighbouring villages; Hindus	...	...
Chennakesavaswamy, stone image in human form	Local congregation; Hindus	...	...	2
Aswatha Narayanaswamy	5,000; local and from the neighbouring villages; Hindus	...	...	16 (b)
Sri Rama, image in human form	Local congregation; all communities	...	...	17
Chidanbaraswamy, a tomb in the temple	Local congregation; Hindus	...	Free feeding is arranged for one day	
Mastan Valli, a tomb	Local congregation; all communities	...	...	18

FAIRS AND

L. C. No.	Name of Village/Town	Distance from nearest Railway Station/City or Town	Name of fair or festival	Period when the fair or festival is held and duration	Significance and occasion for the fair or festival—local, religious or special significance
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)
6 TADPATR					
18	Chagallu—concl.		(2) ¹ Chowdeswari Jatara (Bonalu Panduga)	During Sankranti i.e. in Pushyam, generally 13th, 14th & 15th January 3 days	Local, religious
26	Cherlopalle	12 miles from Tadpatri Railway Station and on 13th mile on Tadpatri-Pulivendla road	Nallanamma Jatara	On fullmoon day in Vaisakham (April-May) every alternate year 1 day	Local, religious
29	Madugupalle	5 miles to Maddipalle on Tadpatri-Pulivendla bus route and 19 miles from Tadpatri Railway Station	Bhyravaswamy festival	Chaitra Suddha Vidiya and Tadiya (March-April) 2 days	Local, religious
30	Yellutla	4 miles from Tadpatri-Pulivendla bus route and 25 miles from Tadpatri Town and Railway Station	Chennakesavaswamy festival	Chaitra Suddha Vidiya (March-April) 1 day	Local, religious
31	Chillavaripalle	4 miles from Gugudu on Anantapur-Gugudu bus route; 12 miles from Putluru; and 25 miles from Anantapur Railway Station	Katameswara festival Parusha	Magha Bahula Triodasi and Chaturdasi (February-March) 2 days	Widely known, religious
33	Daditota	3 miles from Goddummarri on Pulivendla-Tadpatri bus route; 16 miles from Chinnekuntapalle Railway Station on Dharmavaram-Pakala Meire Gauge section of the Southern Railway; and 35 miles from Tadpatri of which 32 miles is by bus and the rest by cart track	Lakshminarayana-swamy festival	Asviyuja Suddha Dasami (September-October) 1 day	Local, religious
34	Goddummarri	Tadpatri-Pulivendla bus route passes at a distance of 1 1/2 miles from the village and 32 miles from Tadpatri Railway Station	Peddaswamy Aradhana	Pushya Suddha Ekadasi and Dwadasi (December-January) 2 days	Local, in memory of Peddaswamy
36 (b)	Thimmampalle h/o Chintakayamanda	30 miles from Tadpatri Railway Station	Peddamma Jatara	Chaitra Suddha Vidiya (March-April) 1 day	Local; religious
39	Boppepalle	1 mile from Tadpatri-Goddummarri road and 24 miles from Tadpatri Town and Railway Station	Obulesu Aradhana	Phalguna Purnima (February-March) 1 day	Local, religious
40	Chilamakuru	8 miles from Anantapur-Pulivendla Road; 12 miles from Vanganur Railway Station; and 16 miles from Tadpatri	Yellamma Jatara	Chaitra Suddha Vidiya (March-April) 1 day	Local, religious

FESTIVALS

Name and description of the deity connected with the fair or festival	Estimated congregation—Local or otherwise—Do all communities participate?	Any handicrafts or artistic works, brought to the fair or festival for sale deserving a mention	Facilities for visitors, if any, and other special features	L. C. No.
(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(1)
TALUK— <i>contd.</i>				
Chowdeswari, in the form of Sakthi	Local congregation; Hindus	...	...	18
Nallanamma, stone image	Local and from the neighbouring villages; all communities	...	Nallanamma took the form of a stone which persisted to travel on the cart of a ryot to the village, from Nallamalai Hills, the Akasavani saying that it is going to be his family deity. Special pujas are performed to Venugopalaswamy and Anjaneyaswamy in Kartikam (October-November)	26
Bhyravaswamy, in the form of a boddu rayi	Local and from the neighbouring villages; all communities	...	...	29
Chennakesavaswamy, stone image 3 ft. high in human form	Local congregation; all communities	...	...	30
Katameswara, stone image in human form on a horse back	Local and from the other villages of the district; all communities	..	...	31
Lakshminarayanawamy, stone image in human form	Local congregation; all communities	...	Sri Rama Navami is also celebrated on Chaitra Suddha Navami (March-April). Fuller details are not available	33
Peddaswamy, a photo in the mutt	Local congregation; Hindus	...	...	34
Peddamma	Local congregation; Hindus	...	...	36 (b)
Obulesu	Local and from the neighbouring villages of the firka; Hindus	...	...	39
Yellamma, in human form	500; local and from the neighbouring villages; Hindus	Sweets, lanterns, pictures of Gods	...	40
Sunkalamma, carving on stone in female form	3,000 to 4,000 local and from the neighbouring villages; all communities	Utensils, lanterns, mirrors, combs, drugs cinema and story books, cloth and toys etc.	Bhajans, kolatams, dramas, swings, gambling, show of strength and bulls dragging stone slab etc., afford entertainment to the visitors	44

FAIRS AND

L. C. No.	Name of Village/Town	Distance from nearest Railway Station/City or Town	Name of fair or festival	Period when the fair or festival is held and duration	Significance and occasion for the fair or festival—local, religious or special significance
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)
6 TADPATRI					
I	Tadpatri	Taluk Headquarters on the Southern bank of the Pina-kini River; 1 1/2 miles from Tadpatri Railway Station; 30 miles from Gooty; 32 miles from Anantapur; and 47 miles from Guntakal	(1) Bugga Ramalin-geswaraswamy festival	Magha Bahula Ashtami to Phalguna Suddha Tadiya (February-March) 11 days	Local, religious
			(2) Chintala Venkata-ramanaswamy festival	Asviyuja Suddha Ashtami (September-October) 10 days	Local, religious
			(3) Sunkulamma Jatara	Chaitra Suddha Padyami (March-April) 3 days	Local, religious
			(4) Kanyakaparames-wari festival	Asviyuja Suddha Padyami to Dasami (September-October) 10 days	Local, religious
			(5) Anjaneyaswamy festival	Chaitra Suddha Padyami (March-April) 9 days	Local, religious
II	Yadiki	4 miles East of Rayal-cheruvu; 16 miles from Tad-patri; and 18 miles from Gooty on Gooty-Tadpatri road	Chennakesavaswami Rathothsavam	Phalguna Suddha Ashtami to Bahula Tadiya (February-March) 11 days	Local, religious
59	Konauppalapadu	4 miles from Rayalcheruvu Railway Station and the same distance North of Yadiki	Kona Rameswara festival	Magha Bahula Chathur-dasi (February-March) 2 days	Local, religious
61 (a)	Chintalayapalle h/o Kamalapadu	7 miles from Rayalcheruvu Rail-way Station on Raichur-Madras Broad Gauge section of the Sou-thern Railway	Kotha Venkata-ramanaswamy festival	Chaitra Suddha Padyami to Tadiya (March-April) 3 days	Local, religious
74	Talaricheruvu	5 miles in a direct line North-East of Tadpatri; and 8 miles by foot-path from Tadpatri Railway Station	Hajiswami Urs	Dark fortnight of Phal-gunam (March-April) 2 days	Widely known, in memory of Haji-swamy
76	Velamakuru	1/2 mile from Pennar River; 3 miles from Vanganuru Railway Station; 5 miles from Tadpatri Town; and 7 miles from Tadpatri Railway Station	Gouri festival	Kartika Suddha Triodasi to Bahula Vidiya (Novem-ber-December) 5 days	Local, religious
77	Alur	1/2 mile from Pennar River; 2 mi-les from Saddaladinne on Saddala-dinne-Tadpatri bus route; and 5 miles from Tadpatri Railway Station	Kona Ranganatha-swamy or Kona Ran-ganayakaswamy festi-val	Chaitra Suddha Navami to Bahula Vidiya (March-April) 9 days	Local, religious
79	Challavaripalle	To the East of Tadpatri-Yella-nuru bus route at a distance of 4 miles from Tadpatri Railway Station	Gangamma Jatara	A day selected by the villagers in the rainy sea-son once in 5 years or when rains fail 1 day	Local, religious

FESTIVALS

Name and description of the deity connected with the fair or festival	Estimated congregation—Local or otherwise—Do all communities participate?	Any handicrafts or artistic works, brought to the fair or festival for sale deserving a mention	Facilities for visitors, if any, and other special features	L. C. No.
(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(1)
TALUK— <i>contd.</i>				
Bugga Ramalingeswara swamy Sivalingam, in stone	Local and from the neighbouring villages; Hindus	...	...	I
Chintala Venkataramana-swamy	Local and from the neighbouring villages; Hindus	...	...
Sunkulamma	Local and from the neighbouring villages; Hindus	...	...
Kanyakaparneswari, marble stone image in female form	Local and from the neighbouring villages; Hindus	...	Mostly confined to Vaisyas	
Anjaneyaswamy, image in the form of Hanuman	Local congregation; Hindus	...	...
Chennakesavaswamy, image 4' X 2' in human form	12,000; local and from the neighbouring villages; all communities	Utensils, lanterns, torch-lights, mirrors, combs, pictures, and photos, toys of wood, earth and plastic, glassware and eatables	Free feeding is arranged for all on the Rathothsavam day	II
Kona Rameswara, Sivalingam	3,000; local and from the neighbouring villages; all communities		There are choultries	59
Kotha Venkataramanaswamy, stone image in human form	Local and from the neighbouring villages; all communities	...	...	61 (a)
Hajiswamy, a tomb	Local and from the other parts of the district; all communities	...	...	74
Gouri, wife of Lord Siva	Local congregation; all communities	...	Special pujas are performed to Anjaneyaswamy in Kartikam (October-November). Fuller details are not available	76
Kona Ranganathaswamy, stone image of Vishnu in a sleeping posture	Local and from the neighbouring villages; all communities	...	The temple is situated on the top of a hill	77
Gangamma, image in female form	Local and from the neighbouring villages; all communities	...	Sri Rama Navami is also celebrated in this village on Chaitra Suddha Navami (March-April). Fuller details are not available	79

FAIRS AND

L. C. No.	Name of Village/Town	Distance from nearest Railway Station/City or Town	Name of fair or festival	Period when the fair or festival is held and duration	Significance and occasion for the fair or festival—local, religious or special significance
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)
6 TADPATRI					
80	Jambulapadu	1 mile from Cuddapah-Bellary road and 5 miles from Tadpatri Town and Railway Station	Narasimhaswamy festival	Chaitra Suddha Padyami (March-April) 1 day	Local, religious
81	Veerapuram	2 furlongs from Cuddapah-Bellary road; 1 1/2 miles from Vanganur Railway Station; and 5 miles from Tadpatri towards Cuddapah	Venugopalswamy festival	Kartika Suddha Padyami to Amavasya (October-November) 30 days	Local, religious
82	Bodaipalle	1 1/2 miles from Cuddapah-Bellary road; 2 miles from Vanganur Railway Station; and 7 miles from Tadpatri	Chennakesavaswamy festival	Kartika Suddha Padyami to Amavasya (October-November) 30 days	Local, religious
85 (c)	Narayanapalle h/o Senegalaguduru	8 miles from Tadpatri Railway Station	Batlo Sunkulamma Jatara	Chaitra Suddha Tadiya to Panchami (March-April) 3 days	Local, religious
88	Nitturu	2 furlongs from Bhogasamudram-Rayalcheruvu road and 5 miles from Juturu Railway Station	Chennakesavaswamy festival	Chaitra Suddha Padyami and Vidiya (March-April) 2 days	Local, religious
91	Yellanuru	It is bounded by Venkatadripalle on the East, (2 miles) forest on the West, Chitravati River on the North, and Tank on the South at a distance of 3 miles from Jangamapalle; 15 miles from Kondapuram Railway Station on the Bombay - Madras Broad Gauge Railway line; and 16 miles by bus from Tadpatri on Tadpatri-Simhadripuram bus route	Lakshmi Venkateswara festival	Phalguna Bahula Padyami to Ashtami (March-April) 8 days	Local, religious
93	Mallagundla	18 miles by foot from Tadpatri Railway Station	Chennakesavaswamy festival	Vaisakha Purnima to Bahula Dasami (May-June) 11 days	Local, religious
7 DHARMAVARAM					
1 (a)	Guntapalle h/o Thumucheria	16 miles from Anantapur and 24 miles from Dharmavaram	Kodandaramaswamy festival	Magha Bahula Chathurdasi and Amavasya (February-March) 2 days	Local, religious
6	Perur	To the North of the Pennar River at a distance of 23 miles from Nagasamudram Railway Station; there are communication facilities to Dharmavaram, Kalyandrug, Hindupur and Anantapur	Subrahmanyaswamy festival	Magha Suddha Shashti to Navami (January-February) 4 days	Local, religious
10 (e)	Mutyalampalle h/o Nasanakota	19 miles from Nagasamudram Railway Station	Mutyalamma Jatara	Vaisakham or Jaistham (April-May) 2 days	Local, religious
24	Dadulur	On Anantapur-Bangalore road and 10 miles from Dharmavaram Railway Station	Pothulaiah festival (Parusha)	From Vaisakha Purnima (April-May) 3 days	Local, religious

FESTIVALS

Name and description of the deity connected with the fair or festival	Estimated congregation—Local or otherwise—Do all communities participate?	Any handicrafts or artistic works, brought to the fair or festival for sale deserving a mention	Facilities for visitors, if any, and other special features	L. C. No.
(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(1)
TALUK—concl'd.				
Narasimhaswamy, a sheet made in the form of a lion's face attached to a pillar	Local and from the neighbouring villages; Hindus	...	...	80
Venugopalaswamy, Sri Krishna playing a flute with two hands and holding sankhu and chakra in the other two hands	Local congregation; all communities	...	...	81
Chennakesavaswamy, image with four hands holding sankhu, chakra, gadha and padma	Local congregation; all communities	...	...	82
Batlo Sunkuiamma	5,000; local and from the neighbouring villages; Hindus	...	...	85 (c)
Chennakesavaswamy, stone image	Local and from the neighbouring villages; all communities	...	A festival is also held on Sri Rama Navami i. e., Chaitra Suddha Navami (March-April)	88
Venkateswara, (Mula Vighraha)	Local and from the neighbouring villages; Hindus	...	...	91
Chennakesavaswamy, image in human form	Local and from the neighbouring villages; Hindus	...	Peddamma Jatara is also celebrated on Chaitra Suddha Vidiya (March-April). Fuller details are not available	93
TALUK				
Kodandaramaswamy, wooden Padukalu (sandals)	900; local and from neighbouring villages; Hindus	A few shops	There are choultries and free feeding is arranged. 1 (a) Dramas and Kolatam afford entertainment to the visitors	
Subrahmanyaswamy, stone image in the form of serpent with seven hoods	4,000; local and from the neighbouring villages; Hindus	Sweetmeats, fruits, mirrors, combs, pictures and photos of deities and National Leaders etc.	Free feeding for Brahmins. A street drama is enacted by the villagers	6
Mutyamma	1,500; local congregation; Hindus	...	...	10 (c)
Pothulaiah	3,000; local and from the neighbouring villages; all communities	24

FAIRS AND

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(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)
536					
7 DHARMAVARAM					
I	Dharmavaram	1 mile from Dharmavaram Railway Station, a junction where trains from Bangalore, Guntakal and Pakala meet; connected by bus to Penukonda, Tadpatri, Kalyandrug and Anantapur Towns	(1) Chennakesava-swamy Rathothsavam	Vaisakha Suddha Panchami to Triodasi (April-May) 9 days	Local, religious
			(2) Durgamma Jatara (Parusha)	Vaisakha Suddha Chaturdasi (April-May) 1 day	Local, in memory of Durgamma
			(3) Mohammad Shah Khader Vali Urs	November 3 days	Widely known, in memory of Mohammad Shah Khader Vali
			(4) Kamadahana festival	Phalgun Suddha Triodasi to Purnima (February-March) 3 days	Local, religious
44	Subbaraoapeta	On the Nayanipalle-Dharmavaram road; 3 1/2 miles from Chinnekuntapalle Railway Station on Dharmavaram-Pakala Metre Gauge section of the Southern Railway; 4 1/2 miles from Dharmavaram Railway Station; and 5 miles from Dharmavaram	Gangamma Jatara (Parusha)	Ashadha Suddha Ekadasi (June-July) 1 day	Widely known, religious
47	Mustoor	2 miles from Sanjeevapuram on the Anantapur-Madanapalle road; 3 miles from Chigicherla Railway Station; and 11 miles by road from Dharmavaram Town	Kati Koteswaraswamy festival	Phalgun Purnima to Bahula Vidiya (February-March) 3 days	Local, religious
49 (c)	Velpulamadugu h/o Batthulapalle	1 1/2 miles from 14/5 milestone on Dharmavaram-Tadpatri trunk road	(1) Kama Koteswara festival	Magha Bahula Chathurdasi to Phalgun Suddha Padyami (February-March) 3 days	Widely known, religious
			(2) Dattatreya Aradhana	Kartika Suddha Ashtami to Dasami (October-November) 3 days	Widely known, religious
51	Chennarayapatnam	7 miles from Dharmavaram Railway Station	Sangameswara festival	Magha Bahula Chathurdasi (February-March) 1 day	Local, religious
52 (b)	Atmakuru h/o Maravapalle Agraharam	1 1/2 miles from Nidigallu on the Anantapur-Parlapalle road; 2 1/2 miles from Tambapuram on Kadiri-Anantapur road; 8 miles from Chinnekuntapalle Railway Station; and 14 miles from Dharmavaram	Paramati Eranna festival	Chaitra Suddha Padyami (March-April) 1 day	Widely known, religious

FESTIVALS

Name and description of the deity connected with the fair or festival	Estimated congregation—Local or otherwise—Do all communities participate?	Any handicrafts or artistic works, brought to the fair or festival for sale deserving a mention	Facilities for visitors, if any, and other special features	L. C. No.
(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(1)
TALUK— <i>contd.</i>				
Chennakesavaswamy, stone image with four hands having sankhu, chakra, gadha and padma	15,000; local and from the neighbouring villages; Hindus	...	...	I
Durgamma, in human form with a sword in her hand	10,000; local and from the neighbouring villages; Hindus	Bangles, turmeric powder and kumkum, mirrors and combs, fruits and flowers	Swings, whirling wheels, magic, circus, drama and gambling afford entertainment to the visitors. Pandurangaswamy car festival, Kanyakaparameswari festival, Sri Rama Navami, Sankara Jayanti on Vaisakha Suddha Triodasi (April-May) and Aradhana in Hatayogi Ashramam and to the Samadhi of Chinnappa in December are also celebrated in this village. Teppothsavam (boat festival) on Kartika Suddha Dwadasi (October-November) to Chennakesavaswamy is also celebrated on Chaitra Suddha Navami (March-April). Fuller details are, however, not available	
Mohammad Shah Khader Vali, tomb	15,000; local and from distant places; all communities	...		
Kamanna and Kamakka, coloured earthen images in male and female form respectively	5,000; local; Hindus	...	...
Gangamma, image in human form made of panchalohas	Local and from distant places; all communities	...	...	44
Kati Koteswaraswamy, Eswara in the form of a Kirataka (hunter) in the temple two miles from the village	Local congregation; all communities	...	Free feeding is arranged	47
Kama Koteswara, Sivalingam in stone	3 to 4 thousands local and from the neighbouring villages of the district; all communities	Earthen pots, glassware, sweetmeats, and pictures of deities	Free feeding for pilgrims. The deity is otherwise called Sangameswara as the temple is at the confluence of the three Rivers, Chitravati, Paleru and Dupileru	49 (c)
Dattatreya	Attracts Hindu devotees from all parts of the district	...		
Eswara	3,000; local and from the neighbouring villages; all communities	...	Mantapams afford shelter	51
Paramati Eranna; there is no image; a few small stones are worshipped in the forest	4 to 5 thousands; local and from other parts of the district; all communities	...	1,000 panneram carts are brought even from distant places and are taken round the deity in fulfilment of vows	52 (b)

FAIRS AND

L. C. No.	Name of Village/Town	Distance from nearest Railway Station/City or Town	Name of fair or festival	Period when the fair or festival is held and duration	Significance and occasion for the fair or festival—local, religious or special significance
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)
7 DHARMAVARAM					
56	Tadimarri	18 miles from Dharmavaram Town and 24 miles from Anantapur Town	Chennakesavaswamy car festival	From Chaitra Purnima (March–April) 7 days	Local, religious
62	Peddakotla	On the bank of the River Chitravati beside Anantapur–Cuddapah bus route; 9 miles from Chinnekuntapalle Railway Station; and 25 miles from Dharmavaram	Chowdeswari Devi Jatara	On the last Sunday in Kartikam (November–December) 1 day	Local, religious
8 KADIRI					
7	Sankepalje	5 miles from Mukthapuram Railway Station on Dharmavaram–Pakala Metre Gauge section of the Southern Railway	Veeranarayanawamy festival	Magham (January–February) 1 day	Widely known, religious
12	Gunjapalle	2 miles from Mukthapuram Railway Station and 26 miles from Kadiri	Kammakalagondi Parusha Aswini deities and Sivalingam Puja	Magham (January–February) 3 days	Local, religious
29	Talupula	11 miles to the North-East of Kadiri Town and Railway Station	Gangamma Jatara	Vaisakham (April–May) 3 to 6 days	Local, religious
48 (9)	Katarupalle h/o Gandlapenta	2 miles from Gandlapenta and 9 miles from Kadiri	Yogi Vemana festival	Vaisakham (April–May) 3 days	Local, in memory of Yogi Vemana
I	Kutagulla (included under Kadiri Town)	2 1/2 miles from Kadiri Town and Railway Station; 48 miles from Penukonda; and 55 miles from Anantapur	Erradoddi Gangamma Jatara	Magham (January–February) 2 days	Local, religious
I	Kadiri	A Railway Station on Dharmavaram–Pakala Metre Gauge section of the Southern Railway; 42 miles from Dharmavaram; 56 miles from Anantapur; and 68 miles from Hindupur Town. There are communication facilities to Guntakal, Cuddapah, Chittoor and Kurnool	(1) Lakshmi Narasimhaswamy Brahmothsavam (2) Hyder Vali Urs	Phalguna Suddha Dasami to Bahula Dasami (February–March) 16 days Magham (January–February) 2 days	Widely known, religious Local, in memory of Hyder Vali
66	Gutibylu	12 miles from Tanakal Railway Station and 14 miles from Kadiri Railway Station	Thimmamma Jatara	Magha Bahula Chaturdasi (February–March) 3 days	Local, religious
70	Kokkanti	Nearest Railway Station is Tanakal at a distance of 6 miles and 14 miles South-East of Kadiri	Lakshmi Narasimhaswamy festival	Phalguna Suddha Dasami (February–March) 1 day	Local, religious
81	Nallacheruvu	9 miles from Kadiri; it is a Railway Station on Dharmavaram–Pakala Metre Gauge section of the Southern Railway	Yogi Vemana festival	From the first Sunday in the bright fortnight of Chaitram (March–April) 7 days	Widely known, in memory of Yogi Vemana
104 (11)	Enumulavandlapalle h/o Reddipalle	18 miles from Kadiri	Narasimhaswamy festival	Chaitram (March–April) 7 days	Local, religious
110 (1)	Seshaiahgaripalle h/o Kondakamaria	15 miles from Kadiri Railway Station	Akkamma Jatara	Vaisakham (April–May) 10 days	Local, religious

FESTIVALS

Name and description of the deity connected with the fair or festival (7)	Estimated congregation—Local or otherwise—Do all communities participate? (8)	Any handicrafts or artistic works, brought to the fair or festival for sale deserving a mention (9)	Facilities for visitors, if any, and other special features (10)	L. C. No. (11)
TALUK—concl'd.				
Chennakesawaswamy	Local congregation; all communities	...	...	56
Chowdeswari Devi, Sakthi form	6,000; local and from the neighbouring villages; all communities	Utensils, lanterns, torch-lights etc.	Free feeding is arranged	62
TALUK				
Veeranarayanawamy	4,000; local and from distant places; all communities	...	Both lodging and boarding facilities are available	7
Aswini deities and Sivalin-gam	2,000; local and from neighbouring villages; all communities	...	Lodging and boarding facilities are available	12
Gangamma	1,000; local and from the neighbouring villages; all communities	...	...	29
Yogi Vemana	1,500; local and from distant places; all communities	...	Boarding and lodging facilities	48 (9)
Gangamma	Local and from neighbouring villages; Hindus	...	...	I
Narasimhaswamy, image in human form with lion's head decorated with silver armour, moustaches, shoulder blades and eyes	10,000; local and from distant places in the State and from Mysore State; Hindus	...	There are choultries and hotels. Free feeding is arranged during Brabmothsavam period	I
Hyder Vali, a tomb	5,000; local and from the neighbouring villages; all communities	...	Boarding and lodging facilities	
Tbimmamma	2,000; local and from the surrounding villages; all communities	...	Boarding and lodging facilities	66
Lakshmi Narasimhaswamy	1,000; local and from the neighbouring villages; Hindus	...	...	70
Yogi Vemana in human form	4 to 5 thousands; local and from the distant places; all communities	...	Pendals are erected. Free feeding is organised	81
Narasimhaswamy	1,000; local congregation; all communities	...	There is accommodation in the temple for pilgrims	104(11)
Akkamma	2,000; local and from distant places; all communities	...	Boarding and lodging facilities	110 (i)

FAIRS AND

L. C. No.	Name of Village/Town	Distance from nearest Railway Station/City or Town	Name of fair or festival	Period when the fair or festival is held and duration	Significance and occasion for the fair or festival—local, religious or special significance
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)
8 KADIRI					
144	Tavalam	Nearest Railway Station is Tanakal at a distance of 4 miles and 18 miles from Kadiri	Anjaneyaswamy festival	Vaisakham (April-May) 5 days	Local, religious
9 PENUKONDA					
2	Naranagepalle	6 miles from Roddam; 17 miles from Penukonda Railway Station; and 18 miles from Penukonda Town	Veera Chinnayyaswamy festival	Ashadha Suddha Ekadasi (June-July) 1 day	Local, religious
6	Roddam	2 furlongs from the Pennar River on Amarapuram-Penukonda road; 10 1/2 miles from Pavagada; and 12 miles from Penukonda	(1) Roddakamma festival	Karthikam (October-November) 30 days	Local, religious
			(2) Ramaswamy festival	Asvinyuja Suddha Padyami to Dasami (September-October) 10 days	Local, religious
10	Cherukur	7 miles from Penukonda Railway Station	Subrahmanyaswamy festival	Pushyam (December-January) 3 days	Local, religious
19	Mavathur	2 furlongs from Madakasira-Penukonda road; 6 miles from Chakralpalle Railway Station; and 8 miles from Penukonda	Satharupalle Anjaneyaswamy festival	Ashadha Suddha Ekadasi (June-July) 1 day	Local, religious
22	Turakalapattanam	On Penukonda-Roddam bus route and 7 miles from Penukonda Town and Railway Station	Bayalanjaneyaswamy festival	Ashadha Suddha Triodasi (June-July) 1 day	Local, religious
1	Penukonda	A Railway Station on Guntakal Bangalore Metre Gauge section of the Southern Railway and 44 miles from Anantapur Town	Sheriff Baba-e-Fakrudin Urs	Ninth day after Newmoon in Jamadi -Us-Sani (October-November) 7 days	Widely known, in memory of the Saint
31	Julukunta	5 miles from Chakralpalle Railway Station on Bangalore-Guntakal Metre Gauge section of the Southern Railway and 14 miles from Penukonda	Anjaneyaswamy festival	Chaitra Suddha Navami (March-April) and Asvinyuja Suddha Dasami (September-October) 1 day on each occasion	Local, religious
41	Velidadakala	On Palasamudram-Hindupur bus route; 6 miles from Chakralpalle Railway Station; and 16 miles from Penukonda	Eswara Rathothsavam	Chaitra Suddha Ashtami to Dwadasi (March-April) 5 days	Local, religious
43	Gudipalle	One mile from Bangalore-Secunderabad National Highway; 4 miles from Chakralpalle Railway Station on Guntakal-Bangalore Metre Gauge section of the Southern Railway; and 8 miles from Penukonda	Sajjaganti Rangana-thaswamy Brahmotsavam	Chaitra Suddha Ekadasi to Bahula Tadiya (April-May) 8 days	Widely known, religious
45	Gonipeta	6 miles by foot from Penukonda Railway Station	Gangamma Uthsavam	Chaitra Suddha Navami (March-April) and Asvinyuja Suddha Dasami (September-October) 1 day on each occasion	Local, religious

FESTIVALS

Name and description of the deity connected with the fair or festival	Estimated congregation—Local or otherwise—Do all communities participate?	Any handicrafts or artistic works, brought to the fair or festival for sale deserving a mention	Facilities for visitors, if any, and other special features	L. C. No.
(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(1)
TALUK—concl'd.				
Anjaneyaswami, in the form of Hanuman	2,000; local and from distant places; all communities	...	Boarding and lodging facilities for the pilgrims. A cattle fair is held	144
TALUK				
Veera Chinnayyaswami, four feet high, stone image in human form with bow and arrow in a shooting posture	Local congregation; all communities	...	...	2
Roddakamma, five feet high black stone image in female form	Local congregation; Hindus	...	...
Ramaswamy, images of Rama, Lakshmana and Sita on a black stone four feet high	Local congregation; Hindus	...	A festival is also held on Mukkoti Ekadasi	
Subrahmanyaswamy	1,000; local congregation; all communities	...	...	10
Anjaneyaswamy,	Local and from the neighbouring villages; Hindus	...	The temple is 1 1/2 miles from the Village in Satharupalle, its hamlet	19
Bayalanjaneyaswamy, in the form of Hanuman	Local and from the neighbouring villages; all communities	...	...	22
Sheriff Baba-e-Fakruddin, a tomb	5,000; local and from all over the country; all communities	Utensils, lanterns, torchlights, religious books, drugs, ready made dresses etc.	There are dilapidated mantapams to provide shelter	I
Anjaneyaswamy, in the form of Hanuman	Local congregation; Hindus	...	...	31
Eswara, Sivalingam in stone	Local and from the neighbouring villages; all communities	...	The temple itself is a spacious one with mantapams and provides water and lodging facilities to the pilgrims	14
Sri Ranganathaswamy is the incarnation of Vishnu with Sri devi and Bhudevi on either side in human form	Local and from other parts of the district and Mysore State; Hindus	A cattle fair is held. A few shops with flowers, fruits, utensils, eatables are opened	Water, sanitary and lighting arrangements. It is made out from a stone inscription that the temple was constructed during the reign of Vijayanagar Kings	43
Gangamma, image made of brass	Local congregation; Hindus	Eatables, bangles, utensils, lanterns, torchlights, books, pictures, toys and cloth etc.	Gangamma Jatara is celebrated for 3 or 4 days once in 2 or 3 years. Narasimhaswamy festival is also celebrated on Vaikunta Ekadasi day i.e. Margasira Suddha Ekadasi (November-December)	45

FAIRS AND

L. C. No.	Name of Village/Town	Distance from nearest Railway Station/City or Town	Name of fair or festival	Period when the fair or festival is held and duration	Significance and occasion for the fair or festival—local, religious or special significance
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)
9 PENUKONDA					
51 (3)	Kona h/o Gutlur	3 miles from Makkajipalle Railway Station and 4 miles from Gutlur on Anantapur-Penukonda road	Pandurangaswamy festival and Sivaratri	Magha Bahula Chaturdasi and Amavasya (February-March) 2 days	Widely known, religious
56	Nidimamidi	5 miles by foot from Penukonda-Bangalore bus route and 12 miles from Penukonda Railway Station	Nidimamidamma Jatara	Once in twelve years according to the convenience of the villagers 1 day	Local, religious
58 (3)	Chinnarajupalle h/o Bandlapalle	3 miles by cart track from Vemurivandlabhavi on Penukonda-Bukkapatnam bus route and 8 miles from Penukonda Railway Station	Amasamma Jatara	Ashadha Suddha Dwadasi (June-July) 1 day	Local, in memory of Amasamma
71	K. Locherla	2 1/2 miles from Kothacheruvu on Penukonda - Mudigubba bus route and 12 miles from Penukonda Railway Station	Venkataramana-swamy festival	Ashadha Bahula Ekadasi (July-August) 1 day	Local, religious
72 (4)	Obuladevarapalle h/o Byrapuram	4 furlongs from Kadiri-Penukonda bus route and 11 miles from Penukonda Railway Station	Ahobalaswamy festival (Ekadasi Panduga)	Ashadha Suddha Dwadasi (June-July) 1 day	Local, religious
75	Pedapalle	On the bank of the River Chitravathi 18 miles from Penukonda Railway Station and 25 miles from Penukonda by bus	Venkateswara festival (Parata Bandla Uthsavam)	Jaistha Suddha Ekadasi to Triodasi (May-June) 3 days	Local, religious
			(2) Maremma Jatara	Chaitra Suddha Padyami (March-April) 1 day	Local, religious
80	Puttaparthi	21 miles by bus from Penukonda Town; 23 miles from Penukonda Railway Station; 19 miles from Mudigubba Railway Station; and 26 miles from Kadiri Railway Station	(1) Sri Satya Sai Baba Jayanthi	23rd November 1 day	All India importance
			(2) Dasara	Asviniya Suddha Padyami to Dasami (September-October) 10 days	do
			(3) Mahasivarathri	Magha Bahula Chaturdasi (February-March) 1 day	do

FESTIVALS

Name and description of the deity connected with the fair or festival	Estimated congregation—Local or otherwise—Do all communities participate?	Any handicrafts or artistic works, brought to the fair or festival for sale deserving a mention	Facilities for visitors, if any, and other special features	L. C. No.
(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(1)
TALUK— <i>contd.</i>				
Pandurangaswamy or Ranganathaswamy, stone image in human form; Rameswaraswamy, Sivalingam in stone	2,000; local and from villages of neighbouring taluks and a few from the neighbouring districts; Hindus and a few Muslims	...	A pond; every commodity including milk is to be got from villages, two miles and beyond. This is known as "Kanvasranam" the hermitage of "Kanvamabarshi", foster father of Sakuntala, the celebrated heroine of Abhignana Sakuntala by Kalidasa. It is also known as the place where the demon Kakasura was killed. Even to-day in spite of big Samaradhanas (free feeding) no crow enters the locality. The temples are in a mountain valley hitherto inaccessible to any one. It has become famous from 1950, when a great living devotee Mathaji, Anjanamma settled there after renouncing the world. She is an illiterate lady of a poor potter's family who spent about six months in penance without food, living on roots, forest fruits and spring water. Any troubled individual is getting relief by visiting the place and with her help. She asks the individuals in trouble to pray to the Lord and she prays for them. It is a very peaceful place. Bullock carts can be hired from Makkajipalle Railway Station to Kona.	51 (3)
Nidimamidamma, stone image	Local congregation; all communities	...	...	56
Amasamma, three small stone images	Local and from the neighbouring villages; Hindus and Dudekulas	...	...	58 (3)
Venkataramanaswamy, stone image in human form	Local congregation; all communities	...	...	71
Ahobalaswamy	Local congregation; all communities	...	...	72 (4)
Venkateswara, a stone with three namams is worshipped	Local and from the neighbouring villages; Hindus	Free feeding for the pilgrims during the festival days	...	75
Maremma, silver image in human form	Local congregation; all communities	...	...
Sri Satya Sai Baba, a living Saint with a life size painting in the prayer hall	10,000; from all over India; all communities	...	A few rooms are constructed by devotees. The puja hall called 'Prasanthi Nilayam' where prayers are held twice a day give perfect peace to any troubled mind and several mental cases have been cured.	80
do	do	...		
do	do	...		

FAIRS AND

L. C. No.	Name of Village/Town	Distance from nearest Railway Station/City or Town	Name of fair or festival	Period when the fair or festival is held and duration	Significance and occasion for the fair or festival—local, religious or special significance
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)
9 PENUKONDA					
81	Bukkapatnam	13 miles from Makkajipalle Railway Station; 44 miles from Anantapur; and 18 miles from Penukonda Town	(1) Lakshminarayana-swamy Rathothsavam	Chaitra Purnima (March-April) 1 day	Local, religious
			(2) Bandlapparusha	Ashadha Suddha Ekadasi (June-July) 1 day	Local, in memory of Chikkavadayar
82	Kothacheruvu	On Penukonda-Kadiri road; 9 miles from Makkajipalle Railway Station by cart track; and 16 miles from Penukonda by bus	(1) Sangameswaraswamy festival (Parusha)	In Vaisakham (April-May) 15 days	Widely known, religious
			(2) Masthan Vali Urs	18th of Shaban (December-January) 1 day	Local, in memory of Masthan Vali
			(3) Kothacheruvamma festival	In Karthikam (October-November) 1 day	Local, religious
86	Kesapuram	To the East of 15th mile stone on Dharmavaram-Koduru road; 1 mile from the Chitravati River; and 12 miles from Dharmavaram Railway Station	Sangameswaraswamy festival	Magha Bahula Chathurdasi (February-March) 1 day	Local, religious
90	Siddarampuram	8 miles from Mudigubba Railway Station by foot path and 26 miles from Penukonda by road	Molalo Chandrayudu festival	Vaisakham (April-May) 1 day	Widely known, in memory of the Saint
90 (i)	Dhupampalle h/o Siddarampuram	2 miles from Penukonda-Bukkapatnam-Mudigubba road; 14 miles from Mudigubba Railway Station; and 25 miles from Penukonda	Akkamma Jatara (Parusha)	From Chaitra Suddha Navami (March-April) 7 days	Local, religious
97 (i)	Podarallapalle h/o Mangalamadaka	1 furlong from Mudigubba-Penukonda bus route; 2 miles from Mudigubba Railway Station; and 18 miles from Penukonda	Maremma Jatara (Parusha)	Pushya Suddha Vidiya and Tadiya (December-January) 2 days	Local, religious
98 (9)	Venkatapuram h/o Pamudurthi	Situated in a hilly place; 3 miles by foot from Pamudurthi on Pamudurthi-Penukonda bus route; 9 miles from Mudigubba Railway Station; and 18 miles from Kothacheruvu	Soppalamma Jatara	Chaitra Suddha Padyami (March-April) 1 day	Local, religious
101	Gunipalle	11 miles from Mudigubba Railway Station and 24 miles from Penukonda by bus	Anjaneyaswamy festival (Uthla Parusha)	Ashadha Suddha Ekadasi (June-July) 1 day	Local, religious
102	Kothakota	4 miles from Pamudurthi on Pamudurthi-Penukonda bus route; 10 miles from Mudigubba Railway Station; and 36 miles from Penukonda	Venkateswaraswamy festival	Vaisakha Suddha Padyami (April-May) 1 day	Local, religious
102(7)	Narasampalle h/o Kothakota	9 miles from Bukkapatnam; 15 miles from Mudigubba Railway Station; and 27 miles by road from Penukonda	Maremma Jatara	Pushya Bahula Ashtami to Dasami (January-February) 3 days	Local, religious

FESTIVALS

Name and description of the deity connected with the fair or festival	Estimated congregation—Local or otherwise—Do all communities participate?	Any handicrafts or artistic works, brought to the fair or festival for sale deserving a mention	Facilities for visitors, if any, and other special features	L. C. No.
(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(1)
TALUK— <i>concl'd.</i>				
Lakshminaraswamy, stone image in human form	Local congregation; all communities	...	...	81
A Sivalingam is worshipped	Local congregation; all communities	...	...
Sangameswaraswamy, a Sivalingam	Local and from distant places; Hindus	Eatables, Earthen pots, mirrors, combs, ready-made clothes, Agricultural implements, etc.	...	82
A darga and a Mutt of Masthan Vali	Local and from neighbouring villages; Muslims and Hindus	...	...
Kothacheruvamma	Local congregation; Hindus	...	...
Sangameswaraswamy, Sivalingam in stone	Local and from 5 or 6 neighbouring villages; Hindus	...	...	86
Molalo Chandrayudu	Local and from distant places	...	Moharrum is also celebrated in this village in the month of Moharrum (June-July)	90
Akkamma, black stone image of hen on the back of Silver horse	Local congregation; all communities	...	...	90 (i)
Maremma, earthen image in human form	Local congregation; all communities	...	...	97 (1)
Soppalamma, round stones are worshipped in the temple	Local congregation; all communities	...	...	98 (9)
Anjaneyaswamy	500; local and from the neighbouring villages; all communities	...	Urs is celebrated on the next day of the 10 days Moharrum festival	101
Venkateswaraswamy, stone image	Local congregation; Hindus	...	...	102
Maremma, a small formless stone	Local and from neighbouring villages Hindus, mostly Sugalis	...	Sri Rama Navami is also celebrated on Chaitra Suddha Navami (March-April)	102 (7)

FAIRS AND

L. C. No.	Name of Village/Town	Distance from nearest Railway Station/City or Town	Name of fair or festival	Period when the fair or festival is held and duration	Significance and occasion for the fair or festival—local, religious or special significance
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)
10 HINDUPUR					
4	Utakur	6 miles from Mulugur Railway Station on the Guntakal-Bangalore Metre Gauge section of the Southern Railway and 7 miles from Hindupur	Sangameswaraswamy and Venkateswaraswamy festivals	Magham (January-February) 12 days	Local, religious
5	Sangameswarampalle	6 miles from Hindupur Railway Station	Sangameswaraswamy car festival	Magha Bahula Chaturdasi to Phalguna Suddha Panchami (February-March) 7 days	Local, religious
8	Pydeti	10 miles from Hindupur Railway Station	Subrahmanyaswamy festival	Pushya Suddha Shashti and Sapthami (December-January) 2 days	Local, religious
12 (2)	Boreddipalle h/o Parigi	10 miles from Hindupur Town and 12 miles from Hindupur Railway Station	Narasimhaswamy car festival	Ashadha Suddha Ekadasi (June-July) 1 day	Local, religious
14	Moda	4 miles from Hindupur Railway Station	Anjaneyaswamy car festival	Chaitra Suddha Vidiya (March-April) 1 day	Local, religious
16	Sasanakota	4 miles from Hindupur Railway Station, to the East of the village runs the Pennar River	Narasimhaswamy festival	Ashadha Suddha Dasami and Ekadasi (June-July) 2 days	Widely known, religious
I	Hindupur	Taluk headquarters and a Railway Station on Guntakal-Bangalore Metre Gauge section of the Southern Railway; 60 miles from Bangalore; and 71 miles from Anantapur; A big business centre of the District connected by bus to all important places of the district and the districts of Kolar and Bangalore in Mysore State	Venkataramanaswamy car festival	Magha Purnima to Bahula Shashti (February-March) 7 days	Local, religious
			2 Chinna Nagamma festival (Uthla Parusha)	Magham (January-February) 8 days	Local, in memory of Chinna Nagamma
			3 Anjaneyaswamy festival	Chaitra Suddha Navami (March-April) 1 day	Local, religious
19	Beerinahalli	2 miles from Hindupur-Bangalore road and 4 miles from Hindupur Railway Station	Satyamma Jatara	Once in 5 or 10 years in Chaitra Suddha Padyami (March-April) 1 day	Local, religious
21	Santhebidanur	6 miles from Viduraswatham Railway Station on the Guntakal-Bangalore Metre Gauge section of the Southern Railway	Anjaneyaswamy car festival	Vaisakha Purnima to Bahula Vidiya (April-May) 3 days	Local, religious

FESTIVALS

Name and description of the deity connected with the fair or festival (7)	Estimated congregation- Local or otherwise- Do all communities participate? (8)	Any handicrafts or artistic works, brought to the fair or festival for sale deserving a mention (9)	Facilities for visitors, if any, and other special features (10)	L. C. No. (1)
TALUK				
Sangameswaraswamy and Venkateswaraswamy	3,000; local and from neighbouring villages; all communities	...	Shady trees and water facilities	4
Sangameswaraswamy, in the form of Sivalingam	5,000; local and from neighbouring taluks; all communities	...	...	5
Subrahmanyaswamy	Local congregation; all communities	...	...	8
Narasimhaswamy	4,000; local and from the neighbouring villages within a radius of 5 miles; all communities	...	...	12 (2)
Anjaneyaswamy	15,000; local and from the neighbouring villages within a radius of 5 miles; all communities	...	...	14
Narasimhaswamy, stone image in the form of man-lion	Congregation of about ten thousands from this taluk and Madakasira taluk and several places of Mysore State; Hindus	Eatables, utensils, glassware, ayurvedic medicines, books on several subjects, clothes, agricultural implements, bamboo articles, fancy goods etc.	Free feeding is arranged to pilgrims. Srirama Navami is celebrated on Chaitra Suddha Navami (March-April) in Sri Rama temple. Anjaneyaswamy Aradhana is celebrated on Chaitra Suddha Padyami (March - April). Fuller details are not available	16
Venkataramanaswamy, a black stone image in human form just as in Tirupati	1,500; local and from the neighbouring villages; Hindus	...	Brahmins and Vaisyas are fed free	I
Chinna Nagamma, her picture on an ant hill	Local congregation; all communities	...	This festival is celebrated in Yerragunta lying at the outskirts of Hindupur	
Anjaneyaswamy, stone image	Local congregation; Hindus	...	This festival is celebrated in Sugur lying at the outskirts of Hindupur	
Satyamma	500; local and from the surrounding villages; Hindus	...	Anjaneyaswamy Deepothsavam is celebrated for 2 days commencing on the preceding day of Ugadi (March-April)	19
Anjaneyaswamy	2,000; local and from the neighbouring villages; all communities	...	...	21

FAIRS AND

L. C. No.	Name of Village/Town	Distance from nearest Railway Station/City or Town	Name of fair or festival	Period when the fair or festival is held and duration	Significance and occasion for the fair or festival—local, religious or special significance
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)
10 HINDUPUR					
39	Kanchisamudram	11 miles from Hindupur on the borders of Kolar district of Mysore State and 33 miles from Penukonda	Gondavali Brahma Chaitanyaswamy Aradhana	Margasira Bahula Tadiya to Dasami (December-January) 8 days	Local, in memory of Sri Gondavali Brahma Chaitanyaswamy
40	Lepakshi	8 miles from Hindupur Railway Station; 9 miles East of Hindupur Town; and 31 miles from Penukonda Town	Papanageswara festival	Asvinyuja Suddha Padyami to Dasami (September-October) 10 days	Widely known, religious
42	Chalivendala	1 mile to the South of Hindupur-Palasamudram road; 4 miles from Malugur Railway Station; and 10 miles from Hindupur	Gavirangaswamy Rathotsavam	Vaisakha Suddha Panchami to Triodasi (April-May) 9 days	Local, religious
49	Chilamathur	17 miles East of Hindupur on Hindupur-Kadiri road and 18 miles from Hindupur Railway Station on Guntakal-Bangalore Metre Gauge section of Southern Railway	Kanuma Narasimhaswamy car festival	Fullmoon day in Phalgunam (February-March) 1 day	Local, religious
50	Kodur	21 miles from Hindupur Railway Station	Kodandaramaswamy car festival	Chaitra Suddha Navami to Bahula Ashtami (March-April) 15 days	Widely known, religious
51	Settipalle	On Hindupur-Kadiri bus route; 12 miles from Chakralapalle Railway Station; 18 miles from Penukonda; and 26 miles East of Hindupur	Chowdeswari Jatara	Chaitra Suddha Padayami (March-April) 1 day	Local, religious
52	Budili	On the bank of the River Chitravathi near the 5th mile stone on Kodur-Kothacheruvu road; 14 miles from Chakralapalle Railway Station; and 18 miles from Penukonda	Sri Rama Kalyanotsavam	Chaitra Suddha Navami and Dasami (March-April) 2 days	Local, religious
11 MADAKASIRA					
3	Amarapuram	26 miles from Madakasira; 47 miles from Hindupur Railway Station on Guntakal-Bangalore Metre Gauge section of Southern Railway; and 48 miles from Penukonda	Venkataramanaswamy car festival	Magha Suddha Dasami to Bahula Vidiya (January-February) 8 days	Local, religious
4	Halukur	20 miles from Madakasira and 40 miles from Hindupur Railway Station	Someswaraswamy festival	Phalgunam (February-March) 7 days	Widely known, religious
5	Nidragatta	2 miles from Sira-Amarapuram bus route; 8 miles from Kodikonda-Amarapuram road; 25 miles from Madakasira; 45 miles from Hindupur Railway Station; and 50 miles from Penukonda	Anjaneyaswamy festival	Kartika Purnima to Bahula Tadiya (October-November) 4 days	Local, religious

FESTIVALS

Name and description of the deity connected with the fair or festival	Estimated congregation—Local or otherwise—Do all communities participate?	Any handicrafts or artistic works, brought to the fair or festival for sale deserving a mention	Facilities for visitors, if any, and other special features	L. C. No.
(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(1)
TALUK—concl'd.				
Gondavali Brahma Chaitanyaswamy, 4' X 3' size photo of the swamy in the Bhajana Mandir	4000; local and from the neighbouring villages within a radius of 2 miles; all communities	...	Choultries and Mantapams are available. Free feeding is arranged on the last 3 days. Anjaneyaswamy festival also called Hanumajayanthi is also celebrated on Margasira Suddha Dwadasi (November-December). Fuller details are not available	39
Papanaseswara, a stone Sivalingam	Local and from the neighbouring villages; Hindus	...	This is a pilgrim centre of great importance. Visitors will be coming from all corners of the country in all seasons. A large monolithic Nandi is, perhaps the largest Nandi, in stone	40
Gavirangaswamy, no specific image but a round stone	1,000; local and from the nearby villages within a radius of 20 miles; all communities	Eatables, pictures of Gods	There is a choultry and some hotels. Free feeding is arranged	42
Kanuma Narasimhaswamy	3,000; local and from neighbouring villages within a radius of 6 miles; Hindus	...	...	49
Kodandaramaswamy	10,000; local and from the villages within a radius of 15 miles, and a few hundreds from all taluks of the district, from Kolar, Bangalore and Tumkur districts of Mysore State; all communities	...	A big cattle fair is held, which attracts hundreds of sellers and buyers, thousands of cattle are brought there for the occasion	50
Chowdeswari, a stone image	1,000; local and from the neighbouring villages; Hindus	...	The festival of Anjaneyaswamy is celebrated on the same day	51
Sri Rama	2,000; local and from villages within a radius of 4 miles; Hindus	...	Free feeding is arranged. Kumbhabhishekam is celebrated on Ashadha Bahula Ekadasi (July-August) in the Eswara temple	52
TALUK				
Venkataramanaswamy, stone image resembling the deity at Tirupati	Local congregation; Hindus	...	Free feeding is arranged to Brahmins, Vaisyas, and the poor	3
Someswaraswamy, Sivalingam in stone	8,000; local and from other places in the district; Hindus	...	...	4
Anjaneyaswamy, in the form of Hanuman	Local congregation; Hindus	...	Free feeding is arranged	5

FAIRS AND

L. C. No.	Name of Village/Town	Distance from nearest Railway Station/City or Town	Name of fair or festival	Period when the fair or festival is held and duration	Significance and occasion for the fair or festival—local, religious or special significance
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)
11 MADAKASIRA					
6	Hemavathi	2 miles from the Mysore State border; 5 miles from Lakknalli on Sira - Amarapuram road 6 miles from Basavapalle on Madakasira-Amarapuram road; 8 miles South of Amarapuram; 23 miles from Madakasira; 43 miles from Hindupur Town and Railway station and from Penukonda; and 95 miles from Anantapur in South-West corner of the district	Siddheswaraswamy festival	Magha Bahula Triodasi to Phalguna Suddha Saptami (February-March) Festival 10 days Fair 15 days	Widely known, religious
7	Sivaram	8 miles from Amarapuram; 16 miles from Madakasira; and 40 miles from Hindupur Railway Station	Ranganathaswamy car festival	On Vaisakha Purnima (April-May) 1 day	Local, religious
10 (b)	Hirethurpi h/o Karikera	15 miles from Madakasira on Madakasira-Amarapuram bus route and 34 miles from Hindupur	Anjaneyaswamy festival	Margasira Bahula Navami to Amavasya (December-January) 7 days	Widely known, religious
18 (r)	Jiriginahalli h/o Bommagondanahalli	5 miles North-West of Rolta	Mariamamma, Mudupamma, and Garamma festivals	Held at irregular intervals 6 days	Widely known, religious
21	Inagalur	19 miles from Madakasira on Madakasira-Agali bus route and 39 miles from Hindupur Railway Station	Amba Bhavani festival	Asviyuja Suddha Padyami to Dasami (September-October) 10 days	Local, religious
21 (a)	Hallikera h/o Inagalur	1 1/2 miles from the Madakasira-Madhudi bus route; 20 miles from Madakasira; and 40 miles from Hindupur Railway Station	Amba Bhavani festival locally called Ammaji Jatara	Magha Bahula Triodasi to Phalguna Suddha Saptami (February-March) 10 days	Local, religious
25	Madhudi	9 miles from Sira in Mysore State; 20 miles from Madakasira Town and 42 miles from Hindupur Railway Station	1 Veerabhadraswamy festival	Asviyuja Suddha Padyami to Purnima (October) 15 days	Widely known, religious
			2 Bhoothappa Panduga	Chaitra Suddha Ekadasi and Dwadasi 2 days	Widely known, religious
27	Hullikeradevarahalli	3 miles from Madakasira-Madhudi bus route; 10 miles from Sira in Mysore State; 24 miles from Madakasira; and 50 miles from Hindupur Railway Station on the Guntakal-Bangalore Metre Gauge section of the Southern Railway	Matemma Jatara	Asviyuja Suddha Padyami to Dasami (September-October) 10 days	Local, religious
28	Agali	24 miles from Madakasira Town and 40 miles from Hindupur Railway Station. There are communication facilities to Penukonda, Hindupur and Gorantla	Sankareswaraswamy festival	Asviyujam (September-October) 10 days	Local, religious

FESTIVALS

Name and description of the deity connected with the fair or festival	Estimated congregation—Local or otherwise—Do all communities participate?	Any handicrafts or artistic works, brought to the fair or festival for sale deserving a mention	Facilities for visitors, if any, and other special features	L. C. No.
(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(1)
TALUK— <i>contd.</i>				
A three eyed Siddheswaraswamy 6 feet high image in padmasana posture and 4 hands holding Trisulam Damarukam Abhayastham and Bhikshapatra	20,000 to 30,000; local congregation and crowds from distant places of the district and the adjoining districts of Tumkur, Chitaldrug, Kolar and Mysore in Mysore State; Hindus	Utensils, glassware, lanterns, torch lights, drugs, pictures and photos, mill-cloth and agricultural implements	Free feeding is arranged. There is a choultry in the premises of temple compound. A cattle fair is held during the last 6 days. Cinemas, dramas, harikathas, circus, lotteries, gambling, whirling-wheels afford entertainment to the visitors. Sacrifices are made in fulfilment of the vows to the village deity Maremma in Ashadham (June-July)	6
Ranganathaswamy, granite stone pillar in a rock in Py-labanda, hamlet of Sivaram	3 to 5 thousands; local and from the neighbouring villages; Hindus	...	...	7
Anjaneyaswamy, image in the form of Hanuman	5,000; local and from all over the district; Hindus	...	A cattle fair is conducted	10 (b)
Mariamma, Mudupamma, and Garamma, a few frescoes on the walls of a small temple	From several parts of the State; all communities	...	...	18 (f)
Amba Bhavani	Local congregation; all communities	...	...	21
Amba Bhavani, a picture of the deity and a Kalasam	Local and from the nearby villages; all communities	...	Free feeding is arranged	21 (a)
Veerabhadraswamy, stone image in human form	Local and from the neighbouring villages of the taluk and of Sira, Pavagada and Madhugiri taluks of Tumkur District, in Mysore State; Hindus	...	Free feeding is arranged	25
Karianna and Kenchanna, twin deities represented by two shields-like thick wooden discs coloured on the outside and painted to represent a human face	Local congregation; Hindus	...	...
Maremma, stone image in female form	Local congregation; all communities	...	Rangaswamy, Bairalinga and Akkagala Devatha festivals are also celebrated. Fuller details of the festivals are, however, not available. On all Saturdays Pujas are performed to Anjaneyaswamy	27
Sankaraseswaraswamy, stone Sivalingam	Local congregation; Hindus	...	There is an old Jain temple on which is sculptured a nude image of one of the tirthankars	28

FAIRS AND

L. C. No.	Name of Village/Town	Distance from nearest Railway Station/City or Town	Name of fair or festival	Period when the fair or festival is held and duration	Significance and occasion for the fair or festival—local, religious or special significance
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)
11 MADAKASIRA					
32	Ratnagiri	3 miles from Rolla on Madakasira - Agali road; 6 miles from Hasakera on Madakasira-Madhugiri road; 17 miles South-West of Madakasira; and 38 miles from Hindupur Railway Station	Kollapuramma Jatara	Chaitra Purnima to Bahula Saptami (April-May) 8 days	Local, religious
32(a)	Gudduguriki h/o Ratnagiri	3 miles from Rolla on Penukonda-Agali road and 18 miles from Madakasira Town	Kollapuramma Jatara	From Vaisakha Purnima (April-May) 3 days	Local, religious
33	Rolla	On Hindupur - Agali bus route 15 miles South-West of Madakasira and 35 miles from Hindupur Railway Station	Lakshminarasimhaswamy car festival	Phalguna Suddha Triodasi to Bahula Panchami (March-April) 8 days	Local, religious
36	Govindapuram	On Madakasira-Agali bus route about 6 miles to the South-East of Madakasira; 26 miles from Hindupur Railway Station; and 32 miles from Penukonda	Kavalli Amnavari Jatara	Kartikam (October-November) 1 day	Local, religious
37	Melavoy	6 furlongs to the South of Kodikonda-Amarapuram bus route; 3 miles to the West of Madakasira; and 20 miles from Hindupur Railway Station	Ranganathaswamy festival	Ashadha Suddha Ekadasi (June-July) 1 day	Local, religious
39	Rallahalli	7 miles from Madakasira and 27 miles from Hindupur Railway Station on Bangalore-Guntakal Metre Gauge section of the Southern Railway Station	Jadamma Jatara	Asviyujam (September-October) 3 days	Local, religious
43	Chandakacherla	4 miles from Madakasira-Penukonda bus route; 7 miles from Madakasira via Gowdanahalli; and 20 miles from Hindupur Railway Station	Anjaneyaswamy festival	Sankranti i.e., in Pushyam (14th of January) 1 day	Local, religious
44	Gowdanahalli	4 miles from Madakasira and 20 miles from Hindupur Railway Station	Rangaswamy festival	Asviyuja Suddha Dasami (September-October) 1 day	Local, religious
45	Mallinayakanahalli	1 1/2 miles from Madakasira and 21 miles from Hindupur Railway Station	Anjaneyaswamy festival or Hanuma Jayanthi	Mergasiram (November-December) 1 day	Local, religious
I	Madakasira	21 miles from Hindupur and 26 miles from Penukonda. There are communication facilities to Pavagada, Madhugiri, Penukonda, Hindupur, and Amarapuram	1 Venkataramadaswamy car festival 2 Mettubanda Anjaneyaswamy car festival	Vaisakha Suddha Purnima and Bahula Padyami (April-May) 2 days Magha Suddha Purnima (January-February) 10 to 15 days	Local, religious Local, religious

FESTIVALS

Name and description of the deity connected with the fair or festival	Estimated congregation- Local or otherwise- Do all communities participate?	Any handicrafts or artistic works, brought to the fair or festival for sale deserving a mention	Facilities for visitors, if any, and other special features	L. C. No.
(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(1)
TALUK— <i>contd.</i>				
Kollapuramma, wooden image in Sakthi form of 8 feet high on Simha Vahanam	4 to 5 thousands; local and from neighbouring villages; Hindus	Utensils, lanterns, pictures of Gods, mill cloth, earthen toys, mirrors and combs	Free feeding is arranged to some extent	32
Kollapuramma	Local congregation; Hindus	...	The temple is situated at a distance of one furlong from the village	32 (a)
Lakshminarasimhaswamy, stone image	1,500; local and from the neighbouring villages; Hindus	Eatables, utensils, lanterns, pictures, mirrors, combs and photos	Maremma Jatara in the month of Kartikam and Ranganathaswamy festival on Phalguna Suddha Triodasi are celebrated in the hamlets of Hottebetta and Pulikunta respectively	33
Kavalli Ammavaru, stone image in female form	Local and from the neighbouring villages; Hindus	A few shops selling eatables, garlands made of beads, mirrors, combs and religious pictures	Anjaneyaswamy festival, Maremma Jatara and Bande Rangaswamy festival are also celebrated in the village. Animals are immolated to the village deity, Maremma	36
Ranganathaswamy	Local congregation; Hindus	...	...	37
Jadamma, stone image in female form	Local congregation; Hindus	...	This festival is celebrated in Sangaragallu, hamlet of this village on a hillock. Akkamma festival is also celebrated every year in the village. Fuller details are, however, not available	39
Anjaneyaswamy, 10ft. height stone image in the form of Hanuman	Local congregation; all communities	...	Aradhana is also performed in Vaisakham (April-May) and Kartikam (October-November)	43
Rangaswamy	Local congregation; Hindus	...	Peerla Panduga is also celebrated in the month of Moharrum (May-June)	44
Anjaneyaswamy, stone image as if he is bringing Sanjeevi Parvatham in one hand and holding Gadha (mace) in the other	Local congregation; Hindus	...	Festivals are also held on Telugu New Year's day i. e., on Chaitra Suddha Padyami (March-April) from Asviyuja Suddha Padyami to Dasami (September-October) and in Kartikam (October-November)	45
Venkataramanaswamy	Local and from the neighbourhood; Hindus	...	...	I
Anjaneyaswamy, stone image in the form of Hanuman, holding Sanjeevi Parvatham in one hand and Gadha (mace) in the other	5,000; local and from the neighbouring villages; Hindus	Eatables, utensils, lanterns, Ayurvedic drugs, pictures of Gods, mirrors, combs, bangles, agricultural implements, mill cloth, earthen, wooden and plastic toys	There are 6 choultries. Free feeding is arranged to some extent. Agricultural and Health exhibitions are held. Dramas, gambings, lotteries, bhajans and dances afford entertainment to the visitors	

FAIRS AND

L. C. No.	Name of Village/Town	Distance from nearest Railway Station/City or Town	Name of fair or festival	Period when the fair or festival is held and duration	Significance and occasion for the fair or festival—local, religious or special significance
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)
11 MADAKASIRA					
47	Chatram	1 mile from Madakasira-Penukonda and Madakasira-Hindupur bus routes; 3 miles from Madakasira; and 17 miles from Hindupur Railway Station	1 Venugopalaswamy festival	Once in 5 years in Magham (January-February) 1 day	Local, religious
			2 Chennakesava-swamy festival	Asviyuja Suddha Dasami (September-October) 1 day	Local, religious
			3 Chowdamma Jatara	Once in 5 years in Phalgunam (February-March) 3 days	Local, religious
			4 Eramamma Jatara	Once in 5 years in Chaitram (March-April) 5 days	Local, religious
50 (b)	Bhaktarapalle h/o Haresamudram	2 1/2 miles from the main village; 6 miles South-East of Madakasira; and 20 miles from Hindupur Railway Station	1 Lakshminarasimhaswamy car festival	Margasira Purnima to Bahula Vidiya (November-December) 3 days	Local, religious
			2 Anjaneyaswamy festival	Ashadha Suddha Ekadasi (June-July) 3 days	Local, religious
53 (d)	Zilledukunta h/o Yerrabommanahalli	1 1/2 miles from Kyatagondanahalli on Madakasira-Madhugiri bus route; 6 miles from Madakasira Town; 20 miles from Hindupur Railway Station; and 32 miles from Penukonda Town	Zilledukunta Anjaneyaswamy car festival	Margasira Suddha Purnima to Bahula Vidiya (November-December) 3 days	Local, religious
55 (b)	Rangapuram h/o Matur	3 miles from Amarapuram-Kodikonda road; about 10 miles to the East of Madakasira; and 14 miles from Hindupur Railway Station	Rangaswamy festival	Chaitra Suddha Navami to Triodasi (March-April) 5 days	Local, religious
56 (b)	Ganthalapalle h/o Kallumarri	Beside Kodikonda - Amarapuram road; 9 miles from Madakasira Town; and 12 miles from Hindupur Railway Station	Anjaneyaswamy festival	Asviyuja Suddha Dasami (September-October) 1 day	Local, religious
57	Kodigenahalli	1 1/2 miles from Kodikonda-Amarapuram road; 7 miles from Hindupur Railway Station; and 11 1/2 miles from Madakasira	Kollapuramma festival	Chaitra Suddha Padyami (March-April) 3 days	Local, religious

FESTIVALS

Name and description of the deity connected with the fair or festival	Estimated congregation- Local or otherwise- Do all communities participate?	Any handicrafts or artistic works, brought to the fair or festival for sale deserving a mention	Facilities for visitors, if any, and other special features	L. C. No.
(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(1)
TALUK—concl'd.				
Venugopalaśwamy, stone image	Local congregation ; Hindus	...	Babaiah festival is celebrated for 6 days in the month of Moharrum (May-June). All communities participate in this festival. Fuller details are not available	47
Chennakesavaśwamy, stone image	Local congregation ; Hindus	...	...
Chowdamma, wooden image	Local and from the neighbouring villages; only Kurubas	...	...
Eramalamma, the figure of the deity is carved on a stone slab	Local and from the neighbouring villages; only Kapus	...	...
Lakshminarasimhaswamy, Saligramam in Brindavan	Local congregation; Hindus	...	...	50 (b)
Anjaneyaswamy	Local congregation; Hindus	...	...
Anjaneyaswamy, stone image	2,000; local and from the neighbouring villages; Hindus	...	Pandals are erected and free feeding is arranged	53 (d)
Rangaswamy, stone image	Local congregation; Hindus	...	...	55 (b)
Anjaneyaswamy, brass image in the form of Hanuman	Local congregation; Hindus	56 (b)
Kollapuramma, stone image in female form	Local congregation ; Hindus	57

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